

A PARTIAL HISTORY
OF THE
TICHENOR FAMILY IN AMERICA

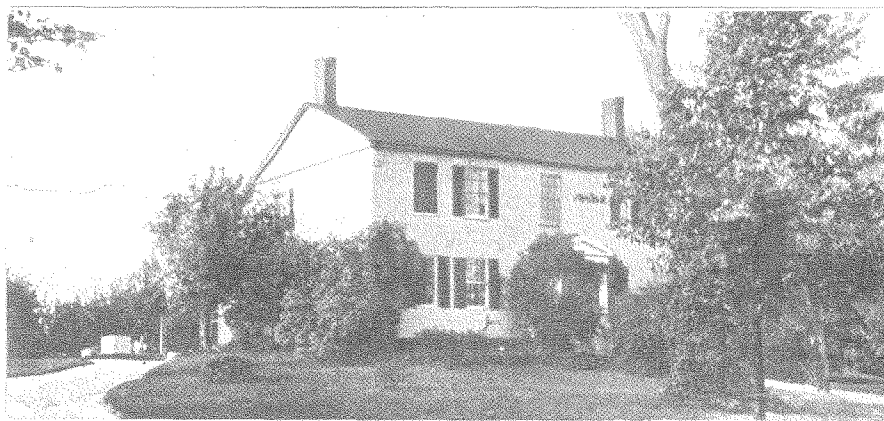
DESCENDANTS OF
MARTIN TICHENOR
OF CONNECTICUT AND NEW JERSEY

AND A
COMPLETE GENEALOGY OF THE BRANCH OF THE FAMILY
DESCENDING FROM ISAAC TICHENOR, OF OHIO
SPELLING THE NAME

TEACHENOR

WITH SOME REFERENCES TO THE PROBABLE COLLATERAL
LINEAGE DESCENDED FROM
WILLIAM TICKNOR
OF MASSACHUSETTS

KANSAS CITY, MO.
1918



The Governor Tichenor House at Bennington, Vermont.

This picture is reproduced from the *Daughters of the American Revolution Magazine*, p. 313. The article and note accompanying it says: "In the second year of Governor Tichenor's administration—1799—the whole nation was shocked by the death of Washington. Wall-paper commemorative of the event was made, and the paper on the upper hall in the Governor's house is still covered with it, the design being a funeral urn and the name being on each yard. Many other relics are found in the wonderful old home. The high four-poster, in the Governor's own room, the warming pan, cradle, spinning wheel, the first piano ever brought to Bennington, the wonderful oil portraits, are the most prominent. Isaac Tichenor, born at Newark, N. J., February 8, 1754, a graduate of Princeton, was appointed Deputy Commissary-General of Purchases for the Northern Department, and in that capacity was sent to Bennington in August, 1777. On arriving in Bennington during the battle, he stopped at the tavern kept by Capt. Elijah Dewey and ordered dinner. Mrs. Dewey, who had spent the day preparing large kettles of boiling meat, so as to have food ready for the men on their return, promptly refused to give the stranger a meal. He pointed to a kettle and asked why, in the midst of such plenty, she would not let him have something to eat. Mrs. Dewey's eyes flashed as she answered: 'That meat is for the men who have gone to fight for their country, where you ought to be.' Tichenor explained that he was out on public service, getting supplies for the patriots, and was given his dinner. Tichenor wore the wig, queue, cocked hat and great cloak of the Revolutionary period up to the time of his death in December, 1838. He was married, but had no children, and upon his death his house was given to his niece, Catherine Tichenor, who became the first wife of George Lyman. The nails used in building this house were cut in Bennington from hoops taken from imported liquor casks."

"There is a moral and philosophic respect for our ancestors which elevates the character and improves the heart. Next to the sense of religious duty and moral feeling, I hardly know what should bear with stronger obligation on a liberal and enlightened mind than a consciousness of an alliance with excellence which is departed, and a consciousness, too, that in its acts and conduct it may be actively operating on the happiness of those who come after it."—*Daniel Webster.*

COMPILED BY
RICHARD B. TEACHENOR
3230 Woodland Avenue
Kansas City, Mo.
July, 1918

Introduction

It is interesting in these critical days of the world, when the principles of liberty and free government are in danger, to speculate that one's ancestors, in whose hearts these principles were implanted, originally came from that battle-scarred field in Flanders over which patriots are now shedding their blood in Liberty's name. At this time, when America is banishing the hyphen and accepting only pure Americanism, those who bear the name of Tichenor may derive a peculiar gratification from the fact that their ancestors from oppressed lands were among those who, nearly a hundred and fifty years before the Declaration of Independence, helped to establish free institutions in America. They had a part in the stirring events of Colonial and Revolutionary days.

The history of the Tichenor (or Ticknor) families in America begins with the earliest Colonial era. Authenticated records show that two forbears, Martin and William, were prominent in the events succeeding the Mayflower period. Martin Tichenor (Tickenor)* took the oath of allegiance at New Haven, Conn., August 5, 1644 (*Savage's N. E. Genealogy*, p. 300). William Ticknor (anciently Tickner), supposedly born in Kent, England (date unknown), came to Scituate, Mass., in 1656 (*American Ancestry*, p. 50). These men may or may not have belonged to the same household. There always has been a general tradition that the Tichenors came from England. While there are in the United States two distinct and separate lines from these men, having no American connection, it is reasonable to believe that there was a common origin, the lines probably joining the genealogical tree in England, but almost surely elsewhere at an earlier date. The theory or tradition of French origin of Martin Tichenor does not conflict with the supposition that he personally may also have come from England, if we interpret tradition as applying to the earlier common Dutch-French-Flemish source of the family prior to the emigration to England. This theory becomes more convincing when we consider that the name Ticknor, according to authority, is supposed to be derived from the Dutch *technaar*, a

*Savage, Vol. 4, p. 300, gives the name as Martin Tickenor, but on p. 710, in his corrections, he corrects this to Tichenor.

Vol. 1 of the New Haven Records, recently published, is a very careful copy of the original records. The index will be in Vol. 2, which is not out yet, but as Vol. 1 is arranged chronologically, I was able to find the marriage of Martin and the births of his children, John, Abigail, Daniel and Nathaniel, on the dates given by Savage. In all these entries the name is spelled either Tichennor or Tichenner.—J. M. Hunnewell.

In Munsell's Genealogical Index I find the following Tichenor references: New Jersey Historical Society Collections, Vol. 6, p. 134; Shaw's History of Essex County, New Jersey, Vol. 2, p. 724.—J. M. Hunnewell.

designer*. The fact that the Dutch language is closely allied to Flemish might logically explain the tradition of French ancestry when we consider that Flanders in earlier history was a part of France. The probability of Flemish origin, and also of English residence, is strengthened by the fact that the County of Kent is located on the coast, directly opposite the Flemish coast, across the English Channel. William Ticknor is supposed to have come from Tenterden, Kent, as there were quite a number of families of that name in that region, particularly on the Isle of Thanet, they being mostly seafaring people.

The meaning of the word *technaar* being a designer seems especially to attach to a worker in the famous Flemish textile industry of an earlier era. The artist-designers producing Flemish tapestries were long considered the world's most skillful producers in their lines.

Like many of the Puritan and Pilgrim ancestors of other American families, there is an absence of exact records of the personal history of the first Tichenor immigrants. Therefore, surmise and speculation as to origin, ages and dates must ever remain the foundation of tradition.

William Ticknor was the ancestor from whom was descended the Massachusetts collateral lineage, which produced the famous merchant, Elisha Ticknor; George Ticknor, the eminent author and historian, and William Davis Ticknor, the publisher.

Mr. James M. Hunnewell, of Boston, whose wife is a granddaughter of William Davis Ticknor, the Boston publisher, has gathered the data and records of over three hundred families descended from William Ticknor, with the expectation of publishing a genealogy of that branch of the family. This work has been postponed by reason of the war. Mr. Hunnewell has been helpful to the writer in citing historical authorities and records.

Martin Tichenor¶ was the head of the New Jersey lineage, to which belonged the statesman, Isaac Tichenor.

This brief history is confined to the descendants of Martin, with a few excerpts relating to the probable collateral line descended from William†.

*A coincident: the writer is a designer.

¶Martin Tichenor, after living at New Haven, went early to New Jersey, and I have found no trace of any descendants in Connecticut. I find the names of numerous Tichenors who served as Revolutionary soldiers in New Jersey. I think soon after the Revolution various branches settled in different parts of New York State, as I have kept coming across families.—J. M. Hunnewell.

†Branches of the Ticknor family also lived at Lebanon and Sharon, Connecticut; Alford, Massachusetts; Lebanon, New Hampshire; and in New York at what is now Triangle, Broome County, and Hillsdale, Columbia County, as well as in Western New York, Illinois, Ohio, Northern Pennsylvania and Georgia. (When it was settled, Triangle was part of Lisle, Tioga County.)—J. M. Hunnewell.

The illiteracy of Colonial days has left its mark upon records of the name, which, probably from phonetic causes, was spelled variously. It is found in miscellaneous records that often the name of the same individual is spelled differently‡. The Massachusetts Ticknor lineage, using the *k*, has adhered generally to the original spelling, T-i-c-k-n-o-r, while the New Jersey lineage has preserved the spelling T-i-c-h-e-n-o-r with the *h*, usually, but not always, followed by *e*. A few individual families, however, have varied the spelling. We find in directories and records the names Ticnor, Tichnar, Tichanor, Titchener, Techner, Technor. Whether these spellings are actually used or are merely printers' errors is unknown. The writer has never found any member of a family who did not belong to one of the two branches§. There probably were few others in America until within the past century. There are to be found members of a distinctly German family named Taeschner, who came to this country from Prussia. There are also some recently-arrived Jewish families having a similar name. The members of the branch of the family descended from Isaac Tichenor (Teachenor), of Ohio, to which the writer belongs, have for more than a hundred years employed the letters *ea* in lieu of *i* in the name, thus differentiating them from the larger number of Tichenors and Ticknors. Isaac's school teacher, a fancy penman, wrote the name "T-e-a-c-h-e-n-o-r" in his copybook. This aroused the boy's admiration and caused him to adopt the spelling, although his brothers continued to use the old style. In the old family burying-ground at Decatur, Ohio, the names on the tombstones are spelled four ways: "Tichenor," "Tichnor," "Teachenor" and "Technor."

The repetition of the same baptismal names through succeeding generations of the family is notable.

This partial history of the descendants of Martin Tichenor is based upon authenticated information compiled by James Tichenor, of Spencer County, Kentucky, in 1875, with additions by his son, Rev. Isaac Taylor Tichenor, and was furnished to the writer lately through the kindness of his grandson, Mr. W. R. Tichenor, of Atlanta, Georgia. The writer has verified much of the data and added to the record.

RICHARD BENNINGTON TEACHENOR.

‡New Haven Baptisms, given in the New England Historical and Genealogical Register, Vol. 9, p. 363, spell the name Tichenor.

§There have been several immigrants since Martin and William, chief of whom were John Tickner, who settled at Ashtabula, Ohio, about 1835, and has many descendants in that region and in Michigan; also several families which came to Philadelphia and have many descendants there; also Dr. Thomas Tickner, who came to Syracuse, N. Y., about 1860, as well as several others of more recent date. I have come across German names like Tiechner; also Tignor, Tikner, Teeckner, etc.—J. M. Hunnewell.

Believing that my descendants will be pleased to know who and what their ancestors were, and having obtained authentic information on that subject, both from my paternal and maternal ancestors, and knowing that my time of life is short, being in my eighty-second year and the only one of my father's children now living, I propose to commit to writing for the information of those who shall come after me what I know in regard to the above subject, hoping that someone into whose hands the following pages shall fall will transmit them, together with such additions as may be necessary, to future generations.

JAMES TICHENOR.

Spencer County, Ky., 1875.

The book in which the above was written and which contained a partial history of the Alden and Byram families, together with the genealogy of the Tichenor family, after the death of my grandfather, James Tichenor, came into the possession of my father, I. T. Tichenor, who made certain additions to it, which additions are shown as a part of the record hereinafter written.

W. R. TICHENOR.

1203 Candler Bldg., Atlanta, Ga.

Martin Tichenor and His Descendants

MARTIN TICHENOR¹ came, tradition says, from France.* At what time he came to America is not known, but the records show that he took the oath of allegiance at New Haven, Conn., August, 1644; was married to Mary Charles in 1651. The children were:

- i. JOHN² M. *Sarah Baldwin*
- ii. ABIGAIL²
- iii. DANIEL² (born 1656)
- iv. HANNAH² m. *John Treat*
- v. SAMUEL²
- vi. JONATHAN²

Martin Tichenor was one of those who under the leadership of Robert Treat removed from Milford, Conn., and were the earliest settlers of Newark, N. J. Before they landed from the vessel in which they sailed (from Connecticut) they drew up a written agreement in which they declared their "desire to be of one heart in carrying on the spiritual concerns, as also civil and town affairs, according to

*This tradition is opposed to the one most generally accepted—that the ancestry is English (although of Dutch-Flemish derivation). A close study of the Connecticut and New Jersey Colonial records convinces the writer that Martin was a Puritan, and most probably came from England. In Atwater's "History of Colony of New Haven," Chapters II, III and IV, reference several times is made to the fact that members of the colony settling at Milford and New Haven, like those of Massachusetts Bay, came from Kent and Canterbury. Martin and his wife were members of the New Haven church. On pages 543, 549, 551 and 553 are found the names of the people as they were seated in the parish or township meeting-house during the years 1646 and 1647. The men and women sat in separate divisions. Martin Tichenor was assigned "in the side seats all along," while "Goodwife Tichenor" or "Sister Tichenor" was given a seat "on the side, or on both sides of the door." When the little colony of thirty families from Connecticut settled and established Newark, New Jersey, they preserved the form of the New England township. The Pilgrims and Puritans, it will be remembered, were the outgrowth of an intolerable oppression of the Stuart Kings who reigned in England at that time. These Kings were afflicted with the same crazy belief that is held today by the German Kaiser, and which has brought on the present world war—the idea of rule by divine right, and that the people possess no rights to be respected. The people began a struggle for the principle of "no taxation without representation," which lasted in various forms until it finally brought on the American Revolution more than a hundred years later. The attempt also was made by James I to make every one to conform to the established church of England. Those who desired to remain members and modify the forms and ceremonies, or purify the church, were called Puritans. Those who desired



to separate from the church ruled by bishops, and form one governed by the people (congregation) were imprisoned, or driven from the country, thus becoming wanderers or Pilgrims. They wished to make their home under free government, having the noble purposes of God-fearing, liberty-loving men and women. The first Pilgrims sailed in July, 1620, from Delfshaven, Holland, in the Speedwell for Southampton, England, where they joined those on the Mayflower bound for America. Before landing at Plymouth they signed, in the cabin of the Mayflower, a covenant to make and support such laws as should be best for all, thus implanting the doctrine that the people shall rule by democracy. The Puritans followed their example. Wealthy and influential leaders in England obtained New England charters and emigrated. Each congregation in Massachusetts formed a township and built one church or meeting-house, where all business, church or civil, was transacted. As early as 1631 it was enacted that none but church members should be admitted as freemen with right to vote. In 1639 under Rev. Thos. Hooker dissenters from this law, so inconsistent to real freedom and democracy, removed to Connecticut and united the three towns of Hartford, Wethersfield and Windsor under a system of laws and customs which Gordy, in his "History of the United States," says "was the first written constitution in all history upon which a government was built up." The New Haven colony was founded in 1638 by a small body of men who based their laws strictly upon the Bible, and, like the Massachusetts Bay colonists, allowed none but church members to vote. In 1665 Governor Carteret of New Jersey sent agents into New England to invite settlers to the new colony, offering liberal terms and concessions. Barber's "Historic Collections of New Jersey," p. 173, (Published in 1844), says: "The



