## THE FAMILY HISTORY

OF

# MICHAEL JACKSON,

Emigrant from Ireland, Citizen of Hartford County, Connecticut, His Descendants, and Collateral Families with Whom They Were Connected.

BY HORACE MORTIMER JACKSON, ATCHISON, KANSAS. 1906-1908.

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### APOLOGY.

This History is written to complete a work in which my mother, Lucy Hendryx Jackson, was greatly interested, and to preserve for those interested the evidence of the perseverance and trials under which she reared her family and by and through which she became a learned and interesting writer; and also to record some of the little incidents, trials, and privations in the lives of pioneers which have largely developed that self-reliance and independence for which the American frontiers people have been distinguished and of which the historian of the State or county makes no note, as probably of too little importance to deserve mention in connection with public affairs; and it is hoped the reader will believe that such was the motive for writing so much of my personal history, and not the desire to write of myself, for indeed the incidents narrated of myself are unworthy of mention as compared with those occurring in the lives of others of my day and generation on the frontier.

Some sketches of other families are included herein, and special chapters of my own and my children's lives, for the purpose only of amusing if not benefiting some of the younger members of my family, in whom I am especially interested and for whom principally this work has been carried out.

H. M. JACKSON.

### SKETCH I.

### MICHAEL JACKSON (1).

MICHAEL JACKSON and wife (name unknown) came from Ireland and, it is said, settled in the vicinity of Hartford County, Connecticut; that he went down to the coast to trade, and was not afterwards heard from.

They had three sons, but the order of their birth and the name of one is unknown; they were: Ebenezer Jackson, Michael Jackson, and —— Jackson.

Michael and one brother (which one is not known) were soldiers in the French and Indian War, in the English Army, serving in the campaign against Quebec. Michael returned home, the other died or was killed. The third son became lost to the family; of him no trace or information has been obtained.

### SKETCH II.

### MICHAEL JACKSON.

### [Michael (1).]

The second Michael Jackson was born March 28, 1735. June 4, 1755, he married Susanna Willcocks, who was born April 19, 1732. They settled in Windham County, Connecticut; later removing to Pownal, near Bennington, Vermont.

He enlisted in the English Army, April 4, 1759, and served in the French and Indian War (First Regiment, 10th Company); being discharged December 14, 1759. He enlisted in the Revolutionary War, May 10, 1775, with the Connecticut Volunteers (Third Regiment, 7th Company); being discharged December 15, 1775. Later he volunteered in Captain Nathaniel Seeley's company of "Alarm Men," Colonel Samuel Herrick's regiment, of Bennington, Vermont. His son Lyman also served in the Revolutionary War.

When a child, the writer of this sketch heard the then aged sons of Lyman Jackson relate two incidents of their father's service, as described by him. One was, that his father (Michael Jackson) and he were in the engagement when General Fraser was wounded, and that they saw him fall; also that they were present at the surrender of General Burgoyne, and they described him as being the finest-looking man in stature and physique they had ever seen. In describing the surrender, they said that General Burgoyne advanced, drew his sword, tossed it high in the air, catching it by the point as it fell, and presented it to General Gates with the remark: "General Gates,

to-day you are the happiest and I the most unhappy man in the world."

The following is a copy of a portion of a letter written by Lyman and Deidama Jackson (see Sketch IV.) on October 20, 1831, relating to said MICHAEL (2) and family:

"A Genealogical Memorandum of Michael Jackson's Family.

- "MICHAEL JACKSON married SUSANNA WILLCOCKS on June 4, 1755, being twenty years of age the 28th of March preceding the marriage, and SUSANNA twenty-three years of age April 19th preceding the marriage.
  - "1st born, Lyman Jackson, February 29, 1756.
  - "2nd born, Esther Jackson, May 8, 1758.
  - '3rd born, Jesse Jackson, December 26, 1760.
  - "4th born, Abigail Jackson, November 6, 1762.
  - "5th born, Ebenezer Jackson, January 6, 1765.
  - "6th born, Keziah Jackson, July 15, 1767.
  - "7th born, Mindwell Jackson, February 17, 1769.

### "Deaths.

- "Jesse Jackson died May 20, 1783.
- "Abigail Jackson died February 22, 1784.
- "Mindwell Jackson died January 1, 1800.
- "MICHAEL JACKSON died October 24, 1802.
- "Susanna Jackson died March 15, 1803."

Said Ebenezer Jackson was born at Nine Partners, Duchess County, New York. On November 4, 1786, he married Abigail Keys, then aged nineten. There were born of such marriage nine children: Lorentis (died in 1837) and three daughters, in Tioga County, Pennsylvania; Esther, who became the wife of William Hoadley; Susannah, wife of Henry Drew; Polly, wife of Lewis Miller; and a child who, in 1841, lived in Illinois.

Ebenezer was a soldier in the Revolutionary War, Vermont troops, under Colonels Fletcher and Pearl, and served as a substitute for his brother Lyman. (See Record, Bureau of Pensions, O., W. and N. Division, Widows' File 7,885.)

### SKETCH III.

### DR. OBADIAH DUNHAM.

DR. OBADIAH DUNHAM, from Wales, was a surgeon in the English Army in the campaign against Forts Ticonderoga and Crown Point, probably under General Amherst. It is said that while in winter quarters near Bennington, Vermont, he (then aged twenty-five) was married to Lucy Gillett (then aged fifteen). On his return after the campaign her people tried to dissuade her from accompanying her husband, but were unsuccessful.

It is said that Dr. Dunham and wife settled first in New London County, Connecticut, and later in Otsego County, New York. There were seven children born of this marriage. He died aged eighty-three; she, aged ninety.

The following is a copy of page 5 of a letter relating to such family, written by Lyman and Deidama Jackson, at Sheldon, New York, October 20, 1831:

## "A Genealogical Memorandum (from memory) of Obadiah Dunham's Family.

- "OBADIAH DUNHAM married LUCY GILLETT, being himself twenty-five years of age, and LUCY fifteen years of age.
  - "Their first-born, Lydia, married John Downer.
  - "Their second-born, Lucy, married Benjamin Morgan.
  - "Their third-born, Obadiah, married Lois Hendryx.
- "Their fourth-born, Abigail, married (first) Richard Nicholds and (second) Elisha Fullman.
  - "Their fifth-born, Deidama, married Lyman Jackson.

"Their sixth-born, Mehitable, married Cornelius Hendryx. "Their seventh-born, Abner, married (first) Candace Iron and (second) Grateful Griffin.

### "Deceased.

"First, Lydia Downer; second, Obadiah Dunham, Sr., aged eighty-three years; third, Mehitable Hendryx; fourth, Lucy Morgan; fifth, Abigail Fullman; sixth, Lucy Dunham, Sr., aged ninety years.

"This memorandum is made from memory, and we believe

it to be correct, according to our recollection.

"Lyman Jackson,
"In the 76th year of his age.
"Deidama Jackson,
"In the 65th year of her age."

The following as to *Obadiah Dunham* (third child) is obtained from the Bureau of Pensions, Washington, D. C., O., W. and N. Division, Revolutionary War, Widows' File 24,865:

He was born at Colchester, Connecticut, November 17, 1760; married Lois Hendryx on March 6, 1783, at the inn of William Hendryx, in Pownal, Vermont. She was born in 1765, and was at the home of Eber Dunham, Pownal, Vermont, in 1843. He died at Pownal, Vermont, October 12, 1833.

### SKETCH IV.

### LYMAN JACKSON.

[Michael (1), Michael (2).]

Lyman Jackson was born at Simsbury, Hartford County, Connecticut, February 29, 1756; he was a Revolutionary soldier, having enlisted eight times; first in January or February, 1776, at Alfred, Berkshire County, Massachusetts; the third time in July 1777, at New Canaan, Albany County, New York; and last in the "spring of 1780." (See Record, Bureau of Pensions, O., W. and N. Division, Widows' File 2,806, Revolutionary War.) In Colonel Walbridge's regiment, he "tarried with Captain Eli Noble's company." (Roster State Troops, N. Y. State Archives, Vol. 1, p. 403.)

He married DEIDAMA DUNHAM, January 3, 1782, at Pownal, Vermont. They lived in the counties of Albany, Otsego (where most of their thirteen children were born), and Wyoming, New York, and in Erie County, Pennsylvania.

About 1804 or 1805, they removed to what was called then Jacksonville (now Albion), Erie County, Pennsylvania, and opened a farm in a dense forest, known as "the Holland Purchase." From this home, it is related, he, with seven sons and one son-in-law (the husband of his eldest daughter, Rosanna), as members of the local militia, entered the Army and served in the War of 1812.

The story goes that when they were called out, several were without suitable clothing. Sheep were sheared, the wool carded, spun, and woven, the cloth cut and made into clothing,

and the father and sons not already supplied were fitted out. The winter clothing of men of their class, whether new or old, was made in this way; the summer clothing was made from flax.

It is related that when the children were little, the small-pox was epidemic in the neighborhood, and that Mrs. Jackson, believing it to be better to have them prepared before taking the disease than to have them exposed to it without preparation, for a time subjected the family to a diet of corn-meal, cooked in a variety of ways and served with maple syrup. Then they all went to the house where the small-pox patients were. On returning home, she quarantined her house, but the disease did not "take," and there was not a case in the family.""

LYMAN and DEIDAMA JACKMAN, October 20, 1831, while visiting at Sheldon, New York, wrote a letter to their children at Jacksonville (now Albion), Pennsylvania, giving a sketch of family births, marriages, and deaths. This letter in January, 1900, was in the possession of Mrs. Emeline Cheeseman, at Miles Grove, Erie County, Pennsylvania. The following is a copy:

### "Sheldon, N. Y., October 20, 1831.

"Dear Children,—We have made a Chronological Record of our family and their origin from memory, and believe it to be correct in the general, though some errors may happen respecting dates. Yet few at our advanced age would have bettered it, and with thankfull hearts we acknowledge the goodness of our great Creator and Preserver, Who has opened the eyes of our understanding and we trust lead us into a knowledge of Himselfe, and lead us to put our trust in Him, and we trust never to be unfounded, and we believe it to be much surer trusting in the God of the universe than in an arm of flesh, for no man hath seen God at any time, and to believe that God inspires one with a knowledge of Himselfe above another is placing parciality to His goodness and greatness and destroys the idea of the universal love wherewith He loved us and

gave His only begotten Son as a sacrafice for all, that through Him the world might be reconciled to Himselfe, and through the idea of inspiration everything has become a preacher, anything, religious tenets, society all cut to pieces, the world by the ears, and in place of love the sword has become the standard and shedding blood in preference to friendly acts, and by the same prevailing spirit of inspiration thousands are pretending to preach the gospal, leading millions astray, pretending what they do not nor never can know, for as man was placed here on this earth and created to labor, and this was declared before his creation and was confirmed when he left the Garden, and after told that he that provided not for his own household denied the faith and was worse than an infidal. Therefore man is confined to this earth, and cannot know anything above his sphere. Therefore he that is pointing out the great pleasures of Heaven and the everlasting burning of Hell for want of a true knowledge of God, of Bible, and themselves declare things relating to the being of God and the tenor of the Bible they know nothing about and build themselves up on error, and the general welbeing of society and the universal happiness of mankind is destroyed.

"For God that is a just, eternal, unchangeable, and immovable, never alters His purpose. The starry heavens and planetary system have ever kept their order, and we will, togeather with the whole plan of Nature. And man's happiness must depend on an humble and thankfull resignation to the will of the great Creator.

"Here is a few lines, imperfectly throwed togeather, which we hope you will peruse and the rest of the family, and nothing to your unhappiness neither, for a parent's blessing is all we would wish to impart to children.

