## A GENEALOGY OF THE

## First Five Generations in America

OF

## The ILang Jamily

Descendants of ROBERT LANG, Fisherman, of the Isles of Shoals and of Sagamore Creek, Portsmouth, N. H. Born before 1650, Married, 1668, Ann Williams

WITH SOME NOTICES OF ALLIED SAGAMORE CREEK AND OTHER PORTSMOUTH FAMILIES

Williams Walford Brooring Wallis Staples
Peverly Sherburne Jones Savage Moses Jeffry Beck Banfield Etc.

## A Chart of the First Four Generations

A Chart of the First Seven Generations of Adult Male Langs
A Map of Sagamore Creek Family Homesteads

By
Howard Parker Moore

AUTHOR OF
Descendants of Ensign JOHN MOORE of Canterbury, N. H.
Born 1696, Died 1786 (Published 1gi8)

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## Cye

## Ilang

## family

IN LOVING AND GRATEFUL MEMORY of A

NOBLE GRANDMOTHER

DADGHTER OF
Lowell Lang, Jr., and Harriet Hills
Sanbornton, N. H.
AND WIFE OF
William H. Parker
Lowell, Mass.

## INTRODUCTION

FOR MORE than thirty years the present compiler collected LANG data. Frequently during the period notes were compared with the late Henry W. Hardon of New York, who, during the same time, was amassing a wealth of material. Mr. Hardon, a lawyer, highly talented, painstaking and an eminent genealogist, arranged just before his death in 1934 to have his manuscripts lodged in that event with the New Hampshire Historical Society at Concord.

Those who in fature years seek LANG data will find it there in the form of partly indexed type-written sheets with numerous collateral lines well explored. Descendants of (1) Robert as apart from (2) John are still kept separate owing to a doubt, until recent years, that they were father and son. Mr. Hardon finally believed that they were, a conviction shared by the compiler. For some 150 years after the scope of the present work, "The First Five Generations," the only compilation existing anywhere will be the Hardon manuscripts at Concord. A fature historian of the family would have only the physical work and financial outlay to finish, up to his or her period, from where Mr. Hardon left off, about 1910.

Three compilers have died, elderly, in the manuscript stage. In the fear that it might become a habit, the undersigned has felt that all the information of the first few generations would be appreciated by the living descendants, even if a definitive work of hundreds of pages, involving more years of work and probably thousands of dollars, should be postponed for other hands to carry on.

The narrative form has been used to humanize the events of the early LANGS in America, as was attempted by the author in his "Descendants of Ensign John Moor, born 1696, died 1786" (1918), also a Portsmouth boy, in the hope that a sustained interest might be created and a real LANG Genealogy of all the descendants be possible in the not too distant fature.

## THE LANG FAMILY IN ENGLAND

Cradled for centuries in beautiful Devonshire, of the reomanry of old England, a family without a coat of arms, it has carried out its traditions in the new world, rugged, patriotic, conservative, a sterling stock. In this, one of the least changing Shires of Britain, the Lang name is wide spread. Only a few of the hundreds of parish registers have yet been printed. In the future will some American Lang descendant be able to show us where Robert Lang was born and trace his forebearsi Published indexes of Wills give many Langs with Christian names common in the Colonies. Mr. Hardon once personally investigated but found the task too vast. Through the Rector of Combe-in-Teignhead, a parish with the longest list of wills, Richard Stephen Lang, head of the family holding the ancient estate of Gulmswell, was communicated with. Mr. Lang writes:

Our Lang family have a vault underneath the chu:ch which I believe was sealed up 60 or 70 years ago. The memorial stones which are laid on top of the vault have been so worn by people walking over them that the inscriptions on the earlier ones have become very indistinct. The earliest date that can be read is between 1500 and 1600 .

The derivation of the name Lang is left to another hand. By some it is considered a variation of the surname Long. Indifferent chirography on both sides has been responsible for occasional confusion.

In the "Complete Peerage" the name, Lang, is not found. In Walford's "County Families," three Langs only, two Sirs and an Esquire, no ancient lineage, none in Devon. In America there are also Scotch Langs but none of very early periods. Of Wills (or administrations) the parish of Combe-inTeignhead has 26, Stokeinteignhead 9, Faringdon 6, Kenn 3, Okehampton 2, Thorveton 2, South Tarton 3, Ailesbaire 2, Axminster 4, learing 24 parishes with one each, all before the year 1700 .

## CAPTAIN WILLIAM LANG OF PLYMOUTH (Eng.)

At Concord are the original papers of an interesting case. (Court papers 1678-80, p. 103.) On March 16, 1674, William Lang, mariner, of Plymouth, Devonshire, England, entered into an agreement, termed an Indenture, with one John Yeallond of East Allington, Devon., by which Yeallond agreed to-
dwell serve and abide with the said William Lang and his assigns in New England during the full time and term of forrer years to commence and begin from his the said John Yeallend's first urrival in New England aforesaid as he shall be ordered and appointed by the said William Lang and his assigns.

Lang was to provide passage to New England, meat, drink, lodging, washing and apparel and, at the end of the period, two suits of clothes and 40 shillings in money. Young men at this time frequently, to secure transpertation, bound themselves in this way. In the new land they would be at least as well furnished as at home, with some prospects in addition. Hundreds of the best settlers came in this way, often, in the records of the day, being called "servants." Their services could be assigned, so it was but a step to say that the men themselves were "sold." On July 3, 1675, William Lang mrote:

Received of John Odiorne nine quintalls of marchantable fish wh. is in full parment for a sarrant bought of Mr. Lang and for all other debts ders and damands from the beginning of the world to this day as witness my hand this 3rd of July, 1675.

There is also a deposition of one John Jabez as to the facts, which rould not have come to light but for failure of Odiorne to meet terms, Yeallond suing him "for detaining two suits of apparel and 40 shillings indented with William Lang and his assigns." We hear no more of Yeallond. Odiorne's Point (site of "Pannaway," first settlement in New Hampshire) was named for the family, which beran in 1671 with John Odiorne who then subscribed $£ 1$ toward Mr. Moody's ministry. Mary Odiorne was a church member in the list of "1671-1699."

In 1682 Captain William Lang was at the Isles of Shoals and left there with Roger Kelly, a merchant, prominent for many
years, an anchor, to be accounted for. Capt. Lang was also entrusted with papers by the Colony to be delivered in England.

## CAPTAIN JOHN LLANG

Lieut. Governor Partridge in Portsmouth was very particular to see that the reports of the Council meetings were transmitted to the English authorities. State Papers (2.272) show the scribe's memorandum, June 13, 1698 :

So far from the beginning of Lt. Gov. Partridge taking upon him ye Government are the Minutes of Council sent for England by Capt. Jno Lang.

Partridge's commission, signed by the Archbishop of Canterbury for the Crown was dated "26 June 8th year of our Reigne" and his first meeting was Oct. 14, 1697. Another entry of this period shows "Capt. John Lang took the minutes." Unless read in the light of the foregoing an inference might be had that John Lang was an inhabitant and had acted as Secretary or recorder. As John ${ }^{2}$ (Robert ${ }^{2}$ ) could not write his name it could not have applied to him anyway. Query, was Capt. John Lang a son or in any way a successor to Capt. William Lang of Plymouth?

## EARLY MASSACHUSETTS LANGS AND LONGS

In 1635 in Charlestown Robert Long was licensed but in 1637 was fined "for selling beare at 2d. a quart." In 1639 he was discharged for want of proof and in 1640 was again licensed. In Ipswich records, births, marriages and deaths show no Langs. Felt mentions that in 1648 Philip and Samuel Long were amonr the earliest settlers. A court record in 1651 gives Robert Lang as on the grand jury but in another place it is spelled Long. In Boston Jan. 28, 1683, John Wing went surety for Philip Lang, maulster, and his family. (Boston city Doc. 10: 79, "Admissions to the town 1670-1700.")


## THE LANG FAMILY IN AMERICA

Robert Lang, his Wife Ann Willunss, and their Children
The Chronology of the Lang family, a distinct pioneer line in America, beran with the date of a Court paper (Provincial Records of New Hampshire, now in the archives of the New Hampshire Historical Society at Concord) wherein the names of Robert Lang and Ann Williams were coupled. It is probable that about this date, namely, Aug. 19, 1668, they were married and that at this period, Robert was the only Lang in America.
On March 16, 1670, Robert was of the Isles of Shoals and a fisherman for such was his description in a deed (3.188a) when Robert Townsend sold him the land that he (Townsend) had bought of Christopher Jose on Sagamore Creek, Portsmouth, the lot being next to the premises of Henry Savage and of Richard Goss and 26 rods wide on the creek and 80 rods deep; which would comprise about 14 acres.
Robert was probably a very young man, 20 to 25 years old, when he bought this piece of the soil of the new world. From his occupation, fisherman, it is evident he did not come to the colony as a settler. Doubtless his status at the Shoals was as casual as his business. From the earliest times, beginning not long after 1600, young men, principally from the West of England and the Channel ports, were engaged to fish and to cure their catches by the adventurous owners of the small craft placed at the risk of the elements and the occasional risk of the savages.
The men, like the ships, were coming and going during those early days, leaving few records save the fateful one of quarrels and the sedate transfers of land titles. From about 1630 till about 1680, a long period, the Isles of Shoals were the headquarters for a very active fishing business with the necessary trade to support it. Fish were brought in from near and far, dressed and dried on racks or "stages," salted or packed in brine with salt brought from the West Indies. It was a hard life and many were a hard lot. The administration of English common law was maintained with difficulty. Gradually men of pur-
pose and worth outnumbered and outstayed the rest and, in connection with those on the main land, slowly founded New Hampshire's thriving sea-port, Portsmouth, the seat of the Colonial Government.

How long Robert Lang was at the Isles of Shoals we know not. From these beautiful small islands, some fire miles out in the shallow ocean from the beaches of the coast, he removed to an inner inlet of the sea, called Sagamore Creek, reached by a partly sheltered bay, named from early days, Little Harbor, a haven during the months of the stormy and cold seasons from the greater perils of the isles. Early as Robert Lang was at Sagamore Creek others had preceded him by nearly or quite a quarter century. Sergeant John Moses was there on the sonth side of the creek when in 1648 Robert Davis was granted a "lot by common consent next poynt rest of John Moysis." In 1651 Ambrose Lanne could fell any timber "for use of his mills in Sagamore Creek." Henry and Ann Beck were next to Moses, close by on a billock to the West, as early as 1657 and in 1660 Edward Bickford had bought a house and lot. The Jones family was there and Richard Goss. It remained a settlement of a few inter-related families, never very populous, but where fishing might be safely combined with husbandry, near enough to the closely built settlements of Strawberry Bank and Great Island (Neweastle) for the boys to obtain schooling during the winter and the families of the settlers have continuous church privileges. At a meeting of the charch, March 22, 1678, Tythingmen were appointed, "honest men to see and inspect their neighbors" for preventing drunkenness and disorders and for other purposes. Mr. Wallis was for the longest list, 21 in number of families, which Brewster in his "RAMBLES" thought was around Sagamore creek as it included Serg. Moses, Robert Lange and Goodman Goss. Sergeant Brewster had (the Rambler thought, for those between the creek and the Plains) Henry Savage. William Brooking, \&e. The line between the two overseers appears to have been drawn at the road leading from the Creek to the town.

In 1678 Robert was the only Lang on the lists of the tythingmen and was undoubtedly the only Lang in the town, none of his children being over 10 years of age.

Whether Robert Lang met Ann Williams at the Shoals or on the main land cannot be told. Between 1668 and 1670 is but a short period. During it they had made their plans for a future home on Sagamore Creek. Probably one or two children were already born to them. In Portsmouth in 1671 the list of those Who paid for the support of the minister contained the name of Robert Lang. Until 1714 there was only one meeting house and it was located on the Lang's side of Portsmouth, at the head of South Street just at the bridge over Capt. Pickering's mill pond into Strawberry Bank proper. After the North Church was formed the original became the South Church. The minister at this time was the Rev. Joshua Moody. It was his "first ministry" from 1658 to 1684 . In the latter year he removed to Boston. His records, if any, of this period have been lost. This, of course, is most regrettable. Mr. Moody came back to Portsmouth in 1693 and remained until his death, July 4, 1697. In the church "list 1671-1697" no Lang, Williams, Brooking, Wallis or Staples appears. Exact dates do not show for each entry. In the "admissions"' to the church (N. H. Gen. Record III, pages 49 to 56) with the date set agrainst nearly every name, none of the above names appears. Likewise for the "baptisms"; none. It is very interesting to find that in Women's pew No. 7 was Robert Lange's wife, in men's pew No. 3, William Williams and in men's pew No. 7, Lewis Williams and Robert Lange. In Devonshire, Eng., records of this time some of the families were spelled Lang and some Lange, with an intended distinction, if any, now meaningless to us.

Let as see what was roing on daring this period. It has been estimated that by 1680 there were about 3000 people in the Province of New Hampshire which comprised, as principal places, Portsmouth, Dover, Exeter and Hampton, and included numerous settlements in betreen and outlying, this number including men, women and children and some few slares. At this time Robert Mason was the "Lord Proprietor" without much standing in fact, and in 1682 Edward Crandall became his "Governor." In the next year great dissatisfaction obtained and Edward Gove of Hampton was tried for "rebellion against the Governor's continuous usurpations." In 1685 Crandall went home to England. In 1686 Sir Edmund Andros was made

Governor of all New England. There was continual trouble until, in 1692, Samuel Allen was the Governor with John Usher as his Lieutenant for New Hampshire. In 1697, William Partridge, brother of John Partridge, a Portsmonth man, was Lieut. Governor, followed by Usher, and in 1699, for a few months, by the Earl of Bellomont. The Crown and Council in England were appealed to over and over again during this stormy governmental period. The rights, privileges and liabilities of the common citizens were in a state of flux. Nevertheless English ideas of justice were being enforced in the minor courts and the doings of the period in this respect are now reflected in a marvelous way through the seemingly miraculous preservation of some 25,000 documents. These priceless papers, mostly relating to court actions, both civil and criminal, found, some quarter of a century ago, in the attic of the court house at Exeter, where they had been stored from some remote period in colonial history, were by Act of the Legislature, filed first in the office of the Secretary of State at Concord, where the principal titles were indexed and are now to be found in the vault of the New Hampshire Historical Society's fire-proof building at Concord, where complete card catalogues are provided. These papers supplement as nothing else can the infrequent recordings of births, marriages and deaths in the various towns previous to 1700 and, in some places, after that. The Lang family is no exception to the rule requiring Genealogists of Portsmouth lines to reconstruct them with the atmost care, sometimes obtaining the final results by the reluctant exercise of judgment following the weighing of all available facts in the most patient way.


## ROBERT LANG

In spite of the meager records of Portsmonth and its environs in those days we have no less than 18 transactions or mention of Robert Lang in various town, church or provincial documents. By them we can, in part, visualize his career. Before recounting these dates and events it should be stated that we have not the great advantage of a Will of Robert at his death in 1716, whereby the names of his children and other facts would become manifest.

Who were the children of Robert Lang and Ann Williams? First, we know that a son, Stephen, was made Administrator of his estate. We also know that he sold land to son, Nathaniel. As will be seen later, John Lang was doubtless his son. It is hardly possible that a certain Benjamin Lang was; considered later. We are quite confident that Mary Lang and Deliverance Lang were Robert Lang's daughters. A preponderance of evidence brings us to such conclusions.

On June 20, 1677, the following document was executed (recorded, N. H. Deeds 3-138a) and entered in the records in this fashion:

Robert Lang of Marcella, merchant, from Richard Catt, Estate of, by Cutt, Elianor et al, Executors, Bond to indemnify said Lang on account of any of Cutts estate left in his hands by Edward Cowell of Portsmonth, late master of the ship DOLPHIN.
Captain Richard Cutt, one of three Catt brothers, the leading men in the colony, died in 1676 leaving widow Eleanor and two daughters, Mrs. Margaret Vaughan and Mrs. Bridget Daniel (later Graffort), his will, proved June 27, 1676, giving them "shipinge or what else due mee in any Pt of the world." The division of his estate, Oct. 10, 1677, awarded "ye Shiping being forthwith prizd by Indifferent men as Money ye Same to be Equally Divided Between ye Executrixes; Mrs. Cutt having liberty to make ye first Choice Except they shal mutually Agree to Continue In Partnership in them or any of them-" (N. H. Prob. Rec. I. 166).

Cutt was an extensive ship owner and made his will (about a year before he died) knowing that to try to enumerate his
maritime interests as owner or part owner of boats would be futile. Edward Cowell of Portsmouth (house owner there in 1677, bought in 1670) died Master of the ship DOLPHIN, widow $\Delta$ gnes granted administration, Oct. 31, 1677. (Their granddaughter, Catherine, daughter of their son, Samuel, married July 4, 1718, Robert Lang, son of Nathaniel and grandson of Robert Lang the first.) Evidently Robert Lang handled some of the cargo of the DOLPHIN and hence his appellation "merchant," a term otherwise not found applied to him, as also the local description "of Marcella," a name not of sufficient moment to have survived.

The Bond indicates that Robert Lang was in position to require indemnity FROM the Estate and that he was a responsible party. Would that we could know more of this interesting business enterprise!

Between 1668 and 1684 all the children of Robert Lang were born. Baptismal records are lacking for this period as well as town records. For a long period we know nothing of Robert Lang or of his family. The few "lists" preserved of Portsmouth and Neweastle (the latter as Great Island, the seat of the colonial government at the time) do not show Robert or Ann, his wife. Not until 1690 do we find him again. In the "Strawberry Bank Rate" he is listed (see Portsmouth town records, present Vol. I). In the next year, 1691, he is in the "Portsmouth poor rate" meaning he was taxed to support the poor. In 1693, as we have seen, "Robert Lange" and "Robert Lange's wife" had seats in the meeting house. The assignments were made by a committee of the prominent men of the church and are now believed to have included about all of the inhabitants of Portsmouth at the time. excepting only sojourners and other nonadmitted people. (See Brewster's RAMBLES, 1st Series, Vol. I. Page 56.)

In 1684 Robert Lang was interested as one of many debtors of Thomas Ladbrook's estate in Portsmouth (Libbey I. 16). He owed the estate 16 shillings (no further details).

The next date we find anything pertaining to Robert Lang is 1693, when, according to court papers (now at Concord) one John Wainwright obtained a writ, alleging that Robert Lang withheld a sum of money; 2 pounds 8 shillings
and 4 pence. It was an action about fish, a dispute the outcome of which is not recorded. This was 25 years after we first hear of Robert Lang and is the only instance coming to our knowledge of even a minor involvement. He had evidently settled into a quiet home life, still living in his first house at Sagramore Creek, buying and selling no real estate.

If his own affairs were quiet the times were not. Conditions even around Sagamore Creek were not very secure. In 1675 the long King Philip's war had begun, but locally it was not until 1689 that the Indians killed 20 settlers at Oyster River (Durham), and four years later, 1693, at the same place, no less than 94 people were killed or captured. The few colonists around Sagamore Creek on Jone 26, 1696, were threatened by an Indian raid originating from York, Me. The red men landed in canoes on Sandy Beach (now Rye), very close to Sagamore Creek, killing 14 people. At a place afterward called Breakfast Hill four of the prisoners were rescued as the Indians stopped for a while after the massacre, but the body of Indians got safely back to their canoes and escaped. Due to being on the Portsmouth side of the Creek, rather than the south side, the Langs and their neighbors were probably safer from imminent danger.

On Jan. 5, 1695/6, Mary Lang married Peter Staples, Jr., of Kittery, Me. She named a son, Robert and a daughter, Ann. Her age would easily indicate her as a daughter of Robert Lang and Ann Williams. There was no other Lang family to be found and no other Mary is mentioned in this period. Stackpole in his "Old Eittery and her Families" gives this marriage and the offspring but, curiously, prints the name "Long," a palpable error, either in reading or in copying. In a curious Court paper at Concord, Mary Lang on July 7, 1693, was "very ill and indisposed" when she presented her petition. In 1694 in another Court case she is again referred to on the same subject.

We hear of Robert Lang next in 1698 when he did "horsework," that is, was hired with his horses, for the repairs on Fort William and Mary. He was paid (State papers 17.580). It was in this year that his son, Nathaniel "of the Isles of Shoals," bought his $91 / 2$ acres of land on Sagamore Creek of William and Abigail Cotton of Portsmouth, adjoining his
father's land. As he was probably over 21 years of age his birth by 1677 would be indicated.

The first we hear of the existence of Stephen Lang is in 1699 when we find on the church list "Stephen Langes wife." As early as 1694 we hear of John Lang when, in company with John Savage, a neighbor on Sagamore Creek, John Lang went on a bond for his wife's mother, Mary Brooking, the widow of William Brooking, also a Sagamore Creek family. In the next year, 1695, Grace, the wife of John Lang, was summoned to appear at Quarter Sessions Court. So John Lang was probably born by 1674 and perhaps much earlier, even by 1668. Grace Brooking, the daughter of William Brooking and Mary Walford (daughter of Thomas Walford), was one of a family of five children, all girls. The Brooking farm was next to that of John Savage on the north side of the Creek. John Lang's farm adjoined on the north, having then or, later, in some way, access to the creek itself (see "landing place" and diagram, N. H. State Papers 32.682), while easterly of the BrookingSavage places was the homestead of Robert Lang. Mary Walford's sister, Elizabeth, was the wife of Henry Savage, father of John Savage. These people were all close neighbors on the north side of Sagamore Creek.
Stephen, Nathaniel, John and Mary Lang have been noticed and it remains to consider two more names as Robert Lang's children, namely Benjamin and Deliverance. It seems unnecessary to place a Robert Lang, taxed in Portsmoath from 1716 till 1737, as a son of Robert the first, as Mr. Hardon was inclined to conclude. Robert Lang also witnessed a deed in 1714/15 in York. These may easily be indications of Robert, the first son of Nathaniel Lang, this Robert being born as early as 1697. There are no records to indicate the existence of any other Robert in Portsmouth or vicinity at this time, except, of course, Robert the first comer, who was alive until 1716.
Mr. Hardon was, perhaps, more inclined to believe in the existence of a Robert (who could, if existent, have only been the son of the original Robert), because it was impossible to find parents for two Langs, namely;

[^0]2 Joseph, who had in 1731, wife, Mary, and 3 children baptised 1731 to 1743 in the South Church, Portsmoutb.

But, of course, Jeremiah and Joseph might have been sons of one or more of the known children of Robert the first. Jeremiah might have been born from 1700 to 1705 and Joseph from 1710 to 1715. They are neither likely to have been sons of John, for John's will accounted for his children, with apparent completeness. But we have no wills of Nathaniel or Stephen. If sons of Nathaniel, the Lang Manuscript compiled by Edward Symnes Lang, 1800, would have mentioned them, the list being since verified, except as to a Benjamin, not mentioned, and the same is true of Stephen, Nathaniel's brother, without exception.
As to Jeremiah he might have been an outsider, not connected with the Portsmouth family at all, or his name might have been recorded incorrectly. The fact that we have only the one indication of his existence (marriage 1723 to Hannah Towle and no Towle family verification of her), justifies us in dropping the Jeremiah; who is not found to have had any children. But this course is not justified with regard to Joseph. His parentage must remain conjectural. He could have been, in point of time, son of John, of Nathaniel or of Robert. John's daughter, Mary, and William Adams named a son Joseph, in 1734. Likewise John's daughter, Dorothy and John Mills, named a son, Joseph, but children of Nathaniel and Stephen did not use the name.

What we know of Joseph Lang of Portsmouth should be given here and in the hope that something to classify him may yet be found:

Joseph Lang renewed his baptismal vows, probably on coming of age, March 11, 1732/3 (which would indicate his birth as close to March, 1712) in the South Church, Portsmouth, and he was living in the South Parish in 1737 (N. H. State papers, 13.251). In 1731 he had a wife, Mary, doubtless the Mary Lang who was "received into covenant" April 11, 1731, and "reeeived" May 2, 1731, into the South Church, as no other Mary Lang would be available in our records. Supposedly the same Joseph Lang married, Dec. 25, 1734, Eleanor, daughter of John Jackson and Abigail Beck, born Portsmouth. Twenty years
later, Aug. 10, 1759, an Eleanor Lang married Joseph Moses (Reg. 82. 292). April 1, 1739, Eleanor Lang had been received into the South Church. So Joseph Lang was dead by 1759. He and Mary had one child; he and Eleanor two:
i Esther, bapt. Aug. 29, 1731.
ii Joseph, bapt. - 1743. In 1813 a Joseph Lang of Portsmouth, housewright, and wife, Mary, gave a deed (255.377). There is no Joseph in N. H., 1790 census.
iii John ("son of Joseph"), bapt. Nov. 1, 1743.
Under No. 20, William ${ }^{5}$ Lang (Stephen², Robert ${ }^{1}$ ) Joseph is considered as a possible very early child of Bridget Eldridge and the William Lang who appeared before the Rev. Hugh Adams in 1714 and were married. In that case Joseph must have married very early also to have had wife, Mary, in 1731. This hypothesis, of course, necessarily leaves Jeremiah, above referred to, unaccounted for, as he had a wife (Hannah Towle) in 1723, and was born too early to have been offspring of Wm. Lang and Bridget.

From 1714 until 1731, when Wm. Lang married Lucy Bennett, he being about 30 and she 28 , is a long period. Part of it may have been the period of early wedded life, and the birth of one or more children, before the decease of the wife, Bridget; a name, however, never used by the Langs.

Of Benjamin Lang we know that he was taxed in Portsmouth in the single year, 1719. He is in the "poor rate" and of those property owners living "below the mill" (that is, South of Capt. Pickering's mill at the dam near the church), and his name occurs next to that of Robert Lang (meaning Robert, son of Nathaniel, the first Robert having died in 1716). Together a little further down the list of names are found those of Nathaniel, Stephen and John Lang. As Benjamin does not appear on the rolls of $1720,1721,1722,1723$, we can assume that his name may have been a mistake altogether and conclude that at least he owned no property in town in any other than the taxable year, 1719. Province Deeds do not show his name buying or selling real estate. Thus we may be justified in disregarding Benjamin as a possible son of Robert Lang and Ann Williams, though, tentatively, Mr. Hardon so included him.

