AN INCOMPLETE DIRECTORY

OF THE

DESCENDANTS

OF MY

GREATGRANDPARENTS

By
A. R. JOHNSTON

Introduction

NEW BLOOMFIELD, PA., February 15, 1915.

Dear Friends: If asked to whom I address myself so affectionately, I could think of nothing more fitting than to reply,—To those who are my associates through no fault of their own.

Some time ago I became interested in compiling and classifying my genealogy. I realized, of course, that all good genealogists are equipped with a high power telescope so that when anything of magnitude appears they can enlarge it and bring it near, and further that discretion must be exercised in the use of such instruments in this business because there are objects above the horizon of every one that, if observed at all, should be looked at only through the reversed instrument.

It is customary, I believe, and very agreeable, when possible, to start with some notable person,—the more notable, the better. History furnishes quite an array of persons, of different nationalities and divers colors, whose names are the same as mine, or differ so slightly that a good etymologist could easily reconcile the difference, but I am unable to find that anyone has ever discovered, forged or invented connecting links, with a character of first class magnitude, that I could tie to. To some that may look like downright stupidity, but I am not considering possibilities of that kind,—not in this connection. I know just why those links are not to be found. It is the result of our inborn truthfulness,—hopeless, helpless truthfulness in time of need. I knew I would find evidence of that upon every hand as I proceeded with this undertaking.

After prolonged and patient search I became convinced of the impossibility of finding a suitable hero from whom to descend and I consoled myself with the reflection that, after all, I would no doubt show off to better advantage in more ordinary company.

If Abraham Lincoln was correct in believing that the Lord loved the common people because He made so many of them, then, for that reason as well as for many others, I think He must have a great affection for us, for I find very few that are uncommon in any respect. It has also been said that "the good die first," and, as an evidence of our superiority, if evidence is needed, I assure you that we are entitled to make the mournful boast that a very large percentage of our connection have been good enough to die young, while, so far as I can discover, none have ever been sent to jail and very few to the legislature. It is a universally recognized law that only the good can see good and only the great can recognize greatness, and after all this may be my most serious handicap.

A large part of the information concerning the early history of our connection has been gleaned from two books kindly loaned me by W. B. Anderson. One is a little paper book entitled, "A Brief Sketch of the

Ancestors and Relatives of J. P. Anderson's Children," written about 1868, by Chas. H. Anderson, of Huntingdon, and presented by the author to Alex. B. Anderson. The other is a small volume entitled, "Fragments of Family and Contemporaneous History," written in 1867, by Rev. Thomas H. Robinson, a great-grandson of George Robinson, who lived, (until about 1797, when he moved to Kentucky,) in Sherman's Valley, Pa., upon the property upon which Fort Robinson was erected. It is a book that contains the fruits of considerable research and displays literary ability worthy of its distinguished author. Rev. Robinson was at that time pastor of the Market Square Presbyterian church, Harrisburg, Pa., and later became a member of the faculty of the Western Theological Seminary, Allegheny, Pa.

In addition to the above books, I had the good fortune some years ago to inherit an old desk that had been used, for a hundred years, as a depository for family letters, and in it I found about sixty letters and some other papers bearing dates from 1791 to 1856, which are interesting and instructive to a student of family history. Accession to these books and letters seemed to me to constitute an opportunity to obtain information and record it in form suitable for easy communication that ought not to be neglected. This material has been supplemented, in the five years just passed, by numerous letters, kindly written in response to inquiries addressed to the writers, giving records of scores of families whose existence was unknown to me. Altogether, I have what seems to me pretty complete data for a genealogical tree, beginning with my great-grandparents and extending, in some families, to the seventh generation. My desire has been to get a record of every individual belonging to the connection and, although the result is not all that could be desired, I feel very grateful to the many persons who have so kindly co-operated to make possible the degree of success attained, and with kind wishes to all, I am,

Very truly yours,

A. R. Johnston.

Sherman's Valley

The history of Sherman's Valley and adjacent parts, as they passed from barbarism to civilization, was materially influenced by the following important events:

First, the Indian purchase of July 6, 1754.

Second, Braddock's defeat, July 9, 1755.

Third, Armstrong's expedition against Kittanning, September, 1756.

Fourth, Battle of Quebec, Sept. 13, 1759, and Surrender of Montreal, Sept. 8, 1760.

Fifth, Pontiac's War, 1763.

Sixth, Bouquet's expedition to the Muskingum, September, 1764.

Little need be said about these events as they are discussed in detail in all histories of colonial times. The territory under consideration was not the home domain of any Indian tribe, but as stated in the History of the Susquehanna and Juniata Valleys, "the country was not, on that account, any less highly prized by them; in fact, the reverse was the case, and they regarded it as the most valuable of all their possessions, because it included vast tracts of their best and most productive hunting grounds. Referring to this fact, Conrad Weiser, in a letter to Richard Peters, the proprietary secretary, dated April 22, 1749, said: 'The Indians say (and with truth) that country is their only hunting ground for deer, because further to the north there is nothing but spruce woods, and the ground covered with laurel bushes, not a single deer could be found or killed there." At the same time the abundance of game and fish, the good timber and the fertile and well watered valleys were attractive to the white man. ditions were the cause of endless friction between the races, and in order to end the difficulties constantly arising between the proprietaries and the Indians, on account of squatters invading these hunting grounds, the purchase of territory now composing several counties, was made for four hundred pounds, lawful money of New York.

The purchase was made at Albany, New York, from the Six Nations, who had promised the Delawares to reserve these hunting grounds for them. The deal greatly incensed the Delawares and when Braddock was defeated by the French they became the allies of the French and soon began a general massacre of the settlers.

Col. John Armstrong, a native of Cumberland County, conducted an expedition which resulted in the complete destruction of Kittanning, the base, sustained by the French, from which the Indians operated.

The fall of Quebec and Montreal destroyed the power of the French to incite and assist the Indians.

Pontiac, an Indian of remarkable intelligence and executive ability, believed that the advance of the English meant the extermination of his race, and, acting upon that belief, he organized a warfare that raged fiercely from Detroit to the Susquehanna.

Bouquet's expedition, like Armstrong's, was carried into the heart of the Indian's country, and, as a climax to the other events mentioned, guaranteed forever the safety of these parts against general invasion by the Indians.

Sherman's Valley, the place of my nativity, was part of the Indian purchase of July 6, 1754, and was embraced in Cumberland County until the erection of Perry County by act of legislature approved March 22, 1820. Several influences operated to make it originally a Scotch and Scotch-Irish settlement.

First was the fact that the Covenanters were dissatisfied with the policy of the English government toward their religion in England, Scotland, and Ireland. For several decades many had been immigrating voluntarily and after the collapse of the cause of the young pretender at the battle of Colloden in 1746, many were impelled to leave because their hope of modifying the policy of the English government was at an end and others found it unsafe to remain in their native land because they had been identified with the fallen cause. Thus the religious contention that had operated for a long time to send Scotch and Scotch-Irish Presbyterians to America had come to a crisis about eight years before the opening of this part of the state to white settlers.

At the same time there were influences at work in the Province of Pennsylvania which directed such of these immigrants as came to Pennsylvania to locate in this part of the province. It would seem that the relations between the Presbyterians and the Quakers were not any more amicable than they had been between the Presbyterians and the Episcopalians, for we find that in 1724, James Logan a native of Ireland, and secretary to the proprietaries, writes to the proprietaries saying that the Scotch-Irish have generally taken up the southern lands, (meaning toward the Maryland line, in Lancaster County,) and as they rarely approached him to propose to purchase he calls them bold and indigent strangers, saying, as their excuse when challenged for titles, that we had solicited for colonists and they had come accordingly. They were, however, understood to be a tolerated class, exempt from rents by an ordinance of 1720, in consideration of their being a frontier people, forming a kind of cordon of defence, if needful. They were soon called bad neighbors by the Indians, treating them disdainfully, and finally were the same race who committed the outrages called the Paxtang Massacre. Again in 1730, Logan writes to the proprietaries and complains of the Scotch-Irish in an audacious and disorderly manner possessing themselves of the whole of the Conestoga Manor. In doing this by force they alleged that it was against the laws of God and nature that so much land should be idle while so many Christians wanted it to labor on. The Paxtang boys, he said, were great stickers for religion and Scripture quotation against the heathen.

The report of Richard Peters, Logans successor, made in 1743, of his experience with the Scotch-Irish of Marsh Creek, now Adams County, gives them an equally bad reputation.

Soon after the erection of Cumberland County, in 1750, the proprietaries in consequence of the frequent disturbances between the governor and these settlers, gave orders to their agents to sell no land in York or Lancaster Counties to the Irish; and also to make advantageous offers of removal to them in Paxton, Swatara, and Donegal Townships, to induce them to remove to Cumberland County. These offers, being liberal, were accepted by many.

From the foregoing we learn of the influences which directed the stream of emmigration to what was then Cumberland County and also of the state of feeling existing between our forefathers and the Quakers.

This lack of unanimity had its disastrous effect during the following years when the frontier was having its trouble with the Indians. vember 28, 1755, Governor Morris writes to Sir Thomas Robinson: "There is so great a majority of Quakers in the house that no war-like preparations are to be expected from them, it being, as they pretend, contrary to their principles." Upon the other hand Elisha Salter, commissary general, wrote April 5, 1756, to Governor Morris, from Carlisle: "Upon my arrival I found the people in the greatest confusion, the troops abandoning the forts and the country people gathering together in the greatest consternation. The people of this county is enraged at the assembly almost to distraction and I fear they will carry their resentment to a great length with them. All their cry is money and ammunition." The results of this state of feeling was that the people of Pennsylvania did not co-operate against the Indians as they should have done, the settlers in Cumberland County felt that they were not sustained in their hour of need by those who were safe behind the "cordon of defence," many of them deserted from the service when in 1764 it was proposed to march them away from their homes under Colonel Bouquet because, not having been supported in their own difficulties, they did not think it safe to leave their families and did not feel under any obligation to people of other sections, and many of them migrated to Virginia where the Indian attacks were met upon different "principles," or to Kentucky, which at that time was part of Virginia. When we recall the beautiful account presented by our school histories of the peace policy of the Quakers toward the Indians it reminds us that some one has said "history is a conspiracy against the truth."

Whether the peace doctrine of the Quakers was believed in by anybody else I do not know, but it would seem from the following extract from Robert Robinson's narrative that some of the Quakers believed in it: "The next I remember of, was the Woolcomber family, on Sherman's Creek; the whole of the inhabitants of the valley were gathered to a fort at George Robinson's; but Woolcomber would not leave home; he said it was the Irish who were killing one another; these peaceable people, the

Indians, would not hurt any person. Being at home and at dinner the Indians came in, and the Quaker asked them to come and eat dinner; an Indian answered that he did not come to eat, but for scalps; the son, a boy of fifteen, when he heard the Indian say so, repaired to the back door and as he went out he looked back and saw the Indian strike the tomahawk into his father's head. The boy ran over the creek which was near to the house, and heard the screams of his mother, sisters and brothers," etc. (This extract seems to refute the oft repeated statement that Quakers were immune from Indian barbarities.)

In 1755 and 1756 the number of men able to bear arms east of the Susquehanna was reduced from about three thousand to less than one hundred. This was during the Indian massacres following upon Braddock's defeat, which occurred July 9, 1755. Among the names of the taxables of Cumberland County at that period, we find Andersons, Armstrongs, Campbells, Douglasses, Johnstons, McCords, and others that occur in the following pages. What relation existed between them and their successors of the same names it is impossible to establish, but among the Scotch people of that time I believe it was the custom to regard every person bearing the same name as belonging to the same clan unless there was a satisfactory reason for thinking otherwise. Some of those whose names disappear from the lists of taxables are known to have been killed. Living in these parts was a precarious business until after the subsidence of the atrocities associated with Pontiac's War in 1763. In that year every white person north of the Kittochtinny or Blue Mountain and west of the Susquehanna was killed or compelled to flee for their lives. After that there were no more Indian atrocities in these parts.

The Quakers thought that kind words were the ammunition to overcome Indians with and no doubt they were sufficient for a trader's purposes or for the purposes of any one whose business was mutually advantageous or a matter of indifference to the Indians, but these valleys were the Indians' hunting grounds and for any settler to locate in them meant ruin to their interests. The situation did not offer or admit mutual advantages. It was a cold, hard proposition that could only be settled by the extermination of one party or the other. These frontiersmen must meet the conditions as they were, not as they might wish to have them, and the emigrants from the country whose representative people could plan and perpetrate such deliberate barbarities as the Glencoe massacre and other incidents of similar character, though of less importance, were not strangers to the cruelty and treachery which formed such prominent traits of the Indian character. In fact the inaccessibility of parts of Scotland and the weakness of its central government had operated for centuries to develop a race that recognized the word of their chieftain as the supreme law and, as a consequence, petty wars and raids, among themselves and into the northern counties of England, as unrelenting and barbarous as Indian wars, had been the incidents of Scottish history during these

centuries, and these eminently pious Scotch and Scotch-Irish Presbyterians, it is evident, were not engaged in a business that was entirely new,—when they tackled Mr. Indian.

As already mentioned, many of these people were induced to come here from Lancaster County when that ceased to be the frontier, and one might suppose that now, after the expulsion of the Indians, they would be contented and happy. It may not be true that a Scotchman is never at peace unless he is at war, but it does seem that uninterrupted peace did not agree with them. Perhaps they longed for the good old times when they swapped greetings, through the medium of the flintlock, with uninvited visitors. Perhaps such diversion had an exhilarating effect upon the toilworn cotter. Perhaps they were impelled, consciously or unconsciously, from within or from above, to make unrelenting war upon the Amalekites. Be that as it may, the fact remains that many of these people who had been adjudged a frontier people, attested the judgment by following the frontier as it advanced, to the west and south. The self-sacrificing devotion and patient endurance displayed by the Scottish people in their contest, often against appalling odds, for the faith upon which they rested their future hope, qualified them as a people, and the hand that thus qualified them for the work guided them in the doing of it.

Johnstons

The name, Johnston, appears often in the early lists of taxables of Lancaster County, which then included the present Dauphin County, and in the early lists of Cumberland County, which covered what is now Perry, Juniata, and Franklin Counties.

It is interesting to note that John Johnston was the first constable of Lack Township, which at that time covered the entire Tuscarora Valley. He was appointed by the Court of Cumberland County, Oct. 23, 1754. He was known as "The White Hunter," and he was, evidently, well acquainted with the Indian disposition, for he sold his property soon after Braddock's defeat and got out of the community before the massacres that almost, for the time, cleared Cumberland of the whites. According to A. L. Guss, writing for the "History of the Susquehanna and Juniata Valleys," Andrew Johnston was the first lawyer in Juniata County. He edifies the readers of that work with a sample, dated Feb. 7, 1755, of Andrew's handiwork as a lawyer.

The above mentioned lists of taxables exhibit the name in a great variety of spellings,—sometimes with a "t," sometimes without, sometimes the "h" is omitted and rarely there is a final "e." This, probably, displays the orthographical ingenuity of the assessor rather than the preference of the person assessed. Probably a similar statement can be made with regard to the spelling of the name as found in history: for instance, Johnston, of Warriston, is the father of Johnstone, King William's Scottish secretary.

It is often suggested that the name means son of John. This, together with the fact that the earlier generations showed such a partiality for John as a surname, might lead one to suppose that we were descended from some noted John. I was, therefore, interested, when reading Waverly, to find in Chapter XIX, an allusion to "John the Great." But he was a highlander, and the highlanders were usually friendly to the Catholic branch of the Home of Stuart. I do not, therefore, think that we are descended from that John or in fact from any highland family, for although I could not conscientiously say that our Scottish ancestry were all good Christians, I do believe that they were pretty generally good Presbyterians. The families that came to this country seemed to be the subjects of two well confirmed habits, the Presbyterian habit and the John habit. They did not seem to consider themselves properly launched upon the sea of life until they were united with some branch of the Presbyterian Church and had a son John.

I have long observed, in talking with persons by the name of Johnston, that the presence of the "t" is regarded as an evidence of Scotch descent.

Recently I received a letter from Miss Blanche Ford, one of the sixth generation in this genealogy, from which I make the following abstract:

During one of the wars which Great Britain had with another country a General Johnston took an active part in one of the battles won by the English. It was a turning point in the war, and such a great victory that the king or queen gave him seventy-seven acres of land in Ireland for his bravery and told him that he and all his descendants should spell their name with a "t" in it. This land was to be handed down to the oldest son in every family and would have been inherited by my grandfather if the family had remained in Ireland.

This legend is no doubt as slight a modification of the occurrence as one could expect after more than two hundred years of verbal reiteration. After the success of the protestant cause in 1688, William and Mary drove out the Irish Catholics from the north of Ireland and gave their lands, in part, to Scotch Protestants. Macaulay, speaking of Ireland in the seventeenth century, says, "The appellation of Irish was then given exclusively to the Celts and to those families which, though not of Celtic origin, had in the course of ages degenerated into Celtic manners. These people had with few exceptions adhered to the Church of Rome." The Scotch which William and Mary transplanted were there to redeem Ireland from the Irish. They were expected to be, and wished to be, Scotch in all things except their place of residence. The name Scotch-Irish was coined to proclaim that they were not Irish. The "t," I have no doubt, was regarded, by sovereign and subject, as a token of the covenant rather than an essential part of it, and a Johnston would guard the "t" in his name as jealously as he would guard the eyes in his head if he thought the loss of it might subject him to the charge of being Irish.

Our family is not descended from any of those whose names have been referred to as appearing in the early lists of taxables of Lancaster and Cumberland Counties, although letters in my possession indicate that a warm friendship existed between some of them and our forebears.

Through the kindness of the editor of the *People's Advocate and Press*, Mr. H. E. Sheibley, of this place, I was allowed to examine an abstract of a letter written by a nephew of my great-grandfather, and below I present a copy of such parts as were interesting to me.

Abstract from a letter written Oct. 10, 1857, by Col. John Johnston, of Dayton, Ohio, and published by the *People's Advocate* of Feb. 24, 1858.

Col. John Johnstone, now of Dayton, Ohio, but formerly of Sherman's Valley, Perry County, has published an exceedingly interesting letter in the Cincinnati Gazette, detailing his early experiences as one of the early settlers of Perry County, and as one of the pioneers of the West. Whilst many of the settlers of the Johnstone family remain with us, and are regarded as men of the first integrity and usefulness, some have made themselves prominent in the West in civil and military affairs. Colonel Johnstone, the author of the article below, has been called by his fellow citizens to fill many responsible stations, in all of which he has acquitted himself nobly. Doubtless he has memorials of many incidents connected with the early settlements of Sherman's Valley and its pioneers, which his friends

here would be glad to have him communicate to the Advocate. (Editor of Advocate.)

DAYTON, OHIO, October 10, 1857.

To William Perry, Esq.,

President Pioneer Association, Cincinnati.

Dear Sir: In obedience to the promise made to the association a few months since, I furnish this communication, detailing my early experience

as one of the few surviving pioneers spared to the present day.

My father, Stephen Johnson, with his brothers John and Francis, each having large families, emigrated from the north of Ireland at the close of the American Revolution, and settled in Sherman's Valley, in the then county of Cumberland (now Perry County), Pennsylvania. My paternal ancestors came from Scotland into Ireland with the Protestant King William, and being officers, were rewarded with estates near Enniskillen, in the county of Fermanaugh. My maternal ancestors, named Barnard, were of the Huguenots, who fled from France for conscience sake and took refuge in Ireland. I can, therefore, with some truth, boast of having descended from a good stock. Several of my blood relations, both by father, and mother, fought, bled and died under Washington, in the glorious contest for independence, and, as I humbly trust, as their blood flows in my veins, the spirit which guided them, has still an abiding place in my affections, for my rule, throughout a long life of more than four score years, in peace or war, has invariably been to go for our country, no matter who might govern it, and this lesson has been evermore instilled into the minds of my children; and so it was with their excellent mother, who trained them up for God and their country.

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My early years were spent at Carlisle, Pennsylvania, in the mercantile establishment of Judge John Creig. The place being the rendezvous of troops enlisted for the war with the western Indians. Gen. St. Clare had been defeated, and another army had to be recruited and equipped for the field, under the gallant and chivalrous Wayne, in order to chastise the savages and gain the ground that was lost in the campaigns of Harmar and St. Clare. At times there were large bodies of troops in the barracks at Carlisle. These were marched on to the West as soon as they were properly drilled and fit for service. Col. Thomas Butler, who was wounded in St. Clare's defeat, with other officers who survived that sanguinary contest, were there stationed and it was hearing their descriptions of the boundless prairies, forests and rivers of the great West, that first inspired my mind with an ardent desire to visit the country. John Craigh was preparing to go West with a stock of goods for the troops. I agreed at once to accompany him, traveling the whole distance to Pittsburgh on foot, in company with wagons loaded with supplies and private property.