[Note.—Pages 4 and 5 are "Genealogical Memorandum" of Michael Jackson and family (in Sketch II.) and Obadiah Dunham and family (Sketch IV.).]

"A Genealogical Memorandum of Lyman Jackson and Family.

"Lyman Jackson married with Deidama Dunham, January 3, 1782; twenty-six years of age February 29th after

marriage; DEIDAMA seventeen years of age February 25th after marriage.

- "1st born to them, Rosanna, on October 9, 1782.
- "2nd born to them, Jesse Dunham, on May 5, 1784.
- "3rd born to them, Ebenezer, on June 15, 1786.
- "4th born to them, Michael, on April 17, 1788.
- "5th born to them, Lyman, on March 2, 1790.
- "6th born to them, John Jay, on February 7, 1792.
- "7th born to them, Obadiah, on January 11, 1794.
- "8th born to them, Abner, on September 17, 1795.
- "9th born to them, David Bardsley, on May 28, 1797.
- "10th born to them, Royal Gilbert, on May 3, 1799.
- "11th born to them, Norman Landon, on July 2, 1801.
- "12th born to them, Susanna Samantha, on Jan'v 17, 1805.
- "13th born to them, Lucy Deidama, on February 6, 1808.
- " Jesse Dunham Jackson expired August 13, 1824.
- "Dear Children, you can peruse this, and if any particular mistake appears by your knowledge or the rest of the family (as we expect you to let them all have the perusal of it), you can make any alteration found necessary.
- "I am very feable, having had a very poor turn since I wrote by Mr. Rugg, but pretty comfortable again, but feable.
- "Your mother has been improving in health ever since, and we hope to be able to return once more to you and our family again, and enjoy the society of you all for a season; yet that season must be short, as the grave is fast advancing to meet us, and we hope we are prepaired to meet it, allthough we have been seemingly cald to meet the cold messenger; but our faith has never for a moment been shaken, and we trust never will, as God is the only stay and support of all our hopes, and that so firmly founded that the dread of Hell has no teror any more than our bed. And priestcraft will never shake it while God through Christ is the foundation we stand on.

"LYMAN AND DEIDAMA JACKSON."

The writer distinctly recalls conversations among the older members of the Jackson family, then well advanced in years, who had resided in and about Seneca County, New York, and in the immediate vicinity where the incident referred to occurred, describing in detail the arrest, for some petty offense, of two men, one a roving printer, the other with the reputation of a petty thief.

The printer was a man of wild, weird fancies, skillful in weaving them into stories as of real persons, which he would narrate as actual occurrences and as within his knowledge. It was said that while in jail, as stated, they reported the discovery of some metallic plates, upon which peculiar inscriptions were by them said to be engraved, and which the alleged thief claimed to have the power to read. They said that the inscriptions on the plates constituted a revelation, the meaning of which was disclosed through divine agency, and soon after there was considerable excitement in that neighborhood over such discovery and interpretation. Such interpreter was by them said to be Joe Smith, the founder of Mormonism.

Of the thirteen children of Lyman and Deidama Jackson the following are said to be correct, though only partial, sketches:

- Rosanna.—Born October 9, 1782. Married John Rudd, Jr., in Otsego County, New York. After his death, and on January 8, 1842, she married Robert Morrell. She died February 7, 1866. Robert Morrell died January 28, 1843.
- 2. Jesse Dunham.—Born May 5, 1784. Married Marian Montgomery, in Ohio. He is supposed to have died in New Orleans. There were born of such marriage Luther, Rosanna (who married Charles King), Candace, Royal, Ferdinand and Isabelle (twins), and Dunham.
- Ebenezer.—Born June 15, 1786. Married Betsey Prindle.
   They lived at Sheldon, New York. He died August
   7, 1857. They had children named Lucy Deidama,
   Charles, and perhaps others.

- 4. Michael.—Born April 7, 1788. Married Ruth Hendryx, in Otsego County, New York. Soon after marriage he removed to a town about twenty miles from Buffalo, New York, and later to Jacksonville (now Albion), Pennsylvania, where she died, October 22, 1844. March 24, 1845, he married Mrs. Lydia King. There were born to said Michael children as follows:
  - (1) Abner, who married Mary Long.
  - (2) Lois, who married John Bordwell.
  - (3) Elmina, who married James Van Riper. To them were born two sons: on February 6, 1847, George, and on August 6, 1849, Michael J. Said George Van Riper, on December 24, 1868, married Daphne Ortense Saunders, who was born at Albion, Pennsylvania, April 9, 1852, she being the daughter of Horace H. and Fannie (King) Saunders. To George Van Riper and wife were born: May 25, 1881, James H. (who died December 4, 1881); May 29, 1885, Benjamin W. (who graduated from Allegheny College at the 90th Commencement, June 3, 1905); May 14, 1887, a son, Don A., was born. Said George and family removed to Meadville, Pennsylvania, where his wife died, March 20, 1907.
    - (4) Cornelius.
  - (5) Cordelia, who married —— Norton, and later lived at Phillipsburg, Kansas.
  - (6) Lucy, who married Lyle Wilson. They later removed to California, where she died childless.

Michael Jackson died March 16, 1874, at Albion, Pennsylvania.

- Lyman.—Born March 2, 1790. Married to ———. Removed to Baraboo, Wisconsin, or vicinity.
- 6. John Jay.—Born February 7, 1792. He enlisted in the War of 1812, was honorably discharged (probably at

- Obadiah.—Born January 11, 1794. He volunteered in the War of 1812; assisted Perry's fleet over the bar prior to his victory, and fought in the battles of Chippewa and Lundy's Lane. He married Mary A. Kingsbury, at Albion, Pennsylvania, about 1826. Removed to Knoxville, Illinois, in 1837, and died February —, 1872. His widow died at Sagetown, Illinois. Of such marriage there were children:
  - (1) Ruth.
  - (2) Ebenezer.
  - (3) Lucy, who died in chidlhood.
  - (4) Desdemona, who married William Gay and lived in Henderson, Knox County, Illinois. To them were born daughters: Eliza, Mary, Fanny, and Lucy. All removed to Washington, where the mother died and the daughters married.

- son, who served in the Porto Rico campaign and twice later enlisted in the artillery branch of service.
- (6) Frank M., a physician. He was twice married. Of the first marriage a son, William B., was born, who married and has two daughters. Of his second marriage, to Sally Barber, a son, Frank, and a daughter were born. Dr. Frank M. Jackson died November, 1904, at Hamilton, Illinois, where his widow and children reside.
  - (7) Julius, now of Hamilton, Illinois.
- (8) Mary Angeline, who married Wilson. She died in 1902, leaving four children in the State of Washington.
- 8. Abner.—Born September 17, 1795, at Richfield, Otsego County, New York. Married Phosa Hendryx. Lived at Albion, Pennsylvania, a minister and presiding elder of the Methodist Episcopal Church. Later removed to Allegheny City, Pennsylvania. Died in May, 1884. His wife died ———————, 18——. They had children as follows: Marian, Cornelius, Abner, Lyman, Lucy, and Sarah Anne.
- David Bardsley.—Born May 29, 1797, at Richfield, Otsego County, New York. (See Sketch VI.) Married to Lucy Hendryx, April 11, 1822, near Albion, Pennsylvania. (See Sketch V.)
- 10. Royal Gilbert.—Born May 3, 1799. Married Sophia Kennedy, of Elk Creek, Pennsylvania, December 28, 1825.
  There was born of this marriage Emeline, who married —— Cheeseman. She now lives at Miles Grove, Erie County, Pennsylvania. Royal Gilbert died January 25, 1842, at Albion, Pennsylvania.
- 11. Norman Langdon.—Born July 2, 1801. Married Mrs.

  Electa Brace Luddington, widow (who at that time

had a son, Hiram); of which marriage there were born:

- (1) Louise, who married Andrew Jackson Tapp. They had two children.
- (2) Eli, who married ——— and removed to Black Hawk County, Iowa, and died about 1878.
- (3) Louisa, born about 1834 in Erie County, Pennsylvania. Married John D. Ferris, and had children as follows: A. N. Ferris, the first white child born in Black Hawk County, Iowa, later a physician; O. L. Ferris, attorney-at-law, Portland, Oregon; Hiram L., druggist, Mitchell, South Dakota; Frank E., dentist, Portland, Oregon; Forest, farmer, near McPherson, Kansas: May, married Renn McCarthy and hda a daughter, Zell, deceased; Rose, married I. E. Brown, of Portland, Oregon; Hattie, married Grant Brummer, Fort Dodge, Iowa; another daughter died in early life. Electa B. Jackson died at Mankato, Minnesota, and

Norman L. Jackson married a second wife.

- Susannah Samantha.—Born January 17, 1805. Married 12. Henry Kennedy, July 21, 1828. Of this marriage there were born:
  - (1) Hannah Kennedy, who married M. M. De Long, widower (who then had a son, Frank, by a former marriage). To Hannah and M. M. De Long was born a daughter, Mary De Long. The family moved to Eskridge, Kansas, and Mary married Melville Rhodes Mudge. To them was born a daughter, Eusebia De Long Mudge. They lived at 410 Olive Street, Kansas City, Missouri, where, on November 1, 1899, Eusebia married George Kirk Thompson, of Beattie, Marshall County, Kansas, where they were at home after November 10, 1899.
  - (2) Rosanna Kennedy, who married Henry Tyler.

They long lived at Galesburg, Illinois. Of such marriage several children were born.

- (3) Sophia Kennedy, late of Santa Rosa, California.
- (4) Eunice Kennedy, a very lovely child. She died about 1850, at Henderson, Illinois.
- (5) James Kennedy, who married and had several children. The writer is informed that two sons are now in the United States Army in the Philippines.
- (6) Nancy Kennedy, who married William Lett about 1860, and lived northwest of Kewanee, Henry County, Illinois.
- (7) Byron Kennedy, who was married, but the name of his wife and their whereabouts are unknown. Of this marriage a son, Byron, was born, who is said to have been killed in the earthquake at Santa Rosa, California, in 1906.

On the death of Henry Kennedy, the widow, Susannah Samantha, married William Robinson, widower, a farmer, of near Wataga, Knox County, Illinois.

- 13. Lucy Deidama.—Born February 6, 1808. Married Elisha Alderman, and died about ——. Of this marriage there were born the following:
  - (1) Lafayette, who was a volunteer in the War of 1861 and was killed in battle.
    - (2) Obadiah.
    - (3) John.
    - (4) Michael.

    - (6) James.
    - (7) Phosa.
    - (8) Gilderoy.

On December 8, 1833, the first Methodist Episcopal Class was organized at Albion, Pennsylvania, in commemoration of which event a memorial service was held, recorded as follows

in the issue of the Albion *Blizzard* of June 22, 1899 (the "Diana" mentioned being Deidama McKenzie):

### "Old Folks' Services.

"The third annual services for the old folks of this section, which were held in the M. E. Church on Sunday, were largely attended. There were about fifty of the old people present whose ages range from sixty to ninety.

\* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \*

"Mr. Geo. Van Riper read the names of the first class at the organization of this society almost sixty years ago, recorded below. Of the eighteen, only one is living who was present at the services, Mrs. Wm. Cheeseman, née Miss Emeline L. Jackson, who is seventy-four years old. Following are the names of the Bible Class, with Royal Jackson as class leader, Rev. Wm. Todd pastor, and Rev. Hiram Kingsley presiding elder: Royal Jackson, Sophia Jackson, David B. Jackson, Lucy Jackson, Emeline L. Jackson, Geo. Stuntz, Mary Stuntz, Benj. North, Alex. McKenzie, Diana McKenzie, Amos King, Mahitable King, Huldah Stuntz, William Patterson, Rosanna Patterson, Syphera Jackson, Cornelius Jackson, and Margaret Alderman.