Benjamin Lang, "shipright" in 1746 will be noticed under Benjamin (No. 24) son of Nathaniel (son of Robt.) in connection with the Banfield family.

The remaining child, Deliverance Lang, has rather more flesh and blood, thongh her parentage is necessarily conjectural. She married, Feb. 5th, 1712/3, John Peverly (see Peverly Genealogy, 1927, by Henry W. Hardon), who was born "about 1688." In July, 1713 (N. H. Gen. Rec. 4. 50) Deliverance Lang with 4 other women were received into the church, a date clearly after she was Deliverance Peverly, but probably due to a grouping in the record, as the next previous admissions were apparently in 1709, some 4 years before. Peverly, according to Hardon, was marrying at about the age of 25 . It is probable she was marrying at about the usual age, 18 to 20 , though brides of 15 or so were only too common at the time. If Deliverance were born between 1688 and 1697 she would have been from 24 to 15 years old when married. These dates are about 10 years too late for children of Robert Lang and Ann Williams, and rather too early to have her considered as a child of John, Stephen or Nathaniel, and there are no convenient early "gaps" in which to lodge, pro tem, a Deliverance. Then, too, the name is not one occurring in the Portsmouth Lang families. She might have been a cousin from England or no relative at all. Her own name was not given to either of her girls, Temperance and Ann, the latter the same as that of Robert's wife, Ann Williams, though the name Ann was common. Is it possible that her name was Temperance and not Deliverance? John and William, names of two of the sons of John Peverly and his wife, were Portsmouth Lang names. Tentatively we should place Deliverance Lang as the danghter of Robert and Ann and born about 1688, so making allowance for a late child. The parents, however, would have been only about 40 years old by 1690.

With the possibility that one or more children were born and died in infancy, the following represents our present idea of the children of Robert Lang and Ann Williams:

1 i John, born by 1673 (1694 on bond of wife's mother).
2 ii Nathaniel, born by 1676 (1718, son, Rob't. married).
3 iii Stephen, born by 1678 (1699, wife on church list).

4 iv Mary, born by 1680 (1696, first child, Mary, born).
5 V Deliverance, born by 1684 (1713, married).
Continuing our study chronologically of the life of Robert Lang, we find nothing about him from 1698 to 1712, a period of 14 years. He seems not to have been a witness to the execution of deeds or wills, perhaps because he could not write his name, for he always signed by "his mark." His early education had been no worse than most of the hardy pioneers. He and his wife, Ann, saw to it that even during the early difficulties of schooling in the new colony their children secured some education and that all of them learned to write, except John, supposedly the eldest and the one having limited opportunities.
In the Portsmouth records of 1712,1713 and 1714 Robert Lang appears as a "culler of fish," a necessary minor office. The Portsmouth town book No. 2, at page 41, records the grant of a part of the "common" lands to him, and on Dec. 28, 1713, "Robert Lang of Portsmonth, fisherman," deeded to "loveing son, Nathaniel" 14 acres of "a common laid out to Robert Lang." This was his last act of record. Whether his wife, Ann, was then living we do not know, bat she did not join him in the deed.

Robert Lang died Feb. 16, 1715/16. He was upwards of 65 years of age as he must have been born before 1650, according to the reference to him and Ann Williams in 1668. How much before 1650 we can only conjecture, putting it, for the sake of putting something, as 1648 , making him 20 years old on the first date of which we are certain.
Robert Lang had doubtless had a very hard life, one of toil and of few notable events. The constantly recurring hazards of the sea were to him day-to-day incidents. As the head of a corsiderable family he did his share, in a modest way, in the development of the chief place in New Hampshire. He seems to have been free from quarrels and to have kept out of trouble. The Colony records are full enough of dispates, law-suits and moral lapses of all sorts, to indicate by their absence in his case that he was, in those rough days, a man of more than ordinary care and prudence.

At Concord, the archives of the State, in the castody of the New Hampshire Historical Society, hold three original papers concerning the estate of Robert Lang. The first is as follows:

Province of New Hampshire, by the Honourable Richd. Waldron, Esq., Judge of Probate, of Wills and granting Letters of administration within His Majesties Province aforessid, etc.:

To Capt. Tobias Langdon \& Mr. Thomas Beck, both of the town of Portsmonth in this Province, Gentlemen, GRDETING,

Whereas Mr. Robert Lang, Senr. late of the town of Portsmouth, Deceased, haveing while he lived and at the time of his death goods, Chattels, Rights and Credits in the Province aforesaid Dyed leaveing behinde him a Will with a Competent estate which will had been Proved and Approved Administration of which is granted unto Stephen Lang Sole Executor of the Deceased Estate in order therefore the said Stephen Lang may administrator according to law. These are therefore to Authorize and Impower you the said Capt. Tobias Langdon \& Mr. Thomas Beck to Vallue and Apprize the said deceased Estate to the best of your skill and knowledge without having favor or affection to any person and take an inventory of the Same and to Return the Inventory upon oath into the Registers Office of Probate of Wills for said Province on or before the fifth day of May next insueing the date hereof and to bring the Warrant of apprizement with you and in Soe doing this shall be Jour Sufficient Warrent. Sealed with the Seal of the said Court dated at Portsmouth the 5 day of March Anno Domino 1715/16.

By order of the Judge
R. Gerrishy, Register.

The second document in the envelope of the original papers is the BOND: March 5, 1715/16. Appointed Administrator estate of his father-Bond signed by Stephen Lang, William Wallis, fisherman, and Capt. John Pickering, Gentleman, in the amount of two hundred pounds sterling.

The third document is:
An Enventory of the goods and chattels of Robbort Lang deceased fabrare $y^{\circ} 16,1715 / 16$ being in the castedy of his Son Steven Lang administrator of the Estate and having requested Tobias Langdon and Thomas Beack to apries this estate we do pries as follows whare unto we have under subscribed, March the $27,1715 / 16$.

The first half-dozen items are : "fust ye housing, 12sh." "13 acres of upland with orchard, $£ 50$." "one cow with young calf and 9 sheep, $£ 9$ " "two gees, 2 fowles, 5 sh." "one churn,
one sider mille, $£ 2$ " " 4 barrls of sidor, $£ 2$." The rest of the items are (omitting prices and using the spelling of the present time): 7 empty barrels, 4 tubs, half a hogshead bacon, 3 dry casks, 1 keg, 8 bags, 2 open boxes, one old musket, 2 small iron pots, 1 iron crow (bar), 2 old ares, one hatchet, 1 trammel, 2 quintals codfish, $1 / 2$ quintal skall (1), 2 oil gares (9), one old frying pan, 1 earthern porringer, 1 pewter plate, 1 beetle, 4 wedges, 1 hand saw, 3 old coats, 1 jacket, 2 old waistcoats, 1 pair breeches, 1 pair stockings, money (E18 10sh.), 1 psalm book, 1 note book, 1 small book, 2 open chests, 1 pair snow shoes, 1 old drawing knife, 1 feather bed, 2 coverlids, 3 blankets, 2 sheets, 2 bolsters, 1 table cloth, 2 napkins, 1 shirt, 1 coat, 1 pair breeches, 2 old chests, 1 pair stockings, 1 pair homespun curtains and bedstead, 3 glass bottles, 1 wine glass, money ( $£ 311 \mathrm{sh}$. ), 3 small pewter plates, 1 old basin, 1 plate, 1 chamber pot, 1 quart, 1 cup, 1 earthern platter, 1 basin, 1 mag, 3 plates, one "bibell," 4 sh., 1 tunnel, 1 half-bushel, 1 wooden platter, 1 charn, 1 mortar, 1 bell, 1 wooden dish, 5 low chairs, 1 grid iron, tongs, chaffing dish, 2 spoons, 5 bushels "engen korn" (Indian corn), 42 lbs. pork, 1 bushel barley, $1 / 2$ bushel wheat, $11 / 2$ peck peas, 1 homespun coat.

Portsmonth May y* 31716
Tobias Langdon \& Thomas Beek personally appearing before me Richard Waldron, Esq- made oath that they Vallned all the Estate Real and Personall mentioned in this Inventory to the best of their skill and knowledge without favor Affection to any person.

Richard Waidron, Judge of Probate.
Portsmouth May y* 31716
Stephen Lang Administrator of the estate of his Fa; Robert Lang personally appearing before me Richard Waldron Esq. made oth that what is contained in this Inventory is all the estete of the Deceased that has yet come to his hands and if any more may be found or come to his hands that he will bring an acct. of the Same into the Registers Office that it may be aded to this Inventory.

Richard Waldron, Judge of Probate.
The Will not being with the other original papers in the envelope may possibly be accounted for by the burning of the residence of the Hon. Richard Waldron at Portsmouth Plains in the year 1745, regarding which Adams in his ANNALS of Portsmouth says, "Most of the records of the Probate Court and
many other public papers" were accidentally destroyed. It is possible that the will was retained for some reason by the Judge and that the other papers were with the Register in Portsmouth and so escaped destruction.

The words "in the custedy of" in connection with the goods and chattels of Robert Lang probably means that Stephen, the son, not having a separate property, was living with his father in the 45 -year-old house that Robert originally acquired with the property, 13 acres (the same in the inventory of 1716). So all the property, real and personal, was actually in his possession. Even though he was not the eldest son it was natural that the father should have appointed Stephen his Executor and it is also quite possible that he willed the property to Stephen.
In the inventory the word "upland" doubtless indicated arable land as distinct from marsh. It is interesting that there was an orchard. To undertand the writing of the two appraisers, leading citizens of Portsmouth though they were, one must read with a strong sense of the sound rather than the spelling. One wishes that the "bibell" and the "old mousket" the "psalm book" and the note book might have been spared the ravages and spoilation of Time.

Even at the absurdly low valuations usual to inventories it seems that he had a comfortable amount of property. If he lived with his son Stephen there was, doubtless, a goodly amount of other household furnishings, not inventoried because he did not own them. He seems not to have had a horse or anything in the line of vehicles. If there were boats it is likely they were his son's. Strangely a house was absent by name, for the words "fust $\mathrm{y}^{6}$ housing" at 12 shillings must have referred to some small building he was considered to have owned separately from the residence which is plainly not inventoried and must have been, in some manner, Stephen's. For the times and his station in life Robert Lang had a comfortable bit of money about him, 18 pounds, 10 shillings in one place and three pounds 11 shillings separately itemized. Many estates of much greater total value in those times showed hardly any cash on hand.

The place of burial of Robert Lang and of his wife, Ann, is not known. It may have been in the "Point of Graves," that
ancient lot in Portsmouth at the edge of the harbor where so many of the pioneers of an earlier period were laid to rest and where so few stones remain. When Locke published, about 1900, his lists there were no Lang-inscribed stones to be found in Portsmouth or Newcastle previous to that of Capt. Daniel Lang, d. 1757.

Withal we know quite a little of Robert Lang; considerably less of his wife, Ann Williams. We cannot help realizing that he must have been a tough, weather-beaten old salt and that she was a hard-working, self-sacrificing wife and mother. No one of the present day can appreciate the hardships and vicissitudes that their ancestors, Robert and Ann, endured. They passed on leaving the name LLANG to be borne by uncounted thousands of descendants, most of whom do not even know the names of their first ancestors in America.

From whence did Robert Lang come to the vicinity of Portsmouthy Let us give the words of the Lang Manuscript for what they are worth.

The following list was copied from several old manuscripts Salem, Massachusetts, March, 1800, by Edward Symnes Lang. Re-copied 1818. My father (Edward Lang) thinks that the first of his family came from Scotland: but we can find no record of any of the name preceding Nathaniel Lang who was born in Portsmouth, at Sagamore Creek, and Stephen Lang, his brother, who lived at Little Harbor near Portsmonth, years unknown.

As Edward Lang was born in 1742 and lived until 1830 his family tradition should have been credible as to the immediate ancestry of his grandfather, Nathaniel Lang. But, strange to say, similar traditions as to place of origin or even nationality, have frequently been found erroneous. In this case Edward Lang, born 1742, never heard of his great grandfather, Robert Lang, and does not mention his grandmother, Elizabeth, or her family name. The two lines of Nathaniel and of Stephen, his brother, were quite evidently handed down by means of certain "old manuscripts" that were substantially correct, comprising names of children and whom they married, by generations, bringing down the record to the last date, 1826. Obviously the earlier items would be less reliable than the later, the more
recent portions amounting to a "family record" such as it often taken from Bibles. It is apparent that the compilers of the "several old manuscripts" made little or no attempt to consult Coloaial records, old deeds and wills, or other reliable and available sources. They would have discovered all that we know of Robert Lang and his wife, Ann, and of the next generation!
"From Scotland" was probably no part of the "old manuscripts" but the thought of Edward Lang in 1818 when he was 76 years old and his son was re-copying.

In the middle of the nineteenth century elderly Langs in Sanbornton, N. H., told Runnels, compiling one of the best of all town histories, that it was believed that the family (of John Lang) was of English origin. This has been the general idea and is the opinion of the present compiler as it was of the skilled worker, Mr. Henry Winthrop Hardon, who made, in Devonshire, some personal searches into the numerons Lang families there.

## WHO WAS ANN WILLLAMS

Briefly, in the absence of anything definite, about the best we can do is to conclude that she was the daughter of Thomas Williams of Portsmouth and his wife, Ann. All we have of Thomas is that in 1645 he was granted "Clampering Island" and that in 1649 he resigned his title to Richard King. Hackett, in his transcription of the first book of records, with commentaries (1886) believed that to be what is now Leach's Island. In 1670 Thomas and Ann Williams sued Richard Cutt for refusing to let them have one-third of a house which had belonged to her former husband, Thomas Warnerton, who it is well known was killed in a fracas in Maine in 1644. In 1643 Warnerton (or Wannerton) was in court for striking his wife Ann with a chair. Governor Winthrop wrote of him that he had been a soldier for many years and had lived very wickedly. Folsom's "SACO" gives John Jocelyn's statement of his return to England in 1630 in the FELLOWSHIP. "Several of my friends came to bid me farewell, among others Captain Thomas Warnerton (of Pascataqua) who drank to me a pint of kill-devil, alias Rhum, at a draught." Warnerton had certain official status in
the colony, is mentioned as having succeeded "Gov." Francis Williams after the latter was placed in charge, probably like a steward, of the remains of Mason's colony at Piscataqua, late in 1632. (See Savage, Libby, Stackpole, Brewster, Belknap, et al.) Francis Williams, "an honorable man," left the colony for Barbadoes in 1645 after the Massachusetts Bay colony had inquired into his buying a negro slave against their regulations. We do not know who Ann, the wife of Warnerton, was or where she came from, whether with him when he arrived or if he met her in the colony. As she may have been the ancestor of the Robert Lang children, this is regrettable. If Thomas Williams (who probably had no connection with "Gov." Francis Williams) married Ann Warnerton soon after her husband's death in 1644, they might easily have had, by 1650, an Ann, who was the one who married Robert Lang in 1688. Portsmouth records are so fragmentary, meaning vital statistics of both church and state, at this period, that we can only note that Lewis Williams and William Williams were seated in the meeting house in March, 1693/4, and that Lewis was in the same pew with Robert Lang. Were they brothers-in-law in 1678 a Robert Williams was on a list of land owners but was not in the church 15 years later. Lewis Williams' wife was in the same pew with Goody Brookings, a relative by marriage of the Langs and a near neighbor. The identities of other Williams in the colonies have been carefully examined and afford no clnes. Space forbids further elaboration. The Williams families in New England later became very numerous and were in many cases unrelated. It was a common name.

1 John ${ }^{2}$ Lang (Robert²), was the most prominent of the children of Robert and Ann Lang and the eldest. Born as early as 1673 , possibly soon after his father and mother were mentioned in 1668, he is first heard of in 1695 . He was probably of age when he and John Savage, living across the narrow road leading up from Sagamore Creek to the town, in that year gave a bond to the Court as sureties of John Lang's mother, Mary, the widow of William Brookin, or Brooking, a family living just west of the Savages. From this date (March, 1694/5) until long after his death in 1752 we have abundant documentary
and other evidence of John Lang of Portsmouth. He married Grace Brookin before 1695, for on June 1st in that year a summons was issued by the Clerk of Quarter Sessions to "Grace, the wife of John Lang" (N. H. Ct. Pap. 1695, p. 3). As the name of John Lang was not on the church list in 1693, as seated in the meeting house, he had, possibly, not attained his majority then.

## THE THOMLAS WALFORD AND WILLIAM BROOKIN FAMILIES

As Thomas Walford and his wife Jane (or Jean) may be the earliest ancestors of most of the Lang Descendants a brief account of them will be of interest. Born about 1590, probably in Devonshire or the West of England, Thomas Walford, whose family name became extinct here in the third generation through lack of male heirs, appeared in the new world in 1623 as one of the Robert Gorges company at Wessagusset (Mass.) where Thomas Weston, Pilgrim MLAYFLOWER financier, failed in his 1622 colony. Frothingham's CHARLESTOWN (1845) recounts that John Greene wrote, 1664, in their first book of records how Ralph, Richard and William Sprague in 1628, exploring from the Salem settlement to the south-west came to a place "on a neck of land full of stately timber" called by the Indians MISHAWUM (Charlestown) "where they found but one English pallisadoed and thatched house wherein lived Thomas Walford, a smith." Frothingham placed it slightly up from the river (Charles) on the southerly slope of Breed's hill, northwesterly from the redoubt crowning Bunker's Hill. Surrounded by Indians, with whom he was friendly, Walford had built his home, English style, surrounded it with a palisade. biding his time, probably the only one there of the colony Gorges left when he returned to England. In the Summer of 1630 there was a great scene on the arrival of the ships conveying the Massachusetts Bay colony, a fine historical picture, when they camped down near Walford with their goods and there began the settlements which, in the next rear took in Cambridge, Watertown and the other neck of land they called Boston. Walford little knew what was in store for him. They had bought from the holders of the larger grant (from King

James in 1620 to the Council of Plymouth, Eng.) a patent of all the land between 3 miles North of the Merrimack and 3 miles South of the Charles. The rights of Gorges to what the Council had sold him, Dec. 30, 1622, did not prove debatable to Walford. Would there have been serious tronble had he been supine in his religion? He was doughty, defended his rights, became the first to suffer in the Puritan commonwealth. In 1631 he was fined $£ 10$ and with his wife was "enjoined to depart out of the limits of this patent before the 20th October next under pain of confiscation of goods for his contempt for authority and confronting officers." A month later he was fined $\mathbf{f 2}$ and "paid for it by killing a wolf." As late as Sept. 3, 1633, it was ordered that "goods of Thomas Walford shall be sequestered and remain in the hands of Ancient Gennison to satisfy the debts he owes in the Bay to several persons." When and how Walford, his wife and probably a child or two, Episcopalian ontcasts in an unyielding Puritan oligarchy, departed and found a welcome at Portsmouth is not known. Brewster says that the Episcopal church was founded there before 1638 and that it continued nntil the Puritans at Boston (whose title had become extended) in 1642 stopped the minister, the Rev. Richard Gibson. 1640, the earliest record preserved, shows Thomas Walford and Henry Sherburne as the Wardens of this, the only church. They were associated for many years and when Walford made his will "of perfect memory but very sick and weak" in November, 1666, he asked that his body be buried "in the burying place near mr. Henry Sherburns" which was probably near Little Harbor. The ground probably held Sherburne's young children who died before 1660, in which year Walford lost his only son, Jeremiah or Jeremy, the latter's will being witnessed by Henry Sherburne, a younger man than Thomas Walford for in 1665 he deposed that he was in his 57th year ; born about 1609. In 1640 Thomas Walford had lands on Great Island, in 1649 giving all his rights there to son "except those already granted to Alexander Jones" probably the Jones his daughter, Hannah, married. Soon after this he began assembling his estate at the head of Sagamore Creek. His Neweastle house is now pointed out as the old part of the Jaffrey Cottage, residence of the late Gov. Floyd, at Fort Stark entrance, end of Rose lane, though

Brewster (1859) said (1.86) that the Jafirey mansion was erected some 180 years, making it date from about 1679, long after Thomas Walford and his son, Jeremiah, were dead. "Jerry's Point" may not be the supposed corruption of "Jeffrey's." In 1652 Thomas Walford was granted 50 acres by the town, William Brookin (then doubtless his son-in-law) 10 acres, Thomas Peverly (then his son-in-law) 20 acres. In the subscription lists of 1658 and 1666 he was down for $£ 110$ sh., William Brookin, £1, \&c. In 1653 he was one of a committee to "lay out the Plains," meaning the level lands about 2 miles West of the settlement. In 1654 and 1658 he was a Selectman. In 1656 he was granted 2 acres on Great Island. At the same time Hannah Jones was allowed to "set her house without her field a little way, her father, Thomas Walford, bearing the town harmless." On March 30, 1656, Susannah Twinings (wife of Oliver) accused, in very much detail, "old Goodwife Walford" of witcheraft. She was not old, being 59, from a deposition she made, indicating her birth between 1597 and 1598. No outcome of the case has been found; probably not pressed to trial, but 13 years later, in 1669, she sued Dr. Robert Couch for slander relative to the witcheraft accusation and recovered five pounds sterling and costs of the trial. She was then 72. In 1660 Jeremiah, only son, died leaving widow, Mary, daughter of Alexander Batchelder. Mary later married John Amazeen, called "the Greek." In 1666 Thomas Walford, who had survived the hardships of the first plantings and had done his share in firmly establishing New Hampshire's first city, a sturdy man of years and honors, died, his will being dated Nov. 15, inventory filed five days later, Nov. 21. He was probably at his home at the head of Sagamore Creek where he had assembled an estate of about 200 acres and lived in a "manor house." The annals of Portsmouth are short and meager or we should have a notable history of this man and of his redoubtable wife, Jane, whose family name we do not know. She lived until Sept. 7, 1681, and at the age of about 85 had not remarried. The large property comprising the farm or "Walford's Plantation" had a landing at the junction of the two small brooks forming the head of Sagamore Creek, later called Westbrook's landing.

## The children of Thomas Walford and Jane were:

1 Jeremiah, died 1660, lenving widow, Mary, dau. of Alex. Batchelder. She mar. 2nd, John Amazeen, "the Greek.' As widow she had 13 acres in the distribution to settlers prior to 1657. Ch.: Thomas, d. s. p. bet. 1681; Jeremiah, त. s. p. by 1732 (wife Elizabeth); Mary, b. 1656, mar. Joseph Mazeet and had son, Thomas.

2 Janc, marriod bef. 1650, Thomas Peverly, one of the earliest settlers. Will, 1670. She mar. 2nd, before 1682, Richard Goss (Peverly Gen., by Henry W. Hardon, 1927). The Peverly farm was next the Walford place. Children:
i Mary, mar. bef. 1666, John Holmes, 2 ch.: Joseph and Lazarus.
ii Martha, b. ab't. 1647; mar. Christopher Noble, mariner, 1678 on Cb . list P. Ch.: (1) Lazarus, b. ab't. 1665, d. 1727, taxed 1713, P., with fatior and brother, Stephen, 5 ch . (2) Stephen, m. ab't. 1696, Mary - , shipbuilder, P. 3 ch. (3) Christopher, m. 1705/8, Lydia ; 6 ch. (So. Ch). See Noble Gen. in prep. Frank A. Davis, M.D.
iii John, b. about 1649, d. 1731, will, selectman of P., name of wife not known. They had children: (1) John, b. about 1678, mar. Doliverance LANG, dan. of Robert1; (2) Nathaniel, b. about 1690; (3) Grace, mar. W.m. Ross. John was probably eldest son and was Executor of his father's will.
iv Thomas. A Thomas in 1700 witnessed a deed and in 1720 one was buried from the North Church, P.
$v$ vi vii \& viii, Lazarus, Samuel, Jeremiah and Sarah; no data in Peverly Genealogy.
3 Hannah, married Jones, probably Alexander Jones of Neweastle. In 1649 Thomas Walford granted him land there.
4 Mary, born (according to a deposition) 1635, married William, son of Godfrey Brookin. Died bef. 16787 ('‘Wm. Brookin's estate," town list-Hardon). His widow, Mary, married 2nd, William Walker, Who in 1709/10 with his wife deeded their property to John Lang in consideration of support. The property was on the North side of Sagamore Creek between the places of Henry Savage and those of Thomas Peverly and Thomas Walford on the West. In 1720 Mary was living "at great age" (85) but date of her death is not recorded. The children of William and Mary were:
i Godfrey, b. 1654, drowned at the Isles of Shoals, Dec. 10, 1681, leaving a wife and 4 small children, one of whom was Thomas, mentioned in a deed (6.18) , as grandson of Francis and Thomasin (Tamsen) Matthews of Oyster River, who d. resp. 1648 and 1662.
ii Rebecca, who mar. 4 times and some one has remarked must have been a charming woman; first, one Pomeroy; 2nd, Clement Ruraville in 1687; 3rd, Thomas Rouse in 1689; and 4th, one Alston or Ashton.
iii Grace, who married about 1693/4, John LaNG (q. v.).
iv Martha, married John Lewis.
v Sarah, married Jacob Brown.
vi Mary, married Thomas Leucie (anme frequently mis-read on records) or Lucy, prob. son of Benjamin.
vii Rachel, m. John Rouse (9).

5 Elizabeth, mar. bef. 1667, Henry Savage, original settler, whose place was on opposite side of the road (from the Creek to Portsmouth) from home place of Robert Lang. N. H. Deeds (13.115) has deposition of her sister, Martha, in 1667, of father's gift of land to Elizabeth and her.
i Mary, daughter, not otherwise mentioned.
6 Martha, married 1663, Thomas Hinkson, who d. 1664, leaving 1 ch., Minry, when mother was 19. Her deposition, 1667, at age 22 indicates birth about 1645. She mar. 2nd, 1665, John Westbrook. They had: i John, b. bef. Nov. 15, 1666. In 1678 list of inhab. were John Westbrook and John Westbrook, Jr.
7 A daughter (1), mar. John Holmes, born 1641. (31.89 State Papers, N. H.)