God and Godly Government." The agreement made in the cabin of the Mayflower was not more devout, nor its results scarcely less beneficial. The Mayflower (State of Massachusetts) was indeed the first born, but her younger sister (New Jersey), who grew up beside the Passaic, has left a record of life as stimulating to human progress and as true to truth and duty as her own. Of this company Martin Tichenor was an honored member. While the brief records which come down to us tell of no official station sought or obtained, they show grants of land that were made to him for his distinguished services rendered in times of danger to the infant colony. We know that his social rank was the best, as, among other alliances, his daughter Hannah married John Treat, the son of the Governor, and his son John married Sarah Baldwin, daughter of one of the foremost men of the colony.—*Collections of the New Jersey Historical Society, Vol. VI; Supplement, pages 40 and 134.—I. T. Tichenor.*

DANIEL², son of Martin Tichenor¹, was born in 1656. The children named in his will, 1727, were:

- i. JOSEPH³
- ii. JOHN³
- iii. DANIEL³
- iv. JANE TUTTLE³ (widow)
- v. ELIZABETH³

JOSEPH³ removed from Newark, N. J. (where his grandfather, Martin Tichenor, settled with the first colony at that place in 1666), to Morris County. In his will, bearing date of 1761, the children named were:

- i. MOSES⁴
- ii. JAMES⁴
- iii. DANIEL⁴
- iv. JOSEPH⁴
- v. JANE⁴

Other children were:

- vi. ISAAC⁴
- vii. DAVID⁴

town of Newark was settled in the month of May, 1666, by emigrants from Connecticut. Agents were dispatched from Guilford, Branford and Milford, in Connecticut, to view the country, and to learn more particularly the terms of purchase, as well as the state of the Indians in the vicinity. They returned with a favorable report, and were sent back with power to bargain for a township, to select a proper site for a town, and to make an arrangement for an immediate settlement. These preliminaries being arranged, thirty families from the above towns and New Haven embarked under the guidance of the exploring agents, and after a passage as long and tedious as a voyage at this time (1844) across the Atlantic, arrived in the Passaic river early in the month of May. At this point, however, their progress was impeded. The Hackensack tribe of Indians, who claimed the soil granted to the agents of the emigrants by the governor, met them here and opposed their landing, until full compensation should be made to them. The Indians were justly dealt with, and kindly treated. The price of the purchase of land forming the original township of Newark, and the townships of Springfield, Livingston, Orange, Bloomfield and Caldwell, was £130 New England currency, twelve Indian blankets and twelve Indian guns. The articles of government which they formed possessed a full portion of the strict religious spirit of the people. 'No person could become a freeman or burgess of their town, or vote in its elections, but such as was a member of some one of the Congregational Churches; nor be chosen to the magistracy, nor to any other military or civil office.' 'But all others admitted to be planters, were allowed to inherit and to enjoy all other privileges, save those above excepted.' The document was signed by twenty-one men of Branford, Oct. 30, 1665, and forty-three men of Milford, June 24, 1667, including Martin Tichenor and Daniel Tichenor (pp. 175-176). (The latter was probably a brother, since Martin's son Daniel was only eleven years of age at that time.) Four Scriptural references were incorporated in the document: Deut. I, 13; Exod. XVIII, 21; Deut. XVII, 15; Jer. XXXVI, 21.

DANIEL⁴, son of Joseph³, was born in 1742 in Morris County, N. J. His wife's family name was ^{Oliver}Wade, by whom he had seven children:

- i. JOSEPH⁵
- ii. DANIEL⁵
- iii. JACOB⁵ — 215
- iv. TIMOTHY⁵
- v. JANE⁵
- vi. PHOEBE⁵
- vii. ELIZABETH⁵

These all married and had children except Elizabeth.

This first wife died in 1773, and in 1776 he married Anna, the widow of Peter Condit, and a daughter of Capt. Ebenezer Byram, of Mendham, in Morris County.

In 1790 he exchanged his farm in Morris County with Capt. John Howell for lands on Green River in Ohio County, Kentucky, and in September, 1790, removed with his family to Kentucky. He was greatly disappointed in his new purchase. The Green River country was a wilderness. The only inhabitants were Indians and beasts of the forest—not a white family within fifty miles. During his life he never deemed it safe to take his family there, and thus a valuable home in New Jersey was lost to him and his descendants. Of this tract he never took possession in person, but bequeathed it to his sons. The family, with some of their neighbors near Morristown, removed in wagons to Pittsburgh, where they obtained a boat and descended the Ohio River to Louisville, whence they proceeded to Nelson County and built their cabins on Cox's Creek, near Bardstown in that county. In September, 1795, Daniel Tichenor bought three hundred acres of land on Plumb Run, in Nelson County, to which he removed in 1796, and resided there until his death, which occurred on April 12, 1804. For many years he had been subject to violent attacks of asthma, which often seemed to threaten him with sudden death. During the intervals between these attacks he enjoyed comfortable health and led a life of exemplary piety, temperance and industry. He laid out a family burial ground on his farm in Nelson County, in which his remains, with those of his widow and many of his children, grandchildren and neighbors, have been buried. The epitaph on his tombstone is as follows: "Sacred to the memory of Daniel Tichenor, a native of New Jersey, who emigrated to Kentucky in 1790. Died April 12, 1804. Aged 62 years." At home in New Jersey he enjoyed the confidence and esteem due him as a Christian in faith and practice, continuing steadfast till death. Some years before the death of his widow she had a fall by which the neck of the thigh bone was broken, rendering her a cripple for the residue of her life, which terminated on the eighth day of July, 1826. The epitaph on her tombstone is: "There is rest in heaven. Sacred to the memory of Anna, widow of Peter Condit and of Daniel Tichenor. Born in New Jersey, 1750. Moved to Kentucky, 1790. Died July 8, 1826. Aged 76 years. Tho' dead, she yet speaketh, saying, 'I found salvation by the cross.' Reader hast thou?"

The children of this second marriage were:

I. PETER⁵ (born March 27, 1777; married Frances Cotton about 1797). They had children who lived to be grown, to-wit:

- i. ZACHARIAH⁶
- ii. BYRAM⁶
- iii. ANNA⁶
- iv. WILLIAM⁶
- v. LAURA⁶
- vi. CALVIN⁶
- vii. IRA⁶*
- viii. SILAS⁶
- ix. EMILY⁶
- x. KELLER⁶
- xi. MILDRED⁶
- xii. PETER⁶

The father died in 1823. The widow moved to Indiana and settled there.

II. JARED⁵, born February 28, 1779. Married Martha Bennett, 1802 or 1803. The children of this marriage who lived to be grown were:

- i. THOMAS⁶
- ii. ANNA⁶
- iii. WARREN⁶
- iv. CUSH⁶
- v. ALNEY⁶
- vi. SANFORD⁶
- vii. SALLY⁶
- viii. MANLEY⁶
- ix. BERRY⁶
- x. JARED⁶
- xi. MILTON⁶

III. SALLY⁵, born December, 1781. Married Nicholas Langford. Their children were:

- i. ABIGAIL⁶
- ii. ELIZABETH⁶
- iii. ANNA⁶
- iv. DANIEL⁶
- v. SALLY⁶
- vi. LEWIS⁶
- vii. HARVEY⁶
- viii. NICHOLAS BYRAM⁶

IV. JONAS⁵, born August 4, 1784. Married to Sarah Bennett on the fifth day of January, 1804. Their children were:

- i. SILAS⁶
- ii. BENNETT⁶
- iii. BYRAM⁶
- iv. MARGARET⁶
- v. LYDIA⁶
- vi. AARON⁶
- vii. JANE⁶
- viii. LEWIS C.⁶

The mother died October 11, 1837. Jonas married Susan Neill, of Mecklenburg County, Kentucky, on the seventeenth day of January, 1839. The children of this second marriage were:

*The Tichenor who was Assistant Secretary of the Treasury under President Harrison was the son of Ira Tichenor.—I. T. Tichenor.

- i. JOHN N.^o
- ii. MARY A.^o
- iii. GEORGE W.^o
- iv. MARTHA^o
- v. ALICE^o

The second wife died November 3, 1851. He died April 9, 1867, aged 83.

V. ANNA⁵, born August 13, 1786. Married Aaron Bryant in 1805 and had children, to-wit:

- i. FANNY^o
- ii. SALLY^o
- iii. DRUSILLA^o
- iv. THOMAS P.^o
- v. JANE^o
- vi. MARTHA^o
- vii. SILAS JAMES^o

She died June 6, 1842.

VI. SILAS⁵, born January 6, 1792. Married Susanna Ruble, 1812, and had following children:

- i. EDWARD C.^o
- ii. ISAAC R.^o
- iii. LYDIA^o
- iv. SALLY ANN^o
- v. FANNY M.^o
- vi. ANN R.^o
- vii. CATHERINE N.^o
- viii. SUSAN J.^o
- ix. JAMES B.^o
- x. SILAS M.^o

The father died May 26, 1845. The mother died in August, 1853.

These brothers and sisters were all baptized and received into the fellowship of the Baptist Church at Bloomfield, Nelson County, Kentucky, and during their lives were exemplary members of the church. All the brothers were elected officers of the church, and each one of them was also appointed or elected to some civil office of trust or profit in the commonwealth.

VII. JAMES⁵, born October 12, 1794. Married Margaret Bennett on March 31, 1814. She was the daughter of Thomas and Nancy Bennett, formerly Nancy Tillett, of Virginia. She, Margaret, was the sister to the wives of Jared and Jonas Tichenor. She led a pious life. The epitaph on her tombstone gives a truthful epitome of her life and is as follows: "Margaret, wife of James Tichenor. Born September 16, 1790. Died February 2, 1865. The loving wife. The affectionate mother. The devoted Christian. She ever made home happy."

The children of James and Margaret Tichenor were:

- I. MARTHA ANN^o, born September 29, 1816. Married A. H. McKay October 19, 1839.
- II. JOSEPH LAPSLEY^o, born September 21, 1818. Married Mary E. Payne October 12, 1858; had two children:
 - i. IDA^o
 - ii. MARY ELIZA^o

Married the second time to Harriet Davidson and had two children:

- i. MABEL ROSE⁷
- ii. MARGARET⁷

He died in Cloud County, Kansas.

III. JARED⁸, born March 8, 1821. Married Elizabeth Beeler, of Hardin County, Kentucky. Had two children:

- i. JAMES ATKINSON⁷
- ii. MARGARET ELINOR⁷

Died December 24, 1861.

IV. THOMAS BENNETT⁸, born August 7, 1823. Married Elizabeth Stanley September 23, 1847. Had the following children:

- i. WILLIAM⁷
- ii. ALONZO⁷
- iii. LAURA⁷
- iv. CHARLES⁷
- v. LIZZIE⁷
- vi. MARTHA⁷
- vii. MARGARET⁷

Died in Fulton, Mo., in 1895.

V. ISAAC TAYLOR⁸, born November 11, 1825. Married Monimia C. Cook in Montgomery, Ala., December 16, 1853. Had two children:

- i. MARY BELLE⁷
- ii. KATE⁷

This wife died February 9, 1860. Mary Belle married Chas. H. Barnes November 11, 1874. They had one child, Annie Kate Barnes, who now lives in Opelika, Ala. Mary Belle died November 19, 1910. Kate married J. S. Dill on September 11, 1879. She and her husband live in Gaffney, S. C.

Isaac Taylor Tichenor was married the second time in April, 1861, his wife being Emily C. Boykin. The children of this marriage were:

- i. EMILY⁷
- ii. SAMUEL BOYKIN⁷

Both of these children died when quite young. This wife died September 7, 1864.

His third wife was Lulah Boykin, whom he married in October, 1865. The children of this marriage were:

- i. JAMES BOYKIN⁷, who died when a child, and
- ii. EMILY LULAH⁷, who on November 11, 1891, was married to Thomas Cobb Whitner and is now living in Atlanta, Ga. Of this marriage there are two children: Thomas Cobb Whitner, Jr., born February 7, 1893, and James Tichenor Whitner, born January 20, 1896.

Dr. Tichenor's third wife died on September 13, 1869.

His fourth wife was Mrs. Eppie Reynolds McCraw, who died in 1878. By this marriage there was one child:

- i. WALKER REYNOLDS⁷, who now lives in Atlanta, Ga.

Dr. Isaac Taylor Tichenor was pastor of Baptist churches in Columbus, Miss.; Henderson, Ky.; Montgomery, Ala., and Memphis, Tenn. He was a chaplain in the Confederate army. He was the first president of the Alabama Polytechnic Institute, at Auburn, Ala., holding this position from 1872 to 1882. He was corresponding secretary of the Home Mission Board of the Southern Baptist Convention from 1882 to 1902. He died December 2, 1902.

* * * * *

SILAS TICHENOR⁶, born January 25, 1828. Married Fannie Beckham, of Washington County, Kentucky, June 29, 1853. Had two children:

- i. MARTHA CAROLINE⁷
- ii. NIMROD BECKHAM⁷

Married second time to Mrs. Lavinia Wild. Had two children (twins):

- i. FLORENCE MAY⁷ and
- ii. FANNIE MABEL⁷,

who were born on December 3, 1869.

JAMES LEWIS TICHENOR⁶, born March 23, 1830. Married December 16, 1863, to Roxie Cooper. Married second time to Mrs. Louisa A. Melvin, of Boonville, Mo. Had children:

- i. JAMES LESLIE⁷
- ii. CHARLES ALLEN⁷
- iii. WILLIAM LEWIS⁷

He died September, 1897. Was pastor of the churches at Newport and Lancaster, Ky., and Westport, Dover and Boonville, Mo.

(The foregoing constitutes the historical record by Rev. I. T. Tichenor, furnished by his son, W. R. Tichenor.—R. B. T.)

* * * * *

JACOB TICHENOR⁵, son of Daniel⁴ and wife, Elizabeth Wade, was born about 1765, in Morris County, New Jersey. He was married to Elizabeth Ramy.

- Ch.
 - i. THADDEUS⁶
 - ii. ISAAC⁶
 - iii. ABRAHAM⁶
 - iv. NATHANIEL⁶
- (Probably other children)

Jacob, it is said, was a sea captain. Later he settled near Mt. Carmi, White County, Ill., going by boat down the Ohio River from Pittsburgh. He died young. His widow married a second time to a Mr. Catlin. Three sons, Thaddeus, Abraham and Nathaniel, resided in Illinois, near Shawnee, on the Wabash River. Isaac, another son, settled in Brown County, Ohio, near Ripley, adjoining the county in which was born Ulysses S. Grant.

Isaac Teachenor (Tichenor) and His Descendants

ISAAC TEACHENOR⁶ (Tichenor), son of Jacob Tichenor⁵ and Elizabeth (Ramy), b. November 20, 1801; d. October 24, 1867; m. July 18, 1822, to Matilda Stivers, b. October 5, 1803. Resided near Ripley, Ohio.