"The society was organized December 8, 1833, in a log school-house which stood nearly opposite the present residence of G. W. Spaulding."

The following inscriptions are copied from the monuments in the cemetery at Albion (formerly Jacksonville), Erie County, Pennsylvania:

"Lyman Jackson, a United States soldier of 1776, died March 20, 1835, aged 79 years."

"Deidama, wife of Lyman Jackson, died December 2,

1841, aged 76 years."

"Rosana Morrell, died February 7, 1866, aged 83 years, 4 months."

"Ruth, wife of Michael Jackson, died October 22, 1844, aged 52 years. She died, and still she lives."

"Michael Jackson, died March 16, 1874, aged 86 years."

"Ebenezer Jackson, born June —, 1786; died August —, 1857."

"Francis M., son of D. B. and L. Jackson, died May 16, 1835, ae. 9 months, 11 days."

"Royal G. Jackson, departed this life January 25, 1842,

in the 43rd year of his age."

The following entries are copied from the record of marriages kept by Rev. George Stuntz, who was highly esteemed by his neighbors and friends:

- "5. Thursday, December 28, 1825, married Royal G. Jackson, of Conneaut, to Miss Sophia Kennedy, of Elk Creek, Pa."
- "16. July 21, 1828, married Henry Kennedy to Susannah Jackson, both of Conneaut, Erie County, Pa."

"17. Thursday, April 10, 1828, married Alexander Mc-

Kenzie to Deidama Hendryx, both of Conneaut."

"94. March 24, 1845, married Mr. Michael Jackson, Esq., to Mrs. Lydia King, both of Conneaut, Erie County, Pa."

"88. Married, January 8, 1843, Robert Morrell, of Springfield, to Mrs. Rosannah Rudd, of Conneaut (in Juliette)." (She was formerly Rosanna Jackson.) 24 THE FAMILY HISTORY OF MICHAEL JACKSON.

THE FAMILY HISTORY OF MICHAEL JACKSON.

### SKETCH V.

### CORNELIUS HENDRYX.

Cornelius was married to Mehitable Dunham. There were children born of such marriage as follows:

- Isaiah.—Married Electa Jinks. Of such marriage were born Cordelia (called "Lydia"), Araminda (called "Minda"), and Elmina.
- 2. Ruth.—Married Michael Jackson.
- 3. Lois.—Married Samuel Norton. Of this marriage one daughter, Calfirna (Calphurnia?), was born.
- 4. Tryphosa.—(Commonly called "Phosa.") Born October 5, 1799. Married Abner Jackson. (See Sketch IV.)
- 5. Almira.—Married Stephen Randall. Of such marriage there were born Trueman, Eliza, Lucy, and Harriet.
- Lucy.—Born August 5, 1806, at Salina, Onondaga County, New York. Married David Bardsley Jackson. (See Sketch VI.)
- 7. Deidama.—Married Alexander McKenzie on April 10, 1828, at Albion, Pennsylvania. Of such marriage there were born:
  - (1) Lucy Ann, who married Dr. Stephen Porter and settled in California in the '50s. Dr. Porter died in San Francisco about 1880.

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- (3) Laura, who married Samuel Pettit, at Knoxville, Illinois. They lived at Upper Sandusky, Ohio, and later removed to Oakland, California.
- (4) James A., an attorney at Galesburg, Illinois, a partner of Edwin Hurd Conger, statesman. He died about 1903.
- 8. Obadiah Dunham.—Married Louisa Hitchcock. They lived at —, Ohio, where both died. Of this marriage there were born: Louisa, who died in girlhood, and Roselle, who married —.

### SKETCH VI.

### DAVID BARDSLEY JACKSON.

[Michael (1), Michael (2), Lyman (3).]

DAVID BARDSLEY JACKSON was the hinth child of Lyman Jackson and Deidama (Dunham) Jackson, born May 28, 1797, at Richfield, Otsego County, New York. On April 11, 1822, he married Lucy Hendryx, who was born August 5, 1806, at Salina, Onondaga County, New York, being the sixth child of Cornelius Hendryx and Mehitable (Dunham) Hendryx. (See Sketch V.) Said David and Lucy were married at the home of Michael Jackson by Jesse D. Jackson, both being the brothers of David B. He had but few months of schooling, all in the log school-house, into which light was admitted only through windows supplied with oil paper instead of glass, and which school was at times disturbed by the daring wood-squirrel eating the paste from the paper during school session.

In anticipation of his marriage, David B. had bought forty acres of heavy timber land in what was know as "the Holland Purchase," cleared the same, and built a log cabin on it, with a bedstead in one corner. This bedstead had one post, connected by rails to the walls of the cabin. The cord stretched across the rude framework to support the bedding was made from flax grown by himself, carded and spun, and by him made into a rope in a neighborhood "rope-walk." He was a man of small stature. The family depended largely upon the wild game of the country for meat, and David B. is said to have killed the last bear that appeared in that neighborhood, shooting it in a chestnut-tree not far from the spring that supplied them with water.

They continued to live in this cabin until the summer of 1839. In it all their children were born, except Annie Lucelia. In the summer of 1839 he sold this farm to Mr. Bumpess, put his family and household goods into a wagon, and drove to Pittsburg, where they took a steamboat for St. Louis. There they reshipped for the upper Mississippi, disembarked at Warsaw, Illinois, on December 15, 1839, drove to Knoxville, Illinois, and a year or two later bought a farm ten miles east of that town, known as "the Payne farm." Having sold his Pennsylvania farm largely upon credit, in the spring of 1841, with his team and wagon, he took his wife and the then two youngest children (Charles and Horace) back to Pennsylvania, transacted his business there, and returned in the fall of the same year, with his team making a trip of over one thousand miles.

DAVID B. and his wife lived on the Payne farm, ten miles east of Knoxville, Illinois, until 1846; during that time they manufactured almost all the cloth used in clothing and bedding; the family raising sheep, shearing, carding, and spinning the wool, and when spun, colored the varn by the use of walnut and butternut leaves and hulls, and the contents of the dyepot, into which the men and boys were required to urinate to supply the coloring matter. He also hauled many loads of wheat to Chicago (about 150 miles) to market. In 1846, inspired largely by his wife, DAVID B. moved to Knoxville, Illinois, for the better school advantages for his children. Later he engaged in the grocery business, in which he continued until the spring of 1854, when, on March 31st, he moved to Cambridge, Henry County, Illinois, where he opened a farm a halfmile east of the village. He lived on this farm until about 1876, when he disposed of his property there and made their home at Gilson, five miles from Knoxville, in the neighborhood of the Pavne farm, where they remained until the time

of DAVID B.'s death, which occurred January 18, 1879, at the age of eighty-one years, eight months, and twenty days.

His wife was fifteen years, eight months, and six days old at the time of their marriage. She had had no school advantages aside from about three months' schooling in the old log school-house. When she left school, her teacher gave her a set of copies from which to learn to write, which she did while living in the cabin to which DAVID B. took his young bride. She would form the letters from such copies with a stick or whatever she might have in hand, writing in the sand near the spring, in the ashes, in the frost and snow, until she became a fair writer, after which she continued to practice her penmanship in correspondence with relatives, using a quill pen. Her practice was to sit with a dictionary upon her lap as a writing-table, her inkstand, supplied with home-made ink, resting upon a chair at hand. When in doubt as to the word to be used, or as to the spelling of a word, she would lav her letter upon the chair, open the dictionary, determine as to the word or spelling, take up her paper, and resume her writing. In all the writing ever done by her in the presence or within the knowledge of the compiler of these sketches, she wrote in no other manner, except that in later years she used a steel pen. She became a noted correspondent, and during the Civil War kept up correspondence with many of the soldier-boys who had enlisted from the neighborhood. I now have in my possession letters written by her to Rev. Mr. John Griffin. Company B, 42d Illinois Volunteers (later a lieutenant), which. after his death, were returned to me by his daughter. She wrote a number of articles for The New Covenant, a religious journal, then published in Chicago.

DAVID B. and his wife were originally Methodists, and members of the Bible Class, as stated in the sketch of Lyman Jackson's family, but later they became Universalists, and were zealous supporters of the churches which they attended.

The writer believes that no act of dishonesty, unfairness, or uncharity can justly be charged against either of them.

Lucy died at the home of her son G. D. Jackson, near Cambridge, Illinois, January 13, 1899, aged ninety-two years, five months, and eight days.

There were born to DAVID B. and LUCY H. JACKSON the following children:

- Elizabeth Ruth.—Born August 15, 1824. She acquired a common-school education, and in young girlhood was a teacher in district schools. May 26, 1846, in Knox County, Illinois, she married Urban Pearce, who was born July 13, 1812, in Harrison County, Indiana. There were born of this marriage:
  - (1) Harriet A., born July 3, 1848. October —, 1867, she married Henry Hart, and died childless.
  - (2) Harmon Bardsley, born October 11, 1849. April 30, 1871, remarried Martha M. Hadley, who was born in 1848. To them were born children as follows: Fred Orion, born November 17, 1872. (On August 5, 1896, he married Mary Eleanor Gibson, aged twentyfour.) Leona Vanchie, born March 31, 1875. (March 12, 1893, she married William G. Fullager, who was born September 8, 1867. To them was born Walter P. Fullager, April 19, 1894. Their residence in 1906 was at Lincoln, Nebraska.) Charles Clevenger, born June 21, 1879. (He enlisted in Company E, 1st Colorado Infantry, during the Spanish War, and was in the siege and battle of Manila and six other battles.) Clay Austin, born September 21, 1883. Harmon Bardsley Pearce, on October —, 1889. married Mary Irene Lord (his second wife). Of this marriage there was born Hazel Benita, June 19, 1894, and Lola Eunice, September 28, 1897. In 1906 they lived at Brighton, Colorado.

- (3) Lucy E., born May 6, 1852. December 31, 1868, she married George W. Knell. He was born October 16, 1837, at Quincy, Franklin County, Pennsylvania. He was a volunteer and corporal in Company I, 210th Regiment Pennsylvania Infantry Volunteers, and was discharged May 30, 1865. In 1907 they lived near Gilson, Illinois.
- (4) Vira E., born May 28, 1855, died August 22, 1855.

Urban Pearce died near Knoxville, Illinois, August 24, 1855. His widow, Elizabeth Ruth, May 21, 1866, married Abram Goodman, who was born May 24, 1832, at Gerabrouer, Wurtemberg, Germany. Of this marriage a son was born, David J. Goodman, June 14, 1868, who died November 6, 1870. Elizabeth Ruth died November 11, 1882, near Gilson, Illinois.