In a limited examination of Devonshire records a few Brookings were found: Jan. 31, 1596/7, William Brooking of Plymonth and Martha Knight of Holbeton had license to marry (Exeter licenses). Dec. 28, 1618, John Brookinge of Hittsleigh was married to Joanna Grayt of Throwleigh. Waters in his "Gleanings" gives Will, 1616, of Christopher Kelloned, mentioning wife, Joan (Brooking) and brother-in-law, Christopher Brooking, latter a merchant of Tolnes. She died 1624. They had, Walter, Christopher, John, Joan, Elizabeth, Jane, Mary, and Welthern( (!). John's will, 1677, mentions son, Thomas, of Boston, in New England. John Kellond of Tolnes, brother of Christopher, by will 1621, mentions his friend, Christopher Brooking, son of William Br oking and sister, Jane Bickford. John's wife was Mary and their children were, John, Samuel, Duner (9), Mary, Katherine, Agnes and Joan.

Feb. 23, 1696/7 is the date on which John Lang first appears as a land owner in his own right, purchasing two acres of upland on the West side (compass, not deed, direction) of the road leading from Sagamore Creek to Portsmouth, now Jones Arenue. Gowen Cox owned the 2 acres, which had a house on them. Cox's widow, Mary, sold the place to John Lang, who, the deed states, was in possession. He is described as "mariner" in this deed. If John Lang and his wife, Grace, had been occupying this small house since their marriage, their first children were doubtless born there. The house, gone from the earth a century and a half ago, probably, was the home of the family until John Lang's fortunes enabled them to have a larger one. As Cox's widow got only 14 pounds sterling for it, it must have been one of the humblest dwellings around Sagamore Creek, a section of modest homes of fishermen and small
farmers. Between it and Portsmouth proper at this time were woods and small fields with hardly any houses until the road, now Jones Ave., joined the larger road, Sagamore, which ran North to a point where it joined what is now Sonth Street. At this junction was the meeting house and the first school house. One had to cross the short bridge at Capt. John Pickering's mill pond to reach Strawberry Bank, the faster growing portion of the settlement. From the Creek as the rough cart track went it was but a mile and a half in all. Great Island, now Newcastle, a little Eastcrly, was well populated at the time and was about the same distance from the Lang properties. Though in 1653 there were but 50 or 60 houses in the whole settlement it grew steadily thereafter. In 1727 a poll of the inhabitants and an inventory of their property showed 298 houses occupied by 475 people, who held some 52 slaves.

Ten months after his first parchase John Lang bought, Dec. 28, 1697, 13 acres of land on the South of his 2 acre lot. In this year his horses were "impressed" for work at the Fort (William and Mary) and he was compensated (17.699). During this period John Lang's girls were born, Elizabeth, Ann and Mary, sons William and John following and then Dorothy. There is no record of their births or baptisms, ages being estimated in accordance with other facts. There is a church record of the baptism of Thomas (July 17, 1709) as it followed the record of May 20, 1708, when "Grace Lang owned the covenant and all her children received baptism." After the first Thomas, Grace, the next child, was baptized and then a second Thomas (for they were, it seems, determined, for some possibly significant reason, to have a Thomas) and lastly Hannah, the youngest of the 10 , was baptized Aug. 7, 1715, in the year before her grandfather, Robert, died.

There is some doubt as to whether girls were given schooling in the early days; Brewster believing instruction was separately paid for and was confined to boys, which seems to have been the rule. In the school terms the boys trudged the mile and a half up to the little school which, built for a dwelling, stood in a small lot backing up to Captain Pickering's mill pond and in a part of "Richard Cumming's field," close to the homestead of Mariner, Samuel Moor (see Moor Genealogy). On Sundays
we may be sure that Grace, the mother, saw that all the children went to the meeting house, near the school. About a year after Hannah, the last child, was born, Elizabeth, probably the first one, was married (July 28, 1716) to John Westcomb. By 1694 William Brookin, John Lang's father-in-law, died and about 1698 his widow, Mary, married William Walker. In 1709/10 "both being advanced in ycars" William Walker conveyed to his son-in-law (step-son) John Lang, all his personal property and lands (which in that age incorporated in him the property of his wife) near Sagamore Creck "formerly of Brookin" on condition that John Lang maintain the grantor and his wife. So it is possible that the two families made one and if the Brookin was the larger property that the Lang home was changed. In any event John Lang came into the management as he assumed the ownership, caring for his aged mother-in-law, whether the other sons-in-law were willing or able. Jan. 20, $1702 / 3$, John Lang, on behalf of his wife, had executed a bond for the division of the estate of her father, William Brookin. From 1697 until 1718 John Lang was acquiring property; in 1707 a little strip adjoining his other lands; in 171249 acres, Thomas Jackson's common rights; in 1713 receiving 65 acres as his own share of the common lands; in 1714 getting 4 acres near his other land; in $171721 / 2$ acres near Sagamore Creek; in 171840 acres near the bounds of Newcastle (incorporated as a town in 1693). The old designation was given "fisherman," but we may be sure he had about given up that wearisome and hardy pursuit. Later he was "husbandman" and finally he was called "a wealthy farmer" (Register, 58. 394).

From 1702 till 1713 Queen Anne's war with France was going on and for some time the coast had been infested by French privateers, rendering trading and fishing very hazardous. In 1707 the fruitless expedition to Port Royal went forward. In 1708 the whole coast was in great danger and to protect the settlement some 400 Massachusetts troops were quartered in the province. Fort William and Mary had been repaired and the garrison was strengthened. In 1712 the colony employed "spy boats" from Cape Neddick to Great Boar's Head. No doubt the news, when it came, of the Treaty of Utrecht, April, 1713, was a great relief to John Lang and his family. Queen Anne con-
tinued to reign until 1714, with Governor Dudley over all the colonies, with Lieutenant Governor Usher in Portsmouth for New Hampshire as his deputy.

Full seven years after her children were baptized, Grace Lang, wife of John Lang, was received into the church (Reg. vol. 81); the same day her husband, John Lang was also received, Oct. 30, 1715, though he (John Lang, Sr.) had owned the covenant nearly a year before, Nov. 7, 1714. The significance and relativity of these events are not easy to understand from the character of the church records, especially as John Lang was now a man some 45 years of age. He held the office of "culler of fish" in 1715 and also in 1718, 1720, 1721 and 1722. In 1719 he was a constable. During this period his daughters, Elizabeth, Ann and Mary were married, in 1721 his son William and in 1724 his daughter, Dorothy. About this time he met with the lass of his wife, Grace. She would have been between 50 and 60 years old. On May 10, 1725, it is recorded that he married Widow Ruth Sherburne. They lived together more than 25 years. They had no children. She had a considerable number of her own. She survived John Lang and, up to 1761, had not married again.

## THE SHERBURNE FAMILY

In 1904 E. R. Sherburne published in the "N. E. Hist. Gen. Register" his account of this, one of the leading families of Portsmouth, the Sherburnes. He says of Ruth Sherburne, the wife of John (of the third generation of that name) that "her maiden name diligent search fails to reveal." The writer's attempt has also failed, no Ruth of any name of a suitable age having been found in the colonies, whether Blake, Dalton, Roberts, Moulton, Roby, Shaw, Stevens or Tarleton; one, Ruth Kirk, remaining as a possibility. Even by the naming of her children by John Sherburne, Ruth affords no clue. "Oct. 27, 1711, Ruth, wife of John Sherburne made confession," usually the indication of a very young wife, owned the covenant and had her three children, Nathaniel, John and Mary, baptized. $\Lambda$ Ruth, probably Ruth Rowe, was baptized April 26. 1713. John and Ruth were described as of "the Plains," meaning Portsmonth Plains, the level tract of farming lands not far from
the location of John Lang, north of Sagamore Creek. We do not know the date of John Sherbarne's death but it was probably not long after it that she accepted the hand of John Lang and was married to him in May, 1725. He must have increased his cares and responsibilities further by the bringing up of her children; Nathaniel, 20; Mary, 17; John. 15; Priscilla, 13; and Abigail, 11. Several of John Lang's own children were married and away and Ann was dead but in Hannah Lang the founger Sherburnes found a playmate. With such a numerous family of children, step-children and grandehildren growing up about him John Lang must have been very much domesticated. Being about the age of 50 years his thrifty habits and assured position enabled him to assume a position of importance and have a large place among the solid citizens of Portsmouth. He seems to have avoided public office, never seeking political preferment or accepting appointments. Being one of the taxpayers in the town for the years 1718 to 1721, John Lang became entitled to a share in the new town of Barrington. In all he died possessed of 160 acres of land there but probably never occupied any of it. In the same year he was one of the proprietors of the town of Conway.

In 1713 Aaron Moses died but the settlement of his estate dragged on until 1733 when John Lang, Thomas Beck, Jr., and Samuel Beck were appointed by the Court to divide the land into 8 equal parts. Their report is interesting as perhaps embodying the language of John Lang, a man of property and wisdom:

That the estate cannot be divided without damage to the whole and that if the land be well improred the whole of it will not be more than sufficient to Maintain one small family a Great part of ye land being Rocky \& Barren \& but Little firewood upon the whole.

John Lang bought considerable property in the town of Greenland, adjoining the town of Portsmouth, to which his son, John, removed about 1725. May 8, 1734, John and Ruth granted land (20.82) to Samuel Banfil (Banfield) for a road between their lands. In 1734/5 John Lang had lands near Breakfast Hill, where the Indians breakfasted after the massacre at the

Plains, it being the Emerson farm, now in the town of Rye and about 5 miles from Portsmouth. In 1728 he had gone on the bond of Hannah Jones, an old neighbor, in the settlement of an estate which inventoried $£ 482$. In 1740 he was "husbandman" in deed to son, William, also "husbandman" of land which adjoined some of William's. This deed was not recorded (60.343) until 1759, long after the grantor had died. In 1745 John Lang and his wife, Ruth, deeded to "son-in-law Luke Mills" (who had married the youngest daughter, Hannah Lang, in 1734) described as mariner. In 1745 Luke gave a mortgage to his father-in-law, which was satisfied May, 1748. In 1746 John Lang conveyed forty acres adjoining his son, William's, to him, including two acres at Sagamore Creek. Query, was this the two acres having the little house, John Lang's first domicile?

On the ninth of October, 1748, John Lang of Portsmouth, "sick in body," made his will. He continued to live until the night of May 22, 1752, nearly three years and a half. He had long passed three score years and ten bat the vigor of his life evidently stood him in good stead. Somewhat strangely to us he selected his son-in-law, Joseph Gray, to be his Executor. He passed over other sons-in-law, his wife, Ruth, and his living sons, William, John and Thomas. Gray had been married to his daughter, Grace, for 11 years and might easily have proven his worth and reliability. The will was proved without contest, June 17, 1752, and the very next day the Inventory of the estate was presented and approved (31.613). To his wife he gave the "widow's thirds"; one-third of the personal property and, for her lifetime, one-third of the real estate. He did not mention his son, Thomas, or the supposed children of Thomas.

The omission is peculiar for he did not fail to provide for every other heir, with one exception: Mary Savage, the sister of John Savage, his grandson, was not mentioned, raising the presumption that she was dead.
The exact date of John Lang's death is made clear by a deposition which is also interesting in itself (N. H. Wills, vol. 3, pages 614-15) :

Elizabeth Lang, wife of Stephen Lang, Jr., of Portsmouth and Catherine Lang wife of John Lang of Portsmouth, testify and say that they were present when John

Lang late of Portsmouth aforesaid, yeoman, deceased, the night before he died (which was the 22nd of May Inst') and heard him declare before all the Persons Present there being several among whom was his son William That it was his Desire that the money he had by him in Paper should be Divided between his wife and his two Grand children Ann Wills and Mary Mills his wife to have half being Eight pound bills in the whole \& She was to have this over and above the thirds or what he had given her in the will he had made before in Writing-and he had besides some Silver money which he gave to his Said Granddaughters Equally but Did not mention how much there was but told his said wife he did not give her any of that but all of it to his Said Grandchildren whatever there was of it and this he Desired might be So done for he Said he had not disposed of the said bills \& Money in his will-the Declarants add that the said John Lang, deceased, was then in his Right mind \& Sensible as ever to their best Discerning.

| Witnesses | her |
| :---: | :---: |
| William Parker | Elizabeth X Lang |
| John Mitchell | mark |
|  | her |
|  | Catherine $\mathbf{X}$ Lang |
| mark |  |

Sworn before the Judge of Probate 27th of May 1752.
attest William Parker, Regr.

The two women who thus testified to what they saw and heard of the last act, a kindly one, of John Lang, as he quitted the stage of life, were not of his immediate family. One was Catherine Pope who had married his grandson, John (son of William who was also present) within the year. She was a young woman and was probably acting as a nurse. The other deponent was Elizabeth Banfield, in middle life, the wife of Stephen Lang, who was not of John Lang's immediate line but the son of his brother, Stephen. She too was probably acting as a nurse.

## INVENTORY OF JOHN LANG BY THOMAS BICKFORD AND JOHN JONES

## (Omitting amounts, except as noted)

Brass skimmer, ladle and fork. Iron skillet. Four chairs. Maple table. Old cask in outer cellar. Sheep's wool and bolster case. Pair of sheets. Suit of curtains (old). Two silver spoons. Two silver tea spoons. One pair cards. About 6 lb . linen yarn. About 6 lbs. tow, ditto. 5 lbs. sheep's wool. 3 lbs. cotton wool. A bedstead and cord. churn. 9 chairs \& chair frames. 3 hogsheads. 5 bbls. cider. Sole leather. A wooden funnel. Cart and sled. Plow. Chain, cross pin \& yoke. Old iron. Warming pan. Linen wheel. Chest and box. 1 cupboard. Pair bellows. Ironing box \& heaters. iron kettle. Tongs \& fire shovel. Crow of iron, ax \& hoe (old) Hammer. 8 sheets. 2 bolster cases \& 4 pillows. 4 shirts \& a stock. cotton jacket. 2 sheets. Bed, coverlid \& blanket. Sheet, bolster \& case, bedstead \& bottom. About 60 lb . Pork. 2 bush. corn \& ditto barley. 3 empty barrels. blue coat, jacket \& waist coat. 3 old coats. Homespun jacket \& breeches. 2 Pair britches. Waistcoat. 2 old baskets. His stockings. 1 worstead cap. 2 meal bags. Brass kettle. Looking glass. 47 lb. butter at 6 sh. 1 spit. Frying pan. Two old iron pots. Two oyle jars \& oyle quart. 4 buckets. 2 tramils. Pair of doggs. Gridiron. Calf. Bridle \& saddle. Cane. 2 loose coats.

The larger items were as follows (amounts in Sterling, old tenor) :

The homestead dwelling house and barn, 1475. The place formerly William Walkers. 480. 120 acres land at Barrington. 360.3 milch cows. 105. Heifer 17. Steer calf 10.18 sheep \& lambs 42. Yoak of oxen, 85. Yoak oxen, 30. Hog, 12. cider mill \& press 12. "Paper money, old tenor $£ 100: 12$ " Gun 120. Pair silver shoe buckles, 110. Gold ring 60, 16 oz . coined silver, 80 pieces, $£ 38: 8 \mathrm{~A}$ bed $\&$ furniture in the lower room 45. A bed \& furniture in chamber 20. A pew in the South meeting house, $£ 80$.

It is to be noted that there were no horses or colts, no farm vehicles, no carriages, no books and no bible. no boats. In spite of the fact that Joseph Gray, his son-in-law and Executor, swore that the foregoing was all the property John Lang pos-
sessed, it is hardly possible that none of these things was on the extensive premises. The presumption is that others claimed to own them.

While the values were probably given in current prices as to live stock and silver they were the inflated prices of the period, as, a cow, worth 33 pounds! But many articles were, as usual, set down by the appraisers as was customary, in the cheap second-hand prices of used goods.

After the death of John Lang we know nothing of his household affairs. His widow, Ruth, evidently did not marry again. She made her will in 1759 and it was not proved until 1761, she survived her second husband some 9 years. Her will named none of his children but (describing herself as of Greenland, which was probably the final or last residence of John Lang) she names her own children, as Nathaniel (Sherburne) of Portsmouth, John (Sherburne) of Kensington, Mary (wife of Caleb Philbrick), Priscilla Sanborn, Rnth Row and her son-in-law, Matthias Haynes (who was the husband of the remaining child, Abigail Sherburne). Under the will of his father, William Haynes, Matthias got 20 acres of land, in 1756 described as "where he now lives, bounded S. E. by road to Hampton and South West by way leading from side road to John Lang's." If the grave of Ruth Sherburne Lang should ever be located it would probably be found by that of her first husband, John Sherburne, and that would most likely be in the present town of Greenland.

The çildren of John Lang and Grace Brookin were:
6 i Elizabeth, born 1694 (or 5) mar. 1716, John Westcomb.
ii Ann, born about 1697, mar. 1717 (or 18) John Savage.
iii William, born about 1698, married 1721, Susannah Savage.
iv Mary, born about 1699, married 1718, William Adams.

- John, born about 1700, married Sarah Bickford.
vi Dorothy, born about 1704, mar. about 1724, John Wills.
vii Thomas, bapt. July 17, 1709 (died before 1714).
12 viii Grace, bapt. Mar. 16, 1711/12, mar. 1737, Joseph Gray.
13 ix Thomas, bapt. Mar. 13, 1713/14, mar. 1737, Mary Downs.
14 I Hannah, bapt. Aog. 7, 1715, married 1734, Lake Mills.
The order of births of the first six children is not certain; neither births nor baptisms recorded.

2 ii Nathaniel: (Robert ${ }^{2}$ ), was probably the second child of Robert and Ann, and was born about 1676. His son Robert was married in 1718. As of the "Isles of Shoals," Nathaniel Lang bought in 1698 ( 7.36 ) of William and Abigail Cotton of Portsmouth a piece of land, $9^{1} / 2$ acres, at Sagamore Creek, described as "adjoining his father's on the West." The land of the Cottons had been described as $151 / 2$ rods wide (on the creek) and 100 rods deep, evidently part of a piece bought in 1663 by Richard Goss and called 12 acres, 26 rods on the creek, depth not stated. So 28 years after his father, Robert, had located on the creek, Nathaniel came over from the Isles of Shoals where he had gone from under the parental roof for a time. He was probably a fisherman at the Shoals. In later deeds he was called "fisherman," his father's occupation.

His wife's name was Elizabeih. The Lang manuscript, compiled by his direct descendants from the mouths of some still living, born in his time, fails to give her surname. From another source which has not been verified she has been called Elizabeth Jeffry. As Nathaniel and Elizabeth named their first son Nathaniel and their second Jeffry, there is strong reason for trying to establish this theory. Records do not exist and a careful search of the Jeffry, Jeffrey, Jaffray family of Portsmouth of this period shows no Elizabeth, but leaves plenty of room for one to have been born about 1695 to 1700 . Her first daughter was Charity, a name not found among the Langs or the Jeffrys at that time but which may eventually prove a clue; later there were Deborah and Agnes. George Jaffray, prominent man, Councillor, died Feb. 17, 1706/7. Savage says was of Newbury, 1667, when he removed to Boston, and was of Newcastle, 1677; married Elizabeth Walker and had Sarah, 1667. His wife, Ann, died 1682 at 18 and was buried at Point of Graves; his son George, born about 1670 was of this marriage, but the father's widow was Hannah, who relinquished administration of the senior's estate (inventory f2425) and married Penn Townsend of Boston (Savage). Cyprian and James Jeffrey of Portsmouth were contemporaneous with George, Jr., who died 1749 at 66, wife, Sarah Jeffries, daughter of David Jeffries of Boston who was born in Wiltshire, Eng., in 1658. David had an Elizabeth, born 1691/2, but she is stated to have married Charles Shep-
reeve. George, Jr., had a daughter Elizabeth, born 1719, too late for the wife of Nathaniel, but it is evident that a full list of George Jaffrey's (senior's) children by his three wives is not to be had. Following all the evidences of the Lang and Jaffrey families we fail to discover other significant facts, though some may turn up eventually.

Nathaniel Lang became a member of the church Sept. 4, 1709, if the torn record is correctly read, the "el" of a Christian name being left. Three weeks later, Sept. 25, 1709, the "several children of Nathaniel Lang baptized" on the record probably meant Robert, Nathaniel, Charity, Elizabeth, Deborah and Jeffry, for the Lang Mss. says Deborah was born 1706 and Jeffry, 1707. It is likely that the mother, Elizabeth, was already a member, under her maiden name, as there is no record of her joining as Elizabeth Lang. In 1720, in a little over 10 years, Nathaniel was made a Deacon of the church, an undeniably high office and presuming the incumbent entitled to the greatest respect. On May 21, 1710, Samuel was baptized; on July 7, 1715, Agnes; and on Sept. 30, 1716, Benjamin. John, supposed to have been a child, does not show on the record.

Robert Lang and his son Nathaniel had between them $411 / 2$ rods of land fronting on Sagamore creek, a good part of what is now between Jones Avenue and Sagamore Road, where the bridge on the latter crosses the creek. What buildings Nathaniel had or built are not known. He had schooling for he could write his name and in 1714 he was a Constable in Portsmouth. In 1715 he was appointed as Tax Collector of the town, a responsible office indicating his high character for probity and dilligence. His petition to the Governor and Council (Council records, vol. 5, p. 33S, in N. H. Hist. Soc.) respecting the taxes for that year is recorded in full. In 1712 his father had deeded him his share of the common lands. From 1716 until 1729 inclusive (excepting 1717) Nathaniel was a "culler of fish," in those days a position of some importance. In $\mathbf{1 7} \mathbf{2 0}$ he witnessed John Pickering's will. In 1720/21 he sold land in Greenland and in Portsmouth to Elias Philbrick of Greenland. In 1723/4 he witnessed Nathaniel Melcher's will. In 1733 he was still "fisherman," in a deed, the only mention we find of him in 20 years, from 1724 to 1744. By the latter date he would be approaching the scriptural span
of life. In 1744 he was paid $£ 5$ for "ferriage" in connection with the repairs to the Fort and in 1746, Nathaniel, Junior, was a Ferryman. In 1748 Nathaniel and Elizabeth sold to Daniel Lang, their grandson (son of their oldest son, Robert), the $91 / 2$ acres bought by them in 1698, fifty years before, and probably their home all their lives, Daniel to have it for his life, his widow for her life, Daniel his son then to have it except a "strip 32 feet wide beginning 20 ft . back of the house of Nathaniel Lang, Jr.," by which we see that the second son, Nathaniel, born about 1701 (who married Hannah Beek) had his own home on the property or adjoining it.

This closes our knowledge of Nathaniel and Elizabeth. It seems incredible that the state of public records was such that after the year 1748, nothing as to the death of either Nathaniel or his wife should be found, at a period when the keeping of proper vital statistics was in other sections well observed.
Children of Nathaniel Lang and Elizabeth (Jeffry ?) :
15 i Robert, bapt. 1709; married Catherine Cowell.
16 ii Nathaniel, bapt. 1709; married Hannah Beck.
17 iii Charity, bapt. 1709; married Stephen Marden.
18 iv Deborah, bapt. 1709; married John Griffith.
19 v Jeffry, born 1707; married Hannah Symnes.
20 vi Samuel, bapt. 1710; married Hannah Tout.
21 vii Elizabeth (Lang Mss.); married William White.
22 viii Agnes, bapt. 1715; married John Martin.
23 ix John,
24 x Benjamia, bapt. 1716; married (marriage unknown).

3 iii Stephen ${ }^{2}$ (Robertr${ }^{1}$ ). There are meager indications as to when he was born. The "wife of Stephen Lang" was on the church list (N. H. Gen. Rec. 4.49) in 1699 so that he is not likely to have been born later than 1678. That Stephen was appointed by the Court the Administrator of the estate of his father, Robert, while customary and as a matter of right, is insufficient evidence of his being cldest son in view of the fact that his father was probably living with him, the estate being small and there being no evidence of a contest or of family feeling.

Of the early life of Stephen we have nothing. In 1694 or 1695 his brother John had married and left the parental roof and in 1698 Nathaniel, his brother, had bought land adjoining the
home place. As Stephen does not seem to have bought o: to have lived on a scparate place we are led to think that his father, Robert, and his mother, Ann, if living, were all on the home place of 1670 together. March $5,1715 / 16$, shortly after his father's death, Stephen gave a bond (N. H. Wills, 3.785), occupation, "Fisherman," in the sum of $£ 200$ for the faithful performance of his duties as Administrator. He had good sureties, William Wallis, fisherman, probably his brother-in-law, and John Pickering, Gentleman, one of the leading men of the colony. The whole estate amounted to only 117 pounds sterling. The land and most of the personal property was doubtless retained by Stephen. It is clear that Stephen continued to reside on the old homestead all the rest of his life. His death occurred some time before 1739. In the Lang Manuseript of 1800 he is described as living "near Little Harbor" but this could have easily meant Sagamore Creek which emptied into it.

Of the wife, Jane Wallis, Parsons' HISTORY OF RYE (p. 563) says she was a daughter of Ralph Wallis, who married Nov. 18, 1686, Anna Shortridge, and lived at Sandy Beach. now Rye, N. H. The Wallis Sands are named from this family, which seems to have used this spelling of the family name rather than the Scotch form, Wallace. George, about 40, when he came in the "Abigail" in 1635, brought son, Ralph, with him. Jane Wallis' brother, Samuel, married Sarah, daughter of James Moses of Sagamore Creek, close to the families of Lang, Moses, Wallis, Savage, Brookin and Jones. It was doubtless Jane's brother, William, who went on Stephen Lang's bond in 1715 to settle his father's estatc. Stephen Lang seems to have left no will and to have had no estate to administer, yet, during most years, Stephen paid a slightly higher tax in Portsruouth than his brother, Nathaniel. The "Lang Manuscript of 1800" of Salem says:

Stephen had 4 sons and 3 daughters, viz. : Stephen, born in 1703, married Elizabeth Rice and died in 1790, aged 87 years; Samuel, married Mary Sherburne; Thomas; William, married Sarah Bennett; Deliverance, married Matthew Nelson; Sarah, married Nathaniel Muchmore; Abigail, married Abraham Elliott.

The children were probably not given in order but entirely from memory and with no mention of a Jane. One Jane Lang was received into full communion into the South Church, Portsmouth, Jan. 3, 1741 (Reg. 82). The Mss. has nothing further in the line of Stephen, continuing solely with the line of Nathaniel and his descendants. In 1721 Stephen Lang bought of George and Annie Wallis (13.144) lands in Newcastle, common rights. This would indicate that Rye history is wrong and that it was George and not Ralph who married Ann Wallis.