I was then in my seventeenth year, and the journey, performed in the depth of winter, fifteen miles a day, for loaded wagons, was considered a good day's work. The average for the whole trip per day would fall short of that, such was the wretched condition of the roads at that time, 1792. There was not at that time a single mile of turnpike in the State of Pennsylvania. The mountain region was so thinly populated, that the local labor was entirely inadequate to keep the roads in any kind of repair. The settlers west of the mountains transported their supplies of salt, iron and other necessaries, on pack horses. I have seen fifty horses thus loaded in one party at a time, pasing over these rugged steeps. No salt or iron was then made in the West. The present generation could scarcely conceive the difficulties under which the early settlers of these days labored. While working the fields some had to watch against the approach and surprise

of the Indians. In after years I had prisoners among my Indians, taken from near Redstone Old Fort, now Bronwsville, and many from the adjacent parts of Virginia. Some taken in infancy, and too young to enable us ever after to trace up their paternity, or find the place of their capture. Many such distressing cases fell under my observation during my long agency for the Indian Affairs in the Northwest.

I spent the winter of 1795 at Bourbon Court House, having an uncle at that time a resident of that county. William Garrard, son of Governor Garrard, an early friend and acquaintance who had received his education at Dickinson College, Carlisle, Pennsylvania, resided a few miles from the court house. This made my sojourn there agreeable. I there made the acquaintance of the celebrated Daniel Boone, who was brought to the place by a Mr. Owings, as well as I can recollect, for the purpose of tracing up some land lines and titles. I slept four or five nights in the same room with Boone. He was a modest retiring person of few words; scarcely speaking unless spoken to, of medium size. His age at that time might have been fifty years; although in midwinter, he was poorly attired; his garments all, or nearly all, linen. In the early period of his life he was a prisoner among my Shawnese Indians, and as such often trod the ground of Upper Piqua, for many years my home, and the seat of my agency for Indian Affairs in the Northwest.

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Among the felicities of my long life is that of having often beheld the person of George Washington. I heard him deliver his last speech to both houses of congress, in December, 1796; it being his practice always to address the national legislature in person. His successor in the Presidency, John Adams, pursued the same course. On the advent of Mr. Jefferson the custom ceased, and ever since, messages in writing have taken the place of speeches. Washington died in December, 1799, and in the winter of that year, and in 1800, the President and congress ordered funeral honors to be celebrated to his memory. It fell to my lot, as secretary of the Washington Masonic Lodge, No. 59, to take part in the ceremonies. Col. Richard Henry Lee, of the Revolution, then a member of congress from Virginia, was the appointed orator on the occasion.

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The uncle referred to in the above letter was John Johnston, the person designated in the following genealogy as the head of "Family No. 1." About that time, as shown by a letter copied under "Family No. 1" he lived in Bourbon Co., Ky. The Governor Garrard was James Garrard, who was governor of Kentucky from 1796 to 1804.

From this letter we learn that our forebears were covenanters and members of the party in Scotland that labored to bring about the revolution which resulted in establishing the protestant sovereignty of William and Mary over the British Isles. In reference to the preliminary arrangements for the revolution I quote Macaulay's History of England, as follows: "Agents of various ranks passed and repassed between the Thames and the Hague. Among these a Scotchman, of some parts and great activity, named Johnstone, was the most useful. He was cousin to Burnet, and son of a prominent covenanter who had, soon after the restoration, been put to death for treason, and who was honored by his party as a martyr." The eminent covenanter referred to above was Archibald John-

ston, sometimes referred to as Johnston of Warriston. He was an advocate, or, as we would say, an attorney. Rev. Alexander Henderson and he were the committee that framed the "National Covenant" and he was one of the five who presented it to the people for their signatures at the Grey Friar's church in Edinburg, Feb. 28, 1638. He was clerk of the general assembly which met at Glasgow, Nov. 21, 1638, and resolved to continue its sittings after it had been dissolved by the king's high commissioner. He was one of those who in the general assembly of 1643, favored sending a Scottish army to assist the leaders in the Long parliament in their contest with Charles I. For these and similar acts orders for his arrest for treason, were issued in 1661. He escaped to the continent, was taken in France and executed in Edinburgh.

Thus we see that the foremost of the name were covenanters and, except for a short time following the "Glorious Revolution of 1688," the covenanters were generally at variance with the policy of the government. This fact, no doubt, accounts for so many of the name coming to this country during the century following this time. At the time of the revolution they were probably all, or nearly all, whigs, or supporters of the protestant party, but the Scottish politicians of the time were exceedingly fickle, even for politicians. They seem to have been made of different timber from that used in the making of the Scotchmen who had but recently sacrificed their lives in defence of their religious convictions. have read that Sir Walter Scott said that his family records were free from all stains except border theft and high treason, which he hoped were gentlemanly crimes. Men prominent in politics were not expected to be over-scrupulous and most of them kept well within the popular expectation. Macaulay tells us that when the king's friends were offended by his appointment of the odious Sunderland one of the lord's justices: "William did not understand these feelings. Sunderland was able; he was useful; he was unprincipled indeed; but so were all the English politicians of the generation which had learned, under the sullen tyranny of the saints, to disbelieve in virtue, and which had, during the wild jubilee of the restoration, been utterly dissolved in vice. He was a fair specimen of his class, a little worse, perhaps, than Leeds or Godolphin, and about as bad as Russell or Marlborough. Why he was to be hunted from the herd the king could not imagine."

It was a common thing at that time for men, who did not receive the recognition they desired from the king, to join the Jacobites who were continually plotting to bring about the return of James to the throne. Others, seeing a king upon the throne and a claimant to the throne just across the channel, felt that their only safety lay in pretending loyalty to both. Out of such discontented elements a club was formed whose business seems, in part, to have been to pretend friendship for both William and James without engaging actively in the support of either, and it is a matter of history that some of the Johnstons committed the "gentlemanly

crime" of joining that club. While it is true that the most prominent individuals of the Johnston clan, as well as the majority of them, were supporters of the protestant cause there were some exceptions. At the battle of Killiecrankie, July 27, 1689, it was a Johnston who supported and spoke words of comfort to Lord Graham of Claverhouse, the most cruel of all the persecutors of the covenanters, when he met his death. Another instance of opposition to the established rule, occurring at a time when opposition of that kind was quite common, was that of the Chevalier Johnstone, who was with the Young pretender in his last military effort, in 1746, to regain the throne of his ancestors. He wrote a memoir giving his impressions of the uprising of 1746, and thirteen years later he fought upon the side of the French at the battle of Quebec.

Everything I can find bearing upon the question seems to indicate that Annandale, the valley of the Annan River, in the south of Scotland, was their ancestral home. History records that Robert Johnstone, a Scottish historian who died in 1639, "bequeathed considerable sums to various towns in Annandale, the home of his ancestors."

As a caption to Chapter VIII of "The Fair Maid of Perth," I find this couplet:

Within the bounds of Annandale,
The gentle Johnstones ride;
They have been there a thousand years,
A thousand more they'll bide.

From the same chapter I copy: "My name is Devil's Dick, of Hell-garth, well known in Annandale for a gentle Johnstone. I follow the stout laird of Wamphray, who rides with his kinsman the redoubted Lord of Johnstone, who is banded with the doughty Earl of Douglass; and the earl and the lord, and the Laird and I, the esquire, fly our hawks where we find our game, and ask no man whose ground we ride over."

A footnote to this last quotation reads as follows:

"Every Scotchman must regret that the name of Johnstone should have disappeared from the peerage, and hope that ere long some one of the many claimants for the minor honors at least of the house of Annandale may make out a case to the satisfaction of the house of lords. The great estates of the family are still nearly entire, and in worthy hands:—they have passed to a younger branch of the noble house of Hopetoun, one of the claimants of the elder titles."

In Redgauntlet, Summertrees refers to a ravine, near to Moffat, as the place where the Johnstones hid their stolen cattle.

From the Monestery, Chapter XXIV, I copy the following footnote:

"It was of Lochwood, the hereditary fortress of the Johnstones of Annandale, a strong castle situated in the centre of a quaking bog, that James VI said that he who built it was a thief in his heart."

When one applies hard names to another it more often betrays a feeling of resentment than it indicates an overwhelming desire to proclaim the truth, therefore I take the above remark about the Johnstone heart affection as additional evidence that they were affiliated with the Douglasses, the sworn enemies of the Stuarts.

The above references not only indicate that Annandale was the ancestral home of the Johnstones but they give pretty definite suggestions as to their occupation. I used to look upon the picture entitled, "A Scottish Raid," as a mighty poor display of sheep and horn cattle, but since taking up the study of my genealogy I have almost come to regard it as a family portrait. It is not necessary to apologize for having descended from moss troopers, or border thieves, but an explanation may be necessary to establish one's respectability.

In those days the robbery of an unfriendly neighbor or clan, like piracy upon the sea, was considered honorable. The commonwealth sentiment was not sufficiently developed to take offense at it and the wrong of it was lost sight of in the admiration excited by the ingenuity and daring displayed in the act. Annandale was in, or near to, the Debatable Land, a name given to a portion of territory which was the frequent subject of disputes between Scotland and England. The central government was too weak to punish lawlessness or protect honest industry and its administration was calculated to encourage, rather than to discourage, raids across the border. To borrow the language of the Maid of the Mill, in the Monastery, it was "A land where men did by the strong hand and defended by the ready wit."

According to the well understood and thoroughly approved ethics of the time, the standing of the robber and the merit of his transactions depended upon the magnitude of his exploits, where they were executed, who his victims were, etc.,—the misappropriation was a secondary consideration. One caught stealing upon the wrong side of the border was likely to be hanged, even when he was mistaken about the location of the border. Many of them, to quote from The Abbot, were "men that would not have lifted under twenty cows at once, and would have held themselves dishonoured if they had taken a drift of sheep or the like, but always managed their raids in full credit and honor."

As an indication of the esteem in which they were held by the Church fathers, who were then the guardians of truth and learning, I present the following from the Monastery: "In Abbot Ingilram's days the freebooters were the best welcome men that came to Saint Mary's. Ay, they paid tithe of every drove they brought over from the South; and because they were something lightly come by, I have known them make the tithe a seventh—that is, if their confessor knew his business—Ay, when we saw from the tower a score of fat bullocks, or a drove of sheep, coming down the valley, with two or three stout men-at-arms behind them, with their glittering steel caps, and their black-jacks, and their long lances, the good Lord Abbot Ingilram was wont to say—he was a merry man—there come the tithes of the spoilers of the Egyptians! Ay, and I have seen the famous John the Armstrang,—a fair man he was and a goodly, the more pity that hemp was ever heckled for him—I have seen him come into the Abbey church with nine tassels of gold in his bonnet, and every tassel made of

nine English nobles, and he would go from chapel to chapel, and from image to image, and from altar to altar, on his knees—and leave here a tassel, and there a noble, till there was as little gold on his bonnet as on my hood—you will find no such border thieves now!"

The evidence, so far as I can learn, seems to justify the conclusion that the people in the neighborhood of Annandale were of two classes, the robbers and the robbed, and the Johnstons seem to have been rather distinguished members of the better class.

Andersons

The name, Anderson, occurs frequently in the early history of Cumberland, Sherman's, and Tuscarora Valleys. March 25, 1762, the Cumberland County Court appointed William Anderson the first supervisor of Lack Township, which at the time covered Tuscarora Valley. This man, in the year following his appointment, made the first assessment of the taxables of Lack Township, and his name appears assessed for one hundred acres in what is now Spruce Hill Township. He and a son were killed July 10, 1763, during the last general massacre in these parts.

Prof. J. R. Flickinger, writing for the History of the Susquehanna and Juniata Valleys, says: William Anderson came from Scotland and took up the land now (1884) owned by A. K. Dobbs, Jonathan Seager, Philip Reisinger, and others. The first warrant found was for fifty acres and was dated Sept. 12, 1766, and on the 6th of May, 1767, "one hundred acres which included his improvements, adjoining the Limestone Ridge on the south, and the Connococheague Mountain on the north, and a place called Crosses' Cabins on the west. He lived on this land a few years, then crossed to the south side of Limestone Ridge and bought a large tract lying north and west of Andersonburg, the farm on which the heirs of Hon. A. B. Anderson reside, being the homestead.

I find in the list of taxables for 1763, which is the earliest I could find. that he was taxed for one hundred acres in "Upper Terone," at that time. This is, no doubt, the same tract referred to above as warranted in 1767. I have not been able to fix the time when he came from Scotland. eldest child was born June 23, 1763. This child, it will be observed, was seventeen days old when the other William Anderson was killed by the Indians in Tuscarora, about six or eight miles north of the place of his first settlement in Sherman's Valley. I cannot think, however, that he lived in Sherman's Valley as early as 1763 because at that time there was a terrible slaughter of the whites in these parts and if my great-grandfather had been among those who were compelled to flee with their families the tale would have been recited to succeeding generations and I would certainly have heard something of it. It is evident, from the records cited above, that during the troublous years that preceded 1764, he had taken the legal steps necessary to provide a home in Sherman's Valley for his family and that about 1766 or 1767, the dates of the warrants referred to above, he became a resident of that part of Toboyne Township which has since been organized as Madison Township.

In Pennsylvania Archives, 3d Series, Vol. XXIV, I find that William Anderson warranted one hundred acres in Guilford Township, Cumberland County, the date of which survey was May 24, 1753, and William McCord warranted one hundred and twenty-five acres in Hamilton Town-

ship, the date of which survey was the same. These townships join in the neighborhood of Chambersburg. These surveys, bearing the same date and apparently in the same locality, in connection with the fact that William Anderson's wife's name was McCord, leads me to think it likely that he was living, in 1753, near the present site of Chambersburg.

William Anderson was a covenanter and, no doubt, was one of the many refugees who were compelled to leave Scotland after the failure of the Young pretender in 1746. As a rule, the early immigrants, no matter what country they came from, were malcontents, and they usually had good reasons for being such. This rule, no doubt, would apply, almost without exception, to the Scotchmen who immigrated at this time because the confiscated estates of the losers in the struggle of 1746, as well as the glory of victory, would be attractive to the supporters of the government.

It is interesting to note in this connection that Gen. Hugh Mercer, who about the date of these surveys was practicing medicine in the neighborhood of Guilford and Hamilton Townships, had been a surgeon in the army of the Young pretender and in consequence of the failure of that cause, emigrated to America. Another item that may interest persons who are curious about the convictions of our forefathers upon questions of their day is, Note XVIII, in the back part of Scott's Waverly, which begins as follows: "The faithful friend who pointed out the pass by which the Highlanders moved from Tranent to Seaton, was Robert Anderson, Jr., of Whitburgh, a gentleman of property in East Lothian." Robert would no doubt be among the emigrants, if the Duke of Cumberland didn't get his head before he got started, as the above quotation shows that he rendered valuable service to the army of the Young pretender.

McCord

For the following paragraphs, relative to the history of the McCords, I am indebted to Rev. Robinson's "Fragments of Family and Contemporaneous History."

Our ancestry, the Robinsons, McCords, Blaines, Moorheads, Blacks, etc., with their families and neighbors from the old world, occupied this beautiful region of central Pennsylvania [the present Dauphin County] for twenty or thirty years in almost uninterrupted peace. They went on in the even tenor of their way, extending and improving their farms, patenting new lands, rearing and educating their children, planting everywhere the school house and the church. They penetrated farther to the westward, crossed the Susquehanna, scattered over the beautiful valley now known as Cumberland, and at the time of which we now speak, 1754, a few had gone over the Kittochtinny into the valley beyond, and a few had made settlements along the Juniata. At this date Pennsylvania was a royal province, ruled by governors appointed by the Penn family and approved by the king. The people of these states numbered about one and a half millions and were loyal subjects of George III, and our common justices of the peace signed themselves "His majesty's justices of the peace." They were familiar with "royal proclamations," and paid their taxes in royal currency, pence, shillings, and pounds. The British settlement did not extend beyond the Alleghenies. Our fathers along the Susquehanna and the Kittochtinny hills were holding the frontier. They had for their neighbors on the west and north the Indian tribes. It has been repeatedly charged upon these men since those days when by their bravery and their lives they defended the more eastern settlements of the non-fighting Quakers from the incursions of the savages, that they were the cause of all the Indian wars and bloodshed, that they were a rude and lawless people, who hated, defrauded and provoked the Indian, showing no honor nor magnanimity in their dealings with him. The facts of history dismiss all such calumnies. From the first settlement of this region until the Indians became, with their French allies, the public enemies of the English, our fathers lived in peace; not the life of an Indian was taken, nor the blood of one shed, nor were any of them deprived of their property by these Scotch-Irish settlers. The wars that arose, and in which our fathers bore so terrible a part, rose by no fault of theirs. A series of frauds and unjust measures and encroachments upon the part of the proprietors of the province, the successors of the Penn family, alienated the Indians and after a peace of seventy years produced a most terrible outbreak.

In the fall of 1755 the country west of the Susquehanna possessed three thousand men fit to bear arms; and in August, 1756, exclusive of the provincial forces, there were not one hundred. Not only were our ances-

tors who had ventured west of the Susquehanna and the Kittochtinny compelled to flee and leave all to the mercy of the savages, but in the tax collector's list of one hundred families who had fled from their homes in Old Hanover Township, east of the Susquehanna, in 1756, we find the names of several of the McCords and Robinsons, and of other families with whom they had intermarried.

A fort for the protection of the neighborhood was erected on the Conococheague Creek which was somewhat famous in its day for the part it bore in the Indian wars. It was known as McCord's Fort, and was doubtless erected on the farm of the ancestry of the McCord families. referred to in a very graphic and interesting narrative furnished by Robert Robinson. He says: "Sideling Hill was the first fought battle after Braddock's defeat. In the year 1756, a party of Indians came out of Conococheague, to a garrison of the name of McCord's Fort, and killed some and took a number of prisoners." We learn elsewhere that this was in April of 1756, and that twenty-seven persons were killed or captured. Among the captured was Ann McCord, wife of John McCord. She was re-taken from the Indians about five months later, at the celebrated battle of Kittaning. Robinson goes on to tell us that after the capture of McCord's Fort the Indians took their course near to Fort Littleton, where Captain Hamilton was stationed with a company, and that he hearing of their presence marched forth with his company to meet them, guided by a friendly Indian. "This Indian led the company and came to the tracks of the Indians and followed them to Sideling Hill, where they found them with their prisoners, and having the first fire, but without doing much damage. The Indians returned the fire, defeated our men and killed a number of them. The Indians had McCord's wife with them. They cut off Mr. James Blair's head and threw it into Mrs. McCord's lap, saying it was her husband's head; but she knew it to be Blair's."

The McCord family was a large one in central Pennsylvania as early as 1750. In the list of taxables of that year of the townships of Derry and Hanover, the names of four McCords appear,—John, David, William, and John. No authentic record of the family exists beyond William McCord, who resided in Sherman's Valley, in a house which is still standing (1867) and which was erected over one hundred years ago. In the burial grounds of Derry, Hanover, and other of the early Presbyterian churches of central Pennsylvania, lie the remains of many who bear the name and are doubtless descendants of the original families that settled here, and who were closely connected by ties of blood. Some of the kin went south at an early day. Their descendants are now unknown to the northern branch.

Russells and Armstrongs

My knowledge of the Russells and Armstrongs and is very limited. When my mother was about seventy-eight years old, and therefore her memory was dim, she told me that her father, who was born April 29, 1783, was raised in Augusta County, Virginia, and that the family afterward moved to Albemarle County, Virginia. Her grandfather was a slave holder, and it was her impression that he came from Ireland, and his wife came from Scotland. From her I got the idea that her grandparents' names were Alexander and Mary, but when I recall that those were the names of her parents I am inclined to think that there may have been a misunderstanding about that.

Augusta County was at one time very large, taking in not only the western part of Virginia but the present State of Kentucky, and it may be that Albemarle County is a part of the original Augusta County. Therefore I think that they always lived in what is now Albemarle County. There is nothing extraordinary in her grandfather being a slave holder; some of her Pennsylvania relatives were slave holders, at a much later date. Some of the descendants of the Russells think that they were of English extraction, but when we recall that many of the original settlers of the Shenandoah Valley migrated from Pennsylvania and that there were Russells and Armstrongs among the Scotch and Scotch-Irish of the Keystone State, it gives color to the idea that they may not have been English.