Ch.

- I. GEORGE WASHINGTON⁷, b. April 24, 1825; d. January 19, 1896; m. September 27, 1854, to Lucinda Summers, b. July 8, 1833, d. April 15, 1914.
- II. LAFAYETTE⁷, b. February 20, 1827; d. July 22, 1853.
- III. LYDIA⁷, b. November 16, 1828; m. Mitchell Johnston.
- IV. NATHANIEL RAMY⁷, b. July 10, 1831; d. May 1, 1909.
- V. SAMUEL JACKSON⁷, b. September 17, 1833.
- VI. JASPER NEWTON⁷, b. July 12, 1835; d. March 8, 1893.
- VII. MARY ANN⁷, b. May 30, 1837; m. J. L. Bailie.

Matilda, wife of Isaac, died November 17, 1838.

Isaac married Susan Meseritz July 16, 1840, b. August 17, 1814, d. February 14, 1881.

Ch.

- I. LOUISE⁷, b. March 13, 1841; d. January 14, 1865.
- II. GREENLEAF NORTON⁷, b. September 22, 1842.
- III. HENRY WHARTON⁷, b. April 25, 1844.

GEORGE WASHINGTON TEACHENOR⁷, son of Isaac⁶ and Matilda (Stivers), b. Ripley, Ohio, April 24, 1825; d. in Kansas City, Mo., January 19, 1896; m. September 27, 1854, to Lucinda Summers, who died in Kansas City, Mo., April 15, 1914.

Ch.

- I. GEORGE JASPER⁸, b. May 11, 1855.
- II. EMERINE BALDWIN⁸, b. July 19, 1857; m. June 9, 1881, to John A. Sharp; d. 1883.

Ch.

- i. MABEL CLARE⁹, b. July 31, 1883; m. October 9, 1907, to William Bargoan Parsell, b. September 26, 1867.

Ch.

- i. JACK ROGERS¹⁰, b. August 2, 1909.
- ii. WILLIAM TERRY¹⁰, b. July 19, 1917.

Married November 11, 1891, to George Ide Draper, b. September 26, 1859.

Ch.

- i. HENRY STIVERS⁹, b. July 29, 1894; d. July 31, 1917.
- III. RICHARD BENNINGTON⁸, b. March 6, 1864.
- IV. ZELLA⁸, b. August 5, 1870; m. September 27, 1893, to Jett Stephen Rogers, b. November 21, 1871.

Ch.

- i. INFANT SON⁹, b. July 28; d. August 3, 1894.
- ii. RUTH MAY⁹, b. August 13, 1897.
- iii. HOWARD JETT⁹, b. October 25, 1899.
- iv. DOROTHY ZELLA⁹, b. November 24, 1901.
- V. DWIGHT BALDWIN⁸, b. December 9, 1873.
- VI. J. RILEY⁸, b. December 30, 1879.

He removed from Ripley, Ohio, in 1854, to Iowa. He was a dry-goods and tobacco merchant. Owing to failing health, he sought the more open life of a farmer. He entered a section of land in Taylor County, Iowa, upon which he resided for many years. The lure of mercantile life, however, caused him to re-enter it. He was interested at one time in three stores in Iowa, at Bedford, Clarinda and Fairfield. He removed to Northwest Missouri in 1869, owning farms, timber land and stores in DeKalb and Clinton counties, until the panic of 1873 dealt him a serious financial blow. He afterwards lived at Stewartville, Kidder and Stanberry, Mo., and Des Moines, Iowa, going in 1886 to Kansas City, where he died in 1896.

GEORGE JASPER TEACHENOR⁸, son of George Washington⁷ and Lucinda (Summers), b. May 11, 1855, at Fairfield, Iowa; m. at Kidder, Mo., April 22, 1878, to Harriet Rebecca Fairley, b. January 9, 1857. Resides at Princeton, Mo.

Ch.

- I. LEWIS BURRELL⁹, b. March 29, 1879; d. April 21, 1909; m. July 30, 1902, to Mary Edna Hamilton.

Ch.

- i. HARRIET JOSEPHINE¹⁰, b. March 21, 1904.
- ii. MARY LUCINDA¹⁰, b. August 5, 1905.
- iii. BESSIE LEONA¹⁰, b. March 15, 1908.

- II. LILLIE ADELL⁹, b. August 9, 1881; d. February 13, 1901; m. November 21, 1898, to John Kirkpatrick Hunt.

- III. EFFIE ESTELLA⁹, b. February 26, 1884; m. July 16, 1902, to John William Griffin.

Ch.

- i. ONA LUCILE¹⁰, b. July 2, 1904.
- ii. MABEL IRENE¹⁰, b. February 9, 1908; d. July 23, 1910.
- iii. MILDRED ESTHER¹⁰, b. February 1, 1911.
- iv. THELMA EDITH¹⁰, b. August 26, 1915.

- IV. GEORGE BENJAMIN⁹, b. February 11, 1887; m. February 18, 1905, to Willah Cordelia Cox.

Ch.

- i. BLANCHE ELNORA¹⁰, b. April 14, 1907.
- ii. FRANCES MARIE¹⁰, b. August 12, 1910.

Willah Cordelia, wife of George Benjamin, died March 16, 1915. He was married a second time, June 12, 1915, to Mary Ann Thomas.

- V. LEONA ETHEL⁹, b. January 23, 1889; m. December 12, 1917, to Glenn Caryle Brown.

RICHARD BENNINGTON TEACHENOR⁸, son of George Washington⁷ and Lucinda (Summers), b. at Bedford, Iowa, March 6, 1864; m. in Kansas City, Mo., February 1, 1887, to Mary Catherine Givauden (daughter of William Jackson Givauden), b. at Gentryville, Mo., August 31, 1867.

Ch.

- I. DR. FRANK RANDALL⁹, b. September 1, 1888.
- II. DIX⁹, b. June 4, 1892.

In 1870 the family removed to Northwest Missouri. He attended the Perry Academy at Stewartville, Mo., and the public schools at that place, Kidder, Mo., and elsewhere, graduating in 1880. During vacations he learned the printing trade in *News* office at Stewartville. Foreman Stanberry *Sentinel* 1881. Became one of the publishers of

Stanberry *News* in 1883. Published, in 1882-83, an amateur paper, the *Amateur Exchange*, which was later known as the *Exchange-Journal*, and published from Judsonia, Ark., and Chicago for five years. Elected one of the vice-presidents of National Amateur Press Association at Detroit convention, 1883. He removed that year to Georgetown, Colo., where he was editor of the *Courier* from 1883 to 1886, when he removed to Kansas City, where he has since resided. Established engraving department of Inter-State Publishing Co. in 1889. In 1891, in partnership with Mr. E. G. Bartberger, established the Teachenor-Bartberger Engraving Co., of which he is president. Mr. Roger Cunningham joined the organization in 1893. It is now one of the oldest engraving companies in business in the United States. Being one of the pioneers in photo-engraving, Mr. Teachenor has taken an active part in standardizing the industry, the company being one of the charter members of the International Association of Photo-Engravers. He delivered the opening addresses at Boston and New York conventions in 1911 and 1914, and had technical papers at conventions at Indianapolis, Chicago and Philadelphia in 1912, 1915 and 1916. Belongs to the Fossils, an unique national club of ex-amateur editors, among whom are Secretary Daniels, Chas. Scribner, and many others who later became famous. Has been a member of advisory board of Graphic Arts Organization for eight years and secretary of the Kansas City Printers' Supply Club for twelve years. Is a thirty-second degree Mason and Shriner. Presbyterian. Member: Kansas City Athletic Club, City Club, Chamber of Commerce, T. P. A., Missouri Press Association, Kansas City Ad Club, Engravers' Club.

DR. FRANK RANDALL TEACHENOR⁹, son of Richard B.⁸ and Mary C. (Givauden), b. in Kansas City, Mo., September 1, 1888. Graduate Manual Training High School and University of Kansas School of Medicine. Served one year as interne, Kansas City General Hospital, and five years as assistant to the eminent surgeon, Dr. Jabez N. Jackson, of Kansas City. Lecturer on physiology to nursing corps, St. Luke's, Wesley and Christian Church Hospitals. Member surgical staff Kansas City General Hospital. Member: American, Missouri and Jackson County Medical Associations, Rockhill Tennis Club, Ivanhoe Masonic Lodge, Kansas City Chapter, R. A. M., Kansas City Council of Select Masters, Kansas City Commandery, K. T. and Ararat Temple A. A. O. N. M. S. Presbyterian. Commissioned First Lieutenant, Medical Reserve Corps, U. S. Army, serving at Fort Riley, Camp Dodge, Fort McPherson and Newport News. Member of the first class in course of brain, thoracic and spinal cord surgery under War Department at University of Pennsylvania. Now serving on surgical staff, U. S. A., Base Hospital No. 28, American Expeditionary Forces, France.

DIX TEACHENOR⁹, son of Richard B.⁸ and Mary C. (Givauden), b. in Kansas City, Mo., June 4, 1892. Graduate of Westport High School and University of Kansas. Active in athletics. Holder of high school championships in basketball and tennis. Three years Kansas 'varsity tennis captain, winning conference meets, Kansas,

Missouri, Nebraska and Iowa. Later, as member of Kansas City Athletic Club, winner of more than twenty tennis trophies and cups, including those of Mid-Continent, Oklahoma, Kansas, Missouri Valley, Ivanhoe and Greater Kansas City. National ranking 1915 Class 1 doubles and Class 7 singles. Member K. U. Zoölogy Club. In Junior year classified "Birds of Kansas" for Bulletin and assisted in collection of mammals and specimens for University Museum. Fraternity: Sigma Chi. Baptist. Freemason. Connected with home office Kansas City Life Insurance Co. Sergeant in U. S. A. Base Hospital No. 28, American Expeditionary Forces, France.

DWIGHT BALDWIN TEACHENOR⁸, son of George Washington⁷ and Lucinda (Summers), b. Stewartsville, Mo., December 9, 1873; m. Letitia Margaret Barr, Kansas City, Mo., June 1, 1893.

Ch.

- I. EDNA MARIE⁹, b. August 21, 1895; m. February 8, 1913, to Herbert Singleton Finnell.
- II. MONROE SUMMERS⁹, b. September 4, 1897; m. May 9, 1918, to Martha Thomas, of California, and resides in Oklahoma City.
- III. DALE BARR⁹, b. December 18, 1899.

J. RILEY TEACHENOR⁸, son of George Washington⁷ and Lucinda (Summers), b. December 30, 1879; m. in Kansas City, Mo., June 14, 1905, to Hazel McCoy.

Ch.

- I. HELEN⁹, b. December 21, 1906.

NATHANIEL RAMY TEACHENOR⁷, son of Isaac⁶ and Matilda (Stivers), b. July 10, 1831; d. May 1, 1909; m. August 15, 1855, to Sarah Glasscock, b. March 6, 1830, d. March 28, 1900. Resided at Newark, Mo.

Ch.

- I. ISAAC LEMUEL⁸, b. June 30, 1856.
 - II. ANNA BELLE⁸, b. May 22, 1859; d. July 15, 1883; m. February 18, 1882, to Wm. Taylor.
- Ch.
- i. HARRY H.⁹, b. July 9, 1883; d. September 2, 1883.
 - III. ALPHIUS MARION⁸, b. October 11, 1861; d. infant.
 - IV. MONROE⁸, b. October 5, 1863.
 - V. WILLIAM AMOS⁸, b. December 16, 1866; d. April 30, 1891; m. Lillian Sheets, 1889.

Ch.

- i. HAZELLE GERTRUDE⁹, b. March 2, 1890.
- VI. SARAH DEE⁸, b. 1870; d. infant.
- VII. LILLY DALE⁸, b. March 31 1873; m. December 24, 1898, to Paul F. Gordinier.

Ch.

- i. HAROLD RAYMOND⁹, b. July 21, 1899.

ISAAC LEMUEL TEACHENOR⁸, son of Nathaniel Ramy⁷ and Sarah (Glasscock), b. in Ohio, June 30, 1856; m. Harriet Agnes Harbison October 22, 1884. His boyhood was spent in Newark, Mo. He resided for many years at Clayton, Ill., where he was a druggist and a banker. His penmanship was an accomplishment of the highest

order, having the ability to write in almost a perfect copperplate style. He was held in high esteem among his fellow men, being an affable, genial, kindly and generous man, whose charity, sympathy and friendship were put into practice for the service of his fellow men. He died April 22, 1914.

MONROE TEACHENOR⁸, son of Nathaniel Ramy⁷ and Sarah (Glasscock), b. October 5, 1863; m. Harriet Ann Parsons September 2, 1886.

Ch.

- I. HOMER CRESAP⁹, b. July 10, 1887.
- II. FRED WAINWRIGHT⁹, b. February 16, 1890. In military service, France.
- III. LOTUS BELLE⁹, b. November 20, 1892.
- IV. IVAN BROOKS⁹, b. July 19, 1896. In military service, France.

He spent his boyhood in Newark, Mo., and for several years was a merchant. For nearly thirty years he has been a traveling salesman for a St. Louis wholesale dry-goods concern. He resides at Shelbina, Mo.

HOMER CRESAP TEACHENOR⁹, son of Monroe⁸ and Harriet (Parsons), b. at Shelbina, Mo., July 10, 1887; m. October 11, 1911, to Helen Cave, b. July 12, 1890.

Ch.

- I. OCTAVIA CAVE¹⁰, b. July 26, 1912.

He is a merchant and resides at Shelbina, Mo.

JASPER NEWTON TEACHENOR⁷, son of Isaac⁶ and Matilda (Stivers), b. July 12, 1835; died at Bedford, Iowa, March 8, 1893; m. Sarah Prideaux, at Salt Lake City, Utah, in 1872.

Ch.

- I. NELLIE GERTRUDE⁸, b. March 1, 1873; m. in 1895, to Ed. Gaumer; resides in Denver, Colo.
- II. CHARLES PRIDEAUX⁸, b. in 1874; d. January, 1893.

GREENLEAF NORTON TEACHENOR⁷, son of Isaac⁶ and Susan (Meseritz), b. September 22, 1842; m. October 27, 1868, to Sarah Elizabeth Holton.

Ch.

- I. BERTHA PEARCE⁸, b. February 17, 1870; d. December 13, 1910.
- II. LUTA P.⁸, b. March 7, 1872.
- III. HOLTON CALENDAR⁸, b. September 25, 1873; d. August 23, 1917.
- IV. DR. KIRKER ROYDEN⁸, b. October 20, 1875.
- V. MARY STANLEY⁸, b. February 8, 1880; m. June 14, 1905, to Harry L. Peebles, Cincinnati, Ohio.

Ch.

- i. MARY HOLTON⁹, b. April 22, 1906.