The children of Stephen Ling and Jane Wallis, in probable order of births, were:
05 i Willinm, born about 1700; married Lucy Bennett (not Sarah).
26 ii Stephen, born about 1703 (Lang Mss.).
iii A son, not named, bapt. 1709.
27 iv Samuel, born about 1715; married Mary Sherburne.
28 v Deliverance; married Matthew Nelson.
29 vi Thomas, born about 1718; married Sarah Finlayson.
30 vii Sarah; married Nathaniel Muchmore.
31 viii Abigail, bapt. 1721; married Abraham Elliott.
iv Mary: (Robert ${ }^{1}$ ), married Jan. 5, 1695/6, Peter Staples, Jr. They named two of their children Ann and Robert; another was Grace, probably for her brother John's wife. Stackpole's admirable work "Old Kittery and her Families," gives (from the Court papers of 1693 and 1694) her birth as being in 1678. It may have been a little earlier. Peter Staple (as originally spelled) had a grant, 1671, bought land, 1674, which he and his wife, Elizabeth, deeded to son, Peter, in 1694; location, Long Beach, Kittery, Ee. Elizabeth was the widow of Stephen Edwards and probably daughter of Robert Beadle. Robert Staple's 1718 will was probated in 1719; three sons mentioned, Peter, John (who married Mary Dixon) and James (who married Mary Tetherly); Elizabeth, the widow, being alive in 1720 . Peter, Jr., survived his father only three years, dying Dec. 17, 1721, leaving widow, Mary, and seven children. He was a carpenter. As the Staples line is fully genealogized by Stackpole, only the children of Peter, Jr., and Mary will be noticed:

[^1]North Church records give the PEVERLY Children:
1 John, born about 1714; married Rachel Babb, baptized 1721, Greenland, daughter of Phillips. Was of Pembroke, 1757 and dead in 1780. A farmer. No children.

2 Temperance, bap. May 27, 1717; married Nathaniel Lear (son of Tobias), yeoman, born 1712, Newcastle. No children.
3 Ann, bap. Nov. 23, 1718.
4 William, bap. June 18, 1721, husbandman of Portsmouth; married Elizabeth -, and probably (1777), Joanna Viccar. The family resided Dover. Five children, bap. South Church. Portsmouth: Kinsman, b. 1743/4, master mariner, Ports. and Newington, mar. 1768, Abigail Card; Ann, bap. Mar. 2, 1745/6; Jobn, of

Portamouth, mariner; Mary (probably), b. about 1761, mar. 1783, Geo. Huntress of Newington; Wiliam (probably), b. about 1762, wifo Johanna or Eannah.
5 Samuel of Ports., husbandman, bap. Apr. 14, 1723; died before 1753, as father's will mentions his children but does not name them. Wife not known.
6 George, of Portic, yeomnn (South Charch), b. Feb. 28, 1724/5; died 1774; married Ann ——, who died 1810. Six children: Mary, bap. 1748; Susunaah, bap. 1753, mar. 1772, Jereminh Dennett of Greenland, had 9 children; Sarah, b. $17 \overline{4} 4$, mar. Greenland, Joseph Hodgdon, of Newington, five children; Temperance, b. 1758, d. Exeter, 1841, m. 1777, Col. Seth Walker of Ports., Rev. Officer and Reg. of Deeds, 12 children; George, bap. 1762, prob. d. young; Ann Elizabeth, bap. 1705, died 1850, mar. 1784, at Greenland, Nathaniel Shannon of Portsmouth, rem. to Gilmanton, 9 ch.

6 Elizabeth ${ }^{3}$ (John ${ }^{2}$, Robert ${ }^{1}$ ), probably the first born of John Lang's large family, married, March 28, 1716, John Westcomb of Portsmouth. Her father's will (1748) mentions her as "daughter Elizabcth," not giving her married name, and treating her very differently from his other children. He left her only twenty shillings, with no previous gifts indicated. No receipt from her of the money is included in the bunch left to posterity by Joseph Gray, ship carpenter of Georgetown, Me., Executor. Had she moved out of the colony? By 1762 she was known to be living and he was dead. He was from Tiverton, County Devon., England. An Eliza Lang was received into the South Church, Portsmouth, Oct. 30, 1715, and an Elizabeth Lang was received into full communion May 8, 1720. The former might have been she. They had two ehildren, perhaps more:
i Thomas. No record of birth or death. No Westcomb in New Hampshire in the 1790 census.
ii Mary, b. --; married 1st, Mar. 30, 1742, Joshua Bickford, son of Thomas and Sarah of Newington (Stackpole's DURHAM). Joshua owned the covenant Oct. 18, 1741, and removed to Durham Falls. Mary, the widow, married 2nd, Paul, son of John Willey, baptized Mar. 3, 1727/8, and resided Durham village, near the bridge. She was probably the mother of:
1 John, who mar. 1785, Mehitable Leathers and had John, Who mar. Betsey Shaw of Frankfort, Me., and Wm. B., who mar. Mahala Dearborn of Ossipee. John and Mehitable resided Northwood.

- Mary, born Oct. $\mathbf{2}$ 6, 1758; died Feb. 22,1838 ; mar. 1785, Edward Winslow Emerson (1755-1805), both buried Thompson Cem., Darham, with son, Timothy. Ch.: John (who mar. Mary Hanson) ; Timothy (who d. yg.) and Olive (who mar. John Starbird).

7 Ann ${ }^{3}$ (John ${ }^{2}$, Robert²), born about 1697, her life was brief, ending on April 7, 1722. She married Jan. 4, 1717/18, John Savage, joiner, of Portsmouth, born about 1698. He was a brother of Susannah Savage who married Ann's brother, William Lang. They were children of John Savage, son of Henry, the first in Portsmouth of the name. The Savage place was just across the road where it started at Sagamore Creek on its way to Portsmouth. John Savage had land in Barrington. After her death he married June 4, 1727, Sarah Henderson and they had children, John, Jr., Job, Josiah and Ann. John Savage made his will May 7, 1742. It was proved the 29th of the following September. John and Ann had two children, born Portsmouth. As Mary was not mentioned in her grandfather's will it is probable that she was dead as he left $£ 20$ to her brother, John, who was at the time about 30 years old.
> i John, bapt. June 21, 1719, of Portsmouth 1753, when he was "husbandman" in a deed conveying all his "rights in the estate of Grace Lang my grandmother, wife of John Lang.'" In 1742 he was executor of his father's eatate.
> ii Mary, bapt. April 7, 1722, the very day of her mother's death, "danghter of John and Ann his late wife.' She probably died young herself.

## THE SAVAGE FAMILY

Hon. James Savage in his Genealogical Dictionary says that Henry Savage was of Haverhill, Mass., and that Thomas of 1649 may have been his brother. 1655 Henry had land at Strawberry Bank from Richard Tucker, and from the town in 1660. In 1663 he was fined for not appearing to serve on the grand jury. In 1667 his wife, Elizabeth, was the surviving daughter of Thomas Walford and in 1698 she deeded her rights in his estate. In 1708 she made her will but in 1724 her estate was still unsettled. In 1693 she deeded a lot on South Street, Portsmouth, to Samuel Moor, mariner. (See "Desc. Ensign John Moor.") Henry and Elizabeth had, so far as shown, only three children:

[^2]```
    1 Susannah, marriod William2 Lang (John2, Robert), No. 8.
    2 John, married let, Anns Lang (Johna, Robert1), No. 7; and
        2nd, Sarah Henderson.
    3 Deborah, married Abraham Bartlett (John Savage deed, 1722).
    4 Esthor, married William Amos, who rec'd. deed from father-
        in-law, 1717.
ii Deborah, married Edward Wills in 1708, "son-in-law" (step-son)
        in Elizabeth Walford's will. Their children were:
    I John, mar. about 1724, Dorothy' Lang (Johns, Robert1), No.
        11.
    2 Edward.
    3 Ann.
    4 \text { Elizabeth.}
    5Mary.
iii Ma=y, in deposition 1720, with Mary Brooking and Martha West-
    hrook. Deed in 1725 shows that she married Benjamin Lencie.
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8 William ${ }^{3}$ (John ${ }^{2}$, Robert ${ }^{2}$ ). Probably the eldest son, he was born about 1698 and was a fisherman and farmer of Portsmonth Plains and Rye. He married July 7th, 1721, Susannah Savage, born at Portsmouth about 1700, daughter of John Savage and Sarah Jones. Susannah's brother, John, married her sister, Ann. First taxed in 1723, he is probably the Wm. Lang who renewed the baptismal covenant Dec. 31, 1727, and was received into the South Church, Portsmouth, Oct. 6, 1728. A church was built on the Plains, a sparsely settled community about 2 miles West of Portsmouth proper, about 1725, but the records are missing. In 1732/3 William Lang was one of the petitioners for a separate parish. In 1740 his father, John, deeded to him 40 acres adjoining his, William's, land and including two acres at Sagamore Creek, which was not far away. The deed (60.343) was not recorded until 1759, after William's death. He was present at the bedside of his father, John Lang, when the aged man expressed his wishes concerning the silver and paper money. He died himself in less than seven years. On Apr. 5, 1759 his will was made ; on the 29th of the ensuing Angust it was proved, and in it he gave

To my wife, Susannah Lang the one-half of my real estate and household goods during her widowhood \& if she marry to dispose of among my children. I give to my son, William Lang, 20 acres of land in Chester, to my son, John Lang, 9 dollars, to my son, Benjamin Lang, 15 acres land in Chester, to my son, Thomas Lang, 40 acres of land in Chester, to my son, Mark

Lang, the one-half of my real estate not before disposed of also half my personal estatc, to my daughter, Susannah Yeaton one dollar, to my Daughter Molly Lang, 17 dollars, to grandchildren, John Rand, Rachel Rand, Lucia Rand, £10 each with interest.

The son, Mark, an executor of the will with his mother, Susanna, was only about 18 years of age. The Chester land had been bought 1758, the year before, 90 acres in three lots (Nos. 15 , 124 and 125), of Simon Berry of Rye. The day after William bought, Benjamin Lang bought the other half of each lot, but from a different seller, Jonathan Lock of Rye. Mark was probably to stay on the home place. The others may have been encouraged to go to Chester but evidently did not settle in the town. In 1808 William Lang of Deerfield sold (181.89) 26 acres, remaining after satisfying taxes, of lot 125 of 60 acres which had in 1774 been sold by Benjamin Lang of Rye, carpenter, to Thomas Lang of Rye, yeoman (169.38). Mark Lang resided in the south west portion of the town of Portsmouth on the south side of Lang's or the new road, probably the location of the lands of his father, William, adjoining those William's father, John, had given him. The death of Susannah (Savage) Lang is not recorded. Comparatively few records of William Lang are left. He was one of the very many taxpayers in Portsmouth in 1727. In 1734 he bought land in Newcastle of D. Moulton of Rye. On March 12, 1755 he was paid £1, 7sh. "for marcia" by Joshua Pierce, Executor of the estate of Mary Moore (widow of Col. Samuel Moore, see "Descendants Ensign John Moor" 1696-1786," by Howard P. Moore, 1918). The children of William Lang and Susanna Savage numbered nine, the first four being baptised in the South Church, Portsmouth, the last two, Mark and Mary, in Rye. Benjamin, Thomas and the first Mary may have been baptised in the church at the Plains, the records of which are missing.

## 32 i William, bapt. July 12, 1724.

ii Anna, bapt. July 12, 1794; married about 1744, John Rand of Rye. Parsons' RYE (p. 513) does not connect him with the large Rand family of that town. They had nine children born in the town. In the will of her father, William, 1759, three of her children were given 510 each, John, Rachel and Lucia. The others were not mentioned though four of them were living when he died.

[^3]9 Mary ${ }^{3}$ (John ${ }^{3}$, Robert ${ }^{1}$ ). Born about 1699, her age is indicated only by date of her marriage to William Adams, Oct. 23, 1718 (Pierce, N. E. H. G. Reg. 22-395). He was a mariner of Portsmouth. His wife was granted administration of his estate, Nov. 29, 1752. A mariner, leaving no will, it is possible that he perished at sea. Mary Adams was received into full communion Sept. 5, 1725, and her children were regularly baptized, all but the last, Joseph, being of age when their father died.

What became of the family has not been traced. None is buried in Portsmouth or vicinity (Lockes' Inscriptions). Mr. Hardon was inclined to consider William Adams as son of John and Avis Adams, noticed in Stackpole's Durham; an interesting family. They arrived in Boston in 1684 with Scotch people, and John resided, a cordwainer, on Hawley St., Boston. His eldest son, John, went to live at Annapolis Royal, N. S. (Port Royal), where he was Captain, shop-keeper and Lt. Governor of Nova Scotia, but removed to Boston in 1741 ; blind. He and wife, Hannah Checkly, had four children: Avis, Hannah, Ame and the Reverend John. Another son was the famous Rev. Hugh Adams, of Durham till his death in 1748, after coming in 1706 from So. Carolina. Another son was William, bapt. 1692. During the time the children of Mary Lang and William Adams were young the Rev. Hugh wrote in his Diary, in 1736, that in seven months 86 persons had died in Durham by a "pestilential fever and quiney." His church records cover only the first 10 years of his twenty-one year pastorate so that we cannot know whether the Adams-Lang children suffered. Avis Adams, the mother, died in 1699 at Charleston, S. C.

Children of William Adams and Mary Lang:

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { i John, bapt. Sept. 6, } 1719 \text {. } \\
& \text { ii Mary, bapt. Sept. } 10,1721 \text {. } \\
& \text { iii William, bspt. Nov. } 8,1724 \text {. } \\
& \text { iv William, bapt. June } 23,1728 \text {. } \\
& \text { v Joseph, bapt. Dec. } 29,1734 \text {. }
\end{aligned}
$$

10 John $^{3}$ (John ${ }^{2}$, Robert ${ }^{1}$ ). Born about 1700, doubtless in the small house on the Sagamore Creek place bought by his father Feb. 1696/7, he renewed his baptismal covenant in the South church, April 25, 1725. The rite was usually conformed to on becoming of age, so that he may have been somewhat younger. About this time he removed to Greenland, adjoining the town limits on the West, and there all his children are recorded. He was "cordwainer" (shoe-maker) but this may have been a trade learned early in life, as he was a large farmer for many years. His place was owned later by his son, Lt. George Lang, and was about $11 / 2$ miles from Greenland village on the road to North Hampton.

He married, as early as 1724, Sarah Bickford, born 1708 (dau. of Henry Bickford of Portsmouth). In 1749 "husbandman," he was sucd by Jonathan Chapman, laborer, for $£ 10$ (8913-Concord). Parson's Rye has a Lang line made up from various sources, evidently not fully verified, and states that "John Lang married Sarah Bickford who lived in Portsmouth near the mill dam. She died in 1801 aged 96 years." One of her great grandehildren stated that "Sarah Lang died in Greenland in 1805 at $96^{\prime \prime}$ indicating her birth in 1709. But in the Greenland town record Sarah Lang died in 1769. Her husband's will is dated Sept. 5, 1767, and was proved June 27, 1774. He mentions all his children except the first Thomas (an infant who died). Judith, the widow of his son John, and their children, Reuben, Nathaniel, Olive and Fredericka, are mentioned. July 5, 1730, Sarah Lang renewed the covenant in the Souti church. In 1850 George Lang, son of Thomas, one of the children of John and Sarah Lang, wrote a letter giving valuable data on the family.

## Children:

i Dorothy, bapt. Apr. 25, 1725; died without issue. Married Ebenezer Wallis, farmer, son of Samuel Wallis and Hannah Seavey. Will of Samuel, 1741, mentions son, Ebenezor.
ii Thomas, bapt. 1727; died before 1741 (when 2nd, named Thos., was born).
iii Sarah, bapt. 1729; married 1750, Job Foss (son of Joshua and Sara Wallis) of Rye and Epsom, yeoman (1725-1790). His will, 1790, mentions all his children, born Rye.
1 Sarah, b. 1751; mar. 1776 her cousin, Mark. Foss of Strafford Ridge, farmer, b. Rye, 1749.
2 Dorothy (1753-1843) ; mar. John Grant of Epsom, 1789, farmer and Rev. Soldier, died, 182 .
3 Hannah, bapt. 1755; mar. Epsom, 1798. Simeon Chapman of Epsom.
4 John, bapt. 1757; d. 1819; mar. 1783, Sarah Tucker (1756-1819).
5 Job, bapt. 1759; d. unmarried. Rev. Soldier.
6 Joshua (1761-1837) ; mar. 1785, Eliz. Hunt (1763-1849) of Rye.
7 Mary (1754-1833); mar. Robert Saunders (son of Robert) of Rye (1766-1809). He res. Epsom, farmer.
8 Ebenezer, bapt. 1767; mar. 1789, Mary Foss (dau. Joshua) of Rye, b. 1766. Farmer, Epsom; Rev. Soldier.
9 Comfort (1772-18:4); mar. 1798 her Ind cousin, Richard, son of Thomas and Mary (Goss) Lang.
iv Grace, bapt. 1732; married Philip Babb (son of Philip and Rachel (Lewis) of Epsom, farmer, born Greenland 1726. His will, 1795. proved 1801. Nine children (as in will):

1 Philip.
2 Rachel, mar. Geo. Wallace (80n Dea. Geo. \& Margaret McClary).
3 Capt. Thomas, died 1808, Epsom, will, 1808; mar. (1) Deerfield, 1776, Eliz. Wallace (sister of Rachel's husband); mar. (2) 1788, Sarah Blake.
4 Sarah, mar. Neal MeGaffey, b. Epsom 1756, son of John.
5 Aaron (1759-1813); mar. Hannah - (1767-1848).
6 Mary; mar. Wm. Workman McGafley (bro. Neal, Sarah's husband), born Epsom, 1767.
7 Hannah (1767-1849); mar. 1798, her cousin, Simon Grant, son of John and Dorothy Foss, of Epsom, farmer (1776-1863).
8 John (1767-1831); mar. 1795, Ann Holmes, dau. Jeremiah and Eliz. (Lewis) (1775-1831). Will, 1831.
v John, bapt. 1734; mar. Feb. 17, 1759, Judith, danghter of Phillip Babb. He mar. Ind, Frederika Berry Huggins (1738-1791). He may have been the soldier at Fort Wm. and Mary in 1757, but see John ${ }^{3}$ (Nath.2, Rob't.1). He died in 1767. In 1773 his widow, Frederickn, bought 50 acres of land in Wakefield and settled there in 1783. Children, born Greenland, probably not in order of birth:
1 Reuben, born about 1760.
2 Nathaniel, died unmarried.
3 Olive. An Olive married, Aug. 29, 1769, So. Ch., John Lord.
4 Frederika (1762-1832) mar. 1785, Joseph Maleham of Wakefield (1743-1816). They had 5 children.
5 Dorothy, born 1764, died 1784 (Piper Mss.).
ri Hannah, bapt. 1736; mar. John Weeks, as his 2nd wife, son of Matthias Weeks and Sarah Sanborn of Greenland, born G. 1736, died Gilmanton 1815. They had, born Greenland (Weeks Gen.):
1 John Lang (1763-1853), of Tamworth, farmer; mar. 1800, Judith Plummer, b. Wakefield, 1780.
2 Noah (1771-1804); mar. 1793, Sarah Morrill. Res. Gilmanton. vii Bickford (1738-1804), blacksmith, res. Effingham; mar. 1764, Martha Locke, dan. Elijah. 1757, a soldier, Neweastle, at the Fort, member of the First Independent Co. 1761 and 1763 in deeds. Children, born in Rye:
1 Deacon John, born Rye 1767; died Limerick, Me., 1843; mar. 1787, Mercy Drake (1769-1860). They had 13 children:
a Francis (1789-1837), F. W. B. preacher and blacksmith of L.; had five girls, and Francis M., 1894.
b Serg. William (1791—), of Mexico, Me.; had boys, Joha B., Wm. P., Oliver S., Reuben.
c Huldah (1792-1882); mar. Jonathan F. Davis. Ch.: John L. of Freedom, Me. (1823-1860); David M. of E., b. 1824; Mercy A. (1896-1876), mar. H. Durgin of F.; Serg. Zebu. lon (1832-1870), unm.; Chas. H. (1835-1899), of Dunlap, Ia.; Emily (1837-1878), mar. George Bradbury of Colo, Ia.
d Mary Polly, born 1794; mar. Sam 1. Philbrick of E., had Mary, who mar. Henry Gordon of Manchester.

- Data (1796-1873); mar, Sam'1. Tasker of Ossipee. Ch.: Abraham (1819-1864), of Milan; Eben (1824-1859), s. p.; Geo. L. (1826-1855) of Biddeford, Me.; Sam'1. F. (18281914), of Saco; Elizabeth (1831-1854), s. p.; Theodate (1837-1858), mar. J. G. Cummings of Saco.
\& John (1798-1876) of Limerick, Me.; had boys: Bickford, Lowell (1823-1894), John C., Woodbury C., Sewall F., Wm. A., George W., and Emerson.
$g$ Abigail (1801-1884); mar. Jos. Philbrick of E.
h to m Sarah, Mercy, Martha, Elizabeth, Hannah and Belinda.
2 Hannah (1769-1860); mar. Dowrst Rand of Rye (1764-1847); 9 children.
3 Martha (1772-1867); mar. 1795, Jereminh Fogg; 2nd, John Batchelder of North Hampton. Five children.
4 Bickford (1774-1861), of Epsom and Huntington, Ohio; mar. 1797, Abigail Locke (1778-1862), 1819; served Fort Sullivan, Ports. Eleven children.
a William (1797-1895) of Strawberry Point, Ia.; boys, Nicholas, William, John, David, Charles.
b David Locke (1799-1839), of F., mar. 1, Lydia A. Babb; 2, Lurenda Hitchcock. Ch.: James A., 1824; Lydia, 1896; John B., 1828; Lucinda H., Mary E., David L., Abigail, Chas. B, Ellen, Emma and Henry B.
c Reuel (1801-1891), of H.; mar. Amy Hart (1805-1898); 9 ch.: Josinh B., Jesse F., Cyrus W., Louisa M., Chas. R., Esther A., Olive A., Geo. Ln, and Merrill W.
d John L. (1803-1846), of Ashland, O.; mar. 1828, Sarah G. White. Four eh.: Sarah W., Sarah M., John W., Martha G. (mar. John S. Fleek), res. Newark, O., and had 5 children.
5 Sarah (1776—) mar. Jonathan Crockett; and 2nd, Josiah Tuck of Effingham (1773-1856).
6 William, born 1782; died 1783.
viii Lient. Thomas (1741-1829) of Greenland, Lee, 1795; mar. Mary
Weeks (1745-1776); 2nd, 1776, Mary Holmes, died 1784; mar. 3rd, 1785, Mary Simpson. 1776, was in Rand's company, Rev.
Army. Children:
1 Thomas (1766-1852), farmer of Portsmouth and Stratham; mar. 1786, Olive Hodgdon (1768-1810); 2nd 1812, Hannah (Pickering) Dame. Ch. by 1st wife:
2 Phincas (175i-1795).
b John, 1789, died at St. John, N. B.: mar. 1811, Judith Butler, $2 \mathrm{ch} .:$ Abigail, d. inf., and Charles Edward, b. 1815.
c Thomas (1791-1864); mar. 1817, Sarah Batler. Ch. b. Candia: Albina (1818-1858), Thomas (1828-1916), Malden, Mass.
a Phineas (1795-1820), farmer, Greenland. Ch.: Abigail (1816), Andrew P. (1818), Luey A. (1820).
e Charles (1798-) Greenland, teacher; mar. 1826, Lucy A. Hammond. Ch.: Charles F. (1828), Amanda M. (18301906).
$\simeq$ Mary (1768-1838); mar. 1788, Geo. Simpson of Bumney. 8 children.
3 John (1771-1860); mar. 1792, Sarah Ayres. 3 ch. b. Greenland and No. Groton.

4. Dorothy, b. 1773; mar. John Whidden of Greenland. Ch.: Mark of Thornton.
5 William (1776-1855); mar. 1798, Mary Hodgdon; res. Alton. Ch.: John, b. 1800.
6 (by 2nd wife) Joanna (1777-1806); mar. 1804, Rob't. Holmes. 1 ch. Elizabeth.
7 Sarah (1779-1839); mar. 1801, Silas Noyes of Amherst. 10 ch.
8 Ebenezer (1781-1830) of N. Y. City; wife, Mary. 4 ch. (N. Y. Probate) Mary Ann, John, Edmund and George.
9 Anna, b. 1782, mar. Moses Remick of Rye, d. s. p.
10 Samuel (1784-1852); mar. 1809, Lydia Furber of Broolfield. 4 children.
11 Hannah (1786-1872); mar. 1802, Wm. French of Lee and Pembroke. 16 children.
12 Sidney (1788-1859) ; mar. 1808, John Rand of Rye. 5 children.
13 Martha (1789-1831); mar. 1814, Robert S. Waldron. s. p.
14 George (Ensign) ( $1781-1882$ ) of Lee, mar. 1818, Susan Davis, 2nd, 1841, Charlotte Lane. 4 children.
15 David (1793 ——) of Stratham; mar. 1819, Comfort Seammon, End, Irene Glover. 4 children.
16 Eliza (1795-1875) ; mar. 1818, Edmund Wentworth of Wakefield. 7 children.
17 Aaron (1797-1859) of Chicopee, Mass.; mar. 1818, Rhoda Leigh. ton. 6 children.
18 Joseph (1800-1890) of So. Newmarket, m. 1832, Eliza Fifield. 3 children.
19 Benjamin F. (1800-1879); mar. 1829, Hannah Smith. s. p.
90 Olive (1803-1833); mar. 1833, Wm. McCoy of Lawrence, Mass. 2 children.
ix Lient. George (1745-1789) of Greenland, farmer, mar. 1770 Sarah
Johnson. He was a Rev. Soldier 1777 and 1778. He got the shares of his brothers in his father's farm and built the house on the road from Greenland to No. Hampton, West of Emma L. Seavey's place. Children, born Greenland.