Zaremba Jackson.—Born July 5, 1826. Educated at Cherry Grove College, near Abingdon, Illinois. He engaged in the mercantile business at Knoxville, and later at Cambridge, Illinois. On November 8, 1852, he married Julia V. B. Ong, at Salem, Henry County, Iowa. They removed to Omaha, Nebraska, in December, 1854, and later settled at De Soto, Nebraska, where they continued to reside for many years. While there he was said to be dving of tuberculosis, and his father and mother visited him there, about 1858, in anticipation of his death. It is said that he was a person of remarkable will-power, especially in his personal matters. On one occasion, when it was believed he was in the throes of death, by sheer nerve he dragged himself from the couch on which he lay to the floor and sat there; when the apparent deaththroes recurred, he dragged himself back to the couch, and so continued until the attack passed. From that

time he began to improve, and later, when he had acquired some strength, and upon the opening of the Cherry Creek gold mines, he joined a company to cross the plains. As he was still unable to walk, he was conveved in a carriage for some days, being assisted into the tent and out of it: he was then transferred to a wagon, and so continued his journey until the train reached what was called "The Turn-table." a point not far from Julesburg, where a track had been worn by the teams which were there turned back to the Missouri River. At "The Turn-table" he absolutely refused to return with the company, but insisted that his outfit, consisting of a yoke of cows, a pan, some provisions and bedding, be given him, which was done. There was made for him a "stone-boat" or "lizard." consisting of the fork of a willow-tree with spalls spiked across, to which his cows were voked and upon which his "traps" were tied. He then started on alone, but during the first day he fell in with another train, with which he continued his journey. After reaching the mining region, he became active in the attempt to organize Jefferson Territory, and was selected one of the committee of three to frame a code of laws for the people of such proposed territory, a copy of which was for many years in the possession of the writer of this sketch. Upon restoration to health, he returned to De Soto, engaging in freighting and farming, but later settled in Colorado. Afterwards he returned to Nebraska and enlisted in Company -, 2d Nebraska Cavalry. Upon his discharge from service he went to Fort Harker, Kansas, then a Government military post, and there conducted a grocery business. From Fort Harker he went to Ellsworth, Kansas, where he continued in

business and became possessed of a large amount of property, all of which, however, was swept away during the panic. At Ellsworth he was married to Sarah Larkin; they later settled at Stillwater, Oklahoma, where he died, childless, January 26, 1899, at age of seventy-two years, six months, and twenty-one days.

Obadiah Hendryx.—Born August 26, 1828. He was educated at Cherry Grove College. Engaged in the mercantile business at Knoxville and later at Cambridge, where he picked up a knowledge of printing, and also studied law. He was of a poetic temperament, with a literary taste, and was the only member of the family having marked German features and characteristics. He was also the only blonde in the family. He was by nature a rambler; during the terrible yellow fever epidemic in 1854 he was in New Orleans; thence he roved to Texas, where by turns he engaged in printing and hotel-keeping, became foreman of a large plantation, and finally drifted to Galveston. There he shipped aboard a schooner to New York, returning thence to Illinois about 1856. On April 22, 1857, at Knoxville, Illinois, he married Cordelia Maria Kingsberry, who was born at Crossingville, Crawford County, Pennsylvania, January 22, 1839. He also went to the gold regions near Denver, returned via Leavenworth, and settled in New London, Ralls County, Missouri, where he carried on a retail grocery, studied law, and was admitted to practice. On the breaking out of the war in 1861, he was active in preventing some Union arms and ammunition of war from falling into the hands of Southern men, for which he and his family were compelled to leave the State. He returned to Illinois, volunteered in the 2d

Illinois Artillery, and, after his discharge, again returned to Cambridge. He later published a newspaper in the oil regions of Pennsylvania, at Versailles, Missouri, and returned to New Orleans; he located at Algiers, where he was editor and publisher of a newspaper, and where he had the yellow fever during the epidemic of 1878 or 1880, from which he recovered; later he settled and published a newspaper at Tampa, Florida, where he died August 26, 1896, at the age of sixty-eight. He is buried at Gilson, Illinois. Of his marriage there were the following children:

- (1) Zelia, born December 19, 1859, at Cambridge, Illinois. November 6, 1882, she married Albert Colc, who was born in 1852, near the home of President Garfield. They later settled in Los Angeles, California. She died, childless, October 8, 1903, at Sierra Madre, California.
- (2) Lewey, born August 15, 1869, at Pleasantville. Pennsylvania. He died October 7, 1869.
- (3) Edward Hendryx, born October 10, 1872, at Hydetown, Pennsylvania. He became a pharmacist and druggist, and settled at Long Beach, California, about 1899, where, May 7, 1901, he married Miss Nina Cuthbert, daughter of Dr. William Lawrence Cuthbert and Chloe Cuthbert, born at Monmouth, Illinois, October 12, 1874. There born of the marriage of Edward H. and Nina Jackson two children (twins) that died in infancy, and on July 17, 1905, a daughter, Carolyn. His mother, Cordelia (Kingsberry) Jackson, now (1909) resides with them.
- 4. Gershom David.—Born October 8, 1831, at Conneaut, Pennsylvania. He became a blacksmith at Knoxville, Illinois, and later an engineer, in mill work. He was attracted to Cherry Creek gold-diggings, and on going

over became interested in the townsite of Denver. He is said to have gotten logs for one of the first cabins built on the Denver townsite, but abandoned the undertaking before the cabin was raised, and returned to Illinois with his brother, O. H. Jackson. With C. W. Jackson (herein later mentioned), he volunteered July 28, 1861. September 17, 1861, they were mustered into Company B, 42d Illinois Volunteer Infantry, at Camp Douglas, Chicago. September 19, 1861, they started to the front, via St. Louis and Jefferson City, Missouri. Their command marched to Tipton and Springfield, Missouri, to relieve General Burnside. Returning to Tipton, in February, 1862, they marched to St. Charles, Missouri, thence by boat to Columbus, Kentucky, and Island No. 10, after its surrender going to Fort Randolph; thence up the Mississippi, Ohio, and Tennessee rivers. The 22d, 27th, 42d, and 51st Illinois Regiments were there brigaded together. After the evacuation of Corinth, the force chased Beauregard to Baldwin, returned to Corinth, did duty along the railroad from Tuscumbia to Decatur, Alabama, and September 1, 1862, started to Nashville, Tennessee. December 1, 1862, C. W. Jackson was detailed to the Pioneer Corps, and December 26, 1862, the 42d Regiment, having been transferred to Sherman's division, started on the campaign ending in the battle of Stone River, January 2, 1863. June 26, 1863, they started on the Tullahoma campaign, marching to Bridgeport (Tennessee) and Lookout Mountain, Rome (Georgia) and Cowpen Gap. Leaving Crawfish Springs, and arriving September 19th, at 3:30 p. m., they engaged in the battle of Chickamauga. An hour later Gershom D. was wounded and sent to Crawfish Hospital, from which he later departed without leave

or permit, overtook his company, and continued with They entered Chattanooga September 22, 1863, and remained during the siege, later going to Knoxville, Tennessee, and while there he re-enlisted. They marched back to Chattanooga, and on February 16, 1864, he started home on a 30-day veteran furlough. April 7, 1864, he started on his return to Nashville, Tennessee, and April 14, 1864, they set out on the march to Chattanooga, joining the brigade May 7, They entered on the Atlanta campaign, and continued until its close, about September 8, 1864; then, returning from Atlanta to Chattanooga, September 25, 1864, they did service in that locality, later going by rail and on foot to Athens, Alabama, and Pulaski, Tennessee; thence to Columbia, Tennessee, to intercept General Hood in his advance on Nashville. After the battles of Springfield and Franklin they went on to Nashville, arriving December 1, 1864; the command routed and followed General Hood as far as Lexington, Alabama; thence by march and rail they pushed on to Huntsville and Decatur, Alabama, remaining until April 1, 1865; thence to Chattanooga, Knoxville, Bull's Gap (there building a railroad), returning to Nashville on April 25, 1865; they went to Johnsonville June 15th, thence to New Orleans and Chalmet, and from there to Cavallo, Texas, arriving about July 25, 1865; from Cavallo they went to Indianola, Point Lavaca, Placador (or Placedo) Creek, August 17, 1865, returning to Point Lavaca and Victoria, where G. D. Jackson and the 42d Regiment were mustered out December 17, 1865, and returned to Springfield, Illinois, arriving January 5, 1866; he remained there until January 10, 1866, when he received his discharge, after actual service of four years, five months, and thirteen days, having marched four thousand miles, taken part in three sieges of important points, and fought in forty-four battles and skirmishes; having been blockaded two and a half months at Nashville and besieged three months at Chattanooga. Because of the wound so received, he was sent to a hospital, but, on his regiment being ordered to advance, release from the hospital being refused, he disregarded orders, joined his regiment, and continued in the service, making a bad hospital record, which later caused much trouble in obtaining a greatly deserved pension.

After return to civil life, on January 29, 1868, he married Henrietta Talbot at Cambridge, Illinois. She was born March 18, 1841, at Burlington, Otsego County, New York, being the child of William Talbot (born March 13, 1819, in Otsego County, New York, and died at Cambridge, Illinois, September 14, 1902) and Mary (Terry) Talbot (born July 6, 1822, near Edmiston, Otsego County, New York). William and Mary were married March 7, 1840, in Edmiston, New York. They, with two children, Henrietta and Marietta, moved to near Cambridge, Illinois, with one horse and wagon, arriving October 5, 1844, where nine sons and one daughter were born to them. Children of Gershom D. Jackson and wife were born near Cambridge, Illinois, as follows:

- (1) Mary Estelle, born December 13, 1869. Married Jacob William Moody at Wataga, Knox County, Illinois, October 31, 1904. He was born June 9, 1866, and died March 27, 1909, near Woodhull, Illinois.
- (2) Jennie May, born May 13, 1875. Married George Painter Moody, December 8, 1897. He was born April 23, 1874. They had children as follows:

Herbert, born February 27, 1899; Roy, born February 12, 1900; both died in infancy. Georgie Hope, born May 13, 1904; died July 13, 1904. Inez Matilda, born July 19, 1906; died January 23, 1907. On May 10, 1906, Jennie May and husband adopted Edith Nolle, born May 10, 1906.

- (3) William Bardsley, born March 15, 1877. Married Gertrude Lucinda Gaut, December 18, 1901, at Geneva, Ohio. She was born at Munson, Henry County, Illinois, December 14, 1881. They had children: Laura May, born April 1, 1903; Mildred Irene, born August 19, 1905; both at Cambridge, Illinois.
- Francis Marion.—Born August 5, 1834, at Albion, Pennsylvania; died May 16, 1835.
- Charles Wilmer De Loss.-Born March 17, 1837. He be-6. came a printer on the Knoxville (Ill.) Journal and later on the Rock Island Argus. He enlisted on July 28, 1861, and was in service with G. D. Jackson, as above described, except that about December 1, 1862, he was detailed to Company G, 3d Battalion Pioneers, in which he continued until February 16, 1864; but he took part in the battle of Stone River, December 30, 1862, to January 2, 1863, for gallantry in which he was, on May 1, 1863, promoted to the rank of first lieutenant. He continued with the 3d Battalion of Pioneers until February 16, 1864, and was in the service and engagements described in the history of G. D. Jackson. About March 15, 1865, C. W. Jackson was mustered out, having meantime received a captain's commission. He later practiced medicine, and later still settled at Kingfisher, Oklahoma. He became a member of several Masonic orders, including Knights Templars, Scottish Rite, and Thirty-second Degree. In October, 1906, he started on a pleasure trip through

the western mountain States and Territories, arriving at Oakland, California, about October 29, 1906. He suddenly passed away while on a suburban car, near Richmond Station, California, on November 2, 1906. He was buried in the McCallister cemetery, near Gilson, Illinois.

