

A History of the Teetor Family

1730 - 1966



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January, 1967

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

The information used for preparing this family history was secured from the following sources:

Records in the offices of the Proprietors of West New Jersey; also of East New Jersey were searched.

The County Court House records in Sussex, Warren, Morris, Hunterdon, Burlington and Camden Counties in New Jersey; Bucks and Northampton Counties in Pennsylvania, and City Hall in Philadelphia.

The Bureau of Land Records and the Genealogy Library in the main Capital Building, Harrisburg, Pennsylvania.

Court House Records in Cayuga and Tompkins County in New York; Wayne County in Indiana; Butler County and Hamilton County in Ohio.

Searches were made in the National Archives, Washington, D.C. Many visits were made to the Genealogy, History and Map departments of the New York Public Library for the study of early records.

Valuable assistance was given by Paul Raymond Teetor in making many of the above searches.

Visits were made to the Dewitt Historical Society in Ithaca, New York where very valuable assistance was given by Mr. William Heidt, Jr.

Acknowledgments - (continued)

Visits were made to the Bucks County Historical Society, Doylestown, Pennsylvania where important information was supplied by Mrs. Paul Niemeyer.

The Butler County Historical Society of Hamilton, Ohio provided valuable data.

"The History of the Teetor Family" written by Grace Rice, a descendant of Henry, the oldest son of Conrad Teetor, was extensively used.

"The Teetor Family Notes" as written by Alice Cary Teetor were also very useful. She is a descendant of Jacob, the second son of Conrad Teeter.

This record covers nine generations from the early 1700's to 1966.

A TEETOR FAMILY HISTORY

This family history is a partial record of the descendants of Conrad and Catherine Weaver Teetor; more specifically it is a partial record of the ancestors and descendants of Henry and Margaret Firman Teetor who migrated from Dryden in Tompkins County, New York to Liberty Township, Butler County, Ohio in 1810.

Europe and the Palatinate 1450 - 1700

The Teetor families probably were war refugee emigrants from the Palatinate in Germany. It is therefore of interest to review very briefly some of the economic conditions which existed in Europe and in Germany in particular from 1450 to the early 1700's. This information was obtained largely from "The Proceedings of the Pennsylvania German Society", Volumes VII and VIII, published in 1897, 1898. The information contained in these proceedings is very reliable. Whenever possible, the authors availed themselves of original documents in both the United States and the various countries of Europe. Other reference books were "Documents Relative to the Colonial History of the State of New York," by John Romeyn Broadhead, published in 1885; also, "Early Palentine 18th Century Emigration", by Walter Allen Knittle.

Europe in the middle of the fifteenth century was comparatively peaceful. The chief aims of the German nation at this time were the extension of its commerce, a revival of learning, and a release from the narrow bonds - both political and religious. Two important factors which helped to accomplish these goals were the invention of printing and the use of movable type by Gutenberg, Faust and Schoffer. The Chinese had

invented printing 900 years earlier, but this fact was not known in Germany. Gutenberg's invention had opened the field of learning to the average person and at the same time caused the downfall of monastic and scholastic exclusiveness. The earliest printing presses in every country were operated by German craftsmen. The Hanseatic League was a union of the large cities of Germany organized for the expansion of their trade and for the protection of their shipments against piracy and shipwreck. These German merchants became famous throughout the world and they controlled the trade of Europe, if not the world. The Venetians and Genoese had a monopoly of the Mediterranean and Oriental trade, and controlled Constantinople, one of the centers of East Indian trade. The continuance of their commercial prosperity depended almost entirely upon the German nation and the Hanseatic League. The mines of northern Germany supplied the gold and silver to carry on the trade with India and the Hansa distributed these goods throughout Europe. Thus for fifty years prior to the Columbian period comparative quiet reigned in Europe.

Towards the middle of the century, there were two far-reaching developments destined to effect the political situation in Europe and bring about great changes in commercial circles, and also stimulate a series of voyages which would lead to the discovery of the western world. This event was the capture of Constantinople by the Sultan Mohammed II in 1453, and thus the winning of control of the lucrative trade of the Mediterranean by the Turks. This in turn caused the loss of influence, commerce, and wealth of the Genoese to the benefit of their rivals, the Venetians. The German merchants and Hansa were closely allied with the Venetians, hence the German merchants experienced an equal era of prosperity and great fortunes were accumulated by some German towns and their citizens. A good example was the city of Augsburg.

These large fortunes amassed by the Venetians aroused the envy and jealousy of other maritime countries, and the riches of the Indies became the dream of the rulers of the countries bordering upon the seas. These desires were increased by the glowing reports of the East Indies related by Marco Polo. A large obstacle to acquiring these riches was the lack of any method by which the navigator could determine his location when he was out of sight of land. This problem was not solved until the German mathematician, Johannes Muller of Konigsberg, calculated and published in 1474 his nautical almanac which was a collection of tables showing the location of the planets of the heavens every day at noon. Also, Martin Behaim of Nurnberg perfected the astrolabe, an instrument used for taking the altitude of the sun or the stars at sea.

By the last quarter of the fifteenth century, Portugal had worked its way into the foremost rank of the sea-going nations, and King John II planned new expeditions of discovery down the west coast of Africa. These expeditions included the German merchants and the Hansa which were well represented by men, vessels and ship stores.

The King appointed a commission to examine the various nautical instruments, almanacs, calculations and maps of the period and to report upon their utility. An important member of this commission was the German cosmographer, Martin Behaim - a student of Johannes Muller. Behaim was also a member of the committee to discover a sure method of navigating the seas according to the sun, and to construct mathematical tables and instruments suitable for this purpose. Here Behaim produced his improved astrolabe for navigation. This, together with his Jacobstaff which was introduced by Behaim, taught the seafarer how to determine

the position of a vessel at sea without long and intricate calculations.

These instruments, together with the navigation tables of Johannes Muller, gave Portugal a big advantage over their rivals. Columbus was a resident of Lisbon at that time and was well acquainted with Behaim and his mathematical research. It is an unquestionable fact that the success of the Portugese in discovering the Atlantic Islands and Behaim's voyage down the African coast sustained Columbus in the hope of western discovery if indeed it had not instigated his voyage.

There were many private expeditions leaving Spain and Portugal after 1495 which were either projected by or outfitted by the German merchants or the Hanseatic League.

The first account of the initial voyage of Columbus was translated into German in 1497 and printed at Strasburg by Bartolemeus Kistler. The first dated account of the discoveries in which it was proposed to designate the new regions as a "New World" appeared in Augsburg, the important city of commerce, in 1504 as "Mundus Novus". In 1505, a German edition was issued at Nurnburg. The names used for the new regions thus far were "Terra Incognita", "Terra Nova" and "Terra Sanctae Cruces". It is interesting to note that a Martin Waldseemuller from Freiburg in Breisgau, who was a tutor at the new college in Saint Die in Lorraine, prepared a little cosmographical treatise during the year 1507 in which he used the name, "America" for the new world. In the Spanish records, the official name for the western hemisphere was "Las Indies". The name, "America" was not adopted for use in official records until 1758. Some authorities claim that the name, "America" is a German name

the Italian name of "Amerigo" being derived from the German word, "Amelrich". In 1520, Johannes Schoner, a prominent cartographer of the new world, completed a new globe, still preserved in Nurnberg, on which the name, "America" appears for the first time.

These new land discoveries were bound to produce powerful forces which reacted on the political, religious and social structures of Europe. In the early 1500's, Spain had received no profit from the voyages of Columbus. Their discovered islands did not contain the products described in the reports of Marco Polo for which they had hoped. The situation with Portugal was quite different. King Emanuel welcomed German learning and enterprise. Vasco de Gamma by the aid of Behaim's charts and the Hanseatic vessels, sailed around Cape of Good Hope and discovered the water route to India and the East Indies. This opened the lucrative commerce between Portugal and the East Indies. The German merchants and the Hansa were chief factors in this enterprise, and they were given special grants and advantages to aid Portugal in developing this new route. This yielded new fortunes to the German merchants, especially the Welser family of Augsburg. Along with this commercial revolution, there developed a spiritual unrest in Germany. The Reformation which eventually spread over the whole of intellectual Germany, went far in breaking the monastic rule and priestly superstition. This development proved an active agent in the settlement of Pennsylvania and adjacent colonies.

In the meantime, the efforts of Spain to develop their newly found lands in the West had reduced the financial status of that country to the point where the King was forced to seek large loans of money from the German merchants, the Welser family, and the Fugger family of Augsburg. The

security given for these loans were the choicest parts of Spain's possessions in South America. The Welser family obtained the northern part of South America which became known as Welserland, now Venezuela. The southern and western part of South America went to the Fugger family of merchants.

These German merchants proceeded to establish German Colonies in the newly acquired lands, the first colony being established in 1528 at the port of Coro, Venezuela. The merchants refused to accept the charter for the land unless it contained a provision which would prohibit the enslaving of the natives. Charles V also granted the Fugger Company the right to coin both gold and silver money.

During the years 1524-1526, there occurred the Peasants War, which was an uprising of the masses in central Germany in support of a universal democracy. The Peasants were defeated and their enslavement was increased. In 1519-1534, there was a religious movement known as the "Anabaptist" movement. It was accompanied with wild excesses of lawless fanaticism. Eventually, under the teachings of Menno Simon, these scattered Baptists were gathered together and formed into the denominations known as Mennonites, Dunkers, etc. These people eventually settled in Pennsylvania. Another important episode occurred when Cortez captured a South American country rich in gold and silver. By 1534 a large amount of this wealth was pouring into Spain. This encouraged the Emperor of Germany and the King of Spain to free themselves of the power of the famous German merchants and the Hanseatic League whose influence had excited the jealousy of the German Emperor and his Electors. This improvement in the finances of Spain threatened to eliminate the religious liberty obtained at the peace of Nurnberg in 1532. Charles V

decided to attempt to crush the German merchants and the Protestant religion at the same time. He was encouraged to do this by Pope Paul III who sent to him 12,000 foot soldiers and 1,000 horse soldiers. This unrest resulted in a two-years war which was disastrous for the Protestants. This intolerance continued until 1555 when attempts were made to establish Protestant settlements in America. In 1562, a settlement was established near Port Royal, South Carolina but soon abandoned. These settlements all met misfortune. The settlers were captured by the Spaniards and murdered. The Spanish officer said, "I do this not as a Frenchmen, but to Lutherans". Religious tranquility in Germany was of short duration. There were many complications and a reaction set in against the Protestants, and this struggle ended in the Thirty Years War. This war was extremely devastating to Germany and especially so to the Palatinate which before the war, had a population of 500,000 people, and at the end of the war, 50,000.

The tortures to which the populace were subjected were almost beyond description. The armies were a gathering of outlaws, robbers and plunderers, together with a large number of women camp followers who were even more vicious than the men in torturing the citizenry.

During this thirty years war, Germany lost its commercial supremacy and was not in a position to extend its colonization. Holland had established the West India Company and attempts were made to establish colonies along the Hudson River and the Delaware River. Their first successful effort at colonization was made by the Dutch West India Company when the colony led by Willelm Usselinx and by Peter Minuet, a German from Wessel, landed on Manhattan Island May 4, 1626. They laid the foundation of New Amsterdam, and established the Reformed Church in

America. Minuet established the policy of peaceful and fair dealings with the Indians, a policy for which William Penn received much credit many years later. In 1637, Minuet led a small group of settlers from Holland and Germany which settled on the shores of the South (Delaware) River near Wilmington, Delaware.

The Palentine Emigration

One of the early leaders of the Palentine emigration to America was the Reverend Joshua Kocherthal. With him were his wife, Sibylle Charlotte, daughters Benigna Sibylle age 10, Christian Joshua age 7, and Susanna Sibylle age 3.

The Good Queen Anne of England in 1708 had invited 3000 of the poor Palentines to go to England in order to escape persecution in their homeland and 4000 more of them went to England in 1709. These Palentines had suffered intense torture at the hands of Louis XIV who had sent his soldiers to the Palatinate to destroy their homes and their crops because they had harbored some of the Protestant Huguenots from France.

Upon arrival in England, the Palentines were supplied tents for their housing. The churches and the populace in general raised funds for their living expenses while in England. Their living conditions in England were very bad. Pestilence and disease often prevailed, and many of them died while waiting to be transported to America.

The journey across the ocean was very hazardous. The ships were very small and usually overcrowded. If the weather was poor for sailing, the time required for crossing the ocean would be extended several weeks and sometimes months. A great

deal of the shipping was in illegitimate business which made the ships subject to piracy, mutiny, etc. The pirate, Blackbeard, was active at this time as were many other pirates. In 1718, forty-five pirates were executed in Charlestown. The activities of the notorious Captain Kidd extended into Delaware Bay.