1 George (1773-1833), unmarried.
2 Sarah (1781-1869); mar. 1800, Thomas Berry of Greenland, farmer (1799-1854).
3 Daniel (1787-1814), unmarried.
x William, baptised 1749 , a carpenter, is said to have been killed by a falling tree, Haverhill, Mass. Wife, Mary or Sarah. Child:
1 Dorothy.
11 Dorothy ${ }^{3}$ (.John ${ }^{2}$, Robert ${ }^{1}$ ). Born about 1704, she married about 1724, John Wills, mariner of Portsmouth, son of Edward

Wills and Deborah Savage. (See Savage family under Ann Lang, No. 7.) She was dead before her father, John Lang, made his will. John Wills died by Jan. 28, 1740/41, when John Lang was granted administration of his estate. It inventoried $£ 226$. He was a poor sailor, leaving six children, all under age. In due time four of the five boys became shipwrights in Portsmouth, about 1750 a very busy seaport. In 1754 they, with Ann, their sister, sold to Benjamin Ackerman their share in the estate of their grandfather, Edward Wills (43.447 \& 55.113). Date of the widow's death has not been found or date of any remarriage.

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Children, born Portsmouth:
    i William, bapt. Dec. 5, 1725.
    ii John, bapt. Oct. 8, 1727.
    iii Joseph.
    iv Benjamin, bapt. Nov. 21, 1731. June 4, 1756 a Benjamin Wills
        married Mary Thompson.
    v Edward, bapt. Dec. 3, 1734.
vi Ann, born about 1737, married Aug. 15, 1759 (South church)
        Henry \({ }^{4}\) Lang (Sam'13, Nath.2, Roberti). See No. 20. He was
        a tailor of Portsmouth, bapt. Feb. 24, 1733/4. Ann was one of
        the grandchildren of John Lang, to whom he gave one-quarter
        of the paper money and one-half of the silver, the night before
        he died, she being then about 10 years old. Ann and Henry
        had one child (no more show on baptismal record).
        I Nathaniel, born 1767, August End; who had not been traced.
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12 Grace ${ }^{3}$ (John ${ }^{2}$, Robert ${ }^{2}$ ), was baptised in the church March 16, 1711/12. In 1733 a Grace Lang was presented in court, parentage not stated. If this Grace she would have been about 22 years old. Grace Lang renewed her baptismal covenant in the South church, Dec. 1, 1728 and was received into full communion there, April 22, 1736 (Reg. 81). At the age of 25 she was married Oct. 29, 1737, to Joseph Gray of York County, Maine. She was his second wife. "Old Kittery Families" gives Joseph as son of Robert Gray and Elizabeth Freathy. Robert died 1711 at 91. Joseph, their 3rd child, born Aug. 10, 1712, married Sarah Stevens (daughter of Moses Stevens of Kittery). Their only child, Sarah, was born March $8,1734 / 5$, but the death of the mother is not recorded. Joseph Gray then married Grace Lang. When in 1748 her father, John Lang, was sick and in fear of death, he turned to Joseph Gray in preference to his sons and other sons-in-law and made him, in confidence and perhaps in
gratitude, Executor of his will. In 1752 he had completed his task, receipts to him "of Georgetown, Maine, ship carpenter, executor" remaining in the probate files, from Ruth, widow; Mary, widow of Wm. Adams; William, John and Joseph Wills (children of John Wills of Portsmouth, mariner and his wife, Dorothy Wills, both deceased) ; and Luke Mills of Portsmouth, marincr, for his own and his children's shares. To Mary Adams and the Mills and Wills children three-fourths of the residue of the estate of John Lang went, Grace Gray having the other fourth. Grace and Joseph Gray had only 2 shildren according to the baptismal records of Portsmouth, nine years gap between the two. The mother did not live long for Joseph Gray married his 3rd wife, Deborah, family unknown, and she died in 1786.

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i Dorothy, bspt. Aug. 3, 1740.
ii Joseph Freathy, bapt. July 93, 1749.
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13 Thomas ${ }^{3}$ (John ${ }^{2}$, Robert ${ }^{2}$ ). As he was the second to be so named, the former had died. He was baptised March 13, 1713/14. He was a mariner, of Portsmouth. He married Nov. 19, 1737, Mary Downs, born at Gosport (Isles of Shoals). July 23,1738 , "Thomas Lang and wife" were received into covenant in the South Church. (This would be he rather than Thomas, No. 29.) In 1757 he was employed at the fort (Adj. Gen'l. Rep. 2.197). In 1783 a Thomas Lang was a sailor on the Frigate HAGUE; Captain John Manly. Another Thomas is mentioned in N. H. State Papers 14.224; Revolutionary records. Apparently Mary Downs was not of the Thomas Downs family of Dover. Deaths of Thomas and Mary are not found.

In 1873 William ${ }^{6}$ Lang (John ${ }^{5}$, Bickfor: ${ }^{44}$, John ${ }^{3}$, John², Robert ${ }^{1}$ ) in his 81 st year wrote, "I lived with my good grandfather, Bickford Lang, Sr. I have often heard him speak of his uncle that was a sailor and visited them often at Greenland when he was a boy. I shall call his name Thomas, Senior."

[^4]2 Olive, bapt. 1771, probably died in infancy.
3 George, born 1771, of Barrington and Barnstead; died Milton, Mang., 1854. Flin granddnughter, Ruth Jane, who married 1832 Nathaniel Wilson of Lowell, Mass., was grandmother of Henry Winthrop Hardon of New York, Mr. Hardon had compiled but not published a Seward Genealogy at the time of his denth in 1934 as well as a LANG Genealogy, a Roberts Family and had enormous collections of other early Now Hampshire lines, all of the material to be deposited with the New Hampahire Hiatorical Society at Concord (1935).
4 Sarah, born 1773, married 1804, Elnathan Bigelow.
5 Samuel, born 1775.
6 A son, born 1780, died 1785.
iv A Eunice Lang was baptised in the South church, daughter of Thomas, Sept. 1, 1745.

14 Fannahb (John ${ }^{2}$, Robert ${ }^{2}$ ), baptised August 7, 1715, she was dead before her thirty third year, when her father made his will. She married Dec. 5, 1734, Luke Mills, who was of Northampton County, Virginia, a master mariner (that is, usually taken to be, ship captain) and warehouseman. He was born in Virginia June 20, 1715. He was lost at sea in the summer of 1764, under 50 years of age. He left a will dated June 20, 1764, made, probably, in anticipation of a long voyage. It was proved in August 29 th of the same summer. After the death of Hannah he married again, as his wife's name in the will was Deborah, which also mentioned his surviving children; Luke, Eligood and Mary.
i Edward, bapt. Feb. 8, 1735/6, died infancy.
ii John, bapt. Mar. 6, 1736/7, died about 1758.
iii Jonathan, bapt. July 10, 1738, died infancy.
iv Luke, bapt. Jan. 17, 1741/2, master mariner of Portsmouth; he married at Newington, Oct. 11, 1764, Deborah Furber (17411796). She married 2nd, 1773, John Gee Pickering of Newington.
$v$ Eligood, born Aug. 25,1744 , died Jan. 6, 1832. He was a master mariner of Biddeford and Waterborongh, Me., 1790. During the Revolutionary War he was an officer of the privateer GRAND TURK, a prisoner of war at Halifax nearly 5 years, from 1777 to 178:. In 1770 he married at Biddeford, Mary Dyer, who died 1774; End, Lucy McLucas, who died in 1832, in same year as her husband.
vi Mary, born March 28 , 1746/7, died 1823, married 1756 Paul Leighton of Portsmouth, block maker, born Dover, April 3, 1739, son of John Leighton and Abigail IIam of Durham.

John Lang, her grandfather, wanted her to have one quarter of his paper money and one half of the silver, the night before he died in May, 1750 , when she was 5 years old.

15 Robert ${ }^{3}$ (Nath. ${ }^{\mathbf{2}}$, Rob't. ${ }^{2}$ ), born about 1697, probably the first of the children of Nathaniel and Elizabeth Lang (Lang Mss.), all their children are mentioned therein except Benjamin, whom we conclude to have been the youngest. Robert died about 1739. He married July 4, 1718, Catherine Cowell of Portsmouth (Mss. also Reg. 22.395). April 7, 1728, both Robert and Catherine were received into the South Church, Portsmouth.

Edward Cowell was a shipmaster in Portsmouth (see transactions, Rob't. Lang) leaving widow Agnes, 1677. In 1682 his son, Samuel Cowell, was under 16. Joseph and Elizabeth (or Eliza) had children baptized in the South Church from 1724 to 1730. Catherine was probably daughter of Samuel. In 1759 a petition stated that no administration of Robert Lang was taken out when he died about 20 years before and authority was asked to sell his real estate at the water side at Frame's Point. George Huntress, one of the petitioners, stated that he had married one daughter and had purchased the share of another, that Robert had left a widow who also was dead and five children, Daniel being the eldest son; another son, Robert, also being dead but leaving a widow Abigail, and a son, Benjamin, last heard of on a privateer. Huntress and John Griffith, another petitioner, were by special Act of the Provincial Government allowed to dispose of the real estate and did so (68.295).

Children, all under age at death of father, baptised So. Church:

[^5]by the proof-of-service papers of Willinm4, born 1759 (Samnela, Stephen ${ }^{3}$, Robert ${ }^{2}$ ).
4 Martha, born March 17, 1753.
5 Sarah, born Aug. 3, 1755.
iii Benjamin, Feb. 2, 1723/4. "Married the widow Ross" (Lang Mss.). July 22, 1746, Elizabeth Lang of Portsmonth, widow of Benjamin Lang of Portsmouth, shipwright, was granted Administration (3.388) of her hasband 's estate bond of $£ 500$ being signed by George Huntress and Wm. Parker. "My honored mother, Elizabeth Lang, widow of Benjamin Lang, ahipwright" said John Banfill in his will, June 28, 1745. In Jan. 1715/16 Elizabeth Rice married Charles Banfield, and Oct. 25, 1794, she married Stephens (Stephen, Robert) Lang. Why should Huntress in 1759 petition state that Benjamin (his brother-in-law) was "last heard of on a privateer" When he himself had gone on the bond of Benjamin's widow, ElizaEeth, in 1746 for the scttlement of Benjamin's estate? It seems we have to account for (a) "Widow Ross"' who was (b) Elizabeth and (c) mother of John Banfill (Banfield), presumably thus; Elizabeth - married (1) - Banfield, (2) - Ross and (3) Benjamin4 Lang, shipwright (Robt., Nath., Robt.). Benjamin had recorded (name and sex not stated) Portsmouth:
1 A child, Oct. 4, 1744.
iv Sarah, b. May 20, 1726, died 1768, administration to John Griffiths, her uncle. She married abont 1746, George Huntress, son of George Huntress and Elizabeth Seward of Portsmonth. Born 1727, died 1764, he was an "'inn-holder"' of Portsmouth. Lang Mss. says she married Daniel Huntress, an error. They had 6 children:
1 Robert, 1747.
2 George, 1749.
3 Elizabeth, 1751, died 1805, at 54; married 1773, Captain James Drisco of Portsmonth (see Drisco Fam. Libby's Gen. Diet. 2.207). He died May 19, 1812 at 62, buried at Point of Graves, where their stones may be seen.
4 Joshua Lang, born 1753, died 1809 at 50, master mariner and Rev. Soldier of Portsmouth. Widor, Anna, died April 17, 1847, at 98; Point of Graves.
5 Daniel, born 1755, died 1820, master mariner and merchant of Ports. (Putnam's Mag. 4.194)
6 Catherine, born 1758, married 1777 at Grecnland, John Shapleigh, son of William. (Henry of Rye b. 1726, had son, John, b. Feb. 8, 1759, who it is stated, married a Leighton.)
v Robert, born March 23,1729 , married (Lang Mss.) Abigail Read. The following children of Robert, no wife named, bapt. So. Church, "Fe probably his; (see also Huntress petition, "Rob't dead, wid. Abigail'').
1 Robert, bapt. Mar. 25, 1753.
$g$ Dorothy, bapt. June 8, 1755.
3 Gilbert Read, bapt. May 8, 1757.
vi Elizabeth, born Aug. 29, 1731, married Dec. 5, 1754, George Fernald, son of William Fernald and Elizabzeth Cotton, born

[^6]
## THE MOSES FAMILY

Despite the closeness of the two families, living across Sagamore Creek from each other, for three or more generations, the first marriage between the two seems to have been that of Daniel Lang, called "Captain" (bapt. So. Ch. Sept. 10, 1721) and Martha Moses (bapt. Aug. 14, 1726) joining these English and Scotch lines. After Daniel's death in 1757, Martha his widow married Bartholomew Stavers, an Englishman.

Sergeant John Moses, the first of the clan, was on the South side of Sagamore Creek as early as 1648. In that year he and his wife, Alice, recovered damages for slander. In 1661 he had married Ann, the widow of John Jones and she signed with him all his deeds from 1667 till 1679. John Jones in 1660, 44 years old, deposed in a way indicating her birth as about 1616. In 1667 Ann Moses was executrix of estate of John Jones. Two years later John Moses and Ann assigned their property to his son, Aaron, against their old age, although she could hardly have been 60. Serg. John Moses' children were :

[^7]16 Nathaniel ${ }^{2}$ (Nathaniel ${ }^{2}$, Robert ${ }^{2}$ ), born about 1701, he died in July, 1785 "of atrophy, at a good old age" (So. Ch. Rec.). Feb. 7, 1724/5, he was received into the South church and the following May his wife, Hannah, was received. In 1746 he was employed with his father, Nathaniel, in the extensive repairs to Fort William and Mary and was also engaged in ferrying (18.276). He was a glazier and was paid•£3 sh. 6 for "mending windows at the fort and for ferrying over the Canada soldiers to Newcastle." We find him sued by Col. Samuel Moore (commander of the N. H. men at Louisburg in 1745) for balance of account, $£ 12$; Lang furnished salt fish, 21 days work, $1 / 2$ load ballast for the HULL MERCHANT, 24 days work on the REBECCA. He got of Sam'l. Moore a jackknife, rum, thread, clothes, cheese, pork and some cash. (See "Desc. Ensign John Moor.") In $1725 / 6$ he had been a "centinel to the Eastward" for 21 days in Col. Walton's Co. (4.201). In 1724 he married Hannah Beck of Portsmouth (daughter of Thomas Beck and Mary Frost) born about 1715. In 1776 he declared his allegiance to Congress.

Two children :
i Nathaniel, bapt. March 19, 1726/7.
ii Joshan, bapt. July 5, 1730 .

17 Charity² Lang (Nath. ${ }^{\text {² }}$, Robert ${ }^{2}$ ), born about 1703, seceived (So. Ch.) into full communion May 8, 1720; married May 21, 1721, Stephen Marden of Rye, born 1699, died 1781, son of James Marden, who with his father, was an early settler of Rye. Stephen Marden was a cordwainer and lived at Little Harbor and kept a ferry running across to Great Island, now Newcastle. In 1751 he was "friend and son-in-law" of Nathaniel Lang (deeds 40.302). Children (Parsons' RYE):

[^8]Betsey Sanborn; Simon, mar. Hannah Yeaton, and Perna, unmarried.
4 Rachel, born and died 1766 ,
5 Abiel born Feb. 27, 1767, married William Foss.
6 Benjamin, born and died 1769.
7 Sarah, born 1771, married 1795, Jonathan Philbrick, born 1773, son of Joseph. They had 8 children.
iii Ruth, born Dec. 8, 1731, married Oct. 11, 1753, Levi Towle (son of Jonathan) born Sept. 22, 1731. Ch: (Parsons' RYE)
1 Jonathan, 1754 (1).
2 Sarah, 1756.
3 Jeremiah, 1758.
4 Joseph, 1761.
5 Betty, 1763.
6 Anna, 1766.
iv Elizabeth, born April 12, 1734.
v Stephen, born Sept. 27, 1736, married Aug. 28, 1760, Elizabeth Webster, born Feb. 19, 1740, dau. Joseph Webster and Patty Goss. Stephen was accidentally killed June 17, 1781.
vi Abigail, born July 22, 1739, married 1762, Daniel Philbrick, born Feb. 2, 1740. She married 2nd as his 2nd wife, William Davison. Davison had 3 children. Abigail and Daniel had:
1 Mercy, born Jan. 8, 1763, mar. Michael Dalton.
2 Sarah, born July 30, 1764, mar. Amos Brown.
3 Joses, born July 1776, mar. Sarah Smith. 7 children. He d. Dec. 21, 184 .

18 Deborah ${ }^{3}$ Lang (Nathaniel ${ }^{2}$, Robert ${ }^{2}$ ), born 1706, died March 20, 1771, at age of 65 according to her grave stone in the "Point of Graves" cemetery, Portsmouth, on which are also the names of three infant children, Nathaniel, 1737, Mary, 1738, and William, 1742. Strangely enough two of these infants, each of whom lived 21 days, have separate stones. Deborah married 1724/5 John Griffiths of Portsmouth, master mariner and merchant, born 1702, died 1776, leaving Will dated 1775 and whose inventory was $£ 707$, which included a negro slave, "Cato." His grave stone does not appear with the rest of his family nor is any inscription to him on her large monument, which he evidently erected himself within 5 years of his death. The order of births varies somewhat from the Lang Mss.

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    2 Miles Ward, died April 25, 1759 (4 daya after his brother Sam-
        uel at 2 yra. 3 mo.) (grave atone).
iii Hannah, born about 1729, died 1769, married 1753, John Grant, a
        master mariner of Portamonth.
iv Elizabeth, born 1733, married 1759, Richard Champney of Bev-
        erly (son of Rev. Joseph of Ports. and Thankfull Hill), born
        Beverly, 1735, will, 1806, proved 1810. Her estate admin-
        istered, 1839.
    \(v\) David, born 1735, died 1779, married 1757 Sarah Bowlea of
        Waltham. He was a goldsmith of Exeter.
    vi John, ——, married ——, ——Davenport of Boston.
vii Nathaniel, born July 3, 1737, died Aug. 21, 1737.
viii Mary, born Sept. 27, 1738, died Oct. 18, 1738.
    ix Nathaniel, born 1740, died s. p. 1771 at 31, mar. Mary Alcock of P.
    x Wiiiiam, born May 30, 1742, died 1749.
xi Sarah, born 1743, mar. 1763 Daa. Isaac Williams of Excter.
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19 Jeffrys (Nathaniel=, Robert²), born Jan. 16, 1707 (Lang bible), mar. Aug. 24, 1732, Hannah Symnes, born Aug. 27, 1707, died Oct. 3, 1748, buried in the famous Charter St. ground, Salem, Mass. He married (2nd) Dec. 5, 1751, Esther Ruck of Salem, widow of Merrill (1719-1773), see Perley's SALEM, p. 577. Jeffry went to Salem in early life, was a silversmith there in 1732. His house was next to Judge Endicott's (E. I. Coll. 21.220 ; 6.105). He died May 14, 1758. Children, b. Salem (last 2 by 2nd wife) :

[^10]vii Edward, b. Sept. 3, 1749; n jeweler of Salem and master of the East side school. Mar. 1768, Rachel Ward of 8. (1746-1819). 10 children, b. Salem:
1 Edward Symnes, b. Jan. 21, 1770. He was the first chronicler of the LANG clan, making in a clear and scholarly hand the "1800'' record now deposited with the N. E. Hist. Gon'l. Society in Boston. He says he did this in part from statements of his father (1742-1830) whose father (Jeffry) died when he was 16 but when Edward's oldest brother, Richard (1733-1820) was 25, thus having the benefit of family tradition.
2 Caleb (1774-1794), died at sea.
3 Nathaniel, b. and d. 1774.
4 Elizabeth (1775-1793).
5 Rachel (1777-1795).
6 Abigail (1780-1795).
7 Hannah (1781-1782).
8 Sarah (1783-1871), mar. 1817, Captain Samuel Page of Salem.
9 Hannah, b. and d. 1784.
10 Deborah (1785-1845) ; mar. 1807, Capt. Wm. P. Richardson of S., mariner and merchant. Had 9 children and left many descendants.
viii Daniel (1744-1747).
ix Sarah (1745-1834); mar. 1767, Henry Cloutman and had 8 children:
1 Mary, b. 1768; mar. Isanc Tuttle.
2 Henry, b. 1769; mar. Abba Wendell.
3 John, b. 1771; mar. Hannah Chisholm.
4 Sarah, b. 1773; mar. Daniel Bancroft.
5 Remember, b. 1776.
6 Elizabeth, b. 1778.
7 Samuel, b. 1781 ; mar. Sarah Lewis.
8 Ephraim, b. 1783; mar. Lydia Southward.
$\times$ William, b. Jan. 5, 1750, d. 1827, auctioneer, Salem, Mass., served 1778 in Salem Co., in Rhode Island Expedition, mar. 1772, Bridget, dan. Samuel Derby and wife, Ann (1752-1842). 12 children, born Salem:
1 William, b. 1772; mar. Frances, dau. John Datch and Mary Jones ( $1776-1870$ ).
2 Bridget (1774-1855); mar. Kendall Flint of Danvers, (2)Thomas Field.
3 Ann (Nancy) (1776-1873); mar. William Osborn, 7 children of whom Nancy m. Sutton and Mary m. Paine.
4 Samuel, b. 1778.
5 Esther (1780-1867); mar. Capt. John Norris of Salem and Boston (1780-1869), sea captain and distiller. No children.
6 Lucy (1782-1865); mar. Capt. Jeremiah L. Page; children, of whom Ellen mar. Upton.
7 Priscilla (1784-1876) at 99, she sarvived the other children. Mar. Samuel Goodridge. Dan. Priscilla mar. Bice and had Frances P. 1839 and Ed. D. 1845.

8 Haskett Derby, b. 1786, d. 1827 at Egwog, Norway; mar. Eliza S. Sleeper of Exeter.
9 Martha (1789-1864); mar. Capt. Joseph Moseley of Boston; 1 son, Jos. M., had 7 children.
10 Elizabeth (1791-1872), unmarried.
11 Sarah (1793-1874), nnmarried.
12 Harriet (1795-1863), ill. Nov. 9, 1817, Salem, Benjamin4 Howard (Johns, Joscphs, Abraham²), b. 1795, d. 1860, Boston; merchant, ship-owner, ' 49 to Cal, early rubber importer, Brazil, a founder Grace Epis. Ch. Boston, of which son-in-law, Rev. Thomas March Clark (late Bishop R. I and Presiding Bishop), was first Rector. Res. Brookline. 10 children:
a Harriet, b. 1819, m. Rev. Geo. Dudley Wildes. 3 ch.: Grace, Alice, Clarence.
b Caroline (1820-1884), m. Rev. Thos. M. Clark, Bishop, $1854-$ 1903. 5 ch.: Bryant, Mary B. (m. Eugene Sturtevant and had Lonisa, Helena, Mary, Edward and Alice), Caroline, John and Howard L.
c Charlotte (1822-1882), m. Geo. Winthrop Coffin, 2 ch.: Benj. Howard (for whom in 1868 the compiler, Howard Parker Moore, was named), Boston wool broker, who m. Henrietta Hodgkins and had Emily E., who m. Joseph Wing and Geo. W, who m. Mary Runk. (2) Charles W. (18541903), who had 2 ch.
a Benjamin Chandler (1894-1853), m. Isabella G. Jarves. 2 ch.: Benj. C. and Cora.
e Franklin Bryant (1826-1840).
\& John Haskett (1898-1899).
g Lucy Maria (1830-1907, m. John Rose Lee of Boston, 5 ch.: Arthor ㅍ., m. Marie L. Foster, 3 ch.: Luey, b. 1859, anm.; Lillian, m. Edward Biddle of Phila. 3 ch.: John C., m. Susan Shaw and Geo. W., m. Eeanor Tucker.
h Charles Tasker (1833-19), m. Jane W. McBurney. 5 ch.: Allan, Rosine, Charles, Philip and Florence. M. 2nd., Jane Wilson (Hayes) Welch.
i Grace Matilda (1836-1905), m. Edward H. Robinson. 2 ch.: Mand and Alice.
j Alonzo Potter (1838-1902), m. Emma Gardiner Babeock. 1 ch .: Henry, b. 1868, m. his cousin, Alice Sturtevant (dau. Eugene and Rebecca Clark), res. Newport, R. I 5 ch., b. Brookline: Katherine, Henry, Thomas C., John B. and Robert S.

20 Samuel $^{3}$ (Nathanielㄹ, Robert ${ }^{1}$ ), bapt. May 21, 1710 (So. Ch.), he married June 28, 1733, Hannah Tout of Dover, daughter of Henry Tout and Hannah Leighton. 2 children, born Portsmouth:
i Henry, bapt., Feb. 24, 1733/4; married (So. Ch.) Ang. 15, 1759,
"Anna Wells' error for Wills, daughter of John Wills and

Dorothy Lang (No. 11). In 1760, Henry and Ann (ahe by her mark) deeded her share in the Estate of John Lang to J. Langdon and in the same year land in Portsmouth to J. Phillips, Henry being "Tayler." In 1769 Henty Lang was sued for rent of a house he occupied by the Estate of William Bennett. In 1775 Henry served in the Rev. War, taking the oath of allegiance in 1776. He also served in 1780. As Lowell Lang of Hampton Falls (afterward of Sanbornton) must have learned his trade, tailoring, of some one, what more likely than that it was with his cousin, Henry, in the chief place in New Hampshiret In 1770 Lowell was 16 and could have had 5 or 6 years apprentice work before both he and Fenry doffed their aprons and put on the uniforms of the Revolutionary soldiers, fighting for independence. One child, bapt. So. Ch. (possibly others):
1 Nathaniel, Ang. 2nd, 1767. The only Nath. Lang in 1790, N. H., census was of Ports, self only, no family.
ii Hannah, b. Jan. 9, 1737, died April, 1814; mar. Portsmouth, Jan. 31, 1758, (So. Ch.) Thomas Chatborn (Chadbourne) (17361810), son of William Chadbourne and Mary. They had 7 children:
1 William (1761-1840); mar. 1788, Martha McMillan, res. Conway.
2 Hannah (1763-1847); marr. 1784, Phillip Page.
3 Mary, b. 1765; mar. Winthrop Bennett.
4 Abigail (1767-1842); mar. 1793, James McMillan of Bartlett.
5 Sarah (1769-1854); mar. 1793, John Noble of Portsmonth.
6 Martha, d. $17 \% 1$, in infancy.
7 Thomas, resided Portsmouth, a merchant.