- 7. Horace Mortimer.—Born July 11, 1839. (See Sketch XII.)
- 8. Annie Lucelia.—Born on the Payne farm, Knox County, Illinois, December 15, 1844. Married to George P. Wing, at Cambridge, Illinois, June 16, 1861. He was a volunteer in the War of 1861–65, a member of Company D, Seventeenth Illinois Infantry, and was discharged on account of disabilities. They settled near Larkin, Kansas, in November, 1885. He died October 11, 1894; she died August 27, 1909; both were buried in the Holton (Kansas) cemetery. At the time of her death she resided with her daughter, Louie Stone, near Whiting, Kansas. Of their marriage there were the following children:
  - (1) Jennie Ann, born March 25, 1865; died at Cambridge, Illinois, September 5, 1865.
  - (2) Archibald James, born October 3, 1866. September 9, 1889, near Larkin, Kansas, he married Vickey Sewell, who died at Colorado City, Colorado, about March, 1907. To them were born children as follows: Jesse and Della, who died in infancy; Nellie Mae, Lydia Ann, Lyle, Odeasa, and Lola.
  - (3) Louie Annie, born June 26, 1868. Married Frederick N. Stone, April 14, 1886. Their children were as follows: Otis Mack, born March 14, 1887; (June 3, 1908, at Lansing, Kansas, he married Jessie Stone (born April 5, 1883, the daughter of Alonzo and Ella Jackson Stone), and to them was born, July 8, 1909, a son, Orville Ray.) Nellie Mae, born July 8,

- 1888; died February 18, 1891. Freddie McCandless, born November 5, 1890. Ethel, born February 11, 1892; died the same day. Victoria, born August 31, 1893. Wiley William, born October 17, 1900.
- (4) George Peleg, born June 26, 1872. Married Jennie Hickman, September 24, 1897. Children born to them are: Everett William, September 28, 1900; and Clarence Franklin, September 20, 1903. They settled on a farm near Denison, Kansas.
- (5) Jesse Zaremba, born August 12, 1874. For many years a locomotive engineer on the A., T. & S. F. Ry., located at Tueson, Arizona
- (6) William Walter, born October 17, 1876. Married Bertha Spiker, June 22, 1896. To them were born: Jesse Ernest, January 4, 1898; and Elva Mac, October 19, 1902.
- (7) Roy De Loss, born April 23, 1884. Married Lillian Ecock, April 26, 1905. To them a son, ———, was born March 19, 1906.

### SKETCH VII.

### THE ROBERT VALENTINE FAMILY.

Of this family the writer has only been able to learn that ROBERT VALENTINE was born in the mountains adjacent to the Mohawk Valley, in New York, of Quaker parents. He was a blacksmith, and was injured by the kick of a horse, from which he died the next day, leaving two sons: *Robert* (see Sketch VIII.), and *William*, who removed to and settled in McHenry County, Illinois.

### SKETCH VIII.

### ROBERT VALENTINE.

# [Robert (1).]

ROBERT VALENTINE (2) married BETSEY ANN OF JOANNA (JOAN) OWEN (see Sketch IX.), September 3, 1810. They settled on the Conawango River, four miles above Warren, Pennsylvania, and three miles from Pine Grove, where ROBERT conducted a saw-mill and where he died April 12, 1832. He was buried on Pinckney Hill, Pennsylvania. They had children as follows:

- 1. Mary.—Born August 18, 1811; died January 3, 1815.
- 2. Edmond.—Born March 23, 1813. Married Hannah De Long, August 12, 1831. They had several children. A daughter, Joanna, married George Evans and in 1895 lived at Colfax, Iowa.
- 3. Angeline.—Born April 29, 1815; died April 27, 1829.
- 4 Robert.—Born September 20, 1817. He married, and his children by his first marriage were:
  - (1) Susan, who was married to ——— Stuber. Lives at Woodward, Iowa.
  - (2) Climena, who married —— Heffelfinger. On his death she married his brother. Two girls were born of her first marriage and one of the second. Her present residence is Woodward, Iowa.
  - (3) Martin, who was married and had a family.
  - (4) Owen, also married and had a family.
  - (5) Eliza.
    - (6) Willis.

- (7) Adda, who married and with her family lives near Peabody, Kansas.
  - (8) A daughter by the last marriage.
- 5. Elial T. F.—Born March 24, 1820. He married, and to him were born, probably at Warren, Pennsylvania:
  - (1) Harriet Letitia, who, December 17, —, married Robert Canfield Selden, son of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Selden, of Cleveland, Ohio. They settled in Brookwood, Alabama.
    - (2) Belle.
    - (3) L. F., a son, who in 1900 resided at Warren, Pennsylvania.
- 6. John Owen.—Born March 31, 1822, at Deerfield, Warren County, Pennsylvania. Married Emily S. Lytle, May 6, 1846. (See Sketch X.)
- 7. Heman C.—Born June 13, 1824; died May 25, 1825.
- 8. Maria Desdemona.—Born August 22, 1826; died May 11, 1847.
- 9. Heman H.—Born November 24, 1828; died June —, 1857.
- After the death of ROBERT (2) his widow married Francis De Long. They settled five miles south of Tidioute, and had a daughter, M. Z. De Long, who married Warner. They settled at Boone, Iowa, where Mrs. Warner died about 1903, leaving two married daughters.

### SKETCH IX.

#### THE OWEN FAMILY.

JOHN OWEN was born at Salisbury, Connecticut, and was a soldier in the Revolutionary War, under Colonel Hinman, 4th Connecticut. (See Record, Bureau of Pensions, O., W. and N. Division, Widows' File 10,221.) He married Lydia Gilson August —, 1787. Of this marriage there was issue as follows:

- 1. Betsey.—Born March 23, 1788. (A daughter, born about the same year, was called by the family and friends Ann, also Joan and Joanna. She was probably the one called Betsey and Betsey Ann. She married Robert Valentine, September 3, 1810. (See Sketch VIII.)
- 2. Elsey.—Born July 8, 1790. Married George Fenton at Chautauqua, New York, and to them was born Reuben E. Fenton, afterwards governor of New York. George and Elsey started into the lumber woods with all their effects on a hand-sled. Elsey was prevented from accompanying her husband by a deep snow. Not hearing from him for some days, she obtained a horse and attempted to follow him without a guide, but met a man who conducted her to her husband's cabin, where she found him seriously ill.
- 3. Ira.—Born February 16, 1793.
- 4. Phebe.—Born June 23, 1795.
- 5. Emeline.—Born in 1797. Married —— Neal. They kept an inn at Nealtown, near Tidioute, Pennsylvania. Her husband having died, she again married.

- 6. Marcia.—Born in 1799. Married John Reece. He died July 26, 1852, at the age of sixty-five. She died March 25, 1867, aged sixty-eight. They had a son, Charles.
- 7. Reuben (also called Eben).—Born July 12, 1800. Married Mary ———. He died at the age of sixty-three; she, at the age of eighty-four.
- 8. Sally.—Born October 20, 1802.

The following inscriptions appear on the monuments at the graves of six of said family in the cemetery at Warren, Pennsylvania:

"John Owen, a soldier of the French and Revolutionary War. Born at Salisbury, Conn., April 16, 1735; died at Carroll, New York, February 24, 1843, aged 107 years, 10 months, and eight days."

"In memory of Lydia Owen, consort of John Owen, born at Sunderland, Conn., January 30, 1773; died at Carroll, New York, November 7, 1851, aged 78 years, 9 months, and 8 days.

"Parent, friend, and mother dear, Rest thy spirit—blest forever. From that ever-blissful sphere Wish thee back? No, never."

"Eben Owen, aged 63 years." "Mary, his wife, aged 84 years." "Erected by Marcia Reece."

"John Reece. Died July 26, 1852, aged 65 years."

"Marcia, wife of John Reece. Died March 25, 1867, ae. 61 years."

#### SKETCH X.

#### THE LYTLE FAMILY.

ROBERT LYTLE married ESTHER LOWREY. They came from Ireland. He served in the Revolutionary War, and died about 1812, at Ogdensburg, St. Lawrence County, New York. It is said that his wife lived to be over one hundred years old, and died in the same locality.

There was born of such marriage, in New Jersey, 1792, ROBERT LYTLE (2). He married LYDIA ELDRIDGE, of English parentage, in Washington County, New York. Her father was a sea captain; her mother's maiden name was Welles, and she was a cousin of Gideon Welles, Secretary of the Navy. They removed to near Jamestown, Chautauqua County, New York, in 1812. He served in the War of 1812. He died at Panama, Chautauqua County, about 1836, and was buried in the old cemetery. The wife, Lydia, died and was buried beside her husband.

There were born of the second ROBERT and his wife LYDIA three sons, who died young (all within a period of eleven days), and were buried near Jamestown, New York. Later the family moved to Panama, where there were born seven daughters:

- 1. Mary.—Married William Burk, at Panama, New York, and there died, leaving seven children.
- Lydia.—Married Henry Bliss, at Panama, New York, of which marriage there were born six children, as follows:
  - (1) Charles and (2) William, who were both in the Union Army, and who later settled at Panama, N. Y.

- (3) Franklin, who was a prisoner in Andersonville and there died.
- (4) *Ephraim*, who was in the Union Army and died at Camp Wool.
- (5) Adelbert, said to be now (1900) in the State of Washington.
- (8) Mary, who was married to Horace Terry. Now (1900) living at Watts Flats, New York.
- 3. Esther.—Born August 27, 1822, at Panama, New York.

  Married Eben Gilson. His father, Gideon Gilson, was
  the brother of Lydia Owen, consort of John Owen,
  mentioned as the head of the Owen family, who is
  buried in Warren (Pennsylvania) cemetery. The
  Gilsons were from Delaware. Esther and Eben Gilson
  had children as follows:
  - (1) Emily R., who married D. S. Row, now (1900) of Corry, Pennsylvania. Of this marriage there were born three sons, to-wit: William D., Holland R., Langan H.
  - (2) Marian, who married Carr Moreau, now of Orleans, New York.
    - (3) Cassius M., now of Corry, Pennsylvania.
  - (4) Rosamond Eliza, who married Dr. B. F. Smith, now (1900) of Pittsburg, Pennsylvania.
    - (5) Laburn, now (1900) of Bradford, Pennsylvania.
  - (6) Estella, who married George F. Blackwell, now (1900) of Oil City, Pennsylvania.
    - (7) E. P., now (1900) of Corry, Pennsylvania.
  - (8) T. J., druggist, now (1900) of Baltimore, Md. Esther (Lytle) Gilson and family moved to the lumber country below Tidioute and later to Corry, Pennsylvania, and from her this account of the Lytle and (in part) Valentine families was obtained in July,

- 1900, on Lake Chautauqua. She died in the autumn of 1905.
- 4. Olive.—Her first husband was Jerome Smith and her second husband D. Nestle. They now (1900) live at Lowell-ville, Mahoning County, Ohio.
- 5. Emily S.—Born May 13, 1831, at Panama, New York. She visited her sister, Esther L. Gilson, in the lumber woods below Tidioute, Pennsylvania, and there met John O. Valentine. They were married May 6, 1846. (See Sketch XI.)
- 6. Wealthy.—Born June 20, 1832, at Panama, New York.
  Married Harvey Olmstead. There were born of this
  marriage two children; one died in infancy. The
  other, Robert, is now (1900) clerk for the station and
  ticket agent at Champaign, Illinois. He is married
  and has children. One of his daughters married the
  editor of The Messenger, Maple Lake, Minnesota.