Greenleaf Teachenor resided in Brown County, Ohio, all his life until recently when he removed to Norwood (Cincinnati). He led an active life. In a letter to the writer, in 1907, his daughter, Bertha, said: "Father owns the old Teachenor homestead, which is three miles from our home at Decatur. The road between the two farms is largely rocky hills and hollows, with a creek to cross, but he rides horseback to this place on an average of twice a week and looks after his stock

and tenants. Our present home, Woodlawn, is a short distance east of the little village of Decatur. The house is an old-fashioned brick with a large lawn and beautiful old forest trees." He served three years in the Civil War in the Ninety-first Ohio Infantry, under Col. James A. Turley of Portsmouth, Ohio; was in Virginia all three years with the Eighth Corps, Army of West Virginia, the last year in the Shenandoah Valley under General Phil Sheridan, participating in the famous battle of Cedar Creek; also in the battle of Lynchburg, marching across the Blue Ridge and Allegheny Mountains; fought in many other smaller battles, and was honorably discharged at the close of the War. While he was never an officer, he is familiarly known as "The Colonel" to every one because of a certain military appearance and his intense patriotism.

DR. KIRKER ROYDEN TEACHENOR⁸, son of Greenleaf⁷ and Susan (Meseritz), b. October 20, 1875; m. June 15, 1906, to Elizabeth Chloe Barger. Resides at Leesburg, Highland County, Ohio.

HOLTON CALENDAR TEACHENOR⁸, son of Greenleaf⁷ and Susan (Meseritz), b. September 25, 1873; d. August 23, 1917; m. August 20, 1908, to Celeste Woodburn Curtis Hufford.

Ch.

I. WOLDEANE L.⁹, b. March 1, 1913.

He resided at Washington Court House, Ohio.

HENRY WHARTON TEACHENOR⁷, son of Isaac⁶ and Susan (Meseritz), b. April 25, 1844; m. January 14, 1867, to Laura Belle Wells, daughter of Judge J. M. Wells. She was born July 12, 1849, and died April 17, 1915.

Ch.

I. DR. WELLS⁸, b. September 5, 1869.

II. CLARA LOUISA⁸, b. August 13, 1874; m. F. V. Kirschner, Manchester, Ohio.

Ch.

i. FREDERICK, JR.⁹, b. February 27, 1900.

III. MABEL⁸, b. June 10, 1878; d. April 29, 1911; m. Dr. Sickles.

IV. BLAINE⁸, b. February 4, 1886; m. Mabel Barmington.

Ch.

i. JAMES J.⁹, b. March 18, 1918.

Henry Teachenor was born in Brown County, Ohio, and resides at Manchester, Ohio. He saw service in the Union Army under General Phil. Sheridan, and is now commander, with the rank of Colonel, of the only G. A. R. Post in Adams County, Ohio.

DR. WELLS TEACHENOR⁸, son of Henry W.⁷ and Laura (Wells), b. September 5, 1869.

Ch.

I. GALEN HENRY⁹. Now serving in France as Sergeant.

II. MARGARET VIRGINIA⁹

III. DR. WELLS H., JR.⁹ In Medical Reserve Corps.

IV. MARTHA ALLEN⁹

All reside in Columbus, Ohio.

SAMUEL JACKSON TEACHENOR⁷, son of Isaac⁶ and Matilda (Stivers), b. September 17, 1833, d. in Seattle, Washington, in 1902. His wife, Frances, died March 7, 1900.

Ch.

- I. BELLE⁸, m. to Mr. Smith. She died in Zumbrota, Minn., Jan. 17, 1917.
Ch.
 - i. MASON⁹, resides at Seven Center, Minn., and has three children.
 - ii. MANZO⁹, resides at Sumner, Iowa, and has one child.
 - iii. BESSIE⁹, resides at Zumbrota, Minn., is married to Mr. Brown and has one son, LOWELL¹⁰.
 - iv. CHRIS⁹, resides at Zumbrota, Minn., and has one child.
 - v. ELMER, now in military service.
- II. ERNEST⁸, resides at Lewiston, Idaho.
Ch.
 - i. DORA⁹, married to Mr. Iver, and has three children, TEACHENOR¹⁰, PEARL¹⁰ and IOLA¹⁰.
 - ii. ERNEST, JR.⁹, now in military service.
Also three daughters living in Centralia, Washington.
- III. MARY A.⁸, m. Mr. Moore, who died in Georgetown, Ill., May 10, 1900.
Ch.
 - i. NELLIE⁹, m. to Mr. Spang, and resides at Danville, Ill.
 - i. CLARENCE¹⁰, b. 1908.
 - ii. HELEN¹⁰, b. 1910.
 - ii. ROBERT P.⁹, residing in Greensburg, Pa.
 - iii. FRANCIS L.⁹, residing in Seattle, Washington.

LYDIA TEACHENOR⁷, daughter of Isaac⁶ and Matilda (Stivers), b. November 16, 1828; m. April 13, 1848, to Mitchell Johnston. She died May 11, 1888. He died January 16, 1897, near Fredonia, Kas.

Ch.

- I. SARAH ANN⁸, b. January 9, 1849; m. William Emmerson September 10, 1871. Five children. Resides at Arriba, Colo.
- II. ISAAC RAMY⁸, b. January 9, 1851; m. Laura Stretch February 10, 1875. She d. January 12, 1913. Three children and eleven grandchildren. Resides at Graymont, Ill. Is in real estate and insurance business.
- III. FRANCIS ELVENA⁸, b. December 7, 1852; d. March 15, 1896. No children.
- IV. MARY AGNES⁸, b. September 27, 1856; m. to Charles Newton. One daughter and two grandchildren. Resides at Coyville, Kan.
- V. JOHN MITCHELL⁸, b. May 19, 1859. He died from an accident May 29, 1909. Was married and had nine children, of whom eight are living. Five grandchildren.
- VI. GEORGE WILBUR⁸, b. September 23, 1861. Single. Resides at Anthony, Okla.
- VII. WILEY HELLINGSWORTH⁸, b. October 23, 1864; d. April 8, 1910. Widow and five children living

MARY ANN TEACHENOR⁷, daughter of Isaac⁶ and Matilda (Stivers), b. May 30, 1837; m. J. L. Bailie April 4, 1861; d. June 9, 1883.

Ch.

- I. IDA⁸, b. February 10, 1862; d. May 18, 1912; m. N. L. Malony October 14, 1883.
- II. LUTIE⁸, b. March 21, 1863; m. D. M. Brubaker June 24, 1880.

Side-Lights on Related and Collateral Lines

(*Lineage Book of D. A. R., Vol. 19, p. 172.*)

Daniel Tichenor was a private in the Essex Militia and rose to the rank of Lieutenant in the Second Regiment. His brothers, David and Isaac, also gave valuable service.

(*Ibid, Vol. 32, p. 52.*)

Daniel Tichenor (1742-1807) served in the Morris County, New Jersey, Militia. He was born in Newark, N. J. Died in Nelson County, Kentucky.

(*Official Register of Officers and Men of New Jersey in the Revolutionary War.*)

Tichenor, John, First Battalion, Second Establishment; also Militia.

Tichenor, Zenas, Capt. Morris' company, First Battalion, Second Establishment.

Tichenor, Daniel, Lieutenant, Militia.

Tichenor, David, Lieutenant, Second Regiment, Essex.

Tichenor, Martin, Ensign, Capt. Baldwin's company, "Eastern Battalion,"

Morris.

Tichenor, Caleb, Second Regiment, Essex; Corporal, ditto; Sergeant, ditto.

Tichenor, Elijah, Essex.

Tichenor, Isaac, Morris.

Tichenor, Isaac, Capt. Pierson's company, Second Regiment, Essex.

Tichenor, Jabez, Essex.

Tichenor, John, Captain Lyon's company, Second Regiment, Essex; also State troops; wounded January 1, 1777. Also Continental Army.

Tichenor, Jonathan, Morris.

Tichenor, Joseph, Essex.

Tichenor, Joseph, Capt. Josiah Pierson's company, Second Regiment, Essex.

Tichenor, Moses, Essex.

Tichenor, Samuel, Morris.

Tichenor, Morris, Essex.

Tichenor, Zenus, Essex.

Tichenor, Zopher, Essex.

(*From N. J. Col. Documents.*)

1695—May 8.

Will of John Tichenor, of Newark. Wife, Hannah; son, Martin, and expected child. Real and personal property. The wife executrix, with brothers, Ensign John Treat and Daniel Tichenor, as overseers. Witnesses: John Brown, John Treat, Johnathan Tichenor. Proved September 10, 1695.

1681—October 19.

Last will and testament of Martin Tichanor. Children: John, Daniel, Samuel, Jonathan, Abigail, son-in-law John Treat. Real and personal estate. Executor, son John.

(*Savage's N. E. Genealogy, p. 300.*)

Martin Tickenor, New Haven, Ct., took oath of fidelity August 5, 1644. M. May 16, 1651, Mary Charles.

1. JOHN, b. April 14, 1653.
2. ABIGAIL, February 1, 1655.
3. DANIEL, October 9, 1656.
4. HANNAH, March 13, 1659.
5. SAMUEL, October 14, 1660.

There is a Tichenor street in Newark, N. J., also a Tichenor avenue in Kansas City.

HON. CHARLES O. TICHENOR.

Charles O. Tichenor⁷ was born at Appleton, Wisconsin, January 6, 1842; died in Kansas City, Mo., October 8, 1915. He came to Kansas City in 1865, after serving in the Civil War, entering into partnership with Major Warner, later United States Senator from Missouri. A daughter, Mrs. W. A. Knotts, lives in Kansas City; a sister, Mrs. Emma Gibbs, resides at Elgin, Ill. A brother, Hon. Isaac Newton Tichenor⁸, is a well known citizen of Keokuk, Iowa. Mr. Tichenor's father was Charles Orlando Tichenor⁹, born in Newark, N. J., December 1, 1810; died in Keokuk, Iowa, March 10, 1886; his grandfather was Isaac Coe Tichenor⁶, who died in Newark, N. J., in 1850; his great grandfather was Daniel Tichenor⁴.



C. O. Tichenor.

It has been said that the history of a nation is written in the biography of men. This is strikingly true of the profession of the law; and no name in the history of our profession in Missouri reflects the glory of the law more than that of the late Charles O. Tichenor, the lawyer's lawyer—and the Dean of our profession.

His fame as a lawyer and jurist are known throughout the State and, indeed, the Middle West.

He was able, fearless, scholarly, and possessed a magnificent intellectuality and learning, which seemed to me to sweep the whole field of mental endeavor. He spurned and despised all forms of sham and deceit, but all in this world that appealed to him as real and genuine, he genuinely loved. The world in which he moved, loved, respected and admired him.

To attain such eminence, both as a lawyer and as a man, to write such legal opinions that they are pointed out as the best expressions of the law, is indeed enduring fame.

Modesty, his leading personal characteristic, caused him to shun the limelight at all times. So far as my memory serves me (and I knew him for nearly thirty years), Mr. Tichenor refused every public office, save that of the Presidency of the Kansas City Bar Association. He enjoyed the distinction of being the only lawyer to serve more than one term as the head of our Bar Association. As a member of the committee delegated to urge this second honor upon Mr. Tichenor, I well remember that memorable meeting with him in his office. Upon our persistent refusal to accept a negative reply, he at last accepted the committee's invitation, and was thereafter unanimously elected president of the association for a second term.

Mr. Tichenor never betrayed a trust and, in fact, is the only man whose name I never heard a breath of suspicion about, in any way. It is related of him that a client once expressed a desire to have him engage in unethical methods to win a dishonest law suit. Mr. Tichenor replied that "his boss wouldn't let him do that," and therefore he could not consider engaging in that kind of work. His client expressed surprise that anybody could boss him, Mr. Tichenor, and inquired his name. "The devilish little fellow that controls and bosses me in the last analysis is called Conscience; I never can get away from him, I find."

To be held in universal admiration and respect and in loving memory by the hosts of friends who mourn his loss, would add lustre to the name of any man. These memories have clustered about the name of the Hon. Charles O. Tichenor, and no man was ever more worthy of them.

"To live in the minds and the hearts we leave behind is not to die."

His life was an inspiration to us all and furnished a model, after which all lawyers may well pattern their lives.

ELMER N. POWELL,
Pres. K. C. Bar Assn., 1915.

Judge J. E. Guinotte, a warm personal friend of the late Charles O. Tichenor from early boyhood and a member of the Committee that arranged that memorable banquet in his honor in 1914, on the occasion of his 70th birthday, paid a beautiful tribute to him in the interesting address he delivered before the Missouri Bar Association, in September, 1915.

Judge Guinotte said, in part:

His personality impressed everyone in a way that was good and lasting. He was strong in his friendship and the affection and feeling that existed between him and his law partners, Major Warner and Mr. Dean, was beautiful.

In a letter written last November to Mr. Gardiner Lathrop, referring to them and to Judge Gibson, Mr. W. H. Lucas, General Milton Moore, Judge Gill and Mr. W. S. Cowherd, he said:

"As I grow older, if possible my friendship for them grows stronger, and I spend many a pleasant hour with them and you in my thoughts. The memory of my 'coming home' reception will be with me constantly in the short time I am likely to live, and my heart goes out to all who were there. I feel there was nothing perfunctory about it, and the labor of those young fellows who worked so hard to make it such a delightful success was a most touching and affectionate tribute to an old man whose race is about run."

For those who had been students* in his office he always had a good wish and a kind word, and to them his advice and precepts were very valuable.

Mr. Tichenor hated hypocrisy, and religious hypocrisy the most of all, but his remarks were always directed against hypocrisy—not the religion. He and the Rev. Dr. Cheever, who is lovingly remembered by our old citizens, were warm personal friends. He had the greatest respect for that grand old pioneer priest, Father Donnelly. Once in a controversy over some land which one of his clients had purchased from the Catholic Church, he said to his client: "I will not sue, but I will write the facts to Archbishop Kenrick. I know he will do what is right." In less than a week he received a most gracious reply from the Archbishop, thanking him for his courtesy and confidence, and enclosing a check for the amount. Mr. John A. Sea, who was his chosen companion on many of his outings, tells me that whether on the Nepigon for trout, on the Madison for grayling, or on Aransas Pass for tarpon, when Sunday came Mr. Tichenor always put up his rod.

The Rev. Carl Reed Taylor, Rector of St. John's Episcopal Church, who has known him since 1907, and who visited him during his last illness and conducted his burial service, says: "I called on Mr. Tichenor as soon as I came to Kansas City, at the request of Judge Brown of Minnesota, one of my best friends with whom Mr. Tichenor used to fish. He always made me feel that I was a welcome guest, and we got to be very well acquainted, and I grew to like and respect him very much. I felt much honored by his acquaintance, and feel that, although without outward profession, he possessed the faith in God and His laws."

His companionship was everything that was delightful and instructive; his wit was genial and wholesome. He dearly loved humor that was unexpected, and, as he used to say, "kind of remote." I will relate some stories that he most thoroughly enjoyed:

"In 1878 he, with Judge Gibson, Gardiner Lathrop, Wallace Laws, Con Murphy and myself went from here to St. Louis in a row boat belonging to Mr. Laws, who was then Clerk of our Circuit Court. This trip cemented a friendship which will last as long as any of us live. Mr. Laws died in 1909. Some time before his death he had to go to the University Hospital for a very serious operation. Mr. Lathrop came from Chicago and we all went to the hospital to see him. Wallace told us that his minister, whom we dearly loved, and who had just left, had said: 'Brother Laws, you will get well; but if you don't, remember that Heaven is your home.' To which he replied: 'I know that, but I am not a bit homesick.'"

Another is a story of the old Virginia Colonel, who kindly reprimanded a young Virginian for asking a man if he was from Virginia. He said: "Never ask a man if he is from Virginia. If he is, he will tell you—if he is not, don't humiliate him."