I have no means of determining whether the idea that the Russells are of English extraction was handed down from an earlier generation or whether it is the prompting of an ambition to connect up with the illustrious English family of that name. I have a letter, written by my grandmother soon after she became the wife of Alexander Russell, in which she tells her sister, Mrs. Margaret Johnston, in tart language, of the ill treatment accorded to herself and her husband by the wife of her brother, James, in Kentucky. An ingenious novelist could, I think, find ample suggestion in this letter for a chapter illustrating how Scottish prejudice was roused by the bonnie Scotch lassie taken up with the bluidie southron, and thus establish to his own satisfaction the English origin of Mr. Russell, but upon the other hand it is well known that Scotch families sometimes institute very belicose proceedings among themselves without the intervention of any extraneous excitant. Be that as it may, I must not fail to mention in this connection that I have a number of letters which show that the descendants of Mrs. Russell and this brother shared each others joys and sorrows in a most intimate and cordial manner for a long period of years after the events referred to in the above mentioned letter.

The only additional matter of interest available, concerning the Virginia tributary, is found in letters in my possession. The following letter, of

Oct. 30, 1824, was no doubt written with the intention of sending it to the person addressed by the hand of some acquaintance. For some reason it was never sent and there is nothing about it to indicate where the persons lived for whom it was intended.

October 30, 1824.

Dear Brothers: I yet am spared to let you know that I am yet in the land of the living, thanks to the Giver of all health for His kindness to us. This part of the world has been very much subject to chills and fevers for three or four years back, but we have no reason to complain. We

have had but little sickness in our family.

I received a letter from Aunt Jane Robertson last fall, and four of the letters you sent to Elizabeth and Jane Ranking which was the first thing that gave me information to know where to write to you. Both James and Robert Ranking are dead, but their families were well when I received their letters last November. James Robertson was living then. Aunt Jane's family are all married but Lettice. William married a daughter of Thomas Turks. George married a daughter of Robert Hancebarger's.

We have seven of a family, five daughters and two sons.

I wish you to write as soon as you receive my letter. Direct your letters to Myamy County, State of Ohio, Washington Township, Piqua Town. Our land here is all run off in miles square and every six miles square makes a township. I live ninety miles from Cincinnati, right up the big Myama. If you have any word from brother Mathew or John let me know, no more.

Remain your affectionate brother and sister,

A. AND MARY RUSSELL.

To William or James Russell.

October 15, 1846, Lettitia A. Russell writes:

"We had a letter from Aunt Jane Rankin in Virginia. They were all well. Aunt Betsy, William and family are living in Missouri. Those are the only two that are alive of father's people. I would like to see them."

FAMILY NO. 1.

Gen.	Family.		Born.	M_{c}	arried.	1	Died.	Ref	erence	•
r Jo	James	Jan.				Dec.		•		
	Elenor									

John Johnston came to America from near Enniskillen, Fermanaugh County, Ireland, soon after the Revolution. I know nothing about his wife. This is one of the three large families spoken of by Col. John Johnston, a nephew of this John Johnston, in his letter of Oct. 10, 1857, of which a partial copy is presented in the preceding pages. John Johnston, probably this one, was a tax payer in Toboyne Township in 1788 and 1789, but his sojourn here was of short duration, as indicated by the following letter:

KENTUCKY, BOURBON COUNTY, May 7, 1793.

Loving Brother and Sister: I take this opportunity of letting you know that the remainder of your brothers and sisters and father are well at You wrote to me to let you know the first opportunity the certainty concerning Stephen's death. The report you heard was too true, for on the morning of the 23d of last August, in less than one hour after I gave the letter out of my hand the alarming news concerning his death came to hand. He was at work thirteen miles from home and we never heard he was sick till we heard of his death; it was so sudden that he went at night to his bed and complained of nothing but a headache and was found dead in his bed the next morning. My father has his health better, year past, than he has had this many years. You complain of us not writing to you, but I think that we write oftener than you do. We remain in this same place yet but I am determined to move as soon as possible, but is not determined where. In a few weeks I intend to go to the Siota to see that country. I think that you had best come down and see that country, it gets a very great name. I was told that you had some notion of coming to see this country. I would be glad to see you here but not to live here. Write by the bearer, John Scott, the particulars where you intend going for I would be glad to meet with you in some country. Remember me to Thos. Johnston and wife. Nelly has her compliments to Peggy. No more at present, but remain your loving brother. JAMES AND MARGARET JOHNSTON.

Andrew Johnston.

I know nothing later of Andrew or the father.

Elizabeth was the wife of William Campbell, who sold his home to William Anderson, in Sherman's Valley, Pa., and went to the neighborhood of Piqua, Ohio, about 1812. They had a son, John, who was married May 21, 1822. Mr. Campbell was buried April 2, 1839.

Eleanor married a man whose name was Johnston; she was living, as late as 1835, near Piqua, Ohio, with a son Jesse. Jesse's family consisted at that time of "four little girls." He and his wife, Martha, probably his

mother, and his children moved to near Dayton, Indiana, in 1836. He conveyed his Indiana property to David Ross, Aug. 23, 1847.

There were, no doubt, other sons and daughters in this family and I have written to a number of persons by the name of Johnston for the purpose of finding out if they were descendants of the family but have found none. There are numerous remarks in the letters I have that seem to me to suggest that all of the family except James went West. Take, as an illustration, the first sentence in Andrew's letter. I understand that he had in mind his brother James and his sister, Mrs. Campbell, and that he tells them that "the remainder" are well. If some of that remainder had been in any of the eastern states he would not have known whether they were well or not. After the Campbells go West none of the letters make any allusion to other brothers or sisters of James, who are yet in the East.

Gen. Albert Sidney Johnston was born at North Washington which, at the time of his birth, was in Bourbon County, and we used to flatter ourselves with the idea that this famous man was one of our near kinsmen, but I have to own that I spoiled that felicitious delusion by asking Prof. G. R. Johnston, who was teaching in Kentucky in 1910, to investigate. He learned that General Johnston was a son of Dr. John Johnston, who came there from Connecticut.

FAMILY NO. 2.

Gen	. Family.	E	Born.	M	arried.	I	Tied.	Refe	erence	·.
, I I	William Anderson . Margaret McCord					Dec.	25, 1802	Fam.	No.	
	Ruth Alex. Augustus Margaret William George Ann James Mary Alex. Augustus	Jan. Feb. May Jan. Jan. Mar. Oct.	23, 1765 28, 1768 17, 1771 15, 1773 14, 1774 29, 1778 10, 1780	Feb.		Feb. Mar. Mar. Dec. Sep.	1777 14, 1826 22, 1832 6, 1831 —, 1839 —, 1815 17, 1843 9, 1823	Fam. Fam. Fam. Fam. Fam.	No. No. No. No. No.	6 7 8 9
	Samuel					•	2,			

William Anderson, Sr., was a Scotch Covenanter. It would seem from the records referred to upon the preceding pages that he located in what is now Madison Township, Perry Co., Pa., about 1766. I think that he and his wife and her father and brother, (both named William McCord,) came here from the neighborhood of Chambersburg, Pa. Letters and other papers that I found at the old Anderson home and public records seem to me to point to that conclusion.

In looking over the letters, etc., which have accumulated in the Anderson home, now occupied by Arthur Anderson, I found many interesting things, most of which are too lengthy to insert here. Among them was a receipt, a copy of which follows:

Recd. from John Nelson and Wm. Anderson, Executors of the last will and testament of William Anderson, deceased, the sum of two pounds, one

shilling and nine pence, being for whiskey used at the funeral and on that occasion of the deceased, February 2, 1802.

Recd. by me, WILLIAM CAMPBELL.

£2-I-9.

It is difficult for people who have been taught that whiskey is not good for anything but snake bite to understand what they would want with about ten dollars worth of whiskey at a funeral, in February, and it seems a pity to find that the patriarch of such a host should be overtaken by death when, according to the approved ideas of his day, he was so ill prepared (for the funeral), but it is a comfort to know that, notwithstanding this oversight, means were found to mitigate the grief of his friends by the agent that is celebrated in song and story as the most reliable antidote for Scottish sorrow.

Ruth died unmarried.

Samuel was a merchant and lived in Perry Co., Pa. He married a Miss Linn, but left no issue.

FAMILY NO. 3.

Gen.	Family.	Born.	Married.	Died.	Reference.
1	Russell Armstrong Jane Alexander Elizabeth Matthew John William James	About 1765	1806	Jan. 9, 1844	Fam. No. 9

This family lived in what is now Albemarle County, Virginia.

From the letters presented upon the preceding pages, I draw the following references:

The second generation were all living in 1824; the sisters were both in Virgina at that time, but Elizabeth and some others had moved to Missouri in 1846, and at the latter date the male members of the family were all dead.

FAMILY NO. 4.

Gen	. Family.	E	Born.	$M \alpha$	irried.	I	Died.	Ref	erence	2.
	James Johnston									
2	Margaret Anderson.									
	William	Jan.	8, 1791	Mar.	16, 1817			Fam.	No.	11
	John	Mar.	4, 1793	Feb.	, 1823	Nov.	 , 1869	Fam.	No.	12
	Jane	Mar.	2, 1795			_	1832			
	Ann	Aug.	7, 1797			Dec.	2, 1878	Fam.	No.	13
	James	Apr.	24, 1800			Aug.	1, 1851	Fam.	No.	14
	George	Dec.	14, 1802	May	—, 1835	Jan.	26, 1872	Fam.	No.	15
	Alexander									
	Elizabeth	Nov.	28, 1805	May	2, 1843		1864	Fam.	No.	17

James Johnston was a farmer and lived in what is now Toboyne Township, Perry Co., Pa. In the warrant issued to William Adams, by the Commonwealth, July 29, 1762, the tract of land which later became his home is designated by the manorial title, "Eden." It was sold to William Anderson by Mr. Adams, April 12, 1791, 300 acres for 500 pounds. James

Johnston purchased it from the heirs of William Anderson, his father-inlaw, in 1811. It was afterward the home of his son Alexander and is now the home of James Johnston, the son of Alexander.

Jane became the wife of John Reed, and died without issue.

FAMILY NO. 5.

Gen	. Family.	E	Born.	Mo	arried.	I	ied.	Ref	erence	
2	William Anderson Isabella Murray Isabella Blaine, 2d W.	-	17, 1771			Feb.	22, 1832	Fam.	No.	2
	Isabella	July Jan. Mar.	31, 1811	Unma June	arried 27, 1833	May Apr.	, 1858 20, 1834			
	Margaret A Mary Ellen Alexander Blaine .	June Dec.	18, 1818 25, 1819	June May	5, 1845 26, 1853	June Nov.	10, 1856	Fam. Fam.	No. No.	19 20

William Anderson was a farmer and lived at Andersonburg upon the homestead left by his father. He was a member of the legislature from Cumberland County, before the organization of Perry County, in 1820, and was associate judge at the time of his death.

William B. succeeded his father upon the ancestral farm. He was a member of the legislature three years and state senator three years, thus being the choice of the voters at six elections.

Matilda became the wife of Rev. L. C. Rutter, but left no issue.

Margaret married Stewart Turbett, a farmer of Juniata County, but they had no children.

FAMILY NO. 6.

Gen.	Family.	1	Born.	Married.	D^{i}	ied.	Ref	erence	
	George Anderson Martha Douglass William Watson Alexander		15, 1773		Mar. About	6, 1831 1844	Fam.	No.	2

George Anderson moved to Ohio or Indiana in early manhood. His remains rest in the Centre Presbyterian graveyard and the stone upon the grave says that he died March 6, 1831, aged 48 years, etc., thus making the year of his birth 1783, if correct.

I do not know whether the members of the third generation were married or not.

In a letter written to Ed. C. Johnston, by William Anderson, Family No. 24, it is stated that "William died of fever in New Orleans, Watson died in Ohio, and Alexander died in Indiana, from accidentally shooting himself in the hand."

FAMILY NO. 7.

Gen	. Family.	E	Born.	$M \epsilon$	arried.	L	ied.	Ref	rence	?.
2	William Douglass Ann Anderson Joseph	Feb. Jan. Dec.	5, 1769 14, 1774 17, 1798	Feb.	28, 1828	June Mar. Jan.	2, 1854 15, 1839 28, 1858	Fam. Fam. Fam.	No.	21
	William Margaret	Aug.	5, 1805	Mar.	23, 1837	May	6, 1869			
	James Mary	July	3, 1811			Nov.	3, 1850			

William Douglass moved from Sherman's Valley about 1810 or 1811 and settled in Ohio. June 9, 1812, he writes to William Anderson, from Madison Township, Highland Co., describing the crops he is raising there, and in 1813 other letters refer to the family as living in Milford Township, Butler Co., Ohio. They made the latter neighborhood their permanent abiding place and many of their descendants live there.

Margaret became the wife of a man whose name was Vandergrift, but no trace of any descendants can be found.

James married Harriet Martindale, but left no children.

Mary became the wife of Dr. George M. Wallace and left no children.

FAMILY NO. 8.

Gen	. Family.	\boldsymbol{B}	forn.	$M \epsilon$	ırried.	I	Died.	Refe	rence	?.
2	James Anderson							Fam.	No.	2
	Mary_Logan	Aug.	22, 1782	Dec.	22, 1803	Sept.	15, 1870			
	Rev. Baldridge, sec									
	William									
	Margaret	Aug.	28, 1806	Mar.	23, 1826	May	26, 1844	Fam.	No.	25
	Samuel Logan	Mar.	29, 1808	Feb.	22, 1831	Dec.	24, 1835	Fam.	No.	26
	George Alexander.									
	Hetty Ann									
	John James						16, 1817			
	Benjamin Logan .	Feb.	9, 1821	July	27, 1859	•	•			
	Nancy Martin	Oct.	16, 1822	Dec.	31, 1841	Oct.	7, 1842			

From a genealogy prepared by his son, William, we learn that James Anderson migrated from Sherman's Valley to Kentucky in 1802, and soon afterward bought a farm five miles south of Lexington and one mile south of Russell's Spring.

Mary Logan was a daughter of Samuel Logan, who moved from the same valley in 1786 and settled three miles south of Georgetown, Ky.

From a letter written in 1815, by Mrs. Russell, James Anderson's sister, I learn that he had at some previous time, been "struck with the palsy" and was otherwise unfortunate. The situation of a family containing six small children whose father was paralyzed, at that time and place, must have been distressing indeed.

Mrs. Anderson's father was no doubt a son or grandson of Alexander Logan, one of the earliest settlers of Sherman's Valley, and one who sacrificed his life to the cause of civilization. In a local history I find, "On the farm of George McMillen stands (1884) the celebrated Logan house which was the residence of Alexander Logan. His survey for 549 acres was made Feb. 3, 1755." He and his son John were killed by the Indians

in 1763. The same history says: "George, Anthony, and William, the surviving sons of Alexander Logan, sold the property in 1785,"—the year before Samuel went to Kentucky.

Samuel Logan's wife was Margaret, daughter of George Robinson, who built Fort Robinson, Sherman's Valley, in 1755. From Robinson's Family Memorials I copy: "In 1785 Jonathan Robinson visited this new region, selected several hundred acres of its rich soil, in the heart of the justly celebrated blue grass region, and returning removed his family at once to his new home. Other members of the family of George Robinson followed, and about the year 1797 he, with his wife, removed thither, settling beside his sons and daughters near the present site of Georgetown, Ky."

After Mrs. Anderson became the wife of Rev. William Baldridge, she and her family moved to his home near North Liberty, Adams Co., Ohio, and after the death of Rev. Baldridge she and her younger children had their home with her son, William Anderson, at Spring Hill, Decatur Co., Indiana.

Benjamin Baldridge became a minister of the gospel; his wife's maiden name was Maria Gilmore. They had two children.

Nancy Baldridge became the wife of John I. Bonner, and at her death left one child that lived but a short time. Mr. Bonner returned to his native state, South Carolina, studied theology, became a minister and was editor of a religious paper at Duewest, S. C.

FAMILY NO. 9.

Gen	. Family.	Born.		Married.		Died.		Reference.		e.
2	Alerander Russell	Apr.	29, 1783	1805	or 1806	Jan.	9, 1844	Fam.	No.	3
2	Mary Anderson	Oct.	10, 1780	1805	or 1806	Sept.	17, 1843	Fam.	No.	2
	Jane McCord	July	24, 1807	Sept.	16, 1830	Dec.	22, 1862	Fam.	No.	29
	Mary Ann							Fam.	No.	30
	Andrew Armstrong	May	22, 1811	Unmarried		Aug.	26, 1838			-
	Margaret	May	7, 1813	May	 , 1835	Dec.	22, 1874	Fam.	No.	15
	Elizabeth	July	25, 1815	Aug.	27, 1845	Jan.	11, 1846			
	Lettitia Ann	June	17, 1818	June	15, 1847	Feb.	27, 1898	Fam.	No.	16
	Alexander	Aug.	15, 1821	Unma	rried	Jan.	16, 1842			

My mother, Lettitia Ann, of this family, told me years ago that her parents were married near Lexington, Ky., and when I learned that her brother, James, lived five miles south of Lexington and one mile from Russell's Spring, it seemed that an environment was presented in the peaceful blue grass region that for once, lead to harmony between a child of the Keystone State and one from the Old Dominion.

From a newspaper clipping advertising an offer, by Samuel Marshall, executor, to sell the farm of Alexander Russell, deceased, I learn that the home of this family was in Miami Co., Ohio, four and one-half miles from Piqua, and consisted of the northeast and northwest quarters of Sections thirty-four and thirty-five, Township nine, in range five.

Andrew was engaged much of his time in wagoning to Cincinnati. Elizabeth became the wife of John Linn, and died without issue.

FAMILY NO. 10.

Gen.	Gen. Family.		Born.		Married.		ied.	Reference.		
2 A	lex. A. Anderson .		1786		21, 1815	April	9, 1823	Fam.	No.	2
	William Patton John Patton Alex. Augustus Ellen Patton Alex. Augustus	Sept. Jan. Jan. Dec.	21, 1818 1, 1819 1, 1820	-	21, 1815	Feb. Jan. Oct.	-, 1832 10, 1862 -, 1819 16, 1842 -, 1823	Fam.	No.	31

Alex. A. Anderson, the father of this family, was a graduate of Washington College; he practiced law at the Mifflin County bar and was twice elected a member of the State Legislature.

Ellen became the wife of Augustus K. Cornyn, Huntingdon, Pa., but died without issue.

FAMILY NO. 11.

Gen. Family.		Born.		Married.	Died.	Reference.		•
3	William Johnston Jemime Patterson Jane Tolbert, Sec. W.	_	1797	Mar. 16, 1817 Feb. 15, 1824	Aug. —, 1823 Dec. 13, 1880		No.	4
	Margaret Ann James Patterson Hannah Isabella Jane	May Dec. June	8, 1821 18, 1825 22, 1828	Dec. 25, 1850 Nov. 6, 1851 Mar. 1, 1855	Aug. 19, 1882 Feb. 21, 1888	Fam. Fam.	No.	33
	Nathan Tolbert William John Mary Jane	June Jan.	16, 1832 20, 1835	Unmarried Unmarried				

William Johnston migrated from near New Germantown, Pa., to Miami County, Ohio, in February, 1814. His granddaughter, Mrs. Snow, has the letters patent, issued under the hand of President James Madison, June 10, 1816, for the land upon which he lived the balance of his days. The letters recites that full payment has been made for the southeast quarter of Section twenty-seven, Township nine, range five. Upon this farm the wife, Margaret, Nathan and John resided until the time of their death.

William, the son, migrated to California in 1853 and engaged for a time in mining. At the time of his death he resided in Modesto, Stanislaus County, Cal., and also owned property in Waterford, the same county.

Mary became the wife of John Wright and died without issue.

FAMILY NO. 12.

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Gen. Family. Born. Married. Died. Reference.

3 Hon. John Johnston. Mar. 4, 1793 Feb. —, 1823 Nov. —, 1869 Fam. No. 4
Margaret McClure. Jan. 1, 1793 Feb. —, 1823 May 17, 1848
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John Johnston made his home upon a farm adjoining that of his father and remained there his entire life time. He was a man of commanding presence and acknowledged influence in his community. He was elected three times to the state legislature and, I have been informed, impaired his popularity by favoring the adoption of a free school system. His first term in the legislature was 1819, fifteen years before the passage of the

act establishing free schools in this state. He had no children. His wife was a daughter of Alexander McClure and Sarah Douglass, according to information furnished by Miss Margaret Campbell, Family No. 35.

FAMILY NO. 13.