#### SKETCH XI.

## JOHN OWEN VALENTINE.

John Owen Valentine (sixth child of the second Robert Valentine) and his wife, Emily S. (Lytle) Valentine (see Sketch X.), began housekeeping in a house built by himself at Deerfield on the top of the mountain, five miles from Tidioute, Pennsylvania. There the three eldest children were born; the others, at Cambridge, Illinois. On June 8, 1853, they removed to Cambridge, Illinois, and in 1867 to Versailles, Missouri. He was later a lumberman in Wisconsin, but later settled in Carthage, Missouri, where his wife, Emily S., died August 28, 1888. He then went to Rock Island, Illinois, and died at the home of his son Charles, January 12, 1903. To John O. Valentine and wife were born children as follows:

- I. Lavanchia Isabelle.—Born April 24, 1847. Owing to her mother's ill health, she in childhood took her mother's place in the household and in the care of her younger brothers and sisters. She was a good scholar and stood high in her classes. She was of full form and had beautiful, long, heavy, dark brown hair. On December 17, 1865, she and her school-mate, Horace M. Jackson (see Sketches VI. and XII.) were married, and located at Versailles, Missouri.
- 2. Elial Thomas Foote.—Born July 5, 1849. May 8, 1875, at Rock Island, Illinois, he married Ellen Wren, who was born December 29, 1858, near Philadelphia. He died at Carthage, Missouri, June 11, 1896. Of this marriage were the following children:

- (1) Emily Isabella, born January 6, 1877, at Cable, Illinois. May 9, 1897, at Columbus, Kansas, she married Charles Pollard Wood, of Sweet Springs, Missouri. He was born July 26, 1875. Of this marriage there was born, at Carthage, Missouri, October 10, 1898, a daughter, Charline (Wood). Charles P. Wood enlisted in Company A, Second Regiment Missouri Volunteers, Spanish-American War, and died at Chickamauga, Tennessee, on July 11, 1898. Said Emily I. Wood married J. Merit Smith, December 17, 1901, at Carthage, Missouri, where he was born, May 5, 1872. Of this last marriage there were born, at Corinth, New York, September 6, 1903, Dorothy Grace, and March 6, 1905, Emily Helen. Emily I. (Wood) Smith and family now (1907) reside at Corinth, New York.
- (2) John Weaver, born March 26, 1880, near Leon, Butler County, Kansas; now single and a resident of Carthage, Missouri.
- (3) Tena, born August 21, 1882, at Carthage, Missouri. May 5, 1904, she married John Wesley Sayre, at Corinth, New York, where he was born, May 22, 1879, and where they still (1907) reside. To them was born, July 16, 1907, a son, Russell Pierce Sayre.
- 3. Rosetta R.—Born March 20, 1852; died at Barron, Wisconsin, May 15, 1907. She married William Allen Kent, November 17, 1870, at Black River Falls, Wisconsin, where, September 19, 1871, a son, Elmer E., was born. He married, July 1, 1903, Emily J. Ferguson, who was the child of William T. and Margaret (Miles) Ferguson, having been born September 1, 1874. William A. Kent was born April 1, 1842, at Elmira, New York, the son of Lester Kent and Clarissa (Mason) Kent. Lester was the son of John E. Kent, of Vermont, as were also Orsmas, Homer (at-

torney, at Denver), James, and Orange Kent; his sisters were Charlotte (Kent) Goldsmith, Harriet (Kent) Jaques, and Emily (Kent) Rhodes. William A. Kent had brothers: Alvah M., Enoch K., and John E. Said Clarissa (Mason) Kent had brothers: William and Hiram Mason; and sisters: Eva (Mason) Ells, Charlotte (Mason) Lewis, and Emily (Mason) Tooker. William A. Kent was a member of Company C, 12th Iowa Volunteer Infantry, in the Civil War.

- 4. Robert D.—Born March 18, 1854; died September 26, 1902.

  December 11, 1883, he married Ida Briggs, who died July 13, 1888. To them was born a daughter, Grace, who is married and is said to live now (1907) at Esbon, Kansas. On the death of his wife Ida, Robert D. married Ruth Kurpper.
- 5. Lelia J.—Born January 10, 1857. November 11, 1875, she married John W. Weaver, who was born December 11, 1848, in Marshall County, Indiana. His father died in 1854. In 1864 John W. Weaver enlisted in the 87th Indiana Volunteer Infantry and later in the 155th Indiana Volunteer Infantry, being discharged in July, 1865. He was a locomotive engineer, and lost his left arm in a wreck near Fayetteville, Arkansas, May 19, 1883. They had issue as follows:
  - (1) Fred Leroy, born September 10, 1876, at Orion, Illinois. June 15, 1899, he married Edith Edna Birt, who was born February 12, 1878, in Illinois. She was the daughter of John C. Birt and wife, Louisa (Conover) Birt. He was born January 5, 1851, in Ohio, and said Louisa (Conover) Birt was born May 15, 1851, in New Jersey. To Fred Leroy and Edith were born, near Carthage, Missouri, two sons: Willard Leroy, September 18, 1903; and Birt William, September 18, 1905.

- (2) Grace Lee, born August 22, 1878; died August 21, 1879, at Leavenworth, Kansas.
- 6. Charles G.—Born May 31, 1859. He married Barbara A.

  Clark, who was born August 28, 1860, being the daughter of —— Clark, of Durham, England, and —— Clark, of County Tipperary, Ireland. They had children as follows:
  - (1) Robert G, born October 2, 1880. He married Alvina Roeschmann, who was born August 20, 1882, at Moline, Illinois, and their children are Helen and Barbara.
  - (2) John Peter, born December 22, 1882; died June 2, 1889.
    - (3) Charles William, born March 9, 1887.
  - (4) Benjamin L., born December 6, 1890; died May 18, 1908.
    - (5) Dessie Pearl, born January 19, 1893.
- 7. Emma M.—Born February 11, 1861. September 13, 1881, she married Silas Bailey, who was born September 4, 1852. He was the son of John T. and Phebe Ann (Davidson) Bailey, who were born respectively December 9, 1814, and September 2, 1822. Emma and Silas had issue as follows:
  - (1) Charles G., born August 6, 1882. September 30, 1903, he married Ruth Baswell, daughter of Harlan and Ann Baswell. To them were born: Letha, July 7, 1904; and Charles B., February 16, 1906.

## SKETCH XII.

# Horace Mortimer Jackson.

The compiler and author of these sketches was born near Albion, Erie County, Pennsylvania, Friday, July 11, 1839. His father, David B. Jackson (see Sketch VI.), settled in Knoxville, Illinois, the same year. His earliest recollection is of occurring incidents and traditions related by his elders while his father's family lived on the Payne farm, ten miles east of Knoxville. He attended the Knoxville school, and clerked in a grocery. He was made reasonably industrious by the careful and persistent efforts of his parents. His first work for wages was sawing and splitting cord-wood for a neighbor of his father, at forty cents a cord. About the winter of 1849-50, an affliction caused the loss of a large portion of his left scapula. In the autumn of 1850 or 1851 an attack of inflammatory rheumatism continued for many months; to such affliction he was subject most of his life. During the spring and summer of 1853 he worked for farmers in the vicinity of Knoxville in planting corn (dropping the kernels from his hand and covering with a hoe) and later in plowing corn. His first work in plowing was for Newton Conger, an uncle of Edwin Conger, American consul at Peking, China, during the Boxer trouble. After the removal of the family to Cambridge, Illinois, he worked on a brick-yard, and the next winter attended a select school, taught by Dr. R. C. Raymond, and to whom, more than to any other person save his mother, he is indebted for the desire for an education, which was only partially gratified. In 1856 he attended Lombard University at Galesburg, Illinois, working for Mr. Samuel Brown (a merchant and the first mayor of Galesburg) for his board. He again attended Lombard in 1858-59.

After an illness of many months, in the autumn of 1860 he attended a Teachers' Institute at Galva, Illinois, received a certificate, and taught school in the Griffin District, three miles northwest of Cambridge, Illinois, during the winter of 1860-61; he walked to and from the school (three miles) morning and night, and received for his services twenty-eight dollars per month. The recollections of this school are pleasant and in some ways amusing. The pupils were kind and agreeable, but two little boys, equally matched, had frequent combats, which were stopped finally by organizing the school as a ring and compelling the boys to fight before the entire school, with the teacher as umpire, each boy armed with a broomstraw. The ridiculousness of the weapons and the laughter of the pupils effectually broke the fighting spirit. Another pleasant incident of the school was his success in aiding a very bright little boy to overcome his stammering by having the pupil exercise his will and cultivate the control of his nerves. The gratitude of the boy and his mother was among the pleasant memories of his life.

About April 7, 1861, he started to De Soto, Nebraska, by way of Hannibal and St. Joseph, Missouri, at the latter place waiting for a steamboat, of which Joseph La Barge, of St. Louis, Missouri, was captain. Captain La Barge had made the first steamboat trip to Yellowstone Falls, the head of navigation of the Missouri River. He left St. Joseph April 11th, and while at Nebraska City, about noon of the 12th, a telegram was brought on board announcing the firing on Fort Sumter and the beginning of the Civil War. He landed at Omaha, then a straggling town of about 2,000 people, traveled by buckboard to De Soto, and from there a walk of five miles took him to the farm, his destination.

The farming was carried on by his brother Zaremba and himself, though Zaremba was engaged principally in freighting to Denver. The farming was done wholly with a yoke of oxen and one plow, using the same oxen and plow for plowing the ground, putting in wheat and corn, "laving-off" for cornplanting, and the first and second plowing of the corn; the plow being forced to left or right, as necessary, by chaining a block on the right or left of the beam, thus bringing the bar side of the plow next to the corn when small and the shear side to the corn when taller. Later he traded his interest in the crops for a team and the use of a wagon and a few acres of oats, which later were harvested, hauled to the stable-vard, tramped out with horses, carried a distance of 200 yards up a high bluff, and there winnowed out of a dishpan upon a sheet, carried down the bluff, and hauled to Fort Kearney, Nebraska, near "Old Doby Town," to market, a round trip of 490 miles, passing on the way the town of Frémont, Nebraska, a village of three very small shacks, one occupied as a store and another as a residence for the Indian agent. At that store he purchased "ierked" buffalo meat, which lasted the entire trip. The Pottawatomie tribe of Indians was then located near Frémont. "The Bluffs," locally so called, was a long hard pull of about eighteen miles to the ranch at Grand Island, and made in the night-time because of the heat and inability to get water. The following morning he found at the ranch one George Martin, who had been a near neighbor of his father at the Payne farm. Martin had a cabin and a very deep well of good water, walled up with cedar logs. His farm land was on Grand Island. His oxen strayed and he had just returned from a walk to his neighbor's, fourteen miles away, where he had borrowed a mule upon which to hunt his cattle. While at the well the next morning, a family from the Denver region came up in an ambulance; just as he had drawn a bucket of water, a little girl from the ambulance came to the well, accepted a

drink, and almost paralyzed him with a "Thank you"; such responses were not at all usual in that country at that time. Selling his oats to a cavalry officer at the Fort for \$2.50 a sack, and trading a small amount of other freight for buffalo-robes at Old Doby Town, he returned to the farm, having been out fifteen days. While there an artist made a drawing of the adobe store, with a tree growing from the roof, which appeared in the Harper's Illustrated of that summer. On his return from Old Doby Town, looking back after crossing the bridge over the Elk Horn River, he saw, cut into a timber of the bridge, in large letters, the name of his oldest brother, "Z. Jackson."

While farming here, he learned the difficulties and resourcefulness of the early Mormons, who had established winter quarters at what was later called Florence, some miles above Omaha, but long before Omaha or Nebraska Territory was dreamed of. At these winter quarters there was then standing a large brick store-house, having the word "Zion" in large gilt letters upon the front gable. At the side there was a pile of old hand-carts which extended almost to the top of the building. Such carts were made to use in crossing the plains on foot to Utah, transporting their goods and the members of the families unable to walk. During their stay at Florence they planted artichokes in the valleys and on the bottom lands for food, which had then spread to remote points.

He returned to Illinois (on account of the enlistment of brothers G. D. and C. W.), for the trip purchasing a wagon, minus the bed, king-bolt, doubletree, singletrees, and neck-yoke, all of which he supplied, making the bed or box of rough cottonwood boards, not squared on the sides. The middle brace, held in position by wooden hooks made from inverted forks of small trees, hung upon the sideboards, extending down through the footboard and wedged from underneath, using an iron bolt from an old plough for a king-bolt;

the doubletree was of 2x4 scantling, the singletrees from a piece of sapling carefully split and lashed to the ends of the doubletree; to the ends of the singletrees the tugs of the harness were connected with loops of rope; willows were nailed on the sides of the wagon-bed and withed over at the top and others were run through them at the top for a ridge-pole, over which framework was spread the wagon-cover; a rope used in picketing one of the horses at night was looped around the middle brace and the other end tied around the middle of a stick to insert between felloe and spoke for a brake. With this outfit he returned to Illinois, passing Omaha, Council Bluffs, and Des Moines, all of them then unimportant towns. A few miles east of Des Moines he met two farmer-girls, on horseback, driving the cows; one of them, speaking to the other of such outfit, said: "Did you ever see such a rig in all your born days?"