Another serious problem was to carry sufficient provisions for a long journey. Often the supply of drinking water failed before the vessel reached port. One report states that the ship had been at sea for 24 weeks and that 100 of its 150 passengers had died of starvation, the rats and mice having been caught to satisfy their hunger. The price of a mouse was half a gulden. As late as 1745, a ship arrived with 50 survivors out of 400 passengers. In 1754, the average mortality of Palentines arriving at Philadelphia was 8 or 9 per day. The Reverend John Wesley, in his Journal gives a very vivid discription of the storms at sea during one of his trips with the Palentines. One authority states that the Palentines lost most of their young children on these voyages.

Many of the Palentines who went to England were highly skilled workers in a wide variety of trades, and they were sent to nearby countries where their skills were in demand. Many went to Ireland. These were mostly weavers. It has been said that they were largely responsible for establishing the linen industry in Ireland. The first plan of the Reverend Joshua Kocherthal to lead the Palentines from England to America was to settle them in the Carolinas where the inducements were much better than in Pennsylvania and New York, but his plans were changed and the Palentines were settled along the Hudson River (North River). They founded the town of Newburg named after the town of the same name in the Palatinate.

They were given forty acres of land along the Hudson in what was called Livingston Manor. It was in the pine region, and the Palentines were to produce pitch, tar, turpentine, masts, etc., for the British Navy, thus paying for their transportation to America and for the money given them to sustain them for the first year until their crops could be harvested.

The Palentines established small villages and all went well for a few years until it became evident that the Palentines lacked the skill and experience to profitably produce these naval stores, and their English supervisors were unable to give them intelligent instructions. In 1713, all assistance was withdrawn from the Palentines. This caused them to send a committee of seven Palentines together with John Conrad Weiser, a very prominent leader of the Palentines in the Colonies, to obtain permission from the Mohawk Indians to settle on their lands along the Schoharie and Mohawk Rivers.

In 1714, about 150 families moved into this area. Some of the Palentines moved to Stone Arabia, some remained in Schoharie, but most of them crossed the forests to the headwaters of the Susquehanna River where they built canoes and floated down that river to Swatara Creek south of Harrisburg. They moved up the Swatara and Tulpehocken valleys and settled on Indian lands now comprising part of Berks and Lebanon counties in Pennsylvania. Many German emigrants entered to port of Philadelphia and established settlements in both Pennsylvania and New Jersey.

The German citizen who desired to emigrate to America but did not possess the required funds, could sign a contract with the captain of a ship sailing to America which would guarantee his passage by having the captain, after arrival at port, put him on the auction block and sell him for a fixed sum of money. This was usually 10 pounds plus a definite period of servitude

to the purchaser which was usually three years. The cash paid for his passage and at the end of the period of servitude, the emigrant was a free man. Some captains took advantage of this custom to further their own desires.

It has not been possible to determine the name of the ship on which the Teetor families sailed to the American colonies, or when and where it arrived.

The standard route of travel from the Palatinate to the American colonies was to sail down the Rhine river to the Hooft Pourt of Rotterdam, Holland; thence by ocean sailing vessel to the desired American port, which in this case would have been Philadelphia. From here, they would have gone up the Schuylkill River and the Perikomen Creek, then overland to the vicinity of what is now Pleasant Valley in Springfield Township, Bucks County, Pennsylvania. A number of English emigrants had settled in this area a few years earlier. Some of the Germans purchased land from these English settlers.

Life In The American Colonies

Between 1730 and 1742, five members of the Teetor family settled along Cook's Creek in the vicinity of Pleasant Valley, Pennsylvania. Their names were Henry, Peter, Michael, Conrad and Elias. These are the names of five of Conrad's six sons. It is quite probable that the first son was named in honor of Conrad's father and the second son Jacob, in honor of the father of his wife who was Jacob Weaver. Early colonial records, especially wills and deeds, indicate that these five early members of the family were closely related. The exact relationship has not been established. Apparently, Henry was the first one to settle in Pennsylvania. He may have been the father of

one or more of the other four members. Grace Rice, a descendant of Henry, the oldest son of Conrad, stated that Conrad's father was named Henry.

In this group of five early members, Henry purchased 275 acres of land in 1730 in Richland Manor near Pleasant Valley. Peter Teeter warranted 150 acres in Bucks County. This was surveyed June 26, 1734. The one volume edition of the "History of Bucks County" by Davis contains a statement that Henry and Peter Teeter were owners of land, and they requested naturalization so that their children might inherit their lands. This request was made in 1730.

Michael Ditthart (Teeter) purchased 150 acres of land in Bucks County, September 23, 1738. In Patent Book A Volume 19, page 266, is a record of 117 acres and 72 perches with allowance of 6% for roads in Springfield Township which was patented to Michael Ditthart, December 16, 1759. It is interesting to note that one boundary of this land adjoins the land of Phillip Overbeck. Michael Teeter died in 1773. The following statement appears in the publications of the Bucks County Historical Society, Doylestown, Pennsylvania:

"Sibyllia Ditthart, widow of Michael Ditthart, deceased, late of Springfield, Joseph Sevitz and Clara his wife, Philip Rahl of upper Saucon and Catherine his wife, and Christian Dull and Elizabeth his wife. Michael Ditthart died intestate; to Elias Beidelman of Springfield Township, the above tract. Consideration 5 pounds".

It is suspected that the above Clara, Catherine and Elizabeth are daughters of Michael and Sybilla Teeter.

The Pleasant Valley Inn, owned and operated by Michael, has an interesting history. One story states that General LaFayette spent some time in this tavern recuperating from a wound received at the battle of Brandywine. The following is copied from Volume VII of Bucks County Historical Society, on Pleasant Valley Tavern signs. (These signs have been preserved and are on exhibition in Mercer Museum in Doylestown, Pennsylvania). The bedroom sign removed from General LaFayette's bed room is rectangular and is 2' 6" long and 13" high. On it is the following inscription:

"Lasst mich in Ruh in meiner Kammer
befreit von lermen und von Jammer,
Dies ist der Ort zu meiner Ruh,
biss ich einst thu die augen zu".

A free translation is as follows:

"In this my chamber let me rest,
By shouts and wailings undistressed,
This is the place for my repose,
Until at length mine eyes I close".

The bar room sign is circular at both top and bottom. It is 5' long, 13½" high, with a beaded edge or rim, and contains the date 1773. The inscription on it is as follows:

"Mein Freund ich bitte dich verschone mich
mit borgen, dieweils vormich und dich nurailein
macht sargen; Ich hab geborgt bissher gar oft
und auch sehr veil, Doch wann ich geld begehrt,
kein mensch bezahlen will, So will ich kunsstighin
das borgen interlassen, Ob du in deinem sinn
dessfals mich gleich wirst hassen, Dann es veil
besser ist, des freunds sein erster zorn, Als
gar zuletzt das geld zusammt dem freund verlorthren".
1773.

Following is the translation:

"My friend, I entreat thee, excuse me from trusting, Since for me and thee to borrow brings sorrow. Oft have I trust given, e'en up to this day, But when I want money, no one will pay. Therefore in future from trusting I'll cease, E'en though for this reason I may thee displease. For it is much better at first to offend, Than at last to loose both money and friend".
1773.

Very little information has been found regarding Elias Teeter of the early group of five members of the family. Grace Rice in her "Teeter Family History", states that Elias bought land in 1744 in the same area (Springfield Township). He died in 1760 leaving a widow and seven children.

Lequer, in "Traditions of Hunterdon", gives the following description of the early Germans who settled in the Teeter-town, New Jersey area: "Cokesbury was a German settlement, distinct from the Holland Dutch. Their first houses were log cabins with covers of split boards and weight poles to keep them in place. They frequently had only earth floors. Before the war, married men shaved their heads and either wore wigs or white linen caps. The men's coats were made with backs full enough to stow away 100 pounds of flour or a small pig. The pockets were big enough to carry a child in each. The waistcoats had skirts half way down to the knees and very broad pocket flaps. The breeches scarcely reached the knee and were fastened with a band having a brass or silver buckle. The stocking was drawn up under the knee band and tied with a visible red or blue garter. The shoes were of cowhide fastened with brass or silver buckles. The hat of wool or fur with a round crown not more than three or four inches high with a broad brim. A white linen stock with a buckle at the back of the neck,

with a shirt of linen, completed the attire".

The earliest record of Conrad Teetor, the fifth member of this early group of five members of the family was found in the Bureau of Land Records, Department of Internal Affairs, Harrisburg, Pennsylvania, in the Land Office Record of Bucks County. This record states that Conrad Teetor obtained warrant 99 for 20 acres of land in Springfield Township dated March 21, 1755. He had previously purchased 20 acres in this area on July 20, 1747.

We believe that we have found the original log cabin which was the first home of the Conrad Teetor family in the American Colonies. It is located along Cook's Creek near Pleasant Valley, Pennsylvania. It is a two story structure now owned by Mr. and Mrs. Harold Mease.

The emigration records show that Jacob Weber (Weaver) left Hinzweiler in the Palatinate for America in 1742. This is the date on which Jacob Weaver bought 204 acres of land on Cook's Creek from Peter Lester.

The next official record of the activities of Conrad Teetor is found in a deed recorded at the Bucks County Court House, Doylestown, Pennsylvania in Deed Book Number II, page 75. This deed yields information which contributes to the record of the early activities of his family in America. It also introduces new and older members of the family, Jacob and Cecillia Weaver. (Weber in Germany). Jacob Weaver was a tailor in Philadelphia. One of their daughters, Maria Sarah Overbeck was born January 18, 1720 in the Dukedom of *Zweibrucken in the Palatinate. She is a sister of Catherine Teetor, wife of Conrad Teetor, and was born in 1723. The record of the deed follows:

* Forty miles west of Zweibrucken is the town of Teterchen (Little Teter).

Conrad Teetor and Michael Putz and Andrew Roup to
Jacob Overbeck. January 6, 1756.

This Indenture made the sixth day of January 1756 and in the twenty ninth year of the Reign of our Souverin Lord, George the Second, King of Great Britton and Between Conrad Tieter of Springfield Township in the County of Bucks in the Province of Pennsylvania, Yoeman and Catherine his wife, Michael Putz of Springfield aforesaid Yoeman and Elizabeth his wife, and Andrew Roup of Springfield Township aforesaid Yoeman and Charlotte his wife. (They the said Catherine, Elizabeth and Charlotte being three of the daughters, children and heirs of Jacob Weaver late of the City of Philadelphia Taylor Deceased) of the one part and Jacob Overback of the said Township of Springfield in the said County of Bucks Yoeman (Who is Intermarried with Sarah the Fourth Daughter and Residuary Heir and Child of the said Jacob Weaver Deceased) of the other part. Whereas the Honourable John Penn, Thomas Penn and Richard Penn Esquires and Proprietaries of the said Province of Pennsylvania by their Patent under the Hand of the said Thomas Penn and under the Great Seal of the said Province bearing the date the Twelfth Day of October, In the Year of Our Lord 1739 did Grant Certain two hundred and four acres and sixty one perches of Land with the Usual Allowance of Six Acres or Percent. Situate on Cooke Creek near Durham in Springfield Township aforesaid in the said County of Bucks unto one Peter Lester as in Fee Under the Yearly Quit Rent of One Half penny sterling or value thereof for Every Acre of the same As in and by the said recited Patent on Record at Philadelphia in Patent Book A, Volume 10, page 219. Relation thereunto more fully appears and whereas the said Peter Lester and Joyce his wife by Indenture bearing date some time in the year of our Lord One Thousand seven hundred

and forty two, Did Grant all the above said Tract of Two Hundred and four Acres and sixty one perches of land allowance aforasd with the appurtances unto the above mentioned Jacob Weaver as in Fee Under the aforesaid Yearly Quit Rent, and then subject to the Payment of Certain Mortgage Monies then Due thereon to the Trustees of the General Loan Office of the said Province of Pennsylvania as by the said Last Recited Deed Intended to be entered on Record, relation being thereunto more fully and at Large doth appear and whereas the said Jacob Weaver (being in his lifetime so Lawfully Vested of and in the above described Tract of Land and Premises) shortly after died Intestate Seized of the Premises as aforesaid Leaving a Widow (namely Cecillia) and four Daughters, Namely the above named Sarah, Catherine, Elizabeth and Charlotte. Whereupon all the said tract of two hundred and four acres and sixty one perches of land and allowances aforesaid (according to the laws of intestate of this Province) descended in equal parts unto the said Sarah, Catherine, Elizabeth and Charlotte their heirs and assigns. She the said widow having other ways heretofore released all her right in the same and all the aforesaid mortgage money with the interest thereon have also since and heretofore been fully paid off and discharged at the said General Land Office of this Province and all the foresaid tract of land and premises wholly redeemed of and from the same Now this Indenture witnesseth that they the said Conrad Tieter and Catherine his wife, Michael Putz and Elizabeth his wife and the said Andrew Roup and the said Charlotte his wife for and in consideration of the sum of seventy seven pounds, lawful money of the Province of Pennsylvania unto them with and truly in hand paid by the said Jacob Overback at and before the sealing and delivery hereof the receipt whereof is hereby acknowledged have and each and every of them hath granted, bargained and sold, released and confirmed by these presents