Gen. Family.		Born.		Married.		Died.		Reference.		?.
3	John Campbell Ann Johnston James Alexander W John Johnston Robert S. George	Aug. Oct. Nov. Apr.	7, 1797 25, 1825 12, 1827 12, 1830	Feb. Feb. Mar.	27, 1873 29, 1854	July Feb. Aug.	17, 1905	Fam. Fam. Fam.	No. No. No.	35 36 37
	Daughter Hance A	Apr.	13, 1841	Apr.	11, 1871	Apr.		Fam.	No.	39

John Campbell was a farmer and lived in Burnses Valley, Franklin Co., Pa.

FAMILY NO. 14.

Gen.	Family.	Born.	Married.	Died.	Ref	erenc	ε.
3	James Johnston	Apr. 14, 1800 About 1831		Aug. 1, 1851 Before 1851		No.	4
	Margaret Daughter Daughter Eliza			May 4, 1833 Spring 1845 Autumn 1855 Before 1866		No.	40
	Mary James			Before 1883 Before 1910			₹*

James Johnston went to Indiana in the spring of 1823. The day preceding his departure, I am told, he participated rather enthusiastically in a race quarrel between the Irish and the Dutch, and after the melee was over it was thought that an antagonist whom he had handled pretty roughly would die from the effects. As a result of this complication he departed before the dawn of the following day. The Dutchman recovered and mended our shoes for many years.

In 1831 he writes to his father: "My family consists of myself, wife, daughter Margaret, and two bound children, a boy and a girl."

March 30, 1833, he writes to his brother George: "Scarlet fever has visited four of my family."

May 11, 1833, in a letter to his brother George, he announces the death of Margaret.

In July, 1845, Lettitia A. Russell writes to George Johnston: "Your brother James' eldest daughter died this spring."

April 14, 1856, William Anderson writes to George Johnston: "You brother James' eldest daughter died last fall.

These letters indicate that he was a farmer and lived at Honey Creek, Vigo Co., Indiana.

Mary became the wife of Samuel Crawford Scott, in recent years a clerk in the Internal Revenue service. Both have died leaving no issue.

James left no children and I understand was never married.

FAMILY NO. 15.

Gen	. Family.	E	Born.	M	arried.	I	Died.	Ref	erenc	e.
3	George Johnston Margaret Russell Samuel A	May June	7, 1813 16, 1836	May	—, 1835 —, 1835 1865	Dec.	22. 1874	Fam. Fam. Fam.	No.	Q
	Margaret Jane Mary Ann Edmund Calvin Lettitia A Alexander A	Mar. Dec. July	22, 1840 2, 1842 9, 1844		1, 1884	Sept.	18, 1840 15, 1914 27, 1878	Fam.	No. No.	42 43

George Johnston was a farmer and lived near New Germantown, Pa. Margaret lives at the home where her parents reared the family.

FAMILY NO. 16.

Gen	. Family.	Ε	Born.	$M \alpha$	irried.	I	Died.	Ref	erence	e.
3	Alexander Johnston. Lettitia A. Russell. Mary Elizabeth. James	June Aug.	17, 1818 15, 1848	June Feb.	15, 1847 —, 1874	Feb.	27, 1898	Fam.	No. No.	9 44
	Daughter	Dec. Jan.	3, 1852 26, 1856	Sept.	4, 1884	Dec.	3, 1852	Fam. Fam.	No.	46

Alexander Johnston was a farmer and lived in Toboyne Township, Perry Co., Pa., upon the same farm upon which his father reared his family.

It would seem like lack of appreciation to pass my mother without comment and, although the past may not be free from evidences of such lack, it is perhaps fitting that I should acknowledge the debt of gratitude that her years of single handed care and anxiety have entailed and express the hope that I may attest my appreciation by rendering similar service to others.

FAMILY NO. 17.

Gen	Gen. Family.		Born.		Married.		Died.		Reference.	
3	Robert Blackburn Elizabeth Johnston . Robert A	Nov.	28, 1805	May May	2, 1843 2, 1843	Year	1864	Fam.	No.	4

Robert Blackburn, the father, was born in Ireland and was brought to Philadelphia by his parents, who made their home there. After his marriage he lived in Perry Co., Pa., until the time of his death, which was only a few years. His death was caused by burns received in the burning of the house in which they lived.

Robert A. served his country during the Civil War as a member of Company F, 208th Regiment, Pennsylvania Volunteers. He went West in 1879 and has not since been heard from by his former acquaintances. He is probably dead, as I have recently learned from the Pension Department that he has never applied for a pension.

FAMILY NO. 18.

Gen	. Family.	Born.								<i>:</i> .
3	Alexander McClure. Isabella Anderson Nancy	July	10, 1798	Jan.	25, 1820	Nov.	, 1866	Fam.	No.	5
	Margaret William A	Oct.	31, 1823	June	, 1845	Mar.	31, 1889	Fam.	No.	48
	Alexander Kelly Matilda	Jan.	9, 1828	Feb.	10, 1852	June	6, 1909	Fam. Fam.		
	Isabella Sarah Catharine .	Aug.	8, 1831				4, 1833	Fam.		•
	Samuel					Died	young	. .	2,0.	J-

Alexander McClure was a farmer and lived in Madison Township, Perry Co., Pa., in close proximity to two points of historic interest,—Fort Robinson and the Centre Presbyterian church.

FAMILY NO. 19.

Gen. Family.		Born.		Married.		Died.		Reference.		
3	Dr. B. F. Grosh, Mary Ellen Anderson Alexander Blaine . Mary Isabella	June Mar. Oct.	18, 1818 12, 1846 28, 1848	June	5, 1845 5, 1845 8, 1868	June May	9, 1857 10, 1856 22, 1858	Fam. Fam.	No. No.	5 54
	William Anderson. Benj. Franklin Charles Lindley	July	31, 1852			Aug.	21, 1851 26, 1878 31, 1861			

Dr. Grosh was born in Marietta, Pa., graduated in medicine at Woodstock, Vt., in 1840, moved from Marietta to Bainbridge, Pa., in March, 1843, and from there he moved to Andersonburg, Pa., in February, 1844. At the latter place, where he was highly esteemed both as a physician and a citizen, he spent the remainder of his life.

FAMILY NO. 20.

Gen	. Family.	E	Born.	Ma	irried.	I	picd.	Ref	erence	2.
3	Alex. B. Anderson . Mary Ann Lackey	Dec.	25, 1819	May	26, 1853	Nov.	15, 1871	Fam.	No.	5
	Isabella Blaine William Blaine Annie Elizabeth, .	Aug. Dec. Dec.	10, 1854 17, 1856 11, 1858	-	22, 1909	Jan. May	11, 1881			
	Alex. Lincoln, Charles Arhtur Benjamin Hooke	Dec.	27, 1863					Fam. Fam.	No. No.	55 56

A. B. Anderson was associate judge of Perry County, Pa., and an attorney-at-law, practicing for a time in the same county and living at New Bloomfield, Pa. On account of the failure of his health and the death of his brother, in 1858, he moved to the home in which he was reared at Andersonburg, Pa., and managed the farm until the time of his death.

Alexander L. has been a mining prospector ever since he attained his majority and is now (1910) at Bannock, Nevada.

FAMILY NO. 21.

Gen	Gen. Family.		Born.		Married.				Reference.	
3	Joseph Douglass	Dec.	17, 1798	Feb.	28, 1828	Jan.	28, 1858	Fam.	Nc.	7
	Mary Steele	Aug.	22, 1798	Feb.	28, 1828	Dec.	19, 1879			
	William	May	14, 1829	Unm	arried	Jan.	-, 1894			
	James Anderson .	Dec.	3, 1830	Aug.	27, 1868	Jan.	13, 1893	Fam.	No.	57
	Mary Jane	Mar.	27, 1833	May	24, 1854	Feb.	28, 1866	Fam.	No.	58
	Jerusha	Sept.	17, 1835	Unm	arried		189 5			
	Hannah	Sept.	30, 1838	Unma	arried	July	24, 1901			
	Joseph	Jan.	30, 1844	Unm	arried	Oct.	25, 1864			

Joseph Douglass was a farmer and lived in the neighborhood of Camden, O.

FAMILY NO. 22.

Gen.	. Family.	Born.	Married.	Died.	Referei	nce.
3	Hugh Hart Ann Douglass William Smith Mary Ann				Fam. No) . 7
	Margaret Martha Nancy Andrew	1836		1905		

My knowledge of this family is meager, although I find frequent mention of different members in old letters. Miss M. J. Logan, June, 1911, writes: "Mrs. Hart and three of her daughters are buried at Spring Hill, Ind."

Andrew is living (1911) in the National Military Home, Dayton, Ohio.

FAMILY NO. 23.

Gen	. Family.	E	Born.	$M \epsilon$	arried.	I	Died.	Refe	erence	2.
3	William Douglass	Aug.	5, 1805	Mar.	23, 1837	\mathbf{M} ay	6, 1869	Fam.	No.	8
	Eliza Coulter	May	14, 1814	Mar.	23, 1837	June	 , 1888	-	3.7	
	Thomas Coulter									
	Margaret Ann				1867	July	23, 1877			
	William Anderson.							Fam.	No.	61
	James Harvey	Mar.	10, 1843	Nov.	21, 1866			Fam.	No.	6 2
	Robert	May	15, 1845	Dec.	24, 1874	Feb.	15, 1907	Fam.	No.	63
	Isabella	Aug.	31, 1847	Dec.	24, 1874	Sept.	19, 1883	Fam.	No.	64
	John Culbertson .	Dec.	31, 1849	Jan.	1, 1879	_		Fam.	No.	65
	Benj. Baldridge	Sept.	19, 1852	Dec.	13, 1883			Fam.	No.	66
	Samuel Joseph							Fam.	No.	67

William Douglass and family lived near Morning Sun, Ohio. He was a farmer.

FAMILY NO. 24.

Gen	. Family.	E	Born.	M	arried.	1	Died.	Ref.	erence	
3	William Anderson Margaret Henika No children.	Sept.	20, 1804		27, 1852 27, 1852	Aug.	16, 1894	Fam.	No.	8

From a genealogy prepared by William Anderson, we learn that he was born five miles south of Lexington, Ky., on a farm one mile south of Russell's Spring, and lived there until he was about sixteen years old, after which he lived with his step-father until 1823, when he moved to Decatur Co., Indiana.

He wrote a number of letters in my possession and is frequently mentioned in other letters. During the fourth and fifth decades of the last century he kept a store at Springhill, Ind. His letters indicate that he was a man of culture as well as a man of strong religious convictions and exalted ideals. The esteem in which he is held by others is indicated by the fact that everybody refers to him as "Uncle Billy." All speak affectionately of the family, composed of Uncle Billy, mother, and Logan's two little boys. It would seem that while he had no family of his own he entered most heartily into the joys and sorrows of all his brothers, sisters, nieces and nephews, and his conduct frequently witnessed his belief that "a brother is born for adversity."

He spent the last years of a long and honorable life at Richland, Ind., leaving no children to cherish his memory.

FAMILY NO. 25.

Gen.	Family.	В	Born.	Ma	irried.	I	ied.	Refe	erence	e.
3	Andrew E. Rankin . Margaret Anderson . Martha Miller, 2 W.	Aug.	28, 1806	Mar.	23, 1826	Apr. May	10, 1880 26, 1844	Fam.	No.	8
	Mrs. Eliz. Mitchell Mary Ann Nancy Logan Hetty Ann James Samuel A. Alvin E. Clayton E.	Sept. Sept. Dec. June	2, 1829 24, 1831 12, 1833 18, 1854	Oct.	20, 1868	Aug.	18, 1828 —, 1832 5, 1901	Fam.	No.	69

Andrew Rankin was a farmer and lived near Springhill, Ind. His third wife was the widow of Joseph Mitchell and a sister of John Logan, Family No. 28. Alvin and Clayton, sons of the second wife, went to Kansas.

FAMILY NO. 26.

Gen	. Family.	E	Born.	Ma	irried.	I	dieā.	Refe	erence	2.
3	Samuel L. Anderson	Mar.	25, 1808	Feb.	22, 1831	Dec.	24, 1835	Fam.	No.	8
	Elizabeth McCracken	Mar.				Aug.	12, 1838			
	Isaac Sourdon, 2d H.			Oct.	20, 1837	0-4		T'	NT.	
	James William John Samuel	Nov.	17 1833	Uct. Tan	10, 1051	Oct.	24, 1835	Fam.		
	David Logan	July	$\frac{1}{1835}$	Jan.	17, 1007			J 6141.	110.	/~

S. L. Anderson was a farmer and lived near Springhill, Indiana.

FAMILY NO. 27.

Gen	. Family.	Born.				Died.		•		e.
3	George A. Anderson Sophia Reede Mary Barr, 2d W Sarah Finley Samuel Logan	Feb. May May	3, 1812 17, 1817 30, 1832	Aug. Nov. Sept.	11, 1831 10, 1841 —, 1856	Mar. Nov.	1841 12, 1887 4, 1860	Fam.	No.	8
	James Newton Hetty Ann William Barr	Oct. Sept.	6, 1839 17, 1842	Feb. Unma	23, 1864 arried	Sept. Dec.	24, 1874 28, 1910	Fam.	No.	73
	Margaret Jane George Adam	July	31, 1847	Oct.	26, 1871		0, 0,	Fam.	No.	74

George Anderson was a farmer and lived near Springhill, Indiana.

Sarah married Hugh Logan and left one child who died when a few months old.

Samuel was a civil engineer; he enlisted as a private in Company F, 7th Indiana Volunteers, and served three years and three months when he was compelled to resign on account of ill health. He ranked as 2d lieutenant at the time of his resignation. He was married and had one child. Wife and child are dead.

George, Jr., is a farmer and lives near Greensburg, Indiana.

FAMILY NO. 28.

Gen	. Family.	E	Born.	$M \epsilon$	arried.	I	Died.	Ref	rence	2.
3	John Edward Logan. Hetty Ann Anderson Eliza Kerrick, 2d W.	Sept.	16, 1812	Oct.	11, 1834 11, 1834 1843		1899 1842 1 89 3	Fam.	No.	8
	George Douglass Margaret Jane	June	11, 1835			Feb.	5, 1836			
	Mary Anderson Emma	July	12, 1839	Nov.	14, 1859	Mar	1872	Fam.	No.	7 5
	Nancy Ann	Mar.	29, 1847	May	10, 1005	Nov.	4, 1876			
	James Henry Lillian Ester William Walter	_	1852				16, 1851 3, 1888			

John Logan was a farmer and lived near Springhill, Indiana.

Miss Margaret taught thirty-three years in the public schools of Indiana and is (1914) living near Greensburg, Indiana, R. R. No. 12.

Emma, daughter of the second wife, married W. H. Scott, a veteran of the Civil War, who died June 19, 1885. He was a farmer and they lived near Greensburg, Ind. Her children were Fred Gillespie, born 1870, a farmer, living near Greensburg, unmarried; Nannie Lillian, born 1878, who became the wife of Samuel V. Goddard, a machinist, living in Cambridge, Mass. Their children are Charlotte, now (1914) eight years old, and Raymond Scott, four years old. William Walter, born 1881, a farmer near Greensburg, married Hazel Walker, no children; and Robert L., born 1884, a farmer near Greensburg, married Martha McCall. They have one child, Marshall L., born 1909.

Lillian was a teacher. She married but left no children.

Rev. W. W. Logan graduated from Monmouth College and Allegheny Seminary. He was pastor of the First U. P. church in Portland, Oregon, four years, afterward had charges in San Jose and Los Angeles, Cal., for about eighteen years. Since leaving California in 1910, he has organized the First U. P. church in Washington, D. C., and is (1914) in Louisville, Ky. He married Charlotte Nechlin in 1889. They have two children, John Edward, born 1890, and Lillian B., born 1891.

FAMILY NO. 29.

Gen	. Family.	E	Born.	Ma	irried.	I	ied.	Ref	erence	e.
3	Samuel Marshall Jane McCord Russell George Armstrong	July	24, 1807	Sept. Sept.	16, 1830 16, 1830	Dec.	14, 1872 22, 1862 8, 1848	Fam.	No.	9
	Samuel Alexander James Gamble John Reynolds	July Jan.	20, 1833 22, 1835	May		Sept. Sept.	23, 1849	Fam.	No.	76
	Margeret Jane William Russell Armstrong Logan .	June June Sept.	24, 1838 24, 1838 25, 1840	Mar. Apr.	3, 1863 19, 1864	Oct.		Fam. Fam.	No. No.	77 78
	Mary Ann Elizabeth Rankin . Son George Alexander .	Oct. Mav	10, 1843		5, 1872	Oct. May	21, 1864 4, 1861 18, 1847 21, 1899	Fam.	No.	79

Samuel Marshall was engaged in farming and tanning and lived near Hardin, Shelby Co., Ohio.

FAMILY NO. 30.

Gen	. Family.	E	Born.	Ma	irried.	7	ded.	Ref	erence	2.
3	David Kendall, Mary Ann Russell . William Henry	Apr. Jan.	27, 1809 9, 1835	Nov. Dec.	14, 1837	Apr. Aug.	19, 1866 9, 1897	Fam. Fam.	No. No.	9 80
	Margaret Jane Son Mary E Lettitia Jane	Mar. May	24, 1839 4, 1840			Sept.	24, 1839			
	Alex. Armstrong . John Calvin Andrew C	Jan. Mar.	10, 1845 27, 1848	Apr.	7, 1874	July	4, 1898 17, 1852	Fam. Fam.		

David Kendall was a carpenter. He lived on a farm near Piqua, Ohio. Mary became the wife of David R. Keyt, who died Dec. 21, 1875. He was a carpenter and they lived in Piqua, Ohio. They left no children.

FAMILY NO. 31.

Gen	. Family.	Born.		Married.				Reference.		2.
3	John P. Anderson	Jan.	21, 1818			Feb.	10, 1862	Fam.	No.	10
	Marg. H. Williamson William Patton Charles Houston Ellen Cornyn			Oct.	24. 1870	Oct. Mar.	16, 1863			
	Ellen Cornyn	Jan.	13, 1847	Dec.	5, 1867		, . , . ,	Fam.	No.	83
	Isabella W Alice Carothers Alex. Augustus	Sept. Mar.	11, 1850 16, 1852			Apr.	27, 1851			

John P. Anderson was an attorney-at-law. He was appointed assistant deputy attorney general at Pittsburgh by Governor Porter, and afterward practiced law at Huntingdon, Pa., and was associated with John Edgar Thompson in contracting for the building of the Pennsylvania Railroad.

William P. served in the Civil War and was promoted by Secretary Cameron, for galantry in the first Bull Run battle, from private in the 71st New York State Volunteers to first lieutenant of Company B, 5th Regular Infantry. He died from the effect of exposure in the service.

C. H. Anderson served in the Civil War in the 1st Pennsylvania Reserve, cavalry. He was wounded at Fredericksburg. He has recently

been in the real estate business in Huntingdon, Pa. He married Nannie LaValle Blair, Oct. 24, 1870. They have no children.

Alexander A. lives in Huntingdon, Pa.

FAMILY NO. 32.

Gen	. Family.	Е	Born.	$M \alpha$	irried.	I	Died.	Refe	rence?	2.
4	James P. Johnston .	May	8, 1821	Dec.	25, 1850	Aug.	19, 1882	Fam.	No.	11
	Mary Lamb	Dec.	22, 1831	Dec.	25, 1850					
	Winfield	Dec.	11, 1851		•	Jan.	16, 1852	~~	37	_
	Isabella	Mar.	27, 1853	Aug.	24, 1873	^ .	0.0	Fam.	No.	85
	Isadore	Mar.	22, 1857	**		Oct.	3, 1858	_		~ -
	Margaret Ann	July	21, 1860	Nov.	12, 1887			Fam.		
	Milly				30, 1882			Fam.	No.	87
	Mary	Nov.	22, 1866			May	9, 1879			
	Jemima	July	19, 1874	Mar.	27, 1907			Fam.	No.	88

James P. Johnston served in the Civil War in Company I, 156th Regiment, Ohio Volunteers. After the war he worked as a carpenter at Montezuma, Ohio, until April 9, 1870, when he moved to Wells County, Indiana. The last few years of his life he was an invalid in the Soldiers' Home, Dayton, Ohio.

FAMILY NO. 33.

Gen	. Family.	E	Born.	M a	irried.	I	ied.	Refe	rence	?.
4	James W. Akin Hannah Johnston	Dec.	25, 1825	Nov.	6, 1851 6, 1851	Feb.	21, 1888	Fam.	No.	11
	Jane	Sept.	21, 1853	Mar.	9, 1889		18, 1852 8, 1858	Fam.	No.	89
	Margaret Ellen Clara Bell	Mar. Sept.	4, 1859 18, 1863	Sept. Mar.	12, 1877 23, 1882	Mar.	23, 1887	Fam. Fam.	No. No.	90 91

James Akin is a farmer and lives in Laramie Township, Shelby Co., Ohio (1912).