The Rock Island Railroad was then completed to Marengo, where he first experienced Civil War excitement. A great number of citizens were traveling westward, on foot, horseback, and wagon, looking for two emigrant outfits which had shortly before passed in that direction, and which were said to be loaded with powder and bound for the Confederacy by way of the Territory and Arkansas.

Arriving at Cambridge, Illinois, he did farm-work, taught school, and hauled coal for summer use. In the winter of 1862-63, and while recovering from a long illness, he taught a district school for one month, to enable the district to secure public moneys, though then unable to fully dress himself—his mother assisting him before leaving home, and the kind farmer with whom he boarded during the week. Later he continued farming and served as deputy sheriff, reading law at night; later he continued the study in the office of Hinman & Page. He located in Versailles, Missouri, October 15, 1865; there he was a school director and a member of the board

which secured the erection of the first public school-house in Versailles, which for thirty-three years had been the county seat of the county.

December 18, 1865, he married Lavanchia Isabelle Valentine, the eldest daughter of John O. Valentine (see Sketch XI.), and returned to Versailles. Unable to obtain other furniture for housekeeping than a bedstead and two or three chairs, he made a table and side-table from the boxes in which their goods had been packed. His book-case, a present from his father, was made of mulberry lumber from a tree which he had assisted his father in cutting down in the winter of 1854, when his father improved his farm.

In Morgan County, Missouri, the Southern men predominated in numbers, but had been disfranchised by the Drake Constitution, thus giving the Union element, called Radicals, control. During the first year of his residence at Versailles ten men were killed in that (Morgan) county as a result of political strife. Of this number, two were killed in a fight between four or five returned bushwhackers and two or three staunch Union men; Tom Drummond, a constable and Union man, with Lieutenant Wm. S. Gibbs, being the principals on one side, and on foot, while the bushwhackers were mounted. The feeling was so bitter that the body of the bushwhacker laid in the gutter most of the night following, neither party daring to remove it. Judge Reed, a strong Union man, but a Democrat, with one or two friends, at length removed the body to a vacant store-room, where it remained until the evening of the following day, when the mother and two sisters of the deceased carried the body to their home in the country.

There was no bank in the county at that time, and the condition of society was such that his money (only five hundred dollars) was left with his young wife, as the safest custodian. One evening he started to water his pony at a pond

a mile or more away (necessary because of the scarcity of water). When on his pony and about 100 yards from the house, a feeling that he ought not to leave came over him so very strongly that, after riding a short distance, he returned; when he reached the stable his wife called to him, asking whether he had their money. On being informed that he had not, she said she feared she had lost it. She had been making social calls, wearing a new calico dress made by herself for that purpose, and they followed her course from house to house, and when near the post-office, at the most frequented corner of the square, she sprang from him and picked up the pocket-book and money when so dark that it was not visible to him. An instance of mental telepathy.

Another incident was the request made by a client to have Judge James P. Ross assist him in the trial of a case. He had heard Judge Ross in two or three trials, and asked the client, an old citizen, why it was desired to have Judge Ross's assistance. The client said: "Judge Ross is an old citizen, well known in the county to be strictly honest, and every juror knows that in his argument he will tell the exact truth. No lawyer ever had a higher standing among the jurors of the county." His established reputation was of more value than any amount of skill in a trickster. Judge Ross had refused to practice because of the test-oath required by the Constitution.

Another pleasant incident in his practice was the saving of a small farm to a poor but worthy man, for which such farmer made, from the timber of the young attorney, a load of fence-posts.

At Versailles he acquired his first home. Here he became associated with Anderson W. Anthony, a good lawyer, a perfect gentleman, and an honest man. In seeking a new location, he went to Wichita in August of 1870, then a new town of possibly 150 people, traveling by the Santa Fé Railroad to Emporia, and thence by stage; but he located at Maryville,

Missouri, in September, 1870; later he formed a partnership with D. L. Palmer, as Palmer & Jackson. Mr. Palmer was a genial gentleman; their association was very pleasant and the friendship formed permanent. Mr. Palmer afterwards located at Jewell City, Kansas. On January 1, 1872, he formed a partnership, which continued until December, 1878, with Judge Thomas J. Johnston, one of the best lawyers of northwest Missouri, and a perfect gentleman. The friendship continued to the time of Judge Johnston's death. During his residence at Maryville he prevented the sale and sacrifice of the homestead of a poor widow, the mother of seven children, trying the case three times in the Probate Court and twice in the Circuit Court. At the conclusion she had her home, but only two dollars with which to pay attorney's fees, and it was accepted in full. He also revised the ordinances of the city of Maryville and wrote many new ones. He became prosecuting attorney, and was a candidate for representative, being beaten by A. P. Morehouse, who was afterwards elected lieutenant-governor, becoming governor of the State upon the death of Governor Marmaduke.

In December of 1878 he started to Beloit, Kansas, to locate, and stopped at Atchison on the way to take depositions. There he met W. S. Greenlea and General W. W. Guthrie, in whose office he remained that winter (General Guthrie being in the State Senate). March 17, 1879, he formed a partner-ship with Mr. Greenlea, which continued until the death of the latter in September, 1880.

His wife, LAVANCHIA, died on March 26, 1883, after which his mother took charge of his household until his subsequent marriage, February 11, 1886, to MATILDA ADAMS ROOK, whose daughter Effie became an affectionate, dutiful daughter. (See Sketches XXI. and XXII.) The pleasures of life were those within the family circle. In both of his marriages the society

of both the good wives was greatly enjoyed. By his marriage with LAVANCHIA he had children as follows:

- 1. William Anthony Jackson.—Born October 6, 1866. (See Sketch XVI.) Married Edith Fox, April 26, 1894. (See Sketches XIII., XIV., and XV.)
- Zaremba Edward Jackson.—Born September 23, 1872.
   (See Sketch XX.) Married Maud Smith, April 30, 1903. (See Sketches XVIII., XIX., and XX.)

Horace M. practiced law at Atchison, Kansas, to the time of this writing. He was appointed Judge of the District Court by Governor John A. Martin, March 31, 1887, and continued a few months, when his successor was elected. About 1886, his son, Wm. A. Jackson, was associated with him in practice; a full partnership (firm name, Jackson & Jackson) was formed about 1901, and continued until Wm. A. Jackson was elected judge of the District Court and qualified in January, 1909, at which time Z. E. Jackson, son of Horace M. Jackson, became a member of the firm (the same firm name), though said Z. E. had for several years been an assistant in the business and work. Such firm had a fair practice and were for many years local attorneys for the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fé and the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy Railroad Companies.

### SKETCH XIII.

#### THE FOX FAMILY.

Alanson Fox married — Ware. The dates of births, marriage, and deaths are unknown at this writing. Of such marriage there were born Jared Ware Fox and other children. Said Jared Ware Fox married Mercy Copeland, a descendant of Jonathan Edwards (a divine and metaphysician of East Windsor, Connecticut) and wife, Sarah (Pierrepont) Edwards. Of such marriage of Jared Ware Fox and wife there were born:

- Charles Fox.
- 2. Jared Copeland Fox, who married Virginia Alexina Tortat. (See Sketches XIV. and XV.)
- 3. Irving Dwight Fox.
- 4. Herbert E. Fox, now (1909) of Albuquerque, New Mexico.
- 5. Elliott H. Fox.

Also one other son and one daughter, whose names are not now recalled.

#### SKETCH XIV.

### JARED COPELAND FOX.

[ Alanson(1), Jared(2).]

JARED COPELAND Fox (1) was born at Chili, New York, October 30, 1841. He came to Atchison, Kansas, August 7, 1860, and in March, 1861, entered the service of Crosby Brothers at Grasshopper Falls (now Valley Falls), Kansas, at \$150.00 per year. In 1862 he engaged in the drug business at Atchison, Kansas, and so continued until 1868, when the firm of McPike & Fox (wholesale druggists) was organized and continued until 1901, when it was dissolved by mutual consent. Such firm made the business a striking success, and after its dissolution said JARED COPELAND Fox became interested in other business enterprises at Atchison, Kansas, and vicinity, and especially in the Atchison Savings Bank.

Said JARED COPELAND FOX and VIRGINIA ALEXINA TORTAT (see Sketch XV.) were married at Atchison, Kansas, December 22, 1868. Of such marriage there were born, at Atchison, Kansas, the following:

1. Jared Copeland Fox (2).—Born September 27, 1869, who, on January 6, 1898, married Ruth Gwendolyn Parker, daughter of James W. and Amelia (Terry) Parker; there were born to them, at Atchison, Kansas, the following: Virginia Parker Fox; Margery Parker Fox; Jared Copeland Fox (3); James W. Parker Fox; Amelia Johanna Fox; Harry Lawton Fox; Edith Mercy Fox.

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- Harry Irving Fox.—Born May 7, 1873. At the home of her parents in Detroit, Michigan, on September 27, 1904, he married Catherine Evarts, daughter of Edwin Evarts and Sarah (Cranson) Evarts. Said Edwin Evarts and wife, together with Charles Evarts, his brother, and Catherine (Cranson) Evarts, his wife, lived as one family in Detroit, and were engaged in the manufacturing business. The wife of said Harry Irving Fox and a sister, May Evarts, were the only children of that double household. Said Harry I. Fox and wife located in Wichita, Kansas, in 1905, and to them were born, September 19, 1906, a son, Evarts Cranson, and July 23, 1908, a daughter, Florence Fox, who, with Mrs. —— Cranson, the mother of said Mesdames Edwin and Charles Evarts, constitute the family of said Harry Irving Fox.
- 4. Florence Fox.—Born November 2, 1877.
- 5. William Tortat Fox.—Born April 26, 1875. Married Jessie Perkins, daughter of John Perkins and Mary (Garside) Perkins, January 6, 1903, at Atchison, Kansas, and to them was there born, April 12, 1904, a daughter, Mary Alexina Fox.

#### SKETCH XV.

### HENRI MARIE SYLVESTRE TORTAT.

HENRI MARIE SYLVESTRE TORTAT was born at Briencourt, France. He was married to Nancy Decker, daughter of Rev. John Decker and Theodocia (Parsons) Decker, December 3, 1809, at Wiscassett, Maine, by Rev. Dr. Packard; said Theodocia being the daughter of Josiah Parsons and Sarah (Sewell) Parsons. Said HENRI M. S. (TORTAT and NANCY (DECKER) TORTAT had children as follows:

- 1. Henry Alexis Tortat.
- 2. Amelia Tortat.—Married John T. Berry. Lived at Atchison, Kansas.
- 3. Virginia Alexina Tortat.—Born December 20, 1847. At Eufaula, Alabama, she married Jared Copeland Fox. (See Sketch XIV.)
- 4. John Tortat.
- 5. Robert Marshal Tortat.
- 6. Gussie Tortat.
- 7. Mary Eliza Tortat.

84 THE FAMILY HISTORY OF MICHAEL JACKSON.



HOME OF H. M. AND LAVANCHA I. JACKSON, VERSAILLES, MO., AT WHICH WILLIAM ANTHONY JACKSON WAS BORN.

#### SKETCH XVI.

## WILLIAM ANTHONY JACKSON.

[ Michael (1), Michael (2), Lyman (3),

David B. (4), Horace M. (5).