do and each and every one of them doth bargain sell release and confirm unto the said Jacob Overback in his actual possession and seizing now being and his heirs and assigns all and every the part and parts purports whatsoever or either of them, the said Conrad Tieter and Catherine his wife, of and in a certain piece or tract of land and plantation, part of the above described two hundred and four acres and sixty one perches of land and allowances aforesaid, situate in Springfield Township, Bucks County aforesaid. Beginning at a white oak a corner in the line of Robert Ellis' in the tract, thence by the same tract south thirty seven perches (more or less) to a corner post thence by a division line of the other part of the above mentioned whole tract intended to be granted to Conrad Tieter, south thirty degrees and one half of a degree East 117 $\frac{1}{2}$ perches to a corner post thence by the said Conrad Tieter land partly and partly by the land of Frederick Weivell, east thirty two minutes south one Hundred and Twenty five perches and one half perch to a corner post and stones by land owned late of Isaac Kirk (late Nicholas Hills land) North one hundred and forty perches to another corner post and stones thence by land now owned lately by John Chapman, west one hundred and eighty one perches to the place of beginning, containing by computation one hundred and thirty nine acres of land to be the same, more or less within the said limits together also with all and singular the buildings ways water and water courses, woods, underwoods, rights, liberties, privileges, improvements, hereditaments and appurtenances whatsoever the said described one hundred and thirty nine acres of land belonging or in any wise appertaining and the remainders, rents, issues and profits thereof and all and every the estate and estates right title, interest use possession property claims and demand whatsoever of them and each and everyone of them the said Conrad Tieter and Catherine his wife, Michael Putz and the said Elizabeth his wife and the

said Andrew Roup and the said Charlotte his wife, of in or to the said described one hundred and thirty nine acres of land and premises hereby granted, or of in or to any part or parcel thereof whatsoever, being three of the equal and undivided fourth parts in the said one hundred and thirty nine acres of land in the respective own rights of them the said Catherine, Elizabeth and Charlotte as aforesaid the remaining one full equal and undivided fourth part being now also in the actual seizing and tenure of the said Jacob Overback in right of his said wife Sarah to have and to hold the said above described tract of One Hundred thirty nine acres of land, heridiments and premises hereby granted or mentioned so to be with the appurtances unto the said Jacob Overback, his heirs and assigns to the only proper use and Behoof of said Jacob Overback his heirs and assigns forever proportionable part of the above said yearly quit rent from henceforth accruing on the premises to the Chief Lord or Lords of the Fee thereof and the said Conrad Tieter for himself and for the said Catherine his wife, the said Michael Putz for himself and for the said Elizabeth his wife, and the said Andrew Roup for himself and for Charlotte his wife severally and respectively and for their several and respective heirs each singly and not Jointly or one for another but for their own several and respective acts only do hereby covenant promise and grant to and with the said Jacob Overback his heirs and assigns by these presents in a manner following that is to say that they, the said Conrad Tieter and the said Catherine his wife, the said Michael Putz and the said Charlotte his wife and each and every one and against Cecillia the widow of Jacob Weaver, deceased. And against all and every person and persons whosoever lawfully claims or to claim the same premises or part thereof by, from or under them or any or either of them will covenant and forever defend these premises and that freed

They the said Catherine, Elizabeth and Charlotte being each of them of full age, separately and apart examined the within contract first made known unto them they voluntarily consented thereunto my hand and seal the day and year above John Chapman (seal.) Recorded the 12th day of July 1763. Deed.

It should be noted that Conrad and Catherine retained Catherine's one fourth interest in the Weaver property.

The land represented by this deed is approximately two miles south of the land secured from the Indians by the Indian Walk Purchase of 1737. The Weaver land was sold by the Penn family first to Peter and Joyce Lester from Leicestershire, England in 1739 and Lester sold it to Jacob Weaver in 1742. The Weaver Family consists of Jacob Weaver, a tailor in Philadelphia. The date of his birth is not known. He died before 1756; the family record by Grace Rice states that he died in 1744. This date is believed to be correct. His wife was Anna Cecillia. They had four daughters: Maria Sarah who married Phillip Jacob Overbeck, Elizabeth who married Michael Butz (Putz), Maria Catherine who married Conrad Teeter (Tieter) and Charlotte Margaret who married Andrew Raub (Roup) 3-31-1753 in the Trinity Lutheran Church of Springfield Township. They were married by the Reverend Ludwig Henry Schrenck. Andrew Raub died prior to May 1809. His will named 10 children. Conrad and Catherine Teeter lived in the Pleasant Valley area along Cooks Creek for 20 or more years and their children were raised there. The following notes copied from the records of the Trinity Lutheran Church of Springfield are of interest:

BIRTHDAYS AND BAPTISMS

| <u>Birthday Baptism</u> | <u>Names</u> | <u>Parents</u> | <u>Sponsors</u> |
|-----------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------------|---|
| 1760 -9-21 | Conrad | Conrad Dieter and wife | Peter Conrad Catherine Tieter |
| 1760 -9-1 | Mary Elizabeth | Andrew Raub and wife | Peter Conrad Mary Elizabeth Stein |
| 1761 -1-25 | Michael | Michael Schnell and wife | Mary Elizabeth Stein Michael Butz & wife |
| 1761 -1-29 | John Michael | Abraham Taubert and wife | John Michael Butz and wife |
| 1761 -5-16 | Elizabeth | Philip Jacob Oberbeck and wife | Peter Munch Elizabeth Oberbeck |
| 1761 -5-30 | John Peter | Michael Butz and wife | Peter Munch Charlotte Steiner |
| 1756 -5-23 | John Michael | Philip Fackenthal and wife | Michael Teeter and wife (Sybilla) |
| 1763 -2-3 3-20 | John George | Michael Butz | John Henry Dieter Elizabeth Dieter |
| 1750 -2-5 | Philip Jacob | Michael Botz | Conrad Tieter and wife |
| 1766 -4-27 5-18 | Andrew | Andrew Raub and wife Charlotte | Andrew Raub and wife |
| 1766 -4-8 | Elizabeth | Jacob Berger and wife | Elizabeth Dithart J. Dietz |
| 1768 -1-29 | Son | Andrew Raub V | Jacob Butz Elizabeth Diether |

(Continued)

| <u>Birthday Baptism</u> | <u>Names</u> | <u>Parents</u> | <u>Sponsors</u> |
|-----------------------------|--------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------------|
| 1769 -3-13 | Maria Sara | Philip Reiss | Jacob Oberback and wife |
| 1774 | Anna Maria | Andrew Dieter | Catherine Horn |
| 1775 | Catherine | Eva Barbore | John Jacob Barron |
| 1786 -4-30 | Abraham | Andrew Oberbeck and Anna Maria | |

There is not Teeter or Raub after this date under births and baptisms. Attended Lord's Supper 10-13-1751: Phillip Raub and wife Maria Dorothea and son Andreas Raub and servant Barbara Sturm, Elizabeth Overbeck, Sybilla Dithart, Elias Beidelman.

In the above table, the date at the top indicates birthdate, below - baptism.

Communicants: 8th Sunday after Trinity, 1754. Sybilla Dither, Andrew Raub. Anna 1756 on Sunday meseric, Domini-Holy Communion. Sybilla Ditter, Andrew Raub. 1757 Sybilla Ditter. 1758 - To confession and Holy Communion on Sunday misericordies, Sybilla Dietter and 21st Sunday after Trinity 1760 Sybilla Dither and Andrew Raub. 1761 Anna Elizabeth Raub Dieter. 1768 Catherine Dieter. 1769 John Dieter, 1774 Sybilla Duther.

SPRINGFIELD CHURCH CEMETERY GRAVESTONES: There are many Dieterly names. Eva Deeter b. 7-11-1743, d. 8-8-1816. There are not Teeter, Raub or Butz names. The above records were copied from a translation of the original records written in German script. The translation is by Edmund Ellis Beiber. The Record book is the Kirchen Buch vor die Reformirte gemeint in Springfield Von 1760.

The corner stone from the first church structure of the Springfield Trinity Lutheran Church build in 1763 is in the wall of the present building. This corner stone contains the initials of the building committee for the earlier building. Following is the top row:

C 1763 T - being the initials of Conrad Teeter. Other initials are: P M, N S, E B M, C H S, P A H, N I, N . The initials CHS are for Christian H. Schug who donated the land for the church. Several members of the Teeter families of the Pleasant Valley area attended services in this church.

There is a large cemetery in the rear of the church. It is quite probable that members of the family are buried there. However, most of the early grave stones are badly disintegrated and the inscriptions cannot be read. Two of the early grave-stones are still in good condition. They are for Philip Jacob Overbeck and his wife, Maria Sarah Overbeck. The inscriptions are in German. He was born November 25, 1725 in Darmstadt, Palatinate; died December 18, 1781. She was born January 18, 1720 in the Dukedom of Zweibrucken in the Palatinate; died May 16, 1777. Philip Jacob Overbeck was a soldier of the Revolution.

Henry Teeter, the oldest son of Conrad, was one of the organizers of the German Lutheran Church near Lansingville in Tompkins County, New York.

The names of Conrad and Catherine Teeter do not appear in this church record after September 1760. The deed to the McMichael Creek property of 400 acres is dated 1764. The Indenture which gives Conrad's share of this property to his son, Henry, is dated 1771 and states that Conrad was then living in Springfield, Bucks County, Pennsylvania. Conrad died in 1771 on the Knowlton farm in Warren County New Jersey. Hence practically all of his married life was spent in Springfield Township, Bucks County, Pennsylvania.

THE REVOLUTIONARY WAR RECORD
Of The
CONRAD AND CATHERINE TEETOR FAMILY

CATHERINE TEETOR:

Received from William Cox Stephens, Quarter master General's Department, Cert. No. 625, dated May 25, 1781 for \$943.00, Continental.

HENRY TEETOR: TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:

This is to certify that, under the Militia Loan of April 1, 1784 certificate of public debt, Number 9320, in the amount of \$1.10.0, was issued in the name of Henry Teter, for a tour of active duty in the Northampton County Militia, which he performed at an unspecified time during the Revolutionary War.

JACOB TEETOR:

One Harmon Hockingbery who resided in Franklin County, Pa., in 1833 filed a Pension Claim No. 22836, in which it is stated that he served two terms in the Sussex County, New Jersey Militia under Captain Jacob Teeter during the Revolutionary War. Jacob Teeter was residing in Sussex County, New Jersey from 1771 until his death in 1786.

PETER TEETOR:

Received from William Cox Stephens, Quarter master General's Department, Certificate No. 446, dated September 17, 1781 for \$72.00, continental; \$10.41/90ths, specie. Interest commenced December 17, 1778: interest to January 1, 1787, \$5.20½/90ths

(or \$5.21-2/90th); same deposited in State Treasury.

MICHAEL TEETER:

Ranger on the Frontier, Northampton County, Pennsylvania 1778-1783. Reference: Pennsylvania Archives, Series 3, Volume 23, page 292.

CONRAD TEETER:

Private, Sussex County, New Jersey Militia under Captains Manning, Edsall, Bockover, Nyce and Ribble; served monthly tours in 1776, 1778 and 1779. The number of his Pension Application is S-23215. Teamster, Captain Christopher Cass' Team Brigade, Wagonmaster General's Department: enlisted August 1777; discharged February 1, 1778. Claimed to have drawn the pay of a soldier. Received Certificate No. 539. dated May 1, 1784, signed by Joseph Gaston for LI.18:4, for the depreciation of his Continental pay in the Sussex County Militia. Resident of Sussex County, New Jersey. Age 20 years, resided in Tompkins County, New York in 1834.

ELIAS DEEDER (TEETER) (TEETOR)

A Pennsylvania Return shows that an Elias Deeder was enrolled in the First Class, Northampton County Militia, Pennsylvania.

ELIZABETH TEETER:

Her husband, Abraham Smith, was a private in the New Jersey Militia. Elizabeth filed Pension Application No. W-17013.

CHARLOTTE TEETER:

Her husband, Daniel Britton, was a private in the New Jersey Militia. He participated in the Battle of Monmouth and other key battles in New Jersey. Charlotte applied for a pension with Pension Application W-9750.

MARIA CATHERINE TEETER:

There is no evidence that her husband, John Dils, participated in the Revolutionary War. However, he operated a ferry near the Delaware Water Gap, and it is known that General Washington commandeered the ferry boats on the Delaware River to ferry the army across the Delaware for the Battle of Trenton. Thus it is quite possible that he had a part in this important battle.

Life in the United States of America

The Conrad Teeter Family

The birth date of Conrad Teeter is not known. He died in Knowlton Township, Sussex County, New Jersey in 1771. About 1742, probably in Philadelphia, he married Maria Catherine Weaver born 1723 and died 1783. She is buried in the old Stillwater Cemetery in Sussex County, New Jersey beside the grave of her second husband, Jacob Rice. Following is the inscription on her gravestone:

IN REMEMBRANCE OF CATHERINE RICE
WHO DEPARTED THIS LIFE 1783,
AGED 60 YEARS

"Knowing that He which raised up the Lord Jesus shall raise up us also by Jesus, and shall present us with you". II Corinthians, Chapter 4, verse 14.