FAMILY NO. 34.

Gen	. Family.	E	Born.	$M \alpha$	arried.	Died.	Refe	rence	?.
4	Samuel Akin Isabella Johnston James Louisa	Feb.	26, 1856		1877	July 1, 1867 Living, 1913	Fam. Fam. Fam.	No.	92
	Jennie David	May	2, 1860	Mar.	12, 1893	July 4, 1866	Fam.	No.	94
	Catharine	Aug.	12, 1866	Sept.	6, 1888	july 4, 1800	Fam.	No.	95

Samuel Akin was a farmer and lived near Dawson, Ohio.

FAMILY NO. 35.

Gen	. Family.	E	Born.	$M \epsilon$	arried.	I	Died.	Refe	erence	٥.
4	James_Campbell	Oct.	25, 1825	Feb.	20, 1850	July	4, 19 05	Fam.	No.	13
	Mary Douglass			Feb.	20, 1850	Dec.	12, 19 00			
	Margaret McClure.	Dec.	20, 1850	Oat				Fam.	NT o	4.0
	Anna Belle Charles D	Ang	15, 1653	Mar	11, 1077	Tune	20 1011	ram.	No.	90
	John Johnston			1.141.	, 1004	Jane	30, 1911			
	Watson Douglass .	Feb.	13, 1859	Oct.	14, 188 5			Fam.	No.	97
	Mary Frances					May	24, 1904			-
	Otis Howard	July	26, 1867							

James Campbell was a farmer and lived in Toboyne Township, Perry Co., Pa., until 1870, when he moved with his family to Kansas, first locat-

ing at Baldwin and later at Lyndon. He served his country during the Civil War as a member of Company C, 9th Pennsylvania Cavalry.

Margaret, John, and Watson are farming (1914) near Fayetteville, Ark. Charles married Martha Playford. They had no children and resided in Yuba City, California, at the time of his death. He was a carpenter.

Frances was a teacher and lived at Lyndon, Kansas.

Howard is a physician, located (1914) in St. Louis, Mo. He is a member of the visiting staff of the City Hospital and his address is 3542 Washington Avenue.

FAMILY NO. 36.

Gen	Gen. Family.		Born.		Married.		Pied.	Reference.		
4	Alexander Campbell . Eleanor T. Herron . Son	Nov. Dec.	12, 1827 9, 1833 1874	Feb.	27, 1873 27, 1873	Feb. Livin	17, 1905 g, 1914 1874	Fam.	No.	13

Alexander Campbell was a farmer and lived near Doylesburg, Pa. Mrs. Campbell still lives in the same community.

FAMILY NO. 37.

Gen	. Family.	E	Born.	$M \epsilon$	arried.	I	Died.	Ref	erenc	e.
4	J. Johnston Campbell Mary Ann Junkin Christian Weldy,	Apr.	12, 1830	Mar. Mar.	29, 1854 29, 1854	Aug.	21, 1865	Fam.	No.	13
	2d H. Annie E. John J. Margaret L.	Mar.	4, 1855 20, 1857	Feb.	6, 1879	Oct	TS 1862	Fam.	No.	98
	Margaret L	Dec. Jan. Mar.	13, 1859 3, 1862 7, 1864	May Mar.	10, 1879 —, 1881	Dec. July Sept.	29, 1883 7, 1896 2, 1865			

Johnston Campbell was a farmer and lived in Franklin County, Pa.

Maggie became the wife of George Cooper; they lived near McConnellsburg, Pa. She had one son, who died in childhood.

Mary became the wife of Willian Line, a farmer near Doylesburg, Pa. She had one daughter, who died in childhood.

FAMILY NO. 38.

Gen	. Family.	E	Born.	M_{c}	arried.	1	Died.	Ref	ereno	ce.
4	Robert S. Campbell .	Mar.	5, 1832	Feb.	24, 1863	July	28, 1896	Fam.	No.	13
	Anna Clymans Ida	Nov. Mav	5, 1841 14, 1865	Feb. Mar.	24, 1863 5, 1880			Fam.	No	00
	William	Mar.	4, 1867	Jan.	 , 1900			Fam.		
	Mary Blanche M. Jane			Nov.	24, 1904					
	Lademma E	Feb.	14, 1874			_		Fam.	No.	IOI
	John J	Nov.	6, 1875			Dec.	28, 1881			
	Margaret	Apr.	7, 1883	Apr.	3, 1915					

Robert Campbell was a farmer and lived in Franklin County, Pa.

M. Jane is a teacher, now (1911) employed in Waynesboro, Pa.

Mary is the wife of George S. Horn, attorney-at-law, Balantine, Mont. They have no children.

Mrs. Campbell lives in Dry Run, Pa.

Margaret became the wife of James Clyde Harris, a farmer near Mercersburg, Pa.

FAMILY NO. 39.

Gen	. Family.	E	Born.	$M \alpha$	irried.	I	ied.	Refe	renc	e.
4	Hance A. Campbell. Bathsheba Long, A.							Fam.	No.	13
	Mary V. Long, 2d W. Carrie Widney, 3d W.	-	-, <u>-</u>	Dec.	8, 1898	•	_, _ ,			
	Johnston E	Mar.		Oct.	25, 1897			Fam.	No.	102
	Minerva E Frederick J	Sept.	10, 1876	Aug.	31, 1899			Fam.	No.	103
	Russell C Earl					Aug.	14, 1910			
	Vada M	May	19, 1897							
	Gertrude A John Thomas									
_	Edna May					_	_	_		

Hance Campbell was a farmer and lived near Doylesburg, Pa.

Russell graduated from the Medicio-Chirurgical College in 1909 and was practicing his profession in New Germantown, Pa., at the time of his death.

Earl is a farmer and lives (in 1913) near Doylesburg, Pa.

FAMILY NO. 40.

Gen	. Family.	Born.		Ma	irried.	Die a	l.	Ref	erenc	e.
	William R. McKeen Eliza Johnston Anna F. Crawford,					Before	191 <i>2</i> 1866			
	2d W Frank	About :	1853	Nov.	11, 1880			Fam.	No.	I

W. R. McKeen was president of the McKeen National Bank of Terre Haute, Ind.

Frank married Mary McGregor. They have no children. My information is, in 1914, that, "Frank McKeen, president of the McKeen National Bank of Terre Haute, is recognized as a man of large financial ability and in every respect a first class citizen."

FAMILY NO. 41.

Gen	. Family.	B	orn.	Mar	rried.	L	ied.	•	Ref	erenc	e.
4	Samuel A. Johnston					Living			Fam.	No.	15
	Margaret S. Adams . Arthur A	May	7, 1866		1865 1889	Living	g,	1913	Fam.	No.	104
	George James Edmund				-	Feb.		1886			
	Thomas Corwin	Aug.	29, 1871			Dec. Oct.	5,	1872			
	John McGill Robert Russell					June Mar.					
	Marshall Alvin	Mar.	15, 1877	_		Sept.					
	Margaret Elisabeth Warren Wilmot			Jan.	8, 1906 1905				Fam.	No.	105

Samuel Johnston is a farmer and lived near New Germantown, Pa., until 1887, when he moved near to Spring Run, Pa. He served his country during the Civil War as a member of Company F, 208 Regiment, Pennsylvania Volunteers.

Margaret E. became the wife of J. Daniel Stitt. They keep a restaurant in Bellwood, Pa. They have no children.

FAMILY NO. 42.

Gen	. $Family.$	E	Born.	Married.	1	Died.	Ref	ereno	e.
4	James A. Anderson. Lettitia A. Johnston Emma Rhoads, 2d W. Deliah Hollenbaugh,				Oct. Oct.	29, 1906 27, 1878	Fam.	No.	15
	3d W	Mar.	27, 1869				Fam.	No.	106
	Mary Elizabeth George Alice Margaret Lettitia Maud Thomas James F. Della Charles B.	Nov. May Apr. Apr. July May Oct.	29, 1872 25, 1874 18, 1877 16, 1885 6, 1888 21, 1890 7, 1892				Fam. Fam.		

James Anderson was a farmer and lived near New Germantown, Pa. Jane is a teacher; she lives in Detroit, Mich.

Mary and Maggie live with Margaret Johnston, their aunt, near New Germantown.

FAMILY NO. 43.

Gen	. Family.	B	Born.	Mai	rried.	Died.	Refe	erenc	e.
4	Alex. A. Johnston	Nov.	28, 1847	May	1, 1884		Fam.	No.	15
	Sarah A. Alexander . George Russell	July	1, 1885		1, 1884 8, 1910		Fam.	No.	109
	Marshall								
	Raymond Lee								
	Moyne	Dec.	27, 1895						

A. A. Johnstoh is a farmer and lived near New Germantown, Pa., until 1897, when he moved near to Chambersburg, Pa.

Marshall has (1913) taken up a half section sixteen miles from Blachford, Idaho, is living on it and expects to acquire title in November, 1914. Mary is (1913) teaching history and science in the Boonton High School, New Jersey.

Raymond is a member of the class of 1917 at Washington and Jefferson College.

FAMILY NO. 44.

Gen	. Family.	E	Born.	Married.				Reference.		e.
4	Harry W. Gutshall. Mary E. Johnston. Calvin Skinner,	Aug.	15, 1848	Feb. Feb.	—, 1874 —, 1874	May May	, 1874 15, 1884	Fam.	No.	16
	2d H Mrs. Sadie Kerlin, 2d W McGinley J Earl R Son Daughter	Dec. Dec.	1, 188 <i>2</i> 1, 188 <i>2</i>	Dec.	20, 1905	Ĵan.	17, 1911 8, 1901 20, 1883 28, 1884	Fam.	No.	110

Harry Gutshall was a farmer and lived near Blain, Pa.

Calvin Skinner was a farmer and, at the time of his wife's death, lived near Spring Run, Pa. He lives (in 1914) at Dry Run, Pa.

FAMILY NO. 45.

Gen	. Family.	E	Born.	$M \alpha$	irried.	I	Died.	Ref	erenc	e.
4	James Johnston	May	28, 1850	Nov.	9, 1876			Fam.	No.	16
•	Nora I Elder	Mar.	24. 1851	Nov.	9.1870	reD.	11, 1900	Fam	Νo	* 7 *
	Lettitia Cora Stark Alexander .	Dec.	29, 1877	Dec.	29, 1090	Feb.	8, 1882	ram.	NO.	111
	Alma Mary	Nov.	13, 1880			200.	0, 1002			
	Frank Elder	Nov.	5, 1882	Feb.	11,1915					
	William Russeli .							Fam.	Νīο	
	Bessie Glen James Merle	July	1, 1805					rain.	110.	112
	Helen Margaret	Jan.	2, 1894			Apr.	4, 1915			

James Johnston, Alma, Frank, and Russell live near New Germantown, Pa., upon the farm which has descended from father to son since 1791. Frank married Alma S. Morrison, of New Germantown, Pa. Frank and Russell are rural mail carriers.

FAMILY NO. 46.

Gen	. Family.	E	Born.	Ma	ried.	I	Died.	Refer	rence.
4	Dr. A. R. Johnston .	Jan.	26, 1856	Sept.	4, 1884			Fam. I	No. 16
	Laura T. Willhide . Russell Willhide .							Fem. I	No. 113
	Frank Alexander . Clarence Edgar			_		Nov.	30, 1903		
	Anna Catharine John William	Feb.	20, 1895					·	

A. R. Johnston graduated from the Jefferson Medical College, Philadelphia, Pa., in the class of 1881, spent a year at the same school in postgraduate work, served a year as resident physician in the Philadelphia Hospital, and is now practicing medicine in New Bloomfield, Pa. It is customary, I believe, for distinguished looking authors to embellish their works with portraits of themselves, but my experience with photographers teaches me that they have no respect for the feelings of their patrons, and I will, therefore, portray my own features so that I think you will recognize me as soon as you see me, and if you never see me you may like the portrait better than you would like me. I was five feet, eleven; bony and angular, and weighed one hundred seventy to one hundred seventy-five before I began to wilt and curl up. My recollection is that my hair was brown. Charitable people say that my eyes are brown but, if otherwise disposed, they might with equal truth call them yellow. A description of my nose would be premature because it is not yet done growing. At present I weigh from one hundred thirty-five to one hundred forty, depending upon the humidity of the atmosphere, and I do not know how tall I would be if I were carefully laundered. A careful survey of my architecture seems to justify the conclusion that nature's original intention was to develop a pretty good specimen of mankind, but some evil influence has bankrupted the enterprise. My intellect has been subjected to the developing influence of the public school, an academy and a medical college. These were preceded by a preparatory course under the guidance of a good mother and I am now taking a post-graduate under the tutelage of a good wife. If my attainments are meager, for one so highly favored, I

leave to my friends to decide whether my shortcomings are due to defective raw material or to over-training. Morally and religiously, I belong to that large class of Christians who are strong on profession, precise in doctrine, strict in criticism and regular dodgers in practice.

Frank received the B.S. degree in the civil engineering department of the New Mexico School of Mines in 1913.

Catharine is a member of the class of 1917 at Wilson College, Chambersburg, Pa.

John is (1914) a student at the New Bloomfield Academy and intends to enter college next year.

FAMILY NO. 47.

Gen	. Family.	Born.	Married.	Died.	Reference.
	Hon. John B. Stambaugh	Oct. 18, 1856	Sept. 26, 1882 Sept. 26, 1882		Fam. No. 16
4	Maggie J. Johnston . Armstrong A	Sept. 29, 1859 June 1, 1885	Mar. 31, 1910		Fam. No. 114
	Sarah F	Aug. 14, 1886 Jan. 26, 1889	Apr. 22, 1914		
	Maggie	Aug. 18, 1892	ļ		
	Jennings B Alma				

John Stambaugh is a farmer and lived in Perry County, Pa., until 1888, when he moved to Hardin County, Ohio. He has served two terms as commissioner of Hardin County and been twice elected to the legislature from the same county. He now lives in Ada, Ohio.

Armstrong graduated from the classical department of the Northwestern University, Ada, Ohio, and also from the law school of the Harvard University in the class of 1913. He is (1914) practicing law in Cleveland, Ohio.

John F. received the A.B. degree from the classical department of Harvard University in 1913 and is now engaged in onion farming near Ada, Ohio.

Maggie became the wife of Roy P. Mathuson.

FAMILY NO. 48.

Gen	. Family.	E	Born.	M	arried.	I	Died.	Ref	ereno	e.
4	John Linn Margaret McClure . Alexander McClure Mary Ann	Oct. Mar. May	31, 1823 19, 1846 2, 1848	May Nov. Dec.	—, 1845 3, 1887 29, 1870	Mar. Dec. Nov.	31, 1889 24, 1912 26, 1908	Fam.	No.	115
	William	Oct. Nov.	22, 1856 3, 1859			Mar.	14, 1861 1, 1870 1, 1862			

John Linn lived in Chambersburg, Pa., and was engaged in farming. John Edwin lives (1912) in Pinegrove, Louisiana. He is a railroad conductor and a rice planter.

FAMILY NO. 49.

Gen	. Family.	\boldsymbol{B}	orn.	M	arried.	I	Died.	Refe	renc	e.
-	Col. Alexander K. McClure Matilda Gray Cora Gratz William Anderson.	Sept.	9, 1828	Feb. Feb. Unm	10, 1852 10, 1852 arried.	June Nov. June		Fam.	No.	18

During his youth, I am told, Col. A. K. McClure was what is commonly known as a bad boy, the despair of the school master, etc. At the age of fifteen his father apprenticed him to learn the tanning trade and soon after his graduation from the tannery he embarked upon a career that led from obscurity to prominence in the councils of state and nation. He was editor of the Sentinal, a Whig paper published in Mifflin, Pa., from 1846 until 1850, editor of the Franklin Repository, published in Chambersburg, Pa., from 1850 until 1855, member of the convention that met in Pittsburgh in 1855 to organize the Republican party in Pennsylvania, elected member of the legislature by Franklin County in 1857 and again in 1858, elected state senator in 1859, chairman of the Republican State Committee during the first Lincoln campaign, during the early part of the Civil War he was chairman on the senate committee on military affairs, delegate at large to the Republican National Convention of 1864, elected to the legislature in 1864, state senator as an Independent in 1872, and soon afterward he became editor of the Philadelphia Times, a position that he filled with distinction for about a quarter of a century. These are a few of the incidents of a life whose record it is not necessary to relate here in detail because it is a part of current history.

FAMILY NO. 50.

Gen	. Family.	В	orn.	Married.	I	Pied.	Refere	ence.
4	Hon. Samuel Lupfer Matilda McClure Murray J	Oct. June	29, 1829 11, 1852	Nov. 26, 1850 Mar. 22, 1881	June	17, 1909	Fam. N	o. 18
	James Marshall Alex. McClure Wm. Anderson	Sept.	17, 1855	Dec. 25, 1893	-	14, 1884 26, 1857	Fam. N	o. 118
	Isabella Anderson . Mary Ellen Samuel Lincoln Edward Payson	Feb. May Nov.	23, 1859 23, 1861 29, 1863	Sept. 18, 1883 Aug. 29, 1888	5-	20, 103,	Fam. N Fam. N Fam. N	o. 120

Samuel Lupfer followed the tanning business in Jackson Township, Perry Co., Pa., and at Beavertown, Pa., until the year 1884, when he removed to Kansas and engaged in farming. During his residence in Perry County he was elected associate judge. In 1897 he and his wife moved to Yeagertown, Pa., where she now (1914) lives.

Edward P. is a civil engineer. He lives in Buffalo, N. Y., and is engaged in engineering and contract work.

FAMILY NO. 51.

Gen					rried.			Ref.	ereno	e.
4	Martin Rouser Sarah C. McClure	June Aug.	8, 1832 10, 1833	June Tune	9, 1857 9, 1857	Oct.	16, 1889	Fam.	No.	18
7	Alex. McClure Isabella Anderson.	Mar.	31, 1858	Oct.	, 1858	Apr.	3, 1888	Fem. Fam.	No. No.	122 123
	William Howard . Rosa Lee	Nov. Tan.	10, 1861			Feb.	-1872			·
	Mary Josephine	Sept.	24, 1867	June	9, 1889		, ,	Fam.	No.	124
\mathbf{N}	Iartin Rouser was	a far	mer and	lived	in Thi	ırmoı	nt, Md.			

Mrs. Rouser now (1914) makes her home with her daughters.

FAMILY NO. 52.

Gen	. Family.	I	Born.	M c	urried.	1	Died.	Ref	erenc	ce.
4	Alex. Blaine Grosh. Mary Caroline Smith	Mar. Feb.	12, 1846 6, 1846	Oct. Oct.	8, 1868 8, 1868			Fam.	No.	19
	Daughter	July July Nov.	20, 1869 13, 1872 27, 1873				20, 1869 16, 1885 30, 1878	Fam.	No.	125

A. B. Grosh served his country during the Civil War as a member of Company G, 9th Pennsylvania Cavalry. After the war he engaged in farming near Andersonburg, Pa., until 1879, when he was elected prothonotary of Perry County. He was re-elected to this office three years later and has been post master in New Bloomfield for a number of years.

FAMILY NO. 53.

Gen	. Family.	Born.	Married.	1	Died.	Referenc	e.
4	Theoph. H. Butturf. Isabella B. Anderson Mrs. Annie Fitzger-	Aug. 10, 1854		Jan.	11, 1881	Fam. No.	20
	ald, 2d W Mary Elenor	Dec. 16, 1878	Unmarried.				

Theophilus Butturf lives in Newport, Pa. He owns a grist mill, a bottling works, and is engaged in the ice business.

Mary lives with her father.

FAMILY NO. 54.

Gen. Born. Died. Family. Married. Reference. William B. Anderson Dec. 17, 1856 Sept. 22, 1909 May 14, 1912 Fam. No. Minnie M. Flickinger June 22, 1867 Sept. 22, 1909

William Anderson was a clerk and during the later years of his life resided in New Bloomfield, Pa.

Mrs. Anderson lives in New Bloomfield, Pa.

FAMILY NO. 55.

Gen	. Family.	E	Born.	Ma	rried.	Died.	Referenc	e.
	C. A. Anderson Bathsheba Ann	Dec.	27, 1863	Apr,	8, 1909		Fam. No.	20
	Briggs No children.	Apr.	22, 1878	Apr.	8, 1909			

Arthur Anderson is a farmer and lives at Andersonburg, Pa., on the property upon which his great-grandfather established his home nearly a century and a half since.

FAMILY NO. 56.