He most thoroughly enjoyed the reply of Mr. Pat Corrigan in a suit by a former manager against a Kansas City horseman whose racing stable was rated much higher here than abroad. This suit was defended by Mr. Tichenor's old friend, Mr. John C. Gage. Mr. Corrigan, a very conscientious man, testified as far as he could fairly do for the plaintiff. He was not cross-examined by Mr. Gage, and was about to leave the stand when plaintiff's attorney said: "Mr. Corrigan, Mr. M's stable was a very fine one?" "Well, it was a pretty good stable." "Mr. Corrigan, was it not one of the best stables in the United States?" He answered: "Well, the handicappers did not seem to think so."

He was fond of water sports and of hunting, and his delight in them was akin to that of a boy. One morning in 1880 Mr. T. B. Bullene came to the office and said: "Tichenor, I have a canoe down the Kaw river at Captain Burns's, where you folks keep your row boat, and I am going down at 3 o'clock and try it." Mr. Tichenor said to me: "Mr. Bullene was a crack canoeist when he was a boy. Get Gibson and Lathrop and Con Murphy and we will go down this afternoon and see if he still is on the job." We did, and the stunts Mr. Bullene performed would delight some of our present day local experts, and we have some mighty good ones.

On the Saturday following we had the privilege of seeing Mr. Bullene's son, Fred C., then a rosy-cheeked boy, until recently the genial cashier of the City Center Bank, go through a stunt which the young banker doubtless remembers to this day.

Of course, being filled with pride at the aquatic skillfulness of his father, the boy, like a real chip of the old block, sought to give us an exhibition of what he could do. He jumped into the canoe and promptly turned over in about a foot of water and two feet of soft mud. When rescued by his surprised and sympathetic audience, he was a sight to behold, being plastered from head to foot with the soft, dripping mud of the river. But the most impressive part of this episode came later, when young Fred was peremptorily requested by the two pretty girls, that he had brought with him, to ride on the front platform of the street car all the way home, so he couldn't contaminate anything except the patient mules and the helpless driver.

Wild turkey, duck and jacksnipe were his favorite game, with the jacksnipe a little in the lead, and many a delightful day he and Mr. Scott Harrison spent in this pursuit.

*Some of the most prominent members of our bar are comprised in the list of these students; among others, Judge James Gibson, R. J. Ingraham, Judge J. E. Guinotte, the late Wm. S. Cowherd, Frank Gudgeon, E. D. Ellison, Jules C. Rosenberger, J. G. Smart; it was Mr. Tichenor's custom to give an annual dinner to these old students at his home.—E. N. P.

TICHENOR, Isaac, fourth and sixth governor of Vermont (1797-1807 and 1808-09), was born at Newark, N. J., Feb. 8, 1754. Of his parentage and early life the records are meagre. He was graduated at Princeton College in 1775 and studied law at Schenectady, N. Y. While there, in 1777, he was commissioned assistant to Commissary-Gen. Cuyler, in the purchase of supplies for the northern department. In the summer of that year he went to Bennington, Vt., where he collected supplies, the hope of capturing which deluded Burgoyne into the ill-fated expedition thither. Tichenor was on his way to Albany with a drove of cattle, when tidings of Burgoyne's presence in the vicinity were transmitted to him. He returned immediately, reaching Bennington on the evening of Aug. 17th, at the close of the conflict. Bennington had attractions for Tichenor, and he made it his home thereafter, except when duty rendered his absence compulsory. In the purchase of army supplies he incurred pecuniary obligations which harassed him for many years. He opened a law office in Bennington in 1778. He was town representative from 1781 to 1784, speaker in the house in 1783, and an agent to congress in 1782-83, and under the act passed in 1789 he was a commissioner to determine



Isaac Tichenor

the terms of settlement with New York. Tichenor's affable manners and keen judgment had made him one of the most popular men in the state. He was a judge of the supreme court from 1791 to 1796, and chief justice in 1795-96, when he was chosen to fill out the term of Sen. Moses Robinson, on his resignation. The following year he was elected for a full term of six years. He was also elected governor and preferring the latter office resigned his senatorship to accept it. Tichenor was a Federalist and parties were so evenly divided that no choice of governor was arrived at by the people, but he was elected in the legislature by a large majority. He served eleven years continuously as governor, 1797 to 1809 except 1807 when he was defeated by the Democrats under the leadership of Israel Smith. In 1814 he was again elected a U. S. senator, and served until 1821 when the Federalists disappeared from politics and he retired to private life. Thus it is seen he was a resident of the state all through its existence as an independent republic, coming on the stage of political activity at or near the close of that interesting period. He was in the public service a leader in his party thirty eight out of the forty four years between 1777 and 1821. Gov. Tichenor has been characterized by a contemporary as a gentleman of fine personal appearance, insinuating manners and more than ordinary ability. He had a strong will, was a good debater and in the senate was a man of marked influence. In 1799 the legislature of Vermont by a unanimous vote adopted a resolution, the author of which was the leader of the opposition in the house thanking him for the happy and speedy settlement he had effected with Canada in the difficulty over the arrest by American officers of a fugitive on British soil. The kindness of his heart is illustrated in his letter to Jonas Galusha, his successful competitor for the governorship in 1809. "I tender," he says, "in great sincerity, my best services in any matter that may relate to the duties of your office, or shall have a tendency to promote the interests of our country." Mr. Tichenor was eminently

social in his instincts, delighted in field sports, and was noted for his devotion to the pursuits of the angler and the hunter until he was overtaken by the infirmities of age. He died at Bennington, Dec. 11, 1838, leaving no descendants.

SMITH, Israel, fifth governor of Vermont (1807-08), was born at Suffield, Hartford co., Conn., April 4, 1759. He was graduated at Yale College in 1781, and removed to Bennington, where he studied law under his brother Noah, subsequently judge of the supreme court. He settled at Rupert in 1783, and was its representative in the state legislature in 1785, 1788-90. In 1789 he was appointed one of the commissioners to settle the dispute with New York state in regard to jurisdiction, and in 1791 was a member of the convention that ratified the constitution of the United States. He removed to Rutland in 1791, and in the same year was elected to congress as a Jeffersonian Democrat or Republican. He was several times re-elected, but in 1797 was defeated by Matthew Lyon, who belonged to the same party and had several times opposed him. In the fall of 1797 he was elected to the state legislature, which, being largely Republican, elected him chief justice. He held the position for one term, the Federalists again coming into power, and although he was re-elected in 1801, he declined the office. He was a candidate for the governorship in 1801, but was defeated by Isaac Tichenor. In the same year he was elected a representative to congress, and at the end of the term, in 1803, was elected senator, succeeding Nathaniel Chipman. He continued in congress until 1807, when he was elected governor over the popular Isaac Tichenor. In his inaugural address he advocated the substitution of confinement at hard labor for corporal punishment, and state supervision of highways. Also while in office, he attempted to secure the building of a state's prison, but all these measures were looked upon by the farmers as tending to extravagance. He attempted to enforce the embargo act, passed by congress in 1807, by calling out troops to suppress smuggling, which had grown bold as well as brisk, and as several offenders were summarily dealt with, one of them suffering capital punishment, opposition to him increased, and in 1808 Tichenor came back into office, his plurality being 859 and his majority 432. Gov. Smith died at Rutland Dec. 2 1810.

GALUSHA, Jonas, seventh and ninth governor of Vermont (1809-13 and 1815-20), was born at Norwich Conn. Feb. 11, 1753 and when twenty two years old removed to Shaftsbury, Vt. Of his parentage and education history has said little. At Shaftsbury he followed the occupations of farmer and inn-keeper, tain of one of companies of the militia, and in 1800 was sheriff of Benning county for his term that he served in the rebellion. He was elected to the Vermont legislature in 1800 and served for the next ten years. He was elected to the Vermont legislature in 1800 and served for the next ten years. He was elected to the Vermont legislature in 1800 and served for the next ten years.



years. Roger, when he disappeared, was a tall, slender young man, with small head, straight hair, his ears adhering closely to the head; the claimant was an inch taller, enormously obese, with a large head and curly hair, the ears free, with large lobes. Roger had had his initials tattooed on one of his arms, while nothing of the kind appeared on the claimant. Roger had been well educated, and spoke French with perfect fluency; the claimant was grossly illiterate, and wholly unacquainted with French. The jury found that the claimant was not Roger Charles Tichborne, and he was nonsuited. He was taken into custody to be tried for perjury. The trial came on before the court of queen's bench Apr. 23, 1873, and after several adjournments was concluded Feb. 28, 1874, having occupied in all 188 days. In the course of the two trials it was established beyond reasonable doubt that the real name of the claimant was Arthur Orton, a native of London, who emigrated to Australia, where, for reasons growing out of some misconduct, he assumed the name of Thomas Castro. By what means and by whose assistance he gained the information which enabled him to make such show as he did of being the missing Roger Tichborne is an unsolved mystery. So great were the expenses of these protracted suits that the trustees of the infant owner of the Tichborne estates were obliged to mortgage them in order to obtain money to defend his title. In spite of the verdicts of the courts, there were many, especially among the lower and middle classes in England, who still believed that Castro or Orton was really Roger Charles Tichborne. So strong was this feeling that Mr. Kenealy, his leading counsel in both cases, who subsequently established a newspaper, *The Englishman*, which acquired an immense circulation in consequence of its attacks upon these verdicts, was in 1875 elected, mainly upon this account, to the House of Commons. (See KENEALY, EDWARD V. H.) A. H. GUERNSEY.

Tiche'nor (ISAAC), LL.D., b. at Newark, N. J., Feb. 8, 1754; graduated at Princeton 1775; began the study of law at Schenectady; accepted in 1777 an appointment as assistant commissary-general at Bennington, Vt., where he took up his residence; became prominent in Vermont politics; was judge of the supreme court 1791-94; chief justice 1795-96; commissioner for adjusting the boundary dispute with New York 1791; U. S. Senator 1796-97; governor 1797-1807 and 1808-09, and again U. S. Senator 1815-21. D. at Bennington Dec. 11, 1838.

Tick'nor (GEORGE), LL.D., b. at Boston, Mass., Aug. 1, 1791; received at home a careful training in the classics; entered Dartmouth College at the age of twelve; graduated there 1807; pursued for three years a post-graduate course of studies at Boston under the direction of Rev. Dr. J. S. J. Gardiner, with whom William H. Prescott was then preparing for college; was one of the members of the Anthology Club; studied jurisprudence in the office of an eminent lawyer at Boston; was admitted to the bar 1813, but soon resolved to devote himself to a literary career, favored by the possession of an ample fortune; sailed for Europe 1815; resided two years at the University of Göttingen, chiefly occupied with classical philology and the modern literatures of Europe; spent two years more in travel, visiting most of the European capitals and forming the acquaintance of many of the chief literary and political celebrities; gave especial attention to the Spanish language, for the study of which he formed an extensive library, including many rare works; was chosen in 1817 to the Smith professorship of modern languages at Harvard; filled that post from 1820 to 1835, when he resigned; spent three years in Europe, chiefly engaged in preparatory researches for his principal work, to which he devoted several more years of assiduous labor, published in 1849 in London and New York his *History of Spanish Literature* (3 vols.), which was translated into French, German, and Spanish, and speedily became classical, even in Spain; printed some occasional essays, chiefly on educational topics, and several biographical sketches—of La Fayette (1825), Nathan A. White (1827), Daniel Webster (1831), the Buckminsters (1849), and Edward Everett (1865); wrote an elaborate *Life of William Hickling Prescott* (1864), who had been his most intimate friend and fellow-laborer in the field of Spanish literature; contributed to various magazines and reviews, and took an interest in several public enterprises, especially in the Boston Public Library, to which he was a munificent benefactor, presenting it with 2000 volumes in 1860. He was a member of the leading literary societies of Europe and America, and a correspondent of many eminent men in Europe. D. at Boston Jan. 26, 1871. The 4th ed. of his *Spanish Literature* appeared shortly after his death under the editorship of Mr. G. S. Hillard, who also published his *Life and Correspondence* (1876), one of the most notable and successful of American memoirs. PORTER C. BLISS.

—Johnson's Universal Encyclopedia.

(*American Ancestry*, p. 50.)

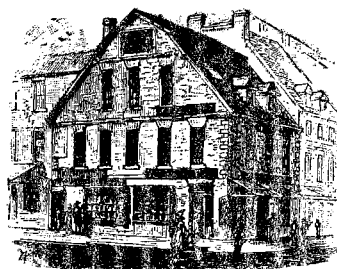
Ticknor, Benjamin Holt, of Boston, Mass., b. there August 3, 1842, grad. Harvard Coll. 1862, lieut. and capt. Mass. Vols. during Rebellion, since been in publishing firms of Ticknor & Fields, Fields, Osgood & Co., James R. Osgood & Co., later Ticknor & Co., has been member Boston City Council (m. June 8, 1865, Caroline C., dau. of Freeman Loring Cushman, desc. of Robert the pilgrim 1620, also desc. of John Alden 1620); he has brothers *Howard Malcom*, b. 1836, and *Thomas Baldwin*, b. 1848; son of *William Davis* of Boston, b. at Lebanon, N. H., Aug. 6, 1810, d. at Phila. Apr. 10, 1864, founder of firm of Wm. D. Ticknor & Co., afterward Ticknor & Fields, etc., publishers of the *Atlantic Monthly*, and the works of many of the most distinguished American and foreign authors (m. Dec. 25, 1832, Emiline S., dau. of Benj. Holt, desc. of Nicholas of Andover 1635, and dau. of Ruth Baldwin, desc. of John, who came to Norwich before 1660, and of Simon Huntington of Saybrook, Ct., 1633; son of *William* of Lebanon, N. H., b. there 1785, d. there July 10, 1827, farmer, householder (m. Jan. 26, 1807, Betsy Ellis); son of *Elisha* of Lebanon, N. H., b. at Lebanon, Ct. 1736, d. there 1774, active in town affairs, colonel of N. H. troops at Crown Point and elsewhere (Prof. George Ticknor historian of "Spanish Literature," etc., was his grandson); he was the original importer of merino sheep to America (m. Jan. 31, 1772, Deborah Davis); son of *John* of Lebanon, Ct., b. at Scituate, Mass., 1699, d. at Lebanon 1751 (m. 1724, Mary Bailey); son of *William* of Lebanon, Ct., b. at Scituate 1664, d. at Lebanon, moved there 1710 (m. 1696, Lydia, dau. of Joseph Tilden, who came from Eng. to Scituate with his father, elder Nathaniel, before 1628); son of *William*, b. at Kent, Eng., came to Scituate, Mass., 1656 (m. 1656, Hannah, dau. of John Stockbridge, who came to Scituate 1638), selectman, assessor, surveyor, householder, sergeant in King Philip's war; name supposed to be derived from the Dutch *technaar*, a designer.

civilization of the peninsula; and, independently of its stores of bibliographical information for the use of the scholar, it will be no less serviceable to the student of history who would acquaint himself with the character and condition of the Spaniard, and see in what manner they have been affected by the peculiar institutions of the country. The first edition of the "History of Spanish Literature" (3 vols., New York and London, 1849) was followed by a second (3 vols., 1854) and by a third American edition, corrected and enlarged (3 vols., Boston, 1863). A fourth edition, containing Mr. Ticknor's last revisions, has appeared since his death. To these are to be added the following translations: "Historia de la Literatura Española, por M. G. Ticknor; traducida al Castellano, con Adiciones y Notas críticas, por Don Pascual de Gayangos y Don Enrique de Vedia" (4 vols., Madrid, 1851-'7); "Geschichte der schönen Literatur in Spanien, von Georg Ticknor; Deutsch mit Zusätzen, herausgegeben von Nicholas Heinrich Julius" (2 vols., Leipsic, 1852). Mr. Ticknor's great work was preceded by several minor publications, including "Syllabus of a Course of Lectures on the History and Criticism of Spanish Literature" (Cambridge, 1823); "Outline of the Principal Events in the Life of General Lafayette" (Boston, 1825; London, 1826; in French, Paris, 1825); "Remarks on Changes lately proposed or adopted in Harvard University" (Cambridge, 1825); "Report of the Board of Visitors on the United States Military Academy at West Point for 1826"; "The Remains of Nathan Appleton Haven, with a Memoir of his Life" (1827); and other publications. He also published a "Life of William Hickling Prescott" (Boston, 1864). See his "Life, Letters, and Journals" (2 vols., Boston, 1876).