The burial place of Conrad Teeter is not known. Possibly it is in the Knowlton Frame Cemetery which is across the road from the First English and German Presbyterian Church in Knowlton, New Jersey. Their family consisted of the following 10 children:

HENRY: b. 1743, d. 12-10-1804; m. Elizabeth Beidelman, daughter of Jacob and Susana Beidelman. B. 1750, d. 1804.

ELIZABETH: b. February 1746, d. 10-4-1845 at the home of her son, John Smith, in the Town of Dryden, Tompkins County, New York. M. in the fall of 1767 in Sussex County, New Jersey, Abraham Smith who died in 1799 in Northampton County, Pa.

Abraham Smith was a soldier in the Revolutionary War. He was a lieutenant captain in a company commanded by his brother,

Captain John Smith. He was in the Battle of Monmouth, New Jersey under the command of Generals Lee and Washington.

During the War, a raid by the British and Tories caused the Smith family to flee across the Delaware River in a small boat to Pennsylvania. It was during the Winter. The boat capsized and their four daughters died from the exposure in the cold water. After the death of her husband, Elizabeth and her children moved to the Lake Country in Tompkins County, New York. Three of her sons were Jacob Smith, b. in 1770, Isaac Smith, b. September 1781, and John Smith, b. May 1787. Elizabeth married (2nd) John Gibbs of Lansing in Tompkins County. He died in 1817. As the former widow of Abraham Smith, Elizabeth applied in 1837 for a Revolutionary War Pension. A Pension was certified to her September 29, 1842 for \$100.00 per year plus \$1,150.00 in arrears, #W-17014, Washington D.C.

JACOB: B. 1747 in Springfield Township, Bucks County, Pa., D. 1786 on their farm near Blairstown, New Jersey. Married Catherine Rice, daughter of Jacob Rice. She was born 8-29-1750, d. 9-29-1836, burial in Asbury Cemetery in the town of Lansing, New York. Children of Jacob and Catherine Teetor: Henry b. 1773; Elizabeth b. 6-14-1774; Catherine b. 5-11-1776; Conrad b. 12-25-1777; Christine b. 10-4-1779; Zachariah b. 3-25-1782; Cecilia b. 6-16-1784; Rachel b. before 3-7-1786.

Jacob Teetor served as a captain in the Sussex County New Jersey Militia during the Revolutionary War.

Catherine married (2nd) Peter Sausman, son of David Sausman. Peter was born 2-5-1760, d. 10-21-1831.

Children of Peter and Catherine (Teeter) Sausman:

Jacob - married Sally Ann _____. David - married Susan Bauer, daughter of John and Rosina Bauer, 12-3-1815. They migrated to Westfield, Ohio. Sally - b. 5-14-1791, d. 4-29-1840, married John Myers, b. 9-11-1787, d. 5-19-1859

A deed in Deed Book V, page 269, in the Tompkins County Court House dated 10-13-1832, for land in Lot 87 in Milton is signed by Catherine Sausman, Jacob Sausman and wife Sally Ann, David Sausman and wife Susan of Westfield, Medina County, Ohio, and John Meyers and wife Sally.

Catherine and Peter Sausman together with her Teeter Children moved to the "Lake Country" in the early 1800's. The only Teeter in Cayuga County in the 1800 census is Henry, from Northampton County, Pennsylvania. Jacob Teeter's son, Henry, and his wife, Margaret, are reported to have accompanied them as bride and groom.

JOSEPH PETER: B. 10-8-1749, d. 2-25-1832. A Revolutionary War Soldier. Buried in Asbury Cemetery, Tompkins County, New York, m. Christine, daughter of Jacob Rice; m. (2nd) Margaret, daughter of Jacob Rice, b. 1756, d. 3-10-1847. Their child was Johann Jacob, b. 2-1-1775.

MARIA CATHERINE: B. c 1751, d. _____. m. John Dils (Diltz), son of William and Rachel Dils. Their daughter, Maria Christina b. 7-25-1773. John Dils operated a ferry on the Delaware River near the Delaware Water Gap for many years.

ADAM MICHAEL: B. c 1754, d. August 1836 near St. Catherines, Ontario, Canada; m. Maria Catherine (Congle) Keefer, widow, b. _____ d. October 1835. There is a record of one of Michael's stories in which he states that he was a soldier in the War of the Revolution. His war service is also listed in the Pennsylvania Archives. In 1794, Michael Teeter and his family moved to Canada and settled south of Beamsville, Ontario. Their twins about four years old, rode in pack baskets on either side of the horse which the mother rode while carrying the baby in her arms. Michael and Maria Catherine had eight children born between 1781 and 1793 in Sussex County, New Jersey.

SYBILLA: B. 11-28-1755, d. _____, m. John Mushback, d. 1793. They lived in Wallpack, New Jersey; (2nd) m. Jonathan Jones 9-20-1795.

The Mushback children were: John, Elias b. 4-7-1782, Catherine, Charlotte b. 3-7-1783, and Jacobus Mushback b. July 1788.

CONRAD: B. 1757, baptized 9-21-1760, d. 10-14-1843. Buried in the Lake Ridge Cemetery in Tompkins County, New York. M. 11-8-1795 Elizabeth, daughter of Peter and Maria Catherine Dietz, b. 3-18-1775, d. 2-12-1832. Buried in the Lake Ridge Cemetery. Conrad sold his interest in the Conrad Teeter farm to his brother, Elias, and moved to the "Lake Country". Following is the inscription on Conrad's grave stone:

CONRAD TEETER
DIED: 10-14-1843. AGE 86 YEARS
A SOLDIER OF THE REVOLUTION

Following is the inscription on the grave stone of
Conrad's wife, Elizabeth:

ELIZABETH, WIFE OF CONRAD TEETER DIED 2-12-1832
AGED 57 YEARS

My flesh shall slumber in the ground
Till the last joyful trump shall sound
Then burst the chains in sweet surprise
And in my Saviour's image rise.

Catherine Teeter, died 7-31-1865, age 58 years, is buried
on the same lot.

ELIAS: B. c 1760, d. 1830 on the Conrad Teeter farm near
Blairstown, New Jersey. M. Catherine Huffsmith, daughter of
Peter Huffsmith. They had the following children:

Johannes - b. January 5 - baptized - April 15, 1787

Elias - b. July 1 - baptized - October 9, 1792

Abraham - b. September 19 - d. October 3, 1793

Henrich - b. January 9 - baptized - July 1796

Catherine - b. April 18, 1798

Abraham is buried in the Stillwater Cemetery. The name is
spelled TEETOR. Near by is a grave stone for Elsey Teeter
with the following inscription:

"In remembrance of Elsey Teeter. She was born the
21st day of May 1767 and died the 27th day of
September A.D. 1794
Age 27 years, 4 months, 6 days

"THE LORD IS MY PART".
I.

TEETERTOWN, NEW JERSEY

There has been quite a bit of interest in the small village of Teetertown, New Jersey during recent years. It is located approximately one mile north of Lower Valley in Lebanon Township, Hunterdon County, New Jersey. The village acquired its name from a mill operated there in 1820 by John Teeter a son of Elias Teeter, the youngest son of Conrad Teeter of Knowlton, New Jersey. At first it was referred to as Teeter's mill and it later became Teetertown. Another incident which may have created some publicity was the murder in 1859 of Louisa Dorland Hardin by her husband the Reverend Jacob D. Hardin, for which he was hanged in Belvidere, New Jersey. Louisa was the daughter of Catherine Teeter Dorland and a grand-daughter of the above John Teeter. Her husband gave her an apple filled with arsenic.

Henry Teeter, another son of Elias married Azuba Vaughn, daughter of Rev. Daniel Vaught an adjoining neighbor of Conrad Teeter the father of Elias. They settled near Pernville in the Town of Dryden in Tompkins County, New York. Their home is now a place of historic interest because it served as one of the "stations" for the "Underground Railroad" during the Civil War period.

CHARLOTTE: B. 1765 in Springfield Township, Bucks County, Pennsylvania. D. 10-24-1841 in Terrehaute, Indiana at the home of her son, John Britton. She was residing in Pleasant Gardens, Putnum County, Indiana. She married on December 28, 1891 in the Hamilton Church in Northampton County, Pa. (near the home of Henry Teeter), Daniel Britton of Elizabethtown, New Jersey who died 9-17-1802.

Their son, John, was born 11-9-1792, and was baptized in the German Presbyterian Church in Northampton County, Pa.

Daniel Britton enlisted in the army for the Revolutionary War and served for two years under General Washington, and participated in the battle of Monmouth and the battle of Trenton, as well as others. He was discharged from the army 6-5-1783. Charlotte applied for a pension for widows of soldiers in the Revolutionary War prior to April 1840. The pension was certified 2-16-1842 for \$80.00 per year plus \$320.00 for arrears to 3-4-1841.

NOTE: Some of the pension application papers use the name, Catherine Britton.

After the death of her husband, Charlotte and her children moved to the Lake Country to be with other members of the family. Still later, she moved to Indiana, probably Putnam County. No additional information is available about their children.

Conrad Teeter, Michael Butz and Andrew Raub on 6-12-1764 purchased from Thomas Gordon of Hunterdon County, New Jersey (the county in which Teetertown is located) 400 acres of land located near Stroudsburg, Pennsylvania on a branch of McMichael's Creek, each to have a one-third interest in the property which is in Hamilton Township in Monroe County, Pa. The 400 acres was known as the McMichael's Creek property. Conrad's son, Henry, was 21 years of age in 1764 and it is suspected that he lived on this farm until he and his wife Elizabeth, sold on October 30, 1792 to Abel Partridge the 132 acres for 600 pounds, Pennsylvania money. This was prior to their moving to Cayuga County, New York in 1793. Conrad in 1771 sold his interest in the McMichael's Creek property, 132 acres and 32 perches, to his son, Henry, for 125 pounds.

The indenture for this transaction was not signed by Conrad before his death. An Indenture dated 7-31-1784 and recorded in the Deed Book E-I, page 465, Northampton County Court House in Easton, Pennsylvania, gives title to the property to Henry. It is signed by Conrad's widow, Catherine, and nine of their children as follows:

Jacob Rice of Nolton, Sussex Co., N.J. and Catherine his wife, late widow of Conrad Teeter, late of Nolton Township.

Jacob Teeter

Peter Teeter

Michel Teeter

Ellis Teeter

Conrad Teeter

Abraham Smith of Lower Smithfield Twp. Northampton Co., Pa., Yoeman, and Elizabeth his wife.

John Tiltz of said State of New Jersey, Yoeman and Catherine his wife.

John Mushback of Wallpack Township in said state of New Jersey, Yoeman and Sibilla his wife.

Charlotte Teeter of the Township of Nolton aforesaid, Spinster.

There is some question about the date when Conrad and his family moved from the Springfield property to the farm in Knowlton Township. Grace Rice in her record, states that it was before 1767. Apparently there was a period of land speculation in Sussex County a short time before this date. The Record Book DD of The West Jersey Company lists a survey of 51,727 and 90/100 acres of land in Sussex County to Benj. B. Cooper on November 5, 1757. It seems quite possible that the Paulins Kill property was purchased from the Cooper Tract or some similar tract. Some of these tracts were very

large one. Teetertown, New Jersey is in an area that was part of the Lewis Morris Tract of 1711 containing 100,000 acres.

The Paulins Kill Farm of 240 acres is located $1\frac{1}{2}$ miles southeast of Blairstown; the north boundary is the Paulins Kill and the southeast corner is in Buttermilk Pond, now Cedar Lake. The Indian name for the Paulins Kill was "Tonhonknealkung" in 1729. In 1965, it is a beautiful, fast flowing trout stream. There is a story that Paulins Kill was named in honor of the daughter of a Hessian soldier. The house and farm buildings on this farm were burned by the British and the Tories during the Revolution. The house has burned twice since then. A portion of the mantle piece was saved and is now incorporated in the present mantle. The house faces the Paulins Kill. There is also a good view of the Delaware Water Gap from the house. At present the farm is owned by Andrew Butler who has large stock farms in three states. This property is his stock farm in New Jersey and also his home.

During the summer drouth of 1964, the pasture land was being irrigated by pumping water from the Kill through a system of large spray pipes.

It is interesting to observe the changes in the spelling of the name of Conrad Teeter in a relatively short period of time. In Germany, it would have been Konrad Theodore. In the Bucks County Court Records, it is Conrad Teiter. In Sussex County, it is Coonrad Teeter. Some cemetery records in Sussex County spell the name Teeter for the first time. The translations of the early church records have a much larger variation from Conrad Teter to Conrath Diraters. By 1800 the spelling of the name was pretty well stabilized

at Teeter. The migration from New York State to Ohio and Indiana caused the spelling to stabilize as Teetor for that branch of the family.

WILL OF COONROD TEETER

This Will is No. 158-S on file in the New Jersey State House in Trenton, New Jersey.