Gen.	Family.	E	Born.	$M \epsilon$	arried.	Died.	•	erenc	
4	Dr. B. H. Anderson . Mary E. Rice Mae K William R Samuel L Mary I. B Benjamin H	Oct. Aug. Apr. Aug. Dec.	14, 1870 14, 1890 25, 1893 27, 1896 27, 1901	Nov. Nov.	26, 1890 26, 1890		Fam.	No.	20

Dr. Anderson is a physician in the Pennsylvania Railroad service. His address is (1914) 1309 Centre St., Wilkinsburg, Pa.

FAMILY NO. 57.

Gen		_	Born.		ırried.	Died.	Reference.
4	James A. Douglass . Sarah Jones	Dec.	3, 1830	Aug.	27, 1868	Jan. 13, 1893	Fam. No. 21
	Joseph P	Aug.	2, 1869	Aug. Oct.	27, 1868 30, 1900	Living, 1911	Fam. No. 126
	Dora					Aug. 14, 1873	

James Douglass lived in the vicinity of Camden, Ohio. Dora lives in Camden, Ohio.

FAMILY NO. 58.

Gen	. Family.	Born.	Married.	Died.	Reference.
4	Chalmers Reynolds. Mary Jane Douglass. James Wilberforce	Mar. 27, 1833 Dec. 18, 1865	May 24, 1854 May 24, 1854 Unmarried.	Feb. 28, 1866	Fam. No. 21

J. W. Reynolds (1911) lives in Muskeegoo, Oklahoma.

FAMILY NO. 59.

Gen	. Family.	E	Born.	Mai	rried.	D	ied.	Ref	erenc	e.
4	Thomas C. Douglass. Sophia Hunsicker	Jan.	17, 1837	Mar. Mar.	1, 1866 1, 1866	Mar.	1, 1882	Fam.	No.	23
	Charles Elizabeth Katharine	Nov. Dec.	16, 1863 13, 1865	Jan. Unmar	5, 1893 rried.			Fam. Fam.	No. No.	127 128
	Mary Eva Anice	July	9, 1873					Fam.	No.	129

Thomas C. Douglass and family lived near Bath, Ind. He was a farmer.

FAMILY NO. 60.

Gen	. Family.	Born.	Married.	Died.	Reference.
4	George Major Margaret Ann Doug-	• •	1867	July 6, 1895	Fam. No. 23
•	lass Irene Samuel S	Sept. 3, 1839 Feb. 28, 1868 Sept. 4, 1874	Aug 28, 1007	July 25, 10//	Fam No 120
G	eorge Major and f	amily lived n	ear Frankfor	t, Ind. He w	as a farmer.

FAMILY NO. 61.

Gen		Born.			
4	William A. Douglass Mary Ramsey Ida	May —, 1841 June —, 1844	Mar. 2, 1869 Mar. 2, 1869	Apr. —, 1909 Dec. —, 1886	Fam. No. 23
	IdaEllaArthurMary	Dec. —, 1871 Nov. —, 1874	1007		Fam. No. 132 Fam. No. 133
	Walter R Ross Carl L	Mar. —, 1880 July —, 1883		Apr. —, 1899	1 am. 110. 133

W. A. Douglass served his country, four years, during the Civil War, as a member of Co. D, 47th Regiment, Ohio Volunteers. He lived most of his life in Preble County, Ohio, but his residence was in Litchfield, Ky., at the time of his death. He was a farmer.

Ida became the wife of John McCouch. They live in College Corner and are engaged in the grocery business.

Professor W. R. Douglass teaches music in the State Normal School, Indiana, Pa.

Carl L. Douglass is a photographer and lives in Indiana, Pa.

FAMILY NO. 62.

Gen.	Family.	E	Born.	Ma	irried.	I	Died.	Ref	ereno	e.
4	James H. Douglass . Jennie Dewitt	Mar. Feb.	10, 1843	Nov.	21, 1866	Dec.	8, 1909 7, 1913	Fam.	No.	23
•	Jennie Dewitt George Rollie H.	Aug. Oct.	11, 1867	Aug. Aug.	11, 1892 4, 1897	Feb.	21, 1910	Fam. Fam.	No. No.	134 135

J. H. Douglass was a farmer and lived near Camden, Ohio.

FAMILY NO. 63.

Gen	. Family.	E	Born.	Ma	irried.	I	ied.	Ref	erenc	e.
4	Robert Douglass	May	15, 1845	Dec.	24, 1874	Feb.	15, 1907	Fam.	No.	23
	Robert Douglass Isabella J. Coulter . Lula	Sept.	10, 1842	Dec.	24, 1874	June	13, 1903	Fam	Mo	+ -6
	Lula Lida M	Jan. Aug	18 1881	Feb.	31, 1907			ram.	TAO.	130
	Mildred A.									

Robert Douglass was a farmer and lived near Oxford, Ohio. Lida is the wife of Clive Killough. They live near Oxford, Ohio. Mildred is the wife of Robert Shockey. They live near Oxford, Ohio.

FAMILY NO. 64.

Gen.	Family.	B	orn.	$M\epsilon$	arried.	L	lied.	•	erenc	
	Robert Irvin Isabella Douglass	Apr. Aug.	1, 1852 31, 1847	Dec. Dec.	24, 1874 24, 1874	Sept.	19, 1883	Fam.	No.	23
	Mollie Hoover, 2d W	July	22, 1878			June	4, 1902			

Robert Irvin was a farmer and lived near Frankfort, Indiana.

FAMILY NO. 65.

Gen.	. Family.		Born.	Ma	rried.	Died.	Reference.	
4	John C. Douglass Eva Teague,	Dec.	31, 1849	Jan.	1, 1879		Fam. No. 2;	3
	Eva Teague,			Jan.	1, 1879 1904		Fam. No. 135 Fam. No. 135	7

John Douglass is past master in College Corner, Ohio (1914).

FAMILY NO. 66.

Gen	. Family.	Born. Marrie		arried.	Died.	Reference.			
4	Benjamin Douglass. Carrie Irene Falk. Infant Earl Falk	Sept.	27, 1884			Sept. 27, 1884	Fam.	No.	23

Benjamin B. Douglass is a farmer and lives (1914) near Camden, Ohio.

FAMILY NO. 67.

Gen	. Family.	Е	Born.	Ma	rried.	Died.	Ref	erenc	e.
4	Samuel J. Douglass . Alma Curry Grace Hoover No children.	June Oct.	20, 1857 1863 4, 1861	May May Feb.	1, 1883 1, 1883 8, 1899	1885	Fam.	No.	23

S. J. Douglass is a farmer and lives near Manson, Indiana.

FAMILY NO. 68.

Gen.	Family.	Born.		Married.	Died.		Reference.		
4	George Pressley Nancy L. Rankin Irvine S Andrew A Orie Idalette	Sept. Nov. Aug.	2, 1829 24, 1856 19, 1858			8, 1888 6, 1859	Fam.	No.	25

Irvine was married and had some children but I have not been able to learn of their whereabouts.

FAMILY NO. 69.

Gen.	. Family.	В	orn.	Married.	Died.	Reference.
4	James Rankin Hadessa Donnell Melville Tappen Eugene	Nov. Feb.	12, 1813 28, 1856	Unmarried.	Sept. 5, 190 Living, 191	Fam. No. 25

James Rankin was a soldier in the Civil War and during the remainder of his life was in failing health. His home was in Thorntown, Ind.

Mother and sons live together in Greenland, Ind. Melville is an invalid and Eugene is engaged in the undertaking business.

FAMILY NO. 70.

Gen	. Family.	B_{i}	orn.	M	arried.	Died.	Referenc	e.
4	Samuel A. Rankin . Henrietta McKee Jennie Sterling, 2d W Elsa	Oct.	1, 1869	Oct.	20, 1868 20, 1868	Mar. 20, 1880	Fam. No.	25

S. A. Rankin lives in Pittsburg, Ind. (in 1910). He is employed by and interested with a firm that carries on a large manufacturing business.

FAMILY NO. 71.

Gen	. Family.	E	Born.	Married.				Reference.		e.
4	James W. Anderson Lavonia Hopkins	Mar.	24, 1832	Oct.	16, 1851	Oct.	26, 1892	Fam.	No.	26
	Alice Elizabeth	Dec.	28, 1852	June	24, 1873	Dec.	23, 1909	Fam. Fam.	No.	139
	Samuel Birney Mary E	Sept.	29, 1857	Unmarried.		4	0	ram.	110,	140
	John Lyle H	May	26, 1871	Unma	rried.	Apr.	10, 1870			
	James William	Aug.	5, 1874							

J. W. Anderson, Sr., was a farmer and lived near Richland, Indiana.

Mary, Lyle, and James live (in 1911) in the ancestral home.

J. W. Anderson, after the death of his brother, J. S. Anderson, took the brother's son into his family and gave him a home until he reached manhood.

Freddy Thomas, born September, 1867, was a member of the same household after the death of his mother, which occurred when he was four months old.

FAMILY NO. 72.

Gen	. Family.	E	Born.	Married.		Died.		Died.		Reference.		
4	John S. Anderson Priscilla Hopkins	Nov.	17, 1833	Jan.	17, 1867			Fam.	No.	26		
	Infant	Tune	21. 1868			Dec	15, 1868					
	John William	Sept.	29, 1869	Feb.	11, 1895		- 5, -000	Fam.	No.	141		

J. S. Anderson lived near Clarksburg, Ind. After his death the son became a member of the household of his uncle, J. W. Anderson.

FAMILY NO. 73.

Gen.	Family.	\boldsymbol{E}	orn.	$M_{ m c}$	arried.	I	Pied.	Ref	erenc	e.
4	James N. Anderson Matilda Wright	Oct.	6, 1839	Feb. Feb.	23, 1864 23, 1864	Sept.	24, 1874	Fam.	No.	27
	Cora Sophia Katharine Wright.	Sept.	1865				2, 1877			
	John Wilder	Oct.	 ,.1870			Mar.	26, 1877			

J. N. Anderson served his country three years and six months in the Civil War. He enlisted as a private in the 17th Indiana Infantry, was transferred to Wilder's brigade of mounted infantry, was a member of John T. Wilder's general staff and ranked as major when he resigned. He was married by the chaplain of the 17th Regiment. He lived at Rushville, Ind., at the time of his death.

Katharine is the wife of George D. Kilborn, a mine owner. They live in Reno, Nev., and have no children.

FAMILY NO. 74.

Gen. Family.		Born.		Married.		Died.	Reference.		
4	Wm. Elisha Rock- wood Marg. Jane Anderson George Otis William Moore Charles Parkham . Helen Mary Mary Esther Margaret Anderson	July Aug. Mar. Apr. May Jan.	31, 1847 7, 1872 14, 1874 4, 1877 29, 1881 19, 1883	Oct. May Apr.	26, 1871 1, 1906 4, 1905	Dec. 28, 1908 Living, 1913 Oct. 24, 1889	Fam. No. 27		

W. E. Rockwood lived in Indianapolis, Ind. He was engaged in the

manufacture of saw mill machinery, pulleys, and frictions. The pulleys and frictions are his own inventions. They are made of paper and much of the machinery used in their manufacture was devised by him.

Mrs. Rockwood lives (1913) in Indianapolis, Ind., 1220 No. Alabama St. The three sons now conduct the business established by the father.

C. P. Rockwood is a graduate of Massachusetts Institute of Technology. Margaret was the wife of John Pemberton Goodwin.

FAMILY NO. 75.

Gen. Family.		Born.		Ma	rried.	D	ied.	Reference.		
4	John N. Gillespie Mary A. Logan Grace Darling Fanny Baldridge . Mary Margaret	July 12 Sept. 1 Apr. 27	2, 1839 1, 1863 7, 1867	Mar.	12, 1889	Feb.	1893 1872 27, 1911	Fam. Fam. Fam. Fam.	No. No.	144 145

J. N. Gillespie and family lived in Greensburg, Ind. He was a grocer.

FAMILY NO. 76.

Gen.	Family.	Born.	Married.	Died.	Reference.
4 Jame Hatti	s G. Marshall . e Weymer	Jan. 22, 1835		Sept. 1, 1867 Tuly 27, 1905	Fam. No. 29
Mi	nnie	June 1, 1866		July 27, 1905 Dec. 26, 1866	

James Marshall did a general merchandising business in Hardin, Ohio.

FAMILY NO. 77.

Gen. Family.		Born.		Married.		Died.		Reference.		
4	William R. Marshall	June	24, 1838	Mar.	3, 1863	Oct.	18, 1910	Fam.	No.	29
	Sarah A. Davis	Feb.	29, 1840	Mar.	3, 1863	Oct.	5, 1912	-	3.7	
	James A							Fam.		
	Charles A Margaret Jane	Aug.	3, 1005	Sent	11, 1000			Fam. Fam.		
	Mary Elizabeth				12, 1093	Tuly	16, 1872	ram.	110.	149
	John Russell	Nov.	4, 1874				31, 1876			

William Marshall was a farmer and lived near Hardin, Oho, until the last few years of his life, which were spent in retirement in Piqua, Ohio.

FAMILY NO. 78.

Gen	. Family.	E	Born.	$M \alpha$	irried.	\mathcal{L}	ied.	Ref	erenc	e.
4	A. Logan Marshall . Mary Burress	Mar.	18, 1842	Apr.	19, 1864	Feb.	7, 1871	Fam.	No.	29
	Margaret Walker Mary B	Apr.	6, 1865	Sept.	10, 1072	Livin	g, 1914			
	Samuel	Oct.	27, 1867			July	24, 1870			
	Robert E									
	Charles C Logan W							Fam.	No.	150

Mrs. Marshall and daughter live in Sidney, Ohio. Mr. Marshall had been manager of the business of the Miami Valley Gas & Fuel Company for about twenty-six years.

Robert (1914) is with the Pennsylvania Railroad Company as land and tax agent, located at present at Pittsburgh, Pa. His wife was Mrs. Anne Peters, daughter of Rev. Hughes, a Presbyterian minister of Piqua, Ohio.

Logan, Jr., is attorney for the Tax Commission, located at Columbus, Ohio. His wife was Miss Mendenhall, of Dayton, Ohio.

FAMILY NO. 79.

Gen	. Family.	Born.		Ma	Married.		Died.		Reference.		
4	Hon. George A. Marshall Mary Caroline Cowan Lucinda Cowan Smith Benjamin L. Samuel	Sept. Dec. Mar. Apr. Nov. Nov.	14, 1848 15, 1854 15, 1856 29, 1874 8, 1881 8, 1881	Nov.	5, 1872	Apr. May July	21, 1899	Fam.			
	Frank R	Dec.	0, 1002								

George Marshall was a member of the fifty-fifth congress. He was an attorney-at-law and practiced in Sidney, Ohio.

Mrs. Marshall and Benjamin (1914) are engaged in fruit culture in Michigan.

Frank is traveling salesman for a Buffalo millinery house.

FAMILY NO. 80.

Gen	. Family.	E	Born.	M	arried.	I	Died.	Ref	erenc	e.
4	Wm. Henry Kendall	Jan.	9, 1835	Dec.	31, 1862	Aug.	9, 1897	Fam.	No.	30
	Margaret McNair Charles Anderson . James Mack Alverdei	Dec. Oct.	18, 1863 10, 1866	Oct. Apr.	23, 1890	Dec. Feb.	8, 1897	Fam. Fam.	No. No.	151 152
	George Franklin .	Jan.	1, 1871	May	9, 1907	reb.	10, 10,0	Fam.	No.	153

Henry Kendall lived near Piqua, Ohio, and was engaged in farming, dairying, and stock raising.

FAMILY NO. 81.

Gen	. Family.	E			Married.		Died.		Reference.		
4	Alexander A. Kendall	Jan.	10, 1845	Apr.	7, 1874			Fam.	No.	30	
	Mary Smithman	Aug.	27, 1851	Apr.	7, 1874			**	37		
	Mary Florence	war.	21, 1875	Mar.	27, 1901			Fam.	No.	154	
	Emma Alice			May	—, 190 3			Fam.	No.	155	
	Agnes Beil			~						_	
	Carrie Celesta	Mar.	5, 1881	Jan.	5, 1905			Fam.	No.	156	
	Julia Elizabeth	Sept.	3, 1883				_				
	David Henry					Mar.	19, 1895				
	John Calvin	Aug.	27, 1889								
	Grace Vashti	May	21, 1894								
	Bernard Smithman	Oct.	10, 1896								

Alexander Kendall is a farmer. He lived near Piqua, Ohio, until about 1888, when he moved to Kansas. He now (1912) lives near Smith Center, Kansas.

The unmarried members of the family all live at home with the parents.

FAMILY NO. 82.

Gen	. Family.	Born.	Married.	Died.	Reference	e.
4	John C. Kendall Lillie A. Smithman .			July 4, 1898 Before 1904	Fam. No.	30
	Ethel Florence	Mar. 30, 1882		Feb. 7, 1904		

John Kendall was a farmer and lived near Piqua, Ohio.

FAMILY NO. 83.

Gen	Gen. Family.		Born.		arried.	Died.	Reference.		
4	John M. Maguire Ellen C. Anderson . Margaret Anderson	Jan.	13, 1847	Dec.	5, 1867	Jan. 17, 1908 Living, 1911 Sept. 19, 1870	Fam. No. 3	I	
	Henrietta	Jan.	3, 1871	Dec.		2020. 19, 10,0			
	Alice Walter P	Apr. Aug.	24, 1872 15, 1876	Apr.	23, 1903		Fam. No. 152	7	

J. M. Maguire was a hardware merchant in Huntingdon, Pa.

Mrs. Maguire and Miss Alice live (in 1911) in Huntingdon, Pa.

Henrietta became the wife of David W. Ritchie, Esq., a teacher in the Correspondence School of Scranton, Pa. They live in Philadelphia, Pa. and have no children.

FAMILY NO. 84.

Gen	. Family.	Born.		Married.	Died.	Reference.		
4	Dr. D. P. Miller Alice C. Anderson Charlotte	Mar.	16, 1852	Sept. —, 1880	Living, 1912 July 17, 1897	Fam. No. 31		

Dr. Miller is engaged in the practice of medicine in Huntingdon, Pa. Miss Charlotta resides with her father.

FAMILY NO. 85.

Gen	. Family.	Е	Born.	Mc	arried.	I	ied.	Ref	erenc	e.
5	Abraham Hudson Isabella Johnston	Apr.	27, 1853	Aug.	24, 1873	May	12, 1893	Fam.	No.	32
	Mahlon Smith, 2d H. Dallas Ottway	May	18, 1875			May	25, 1875			
	Cora Dell Clarence A	Apr.	23, 1879	Aug.	8, 1902			Fam. Fam.	No.	159
	Lizzie James Dennis	Mar.	1, 1885	June	22, 1910			Fam. Fam.	No.	161
	Alexander L Virgil				15, 1906 16, 1909			Fam. Fam.		

Abraham Hudson was a farmer and lived near Warren, Indiana. Mahlon Smith and wife live in Marion, Indiana.

FAMILY NO. 86.

Gen	. Family.	Born.		Married.		Died.		Reference.		
5	John E. Ford Margaret A. Johnston Jacob B. Smith Mary Blanche	Oct.	17, 1858	Feb.	7, 1905	July	26, 1895	Fam.	No.	32

- J. E. Ford was a clerk and lived in Harford City, Indiana.
- J. B. Smith and his wife live in Warren, Indiana. He is a contractor. Miss Blanche graduated from the Warren High School in the class of 1913, and is now the wife of Earl Dean Calvin. They live in Van Buren, Indiana. He is an electrician.

FAMILY NO. 87.

Gen.	Gen. Family.		Born.		Married.		Died.		Reference.		
5 Mi	nly Jonesillie Johnston Blanche	Feb. Mar.	24, 1863 22, 1884	Mar.	30, 1882			Fam. Fam.	No. No.	32 164	
((]	Clifford Gladys Ethel Lelah	Sept. Aug. Apr.	6, 1887 25, 1889 12, 1893	Oct.	10, 1908	July	10, 1888	Fam.	No.	115	
	Vivian Son Madge Wayne Mary	Jan. Nov. Dec. Mar.	22, 1897 30, 1899 18, 1900 26, 1903			Nov.	30, 1899				

Jenly Jones lives near Wheatfield, Indiana, and is extensively engaged in farming and fruit growing.

Guy occupied a responsible position in the office of the "Soo Line" Railway System at Minneapolis, as book-keeper and stenographer, but resigned on account of his health and is now (in 1913) helping in the management of his father's interests.

The unmarried members of the family are all at home (in 1913).

FAMILY NO. 88.