TICKNOR, George, journalist, b. in Boston, Mass., 14 April, 1822; d. in Keene, N. H., 25 Dec., 1866. He was graduated at Dartmouth in 1847, studied law in Franklin, N. H., was admitted to the bar in 1850, and began practice in Hanover, but in the following year removed to Claremont. He was solicitor for Sullivan county from 1855 till 1859, and about 1860 settled in Keene and purchased a large interest in the "New Hampshire Sentinel," which he edited during the remainder of his days. He published "Gazetteer and Biographical Sketches of New Hampshire."

TICKNOR, William Davis, publisher, b. in Lebanon, N. H., 6 Aug., 1810; d. in Philadelphia, Pa., 10 April, 1864. In youth he was employed in the office of his uncle, Benjamin, a money-broker, and he afterward became teller in the old Columbian bank of Boston. He began the business of a publisher in Boston in 1832, in connection with John Allen, under the firm-name of Allen and Ticknor, successors of the old publishing-house of Carter, Hendee, and Co. In the following year Mr. Allen retired, leaving Mr. Ticknor to carry on the business for twelve years. This he did under his own name, which will be found on the title-pages of the early American editions of Tennyson and many New England authors. In 1845 John Reed and James T. Fields became his partners, and the imprint was changed to Ticknor, Reed, and Fields, but the legal firm-name remained William D. Ticknor and Co. during Mr. Ticknor's lifetime. On the retirement of Mr. Reed, in 1854, the style became Ticknor and Fields, continuing as such for about ten years. During this period the last-named firm purchased and continued to publish the "Atlantic Monthly" and the "North American Review." On the death of Mr. Ticknor his interest was continued in behalf of his son, Howard M., and

James R. Osgood. Among the important events of this epoch were the establishment of "Our Young Folks" (1864), edited by Howard M. Ticknor, and of "Every Saturday" (1866), edited by Thomas Bailey Aldrich. In 1868 the younger Ticknor retired, and a new copartnership was formed among the other members, under the firm-name of Fields, Osgood, and Co. In 1870 Benjamin H. Ticknor was admitted, and in 1871 Mr. Fields withdrew, when the firm became James R. Osgood and Co. In 1885 it became Ticknor and Co., consisting of Benjamin H. and Thomas B.



Ticknor and George F. Godfrey. From the beginning the publications of the house were characterized by intrinsic merit and by the neatness and correctness of their typography. The interests of American writers met with unusual consideration, and it became a mark of distinction for young writers to have secured them as publishers. William D. Ticknor was one of the first of American publishers to make payment for the works of foreign authors, beginning with £100 to Tennyson in 1842. The house always continued this custom, and it is probably not too much to say that its example did more than any other one thing to establish a principle that is now so generally recognized and acted upon. For three decades the curtailed office of their establishment in the quaint old building at the corner of Washington and School streets, seen in the illustration, was the resort of Dickens, Emerson, Hawthorne, Holmes, Longfellow, Lowell, Sumner, Thackeray, Whipple, and Whittier. This building (the oldest but one now standing in Boston), one of the landmarks of the city, was built immediately after the great fire of 1711, and was occupied for various domestic and mercantile purposes, at one time being an apothecary-shop kept by the father of James Freeman Clarke, until in 1828 it became the book-store of Carter, Hendee, and Co., from whom it passed to Allen and Ticknor. It remained in the hands of William D. Ticknor and his immediate successors until 1866, when increasing business required their removal to Tremont street; but it is still a book-store.

TIDBALL, John Caldwell, soldier, b. in Ohio county, Va. (now W. Va.), 25 Jan., 1825. He was graduated at the U. S. military academy—being assigned to the 3d artill the various stations of his re.

when, having attained the r

placed in comm

the principal a

from the batt

the ' 's of

ter

Tic

He

volu

the

Pe

ing

F

—Appleton's Cyclopaedia of American Biography.

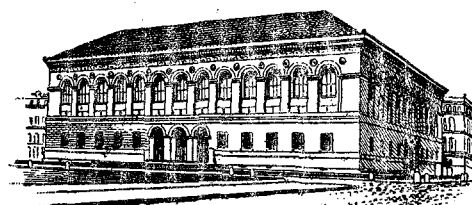
TICKNOR, George, author and educator, was born in Boston, Mass., Aug. 1, 1791. He early showed great taste for reading, and upon being fitted for college by his father, Elisha Ticknor, a successful merchant of Boston, entered Dartmouth as a junior, at the age of fourteen, and was graduated in 1807, having, as he thought, learned very little. His general studies were continued nearly three years longer, under Dr. Gardiner of Trinity Church, and in 1810 he began to read law in the office of an eminent lawyer of Boston, and was admitted to the bar in 1813. He practised for one year, and then being able to consult his tastes, determined that his avocation lay in the direction of a literary life, as his father's means were sufficient to enable him to follow his bent. After a winter jaunt through Virginia, and a visit to Jefferson at Monticello, he sailed for Europe in April, 1815, and spent nearly two years at Göttingen, giving his main attention to languages. His appointment to a chair at Harvard in 1817 did not necessitate his immediate return, but gave a special direction to his studies, which were carried on in Paris, Rome, Madrid and other European capitals, where he studied the literatures of each country. While abroad he met Goethe, Humboldt, Mme. de Staël, Chateaubriand, Bunsen, Niebuhr, Scott and other persons of distinction, and collected a valuable library, which by additions grew to be one of the finest collections in the country, especially so in Spanish literature, on which it was not excelled even in Europe. Mr. Ticknor returned in June, 1819, his character matured by unusual experience of men, with rare learning and accomplishments, and with a taste cultivated and disciplined by acquaintance with the best society of Europe. He was inducted at Harvard, Aug. 10th, as Smith professor of the French and Spanish languages and literatures, and college professor of *belles-lettres*. In this double post, which he held for sixteen years, at a small salary, he did good and abundant work, organized his new and important department, and bore a leading part in those reforms which changed Harvard from an old-



Geo. Ticknor

fashioned college to a modern university. Its literature had previously hardly extended beyond the classics; but Ticknor's lectures on Dante, Shakespeare, Milton, Goethe, etc., stimulated his students and drew auditors from without. More than half his instructions, he said, were "given voluntarily, neither required nor contemplated by the statutes." In 1825, returning from a southern trip, during which he had visited Madison and Jefferson, he found in Philadelphia Drs. Follen and Beck, needy exiles from Germany, and procured tutorships for them at Harvard. Resigning his chair in 1835, he spent three years in Germany, Italy, France, etc., meeting Metternich and Wordsworth, and carrying on the preparation of his great work. "The History of Spanish Literature" appeared in three volumes at the close of 1849 in New York and London, and within three years appeared in German and Spanish translations. Its recognition was rapid and extensive, both by scholars and the reading public. A London critic said there were "not six men in Europe able to review it." Motley called it "an honor to yourself and to American literature." Hallam wrote, "It supersedes all others, and will never be superseded." Rogers exclaimed, "How these Bostonians do work!" Three subsequent editions have appeared at home, two of them revised and enlarged. Feeling his debt to libraries abroad, Dr. Ticknor took a leading part in establishing the Boston Public Library. He induced Mr.

Everett to join him in this enterprise, and they formed the sub-committee which drew up a report initiating the project in 1852. The library was opened in 1854, in two small rooms, with 12,000 volumes, from which humble beginning it has grown to its present magnificent proportions. Dr. Ticknor gave it fourteen years of zealous labor, and in 1858-57 spent more than a year abroad, chiefly in its interest, often staying so late at the Berlin booksellers' shops with Karl Brandes, that they needed special police permission to go home unmolested. He presented the library with many volumes during his lifetime, and willed to it his fine collection of Spanish books. While the civil war was in progress, he was a liberal contributor to the Federal cause,



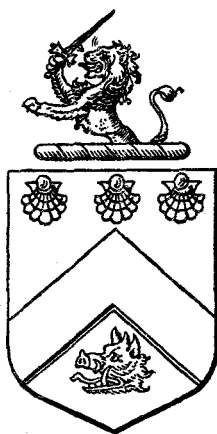
for Boston Public Library

both in money and in other ways possible to a man seventy years of age. During its earlier period, he found solace in writing the life of his friend Prescott, the historian. The book appeared in 1864, and was described by Lord Carlisle as "simple, complete, unaffected, and thus entirely suited to the character and qualities of its subject." Bancroft, with his usual enthusiasm, called it "a sermon to the young, and a refreshment to the old, the best monument that one man of letters ever raised to his friendship for another." Mr. Ticknor received the degree of LL.D. from both Harvard and Brown in 1850, and from Dartmouth in 1858. Though not a profound or originaive mind, he had fine powers of acquisition and retention, great industry, a resolute will, a calm, steady judgment, and a dominating regard for truth. The purity and dignity of his character commanded general respect. He embodied the quieter and more conservative ideals of Boston, and illustrated in his entire life the virtues of the gentleman and scholar. His "Life, Letters and Journals," appeared in two volumes in 1876. The "Nation" said of Mr. Ticknor, "Probably no American led a life richer in that class of associations and interests which belong properly to literary biography." The "Saturday Review" said of him, "In every capital of Europe he had not only acquaintances but friends, and at home he seemed to have known every eminent contemporary." He died in Boston, Jan. 26, 1871.

SPOFFORD, Ainsworth Rand, librarian of congress, was born at Gilmanton, N. H., Sept. 1825. He is a lineal descendant of J. Yorkshire, England, who settled Mass., in 1638, and is a clergyman of New sionary in several number of clerical and classical in his early y ture and abso to his later where he spent language one c

—The National Encyclopedia, Vol. 6.

From Matthew's American Armory and Blue Book.



TICKNOR.

WILLIAM TICKNOR, of Boston, 1646,
and Scituate, Mass., 1656, served
in King Philip's war, 1676.

Arms — A chevron between three
escallops in chief and in base a
boar's head erased.

Crest — A demi-lion holding a sword.

Motto — Pro Patria.

Index

- BALDWIN, Sarah, 10
 BAILIE,
 J. L., 16, 22
 Ida^s, 22
 Lutie^s, 22
 BARGER, Elizabeth Chloe, 21
 BARNES,
 Charles H., 14
 Anna Kate^s, 14
 BARR, Letitia Margaret, 19
 BECKHAM, Fannie, 15
 BEELER, Elizabeth, 14
 BENNETT,
 Martha, 12
 Margaret, 13
 Nancy, 13
 Sarah, 12
 Thomas, 13
 BOYKIN,
 Emily C., 14
 Lulu^s, 14
 BROWN, 22
 Glenn Carlyle, 17
 Lowell¹⁰, 22
 BRYANT,
 Aaron, 13
 Drusilla^s, 13
 Fanny^s, 13
 Jane^s, 13
 Martha^s, 13
 Sally^s, 13
 Silas James^s, 13
 Thomas P.^s, 13
 BRUBAKER, D. M., 16, 22
 BYRAM, Capt. Ebenezer, 11
 CATLIN, 15
 CAVE, Helen, 20
 CONDIT,
 Anna, 11
 Peter, 11
 COOK, Monimia C., 14
 COOPER, Roxie, 15
 COTTON, Frances, 12
 COX, Willah Cordelia, 17
 DAVIDSON, Harriet, 14
 DILL, J. S., 14
 DRAPER,
 George Ide, 16
 Henry Stivers^s, 16
 EMMERSON, William, 22
 FAIRLEY, Harriet Rebecca, 17
 FINNELL, Herbert Singleton, 19
 GAUMER, Ed, 20
 GIBBS, Mrs. Emma^s, 24
 GIVAUDEN,
 William Jackson, 17, 18
 Mary Catherine, 17, 18
 GLASSCOCK, Sarah, 19, 20
 GORDINIER,
 Paul F., 19
 Harold Raymond^s, 19
 GRIFFIN,
 John William, 17
 Mabel Irene¹⁰, 17
 Mildred Esther¹⁰, 17
 Ona Lucile¹⁰, 17
 Thelma Edith¹⁰, 17
 HAMILTON, Mary Edna, 17
 HARBISON, Harriet Agnes, 19
 HOLTON, Sarah Elizabeth, 20
 HUFFORD,
 Celeste Woodburn Curtis, 21
 HUNT,
 John Kirkpatrick, 17
 IVER, 22
 Iola¹⁰, 22
 Pearl¹⁰, 22
 Teachenor¹⁰, 22
 JOHNSTON,
 Mitchell, 16, 22
 Francis Elvena^s, 22
 George Wilbur^s, 22
 Isaac Ramy^s, 22
 John Mitchell^s, 22
 Mary Agnes^s, 22
 Sarah Ann^s, 22
 Wiley Hollingworth^s, 22
 KIRSCHNER,
 F. V., 21
 Frederick, Jr.^s, 21
 KNOTTS, Mrs. W. A.^s, 24
 LANGFORD,
 Nicholas, 12
 Abigail^s, 12
 Anna^s, 12
 Daniel^s, 12
 Elizabeth^s, 12
 Harvey^s, 12
 Lewis^s, 12
 Nicholas Byram^s, 12
 Sally^s, 12
 MALONY, N. L., 22
 MELVIN, Mrs. Louisa A., 15
 MESERITZ, Susan, 16, 20, 21
 MOORE, 22
 Francis L.^s, 22
 Nellie^s, 22
 Robert P.^s, 22
 MCCOY, Hazel, 19
 MCCRAW,
 Mrs. Eppie Reynolds, 14
 MCKAY, A. H., 13
 NEILL, Susan, 12
 NEWTON, Charles, 22
 PARSELL,
 William Bargoan, 16
 Jack Rogers¹⁰, 16
 William Terry¹⁰, 16
 PARSONS, Harriet Ann, 20
 PAYNE, Mary E., 13
 PEEBLES,
 Harry L., 20
 Mary Holton^s, 20
 PRIDEAUX, Sarah, 20
 RAMY, Elizabeth, 15, 16
 ROGERS,
 Jett Stephen, 16
 Dorothy Zella^s, 16
 Howard Jett^s, 16
 Ruth May^s, 16
 RUBLE, Susanna, 13
 SHARP,
 John A., 16
 Mabel Clare^s, 16
 SHEETS, Lillian, 19
 SICKLES, Dr., 21
 SMITH, 22
 Bessie^s, 22
 Chris^s, 22
 Elmer^s, 22
 Manzo^s, 22
 Mason^s, 22
 SPANG, 22
 Clarence¹⁰, 22
 Helen^s, 22
 STANLEY, Elizabeth, 14
 STIVERS, Matilda, 16, 19, 20, 22
 STRETCH, Laura, 22
 SUMMERS, Lucinda, 16, 17, 19
 TAYLOR,
 William, 19
 Harry H.^s, 19
 TEACHENOR (Tichenor),
 Alphius Marion^s, 19
 Anna Belle^s, 19
 Belle^s, 22
 Bertha Pearce^s, 20
 Bessie Leona^s, 17
 Blaine^s, 21
 Blanche Ennora^s, 17
 Charles Prideaux^s, 20
 Clara Louisa^s, 21
 Dale Barr^s, 19
 Dix^s, 17, 18
 Dora^s, 22
 Dwight Baldwin^s, 16, 19
 Edna Marie^s, 19
 Effie Estelle^s, 17
 Emerine Baldwin^s, 16
 Ernest^s, 22