In the name of God, Amen; I Coonrod Teeter of the Township of Knowlton, of the County of Sussex, and Province of West Jersey; Being weak in body, yet perfect understanding etc., etc., I give to my six sons, Henery, Jacob, Peter, Mikel, Elias, Coonrod three fourths of my Howle estate to be equally divided among my six sons, they working to the advance of the estate, till they are 23 years of age and any one neglecting this shall forfeit seven pounds a year out of his share of the estate and the other fourth part of the estate I give to my four daughters Elizabeth, Catey, Seveler, Charlotte, to be equally divided among my four daughters; but be it remembered that the two youngest daughters shall have a bed and bedding equal to the other two who has theirs already or eight pounds in money out of the above Estate. August 30, 1771.

Witnesses: Daniel Moore, John Crissman and Rachel Dilts.

Executed: November 25, 1771.

(NOTE: Rachel Dilts is the mother of
John Dilts).

At this point in the development of the family it is well to review the progress which has been made in the development of the young United States of America. This review copied from the 1790 Census of New York State follows:

THE UNITED STATES IN 1790

In March of 1790, the Union consisted of twelve states. Rhode Island, the last of the original thirteen to enter the Union, was admitted May 29 of the same year. Vermont, the first addition, was admitted the following year before the results of the First Census were announced. Maine was part of Virginia, and Alabama and Mississippi were parts of Georgia. Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Michigan and Wisconsin with parts of Minnesota were known as the North West Territory. Tennessee, then part of North Carolina was soon to be organized as the South West Territory. The United States was bounded on the West by the Mississippi River, on the south by the Spanish Colonies known as the Florida's. Philadelphia was the Capital of the United States. Western New York was a wilderness, Elmira and Binghamton being but detached hamlets. New York City had a population of 33,131. The boundaries of towns and counties were in many cases unknown or not defined at all.

The Children of Henry and Elizabeth Beidelman Teeter

(Henry I):

According to historical records in Tompkins County, New York, Henry and Elizabeth raised a family of nine children. Their first child and son, Henry II, was born in 1776 and died 4-22-1838, and is buried in the Asbury Cemetery. The following are also believed to be their children: Daniel b. 1780, d. 1869; Jacob b. 1771, Charles b. 1788, d. 1869; Catherina Teeter Miller b. 1803. It has not been possible to identify the remaining four children.

Henry II: m. Wynche Sly, daughter of Michael Sly of Elmira, New York, formerly of Pennsylvania. They had eleven children as follows: Henry, John, Joseph, Daniel, Sally, Vincent, Hannah, Sly, Catherine, George W. and Smith. George W. m. Matilda Hagin. They had five children: Foris May, Florence Belle, Frances E., George H. and Charles S, twins.

Different authorities give the dates 1792, 1793 and 1794 for when Henry moved to the Lake Country. It is probable that since Henry sold their McMichael's Creek property in the Fall of 1792, that he selected a land site in the "Lake Country" in 1792 and moved his family there in 1793. The site he selected is on the east side of the Lake in military lot 90, near South Lansing. It is near Gulf Creek and has an elevation of 200 feet above the surface of Cayuga Lake with an excellent view both up and down the Lake. The Topography is slightly rolling. The soil is very fertile and well suited for agriculture.

This property is near one of the overnight camps of General John Sullivan's Army on the return march from the expedition into the Indian country of northern New York in 1779 for the purpose of destroying the crops of the Indians and the Tories which were one of the main sources of food for the British Army. General Washington timed this raid to destroy the crops before they had matured sufficiently to become a source of food, and at the same time be too late to raise another crop that season. This strategy proved to be an important turning point in the war because it forced the British Army to operate on such short rations that they were not capable of continuing effective warfare.

Stroudsburg, Pennsylvania was one of the marshaling points for the organization of Sullivan's Army and several of Henry's friends and neighbors were members of this expedition; possibly Henry himself since he was a Ranger on the frontier. They were favorably impressed with the value of the land, and this no doubt influenced his decision to move to the Lake Country. He was still living on the McMichael's Creek property where he kept a Tavern. In the September Session of the Shrievality Court of Northampton County in 1778, he was fined five pounds for keeping a tippling house without a license.

When the family moved to the new location on Cayuga Lake, They followed the trail which was cut for Sullivan's Army as far as Waverly, New York, and from there they traveled Indian trails to the head of the Lake where Ithaca is located. Here a crude scow was constructed and their household goods were transported to a point on the lake south of Ludlowville while the farm animals were driven along the shore of the lake. The household goods were transferred from the scow to a homemade sled and moved to the new site. The land was cleared, a tavern was built, and it became the family home site for several generations. Early church services and baptisms were held in this home until a church was constructed in 1803.

In the spring of 1804, the tavern burned and Henry's wife perished in the flames. Henry was undoubtedly injured by the fire because he died six months later. They are buried in the Asbury Methodist Church Cemetery near South Lansing in Tompkins County. Henry held the Town offices of Road Commissioner, Fence Viewer and Pound Master each year until his death.

The church referred to above probably was the German Lutheran Reformed Church in North Lansing. Henry was one of the organizers of this church.

Children of Jacob and Catherine Teeter

Henry:

The date 6-22-1774 usually given for his birthday is believed to be the date of his baptism, and that he was born in 1773. He was born in Knowlton, New Jersey. An early history of the Teeter family states that Henry Teeter married Margaret Furman in Camden, New Jersey. Her interment record lists her birthplace only as New Jersey. It also gives her parents as Benjeman and Jane Firman. An extensive search was made to locate information regarding her ancestry. The name Benj. Firman was found only once in early records, 3-13-1764, in the Will of Thomas Parks, with a reference to the sale of 1000 acres of land formerly owned by Anna Salter and sold to Parks by Benj. Firman. It seems safe to state that Margaret was not born in Camden, New Jersey. Court House records for the whole of what formerly was West Jersey were searched. The records began in 1681. Margaret was born 9-30-1780. Camden was not incorporated until 1828. Prior to that date it was a part of Newton, Gloucester County, New Jersey.

It is much more probable that she was of German descent rather than English, and that she was born in Hunterdon or Sussex County, New Jersey. Fuhrman and Furman families were living in both counties with several families in Hunterdon County.

The following table is of assistance in correlating dates and counties in the area originally known as West Jersey:

Burlington County was formed by the union of the first and second tenths of West Jersey.

Hunterdon County was formed from Burlington County 3-11-1714.

Morris County was formed from Hunterdon County 3-15-1739.

Sussex County was formed from Morris County 6-8-1753.

Warren County was formed from Sussex County 11-20-1824.

Margaret died 6-21-1864 at Goshen, Ohio and was buried in the Cemetery of Spring Grove, Cincinnati, Ohio in lot 47, Section 41 owned by Jacob L. Enyart. Henry died 7-13-1844 in Liberty Township, Butler County, Ohio. He was buried in the Hamilton Cemetery, Hamilton, Ohio. This cemetery has been converted into a public park and the record of burials in this old cemetery cannot be found.

Elizabeth:

B. Knowlton, New Jersey 6-14-1774, d. before 1800, m. Jacob Congle. This is the only family record of Elizabeth. It is possible that there is confusion between this Elizabeth and another Elizabeth Teeter living in Sussex County, New Jersey. The Record of Marriages found in the Hall of Records in Newton New Jersey gives the following:

7-12-1795. James Johnson of Oxford (township) and Elizabeth Teeder of Hardwick (township) by Joshua Savage J.P.

Cattrean:

B. 5-11-1776, d. 5-19-1855, m. 2-25-1796 Jesse (son of Nathaniel and Esther Allen) b. 9-12-1827, a soldier of the Revolution.

Conrad:

B. 12-25-1777, baptized 2-22-1778 in Knowlton, New Jersey. This is all the information that is available regarding Conrad. A deed in the Tompkins County Court House recorded in Deed Book U, page 371, dated 7-9-1832 records the sale of land in the Town of Enfield part of Lot 71 of the old Town of Ulysses from John Mushback (Jr.) to Conrad Teeter. This Conrad probably is the son of Jacob.

Christine:

B. 10-4-1779 in Knowlton, baptized 12-6-1779, d. 3-7-1843 in Tompkins County, m. Henry Bloom, son of Ephriam and Catherine Bloom. Henry Bloom was a soldier in the French and Indian War. Ephriam Bloom was a soldier in the French and Indian War. The inscription on the gravestone of Christianna Bloom is the following:

CHRISTIANNA BLOOM
DIED MARCH 7, 1843
AGE 63 YRS, 10 MO. 4 DAYS

HOW SUDDENLY SHE'S CALLED AWAY,
ETERNITY TO VIEW
NO TIME TO REGULATE HER HOUSE
OR BID THE WORLD ADIEU.

Zachariah, Zacharias, Zacharia:

B. 3-25-1782 in Knowlton, New Jersey, baptized 4-14-1782. This is all the information there is available about Zacharias. It is suspected that he accompanied Henry and Margaret Teeter when they migrated to western Ohio between 1810 and 1815.

Cecilia:

B. June 16, 1784 in Knowlton. Baptized July 28, 1784. Died before March 7, 1786.

Rachel:

Born before March 7, 1786.

Catherine Sausman, widow of Jacob Teeter, is buried in the Asbury Cemetery, South Lansing, Tompkins County, N.Y. The inscription on her gravestone follows:

CATHERINE, WIFE OF PETER SAUSMAN
DIED 9-29-1836. 86 YRS, 1 MO.

CHURCH RECORDS copied from a translation of the original records of the First English and German Presbyterian Church in Knowlton, New Jersey 1766 to 1804:

- "Maria Christina, legal daughter of Johannes Dols and Wife Maria Catherina, born July 25, 1773, baptized Sept. 6, 1773.
Witnesses: William Dolsy, the grandfather, Maria Catherine, Conrath Dirater's widow, the grandmother"
- "Suszana, legal daughter of Andreas Raub and wife Maria Charlotte
Born November 27, 1773 and baptized December 16, 1773.
Witnesses: Johannes Fris and Sibilla, legal daughter of Conrath Dirster."
- "Elizabeth, legal daughter of Jacob Dirster and Catherine, his wife, born June 14, 1774 and baptized July 24, 1774.
Witnesses: Croll Grossman and Elizabetha Kristin".
- "Johann Jacob, legal son of Joseph Peter Distro and Christina, his wife, born February 1, 1775, and baptized July 11, 1775
Witness: Jacob Roise".
- "Maria Catherina, legal daughter of Jacob Distro and his wife, Catherina, born May 11, 1776 and baptized June 2, 1776.
Witnesses: Maria Catharina, widow of Conrath Distro, the grandmother".
- "Henrich, son of Abraham Shmidt and Elisabetha, his wife,
Baptized: December 23, 1777.
Witnesses: Andreas Raub and Catharina Distro, widow".
- "Conrath, legal son of Jacob Distro and Catharina,
Born December 25, 1777 and baptized February 22, 1778.
Witnesses: Conrath Schafer and wife Scharlotta".

"Christina, legal daughter of Jacob Distro and wife Catharina,
Born October 4, 1779 and baptized December 6.
Witnesses: Heinrich Dirl and wife Christina".

"Mosis (?), legal son of Michael Distro and Maria Catherina,
his wife, baptized December 2, 1781".

"Jacob and Maria, legal son and daughter of Jacob Winterstein
and wife Maria, born October 24, 1781 and baptized
April 14, 1782.
Witnesses: Sharlotta Raubin and Lucas Brost and Anna
his wife".

"Zacharias, legal son of Jacob Distro and Catharina
Born March 25, 1782 and baptized April 14".

"Elias, legal son of Johannes Muchback and Sibilla his wife,
Born April 7, 1782 and baptized April ?
Witness: Elias Distro".

"Aron, born July 1, 1782, son of Adam Michael Dieder and Maria,
Baptized September 19, 1782.
Witnesses: Parents".

"Jacob born August 27, 1782, son of Jacob Stuhlschmidt and
Maria Sara, baptized September 19, 1782.
Witnesses: Jacob Dieder and wife Catharina".

"Catharina Charlotta, daughter of Johannes Moshback and Sabylla,
Born March 7, 1784 and baptized June 4, 1784.
Witnesses: Andreas Raub and wife Charlotta Margartha".

- "Cecilia, daughter of Jacob Dieter and Catharina, born June 16, 1784 and baptized July 28, 1784.
Witnesses: Andreas Diel and Cecilia Raub, both single."
- "Catharina, daughter of David Muller and Maria, born April 22, 1785 and baptized May 18, 1785.
Witnesses: Jacob Dieter and wife Catharina."
- "Johannes, son of Elias Diester and Catharina, born Jan. 5, 1787 and baptized April 15, 1787.
Witnesses: John Diats and wife Catharina."
- "David, son of Johann Hannes and Anna, born May 30, baptized Oct. 23, (1787).
Witnesses: David Hasaman (or Sausman) and wife Anna.
(First mention of any Sausman)
- "Jacobus, son of J. Ulruch Mosback and Sibilialia, born July 1788, and baptized Oct. 6. Witnesses: Michael Dieter and Maria"
- "Elias, son of Elias Dieter and Catharina, born July 1, 1792, baptized Oct. 9. Witnesses: Jacob Gunbol and Catharina Stehlsmid."
- "Michael, son of Michael Dieter and Maria, born July 2, 1793, baptized Aug. 21, 1793. Witnesses: Parents."
- "Abraham, son of Elias Dieter and Catherina, born Sept. 19, 1793, baptized Nov. 6, 1793, Witnesses: Parents."
- "Jacob, son of Andrew Raup and Sussana, born Dec. 25, 1795, baptized Mar. 27, 1796. Witnesses: Jacob Raup and wife."