Gen.	Family.	Е	Born.	Ma	rried.	Died.	Referenc	e.
Lewis 5 Jemin No	Clinton Bilbee na Johnston children.	Aug. July	24, 1873 19, 1874	Mar. Mar.	27, 1907 27, 1907		Fam. No.	32

L. C. Bilbee and his wife live near Warren, Indiana. He is a farmer.

FAMILY NO. 89.

Gen. Family.		Born.	Married.	Died.	Reference.			
5	William Akin Ada A. Cain	Sept. 21, 1853	Mar. 9, 1889 Mar. 9, 1889		Fam. No. 33			
	Coila Fave	Nov. 16, 1800	Mai. 9, 1009					

William Akin is a farmer and lives near Houston, Ohio.

Miss Coila is a music teacher. She graduated from the Piqua High School in 1907 and from the Indianapolis Conservatory of Music in 1912.

FAMILY NO. 90.

Gen	. Family.	Bo_{1}	rn.	Ma	rried.	1	Died.	Ref	erenc	e.
5	Charles H. Flinn Margaret E. Akin Timothy Tom Daily . John M. Snow, 3d H.	Mar. Sept. 2	4, 1859 21, 1864	Sept. Dec.	12, 1877 2, 1886 A		, ,	Fam.	No.	33
	James Akin Flinn	Jan.	3, 1881	Dec.	23, 1903			Fam.	No.	166

- C. H. Flinn was a civil engineer and was serving his second term as county surveyor of Shelby County, Ohio, when he died.
- T. T. Daily was station agent and telegraph operator for the Big Four Railroad at Houston, Ohio.

Mr. Snow and his wife live at Houston, Ohio. He is a carpenter and contractor.

FAMILY NO. 91.

Gen	. Family.	Born.	Married.	Died.	Reference.		
5	Nicholas Barr Clara B. Akin Son	Sept. 18, 1863	Mar. 23, 1882 Mar. 23, 1882	Mar. 23, 1887 Feb. 14, 1887	Fam. No. 33		

This family lived on a farm in Shelby County, Ohio.

FAMILY NO. 92.

Gen.	Gen. Family.		Born.	Married.	Died.		Reference.		e.
	James Akin Jennetta Blue Emma Tremper,	Feb.	26, 1856	1877 1877	June	3, 1883	Fam.	No.	34
	2d W. Hannah Samuel William	June Mar.	6, 1878 26, 1880	June 14, 1893 Unmarried.			Fam.	No.	167

James Akin, after six years prospecting in Alaska, engaged in the orange growing industry near Globe, California, where he and his family now (1913) live.

Samuel lives (in 1912) in Springville, Cal. He is an electrician and has charge of Electric Power Company of Springville.

FAMILY NO. 93.

Gen	. Family.	Е	Born.	M	arried.	D	ied.	Ref	erenc	e.
5	William Grimes Louisa Akin Samuel Doren, 2d H. Charlotte Bell Bonnie Kate	Apr. Mar.	8, 1858 31, 1854	July July July	12, 1880 12, 1880 12, 1883	-	24, 1880 fancy.	Fam.		٠.

William Grimes was a farmer and lived in Shelby County, Ohio.

Samuel Deren and wife live in Houston, Ohio. He is a farmer and rural mail carrier.

FAMILY NO. 94.

Gen	. Family.	I	Born.	Ma	irried.	I	Died.	Refer	enc	e.
5	Warren Griffis Jennie Akin J. H. Sloan, 2d H Warnah	May		Mar. Mar.	12, 1893 12, 1893	Apr.	9, 1905	Fam. N	To.	34

Warren Griffis was a grain dealer in Sidney, Ohio.

J. H. Sloan, wife and Miss Warnah live on a farm in Shelby County, Ohio.

FAMILY NO. 95.

Gen. Family.		Born.	Married.	Died.	Reference.
5	Lucian C. Barr Catharine Akin	Dec. 19, 1862 Aug. 12, 1866	Sept. 6, 1888 Sept. 6, 1888		Fam. No. 34

Mr. Barr, his wife and his mother-in-law, Mrs. Isabella Johnston Akin, who is about eighty-five and in feeble health, live on a farm near Dawson, Ohio.

FAMILY NO. 96.

Gen.	Family. Born.		Born.	$M\epsilon$	arried.	Died.	Ref	erenc	e.
5 Ann: Ol Ov	Conn	July July Feb.	15, 1853 16, 1878 15, 1880	Oct.	11, 1877		Fam.		•••

John Conn, his wife and Miss Mary live at McCullough's Mills, Pa. He owns and operates the mill.

Olive is a trained nurse and, in 1910, was chief nurse in a gynecological hospital in St. Louis, Mo.

Mary is a teacher, a graduate of the Shippensburg Normal School, Pa.

FAMILY NO. 97.

Gen	-		Born.		ariied.	Diec	ł.	Ref	erenc	e.
5	Watson D. Campbell Ida Stout			Oct. Oct.	14, 1885 14, 1885	Year	1890	Fam.	No.	35
	Carl H. Ella K.	Aug.	30, 1886		., 0					
	Ida	Year	1890			In infan	cy.			

Watson Campbell, his brother John, and Miss Margaret, his sister, are farming near Fallon, Nevada.

Carl is (1913) a civil engineer in Kansas City, Mo.

Ella is a teacher in California.

FAMILY NO. 98.

Gen	. Family.	E	Porn.	M_{i}	arried.	Died.	Refe	erence.
5	Stephen S. Wideny . Annie E. Campbell . Maud A	Mar.	4, 1855	Feb.	6, 1879 6, 1879			No. 37
	Johnston E Jesse Roy	Feb.	9, 1883					No. 170 No. 171
	Bessie E Stephen M	Mar.	28, 1887	Aug.	26, 1909			No. 172 No. 173

Mr. Widney and his wife live near Doylesburg, Pa. Mr. Widney is a farmer.

Roy Widney, in 1911, was employed in the oil fields at Bakersfield, Cal.

FAMILY NO. 99.

Gen.	Family.	Born.		Married.		Died.	Reference.		
5	Gracy Coons Ida A. Campbell Olive Viola Campbell J	May Oct.	14, 1865 8, 1890	Mar.	5, 1889 5, 1889 1912		Fam. Fam.		

Gracy Coons and family live near Willow Hill, Pa. He is farmer. Campbell is a junior in the Normal School at Shippensburg, Pa.

FAMILY NO. 100.

Gen	. Family.	1	Born.	M	arried.	Died.	Ref	erenc	e.
5	William A. Campbell Cora Skinner Lyle Woods Ruth M. Samuel Paul	Mar. Nov. June Apr.	1, 1877 18, 1900 20, 1904 14, 1908	Jan. Jan.	10, 1900 10, 1900		Fam.		
7.7	Villiam Campball a		, , ,		T) T)	T) T1		_	

William Campbell and family live near Dry Run, Pa. He is a farmer.

FAMILY NO. 101.

Gen.	. Family.	B	orn.	Mc	irried.	Died.	Refere	nce.
5	William S. Barclay . Lademma E. Camp-				 , 1896			
	bell	Year	14, 1874 1898 1903	Dec.	 , 1896		Fam. No	. 38

William Barclay and family live near Dry Run, Pa., upon the farm upon which his father-in-law reared his family.

FAMILY NO. 102.

Gen.	Family.	E	Born.	M	arried.	Died.	Ref	crenc	e.
5 .	Johnston E. Campbell Agnes B. Doyle Bethsheba Robert D. Wayne Glenn Kathleen V. Hance D. Belle G.	Apr. June Apr. Apr. Aug. Oct. May	10, 1876 5, 1898 5, 1900 9, 1902 18, 1903 18, 1906 5, 1909	Oct. Oct.	25, 1897 25, 1897	Oct. 26, 1902 Mar. 8, 1906	Fam.	No.	39

Johnston Campbell and family live near Doylesburg, Pa. He is a farmer.

FAMILY NO. 103.

Gen	n. Family.		Born.		Married.		Died.		Reference.		
5	Frederick J. Campbell Jennie C. Doyle Willie Durl Willow Rush Floyd Mary Lucretia Hance Andrew Thomas Elizabeth Wendell Phillips	Sept. Oct. Jan. Sept. Dec. Feb. Feb. Mar. Aug.	10, 1876 17, 1878 15, 1900 28, 1901 10, 1902 18, 1904 1, 1906 22, 1907 24, 1908	Year Year	1899 1899	Jan. Mar.	15, 1900 2, 1903	Fam.			
	James	Nov. Nov. Dec.	29, 1910 9, 1911 29, 1912			Nov.	10, 1911				

Frederick Campbell and family live near Doylesburg, Pa. He is a farmer. I cannot boast the distinguished honor of an acquaintance with Miss Grace, but I have a letter from a lady that knows her better than anybody else and she tells me that she is four weeks old and is just as nice as she can be.

FAMILY NO. 104.

Gen	. Family.	I	Born.	Mc	arried.	Died.	Reference.
5	Arthur A. Johnston.	May	7, 1866	Year	1889		Fam. No. 41
	Anna Devor I. Corwin	Feb.	21, 1800	June	1889 25, 1911		Fam. No. 175
	Lester Wincler Samuel Armstrong			-			, ,

Arthur Johnston and family live near Spring Run, Pa. He is a farmer. Lester is (1914) a teacher.

Samuel is (1914) a student at normal school, Shippensburg, Pa.

FAMILY NO. 105.

Gen	Gen. Family.		Born.		arried.	Died.	Reference.			
5	Warren W. Johnston Irene Alice Smith Charles Warren . Miriam Vincent Samuel McGill Marvin Claire Margaret Ruth	Jan. Nov. Dec. Apr. Sept.	6, 1882 8, 1905 30, 1906 6, 1908 25, 1909	Jan. Jan.	13, 1905 13, 1905		Fam. No.	41		

Wilmott Johnston and family live (in 1914) at 806 Grand Ave., Wilkinsburg, Pa. He is a fire insurance inspector.

FAMILY NO. 106.

Gen	. Family.	B	orn.	Married.	Died.	Ref	erenc	e.
5	R. E. Anderson Ellen Berrier Lettitia Foster Russell	Nov. Jan. Aug.	10, 1865 3, 1892 6, 1893			Fam.	No.	42

Emmet Anderson and family live (in 1912) near Shiloh, Ohio. He is a farmer.

FAMILY NO. 107.

Gen	. Family.	В	Born.	Married.	Died.	Reference.					
5	George Anderson Catharine Shields					Fam.	No.	42			
	Clark										
	Mary Jane	Jan.	1, 1902								
	Lee										

George Anderson and family live (in 1913) near New Germantown, Pa. He is a farmer.

FAMILY NO. 108.

Gen.	Family.	B_{i}	orn.	Married.	Died.	Ref	erenc	e.
5 Alice Fra	Neideigh Anderson nk McClellan . nes	May Nov.	16, 1896			Fam.	No.	42

Alton Neideigh and family live near Blain, Pa. He is a farmer.

FAMILY NO. 109.

Gen.	Family.	Born.		Married.		Died.	Reference.			
5	Prof. G. R. Johnston Edna V. Kamerer Russell Alexander.	May	5, 1886	June June	8, 1910 8, 1910		Fam. No.	43		

G. R. Johnston graduated from Washington and Jefferson College in 1907 and Mrs. Johnston graduated from the University of Wooster, class of 1908. He is (in 1913) a professor in Westminster College, Fulton, Mo.

FAMILY NO. 110.

Gen	Gen. Family.		Born.		irried.	Died.	Reference.			
5	McGinley J Skinner. Bertha Frances	Feb.	19, 1881	Dec.	20, 1905		Fam.	No.	44	
	—— Alexander. Mary Pauline Joseph Alexander.	Sept.	19, 1906	Dec.	20, 1905					

Mack Skinner and family live near Spring Run, Pa. He is a farmer.

FAMILY NO. 111.

Gen	. Family.	Born.		Married.		Died.		Reference.		
5	William G. Gutshall. Lettitia C. Johnston. Ida May Rickard	Dec. Nov.	29, 1877 8, 1874	Dec.	29, 1898	Jan.	17, 1902	Fam.	No.	45
	James Gilroy Harry-Russell Anna Salome George William	Mar. Jan.	2, 1901 15, 1905			May	30, 1901			

William Gutshall and family live near Andersonburg, Pa. He is a farmer.

FAMILY NO. 112.

Gen	. Family.	Born.		Married.		Died.	Reference.			
	William Z. Willhide Bessie G. Johnston . William Russell	July	1, 1885				Fam.	No.	45	

William Wilhide and family live at 610 N. Luzerne St., Baltimore, Md. He is a railway mail clerk on the route between Baltimore and Pittsburgh, Pa.

FAMILY NO. 113.

Gen. Family.		Born.		Married.		Died.	Ref	Reference.		
5 TA	Or. R. W. Johnston . Anna MacAnally Russell MacAnally	Dec. July Feb.	12, 1888 20, 1888 27, 1914	Sept.	7, 1912		Fam.	No.	46	

Dr. Johnston graduated from Jefferson Medical College in 1910, served two and a half years as resident physician in the Episcopal Hospital of Philadelphia, and is now (1914) practicing medicine in Selinsgrove, Pa.

FAMILY NO. 114.

Gen	·.	Family.	B	Born.	Ma	ırried.	Died.	Ref	erenc	e.
5	Sarah Mar	Swartz F. Stambaugh garet Fern 1 Franklin	Aug. Jan.	14, 1886	Mar. Mar.	31, 1910 31, 1910		Fam.	No.	47

Cloyd Swartz and family live near Shelby, Ohio. He is a farmer.

FAMILY NO. 115.

Gen.	Family.	В	orn.	Mc	rrieđ.	I	Died.	Ref	erenci	e.
Clara Clara San Jace	M. Linn Scott	Nov. Dec. Sept.	26, 1858 29, 1895 30, 1897	Nov. May	3, 1887	Dec. Apr	24, 191 <i>2</i> 3, 1888	Fam.	No.	48

Mrs. Linn and family live (1913) in Chambersburg, Pa. Mr. Linn was a passenger conductor on the Cumberland Valley Railroad.

Samuel is (November, 1913) a student at Bordentown Academy, N. J., preparatory to entering college next year.

Jacob is taking his first year at Bordentown Academy.

FAMILY NO. 116.

Gen. Family.		Born.		Mar ri ed.		Died.		Reference.		
5	Enos Brenneman Engle Mary Ann Linn Henry Linn Mary McClure Etta McCord Alexander Scott	May Jan. Sept. Aug.	2, 1848 12, 1872 18, 1873 18, 1875	Dec. Dec.	29, 1870 29, 1870	Jan. Oct. Oct.	26, 1908 7, 1890 18, 1891 6, 1876 10, 1907	Fam.	No.	48

Enos Engle lives in Chambersburg. He is nursery inspector in the Department of Economic Zoology, Pennsylvania.

FAMILY NO. 117.

Gen	. Family.	B	orn.	Ma	irried.	I	ied.	Ref	erenc	e.
5	Murray J. Lupfer Anna N. Thornhill Ward	June	11, 1852	Mar. Mar.	22, 1881 22, 1881	June	17, 1909	Fam.	No.	50

Mrs. Lupfer is a saleslady in Lewistown, Pa.

FAMILY NO. 118.

Gen.	Family.	E	Born.	$M\epsilon$	ırried.	Died.	Ref	erenc	e.
Lottie	M. Lupfer Davis Eckbert abeth Eckbert .	Mar.	24, 1861	Dec. Dec.	25, 1893 25, 1893		Fam.	No.	50

Alexander M. Lupfer and family live (1913) in Spokane, Wash. He is chief engineer of the Spokane & Inland Empire Railroad Company.

FAMILY NO. 119.

Gen	. Family.	В	Born.	Ma	irried.	Died.	Ref	erenc	e.
5	Willis J. Aurand Isabella A. Lupfer Edward Lupfer Harry Albert Mary McClure Esther Isabella	Feb. June Dec.	23, 1859 25, 1884 3, 1886	Sept.	18, 1883 18, 1883		Fam.	No.	50

W. J. Aurand and family live in Denver, Colo. He is (1912) passenger conductor on the Rock Island Railroad.

Edward graduated from the University of Colorado. He is an electric engineer.

Harry graduated from the University of Colorado with the class of 1912. He is physical director and instructor in geology in the Denver High School. The *Denver News* of Aug. 8, 1912, says he is one of the best athletes who ever attended the university.

Mary is a graduate of the University of Colorado and of the School of Domestic Science.

FAMILY NO. 120.

Gen.	Family.	\mathcal{B}_{i}	orn.	Ma	arried.	Died.	Reference.
5	James Heppenstall . Mary Ellen Lupfer . Anna McClure Isabella Anderson . Nellie Marshall Lottie Eckbert	May Nov. Apr. Oct.	23, 1861 11, 1889 26, 1892 1, 1893	Aug. Aug.	29, 1888 29, 1888		Fam. No. 50
_					~~~	144 75	TT .

James Heppenstall and family live in Wrightsville, Pa. He is proprietor of an extensive mercantile business.

FAMILY NO. 121.

Gen	Family.	E	Born.	Married.	Died.	Rcf	erenc	e.
	Samuel L. Lupfer		29, 1863	1885		Fam.	No.	50
	Margaret J. Aurand. James Earl Nellie Marie Samuel Lincoln Lucy Margaret Ferdinand Greene. Alexander McClure	Nov. July Mar. Feb. Oct.	19, 1890 25, 1895 25, 1904 25, 1906	June —, 1911 Nov. 30, 1908		Fam. Fam.		

S. L. Lupfer and family live in Kissimmee, Fla. He has large interest in the Kissimmee Lumber Company, is a member of its board of directors as well as secretary of the board and has the management of the company's business. He is also a partner and manager of the Osceola Hardware Company.

FAMILY NO. 122.

Gen.	Family.	E	Born.	M	arried.	I	Died.	Ref	erenc	·e.
5	Alex. M. Rouser Jennie Engler	Mar.	31, 1858	Oct.	 , 1885	Apr.	3, 1888	Fam.	No.	51
•	Jennie Engler Engler McClure	Mav	10, 1887	Oct.	-, 1005					

Alexander M. Rouser lived in Cumberland, Md. He was an attorney-at-law.

The son is a law student (1912) and is employed in the Customs Department at Baltimore, Md.

FAMILY NO. 123.

Gen.	. Family.	Bore	n.	Ma	rried.	L	ied.	Ref	erenc	6 .
	Dr. A. K. Hummel- shime Isabella A. Rouser . Harold Brewster . Russell McClure Mary Helen	Aug. 16 Oct. 15 June —	, 1859 , 1881 -, 1885	Nov. Nov.	1, 1880 1, 1880		9, 1892	Fam.	No.	51

Dr. Hummelshine and family live in Cumberland, Md. He is a dentist.

FAMILY NO. 124.

Gen	. Family.	Born.	Married.	Died.	Reference.
5	T. H. Thomas Mary J. Rouser Lloyd McClure Mary Helen Paul	Sept. 24, 1867 Mar. 9, 1890 Nov. 16, 1893			Fam. No. 51

T. H. Thomas and family live in New York City. He is manager of the Mills Hotel, 160 Bleecher Street.

Lloyd is in the employ of the New York Telephone Company, is unmarried and at home.

Mary is a student at St. Agathy College, New York City.

FAMILY NO. 125.

Gen	. Family.	В	Born.	Ma	rried.	Died.	Ref	erenc	e.
5	Samuel L. Grosh Ella Heiges	Nov.	27, 1873	Sept.	6, 1903 6, 1903		Fam.	No.	52
	Mary Elizabeth Samuel Blaine	June	6, 1905 8, 1909		, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	In infancy.			

Samuel Grosh and family live in New Bloomfield, Pa. He is a linotypist.

FAMILY NO. 126.

Gen	. Family.	E	Born.	M	arried.	Died.	Ref	erenc	e.
5	Joseph P. Douglass, Bessie Brown Infant	Aug. July May	2, 1869 25, 1876 7, 1904	Oct.	30, 1900 30, 1900	In infancy.	Fam.	No.	57

J. P. Douglass and wife live (1911) in Huntington, W. Va. He is a lawyer and United States Commissioner.

FAMILY NO. 127.

Gen	. Family.	Born.	Married.	Died.	Reference.
5	Charles Douglass Stella Crist Vivian Mark	Nov. 16, 1863			Fam. No. 59

Charles Douglass is a farmer and lives near College Corner, Ohio.

FAMILY NO. 128.

Gen	. Family.	E	Born.	Ma	rried.	Died.	Ref	erence	e.
5	Mort DuBois Elizabeth Douglass . Bessie Emmeline . Kenneth Emmerson	Dec. Jan.	13, 1865 30, 1894	Jan.	5, 1893 5, 1893		Fam.	No.	59

Mort DuBois is a farmer and lives near Camden, Ohio.