21 Elizabeth ${ }^{3}$ (Nath. ${ }^{\text {, }}$, Robt. ${ }^{2}$ ), date of birth unknown. Lang Mss. states that she married 1st, William White and 2nd,Marshall and had two children :

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i John.
ii Priscilla.
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22 Agnes ${ }^{3}$ (Nath. ${ }^{\text { }}$, Robert ${ }^{1}$ ), baptised So. Ch. July 3, 1715, she married at the age of $163 / 2$ years, John Martin of Portsmouth. She renewed baptismal covenant April 11, 1731. Lang Mss. states that they had 6 children:

[^11]23 John $^{2}$ (Nathaniel², Robert ${ }^{2}$ ). It is probable that this John was nonexistent. The only evidence we have of him is the LANG Manuseript which gives him, a son of Nathaniel, and says "marriage unknown." The manuscript fails to give Benjamin, found on the South charch records as born in 1716 to Nathaniel and Elizabeth so it may have been a mistake in name.

Few Langs attended St. John's Episcopal Church but there are found on its records the following:

John Lang, married Oct. 1, 1751, Sarah Brewster.
John Lang, "infant son of John and Sarah Lang," baptised June 10, 1753.
Sarah Lang, married Aug. 7, 1756, Joseph Robinson.
Mary Lang, daughter of John and Mary Lang, baptised July 24, 1768.

John ${ }^{4}$ (John ${ }^{3}$, John ${ }^{2}$, Robert²), bapt. 1734 may have gone to St. John's for a first wife, Sarah Brewster, married her 1751, had son, John, 1753 and have married Feb. 17, 1759 Judith, daughter of Philip Babb. We find no other John Lang of whom this would be possible. Who then, was the Sarah Lang (if not John's widow) available to marry 1756, Joseph Robinson?

Another non-existent John Lang-
No Immanuel Lang has been found except in records of the South Church (as printed) : Bapt. May 15, 1726, John, son of Immanuel and Mary. Bapt. June 13, 1731, Joanna, dau. Immanuel and Mary. Acknowledged the covenant, Apr. 11, 1731, Mary Lang. Received into full communion, May 2, 1731, Mary Lang. In list of funerals attended by Rev. Samuel Haven "John Lang, aged 62, Feb. 10, 1787."
J. F. in TRANSCRIPT No. 7535 declares this his (or her) LONG family, supporting the contention with collateral evidence. Mr. Hardon concurred; not Langs.

24 Benjamin ${ }^{3}$ (Nathanielㄹ, Robert ${ }^{2}$ ), this Benjamin, rather than John (No. 23) was probably meant in the Lang Manuscript as son of Nathaniel. We know from the South Church Record (unless that was in error) that Nathaniel had a son, Benjamin, baptised Sept. 30, 1716, probably his last child. Of John (meaning Benjamin) the manuscript said "marriage unknown." We definitely know no more of this Benjamin, who, if he died
young, would relieve us of any confliet of identity with Benjamin ${ }^{4}$, bapt. 1723/4 son of Robert ${ }^{3}$ (Nath. ${ }^{2}$, Robt. ${ }^{1}$ ), and Catherine Cowell.

25 Willism ${ }^{3}$ (Stephen², Robert ${ }^{1}$ ), born Portsmouth by 1700, called Major (no military service fonnd), and tanner, tax payer 1727 but not in 1737 list (13.250); 1739 "son-in-law" and executor Henry Bennett's will. "at our hous by me" wrote Rev. Hugh Adams, eccentric minister Oyster River Parish (Durham) in 1714 when he married William Lang and Bridget Eldredge (Reg. Vol. 23) indicating the unexpected visit of a young couple from another parish. Eldredge family of Wells shows no Bridget. No children are recorded anywhere. The only William Lang old enough to marry, even at 16 or 18, was this one who we know married in Greenland, Dec. 19, 1731, Lucy Bennett (dau. Henry and Margaret Westbrook) born 1703, death not found. Lang Mss. called William's wife "Sarah"; error of memory. He renewed covenant So. Church 1727 and next year was on list of members. Father left Lacy residue of estate "in consideration of the care of me in my advanced age and sickness." Inventory only $\{110$. Jonathan was probably only child as "upwards of $16^{\prime \prime}$ (actually 19) in 1752 Abraham Elliott (husband of his aunt Abigail, his father's sister) was appointed his guardian. No other guardianships, so no other children as all would have been likewise under age.

Because of possibility of other children Mr. Hardon, inclined for some years to think William of Hampton Falls son of this William, failed to alter his manuscripts, which may now cause searchers some confusion. It is unlikely a gap of 12 years would accur between Jonathan's baptism, 1733, and birth of the first of the Hampton Falls children (see Wm. ${ }^{3}$, John ${ }^{\mathbf{3}}$, Robert ${ }^{1}$ ).

[^12]I Richard White, Mar. 5, 1757; mar. 1778, Mary Moses of P. Was in Rev. army 1775 and 1777 (14.227, etc.). 1700 cennus a Richard res. Hanover; 2 males over 16; 1 female.<br>2 Mary, bapt. Oct. 28, 1759.

26 Etephen ${ }^{\text {a }}$ (Stephen ${ }^{2}$, Robert ${ }^{2}$ ), born about 1703 he was received into full communion, South Church, March 29, 1723/4. October the 25th following he married, as her second husband, Elizabeth, widow of Charles Banfield, who was the son of John Banfield and Mary Pickering. Charles had married January, 1715/16, Elizabeth Rice, daughter of Thomas Rice and Mary Withers (Libby 2.74). In 1784 Stephen Lang inad land in Rye. He died in May, 1790 at the age of 88 of influenza (So. Ch. rec.). Stephen was a cordwainer and mariner of Portsmouth, first taxed there in 1727. His wife, Elizabeth, was present the night before John ${ }^{2}$ Lang (Robert ${ }^{2}$ ) died, May 21, 1752 and testified as to the latter's money. She was probably a little older than Stephen, her husband. Date of her death is not known. 7 children, born Portsmouth :
i Jane, bapt. Oct. 9, 1726, married Ang. 26, 1754 (So. Ch.) James Goppy, master marincr of Portsmonth, son of James and Ann. Was this Jane received into full commanion, So. Ch. Jan. 3, 1741 at about 17 (Reg. 82) 2 ch :
1 James, master mariner of Portsmouth and Dover, born 1790; mar. Ann Loud (1737-1820), danghter of Solomon Loud and Abigail Dame.
2 Joshua, husbandman and mariner, of Middleton, who mar. Sarah Loud, sister of Ann.
ii Stephen, bapt. Oct. 6, 1728, fisherman, wife's name unknown. Not on 1776 list of those giving allegiance. Several of the name in the Rev. Army difficult to distinguish. "This Stephen may have been dead or removed to Conway'' (Hardon). Possibly 2 children:
1 Stephen, born 1750 (9).
2 Samuel, born 1752 (9).
iii Margaret, baptised with Stephen, married Jan. 6, 1763 Nathan White of Portsmouth (So. Ch.) deeds, 119.333, Rock. Co.
iv William, bapt. about 1730, married Dec. 9, 1751, Elizabeth Rand, daughter of Thomas Rand and Hannah Pray, born about 1730 (Parsons" RYE). In 1770 "William Lang of Portsmonth, hasbandman, provided he settle" bought 53 acres in Sayville (now Sunapee) for 5 shillings, of John Wendell (90.280). In 1758 he was a soldier in Swett's Co., and may have been the William, Lieutenant, in 1776 in Gunnison's Co., or 1777 in Fry's Co., but one or both entrics may relate to his son, baptised 1756. In the Nelson article on town of Goshen (adjoining Sunapee) in the Granite State Magazine, 1910-11, the first settlements in the
town were in 1700, when 3 young mon ${ }^{1}$ two at least unmarried, Capt. Benj. Rand, Daniel Grindle and William Lang came from Portamouth and settled on the wedge of land belonging in the grant of Sunapee the year before.' Grindle and Rand married. "A pitiabla fate overtook the neighbor, William Lang. Ineanity appeared in a violent form and he passed his last years in elone confinemont so dangerous that keepera came no nearer than to alide in food and throw him straw to sleep on. Mrs. Lang, too, came upon the town for apport and in 1811, as the custom was, one Robert Lear bid off the unfortuante couple at vendue, to support for one year for ${ }^{679}$. The old man died during that year and then 'the widow Lang' was sold into service for $\$ 1.28$ a month, her one cow and the use of the farm belonging to the parchaner. Such was the irony of fate that these early pioneers should anfer an ignominious end.'

The N. H. Patriot records the death of William Lang in Goshen, March 7, 1812 at the age of 82. William and Elizabeth had, bapt. South church, Portsmouth, 7 children:
1 Elizabeth, Sept. 13, 1752, died infancy.
2 Lucy, July 18, 1754; mar. Dec. 25, 1773, Samuel Bmith (So. Ch.).
3 William, bapt. 1756, of Saville, died before 1789, a Revolutionary Soldier who enlisted Feb. 18, 1777, and was discharged May, 1781 (Kidder's History of the First N. H. Regimert, 1868). In 1777 he was in Col. Bellows' Reg. In 1778 he was "22 years old and was sick" at Valley Forge. He saw much service, was in important engagements. He was probably unmarried. Death unrecorded.
4 Jane, born (family record) March 2, 1759, bapt. (So. Cb.) July 9, 1758, married 1779, William O. Bowler of Palermo, Me., a British Soldier in General Burgoyne's army, born in Sherwood Forest, Nottingham County, England in 1757, died in Indinna, 1835. 6 children, b. P.:
a Dea. Joseph O. (1781-1850); mar. 1801, Hannah Greeley (1780-1852).
b Stephen Lang of Palermo, Me., farmer and J. P. (1782-1857); mar. 1803, Susan Longfellow who d. 1860.
c Rev. William of Jefferson and So. China, Me. (1788-1873); mar. 1810, Sarah Gurrell (1791-1867).
d James Harvey of P., b. 1790, d. Clarksburg, Ind.
e Benoni of P., mariner, died unmarried, at sea.
5 Margaret, bapt. Dec. 7, 1760.
6 Stephen, bapt. Feb. 15, 1765. Res. Wendell (Sunapee), in 1790 census, self and one woman in family.
7 Elizabeth, bapt. Mar. 2, 1767.

- (perhaps) Richard, who by family tradition was an artilleryman in Rev. Rolls, 1775 and 1776 (N. H. S. P. 14); removed to Casco, Me., and was a privateersman. A Richard Lang was in Hanover, N. H., 1790 census, with another male in family over 16, another under 16 but no female. This may have been Richard Whites Lang (Jonathan', Wm. ${ }^{3}$, Stephen ${ }^{2}$, Roberta).

27 Samuel ${ }^{5}$ (Stephen ${ }^{2}$, Robert ${ }^{1}$ ), born about 1715 he married, according to Pamily tradition, Mary Sherburne. Mr. E. R. Sherburne, genealogist of the family, could not place her. The Lang Manuscript simply stated that "Samuel, son of Stephen, married Mary Sherburne." Samuel Lang was of Portsmouth but after 1762 he removed to Lyman in the northern part of the state where he died about 1799. Occupations, shipbuilder and husbandman. It was probably this Samuel and not Samuel ${ }^{3}$ (Nath. ${ }^{2}$, Rob't. ${ }^{1}$ ), a tailor, who in 1744 "used to manage gondolas for transporting sods" for the repair of Fort William and Mary, some 25 men on the job (18.207). By family tradition he was also a mariner. In a deed (22.178) in 1736, he and brother, Thomas, bought land in P. If born about 1715 the baptisms of his children, beginning in 1750, would indicate that he married rather late. Hence possibly Mary Sherburne may have been a widow when he married her. Children:

[^13]```
v William, b. Dec. 13, 1759, ren, and died Irasburgh, Vt.; mar. about
        1785, Sarah Shorburne who d. 1834. In 1832, living at Iras-
        burgh, he applied for a pension, ahowing his enlistment at
        Portamouth, in Rollins' Co. Drake's Reg. (Stillwater, 1777)
        and in various other companies; in 1782 was a sailor on the
        ALEXANDER and the PALLAS (Dan n. Lang of P. being
        Lieut. on PALLAS at time of capture of the HUNTER in
        1782). (See Dan 1. Lang No. 15.) Moved 1784 to Lyman, 1791
        to Bath, 1830 to Irasburgh, Vt. 8 children, born Lyman:
    1 Sarah, mar. Stephen Smith of Lyman; 5 children.
    2 Daniel (1787-1865); mar. 1816 Hannah Page, Ryegate, Vt.,
        farmer; 4 ch.
    3 Susan, b. 1792; mar. 1823, Chapin Hunt; 6 ch.
    4 Charlotte (1796-1870); mar. 1819, Dan' H. Hunt; 8 children.
    5 Jacob, b. 1803, of Bath, farmer; mar. Sarah Morton, 3 children.
    6 Richard (1803-1860) of Bath, farmer; mar. Avna Hunt.
    7 William, b. 1806, Lyman, Bath, farmer; mar. Amanda Ricker.
    8 Mary Ann; mar. - Moore, of Lyman.
vi (a daughter) bapt. Nov. 15, 1762.
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28 Deliverance ${ }^{3}$ (Stephen ${ }^{2}$, Robert ${ }^{1}$ ), born about 1707; married Matthew Nelson (Lang Mss.). Deliverance Lang received So. Ch. Feb. 4, 1728; mar. March 30, 1736, as his 2nd wife, Matthew Nelson (1693-1757), of Portsmouth, cordwainer. He was son of Matthew Nelson, tanner (1658-1713), owner of the large Walford estate, leaving sons, Matthew, Joseph and William, and son-in-law Nath. Tuckerman. Deliverance and Matthew, Jr., had been close neighbors. His mother was Agnes, probably daughter of William Rackley. It was probably Matthew who married between May and July, 1715 (No. Ch. Rec.) Cotton. 1714 he was received into that church and baptised and in 1712 at 19 was a soldier in Davis' Co. Ch., bapt. So. Ch.:

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { i Agnes, Aug. } 28,1737 \text {. } \\
& \text { i Jane, Aug. } 28,1737 \text { (twin). } \\
& \text { iii (a child) Jan. } 11,1740 / 41 \text {. } \\
& \text { (May } 12,1762 \text {, the 'youngest daughter'' was wife of George Ham.) }
\end{aligned}
$$

29 Thomas ${ }^{3}$ (Stephen ${ }^{2}$, Robert ${ }^{1}$ ), born by 1715, he and brother, Samuel, in 1736 bought ( 22.178 ) land in Portsmouth, a shipwright, probably living at Sagamore Creek. Married Dec. 21, 1740, Sarah Finlayson (Reg. 27.9), probably she who was "Sarah Lang" received into So. Ch. June 6, 1742. Finlayson baptisms, No. Ch. show no Sarah, but Wallace 1716, Nathaniel 1719 and Margaret Bennett "Fintayson," 1722.

Thomas and Sarah had bapt. So. Ch.:
i Stephen, July 15, 1754. Parson's RYE "'perhaps in Sbortridge's Co., and Sanborn's Co., and died in the army."

30 Sarah $^{8}$ (Stephen ${ }^{2}$, Robert ${ }^{1}$ ), born about 1718, married Nathaniel Machmore (son of Richard Mucinmore and Amy Tuckerman) born Gosport (Isles of Shoals). Two Sarah Langs were received into full communion in the South Church; Nov. 4, 1739 and June 6, 1742 (see No. 29). Nathaniel, born July 17, 1718, died July 27, 1776 (N. H. Gazette), called "cousin" in Nathaniel Tuckerman's will (1744), was given half of his personal property and all of his realty (except a lot on Great Island), inventory being over $£ 10,000$. He was apparently son of Otho Tuckerman and wife, "Eme" (admin. 1694). Richard Muchmore, fisherman of Star Island, b. 1792, died (adm. 1794 to bro. John) was son of John, also fisherman there, born about 1670, died 1717/18, wife, Ann Wilcomb (dau. Rich. and Eleanor). Eleanor, wid. 1698, bequeathed her "new boat" to "son" John Muchmore, etc. Nathaniel and Sarah had, born Portsmouth, 2 children, perhaps others:

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i Sarah, b. about 1745; mar. 1772, Joseph Sherburne (son of Nath-
        aniel and Sarah Sherburne) born 1745, died 1807; Rev. Soldier;
        a farmer of Epsom.
ii Nathaniel, bapt. May 12, 1745 (So. Ch.).
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31 Abigail ${ }^{3}$ (Stephen ${ }^{2}$, Robert²), bapt. April 9, 1721, So. Ch., married Abraham Elliott of Portsmouth (son of Richard Elliott Jr. and Abigail Wilson, Dow's HAMPTON, 1022), born P. 1725. In 1729 Abigail Wilson, wid., was Admin. and by 1736 mar. John Green, cordwainer, both liv. 1748, Pelham. Abraham's will, 1780, proved 1791 ; wife (Exec.) sons, Richard and John, danghters, Sarah Sherburne and Abigail Elliott; inventory $£ 200$, including 30 acres of land. In 1752 Abraham was made guardian of his nephew, Jonathan Lang, son of his wife's brother, William Lang (orig. package 1684, Concord). 6 ch . born:

[^14]ii Richard, bapt. Aug. 19, 1750.
iii Hannah, bapt. Sept. 8, 1753.
iv John.
v Abigail.
vi (a dan.) married - Griffth.
32 William (Wm. ${ }^{3}$, John², Rob't. ${ }^{1}$ ), baptised with sister, Ann, So. Ch. Portsmouth, July 12, 1724. He is found next in Hampton Falls, where no Langs are previously seen. At about 21, a poor young man, he evidently courted and won the danghter of the farmer he worked for, she barely 15 or 16, Sarah, daughter of John Stanyan; born by 1728. She is mentioned in his will, 1748, as Sarah Lang, other children being Jedediah, Jonathan, Patience, Anna, Mehitable and Elizabeth, all under age, Sarah the only one married. She and Jedediah were baptised together Jan. 3, 1731 (H. F.).

## THE STANYAN FAMILY

Anthony Stanyan, glover, came in "PLANTER" 1635 at 25 (as appeared at his examination before embarkation), of Boston 1641, of Exeter 1647 (where he was town clerk), he settled in Hampton, one of the few having title "Mr.," was a selectman, Representative and leading citizen. 1650 seated with wife, Mary, in meeting house. He mar. 2nd, 1655 Ann Partridge who died 1689 (wid. Wm. Partridge of Salisbary). Stanyan lived So. of Taylor's river on hill where in 1900 Charles N. Dodge lived. By will, 1688, he left only $£ 45$ as he had given away his property by deed to son, John. John, b. Boston 1642, selectman H. F. Rep. 1705 ; mar. 1663, Mary Bradbury of Salisbury and died 1718, wanting his property kept in the family of 7 children. Son, Jacob, b. 1683, mar. Dorothy 1704 who d. 1723 at 39. He mar. 2nd Lydia -. Selectman H. F. 1723 to 1746.9 ch. by 1st w., 1 by 2nd. Son John b. June 23, 1710, d. 1748, wife Mary, left will "his mark," inventory $£ 300$, property to wife except 5 shillings to each chili.

In 1746, William Lang was "servant" to John Stanyan; in 1768 taxed with son, Stephen, only one of age. 1770, voted at spirited meeting, deseribed in Brown's HAMPTON FALLS. 1772, had not paid for the minister. Was called "blacksmith." In 1768 only 25 persons paid less tax than Wm. Lang. Death is not found nor that of wife, Sarah, but it is not likely to have
been in Sanbornton where Rnnnels collected materials for many years while many of the old Langs were alive. Brown (p. 591) says "Near Ram Hill lived a family named Lang. The slight rise in the road has since been called Lang's hill. Name appears early as 1743, disappears before 1787."

1759, in will of Wm. Lang, of Portsmonth (wife Susannah Savage), son Wm. was named first and given 20 acres land, town of Chester, which he probably sold or gave to one of his brothers as none moved to that town to settle. 1804, Wm. Lang of Deerfield (adjoining Chester) sold 26 acres in C "which has not been sold to pay the taxes" (181.89). Chester charter, 1722, granted to many from the Hamptons, names Jacob Stanyan but no Lang, indicating no one of latter name then in either town. Three of the four sons of William Lang and Sarah Stanyan enlisted in the Revolutionary War. Later all left town to seek their fortunes, all prospered and left many descendants. Children, born Hampton Falls (church records) :
36 i Stephen, bapt. Oct. 4, 1745.
37 ii Josiah, bapt. Jan. 16, 1747.
38 iii John, bapt. May 7, 1750.
39 iv Lowell, bapt. Sept. 17, 1754.

33 Banjamin4 (Wm. ${ }^{3}$, John ${ }^{2}$, Rob't. ${ }^{3}$ ), born Portsmouth, Sept. 19, 1734, died May 4, 1816, a carpenter of Rye 1759, Candia, 1790; married (1) Newington, 1758, Eleanor Burleigh, b. Rye, 1731 (dau. Wm. and Eleanor Johnson), mar. (2) Candia, 1797, Deborah Verrill, b. Rye 1755, d. 1836 (dau. Soloman and Deborah Bartlett). She mar. 2nd as his 2nd wife, 1822, John Clay of Candia. Benjamin was Corporal in 1775, Parson's Co. of minute men serving the Fort at New Castle. The 1756 marriage of a Benj. Lang to Mary Thompson (Parson's RYE, 406) might have been a first marriage, with no children recorded. 5 ch . (Burleigh), b. Rye:

[^15]In 1817 divided farm, Candia, bet. John and Jamen of C. "blacksmiths." 4 children, prob. born Candia: William, d. 1819; mar. 1813, Nancy Leavitt. She in 1824 mar. his brother, James. John (b.-, d.-). James, mar. 1824, Nancy (brother's widow). Elizabeth, d. 1813; mar. 1811, Sam'1 Learitt.
iii Capt. Benjamin (1765-1818); mar. 1785, Deborah Bean, danghter of Jonathan and Mary (Leavitt); was of Candia, Walnut Hill on the Boston road, where 1920, great grandson Benj. F. Lang lived. Capt. Benj. was a blacksmith. Children, 11, born Candia:
I Benj. (1786-1817); mar. 1810, Sarah Norton, 2 children, b. Deerfield.
2 Sarah, b. 1788.
3 Jonathan (1791-1830) of Goshen; 1819 of Gorham, mar. Temperance -.
4 Eleanor (1793-1860); mar. David Morrison of Candia and Palermo, Me.
5 Mary (1795-1861); mar. 1820, Washington Verrill (2nd cousin), son of John Verrill and Ann Lang. 5 children, b. Rye.
6 William (1797-1860); mar. 1820, Eliz. Rand, 2nd, 1851, Nancy Lee. 9 children, born Gorham and Goshen.
7 David (1800-1865); mar. 1820, Sarah Sanborn, 2nd, 1862, Belief Brown, widow of brother, John, 6 children, b. Candia.
8 John (1809-1848); mar. 1823, Relief Brown. 5 children, b. Candia and Hooksett.
9 Samuel (1805-1881); mar. 1826, Martha B. Sanborn, 2nd, Eliza D. Chase, 4 children, b. Woodstock, Campton and Deerfield.

10 Nathan (1807-1832); mar. Esther Robinson. 1 child, b. Woodstock: Leonard.
11 Cyrus, born and died 1811.

34 Thomas Lang (Wm. ${ }^{3}$, John ${ }^{2}$, Rob't. ${ }^{1}$ ), born Portsmouth, about 1735, died before 1790. Married Sept. 15, 1757, Mary Goss, b. Rye, 1738, died after 1790, the dan. of Jethro and Esther (Rand). He was in Parson's Vol. company in defense of Newcastle, Rev. War. Widow's will gave Levi's wife, Mary, her house. 8 children, born Rye:
i Susanna, bapt. 1758.
ii William (1761-1815); mar. 1784, Margaret Rhimes, b. 1767; mat. 2nd, Thos. Barker of Bradford and died 1841. 11 children, born Deerfield:
1 Thomas (1784-1812); mar. 1809, Rebecca Jones (1791-1863). 3 ch., b. Amesbury, Mass. : Sarah (mar. Paige); Dan'l (1810); Judith (m. Woodman).
2 Mary (1787-1843); mar. 1807, Levi Currier, 1815, Ezra Worthen. 3 Elizabeth (1789-1891); mar. 1807, Benj. Holman of Deerfield.
4 Hannah (1792-1867); mar. 1810, John Batchelder of Topsham, Vt. 8 children.

5 Sarah (1794-1889); mar. Moses Tuxbury. 1 son; Thos., Jersey City, N. J.
6 Nancy (1796-1872); mar. Jas. Flanders, 3 children, b. Bradford, Vt.
7 William, b. 1798; mar. Hannah Dastin, b. 1796, 3 children b. Corinth, Vt.
8 Deborah (1800-1850); mar. 1815, Lyman Moore. 8 children, b. Corinth, Vt.
9 Gilman (1803-).
10 Ruhaman (1805-1833).
11 Wilson (1808-) ; mar. 1833 Cynthia Barker. I child, Wilson. iii Levi, born 1763, of Deerfield; mar. Mary Critchett. 1 child, Mary (1789-1869).
iv Anna, born 1767.
v Bichard (1770-1823), known as Sergeant; mar. 1798, his .2nd Consin, Comfort Foss [dan. Job and Sarah (Lang)]. He lived at Lang's corner in Rye and in 1815 he boilt the house, in 1320, owned by Chas. W. Lang. The farm was that of Ebenezer and Dorothy (Lang) Wallace, who gave it to Richardd Lang. 5 children, born Eye: Frances G.; Ebenezer; Mary Ann (mar. Mark R. Webster); Sarah (mar. Jos. W. Seavey) and Almira (mar. Andrew Gardner).
vi Sarah (or Salome), b. 1774; mar. Ebenezer Collins, New Gloucester, Me.
vii Elizabeth, died 1805; mar. 1797, Nathaniel Berry (1775-1834), son of Samuel and Elizabeth (Marden). 4 children, born Rye: Mary, (mar. John Mace of Rye and Richard Verrill of Rye); Elizabeth, b. 1800 (mar. Reuben Randall of Bye and Richard Verrill of Rye); Sarah, born 1802 (mar. John MC. Caswell of Rye); Samuel (1804-1805).
viii Samuel, born 1781, died Candia 1847; mar. 1807 Elizabeth Smith (1787-1861). A farmer. Children, born Deerfield: Thomas G., 1807 ; Sophronia, 1809 (mar. S. P. Robbins of D.) ; John S. (18111838); Joseph H., 1813; Wm. C., 1815; Sarah, d. infancy; Mary M. (1824-1904), mar. Josiah S. Whittier of Deerfield; Samuel C. (1827-1848).