- "Anna, daughter of Adam Diltz and Christina, born Feb. 8, 1795,
baptized June 19, 1796. Witnesses: Parents."
- "Anna, daughter of Mיעל Raub and Anna, born Feb. 12, 1797,
baptized March 19, 1797. Witnesses: Parents."
- "Andrew, son of Jacob Roup and Catherine, born June 29, 1797,
baptized July 23. Witnesses: Andrew Raup, Sr."
- "Catherine, daughter of Elias Distar and Catherine, born
April 18, 1798, baptized Witnesses: Parents."
- "John, son of Jacob Raub and Catherine, born Jan 8, 1779.
Witnesses: Parents."
- "James Stinson, son of Samuel Dils and Elizabeth, born
Nov. 23, 1798"
- "Jacob, son of Michael Rop and Anna, born Dec. 11, 1799.
Witnesses: Parents."
- "Philip, son of Jacob Raub and Catherine, born April 19, 1801,
baptized Jan. 2, 1802. Witness: Andrew Raub."
- "Sarah, daughter of Michael Roub and Anna, born Dec. 20, 1801.
Witnesses: Parents."
- "Susanna, daughter of Andrew Rope and Susana, born Jan. 20, 1803,
baptized June 23, 1803."
- "Elizabeth, daughter of Jacob Rope and Catherina, born Aug. 12,
1803, baptized Jan. 17, 1804."
- "Jesse Nols, son of John Dills and Ruthy, born Nov. 1, 1802,
baptized April 10, 1804. Witnesses: John Dills and Catherina."

The Knowlton Church Records listed in this report are limited to the Teetor, Butz and Raub families. They are of special interest in showing the variation in the spelling of the names and especially with the Teetor name. For example, the first notice is the baptism of Maria Christine, the daughter of John Dils and his wife Maria Catherine Teetor Dils. The witnesses are the grand parents, William Dils and Maria Catherine, the widow of Conrad Teetor. Other variations are Dirster, Distro, Dieder, Dieter, Diester, Distar. In other records are found such variations as Teter, Deter, Deeder, Teater, Etc.

Henry and Margaret Firman Teetor sold their land in the town of Dryden in Tompkins County, N.Y. in 1810. It is reported that they moved to Butler County, Ohio in 1815. A careful search of early deed records in both Hamilton and Butler Counties has failed to reveal the purchase of any land by Henry. The only place in the deed records where the name of Henry Teetor appears in is the Butler County Court House Records in Deed Book No. 12, page 585. The title of the deed reads: William Bebb to Henry Teter. Recorded March 13, 1845. However, in the body of the deed, the name is Isaac Teetor.

The description of the land follows:

The following real estate, 78 acres lying in the form of a parallelogram across the west side of the N.W. $\frac{1}{4}$ of Sec. 19 T3N R 1 E Morgan Twp., Butler Co., being the same part of the said quarter assigned to Elias W. Tooker on the partition of his father's estate, by him sold to Reuben George and purchased by the said Bebb at Sheriff's sale on an execution against Reuben George Together with the priveleges and appurtenances to the same, etc., etc.

The deed is signed by William and Sarah Bebb. The witnesses are Michael Bebb and John P. Reynolds, (The names in this deed are of interest. Reuben George is an ancestral relative of Florence Brown Teetor. Wm. Bebb was raised on the Dry Fork farm a portion of which was sold to John and Dorcas Brown. Bebb was elected Governor of Ohio).

The above land is the farm on which Isaac Teetor settled in 1845 and raised his family of 14 children. He lived there until 1890. The 1875 map of Butler County shows that Isaac Teetor owned 188 acres, most of it in the N.W. $\frac{1}{4}$ Section 19 T 3 N, R 1 E.

It is possible that the land was purchased by Henry prior to his death in 1844 and that title was given to Isaac before the transaction was recorded.

The 1820 Ohio Census, Butler County Liberty Township, lists Henry Teatre. The 1830 Census also lists Henry Tetter in the same County and Township. The 1830 Census also lists Isaac Teater in Butler County, Lemon Township.

The History of Butler County Biographical Cyclopedia, published 1882, p. 494 under the heading, "Liberty Township," gives the following record of the Clawson Family:

Andrew Clawson, son of Cornelius Clawson, father of James and grandfather of Stephen was born in Middlesex County, N.J. in 1766 and removed to this county in 1802. His wife was Mary Russell born 1776 in Pa., married 1794 in Pa. They were the parents of 9 children. James lives in Fairfield Township, Rachael died in Indiana. John died in Missouri. Joseph lives in Morgan Township. Elizabeth died in Lafayette, Ind. Nancy lives in Liberty Township. Martha and Mary died in this County. George lives in Hamilton County. The first three were born in Pennsylvania, the others in Butler County.

The Clawson Family Record as prepared by Elizabeth Teetor Vail gives Mary Russell born 1771 in Maryland and Andrew Clawson born 1662. Also Cornelius Clawson, born in Holland in 1726. Page 631: David Enyart came to Lemon Township in 1802, settled in Princeton and in 1815 in Middletown. The Centennial History of Butler County (1905) page 466 states that Maria Vail married Samuel Enyart. Samuel Vail born in New Jersey married Keziah Jennings of New Jersey. Their son Isaac married Fannie Clifton and settled in Cincinnati in 1806. Their children were Ellen who married Elias Smalley, Sarah married Nelson Murphy, Linus P., Matilda married Joseph Kinikin, Eliza married Thomas Peak. Linus was born in Liberty Township.

On Page 519: Benton E. Urmston was born 5-16-1849 on the old Urmston homestead in Fairfield Township. His grandfather was David Urmston, Sr., a native of England. He married Mary Enyart of New Jersey. Nelson Urmston had a store in Millville after 1838. Several of the descendants of the above families have married descendants of Henry and Margaret Teetor, thus giving additional evidence that Henry lived in Liberty Township.

In History of Butler County, Biographical Cyclopedia, page 492: under "Liberty Township" is a reference to Furmandale in Fairfield Township where there was a wagon making and blacksmith shop in 1856. Since Henry apparently did not own a farm, and Furman being a family name, the fact that Henry's youngest son, Henry Furman Teetor was a cabinet maker, a trade quite similar to that of a wagon maker, leads to the suspicion that Henry may have been associated with the Furmandale wagon making shop. Henry Furman Teetor was 24 years old at the time of his father's death.

On Page 648 of the Cyclopedia, it states under the heading of "Lemon Township" that Nathaniel Furman established an academy in Middletown. It also states that many Germans settled in Lemon Township.

THE FAMILY OF HENRY TEETOR

Henry Teetor: b. 1773, d. 7-13-1844, m. Margaret Firman
c. 1800, b. 9-30-1780, d. 6-18-1864 in Goshen, Ohio.

1. Frances

b. c. 1801 in Cayuga Co., N.Y. now Town of Dryden,
Tompkins Co., d. m. 10-10-1819 in Butler Co.,
Ohio, The Rev. Cyrus Dudley, b. d.

2. Abram

b. 8-25-1803 Town of Dryden, Tompkins Co., d. 9-12-1866
in Goshen, O., m. 7-28-1830 Rhoda Dudley, b. 4-21-1806 in
Maine, d. 10-27-1846 in Goshen, O.

I. Infant, stillborn 2-9-1831

II. Josephine, b. 12-22-1831, d. 3-6-1832

III. Margaret, b. 1-11-1833 in Goshen, O., d. 2-1-1913,
m. 12-20-1852 William H. Vaughan b. 9-26-1830, d.

A. Maude, b. 10-10-1855, d. 5-14-1921 - never married

B. William D., b. 1-14-1866 in Ohio, d. 5-24-1929
at Long Beach, California, m. Anna Leuthsrom

C. Mabel, b. 9-12-1873. Never married, lived in
Cincinnati, Ohio, d. 2-17-1940.

IV. Henry Benton (Dudly) b. 11-16-1834 in Goshen, O.,
d. 11-19-1917 in Lancaster, O., m. 1-26-1864 Sarah
Lee Cilley, b. 12-29-1843 daughter of Hon. Jonathon
Cilley in Cincinnati, O. (Dudly wrote a Teetor Family
History).

AA. Barbara Phyllis, b. 11-16-1924 in
Tacoma, Wash.

BB. Firman Allen, b. 4-5-1927 in Tacoma, Wash.

3. Catherine

b. 8-18-1805 in Town of Dryden, Cayuga Co., now Tompkins
County, New York, d. 6-28-1887 in Cincinnati, O., Buried
in Cemetery of Spring Grove, Cincinnati, m. Jacob L. Enyart
b. in Butler Co., d. before 6-28-1887, Buried in Cemetery of
Spring Grove, Cincinnati.

I. R.F. Enyart

II. C.L. Enyart

There probably are more children than these two.

4. Isaac

b. 1-7-1808 in Town of Dryden, Cayuga Co., now Tompkins
County, New York, d. 9-27-1893 at Okeana, O., buried in
New London Cemetery, Shandon, O., m. (1st) 1-29-1829 in
Butler Co., O. Mary (Polly) Moore, b. 10-20-1811,
d. 8-7-1847 in Butler Co., buried in St. Charles Cemetery
in Reilly Twp., Butler Co.

I. Levi Moore, b. 3-7-1830 in Butler Co., O., m.
d. in Illinois.

A. William b.

AA. Catherine b. m. Sweet

BB. Rose

CC. Alice

DD. Florence

B. Margaret, b. m. Cracraft. Lived in
Illinois.

AA. Mary, b. in Illinois, m. Hanrahan
BB. Dessie, b. in Illinois, m. Wells
CC. A son
DD. A son

C. Elizabeth, b. m. Shepherd. Lived in
Illinois

AA. Roscoe Shepherd - Lived in Mattoon, Ill.
BB. Oscar Shepherd - Lived in Mattoon, Ill.

D. Alice, b. m. Sheeks
AA. John, b. First National Bank,
Mattoon, Illinois
BB. George, b. Mattoon, Ill. R.F.D.
CC. Roy
DD. Oscar Lived in Mattoon, Ill.

E. Clement (Clement had additional sons)
AA. William A minister in E. St. Louis

II. Henry Furman, b. 11-7-1832 in Butler Co., O. Migrated to
Texas 1875. Joseph Teetor, his grandson, lived in Salem,
Ill. in 1954.

III. Hannah Margaret, b. 2-29-1836 in Okeana, O. m.
Harwood:

A. Elizabeth m. Whisnand No Heirs.
B. John
C. Charles
D. Frank
AA. Ross R.F.D., Lerna, Ill. Farmer.
BB. Otto Army Colonel, lived in San Antonio, Tex.
2 daughters.

E. Jesse Harwood

AA. Clarence Physician

AAA. Hugh Harwood, Attorney, Charleston, Ill.

BBB. Clara m. Reynolds, Charleston, Ill.

CCC. Minnie m. Endsley, Charleston, Ill.

DDD. a daughter living in Pennsylvania.

F. James, Two sons, Donald and Thomas

G. Isaac Cooch Harwood

AA. Winfield - Teacher in Richland Center, Wis.

H. Carrie m. Leitch. moved to Washington.

I. Lillie m. Swisher. moved to Washington.

IV. William Wilson, b. 9-4-1839 in Okeana, O. Lived in Harrison, O., m. Cassander Burk in 1860.

A. Aldora J., b 12-2-1860. d. 1862

B. Mary A., b. 12-24-1864

C. William A., b. 7-19-1867

D. John M., b. 5-2-1870

E. Mamie G., b. 9-28-1873, d. 1884

William Wilson married (2nd) Susan Congo in 1880.

F. Glenora, b. 9-11-1881, d. 9-20-1908

G. Pearl, b. 6-22-1884

H. Minnie Mary, b. 12-11-1886

I. Rose Alma, b. 1-19-1890

J. Clinton J., b. 1892

K. John M. (see above) m. (1st) Mattie A. Brown 1894.

AA. Edna Leota, b. 3-22-1895

John M., m. (2nd) Nellie McAhren in 1901.

BB. John Leonadus, b. 5-28-1904.

V. James Madison, b. 2-20-1841 in Butler Co., d. 1928 at Hamilton, O., buried in Macedonia Cemetery in Morgan twp., Butler Co., m. Elizabeth McKain b. 1842, d. 1893; Buried in Macedonia Cemetery.