FAMILY NO. 129.

Gen.	Family.	Born.	Married.	Died.	Refe	erence	e.
5 A	Frank Lynch Annice Douglass Ralph Mary Louise Ellis	1876			Fam.	No.	59

Frank Lynch is a farmer and lives near Bath, Indiana.

FAMILY NO. 130.

Gen.	Gen. Family.		Family. Born.		arried.	Died.	Reference.		
5	J. Lincoln Schooley. Irene Major Mary	Feb.	28, 1868	Aug. Aug.	28, 1901 28, 1901		Fam.	No.	60

J. L. Schooley is (1914) county assessor and lives in Frankfort, Indiana.

FAMILY NO. 131.

Gen	. Family.	B	orn.	Ma	ır ri ed.	I	Died.	Ref	erenc	e.
5	Samuel S. Major Pearl Salisbery Birdie Allen Marrion Paul Edith Samuel Harold A	Feb. Mar. July Dec. June	28, 1876 20, 1900 18, 1091 31, 1903 23, 1907	Feb. Feb. June	22, 1899 22, 1899 11, 1906	July Mar. June	15, 1907 3, 1905 23, 1907	Fam.	No.	60

S. S. Major was a farmer and lived near Frankfort, Indiana.

FAMILY NO. 132.

Gen	. Family.	Born.	Married.	Died.	Reference.
	William Cook Ella Douglass Mary Hubert	1871 1871 1909 1911	1907 1907		Fam. No. 61

Wm. Cook's address is (1914) 215 E. Second St., Xenia, Ohio. He is county agriculture agent.

FAMILY NO. 133.

Gen.	Family.	Born.	Married.	Died.	Reference	•
	hur Randall	1875	1910			
5 Ma	ry Douglass	1876	1910		Fam. No.	61
R	loss	1912			•	

Arthur Randall is a chemist and lives in Omaha, Nebraska.

FAMILY NO. 134.

Gen	. Family.	E	Born.	$M \epsilon$	irried.	1	Died.	Ref	erenc	e.
_	George Douglass Bertie Wilson Ella Sutton, 2d W Anna Jessie William	Aug.	11, 1867	Aug.	11, 1892 11, 1892 21, 1896	Oct.	20, 1893	Fam.	No.	62

George Douglass is a farmer and he lives near Camden, Ohio, R. R. 3.

FAMILY NO. 135.

Gen	. Family.	E	Born.	Ma	rried.	I	Died.	Ref	erenc	e.
5	Rollie H. Douglass Jean Nichol		16, 1873		4, 1897 4, 1897	Feb.	20, 1910	Fam.	No.	62
	Martha Anna Merle Nichol Dale Lloyd Leo	Sept.		1145.	4, 1097	May Feb.	30, 1901 28, 1904			

Rollie Douglass was a mail carrier and lived in Camden, Ohio. Mrs. Douglass lives in Cleveland, Ohio,—9508 Pierpont Avenue.

FAMILY NO. 136.

Gen	Gen. Family.		Born.	Married.		Died.	Reference.			
	Albert Shockey Lula Douglass Julia Isabella Mildred May Hugh Merlin Martha Jean	Jan. Oct. Oct. Oct.	22, 1880 7, 1968 24, 1909 8, 1911	Oct. Oct.	31, 1907 31, 1907		Fam.	No.	63	

Albert Shockey is a farmer and lives near Oxford, Ohio.

FAMILY NO. 137.

Gen	. Family.	Born.	Married.	Died.	Referen	ce.
5	Earl Wright Myrtle Douglass Lela Wayne Marguerite		1904 1904		Fam. No.	. 65

Earl Wright is a farmer and lives in Preble County, Ohio.

FAMILY NO. 138.

Gen	. Family.	Born.	Married.	Died.	Reference	e.
5	William Wright Nellie Douglass Claude Merle				Fam. No.	65

William Wright is a farmer and lives in Preble County, Ohio.

FAMILY NO. 139.

Gen. Family.	Born.	Married.	$Doldsymbol{i}$ ed.	Reference.
William H. Winship 5 Alice E. Anderson . Lavonia Blanche Vera	Dec. 28, 1852 Nov. 30, 1875 July 6, 1878	June 24, 1873	Dec. 23, 1909	Fam. No. 71 Fam. No. 178

W. H. Winship lives (in 1912) with his daughter Blanche, in Milroy, Ind. He is a retired farmer.

Lavonia is a stenographer and lives in Indianapolis, Ind. Vera graduated from DePauw University in June, 1912.

FAMILY NO. 140.

Gen.	Family.	-			L	ied.	Reference.			
5	Samuel B. Anderson Lola Bartlette	Sept. 2	29, 1857				Fam.	No.	71	
	William Bartlette .	Nov. 2	20, 1884		Mar.	30, 1886				
	Bernice									
	Jesse	Sept.	3, 1890							
	Mary	June	2, 1895							
	Lucien Esther	June Jan. 2	1, 1897 20. 1890							

S. B. Anderson and family live near Rushville, Ind. He is a farmer.

FAMILY NO. 141.

Gen	. Family.	E	Born.	M	arried.	Died.	Ref	erenc	e.
5	John W. Anderson . May Davis Lories Priscilla William Leland Alice Elizabeth	May Oct. Sept.	11, 1872 28, 1904 17, 1906	Feb. Feb.	11, 1895 11, 1895		Fam.	No.	72

J. W. Anderson and family live near Richland, Ind. He is a farmer.

FAMILY NO. 142.

Gen	Gen. Family.		Born.		Married.		Died.	Reference		
5	George O. Rockwood Marie Rich Diana George O	Dec. May	24, 1878 9, 1909	May May	1, 1906 1, 1906	Aug.	20, 1911	Fam.	No.	74

G. O. Rochwood and family live (in 1912) in Indianapolis, Ind. He is a graduate of Pardee University and is engaged with, and interested in, the Rockwood Manufacturing Company, established by his father.

FAMILY NO. 143.

Gen	Gen. Family.		Born.		rried.	Died.	Reference.			
5	William M. Rockwood Virginia Shaw William Shaw Josephine	Dec. Apr.	15, 1884 2, 1908				Fam.	No.	74	

W. M. Rockwood and family live in Indianapolis, Ind. He is interested in and employed by the Rockwood Manufacturing Company, established by his father.

FAMILY NO. 144.

Gen. Family.		Born.		Married.		Died.	Reference.		
Hel	Roberts D. Gillespie en nald Gillespie	June Sept.	26, 1856 1, 1863 1897 1900	Aug. Aug.	18, 1891 18, 1891		Fam.	No.	75

A. R. Roberts is a carpenter and lives in Los Angeles, California.

FAMILY NO. 145.

Gen	en. Family.		Born.		irried.	Died.	Reference.			
5	Charles Fitch Barber Fannie B. Gillespie Leigh Gillespie Beatrice	Apr. Dec.	27, 1867 12, 1889	Mar.	12, 1889 12, 1889		Fam.	No.	75	

C. F. Barber is engaged in fruit culture twenty-six miles from Portland, Oregon.

FAMILY NO. 146.

Gen. Fam	ily.	Born.	Married.	L	ied.	Ref	erence	e,
David Beb 5 Mary M. C Lester G	dillespie . Sept	. 21, 1869	1895	Feb.	27, 1911	Fam.	No.	75
Lawrence	·	1902						

David Bebb is a book-keeper and lives in Seattle, Washington.

FAMILY NO. 147.

Gen.	Family.	E	Born.	Ma	irried.	Died.	Ref	erenc	e.
5	James A. Marshall . Mary Hubbard Helen Margaret William Hubbard . James Edward Robert Morris	Mar. Apr. Nov. Apr.	18, 1871 18, 1894 11, 1896 18, 1902	June June	14, 1893 14, 1893		Fam.	No.	77

James A. Marshall and family live in Piqua, Ohio. He is an engineer.

FAMILY NO. 148.

Gen	. Family.	Born.		Married.	Died.	Reference.				
	Charles A. Marshall Elia Hilton John E. William Clyde James Oscar Margaret L. Bonnie G. Sara S. Charles F. Kenneth J. Howard	Apr. Apr. July Feb. Mar. Dec. Oct. Apr. May	17, 1868 29, 1889 25, 1891 24, 1894 13, 1896 1, 1898 20, 1901 23, 1904 4, 1907	Mar. 11, 1888 Mar. 11, 1888		Fam.	No.	77		

Charles Marshall and family live (1914) in Piqua, Ohio. During the flood which inundated the Miami Valley in March, 1913, his house was flooded to the second story and he suffered heavy loss. He is a carpenter and contractor.

FAMILY NO. 149.

Gen	~	Born.		Married.		Died.		Reference.		
5	Charles F. Goodrich. Marg. J. Marshall Mildred Aileen	Mar. July Sept.	22, 1870 16, 1870 19, 1895	Sept. Sept.	12, 1893 12, 1893	July	18, 1896	Fam.	No.	77

C. F. Goodrich and wife live in Chicago, Ill. He is a manufacturer.

FAMILY NO. 150.

Gen	. Family.	В	Born.	$M\epsilon$	arried.	Died.	Ref	erenc	e.
5	Charles C. Marshall. Alma Wagner Mary Margaret John Logan	Jan. Mar.	20, 1877 30, 1904	May May	19, 1903 19, 1903		Fam.	No.	78

C. C. Marshall and family (1914) live in Columbus, Ohio. He is attorney for, and a member of the Public Utility Commission.

FAMILY NO. 151.

Gen	Gen. Family.		Born.		arried.	Died.	Reference.			
5	Charles A. Kendall . Rose Emma Iliff No children.	Dec.	18, 1863	Oct. Oct.	23, 1890 23, 1890		Fam. 1	No.	80	

Charles Kendall and wife live in Piqua, Ohio. Since May, 1892, he has been engaged in the newspaper business as circulation manager of the Piqua Daily Call.

FAMILY NO. 152.

Gen	Gen. Family.		Born.		Married.		Died.		Reference.		
5	James M. Kendall Flora Jane Murphy .		•		20, 1892 20, 1892			Fam.	No.	80	
	Forest Lee Otis Russell Helen Alverdie Harry William Ethel Irene William Calvin Lettie Larue	Mar. June Feb. Feb. Nov. Oct.	13, 1893 7, 1894 14, 1896 27, 1897 8, 1902 5, 1907	-		Feb.	28, 1897				

Mack Kendall and family live in Cleveland, Ohio. He is engaged in the manufacture of linseed oil.

FAMILY NO. 153.

Gen	Gen. Family.		Born.		Married.		Died.		Reference.		
5	G. F. Kendall Sarah Eliz. Maxwell	Jan.	1, 1871	May May	9, 1907 9, 1907			Fam.	No.	80	
	Martha Leona		14, 1911		9, 1907	Jan.	23, 1912				

Frank Kendall and wife live near Troy, Ohio. He is engaged in farming and stock raising.

FAMILY NO. 154.

Gen	Gen. Family.		Born.		arried.	Died.	Reference.		
3	William J. Clydesdale Mary F. Kendall Albert James Russell Kay Carrie Charlotte	Mar. Sept. Jan.	21, 1875 6, 1903 8, 1907	Mar. Mar.	27, 1901 27, 1901		Fam. No.	81	

W. J. Clydesdale and family live near Lenora, Kansas. He is engaged in farming and stock raising.

FAMILY NO. 155.

Gen	. Family.	Ε	Born. Married.		arried.	Died.	Refere		e.
5	Orville J. Kimball Emma Alice Kendall Frances Alberta	Jan.	30, 1877	May May	—, 1903 —, 1903		Fam.	No.	81

O. J. Kimball and family live near Bennett, Col. He is engaged in farming and stock raising.

FAMILY NO. 156.

Gen	. Family.	I	Born.	Ma	rried.	1	Died.	Ref	erenc	e.
5	Herbert Smith Carrie C. Kendall Ira Brooks	Apr.	12, 1909	May	5, 1905 5, 1905	Apr.	16, 1909	Fam.	No.	81

Herbert Smith and wife live at Smith Centre, Kansas. He is a farmer.

FAMILY NO. 157.

Gen	. Family.	Family. Bo		$M \epsilon$	irried.	Died.	Ref	erenc	e.
5	Walter P. Maguire . Mary Boas Susanna Boas John Anderson Henry Boas	July Feb. Aug.	18, 1877 28, 1904 5, 1906	Apr. Apr.	23, 1903 23, 1903		Fam.	No.	83

W. P. Maguire and family live in Harrisburg, Pa. (No. 5 S. Front St.) He is engaged in bituminous coal mining.

FAMILY NO. 158.

Ger	. Family.	Born.		Married.		Died.		Reference.		
6	Chas. Monroe Morgan Cora Dell Hudson Roy Clayton	July Oct.	7, 1876 9, 1894	Sept. Sept.	16, 1893 16, 1893			Fam.	No.	85
	Vera Vivian Glen Garel Noel Berdell	Nov.	4, 1898			Aug.	9, 1900			

Charles Morgan and family live in Marion, Indiana. He is a machinist.

FAMILY NO. 159.

Gen.	en. Family.		Born.		rried.	Died.	Reference.			
6	Clarence A. Hudson Clara Hosier Guy Glen	Aug. Feb.	12, 1883 16, 1904	Aug. Aug.	8, 1902 8, 1902		Fam.	No.	85	

Clarence Hudson and family live in Orcutt, Cal. He is employed as oil pumper by the Union Oil Company.

FAMILY NO. 160.

Gen	. Family.	Born.		Married.		Died.	Reference.			
6	Fred Mock Lizzie Hudson Leona May John Granderson James Daniel	Feb. July Jan.	5, 1882 3, 1903 2, 1910	Sept.	29, 1900 29, 1900		Fam.	No.	85	

Fred Mock and family live in Griffith, Indiana. He is employed as fireman by the Indiana Pipe Line Company.

FAMILY NO. 161.

Gen.	Family.	E	Born.	$M \alpha$	irried.	Died.	Ref	erenc	e.
Alice	Dennis Hudson Hosier	Oct.	11, 1889	June June	29, 1910 29, 1910		Fam.	No.	85

James Hudson and wife live in Orcutt, Cal. He is employed as tool dresser by the Union Oil Company.

FAMILY NO. 162.

Gen	. Family.	E	Born.	M	arried.	Died.	Ref	erenc	e.
6	Alexander L. Hudson Iva Jewell Dorathy Leona	Apr. Apr.	16, 1885 29, 1907	Jan.	15, 1906 15, 1906		Fam.	No.	85
	Albert James	Feb.	9, 1914						

Alexander Hudson and family live in Orby, Cal. He is employed as pumper by the Union Oil Company.

FAMILY NO. 163.

Gen.	Family.	В	Born.	Mo	irried.	Died.	Ref	erenc	e.
Agnes	Hudson Dewitt	Jan. Mar.	9, 1891 15, 1891	June June	16, 1909 16, 1909		Fam.	No.	85

Virgil Hudson and wife live in Texas.

FAMILY NO. 164.

Gen	. Family.			Married.		Died.		Reference.		
6	Artie Eugene Schwob Blanche Jones Cecil Ward	Mar. Dec.	22, 1884 21, 1904		1, 1903 1, 1903			Fam.	No.	87
	Johnston Dale Doris Lucile Dorathy Imogene .	Nov.	29, 1906			Aug.	12, 1907			

Artie Schwob and family live near Warren, Indiana. He is a farmer.

FAMILY NO. 165.

Gen.	Family.	Born.		Married.		Died.	Reference.		
6	Charles Meyer Gladys Jones Elenore Elaine Kenneth Wade	Aug. May	25, 1880 9, 1909	Oct.	10, 1907 10, 1907		Fam. No	o. 8 ₇	

Charles Meyer and family live near Geneva, Indiana. He is employed as pumper by the Ohio Oil Company.

FAMILY NO. 166.

Gen.	. Family.	Family. Born.		Married.		Died.	Reference.		
6	James Akin Flinn Bessie M. Snow Norris E Margaret L Charles E	Apr. June Mar.	1, 1885 20, 1906 24, 1908	Dec. Dec.	23, 1903 23, 1903		Fam.	No.	90

James Flinn and family live near Houston, Ohio. He is a graduate of the business department of Ohio Northern University and is engaged in farming.

FAMILY NO. 167.

Gen.	Family.		Born.	Married.	Died.	Reference.			
6 Hann	s A. Sickles ah B. Akin children.	May June	24, 1874 6, 1878			Fam. No.	92		

L. A. Sickels and wife live in Springville, Cal., within fifteen miles of the largest trees in the world. They own and operate the Springville Hotel, a prosperous summer resort.

FAMILY NO. 168.

Gen	. Family.	B^{ϵ}	orn.	Married.	Died.	Ref	erenc	·e.
6	Joseph Hiegel Charlotte B. Doren . Howard D	Nov. Apr. May	8, 1888 22, 1885 7, 1908			Fam.	No.	93

Joseph Hiegel and family live near Houston, Ohio. He is a farmer.

FAMILY NO. 169.

Gen.	Family.	I	Born.	M	arried.	Died.	Refe	renc	e.
	n E. Conn				17, 1901 17, 1901		Fam.	No.	96
Ra El	ymond izabeth	Feb. July	5, 1002	•					

Owen Conn and family live in Cleveland, Ohio. He is in the real estate business.

FAMILY NO. 170.

Gen.	Family.	Born.		Married.		Died.	Reference.			
Harry 6 Maud Viol	Hazlett A. Widney a B	Dec. Feb.	24, 1880 24, 1902	Aug. Aug.	28, 1900 28, 1900		Fam.	No.	98	

Harry Hazlett and family live near Dry Run, Pa. He is a farmer.

FAMILY NO. 171.

Gen	Gen. Family.		Family. Born.		arried.	Died.	Reference.		
6	Johnston E. Widney Blanche Crouse		9, 1883	Feb.	25, 1903 25, 1903		Fam. No.	98	
	Cree Elizabeth		16, 1907	1 00.	23, 1903				

J. E. Widney and family live near Dry Run, Pa. He is a farmer.

FAMILY NO. 172.

Gen.	Gen. Family.		Born.		arried.	Died.	Reference.			
6	McGinley Harry Bessie E. Widney Roy Stephen	Mar.	28, 1887 4, 1911	Aug. Aug.	26, 1909 26, 1909		Fam.	No.	98	

McGinley Harry and family live near Dry Run, Pa. He is a farmer.

FAMILY NO. 173.

Gen	. Family.	E	Born.	Married.	Died.	Referen	ce.
	Stephen M. Widney . Alma Clugston		28, 1889	Sept. 21, 1911 Sept. 21, 1911		Fam. No.	98
	Mildred Elizabeth. Maurice Glen	Mar.	4, 1912				

S. M. Widney and family live near Doylesburg, Pa. He is a farmer.

FAMILY NO. 174.

Gen.	Family.	Born.		Married.	Died.	Reference.		
6 Olive	Shearer V. Coons ghter		8, 1890 191 <i>2</i>	191 <i>2</i> 191 <i>2</i>		Fam.	No.	99

Frank Shearer and family live in Concord, Pa. He is manager of a creamery.

FAMILY NO. 175.

Gen.	Gen. Family.		Born.		irried.	Died.	Reference.			
6	J. Corwin Johnston . Sadie Reed Robert LeRoy			Tune	25, 1911 25, 1911		Fam. No. 104			

J. C. Johnston and family live (1914) at 1623 Indiana Ave., Toledo, Ohio. He is an electrical engineer.

FAMILY NO. 176.

Gen.	Family.	B	Born.	$M \epsilon$	arried.	Died.	Ref	erenc	e.
Nanc	s Earle Lupfer. y E. Blasingame nes Earle	Dec.	7, 1884	June June	28, 1911 28, 1911		Fam.	No.	121

J. E. Lupfer and family live in Kissimmee, Florida.

FAMILY NO. 177.

Gen.	Family.	B	Born.	$M \alpha$	irried.	Died.	Ref	ereno	e.
6 Nell Sa	ry J. Rogero lie Marie Lupfer. amuel Richard arry Albert	July Dec.	19, 1890 23, 1909	Nov. Nov.	30, 1908 30, 1908		Fam.	No.	121

H. J. Rogero and family live in St. Augustine, Fla. He is a jewelry merchant.

FAMILY NO. 178.

Gen.	Family.	E	Born.	M	arried.	Died.	Ref	eren	ce.
6 Blanc	Tompkins the Winship ce Maurice	July	6, 1878	Jan.	23, 1901 23, 1901		Fam.	No.	139

Rush Tompkins and family live in Milroy, Indiana. He is a druggist.

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