35 Mark Lang (William ${ }^{3}$, John ${ }^{2}$, Rob't. ${ }^{2}$ ), baptised Portsmouth 1741, died July 26, 1808, a yeoman of Portsmouth, married about 1760, Salome Goss of Rye, born Feb. 22, 1741, died Mar. 14, 1810, dau. Jonathan and Salome (Locke) of Rye. He lived on south side of Lang's or new road in S. E. corner of town of Portsmouth. Nine children, born Portsmouth, recorded Rye:

[^16]1820 at Candia, his Ind consin, Mary Lang [dar. Benj. and Deborah (Bean)].
iii Hannah ( $1765-1805$ ); mar. 1785, Job Locke of Rye (1769-1848), son of Richard and Eliz. (Garland). 6 children, b. Rye: Daniel, bap. 1787, d. infancy; Sarah (1791-1831), unm.; Mary, 1793, $_{\text {(1) }}$ mar. Rye 1815, Jus. Bowley of Stratham; Elizabeth (1797-1836), mar. 1816, John Caswell of Gosport, fisherman (1791-1809); she mar. (2) 1800, Wm. Randall of Gosport; Job, master mariner (1799-1852), mar. Hannat Randall (1801-1855); John W. (18031941); mar. 1826, Mary Brown Locke (1800-185\%); she mar. (2) 1846 Jesse Locke.
iv Mark, of Portsmonth, joiner, b. Bye 1767, d. 1845; mar. 1792, Hannah Marden (1777-1855). 13 children, b. Rye: Elizabeth, 1793 (mar. David S. Marden of Rye); Annevivah (179f-1803); Mary (1796-1797); Daniel (1796-1861); Mark, 1799; Hannah (1800-1827), mar. Capt. Benj. W. Marden of Bye; Aaron (18021803) ; Mary (1804-1888), mar. Etias Perkins; Sarah Ann (18061879); John L. (18091833); Esther (1811-1875), mar. David Monlton; Aaron (1813-1888) and Luey M. (1814-1876), mar. Wm. S. Willey of Portsmonth.

- Richard, born 1770, died young (bef. Richard, 1778).
vi Jonathan, born Rye 1773, was of Sanborntom, 1795 and died in Brooks, Me, 1817. He mar. (1) 1796, his consin, Eliz. Lang (dan. Benj. and Emma Burley Lang); mar. (2nd) - Watson, daughter of Isaac. In 1795 he bought 200 acres of land in Sanbornton. 7 children, b. Brooles, Me.; Daniel, 1800; Jonathan, 1804; Eugh, b. abt. 1808; Edward, b. 1810, res Lowell; Eliza Jane, b. I81e, mar. John C. Wilson; David, b. 1814; Mark, b.
vii William (17741831) of Portsmonth, yeoman, mar. 1794 Elizabeth Walker, dau. Sam I and Elizabeth (Peverly). Resided in the S. E. portion town of Portsmonth on Lang's or new road. 10 children, b. P.: Mary Ann, 1795 (mar. Thos. Marden); Earriet, 1797, d. inf.; Eliza P., 1799 (mar. John Simpson); Frances S., 1801, d. int-; Leomard, 1804; Eiannah, 1806; Eleanor, 1808, d. inf.; Harriet, 1811 (mar. Sherburne Somerby); Maria M., 1813 and Thos., 1817.
viii Richard, of Rye, joiner, born abt. 1778, died May 6, 1854; mar. Dec. 31, 1798, Nancy Walker, dav. Samuel and Elizabeth (Peverly). Resided Rye, Prospect Hill. 9 children, born Rye: Edward, 1799 (mar. Deborah Mrarston); Mary, 1801 (mar. Wm. Trefethen); William, 1802 (mar. Elizabeth A. Brady and Elizabeth Hazzard); Nancy, 1805 (mar. Jacob Holmes); Frances, 1809 (mar. Thos. Adams) ; Eliza, 1811 (mar. Jacob Holmes, late hus. of sister Naney) ; Samuel, 1813, died 1837 Stratham; Sarah, 1814 (mar. Nathan Fellows); Bichard (1817-186\%) policeman, Boston, m. 1840, Mary A. Hobbs, 2, 1852, Mary A. Libbey, 3, 1859, Matilda McDonald. His children Were (1) Alfred T. (1842. 1893), m. 1883, Izetta Wade. One child: Richard David, Dorchester, Mass., m. 1918, Alice Roberts, has 1 son, Gordon A., 1919. (2) Emma F., m. 187s, John W. Wade, Granville Center, Nova Scotia. 6 children: (a) Myra F. (m. S. B. Duffield, res. Marblchead); (b) Ernest R., G. Center, m. Lennie M. Eaton; (e) John N., G. C., m. Nina P. Troop; (d) Alfred Lang, Montreal, m. Pearl Sharp; (e) Harry R., G. C.; (P) Chester
A., Winnepeg, m. Hester E. Withers. (3) Sarah Myra, b. 1847, res. (1935) Marblehead. (4) Wm. H., 1849, d. s. p. 1878, Boston. (5) Mary E. (1851, d. infancy).
ix $A$ child (d. 1787).
36 Stephen ${ }^{5}$ (Wm.4, Wm. ${ }^{3}$, John ${ }^{2}$, Rob't. ${ }^{1}$ ), born Oct. 4, 1745, H. Falls, died Dee. 29, 1823, married (1) Sonth Hampton, Mar. 19, 1770, Abigail Weare, b. H. F. 1750, d. Chichester, 1786, (2) 1789 at H. F., Hannah Foster. First 3 ch. b. H. F., others Concord, where he died. Abigail was dan. of Meschech Weare the first President of New Hampshire, a very able and prominent man. "A Rev. soldier" (N. Hi statesman).
i Elizabeth (1771-1557); mar. Kensington, Joseph Lake of K. and Sazbornton [son of John and Hannah (Low)], d. 1813. 9 children: (Runnel's SANBORNTON), Hannah, Mary W., Julia, Rev. Joseph, Eilzabeth, Hannah, Deacon Rchard, MLark, Deacon Redford W. and Abigail.
ii Abigail (1773-1864), unmarried.
iii Meschech (175玉-1856) of Concord, innkeeper; mar. 1804, Susannah Hoit. 5 children: (Con. rec.) Gorham D., 1804; Emily, 1806; Abigail (1809-1893); Lucretia (1811-1869); John (1814-1818).
iv William, mariner, b. about 1777, "sapposed to be dead" (deed 1804).
v Richard, mariner, b. about 1780, died Gnadalonpe, West Indies.
vi Samuel Weare (1784-1816), merchant and town clerk, Boscawen; mar. 1809, Mary Eastman (1791-1899). Children, b. Boscawen:
1 Esther J. (1810-1847) ; mar. 1832, Rob't E. Pecker, Boston, 6 children.
$\Omega$ Maj. Jonathan Eastman, merchant and Town Cleric, Concord, Ass't. Sec'y. of State (1811-1876); mar. 1838, Sophia Tilton. 8 children, b. Concord.
3 Samuel W. (1812-1812).
4 Mary C. (1816-1897); mar. 1840, Charles H. Clough. 8 children, b. Concord.
vii Mehitable (1781-1858); mar. Loudon, 1803, as his Ind wife, David Batchelder of Barnstead and Stratham (1775-1843), son of Nathan and Mary (Greeley). Children, b. Barnstead: Irene, Meschech, Olive, Abig., David, Samuel and Elbridge.
viii Jewett Sanborn (1790-13:-4), Chelsca, Vt., and Stewartstown, mar. 1813, Sarah H. Goodwin (1793-1853). 8 children, b. Chelsca:
1 Charles (1813-1897); farmer, Canaan, Ct., 4 children b. Chelsea.
2 Hannah (1814-1873), unmarried.
3 David G. (1817-1907), of Lowell, Vt.; mar. Kate Whiting, 3 children, b. Lowell.
4 Asa G. (1819-1896), of Columbia; mar. 1854, Gertrude Flanders. 4 children, b. Stew.
5 Jonathan G. (1820-1904), farmer of Columbia, s. p.


# 6 Elizabeth (1820-1874); mar. 1846, E. H. Keeysar (1891-1880). 3 children. <br> 7 Thomas D. (1827-1882) of Baraboo, Wis.; mar. 1854, Mary P. Norton. 2 children, b. B. <br> 8 Mary A. (1829-1886), unmarried. <br> ix Stephen (1793-1853), housewright of Concord; mar. 1816, Martha Flanders (1796-1859). 6 children, b. Coneord: Moses C., d. s. p. 1877. Rath F. (1819-1907) unm. Geo. K. of Concord (1829-1898); m. 1868, Eliza P. Story. 3 children, b. Concord. Abiel F. (18941825). Chas. W., of C. (1827-1865), unm. John K., of C. (18361884); mar. 1854, Mary and Puffer. 7 children, b. C. <br> $x$ Thomas, b. and d. --, unmarried. 

37 Josiah ${ }^{5}$ (Wm. ${ }^{4}$, Wm. ${ }^{3}$, John ${ }^{2}$, Rob't. ${ }^{1}$ ), born Jan. 16, 1747 at Hampton Falls, died Tuftonborough, May 12, 1828. Married at Rye, Dec. 17, 1771, Parnell ("Pearn") Johnson (1749-1841), dau. Col. Phillip Johnson and Elizabeth Tufton Philbrook. He enlisted for the New York Expedition in 1775 (14.401-3), oceupation cordwainer; was of Greenland 1792, Portsmouth, 1797, Tuftonborough, $1816.9 \mathrm{ch} ., \mathrm{b}$. G.:
i Josinh (1779-1856) tanner, Tuftonborough; mar. 1796, Sarah Whidden (1774-1861). Children:
1 Joseph Whidden (1798-1886), Pres. M. Sar. Bank, R. R. Director, etc.; mar. 1894, Mehitable Fowng, b. T.; (2) 1866, Widow Julin Taylor. No children.
2 Thomas Elwy of T. and Meredith, farmer (1801-1889); mar. 1807, Cynthia Blaisdell (1800-1890). 2 children, b. T.: Sarah (1828-1917), m. Nathan B. Wadleigh (1829-1885). 2 children: (1) Thos. L. (1852-1913); m. Lillian Hodgdon, s. p. (2) Annie (1870 ), m. 1899, Afred F. Hall (1872-1909), mf'r. M., learing 1 dau. Margaret (1904- ), who mar. 1934, Geo. Guy Booth of Laconia. Ind ch. (T. E. and S.) Joseph William, merchant, ML (1832-1903); m. 1860, Lucy A. Leach (1837-1910). 1 child; Elizabeth W. (186i-1905), unmarried.
3 Josiah (1804-1815).
ii Jefferson, b. 1774, d. s. p.
iii Sarah (1775-1833); mar. 1797. Wm. Haines of Wentworth (17751865). - children, b. W.: William (1806-1866); Alanson of Laramie, Wro., b. 1812.
iv Stephen (1775-1848), cabinet maker of Greenland; mar. Susan Lord (1784-1830). Children:
1 Joseph P., of New Orleans; mar. Mary Kelly. 2 children, b. N. Y. City: Rich. J. and Silas.
a Joseph Lord, Newtonville (1808-1874) s. p.
3 Ann P. (1811-1894), m. 1836, Thos. J. Blaisdell. 4 children: Rev. John W., of New Bethlehem, Pa. (1837-1912); Eliza A. (1838-1913), m. S. D. Fox; Susan E. (1842- ), m. Zemender Garland of Pittsfield, son, Frank T. Pittsfield; Sarah L. (1848-1853).

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            4 Charles (1814-1884) of Charlestown, Maga.; mar. 1834, Rebecea B. Allen. 4 children, b. C.: Chas. H. (1839-1888) s. p.; Jos, (1847-1849); 2 sons, d. infancy.
5 Stephen (1819-1876) of E. Bridgewater; mar. Mary E. Blake. Children, b. E. B.: Edwin F., b. 1847; Sam'] (1847-1879), unmarried; Stephen, b. 1849; Mary E., b. 1851; Lydia A., b. 1855; mar. S. A. Sturtevant of E. B.
6 Daniel (1892-1858) of Sajem, Masa, mar. Ann Hetherington. 4 children, b. S.: Susan (1849-1875), m. Charles Burkenshaw; William, 1850, of M.; mar. 1873, Bridget Cotton; Mary J., 1855; mar. 1880, Michael Sullivan of S.; Daniel, 1859, mar. 1885, Josephine Crehan.
v Elizabeth Tufton, b. 1779; mar. 1799, Simon Dearborn of No. Hampton and Orford, b. 1778, son of Rubengo and Elizabeth. 4 children: Pearn (1802-1875), mar. 1823, Theophilus Gilman of O., blacksmith; Rachel, mar. Knowles; Levi, d. infancy; Ira A., of Milton, farmer (1834-1874).
vi William, b. 1781, d. unmarried.
vii Phillip, b. 1783, d. unmarried.
viii Daniel, b. 1785, d. unmarried.
ix Deborah (1791-1828); mar. 1808, Mark Ackerman of Portsmouth, carpenter ( \(1786-1867\) ), son of Barnet and Sarah March. 7 children, b. P.: Lncy A. (1807-1894); mar. 1836, Asa Ham of P. (1804-1891) farmer; Eliz. T. (1809-1809); Sarah Lang (18121903) unm.; Eliz. T. (1815-1907), mar. 1840, Alex. I. Rand of Epsom (1814-1893); Frances L. (1820-1878) unm.; Daniel F. (1825-1902), printer of P., mar. 1844, Maria Louise Hayes (1829-1888); John (1828-1828).
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38 John ${ }^{5}$ (Wm. ${ }^{4}$, Wm. ${ }^{3}$, John ${ }^{2}$, Rob't. ${ }^{1}$ ), born Hampton Falls, May 7, 1750, died June 26, 1833, Freedom, Me., Waldo Co., where he executed, blind, pension papers July 13, 1832, giving birth, 1752. July 30, 1833 was granted pension at $\$ 20$ a year, 2 weeks after his death. Eunice Gould and Pain (9) Dodge claimed to be surviving children. (Pension records.) An Olive Lang, only one on town records, died Dec. 12, 1824 at 74, making her birth same as his on H. F. records, 1750 . In 1776, at about 26, John enlisted in Capt. Nay's Co., Col. Wingate's Reg.; was in service, Fort Independence and Ticonderoga, where he was discharged, 6 months service, and probably walked home with the rest. About June 1st, 1777, he enlisted on Mass. Brig. BENNINGTON (Capt. Wm. Tuck), cruised British Channel and Bay of Biscay where his ship escaped during an engagement with two British vessels. In 1778, after this 8 months service he was out of the Nary, appearing 12 years later in Francesborough Plantation, now Cornish, York Co., Me., on Saco River; in 1790 Census as family
head; 2 males over 16, 2 boys under 16 and 2 females. Still in Cornish, 1792, his son, Stephen (born July 31, 1775 at H. F.), married 1800, Lydia Hill, born 1780, Cornish. But in 1822 John was of Lincolnville, Me., on Penobscot River, Waldo Co. After 3 years in the ship-building village he moved to Freedom, near by.

[^17]39 Lowell (Wm. ${ }^{4}$, Wm. ${ }^{3}$, John², Rob't. ${ }^{1}$ ), born Hampton Falls, Sept. 15, 1754, died Sanbornton, Dec. 25, 1822 ; mar. April 9, 1776, Susannah Prescott, dav. Major William Prescott, early settler, Sanbornton, and Susanna Sanborn, both descended from
the pioneer families (see Prescott MEMORIAL and Runnell's SANBORNTON). Lowell's name implies a connection with Lowell family, but it has not been discovered. He was by trade a tailor and went from house to house making up the clothing of the family, often for a year ahead, from homespun or from imported materials. In 1775 at 21 he followed the example of his 3 brothers and enlisted; Rowe's Company as a fifer. In 1778 was in the Rhode Island Expedition. He probably learned his trade with his cousin, Henry ${ }^{4}$ Lang (Sam'. ${ }^{.}$, Nath' ${ }^{2} .^{2}$, Rob't. ${ }^{1}$ ), tailor of Portsmouth. March 9, 1779 he was chosen a Tythingman in Hampton Falls. A month later, Sally, his first child, was born there. At this time he purchased land in the wild part of the new town, Sanbornton, near the "Salmon Brook section," his farm near a great ledge being now abandoned and grown up. The family became noted for longevity and large families with many descendants. He and his wife, Susannah, lie buried in a small cemetery not far from the home site but their grave stone is now in the Tilton cemetery, Lang row. 9 children:
i Sally, Feb. 6, 1779, d. June 10, 1876 at 98, unmarried.
40 ii William, b. Nov. 99, 1780, d. Nov. 9, 1863, at 83, at Durham, Me, m. Apr. 25, 1807, Nancy Norris of Stratham. 13 children.

41 iii Levi, b. Nov. 15, 1782; mar. May 23, 1809, d. July 15, 1839 at 57. Res. No. Farmouth, Me. 9 children.
42 iv Lowell, b. Oct. 28, 1784, d. Feb. 10, 1861; mar. 1st Harriet Hills (8 children), m. 2nd Theodate Page ( 10 children).
V John, b. Jan. 24, 1786, d. Oct. 20, 1871 at 83, m. (1) Jan. 5, 1815, Dorothy Currier (d. June 3, 1830 at 37); m. (2) 1831, Nancy Dudley; farmer, res. New Hampton. 10 children: (1) Harriet Hills (1816-1884), unm. (2) Susan C. (1818-1861), m. Wm. Langley of Lowell, Mass. 3 daus.: Ellen, 1846-1912; Clara, 1849-1874 and Harriet, 1851-1902. (3) John E. (1820-1820). (4) John Adams (1891-1894), m. Jane Roberts, res. Meredith vge. Ch.: Alice J., 1852; Emma C., 1854. (5) Lacian H. (1894-1846). (6) Cyrus Taylor (1827-1899), m. Alice Abbott; dentist,Woburn, Mass. 4 children ( $2 \mathrm{~d} . \mathrm{yg}$ ) : Alice J., 1859, Eliza G., 1861. (T) Eliza Ann (1899-1896), m. Chas. J. Ladd, furn. mf'r. San Fran. 1 child: Mary E., 1865-1903. (8) Dorothy Jane (1830-1877), m. Rodman B. Tilton, farmer, New Hampton. (9) Martha D. (1833-1845). (10) Mary P. (1834-1841).
ri Joseph, b. Sept. 18, 1789, d. 1871, mf'r. Chicopee, Mass.; mar. Feb. 2, 1819, Eliza D. McLellan of Lancaster, Mass. 7 children: Mary, b. 1819; Chas., 1823, d. yg.; Susan, b. 1825; Eliza, b. 1827; Sarah P., b. 1899, d. 1858; Chas. B., b. 1837; Caroline R., b. 1843.
vii Stephen, b. Jan. 7, 1793, d. Sept. 1889, carpenter, Boston, Sanbornton; m. Sarah W. Waldron. 2 children: Sarah C. (18931869), unm.; Stephen B., 1896-1863, unm.
vill Benalah Snnborn, b. Mar. 8, 1707, d. 1881; mar. 1893 Plıobe Smith, d. 1874 at 76. 3 children: Lovina (1824-1840), unm.; Boanah (1820-1885), 1 child: Elizn F., m. Arthur F. Anlmon of Lowell and Jom, S. (1830-1010), Northfleld, Iarmer, (2 chlldren: Henriettu J. and John D.)
43 ix Nathanicl Piper, b. July 4, 1800; m. Aug. 12, 1823, Kath. Fyakdll, res. Shippenville, Pa. 10 children.

40 William ${ }^{\text {a }}$ (Lowell ${ }^{\text {s }}$, Wm. ${ }^{\text {, }}$ Wm. ${ }^{\text {a }}$, John ${ }^{2}$, Robert ${ }^{\text {2 }}$ ), born Nov. 29, 1780, died Nov. 9, 1864. He married at Stratham, 1807, Anna Norris, born 1788, died 1848. Their first child, Electa, was born in his parents' home town, Sanbornton, but all the rest were born on Great Diamond Island in Casco Bay, near Portland, Me. He resided in Westbrook, part of Portland, at time of his death. 14 children:
i Electa (1808-1861); mar. Charles Wilson, Pownal Center, Me. 5 children: Chas. W., Eliza A., and Ellen N. (both married Wilsons and rem. to West); Emma E. and Clarence F.
ii Comfort (1809-1878); mar. 1838, Lewig B. Sawyer, Westbrook. 3 children: Angelia, m. Rand. Louise, m. Reed (killed Civil War) and Louis.
iii William (1811-1896), farmer, Durham, Me.; m. Caroline Smith. 3 children: Julia, Addie and Joseph B.
iv Eliza Ann (1813-1852); m. Greeley Sturtevant. No children. She d. Durham, Me.
v Mary Ann (1814-1885); mar. Joseph Buxton, Portland. 2 children, b. Cumberland, Me.: Edward and Maria.
vi Susanna (1816-1872); mar. Thomas Wilcox. No children. She d. Bath, Me.
vii Joseph B. (1818-1896); mar. Betsey Libby. 7 children. He d. Portland, Me.
1 Helen M., b. 1843, Falmouth; mar. Hanson.
2 Caleb N. (1844-1896); civil war soldier.
3 Chas. F. (1846-1864), killed Boydtown Plank Road, Va.
4 Frances E. (1848-1919), b. Pownal, mar. Coolidge. No children.
5 Joseph B., b. 1851, Pownal, grocer, Portland.
6 Irving E. (1854-1921); no children.
7 Mary Elizabeth (1857-1911); unmarried.
viii Lowell (1821-1870), Westbrook.
ix Nathaniel (1822-1861), d. Port.; m. Caroline Files. I child, d. inf.
$\pm$ Lavinia E. (1824-1858); m. Jason H. Thoits, No. Pownal, Me. 5 children.
xi Charles, d. young.
sif Geo. W. (1897-1917); d. Somerville, Mrass, bottler, Boston, m. (1) Wasson, (2) Sarah Davis, (3) Mary Sanborn. 2 children: Geo. S., 1875; Charles F. (1877-1904), Boston, pianist.
xiii Martha B. (1899-1861); mar. James H. Erelyth. 3 children: Mareus W., Harlan F. and Mary S.
xiv (a girl, born and died 1831).
41 Levia (Lowell ${ }^{3}$, Wm. ${ }^{4}$, Wm. ${ }^{3}$, John ${ }^{2}$, Rob't. ${ }^{1}$ ), born in the new home in the mild part of Sanbornton, Nov. 15, 1782, married May 22, 1809, Julia Lane, b. Kensington, d. Dec. 30, 1864 at 74. He removed to Maine and died at No. Yarmouth. 9 children ( 2 d. young) :

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    i Mnrcia (1811-1831).
ii Charles Lave (1812-1854), d. at sea.
iii Huldah H. (1814-1847); mar. 1846, Amasa S. Sweetser.
iv Althen (1816-1888); mar. 1838, Wm. Buxton. 3 children: Julia,
    Walter H., and Geo. S.
    ~ Julia Ann, b. 1818.
vi Calvin (1390-1860). I child: Sumner C., b. 1858, res. Lynn, Mass.
vii Sewall (1825-1907), s. p.
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42 Lowell's (Lowell', Wm.4, Wm. ${ }^{3}$, John ${ }^{2}$, Rob't. ${ }^{1}$ ), born in Sanbornton, Oct. 28, 1784, while the new home was in the making, in the rough "Chapel district," Lowell, became a carpenter and cabinetmaker. After his marriage he lived in a small wood-bine covered house (still in use, moved a quarter century after his death; residence of John Durgin, High Street) in Tilton, woodworking shop adjoining. He married in Canterbury, May 15, 1814, Harriet Hills, born Northfield, Sept. 13, 1797 (dau. Capt. Timothy and Elizabeth Lapham Hills) who died June 4, 1830 at 32. They had 8 children. Lowell Lang married secondly, Nov. 25, 1830, Theodate Page, b. S., Nor. 13, 1807, d. Tilton, Mar. 7, 1887 [dan. Simeon and Susannah (Peary) Page]. They had 10 children, b. Tilton:

[^18]1852, residing Portland, Me. He was Secretary, Union Mutual Life Insurance Co. of Portland. Children: Helen Winsor, Feb. 24, 1880; mar. June 9, 1903, Howard N. Skillin. Marguerite Warren, June 29, 1885, mar. Jan. 30, 1913, Ed. W. Cram. Bertha Ryder, Mar. 8, 1888; mar. Oct. 23, 1912, John B. Thomes. Harold Drew, Dec. 94, 1390; mar. Oct. 97, 1915, Gladys C. Hanson-(I child: Katharine F., Feb. 3, 1933). Mildred, Feb. 26, 1893; mar. June 9, 1914, Irring I. Rich(I child: Elizabeth P., Ang. 16, 1917).
3 Warren Hills (1857-1876).
ᄃ Lucy Barker (see dedieatory page), b. Jan. 6. 1890; d. Nor. 9, 1892; mar. March 16, 1843, Wm. H. Parker of Lowell, Mass., bobbin mf'r., Pres. Ist National Bank, state Senator, 1877, etc., born Brookline, Feb. 11, 1817, d. Oct. 7, 1898, son of Eli and Louisa Douglas Parker. 4 children, b. Lowell:
1 Earriet Lonise, b. Aug. 3, 1845, d. Jan. 26, 1876, Dorchester, Mass., mar. Oct. 16, 1866, George Franklin Moore (see "Descendants Ensign John Moor,' -1918 , by his son, Howard P.) of Boston, wool broker, b. Loudon, Dec. 16, 1841, died Lakeport Feb. 17, 1905. $\Phi$ children, b. Lowell: (1) Huward Parker, b. Apr. 21, 1868, residing White Plains, N. Y. (1935), m. Feb. 21, 1893 Annie Marie, dau. Sam'l. B. Hoyt and Sarah M. Day, b. Jaly 16, 1866, East Weare. They have 1 child, Dorothy, b. Dec. 22, 1896; mar. June 24, 1920. Edwin C. Lewis. 2 children: Charlotte Moore, Apr. 8, 1921; Barbara, Apr. 17, 1920 (2) Arthur Cliford, b. Sept. 15, 1870; mar. Sept. 11, 1901, Elizabeth Goodrich Hastings, b. Ang. 21, 1870, Waltham, Mass., d. 1934. They had b. Watertown, Mass., Arthur Clifford, Jr, b. 1910, d. 1920.
2 George Everett, b. Oct. 23, 1846; mar. Oct. 23, 1872, Helen A., dau. Geo. W. and Harriet (Odell) Jones, b. June 16, 1853, Lyndeboro, Me., d. Nor. 29, 1897, Lowell, Mass. 6 children, b. Lowell: (1) Wm. H. (1874-1874). (2) Henry J., b. July 2l, 1875, res. Lewiston. Me., manufacturer, unm. (3) Lucy H., b. Dec. 25, 1879, res. Lewiston unm. (4) Everett N., b. Feb. 25, 1883, m. Florence Gray. 3 children: Virginia D., 1910; Douglas G., 1913 and Ererett N. Jr., 1919. (5) Herbert Lang, b. Mar. 3, 1885, m. 1910, Lotta Meek, Lowell. 3 children: Herbert J., 1911; Lotta, 1915; Jane (d. inf.). (6) Clarence A., b. Feb. 24, 1887; m. 1st Glennis Ranlett, Lowell, 2nd Loretta Riordan, Honlton, Me., Nor. 2, 1921. 2 children: Helen M., and Ellen A. (twins), b. July 29 , 1924. All 4 brothers are associated in bobbin mf'g., Lewiston, Mc.
3 Helen Eliza, b. Aug. 23, 1849, d. Apr. 4, 1907, s. p.; mar. June 2, 1874, Joseph W., son Jos. and Deborah (Cluff) Griann, of Lowell, shoe dealer, b. June 27, 1848, d. 1928, Lowell, Mass.
4 Walter Lang, b. Nov. 29, 1857; m. Sept. 7, 1881, Rebeces Alice Johnson, b. Lowell, Mar. 21, 1859 (dan. Wm. A. and Lacy Hutchins Johnson), d. Mar. 22, 1931, manuf'r. and V. P. Union Nat 1. Bank, Lowell. She res. Eansas City, Mo. 4 children: (1) Lucille, d. inf. (2) Harold Hatchins, b. Nov. 8, 1884; m. Mrs. Ethel Fairbanks, no children. Manufacturer, Lowell, Mass. (3) Allan Donglas, b. Dec. 6, 1886, d. Sept. 7, 1929; m. Jan. 17, 1917 Elizabeth Cook. 3 children: Eliz. Ann, Dec. 4, 1918, Naney, June 16, 1920, Allan D., Sept. 1, 1994. (4)

Louise Lang, b. Sept. 16, 1888, m. Wm. Hendrix Scarrett, Feb. 20, 1912, Insurance, Fansas City. 3 children: Elizabeth, Jan. 29, 1915, Alice Parker, Sept. 26, 1916, Ann Lonise, Feb. $22,1921$.
vi Eliza Ann Hills, b. Dec. 12, 1823, d. Feb. 10, 1849, Woburn, Mass.; mar. Apr. 10, 1845, James C. Parker of Harana, Caba and Brookline, N. H. (bro. of Wm. H.), sugar plantation engineer (1819-1898). No children.
vii Direxa Matilda (1896-1859), unmarried.
viii Katherine Holmes, b. May 11, 1899, d. Aug. 1885; mar. June 15, 1881, Samuel C. Eaton, Lowell (1823-1889). No children.
ix Harriet Hills, b. Dec. ${ }^{20}, 1831$, d. Mar. 25,1907 ; mar. Mar. 4, 1857, Sidney R Fleteher, Concord and Holland, Vt. (1832-1912). 2 children, b. Holland: Anna T. (1959-1903); m. Chas. C. Clark, St. Johnsbury, b. 1849.1 child: Anna F., b. 1884; m. Dr. Robert H. Burke of St. Johnsbury, Vt. They hare 1 child, Anna F. Caroline Lang, b. Nov. 17, 1S64; m. 1857, Harris T. Bryant, Derby Line, Vt., m. (2) Ed. A. Rodey, b. 1859, d. 1930. She resides Derby Line. 1 child: Grace F., b. 1590, res. with mother, unmarried.
$x$ Theodaze Page (1833-1859), unmarried.
xi Caroline Green Blanchard (1835-1893), nnmarried.
xii Serg. George E. (1837-1899); mar. 1861. Harriet M. MeNamee. 2 children, b. Colesbarg, Ia.: Harry F. (1866-1896); Josephine F., b. 1373, mar. 1907, Albert H. Clarke, b. 1873, d. Manila, P. I., 1910.
xiii Enos Hoyt (1809-1870), nnmarried.
xiv Ellen Josephine (1841-1842).
xv William Parker, b. June 16, 1844, d. May 8, 1920, Tilton. Anctioneer, Belknap Co., Sheriff, Police Officer, etc., mar. Mar. 8, 1873, Clara A. McDuffee (1847-1920); dau. Jacob and Martha Hopkinson MreDuffee. ${ }^{2}$ children: Maurice P. (1880-1902), unmarried. Karion, b. Mar. 4, 1883, m. (1) Apr. 2, 1910, Leon J. Bailey, Tilton (1881-1996); m. (2) May 10, 1927, John Driscoll of Tilton; police officer, etc. 1 child: Helen Parker, b. June 30, 1918.
xvi James Frederick (1846-1854).
xvii Mary Curtis, b. Jan. 29, 1850, d. Jan. 1, 1939, at Derby Line, Ft., mar. Nor. 17, 1869, Samuel Condon, Boston and Tilton, merchant (1842-1909), son Sam'l and Abigail Merrill Condon. Nio children.
xriii Florence Genevieve (1852-1565).
43 Nathaniel Piper (Lowell', Wm. ${ }^{4}$, Wm. ${ }^{3}$, John², Rob't. ${ }^{2}$ ), born July 4, 1800, married Aug. 12, 1823, Catherine Hyskill. He was a carpenter and emigrated to Shippenville, Clarion County, Pa., removing to Warren, O. 10 children, b. S. :
i John S. (1825-1903), m. 1849, Cassandra Biackwood. 3 children: James T. (1850-1895). Edgar G. (1852-19 ), res Pittsburgh, Pa. Caroline B. (1862-1 ); mar. Wm. Weldon of Germantown, Pa .
ii George H. (1897-1890), painter of Dayton, Pan, min 185』, Susanna L. Funk (1832-1895). 4 children: Emery M. (1853-1919) New Bethlehem, Pa., m. 1Siss, Sara C. Hosack (1S4S-1912). Emerctia M. (1853- ) unm. Ada M. (1856- ), unm. Dayton, Pa. Florence 19. (1860-1913).
iii Susanna (1830- ), m. 1Si5, Dan'L. C. W. Myers, millwright, Shippenville; m. (2) John W. Beckett. Pittsburgh, 189․ b. 1837. o children: (Mvers) Wm. E., (1855-); m. Belle MeManigal, 1886, she d. 1904. John Benuier (18.7. ); m. 1884, Anna Tice. He res. Eskridge, Kans., farmer.
iv Peter Hyskell (1832-1911), civil war veteran, nnmarried, Dayton, 0.

- Capt Nathaniel (1835-1930), res. Niles, Kenton and Warren (Ohio), civil war officer, manufacturer, etc., mar. (1) 1862, Emily J. Elliott (1838-1865), (2nd) 1867, Mary D. Keraahan (1829-1882); (3rd) 1887, Rebecea Taler Chew (1846-1904). 2 children by lst w., b. President, Pa, and Niles, O. 1 child, by 3rd wife.
1 Carrie M. b. Sept 26, 1862, m. 1886, David W. Thompson (18451893). She res. Pittsburgh. 2 children: Howard and Bertha.

2 Emma J. (1865-1908), unmarried.
3 John Martin, b. Nov. 17, 1890, architect, res. Portland, O., mar. Boise, Idaho, 1916, Fara B. McFarland, b. Dec. 25, 1895.
vi William Gray (1838-1865), soldier, civil war, tailor, unmarried.
vii Margaret (1840-1881); mar. 1873, John W. Beckett. After her death he married her sister, Susanna.
viii Sarah Jane (1843-1854).
ix Jacob 下. (1845-1845).
$x$ Ambrose C. (1847-1854).


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[^0]:    1 Jeremiah, who married, 1723, Hannah Towle, and of whom nothing else has been found, and

[^1]:    2 Peter, born Aug. 20, 1690; married May 31, 1721 (same day as his sister Mary) Joanna King. He was a Captnin at Cape Breton, 1745 and died 1768, leaving widow. In 1741 he married (2nd) Abignil Winn. Two ch. by 1st mar., Peter and Nathaniel; four by End mar., Josiah, Abigail, Tobins and Joanna.
    3 Elizabeth, born Oct. 10, 1701; married Oct. 18, 1719, Wm. Ham.
    4 Robert, born May 1, 1704; died, Dec. 1743; married Oct. 25, 1726, Hannah Tobcy. Seven children: Sasannah, Katherine, Hannah, Eleanor, Ruth, Mary and Lydia.
    5 Ann, born March 16, 1705/6; married Oct. 25, 1726, Stephen Tobey.
    6 Enoch, born March 19, 1707/8; married Ann Hill. She died 1742. Six children: Enoch, Shuah, David, Grace, Robert and Enoch (2nd).
    7 Grace, born March 17, 1710/11; died Nov. 7, 1736; married Nov. 15, 1727, Tobins Leighton.
    8 Joshua, born Sept. 16, 1712; married (1st) Abignil Fernald, Jan. 7, 1734/J. She died 1761. He mar. (2nd) Margaret Ross. Six children by lst wife: Joshun, Abigail, Stephen, Mary, Lydia, Nathanicl. By 2nd: Eleanor, Peter, John and Margaret.
    v Deliverance (Robert ${ }^{2}$ ). Consideration of her as daughter of Robert Lang and Ann Williams has already been given in the account of Robert. Mr. H. W. Hardon, in his PEVERLY FAMILY (1927), definitely places Deliverance as the daughter of Robert. She married John Peverly Feb. 5, 1712/13, who was born about 1688 (Hardon), making him 25 when married. He made his will in 1753, proved 6 years later, in 1759 . In 1758 he gave the town of Rye a school lot (Peverly Hill road, leading to Rye). He and his father, John, were graniees of Barrington. Latter was son of Thomas, born by 1623 probably in Devonshire, married about 1644, Jane, daughter of Thomas and Jane Walford, early settlers of Portsmouth. Thomas was prominent in Portsmouth, living south of the "Plains" on the creek, near Peverly's hill, actually 113 feet above the sea level.

[^2]:    i John, died 1723/4, his estate administered by his brother-in-law, Edward Wills. 1686 he received land from his father and mother, recorded 1720. In 1697 he received land adjoining his own from Wm. Cotton of P. His wife was Sarah Jones. In the will of Francis Jones, 1713, "beeing rerry agged and weak," John Savage is called son-in-law. Their children:

[^3]:    1 Rachel, b. 1745; m. Jacob Berry.
    2 Lucy, b. 1747.
    3 John, b. 1749; m. Hannah Senvey.
    4 Samuel, b. 1751.
    5 Nathaniel, b. 1753.
    6 William, b. 1755.
    7 Samuel, b. 1758.
    8 Anna.
    9 Jereminh, b. 1761.
    iii John, bapt. May 15, 1726, was a farmer of Portsmouth and Rye. He married Dec. 31, 1747, Catherine Pope, daughter of William Pope and Joanna Tripe. July 24, 1768, a John and Mary Lang had, baptised in St. John's Epis. Church, Portsmouth, "Mary." All other Johns can be eliminated except John' (Nath.2, Robt.2). This Joha would hardly have named a third child Mary, while the second was living.
    1 Catherine, bapt. Feb. 28, 1749/50; mar. 1767, Samuel Slade; (2nd) 1772, John Janvrin of Portsmouth and Seabrook. He mar. 1784, Elizabeth Adams.
    2 William, bapt. 1753.
    3 Mary, bapt. 1753; died in infancy.
    4 Elizabeth, bapt. Ang. 17, 1755.
    5 Mary, bapt. Aug. 17, 1755; married 1774, Ichabod Shoares.
    6 John, bapt. Aug. 19, 1759, probably he, cooper, who died Portsmouth, Nov. 21, 1825 at 61 of consumption (N. H. Patriot \& St. John's ch. rec.). If so his age was (5) Jears too little. Ho had married a 3rd wife, Olive, who was 31 years younger. John married 1st, July 4, 1784, Martha Noble; End, May 5, 1790, Olive Neal and 3rd, Feb. 21, 1815, Theodosia Welch, born about 1790, died June 12, 1845, grave stone in No. Cem., Portsmouth. His will, dated Feb. 21, 1815, mentions son John; deceased son, George, and George's children; his daughter, Olive and his wife, Theodosia.
    7 Samuel, bapt. Mar. 2, 1761; died 1803, Gardiner, Me. He mar. Irana Damon. Six children: (1) Samuel W. (1787-1869); (2) Henry A. (1789-1820); (3) Nancy, b. 1795, mar. Rev. Mr. Gee; (4) Eliza (1797-1829); mar. J. M. Harmon; (5) John Damon (1799-1879); mar. Ann E. Stackpole; (6) Elizabeth (1804-1852) ; mar. John Clark.

[^4]:    i Thomas, b. Aug. 27, 1738, mar. July 29, 1776 (So. Ch.) Mary Jones. He resided in Greenland.
    ii A child born Nov. 1, 1741.
    iii Lucy, bapt. Sept. 1, 1743, married Feb. 10, 1766, Toseph Seward, a caulker, of Portsmouth, born by 1740, died before 1839. 6 children:
    1 Eunice, b. about 1767, mar. 1791, William Turner of Portsmouth.

[^5]:    i Priscilla, July 26, 1719, received into corenant, Aug. 15, 1736.
    ii Daniel, Sept. 10, 1721, called "Captain." He married about 1745, Martha (daughter of James Moses) who was received into the South church, April 7, 1745. He died July 24, 1757, at 36, and was buried at the Point of Graves where his stone may be seen (Locke's Inseriptions) but her grave stone is not in sight. He left a considerable estate, devised by will, dated July 16, 1757; James Moses, father-in-law and John Grifith, Exceutors. 5 children, baptised South Church:
    1 Moses, January, 1745/6.
    2 Catherine, 1748. May have mar. either John Janvrin, 1772, or Samuel Slade, 1767 (So. Ch. Rec.).
    3 Daniel, 1750, married 1782, Sarah, dau. Benjamin Partridge of Ports. In 1778, he was midshipman on the frigate RALEIGH; in 1779 was Lieat. on the HAMPDEN on the Penobscot expedition; also a Lieut. on the PALLAS at the time of the capture of the HUNTER, in 1782, when his father's consin, William was serving on the ship, as appeary

[^6]:    1723 and who married Ind, Anna Lench and died 1774. They had children, born Kittery, Me.:
    1 Daniel, Nov. 19, 1767, a sea captain, married Beulah Nichols, 1789, 2nd, Mrs. Jane (Marden) Otis. 10 children. Beulah died Nov. 12, 1815 at 46; stone in Pleasant St. Ccm. Portsmouth.
    2 George, born June 7, 1770 "lived in New Hampshire."
    3 Simeon, born June 20, 1772, "lived in New Hampshire."
    4 Betsey, married Moses Grifin of Derry.
    5 Anna, married George Griffn of Sandown.
    vii Catherine, born March 31, 1733/4.

[^7]:    i Elizabeth, married Joseph Walker, mentioned in 1664 in deed of Creek land, and who had a son, George, in 1662.
    ii A daughter, who married Thomas Crebar, seaman, who had in 1668 a new house and 2 acres of corn land and 10 acres upland on South side of Sagamore Creek. Alice his dan. m. 1687, Richard Shortridge; in 1721 only heir of her father so that her brother, Moses Crebar, was dead without issue.
    iii Sarah, mentioned 1679, in agreement between father, John, and bro., Aaron.
    iv Aaron, son of Alice, resided on home place leaving it to his son, James, who mar. 1713, Martha Jackson. It was their dau. Martha who mar. Daniel Lang, across the Creek. Aaron's wife was Mary, whom John M. Moses thought was an Abbott or a Leach. Est. of Aaron, who died 1713, was not settled until 1733 when John Lang was asked to help divide it (see his report).

[^8]:    i Hannah, born Mar. 13, 1723.
    ii Benjamin, born Aug. 9, 1729, married 1754, Rachel Dowrst, who died 1812. They resided on the Solomon Dowrst farm, Rye, and had 7 children:
    1 Solomon, born Sept. $95,1757$.
    2 Charity, born Mar. 9, 1760, married 1st, Joshua Locke; Ind, 1797, Peter Ackerman.
    3 Elizabeth, born Feb. 9, 1762, married Simon Towle, born 1753, son of Jonathan. Three children: Benj. M., b. 1782, mar.

[^9]:    i Moses, born 1727, died 1747 at 20, unmarried; name on monument. ii Samuel "Samuel Griffth, Esquire'" on stone, born 1729, married Abigail Ward of Salem and died Dec. 1, 1773 at 44. Children:
    1 Samuel, died April 21, 1759 at 3 years.

[^10]:    i Bichard, b. Dec. 23, 1733, d. Sept. 4, 1820, mar. 1755, Katherine Cox of Salem. He made his will in 1809. He was a goldsmith. They had 11 children, b. Salem, of whom 5 d . in infnncy:
    1 Hannah, mar. 1777, David Boyce of S.
    2 Nathaniel (1757-1824), mar. 1778, Priscilla Symonds. (Perley's SALEM, 394.) Bapt. Jnne 3, 1759, dan. John Symonds and Elizabeth Cavish of Ipswich.
    3 Benjamin, b. Feb. 6, 1762, mar. 1781, Elizabeth Smithers.
    4 Richard (1769-1840), mar. 1791, Sarah Savnders.
    5 Daniel (1771-1840), died Charlestown, Mass. Unmarried.
    6 David, b. 1776, died by 1800.
    ii Hannah, b. May 1, 1735, d. 1824; mar. Peard Fabens of Salem. 1 Elizabeth, mar. Capt. Tarrant, Capt. Nicholas Crosby and Capt. John Ingersoll.
    2 Hannah, mar. David Perkins; had 11 children.
    iii Nathaniel, b. Oct. 13, 1736, died young.
    iv Haskett, b. and d. August, 1738.
    v Elizabeth (1740-1747).
    vi William, b. 1741, d. infaney.

[^11]:    i John.
    ii William.
    iii Richard.
    iv Janc.

    - Mary.
    vi Elizabeth.

[^12]:    i Jonathan, bapt. So. Ch. Oct. 28, 1733; mar. Nov. 25, 1756, Mary White. Runnells' SANBORNTON thought he was in town a short time, noting death of wife Jan. 8, 1806, but this was undoubtedly Jonathan Lang of Rye (see Parsons, 406). "Betsey, b. Alig. 25, 1771 ; mar. Jonathan Lang, rem. to Sanbornton, where she d. Jan. 8, 1806." 1760 a Jonathan was in Capt. March's Co., for Canada Expedition, 1785 a Jonathan was of Wolfboro ( 13.737 ) but 1790 census shows none in N. H., 1786 a Jonathan in Exeter had 18a. lot and 1791 a $27 a$. lot. Children, So. Ch.:

[^13]:    i Mary, bapt. Aug. 26, 1750 (So. Ch. Mar. 1st, Ed. Slate, 1771; 2nd, Ichabod Shoares, 1774).
    ii Jane, bapt. Nov. 19, 1752; mar. Thomas Currier, son of Wm. and Judith (Chase) of Lyman. Thos., a Rev. Soldier, b. Amesbury, Mass., 1758.
    iii Samuel, bapt. June 8, 1755, of Haverhill 1777, Bath 1780, died Sept. 8, 1829. Was an Deacon, surveyor and farmer, in Rev. War in winter of 1776 in Heywood's Co., at Peekskill and in 1777 at capture of Gen. Burgoyne. 1790 census, Bath; self, 3 boys under 16 and 4 females. 11 children:
    1 Jacob E., b. 1779, Bath; mar. 1808, Sarah Sherburne; 10 ch. East Charleston.
    2 William (1780-1782).
    3 Sherburne (1782-1859); mar. 1816 Mehitable Ricker; 13 ch. b. Bath.

    4 Samuel (1784-1879) of Palmyra, Me., 1803; mar. Sarah Smith; $11 \mathrm{ch} . \mathrm{b}$. Palmyra.
    5 Mary (1786-1845); mar. Ebenezer Ricker.
    6 Anna S. (1785-1873); mar. 1812, Charles Abbott.
    7 Hannah, b. 1790, d. infancy.
    8 William (1792-1975); mar. (1) Martha Child, (2) Susan Child; 6 children.
    9 Heary H. (1794-1865); mar. 1823, Luvia Child, of Bath; 1 child.
    10 Hannah (1796-1865), unmarried.
    11 John, b. 1798, was of Calais, Me.
    iv Elizabeth, bapt. Sept. 25, 1757, d. Dec. 18, 1851, age reputed 101, married Oliver Stevens, b. Petersham, Mass., 1761, rem. Barnet, Vt., close of Rev. War where he served as a private in Capt. Williams' Co., Symonds' Reg.

[^14]:    i Sarah, Jan. 17, 1747/8; mar. Johnt Sherburne, son of Dea. Samuels and Mercy, dan. Andrew Wiggin, judge of probate, whose wife was Abigail Elliott. Ch.: (1) Sally, (2) John, mar. 1796, Eliz. Morton and had 7 children; William, John, Edward, Leonard, Angustus, Thos. B., and Betsey.

[^15]:    i Eleanor (1759-1897); mar. about 1779, Jonathan Pulsifer of Deerfield (1759-1897), son of Dea. Samuel and Hannah (Sanborn), will 1897; Jeremiah and Sarah Batchelder of Deerfield, quitclaimed 1828, indicating he may have been informally adopted. 2 ch., b. Deerfield: Samuel, 1785 (mar. 1809, Hannah Prescott, (2) 1820, Eliz. Thorn ) and Eleanor Lang, b. -.
    ii Hannah (1761-1829); mar. William Burleigh of Stratham; Candia, 1788, London, 1838; Blacksmith, Rev. Soldier (1761-1839).

[^16]:    i Elizabeth, b. about 1761; d. 1804, unmarried.
    ii Ann, b. about 1763, died 1807; mar. 1784, John Varrell of Rye, farmer (1759-1811), son Soloman and Deborah (Bartlett). 5 children, b. Rye: Nathaniel, b. 1786, m. 1811 Hannah Lewis; Sarah, b. 1789, d. unm.; Elizabeth (1792-1811); John, b. 1795, soldier Rev. War. Washington (1799-1857), farmer, Rye, m.

[^17]:    i Stephen, b. July 31, 1775, a. July 31, 1850; grave stone, Conway, N. H., a town only 3 towns removed from Cornish, Me., where he married 1800, Lydia Hill (dan. Joshua of C.), born Mar. 31, 1780, died Mar. 31 (sic) 1856. Two children b. Limington (adjoining Cornish), others Conway:
    1 Mary A, died 1888; mar. Geo. W. Heath, 2nd 1842, Job Eastman, farmer, Bartlett. 9 children (Heath): Lucinda, m. Geo. Eastman; Lydia, m. Simon Parker; Chas. W., m. Eliza Banks, (2) Sarah G. Abbott; Caroline, m. Federal Ham of Lawrence, Mass.; Henry, d. infancy; Caleb, m. Olive Clark; Geo. A., m. Eliz. Harriman, (2) Lacinda Leavitt; Calvin of Bartlett, m. Almira Eastman; Richard of B., m. Almira Dinsmore.
    2 Joseph (1807-1866), Conway, farmer, m. Abigail J. Eastman. 4 children: Frances E. (1838-1860), m. Bradley B. Wbodward of C.; Henry, b. 1840, d. Calif. miner; Emily M. (1843-1918), mar. Dana Hill of So. Chatham, farmer; Edwin S., b. 1850, m. Ella F. Owen, So. Chatham, farmer.
    3 John (1809-1880), E. Conway, farmer; mar. 1839, Almira Morrison. 7 children, b. Conway: Melissn (1840-1898); m. 1861, Jas. M. Jackson of Amherst, b. 1838; Clarissn (1842-1894), m. 1864, Sam'l E. Staples; Selden W. (1844-1900), miner, Selma, Cal., m. Mary J. Butler; Florintha (1847-1892), m. 1869, Alphonso E. Staples; Valorus Frederick (1849-1876), teacher, Brattleboro, Vt., m. 1875, Weltha L. Chase (18501908); Melvin (1852-1895) Worcester, Mass., m. 1882, Dora Heath; Lucinda, b. 1857, m. 1877, Ernest E. Owen, Haverhill, Mass.
    4 Lacinda (1815-1855), m. Edward Webb of Chatham, miller. 9 children: James L. (1837-1839) and Jason Lec (1838-1905); m. 1865 Abigail E. Farrington, millwright, Cornish.

    5 Olive (1818-1892), m. 1838, John O. Eastman, Bartlett, farmer. 3 children: Georgianna, b. 1840, m. 1860, Roswell E. Hamilton, master mariner; Alfred, b. 1843, inn keeper, No. Conway, m. 1863, Isabelle Erans, (2) 1875, Ella V. Chadwick; Almeda (1859-1864).
    ii Joel, (nothing known of him).
    iii (possibly other children).

[^18]:    i John (1814-1815).
    ii Warren Hills (1816-1816).
    iii Timothy Hills, b. 1817, d. Hong Kong, Sopt. 91, 1863, mechanical engineer. Wife, Emeline Viele, b. Poughkeepsie. N. Y., d. 1875, Dodge Co., Wis., where their danghter Hattie died. 1 son, Charles, marine engineer of Hong Kong, d. unmarried.
    iv Joseph Lacian (1819-1861); m. 1845, Rebecca Libby (1805-1878); dau. Elliott and Susan Hall Libby. 3 children, b. Boston and Auburndale, Mass. He was a carpenter.
    I Alvin Richards (1848.1880), clerk, Boston, d. unmarried.
    2 Joseph Franklin (J. Frank) of Portland, Me. (1851-1928), m. Jan. 30, 1878, Florence F. Drew of East Boston, b. Aug. 15,