A. Absolom F., b. 1865, d. 3-15-1948 at Hamilton, Ohio, buried in Greenwood Cemetery, Hamilton. Never married.

B. Weller V., b. June 1869, d. 11-27-1953, buried in Greenwood Cemetery. Never married. Age 84 yrs., 5 months.

C. Cora, b. 1879, d. 6-20-1946 in Hamilton. Buried in Greenwood Cemetery. Never married.

D. Irene, b. 1-26-1879,? d. 4-13-1936 in Hamilton, buried in Greenwood Cemetery, never married.

E. George

F. Carrie Buried in Macedonia Cemetery

G. Ada Buried in Macedonia Cemetery

H. Clifford Buried in Macedonia Cemetery

VI. Robert Franklin, b. ⁶⁻³⁰⁻¹⁸⁴⁴ in Butler Co., migrated to Missouri.

The following descendants of Isaac and Mary Moore Teetor were living in 1954;

William Teetor - East St. Louis, Ill.

Joe Teetor - Salem, Ill.

Henry Teetor

Oscar Teetor

Lewis Teetor - Fair Haven, Missouri.

Della Teetor

Edna L. Teetor Moore - Jacksonville, Fla.

Leon Teetor - Indianapolis, Ind.

Blanch Hadley - Ferndale, Mich.

Katie Sweet
Alice Sweet - Luverne, Minn.

Mary Hanrahan - Sullivan, Ill.
Dessie Wells

Roscoe Shepherd
Oscar Shepherd
John Sheeks - Mattoon, Ill.
Oscar Sheeks
George Sheeks

Rose Harwood - Lerna, Ill
Hugh Harwood - Charleston, Ill.
Don Harwood - Janesville, Ill.
Tom Harwood

Clara Reynolds - Charleston, Ill.
Minnie Endsley

Jerry Cracraft - Kaneville, Ill.
Clarence Cracraft - Mattoon, Ill.

Elizabeth Whisnand
John Harwood - Addresses were
Winfield Cooch - unknown in 1954
Lillie Swisher
Alice Teetor

4. Isaac

m. (2nd) 2-21-1856 in Butler Co., Mary Jane Clawson
b. 12-15-1826 at Okeana, O., d. 2-29-1871 at Okeana,
buried in George Family Cemetery, north west of Okeana.

- VII. Joseph Linus, b. 2-23-1857 at Okeana, Ohio,
d. 7-4-1924 at Chelsea, Okla., m. 8-25-1887
Florence Henry, b. 10-15-1867, d. 4-19-1940.
- A. Robert Glen, b. 11-29-1888 at Cimeron, Kansas,
d. 3-28-1907 at Hutchinson, Kansas.
- B. Freda Jane, b. 9-12-1892 at Cimeron, Kansas,
m. 6-24-1918 at Chelsea, Okla. Charles Linton
Doughty, an attorney, b. 4-3-1890 at Lamar,
Col., d. 7-3-1946 at LaJunta, Col.
- AA. Jane Doughty, b. 8-26-1924 at Lamar, Col.
m. 11-25-1945 at Springfield, Col.
John L. Rawlinson. Divorced, 1953.
- AAA. Frank Doughty Rawlinson, b. 11-13-1949
at Boston, Mass.
- BB. Charles Linton III, b. 11-20-1928 at Lamar,
Col., - m. 3-3-1937 Carol Silver - born
at Denver, Col.
- AAA. Charles Linton IV, b. 12-18-1950
at New York City
- BBB. Cris Tina Doughty, b. 3-2-1957 at
Portland, Maine.
- C. Margaret Helen, b. 4-10-1898 at Argonia, Kansas.
m. at Henrietta, Okla., 4-28-1920 Kenneth Kieth
b. 4-28-1896.
- AA. Joe Frank Kieth, b. 12-15-1922 at Clairmore,
Okla.
- BB. Tom Mason Kieth, b. 10-29-1924 at Clairmore,
Okla.

- D. Anna Josephine, b. 6-1-1906 at Argonia, Kan.
 m. at Hamilton, Ohio. 5-31-1925 William Joy
 Henry, b. 1891 at Lennox, Iowa.
- AA. Anita Joe, b. 10-27-1927 at Hutchinson,
 Kansas. m. 1948 at Hutchinson, Kansas
 Wesley L. Karlson, an engineer with the
 du Pont company, b. 1921 in California.
- AAA. William Lawrence, b. 12-9-1953 at
 Mickleton, New Jersey
- BBB. Wesley L., b. 12-24-1955 at
 Mickleton, New Jersey
- CCC. Scott, b. 1957 at Hagerstown, Md.
- BB. Patricia Ann Henry, b. 12-2-1931 at Hutchinson,
 Kansas, m. 6-14-1952 at Hutchinson, Kansas,
 Samuel Talmadge Davis (associated with Pamona
 Products) b. 10-20-1929 at Athens, Ga.
- AAA. Anna Jo, b. 6-12-1953 at Griffin, Ga.
- BBB. Samuel Talmadge, Jr., b. 3-25-1956 at
 Griffin, Ga.
- VIII. Catherine, b. 2-3-1859 at Okeana, Ohio, d. 7-23-1887
 at Cincinnati, Ohio, Catherine was a professional
 nurse in a Cincinnati hospital. Never married.
- IX. Stephen Douglas, b. 6-24-1860 at Okeana, Ohio
 d. 3-5-1932 at Shandon, Ohio, buried in New London
 Cemetery, Shandon, Ohio. m. 12-1-1887 Florence May
 Brown, b. 12-26-1856 at Paddy's Run, Ohio, d. 5-28-1933
 at Shandon, Ohio, buried in New London Cemetery,
 Shandon, Ohio.

Stephen and Florence lived on the John Brown farm on Dry Fork Creek in Morgan Township of Butler County. They were progressive and successful farmers.

A. Paul, b. 7-11-1888 at Paddy's Run, now Shandon, Ohio, d. m. 8-9-1916 at Laramie, Wyoming. Evangeline Downey, daughter of Stephen Wheeler Downey and Eva Owen Downey b. 10-13-1888 in Laramie, Wyoming. d. 9-18-1958 in Somerville, New Jersey, buried in Somerset Hills Cemetery, Bernardsville, New Jersey. Evangeline was a teacher in the Home Economics Department of the University of Kansas, Paul was a Ceramic Engineer.

AA. Paul Raymond, b. 5-18-1919 at Detroit, Michigan. m. (1st) 1943 Ruth Williamson at Somerville, New Jersey, Divorced in 1945, m. (2nd) 6-7-1946 at West Allis, Wis., Katherine Ann Schindler, daughter of Robert and Catherine Pabst Schindler, b. 5-12-1923 at West Allis, Wis., Paul Raymond is an Attorney at Law.

AAA. Katherine Ann, b. 8-28-1947 at Middlebury, Vermont.

BBB. Paul Raymond III, b. 5-26-1950 at Middlebury, Vermont, d. 5-28-1950 at Middlebury, Vermont.

CCC. Paul Robert, b. 4-21-1954 at Middlebury, Vermont.

BB. Stephen Douglas, b. 6-28-1921 at Lawrence, Kansas (University Hospital Kansas City) m. 4-23-1944 at Somerville, New Jersey, Henrietta Desnoyers daughter of Albert and Martha Desnoyers,

b. 1-14-1921 at Plainfield, New Jersey,
Stephen is a Civil Engineer.

AAA. Pamela June, b. 12-9-1945 at Nyack,
New York (New York Hosp., N.Y.C.)

BBB. Stephen Douglas, b. 5-16-1947 at Nyack,
New York (New York Hosp., N.Y.C.)

CCC. Paul Corlett, b. 2-3-1950 at Nyack,
New York, (Nyack Hosp.)

DDD. Mark Owen, b. 1-31-1951 at Nyack,
New York (Nyack Hosp.)

B. A daughter b. 7-11-1888, d. 7-11-1888, buried
in New London Cemetery.

C. Carl, b. 5-26-1891 at Paddy's Run, now Shandon,
Ohio, d. 1-8-1956 at Hamilton, Ohio, buried in
New London Cemetery, Shandon, m. 2-28-1916
Percie Colborn at Shandon, b. 8-5-1891, d.

AA. Helen, b. 10-16-1918 at Shandon, Ohio,
m. 6-16-1937 at Vevay, Ind. Florin Muller,
b. 8-27-1896. No children. Florin and
Helen operate a farm and also a grain elevator
in Okeana, Ohio.

BB. Ruth, b. 11-8-1923 at Shandon, Ohio,
m. 9-20-1952 at Shandon, Stanley Coleman
b. 5-3-1912. Ruth and Stanley are members
of the operating staff of the C & O R.R.

- AAA. Stephan, b. 12-9-1953 at Covington,
Kentucky.
- BBB. Stanley Carl, b. 4-6-1956 at Covington,
Kentucky.
- CCC. Elaine, b. 5-19-1958 at Covington, Ky.
- CC. Marjorie, b. 4-20-1925 at Shandon, Ohio,
m. 10-4-1954, Rudell Fugate b. 7-13-1923
Rudell is associated with the National Lead Co.
- AAA. Peggy, b. 8-8-1955 at Harrison, Ohio.
- DD. Robert C., b. 8-27-1928 at Shandon, Ohio
m. 4-3-1952, Oleeta Beck, b. 6-15-1928.
Robert operates the family farm and also is
Deputy Sheriff of Butler Co.
- AAA. Rosalind, b. 3-29-1953 at Shandon, O.
- X. Mary Elizabeth, b. 2-16-1862 at Okeana, Ohio, d. 12-22-1932
at Okeana, buried in New London Cemetery, m. Albert Vail.
Elizabeth was a teacher for many years in both the Hamilton
Ohio and the Middletown, Ohio schools.
- XI. Cynthia Ella, b. 5-31-1864 at Okeana, Ohio, d. 2-24-1939
at Oxford, Ohio, buried in the Reily Cemetery, Reily, O.
m. 9-6-1892 at Okeana, O. Ira Smith Lawrence b, 9-21-1862
at Drewersburg, Franklin Co., Ind., d. at Cincinnati, O.
1-7-1951, buried in Reily Cemetery, No children.

- XII Sarah Maria, b. 12-17-1865 at Okeana, Ohio,
d. 10-6-1934 at Lufkin, Texas, buried in the Reily,
Ohio Cemetery. M. 3-1-1893 at Okeana, Joseph
Flint Ellis Brady, b. 1-1-1864 at Reily, Ohio,
d. 4-5-1911 at Reily, Ohio, buried in Reily Cemetery.
Sarah and Joseph were successful farmers.
- A. Melby William, b. 1-14-1894 at Reily, Ohio
d. 6-6-1940 at Springfield, Mass., m. 6-12-1921
at New Lexington, Ohio, Marguerite Harriet Gordon,
b. 6-14-1897, d. daughter of Samuel Clark
Gordon and Adelaide Holcomb Gordon of New Lexington.
Melby was a teacher at the Mass. Agriculture College,
and Marguerite a teacher in the Willbraham, Mass.
school system.
- AA. William Gordon, b. 5-31-1923 at Zanesville, O.
m. 8-28-1948 Marjorie Jane French, b.
12-20-1923 at Amherst, Mass.
- AAA. William Arthur Brady, b. 8-12-1953 at
Tonawanda, New York
- BBB. Margaret Alice Brady, b. 3-24-1956 at
Tonawanda, New York
- BB. Ruth Margaret Brady, b. 9-3-1929 at Springfield
Mass., m. 6-27-1953 Stanton George Vincnet Hart.
b. 10-28-26 at Godbout, Quebec.
Stanton is in charge of the Forestry Management
for the St. Regis Paper Co. of Canada.
- AAA. Linda Elizabeth, b. 3-9-1956 at Hinton,
Alberta.
- BBB. Peter Lincoln, b. 12-31-1958 at Hinton,
Alberta.

- B. Elsie Beatrice, b. 1-24-1897 at Reily, Ohio
 d. m. 6-29-1918 at Columbus, Ohio,
 Earl Corson, b. 9-25-1892 at Macedonia, Ohio,
 d. Earl is business manager of the Bastrop
 Independent School System of Bastrop, Texas.
- AA. Betty Louis, b. 10-9-1920 at Dayton, Ohio
 d. m. 12-27-1941 at Lufkin, Texas.
 The Rev. Clifford B. Lott, b. 1-26-1919 at
 Groveton, Tex., d. Doctor Lott is
 Superintendent of Methodist Churches in the
 Burlington District.
- AAA. Michael Corson, b. 2-26-1945
 BBB. Janet Lynn, b. 6-12-1947
 CCC. Sarah Kathryn, b. 6-19-1950
- BB. Donald Earl Corson, b. 12-18-1923 at Dayton,
 Ohio, d. 12-30-1963 at San Antonio, Tex.,
 m. 5-28-1943 Mary Gertrude McCulloch b.
 Donald was Superintendent of the Bexar County
 School for Boys. Gertrude is Dietitian for
 the school.
- AAA. Donald Winston, b. 10-29-1946 at
 Lufkin, Texas.
 BBB. Carol Elaine Corson, b. 5-18-1949 at
 Huntsville, Texas.
 CCC. Albert Craig, b. 8-13-1955 at Houston,
 Texas.