TEACHENOR (Tichenor)—*Cont'd*

Ernest, Jr.^o, 22
 Frances Marie¹⁰, 17
 Dr. Frank Randall^o, 17, 18
 Fred Wainwright^o, 20
 Galen Henry^o, 21
 George Benjamin^o, 17
 George Jasper^o, 16, 17
 George Washington^o, 16, 17, 18, 19
 Greenleaf Norton^o, 16, 20, 21
 Harriet Josephine¹⁰, 17
 Hazelle Gertrude^o, 19
 Helen^o, 19
 Henry Wharton^o, 16, 21
 Holton Calendar^o, 20, 21
 Homer Cresap^o, 20
 Isaac^o (Tichenor), 3, 7, 15, 16, 19, 20, 21, 22
 Isaac Lemuel^o, 19, 20
 Ivan Brooks^o, 20
 James J.^o, 21
 Jasper Newton^o, 16, 20
 Dr. Kirker Royden^o, 20, 21
 Lafayette^o, 16
 Leona Ethel^o, 17
 Lewis Burrell^o, 17
 Lillie Adell^o, 17
 Lilly Dale^o, 19
 Lotus Belle^o, 20
 Louise^o, 16
 Luta P.^o, 20
 Lydia^o, 16, 22
 Mabel^o, 21
 Mary Ann^o, 16, 22
 Mary A.^o, 22
 Margaret Virginia^o, 21
 Martha Allen^o, 21
 Mary Lucinda¹⁰, 17
 Mary Stanley^o, 20
 Monroe^o, 19, 20
 Monroe Summers^o, 19
 Nathaniel Remy^o, 16, 19, 20
 Nellie Gertrude^o, 20
 Octavia Cave¹⁰, 20
 Richard Bennington^o, 4, 16, 17, 18
 J. Riley^o, 16, 19
 Samuel Jackson^o, 16, 22
 Sarah Dee^o, 19
 Dr. Wells^o, 21
 Dr. Wells H., Jr.^o, 21
 William Amos^o, 19
 Woldeane L.^o, 21
 Zella^o, 16

THOMAS, Martha, 19

THOMAS, Mary Ann, 17

TICHENOR,

Aaron^o, 12
 Abigail^o, 5, 9, 23
 Abraham^o, 15
 Alice^o, 13
 Alney^o, 12
 Alonzo^o, 14
 Ann R.^o, 13
 Anna^o, 13
 Anna^o, 12
 Bennet^o, 12
 Berry^o, 12
 Byram^o, 12
 Caleb^o, 23
 Calvin^o, 12

Catherine^o, 2
 Catherine N.^o, 13
 Charles^o, 14
 Charles Allen^o, 15
 Charles Orlando^o, 24
 Charles O.^o, 24, 25
 Cush^o, 12
 Daniel^o, 10
 Daniel^o, 5, 9, 10, 23
 Daniel^o, 10
 Daniel^o, 10, 11, 15, 23, 25
 Daniel^o, 11
 David^o, 10, 23
 Edward C.^o, 13
 Elijah^o, 23
 Elizabeth^o, 10
 Elizabeth^o, 11
 Emily^o, 12
 Emily^o, 14
 Emily Luluh^o, 14
 Fannie Mabel^o, 15
 Fanny M.^o, 13
 Florence May^o, 15
 George W.^o, 13
 "Goodwife," 9
 Hannah^o, 23
 Hannah^o, 9, 10, 23
 Ida^o, 13
 Ira^o, 12
 Isaac^o, 2, 10, 23, 26, 27
 Isaac^o (Teachenor), 3, 7, 15, 16, 19, 20, 21, 22
 Isaac Coe^o, 24
 Isaac Newton^o, 24
 Isaac R.^o, 13
 Rev. Isaac Taylor^o, 7, 10, 14, 15
 Jabez^o, 23
 Jacob^o, 11, 15, 16
 James^o, 10
 James^o, 8, 13
 James Atkinson^o, 14
 James B.^o, 13
 James Boykin^o, 14
 James Leslie^o, 15
 James Lewis^o, 15
 Jane^o, 10
 Jane^o, 11
 Jane^o, 12
 Jane Tuttle^o, 10
 Jared^o, 12, 13
 Jared^o, 12, 14
 John^o, 5, 9, 10, 23
 John^o, 10
 John^o, 23
 John N.^o, 13
 Jonas^o, 12, 13
 Jonathan^o, 9, 23
 Jonathan^o, 23
 Joseph^o, 10, 11
 Joseph^o, 10, 23
 Joseph^o, 11
 Joseph Lapsley^o, 13
 Kate^o, 14
 Keller^o, 12
 Laura^o, 12
 Laura^o, 14
 Lewis C.^o, 12
 Lizzie^o, 14
 Lydia^o, 12, 13
 Mabel Rose^o, 14
 Manley^o, 12
 Margaret^o, 12
 Margaret^o, 14
 Margaret Elinor^o, 14
 Martha^o, 13

Martha^o, 14
 Martha Ann^o, 13
 Martha Caroline^o, 15
 Martin^o, 3, 5, 6, 7, 9, 10, 23
 Martin^o, 23
 Mary A.^o, 13
 Mary Belle^o, 14
 Mary Eliza^o, 13
 Mildred^o, 12
 Milton^o, 12
 Morris^o, 23
 Moses^o, 10, 23
 Nathaniel^o, 5
 Nathaniel^o, 15
 Nimrod Beckham^o, 15
 Peter^o, 12
 Peter^o, 12
 Phoebe^o, 11
 Sally^o, 12
 Sally^o, 12
 Sally Ann^o, 13
 Samuel^o, 9, 23
 Samuel^o, 23
 Samuel Boykin^o, 14
 Sanford^o, 12
 Silas^o, 13
 Silas^o, 12
 Silas^o, 15
 Silas M.^o, 13
 "Sister," 9
 Susan J.^o, 13
 Thaddeus^o, 15
 Thomas^o, 12
 Thomas Bennett^o, 14
 Timothy^o, 11
 Walker Reynolds^o, 7, 8, 14, 15
 Warren^o, 12
 William^o, 12
 William^o, 14
 William Lewis^o, 15
 Zachariah^o, 12
 Zenas^o, 23
 Zopher^o, 23

TICKNOR,

William, 3, 5, 6, 7, 27, 30
 Elisha, 6, 27
 George, 6, 27, 28
 George, 28, 29
 William Davis, 6, 27, 28

TICKNER,

John, 7
 Dr. Thomas, 7

TILLET, Nancy, 13

TREAT,

Robert, 9
 John, 10, 23

WADE, 11

Elizabeth, 15

WELLS,

Judge J. M., 21
 Laura Belle, 21

WHITNER,

Thomas Cobb, 14
 Thomas Cobb, Jr.^o, 14
 James Tichenor^o, 14

WILD, Mrs. Lavina, 15

ADDENDA

BRIEF HISTORY OF TICHENOR FAMILY IN AMERICA

*Compiled by Richard B. Teachenor
3230 Woodland Avenue
Kansas City, Mo.*

Since the distribution in July, 1918, of the "Brief History of the Tichenor Family in America," the compiler has received many letters from members of the family residing in all sections of the United States, expressing grateful acknowledgment and generous appreciation of the pamphlet. These letters contain so much additional information of general interest as to justify a few pages of addenda.

THE TITLE, "DEFENDER OF THE BORDER," CONFERRED ON AN ANCIENT TICHENOR.

Dr. George H. Tichenor, Jr., son of Gen. George Humphrey Tichenor, M. D., of New Orleans, in a letter dated August 5th, 1918, wrote:

"I want to call your attention to the fact that there are a great many Tichenors in Alsace-Lorraine. The name Tichenor, if I remember correctly, was given by one of the Teutonic rulers in conferring the Baronetcy on the distinguished Defender of the Border. The historian Guizot (French) says Tichenor means "Defender of the Border" in ancient Gaelic and Teutonic language."

As this statement regarding the original name seemed to vary from other historic authority, and opened up a new field of investigation, the compiler requested Dr. Tichenor to pursue the subject further, and, if possible, to cite exact historical references. The following reply is scholarly and interesting:

ORIGIN OF THE NAME.

"I believe the name Tichenor, since investigating the matter, came from the Latin, *technicus* (teacher of art). Now, the Saxon for North was *nor* (modern French word *nord*); add the termination to the Latin and we have *techni-nor* (artisan in the North); compare this with the Dutch *technaar* (designer), and the coincidence is striking. The fact that the Dutch language is closely allied to Flemish, and similar to the Anglo-Saxon—the vocation and location of the people who bear the name—all seem to make the theory correct. Now, as the exact pronunciation of the Anglo-Saxon vowels and diphthongs can be but imperfectly represented, and when we consider the carelessness and ignorance of the scribes of the day, it is easy to surmise how the *i* became *e*, and the duplication of the *n* was dropped, owing to difference of pronunciation; this would make the word *techninor*, *technaar*, or *tichenor*, thus proving your view, in all probability, correct. "Designer-in-the-North" would appropriately refer to the Flemish artisan. This view is further proven by the fact that I was informed by Dr. I. T. Tichenor, President University Alabama, that there are many people by this name today in Alsace-Lorraine. Probably your suggestion that the title "Defender of the Border" was conferred, seems to be correct. As to the reference in Guizot's French History: my mother came across the name in reading his history, and called my attention to it while at college. It has been so long ago I do not remember further facts, but you will run across it in reading of the early Flemish days, or border raids."

TEACHENOR POST NO. 274, AMERICAN LEGION.

The ex-service men residing in Shelby County, Missouri, in April, 1920, formed a local body of the American Legion. They have received a charter for Teachenor Post No. 274, named in honor of two brothers, Fred and Brooks Teachenor, sons of Mr. and Mrs. Monroe Teachenor, of Shelbyna, Mo. These young men gave their lives to their country in 1918. Fred died of pneumonia while in service in France in July, 1918. His body rests at La Havre, on a commanding cliff overlooking the sea as it stretches out over the thousands of miles of water that reaches back to the shores of his home land. Brooks was killed in action in September at Bouillonville, during the St. Mihiel drive while on duty in the ambulance service. Old friends and comrades of these Missouri boys, by this mark of respect, have thus assured a lasting honor to their name, and an enduring recognition of their great sacrifice.

CARTED BY OXEN OFF REVOLUTIONARY BATTLEFIELD.

Mr. Norwood Thompson Tichenor, of Philadelphia, served in Company I, 5th New York Zouaves, from 1861 to 1863. Although now nearly eighty years of age, and suffering from impaired eyesight, he was so much interested in the History that, after having had it read to him by one of his sons, he wrote his thanks to the compiler. He says that the booklet contained a good deal that he had not previously known. At Christmastide in 1907 he compiled a genealogy (here briefly reproduced) and presented it to his children, among whom are Albert Ross Tichenor, of New York City; Clarence B. Tichenor, of Pitman, New Jersey, and Arthur N. Tichenor, of Los Angeles, Calif. He has a book published in 1860, "The Mountain Society, and a History of the First Presbyterian Church of Orange, New Jersey," by Rev. James Hoyt. This book, Mr. A. R. Tichenor says, "Confirms your and much other data as to when the first Tichenors settled in Newark." Norwood Tichenor, in his letter, says:

"My great grandfather, John Tichenor, fought in the Revolutionary War and was wounded in a battle on Peck Hill, in East Orange, New Jersey, 1777. When a boy my father, Albert Ross Tichenor, took me to see one Moses Jones, who when a boy about thirteen years of age carted John Tichenor from the battlefield, with a yoke of oxen, to his home in Doddtown, near Orange, N. J."

GROWING INTEREST IN AMERICAN GENEALOGY.

There is noted an increasing interest in family histories among the American people, probably stimulated by the patriotic pride aroused by the recent war. The genealogical departments of the more prominent libraries of America welcome the receipt of genealogical works. Through the courtesy of Mr. Greenlaw, of the New England Historic Genealogical Society, of Boston, a list of such libraries was furnished to the writer, who mailed a copy of the Tichenor history, for filing, to the following libraries, from whom grateful acknowledgments have been received, many of them being in beautifully engraved form:

Library of Congress, Washington, D. C.
 The Boston Public Library, Boston, Mass.
 The New York Historical Society, N. Y.
 New Jersey Historical Society, Newark, N. J.
 The Long Island Historical Society, Brooklyn, N. Y.
 The New England Historic Genealogical Society, Boston.
 The American Antiquarian Society, Worcester, Mass.
 The New York Genealogical and Biographical Society, N. Y.
 The Essex Institute, Salem, Mass.
 Harvard College Library, Cambridge, Mass.
 New York State Library, Albany.
 New York Public Library, New York.
 Western Reserve Historical Society, Cleveland, Ohio.
 Minnesota Historical Society, St. Paul.
 Missouri Historical Society, St. Louis.
 State Historical Society of Missouri, Columbia.
 Ohio State Library, Columbus.
 Missouri Valley Historical Society, Kansas City.
 Library of Sons of Revolution, Springfield, Mo.
 New Hampshire State Library, Concord.
 The Genealogical Society of Utah, Salt Lake City.
 Syracuse Public Library, Syracuse, N. Y.
 Kansas City Public Library, Kansas City, Mo.
 Virginia Historical Society, Richmond, Va.
 Brockton Public Library, Brockton, Mass.
 Bennington Free Library, Bennington, Vt.
 Connecticut State Library, Hartford.
 Historical Society of Pennsylvania, Philadelphia.
 Detroit Public Library, Detroit, Mich.
 Lawrence Public Library, Lawrence, Mass.
 Lynn Public Library, Lynn, Mass.
 Bangor Public Library, Bangor, Me.
 Maine Historical Society Library, Portland, Me.
 The Newberry Library, Chicago.
 State Historical Society of Wisconsin, Madison.
 Public Library, Haverhill, Mass.
 Newark Public Library, Newark, N. J.

Several librarians acknowledged the receipt of the pamphlet in special letters, stating that they were glad to place it in their collection of genealogical books.

Mrs. N. T. Grove, Secretary of the Missouri Valley Historical Society, Kansas City, said:

"On behalf of the Society I wish to thank you for the Tichenor genealogy received yesterday. It is a most valuable addition to our library, and I wish that your example might be followed by others of our citizens fortunate enough to have their family upon such a complete record. As a record it is most satisfactorily gotten up—evidently the work of an expert. In this Society I am trying to keep an exact war record of our own boys in this great war, so that their great-great grandchildren will not have such arduous labor tracing their lineage as we now do, many of us, in seeking our Revolutionary ancestors. I wish to ask you to send to us photographs of your two boys with dates of birth written upon them, their street residence, and their branch of service."