(WILLIAM ANTHONY and Z. E. JACKSON are made the subjects of separate sketches, that the family history of those for whom this history is most especially written may the more easily be continued.)

Said WILLIAM ANTHONY JACKSON was born October 6, 1866, at Versailles, Missouri, in the home of his parents, on the southwest corner of the platted block, one block east of that north of the Court-house Square, of which home the cut opposite is a picture.

He was trundled in a home-made baby-cart and dressed in clothing wholly made by his mother. Kindness, independence, and self-reliance were traits early disclosed. In September, 1870, he was with his parents in Maryville, Missouri, where he attended school and had his first fight, caused by the imposition of a school-mate, who repeatedly struck and bruised him, and of which he finally complained to his mother. His father, learning of the complaint, investigated, and then told WILLIAM A. he must not permit it, and if that boy struck him again, he must give him a "licking" or get one when he came home. That same day the boy struck him, but WILLIAM A. got no punishment at home and had no more trouble in school.

In December, 1878, he was with his parents in Atchison, Kansas, where he attended city schools and the Monroe Institute, and later the State University at Lawrence, Kansas, where he took the law course and graduated in 1888. He was there admitted to practice, and at once began to practice law at Atchison, associated with his father, in 1889, and as a member of the firm. While he was such a member a young man came to him for help to get employment, of which he appeared greatly in need. WILLIAM A. went with him and he obtained a situation and gave satisfaction. It was the boy of the Maryville (Missouri) school, above mentioned.

W. A. continued a successful practice, and was admitted to practice in the Appellate, Supreme, and Federal courts. He was elected city attorney for Atchison, Kansas, in April, 1905, and again in 1907. During nearly four years' service he lost but one of the numerous cases tried for the city. He was elected judge of the District Court, Second Judicial District, in November, 1908; resigning the city attorneyship to qualify as judge in January, 1909.

April 26, 1894, he and EDITH FOX (see Sketches XIII., XIV., and XV.) were married by —— in the Episcopal Church at Atchison, Kansas. There were born of such marriage, at Atchison, Kansas: Jared Fox Jackson, November 19, 1895; and Edward Valentine Jackson, June 6, 1900.

### SKETCH XVII.

## JOHN SMITH.

JOHN SMITH was born in 1787, at Greenford, Westmoreland County, Pennsylvania. In 1815 he married CATHERINE SMITH, in Armstrong County, Pennsylvania, the county in which she was born in 1791, and in which she died, August 20, 1835. He died in Indiana County, Pennsylvania, October 14, 1844.

Of such marriage there was born, January 31, 1819, in said Westmoreland County, a son, John W. Smith.

## SKETCH XVIII.

# TOBIAS LONG.

Tobias Long was born January 21, 1786, in Westmoreland County, Pennsylvania. In November, 1809, in Armstrong County, Pennsylvania, he married Jane Crozier, who was born January 13, 1785, in Indiana County, Pennsylvania, and in which county she died in 1835. Tobias died in Buckhorn, Brown County, Illinois, December 8, 1859.

To them, on December 21, 1822, at West Lebanon, Pennsylvania, was born a daughter, Jane.

#### SKETCH XIX.

## JOHN W. SMITH.

## [ JOHN (I). ]

JOHN W. SMITH married JANE LONG, at West Lebanon, Pennsylvania, May 2, 1842. Of this marriage there was issue as follows:

Robert M.—Born October 26, 1843, at West Lebanon, Pennsylvania. October 29, 1867, he married Lizzie Wright, who was born October 13, 1847, at Clayton, Illinois, and there died, December 13, 1868. Of such marriage was born, December 4, 1868, Clara Elizabeth, who, November 9, 1887, at Lewiston, Illinois, married Frank E. Lintz, who was born at Bryant, Illinois, April 9, 1865. Their children: Earle E., born September 11, 1888, at Canton, Illinois; and Daisy T., born July 15, 1890, at Bryant, Illinois.

Said Robert M., October 30, 1877, married Julia Watson, at Clayton, Illinois, where she was born July 3, 1852, and died April 24, 1898. At Clayton were born of this last marriage: Minnie, December 3, 1878; Grace, June 30, 1884; and Russell, April 8, 1892.

- 2. Catherine Jane.—Born February 1, 1845, at West Lebanon, Pennsylvania. March 3, 1864, at Quincy, Illinois, she married Joseph W. Marrett. They had issue as follows:
  - (1) Laura Jane, born October 29, 1864. June 5, 1890, at Mt. Sterling, Illinois, she married Benjamin

Meredith, who is reported to have died in California in 1902.

- (2) John Marcus, born February 13, 1868; died January 23, 1869.
- (3) Jephtha Elpheus, born September 26, 1869. December 6, 1894, he married Marguerite Hough, who was born August 21, 1874. To them were born: John Cyril, March 12, 1896; a baby boy, March 26, 1897 (died July 4, 1897); Catherine Georgiana, November 7, 1898; George Rice, October 27, 1902; Margaret Grace, April 1, 1905, at Quincy, Illinois.

All other incidents noted occurred at Clayton, Illinois, unless otherwise stated.

- 3. Lewis T.—Born May 20, 1846, at West Lebanon, Pennsylvania. May 20, 1869, at La Buda Junction (now Golden), Illinois, he married Theresa Jane Chadwick, who was born October 26, 1851, at Odessa, Canada, and whose mother, ———— Chadwick, died at Atchison, Kansas. Children of Lewis T. and Theresa Jane were:
  - (1) Ada Estelle, born March 15, 1871, at Clayton, Illinois. She married James H. Fullerton, December 14, 1893, at Atchison, Kansas, and was there granted a divorce, July 2, 1904.
  - (2) Louis T., born February 26, 1872, at Cedar Rapids, Iowa.
  - (3) Maud Alena Kathleen, born March 2, 1877, at Burlington, Iowa. She married Zaremba E. Jackson (see Sketch XX.), April 30, 1903, in the Episcopal Church at Atchison, Kansas.
- 4. William C.—Born July 1, 1852, at West Lebanon, Pennsylvania. October 18, 1875, at Burlington, Iowa, he married Lou Conn, who was born February 7, 1856, at Anoka, Indiana. Of which marriage there was

born, September 27, 1876, at Clayton, Illinois, a child, Calvia, who there died, October 1, 1876.

- 5. James A.—Born October 24, 1860, at Clayton, Illinois.
  August 23, 1888, at Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, he married Lizzie Reichart, who was born in Clarion County,
  Pennsylvania, August 25, 1857. Their children were:
  - (1) William C., born August 7, 1889; died March 31, 1891.
    - (2) Charlie D., born March 18, 1892.
  - (3) Joseph T., born March 22, 1894; all at Pittsburg, Pa.
- 6. Charles E.—Born September 2, 1866, at Clayton, Illinois.
  October 6, 1887, at Mt. Sterling, Illinois, he married
  Anna B. Bolton, who was born August 11, 1869, at
  Brookstown, Kentucky, and died November 4, 1902,
  at Waukegan, Illinois. Their children were:
  - (1) Velma Paulina, born October 12, 1888, at Clayton, Illinois. July 8, 1905, at Memphis, Tennessee, she married Albert B. Frazier, who was born November 2, 1878, at Dresden, Tennessee. June 30, 1906, at Paris, Tennessee, there was born to them Anna Pauline.
  - (2) Shirley C., born July 15, 1891, at Clayton, Illinois; died February 23, 1897, at Middleport, Ohio.
  - (3) Hayden J., born October 15, 1893, at Eminence, Kentucky.
  - (4) Edward L., born November 21, 1898, at Waukegan, Illinois.

#### SKETCH XX.

### ZAREMBA EDWARD JACKSON.

[ Michael (1), Michael (2), Lyman (3),

David B. (4), Horace M. (5).

ZAREMBA EDWARD JACKSON, the second son of *Horace M*. and *Lavanchia I. Jackson* (made the subject of a separate sketch for reasons stated in Sketch XVI.), was born September 23, 1872, at Maryville, Missouri, in the room marked "I," in the home of his parents, at the southeast corner of the third block west and fifth south of the Court-house Square, of which home the cut opposite is a picture.

He attended public school in Maryville, Missouri, and Atchison, Kansas, and later Midland College and the State University of Illinois. Returning to Atchison during the panic of 1893, he acquired a knowledge of shorthand, became stenographer for the firm of Jackson & Jackson, and later assistant. He studied law and was admitted to practice, by the Atchison District Court, in the Supreme and Federal Courts. He was elected police judge for Atchison in April, 1901, and re-elected in 1903. He was assistant city attorney from 1905 to 1909, and became one of the firm of Jackson & Jackson on January 1, 1909.

April 30, 1904, he and MAUD A. K. SMITH (see Sketches XVII. and XVIII.) were married, in the Episcopal Church at Atchison, by Rev. ——— Cross.



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### SKETCH XXI.

## PETER ADAMS (1).

PETER ADAMS (1) and SARAH TYLER were married near Dover, England. Their home (named "Chalk Leaves") was near Faversham.

To them were born nine children (dates and order of birth not now obtainable): Sons, *Thomas* and *Peter;* daughters, *Sarah, Caroline, Matilda, Fannie, Susannah,* and two names not recalled. All were born at Chalk Leaves.

#### SKETCH XXII.

#### PETER ADAMS (2).

PETER ADAMS (2) was born at Chalk Leaves, near Faversham, England. He served in the English Navy. In 1846 he married Martha Eldridge. She was the daughter of Richard Eldridge and Mary (Rate) Eldridge, and was born———, 18—, near Hern Hill, adjacent to Dover, England.

PETER ADAMS (2) and MARTHA (ELDRIDGE) ADAMS had children as follows:

- 1. Tyler.—Born January 13, 1841. Married. Children: Wilson, Matilda, Estelle, Bennett, and Frances.
- 2. Matilda A.—Born September 2, 1849. March 20, 1867, she was married to Charles Tindell Rook, at Rochester,

New York, by Rev. Van Ingram, Episcopal rector. They had children as follows:

- (1) Effie Emma Hays, born March 21, 1868, at Lock Berlin, New York. February 4, 1891, at Atchison, Kansas, she married Charles Arthur Chandler, a civil engineer, for many years in the service of the Missouri Pacific Railroad Company. He was born at Fond du Lac, Wisconsin, November 22, 1860, the son of Charles Chandler and Maria Moore (Shepard) Chandler. (See "History of the Chandler Family," by Dr. George Chandler, of Worcester, Mass., a copy of which is in the possession of Charles Arthur Chandler.) Of the marriage of said Effie and Charles A. there were born, at Atchison, Kansas, Horace Frederick, September 19, 1896; and Esther Hortense, March 5, 1898.
- (2) Sarah C., born May 21, 1871, near Hamilton, Missouri; died in August, 1872.
- (3) John P., born January 6, 1875; died in August, 1876.
- 3. Thomas Browning.—Born December 31, 1850. Married. Children: Virginia, Georgiana, and Sarah.
- 4. John Peter.—Born June 7, 1853. He married Mary Stevens, daughter of Wills J. and Nancy Crosby Stevens, in 1883, and to them were born: Eldridge, November 30, 1891; Eleanor Crosby, January 23, 1894; and Geneva May, May 10, 1897. All of Atchison, Kansas, where John Peter Adams settled in 1879 and was an attorney-at-law, and for many years judge of the City Court.
- 5. William Henry.—Unheard of for five years.
- 6. George Burkel.—Born March 31, 1860 or 1861. He married Bertha Dillon, and to them were born Perry,

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Arthur, Harriet Clare, Martha, William Henry (died at Los Angeles, California, in 1906), and Matilda, December 4, 1903, at Los Angeles. Bertha died at Phænix, Arizona, November 25, 1909.