- XIII. Belinda Alma, b. 1-23-1868 at Okeana, Ohio,
d. 8-25-1960 at Dayton, Ohio, buried in Memorial Park
Cemetery, Dayton, Ohio, m 6-20-1901 at Middletown, O.
William Nevada Valentine, b, 12-18-1871 at Lockington,
Ohio, son of Samuel and Nancy Hardesty Valentine of
Lockington, d. 7-2-1949, at Dayton. Buried in
Memorial Park Cemetery, Dayton. Alma was a teacher
in the public schools until 1901.
- A. Mary Helen, b. 8-21-1902 at Lockington, Ohio,
d. m. 6-30-1923 at Dayton, Ohio, Leo
Curtis Brown, b. 5-2-1891 at Waverly, Ohio, son
of Thomas Wesley and Maria Barnes Brown, d.
Helen is Treasurer of the National Ladies Auxiliary
to the National Association of Letter Carriers.
- AA. Roger, b. 9-13-1924 at Dayton, Ohio, d.
m. 12-29-1956 at Dayton, Katherine Shultheis
b. 6-3-1928 at Dayton, daughter of Carl
Frederick and Margaret Meier Shultheis. d.
Roger has an executive position with the
National Cash Register Company of Dayton.
- AAA. Sara Catherine Brown, b. 6-18-1958 at
Dayton, Ohio.
- BB. Marvin, b. 5-18-1930 at Dayton, d. 11-1930.
- B. Grace Margaret, b. 6-16-1905 at Lockington, Ohio,
d. m. 7-3-1936 at Glendale California.
Frederick Arthur Morrison, son of William Gilmore
and Eleanor Waltemathe Morrison of Dayton.
- AA. Margot Valentine, b. 6-5-1945 at Palm Springs,
California, (hospital at Redlands, California).

C. Richard Oakley, b. 6-14-1907 at Dayton, Ohio
d. . Oakley operates a newspaper
distributing agency in Dayton.

XIV. Fannie Emma, b. 1-23-1868 at Okeana, Ohio,
d. 3-22-1966 at Altamont, Ill. M. (1st) 12-31-1891
at the residence of Joseph L. Teetor in Cimeron, Kan.
William Hoover, b. La Grange, Ill., d. 1893
at Cimeron, Kansas.

A. Wilma Hoover, b. 9-27-1892 at Albuquerque,
N. Mexico, d. 12-31-1961 at Toledo, Ill.
M. 10-12-1918 at Toledo, Lewis Brookhart Clark,
b. 1-14-1882 at Toledo, Ill., d. 10-10-1951 in
Toledo, buried in Janesville cemetery.

AA. William Emerson, b. 8-27-1919 at Bradbury,
Ill., m. 12-18-1941 at St. Charles Mo.,
Thelme Marie Eggers, b. Toledo, Ill.

AAA. David Eric Clark (adopted son)
b. 3-10-1962, Adopted 3-14-1962

BB. Carrie Eloise, b. 3-26-1921 at Toledo, Ill.
d. , m. 5-28-1938 at Westfield, Ill.
Berlin Flake, b. 12-20-1915.

AAA. Clark Joseph, b. 9-19-1939, d.
m. 6-7-1962 at Toledo, Ill.
Judeth Medford.

- CC. Richard LaVearle, b. 7-25-1926 at Bradbury, Ill, m. 2-21-1948, Betty Lou Starwalt, b. 12-16-1928 - divorced.
- AAA. Connie Lynn Clark, b. 2-13-1949 at Effingham, Ill. hospital, Richard LaVearle Clark, m (2nd) 9-3-1959 at Mattoon, Ill. Margaret Kathleen Osborne, b. 1-17-1928.
- BBB. Karen Elaine Osborne (step daughter) b. 1-21-1952
- DD. Lewis Hoover, b. 1-11-1928 at Bradbury, Ill., m. at Toledo, Ill. 12-11-1948 Wilma Mitchell, b. 4-20-1929 at Toledo.
- AAA. Jill Marie Clark, b. 7-7-1963.

Fannie Emma Teetor Hoover, m. (2nd) 9-10-1895 at Hutchinson, Kansas, Jacob Thomas Simerly, b. 10-14-1862 at Maryville, Tenn., d. 11-1-1944 at Hamilton, Ohio.

B. Hilda Alma, b. 7-5-1895 at Farmington, Ill., d. m. 8-12-1946 at Williamstown, Ky., John Kelly, b. 10-9-1902 at Fayetteville, Ohio, d. No Children.

C. Grace Anita, b. 9-7-1896 at Bradbury, Ill., d. m. 3-20-1926 at Greenville, Ill. Louis Fay Leitzell, b. 12-25-1897 at Altamont, Ill., d. 11-1-1964 at Altamont. Buried in Union Cemetery, Altamont. No Children.

5. Elizabeth

b. 1815 in Butler County, Ohio, d. 7-18-1891 in the 25th ward, Camp Washington, Cincinnati, Ohio Buried in the Cemetery of Spring Grove, Cincinnati in lot of J.L. Enyart. Never married.

6. Maria

b. 1818 in Liberty Township, Butler County, Ohio
d. 1903 at Reily. M. John Urmston, b. 1812 in Butler County, d. 1903 at Reily. Both are buried in Springfield Cemetery, Reily, Ohio.

I. Samuel Urmston, b. 10- 1839 at Reily, d. 4- 1860 at Reily, buried in the Springfield (formerly Ward's) Cemetery, Reily, Ohio.

7. Henry Furman

b. 1820, in Butler County, Ohio, d. 2-4-1907 at Home City, Ohio, m. Harriet Gaul, b. 1-9-1827 at Cincinnati, Ohio, d. 12-9-1902 at Home City. Both are buried in Cemetery of Spring Grove, Cincinnati. Henry was a cabinet maker. The Gaul family was engaged in the meat packing industry in Cincinnati.

I. Wesley, b. d. m. Catherine Pfallgrax
b. d.

A. Alexander, b. 1876

B. Florence, b. 1877.

C. Henry Furman, b. 1879, d. m. 1919 Stella Dibble, b. 1886, d. , No children.

D. Julia, b. 1888 d. 1929.
E. John W.
F. Agnes.

II. William H., b. d. 6-20-1870

III. Daniel

IV. Charles

V. Albert.

VI. Jacob

VII. George

VIII. Margaret, b. d. m. Pierce. Lived in
Camp Washington.

IX. Catherine Enyart, b. d. m. Gustave Steigler.
b. d. , The father of Gustave Steigler was
engaged in the leather tanning industry in Cincinnati.

A. Jack

B.

There are many omissions and several errors in this record of the family of Henry Furman and Harriet Gaul Teetor. Many of their descendants are buried in the Cemetery of Spring Grove, Cincinnati where their interment records are available to any person desiring a more complete record.

The author will appreciate receiving data regarding the military record of any member of the family who participated in any of the United States military activities from the Revolutionary War to the present time.

Also, any information which will make this record more complete and valuable will be assembled and distributed as an addenda to this record.

Paul Teetor, 194 West Islip Road, West Islip, New York 11795.

HENRY TETTER WAS PROBABLY THE FATHER OF CONRAD TEETER WHO DIED IN 1771 AT KNOWLTON, NEW JERSEY

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Jacob Weaver b. d. 1744 <u>I</u> | M. | Anna Cecilia ? <u>I</u> | d. after 1756 <u>I</u> |
| Maria Sarah b 1720 in Germany m. Philip Jacob Oberback | Maria Catherine b 1723 d 1783 m. Conrad Tieter, d 1771 | Elizabeth Margaret m. Michael Butz | Charlotte Margaret m. 3-31-1758 Andrew Raub |
| Conrad Tieter b. d. 1771 in Knowlton, NJ <u>I</u> | m.c. 1742 Maria Catherine Weaver <u>I</u> | b 1723 d. 1783 m. 2nd Jacob Rice <u>I</u> | <u>I</u> |
| Henry <u>I</u> | Elizabeth <u>I</u> | Jacob <u>I</u> | Peter <u>I</u> |
| Catherine <u>I</u> | Michael <u>I</u> | Sybilla <u>I</u> | Conrad <u>I</u> |
| Elias <u>I</u> | Charlotte <u>I</u> | Jacob Rice b 1723 d. 1783 m. 2nd Peter Sausman b 8-29-1750 d 9-29-1836 m 2nd Peter Sausman | |
| Henry Teeter bc 1747 in Bucks Co Pa d 1786 in Knowlton NJ <u>I</u> | m Catherine Rice <u>I</u> | Cecilia <u>I</u> | Rachel <u>I</u> |
| Elizabeth <u>I</u> | Catherine <u>I</u> | Conrad <u>I</u> | Christine <u>I</u> |
| Zachariah <u>I</u> | Henry Teeter b 1-22-1773 in Knowlton NJ d 7-13-1844 in Hamilton O. m c 1800 Margaret Firman b 1780 in NJ d 1864 Goshen Ohio | | |
| Frances <u>I</u> | Abram <u>I</u> | Catherine <u>I</u> | Isaac <u>I</u> |
| Maria <u>I</u> | Elizabeth <u>I</u> | Henry Furman <u>I</u> | |
| Isaac b 1-7-1808 in Dryden NY, d 9-27-1893 in Okeana, O. m 1-29-1829 Mary Moore b 10-20-1818 d. 8-7-1847, Okeana, Ohio | | | |
| Levi Moore <u>I</u> | Henry Furman <u>I</u> | Hannah Margaret <u>I</u> | William Wilson <u>I</u> |
| James Madison <u>I</u> | Robert Franklin <u>I</u> | | |
| Isaac Teeter m 2nd 2-21-1856 Mary Jane Clawson b 12-15-1826 in Okeana, Ohio, d. 8-29-1871 in Okeana, Ohio | | | |
| Joseph Linus <u>I</u> | Catherine Enyart <u>I</u> | Stephen Douglas <u>I</u> | Mary Elizabeth <u>I</u> |
| Cynthia Ella <u>I</u> | Sarah Maria <u>I</u> | Bennda Alma <u>I</u> | Fannie Emma <u>I</u> |
| Stephen Douglas Teeter b 6-14-1860, d 3-5-1932, m 12-1-1887, Florence May Brown, b 12-26-1856, d 5-28-1933 | | | |
| Paul Teeter b 7-11-1888 in Shandon, O. <u>I</u> | Daughter b 7-11-1888, d 7-11-1888 <u>I</u> | Carl Teeter b 5-26-1891, d 1-8-1956 <u>I</u> | |
| Paul Teeter m. at Laramie, Wyoming 8-9-1916, Evangeline Downey b 10-13-1888, d 9-18-1958 at Somerville, New Jersey | | | |
| Paul Raymond b 5-18-1919 at Detroit, Michigan <u>I</u> | Stephen Douglas b. 6-28-1921, Lawrence, Kansas <u>I</u> | | |
| Paul Raymond Teeter m. at West Allis, Wisconsin, 6-7-1946 Katherine Ann Schinoler b. 5-12-1923 at West Allis, Wisconsin | | | |
| Katherine Ann b. 8-28-1947 <u>I</u> | Paul Raymond Teeter b. 5-26-1950 at Middlebury, Vermont - d 5-28-1950 <u>I</u> | Paul Robert b. 4-21-1954 <u>I</u> | |
| Stephen Douglas Teeter m. at Somerville, N.J. 4-23-1944 Henrietta Desnoyers b. 1-14-1921 at North Plainfield, N.J. | | | |
| Pamela June b. 12-9-1945 <u>I</u> | Stephen Douglas b. 5-16-1947 <u>I</u> | Paul Corlett b. 2-2-1950 <u>I</u> | Mark Owen b. 1-31-1951 <u>I</u> |

ERRATA

- Page 7 - Line II - as to Frenchmen.
- Page 10 - Line 24 - last word is the
- Page 18 - Line 31 - i is missing in title
- Page 20 - Line 17 - last word, change his to her.
- Page 23 - Line 7 - not should be no
- Page 23 - Line 15 - anna should be anno
- Page 23 - Line 19 - erase Raub
- Page 24 - Line 3 - not should be no
- Page 33a - Line 17 - n in Peruville should be u
- Page 34 - Line 10 - add: pension application
number W-9750.
- Page 36 - Line I - second word is ones
- Page 50 - Line 18 - first in and is should be
reversed.
- Page 54 - Line 10 - add: Member of Ohio Legislature.

A TESTOR FAMILY GENEALOGY ---ERRATA.

1. Page 19, line 4, fourth word is British.
2. Page 25, line 2, second word is this.
3. Page 28, line 2I, last word is form.
4. Page 59, line 19, enter 6-30-1844 for birth date of Robert Franklin Testor.
5. Page 72, next to last line, fourth word is interment.
6. Last page, family chart, birth date of Mary Moore is 10-20-1811, line II.
7. line 14, thirteenth word is Belinda.