Mr. Edward M. Shepard, Historian and Librarian of the Missouri Society of the Sons of the Revolution, Springfield, Mo., said:

"I find your 'Partial History of the Tichenor Family in America' on my return and have filed it in the library of the Sons of the Revolution. I wish to express to you, on behalf of the Society, our appreciation of the gift. We are glad to get all genealogical records. Your book is very artistically gotten up, and is an illustration of what would be most desirable for other families to do."

The Missouri Historical Society of St. Louis by its librarian, Stella M. Drumm, said:

"This pamphlet will make a splendid addition to our genealogical collection and we are very proud to have it in the library. Mention of the gift will be made in the minutes of the next meeting of the Advisory Board of the Society."

Mr. Floyd C. Shoemaker, Secretary of The State Historical Society of Missouri, Columbia, said:

"On behalf of the State Historical Society of Missouri, I wish to thank you for kindly remembering it by donating a copy of 'The Tichenor Family in America.' I take pleasure in having this preserved and catalogued with other works relating to Missouri Genealogy."

Mr. J. H. Newman, State Librarian of the Ohio State Library, Columbus, Ohio, said:

"I have just received your 'Partial History of the Tichenor Family in America' and hasten to thank you for the gift. Have looked over same and found it decidedly interesting, and have no hesitancy in saying that if I were a member of the family I should be very proud of the record as it stands in this history."

DESCENDANT AND HEIR OF MARTIN TICHENOR.

Mr. Halsey T. Tichenor, of Newark, N. J., in acknowledging a copy of the history, says:

"It is of great interest to me, as I am one of the direct descendants of Martin Tichenor, and until six years ago I lived in Newark on the same property that must have come into our possession very shortly after the first settlement was made, and I think some of the records now in possession of the Historical Society were originally in my father's possession."

MANY TICHENORS ON THE PACIFIC COAST.

Mr. Austin K. Tichenor, of the Alaska Packers Association, San Francisco, writes:

"There are eighteen Tichenors in this vicinity, and about sixty in the State of Oregon, who are all descendants from Martin Tichenor of Newark, New Jersey."

KEEPING TRACK OF ALL TICHENORS IN THE SERVICE.

Mr. Frank B. Tichenor, Deputy U. S. Marshal at Portland, Oregon, says that he is keeping track of all the Tichenors who were in the service. He sends the following genealogy:

FRANK B. TICHENOR.

"Was born in the most Western town in the United States—Port Orford, Oregon, January 26, 1875; served in Co. E, 6th Calif. Vol. Inf., Spanish-American War; son of Jacob B. Tichenor, who was born at Woodridge, New Jersey, March 2, 1842; served in Co. F, 1st Oregon Vol. Inf., 1861 to 1865; was son of Captain William Tichenor, who was born at Newark, New Jersey, June 13, 1813; mustered in several companies for Col. Baker in Mexican War; was in Indian Wars of Oregon; was son of James Tichenor, who was son of Joseph Tichenor, who was son of Samuel Tichenor, who was born in Connecticut August 5, 1656, and was son of Martin Tichenor."

LIEUT. CAXTON H. TICHENOR A PRISONER IN GERMANY.

The casualty list of August 4th, 1918, carried the name of Lieut. Caxton H. Tichenor, of Isle of Pines, West Indies, as among the missing. On Sept. 29th the War Department announced that he was a prisoner of war, held in Camp Landshut, Germany, and gave his home address, Auburn, Alabama.

HARRY GRANT DART, GRANDSON OF CAPT. WM. TICHENOR.

A complete history of the branch of the family to which he belongs is promised by Mr. Frank B. Tichenor, of Portland, Oregon. In a letter dated August 9, 1918, Mr. Tichenor says:

"Mrs. Anna G. Dart, daughter of Captain William Tichenor (my grandfather), lives at 74 Broad Street, Newark, New Jersey. She was married in this State in the early fifties, then moved East and later returned here to live, but the last few years has been in Newark. Her son, Harry Grant Dart, is one of our noted artists. He has something in 'Life' each week."

"MEANS SOMETHING TO BE AN AMERICAN."

Mr. Walter B. Stevens, of New York City, says:

"Not only is my mother (*nee* Tichenor) extremely interested in the History, but I am particularly glad to receive it at this time when it means something to be an American. I am desirous of keeping this book for my child, who on her mother's side has direct descent from two Colonial families; also on my own father's side I am of English descent only two generations back, and am therefore anxious to preserve a record of the American descent."

ANCESTORS OF NORWOOD THOMPSON TICHENOR.

Martin Tichenor, of Milford, Conn., settled in Newark, N. J., 1667; his son was John; his son, David, died at Orange, N. J., age 67; his son, John married Mary Freeman, born 1751; their son, Stephen, born August 11, 1779, died June 12, 1813; married Jane Pierson, born Jan. 7, 1780; died 1846; their son, Albert Ross, born Oct. 20, 1800, died April 17, 1862, married Caroline Jackson, born Dec. 15, 1808, died March 29, 1862; their son, Norwood Thompson, born Dec. 17, 1839, married Celestia K. Appleton, born Oct. 22, 1849.

CAME FROM YORKSHIRE.

Mr. F. Tickner, of Pittsburgh, Pa., says his father, who is still living, came from Yorkshire, England, and is without question, he thinks, a descendant of the original Tichenor family as described in the History. He says that his father is "going to write a brief history of his ancestry, as far back as he has knowledge."

LAURA JOHNSON TICHENOR'S MOTHER A DESCENDANT OF
POCAHONTAS.

In a letter Miss Laura J. Tichenor, of St. Louis, says:

"I was delighted to get your pamphlet. I knew very little of my father's family—not as much as I would like to have known, for I have always felt that he came from good stock. He was a princely-looking man, honest to a fault, if that might be, generous, and, altogether, what you would call a good gentleman. My father (Eli D. Tichenor, born in Rochester, New York, came to St. Louis in 1856) died in 1912 at age of 84 years. His father was William Tichenor. My grandfather died in Michigan, where all his brothers lived. They were Charles, Hiram, Sam and Alfred. My mother is a descendant of Pocahontas, coming from the Randolph line. I am a principal of one of the St. Louis schools, having taught here forty-two years."

BOOK ON ISAAC TAYLOR TICHENOR.

Rev. J. S. Dill, pastor of the First Baptist Church of Gaffney, South Carolina, has presented to the compiler a copy of his book on Rev. Isaac Taylor Tichenor, D. D., "The Home Mission Statesman," published in 1908, by the Southern Baptist Sunday School Board. The book, which is dedicated to the author's wife, Kate Tichenor Dill (a daughter of Dr. Tichenor), contains a biographical history of the South's most noted preacher and educator. Several of his noted sermons and papers—splendid specimens of most perfect English compositions—are given. It also contains sketches, illustrating Dr. Tichenor's style of writing, setting forth the best side of Southern slavery. The pictures of the "Old Kentucky Home" and the benevolent old family servants, "Uncle Ben and Aunt Jennie," are especially interesting.

"SHOULD ADOPT CORRECT WAY OF SPELLING OUR NAME."

Gen. George Humphrey Tichenor, M. D., of New Orleans, sends the writer a photograph of himself taken in his uniform as Major General commanding the Louisiana Division United Confederate Veterans. He says:

"I. T. Tichenor was a double second-cousin of the undersigned. My father's name was Rolla Tichenor; brothers, Tolbert and Daniel, born in Ohio County, Kentucky. I am 81

years of age, still active and able to attend to business. I appreciate your labor of love in behalf of the family. The different spelling of the name has caused much confusion. Tichenors should adopt the correct way of spelling our name."

Gen. Tichenor has been for many years the head of the Dr. G. H. Tichenor Antiseptic Co., whose products are well known all over the South. He is the father of Dr. G. H. Tichenor, Jr., of New Orleans; Dr. E. D. Tichenor, of Detroit, and Rolla A. Tichenor, a New Orleans attorney.

SAMUEL JACKSON TEACHENOR.

Mrs. Mary A. Moore, of Butler, Pa., gives some interesting history of her father, Samuel J. Teachenor, who died in Seattle, Wash., in August, 1902. She says:

"My father went into the army in 1861 and served three years in the 125th Ohio Regiment. He was with Gen. Phil Sheridan and Gen. John A. Logan. (Their pictures hung in our old living room.) In 1865 we moved to Urbana, Ill. My father was a contractor and built many of the business houses and residences there. He was a grand singer, and was leader of the choir for years. About 1870 we moved to Champaign, Ill. (the State University is between the two cities, Urbana and Champaign), where my father owned a drug store and later a hardware store. In 1874 he moved to Danville, Ill., and in 1880 to Mitchell, South Dakota, where as a contractor he had a great deal to do in building up the town, fine business blocks, and the Methodist University, which my brother Ernest attended. When dull times came, he moved to Seattle, Washington, where he died in 1902."

THREE COUSINS GAVE LIVES FOR COUNTRY.

When the American Army went to France in 1918 five cousins of the Teachenor family were in the expeditionary forces: Fred and Brooks Teachenor, of Shelby, Missouri; Dr. Frank and Dix Teachenor, of Kansas City, Missouri, and Ernest Teachenor, of Lewiston, Idaho. Fred died of pneumonia at LeHavre, France, in July, 1918. Brooks was killed in action in the St. Mihiel drive in September, and Ernest was killed in action in July. Frank and Dix were the only ones who returned safely.

MATERNAL ANCESTRY

THE GIVAUDEN FAMILY.

Gevaudan was for many centuries the title given to a section of France which in feudal days was governed by a duke or baron of that name. This section is now known as Lozere (the capital of which is Mende) and is a part of Southern France known as Languedoc, a province now forming the departments of Aude, Tarn, Herault, Lozere (anciently Gevaudan), Ardenche, and Gard, as well as the arondissements of Toulouse and Villefranche in the departments of Haut-Garonne and the arondissements of Puy and Yesengeaux in the department of Haute-Loire. The name Languedoc is that given to the Romance dialect spoken in the section known as Provence in the middle ages. *Langue d' oc* was modernized as Languedoc, and it is from its word **yes** in Southern France being *oc* (teutonic *hoc*), thus differing from the language of Northern France (called *langue d'oui*), using the word *oui*. This Southern language, known as the Provençal, was the tongue of the Troubadours—poets and singers. It was there in the beautiful mountains of that region, along the picturesque gorges of the river Tarn, the distant baronical ancestors of Givaudan lived, and from whom descended the name to the present times. Baedeker's guide describes the present capital, Mende, as a city of about 7,000 (with its cathedral of St. Peter, founded in the 14th Century), and which is a center in peace times for tourists to the gorges. The town was anciently known as Mimate, and grew up around the hermitage in the days of the Goths and Vandals, the latter being the same kind of teutonic savages against which the world has had to battle in the recent world war—the Huns of 1918. The town later became the capital of Gevaudan district.

The Provençal language is that of romance and song made famous by the Troubadours. The country became known as the "land of dance and song and sunburnt mirth." The branches of the family-tree, grown from the trunk of the feudal barons of that name who probably lived a dozen or more centuries ago, can scarcely be traced today, but the name Givauden carries with it a flavor of ancient romance and history.

The Givaudens in France became adherents of the religious reformation known as Huguenots. For the practice of the religion in 1562 the Huguenots were proclaimed rebels, and after the massacre of 30,000 Huguenots on St. Bartholomew's Day, 1572, the Protestants flew to arms, and inaugurated a series of wars, which ended in the peace of the edict of Nantes, in 1598. Persecutions, however, again began in 1621, and continued for two generations. Bodies of troops, accompanied by Monks, passed through the Southern provinces, demolishing the Protestant places of worship and putting to death the preachers. Hundreds of thousands fled to Switzerland, the Netherlands, and England. In 1688 Louis XV revoked the edict of Nantes. This was followed by a new flight, and fresh persecution. Thousands betook themselves to the mountains of Cevennes France lost in twenty years more than half a million of her most active, enterprising and industrious citizens.

The Givauden family in America descended from Anthoine Givauden, who was a member of the original Huguenot Colony that settled on the upper part of the James River at Manaken Town (Manchester), Virginia, in 1700. He, with his wife, son and daughter, was among the thirty or forty families of French Huguenots who fled from France to England during the years from 1685 to 1699. On page 75 of the "Documents relating to the Huguenot Emigration to Virginia, compiled by the Virginia Historical Society," is found the list of French Protestant refugees sent over from England in 1700, and who established the Parish Guillaume in Henry County, Virginia, in 1714. The record shows that Anthony



Tichenor
TEACHENOR

(Anthoine) (Anthoyne) Givauden (variously spelled Gioudar, Girauden, Gavain, Chiranden) served as minister regularly or occasionally in Parish of King William in 1739. On page 84 of this publication is recorded the birth of Jean Givoden, son of Thomas Givoden and wife, Judith—baptism, 12th of April following. Thomas was the son of Anthony. Their descendants lived in Virginia, and later moved to Kentucky. Robert Givauden, father of Capt. William Jackson Givauden, came from Kentucky to Missouri, settling in Gentry County. Charles M. Givauden (son of William J.), residing at Lake Taneycomo, Mo., is, so far as known, the only living male descendant.

THE WADE FAMILY.

From Colonial and Revolutionary Families of Pennsylvania, p. 862.

Benjamin Wade, the earliest ancestor, was one of the early English settlers at Jamaica, Long Island, whence his parents probably came from England. On November 30th, 1676, he was granted a patent of six parcels of land at Elizabethtown, New Jersey, where he had already settled. He is mentioned in the New Jersey records as a "clothier," and was prominent in the affairs of the English settlement about Elizabethtown, County of Essex, made up principally of emigrants from New England. He married about 1675, Ann, b. 1649, d. July 3, 1737, dau. of William Looker, who was elected a member of the House of Deputies or Provincial Assembly of East Jersey, from Elizabethtown, in 1694, and was one of the leading members of that body for many years, and was also commissioned a justice for Elizabethtown by the Governor and Council of New Jersey in session at Perth Amboy, June 7, 1699.

Robert Wade, eldest of three sons of Benj. and Ann (Looker) Wade, born at Elizabethtown, Essex County, N. J., died there in August, 1766. By his first wife, Elizabeth, he had one son, Robert, born about 1700, and by his second wife, Sarah, he had sons: Benjamin, b. 1727; Patience, b. 1736; Matthias, b. 1738; Daniel, and two daughters.

THE RAMY FAMILY.

The name should properly be spelled Remy. The original American ancestor was Abram Remy, who arrived in Virginia in 1700. He was a member of the Colony of French Huguenots that settled on the upper James river, and established the Parish Guillaume.

TICHENOR COAT-OF-ARMS.

Mrs. Ruth Fairchild (*nee* Tichenor), Parsippany, New Jersey, who is vice-president of the American Historical Society, sent an illuminated copy of the Tichenor Coat-of-Arms. A reproduction in colors accompanies these pages. If recipients will paste the coat-of-arms sheet in front of history as a frontispiece, and paste the Addenda at back, on fly-leaf, the booklet will be more complete to date.

