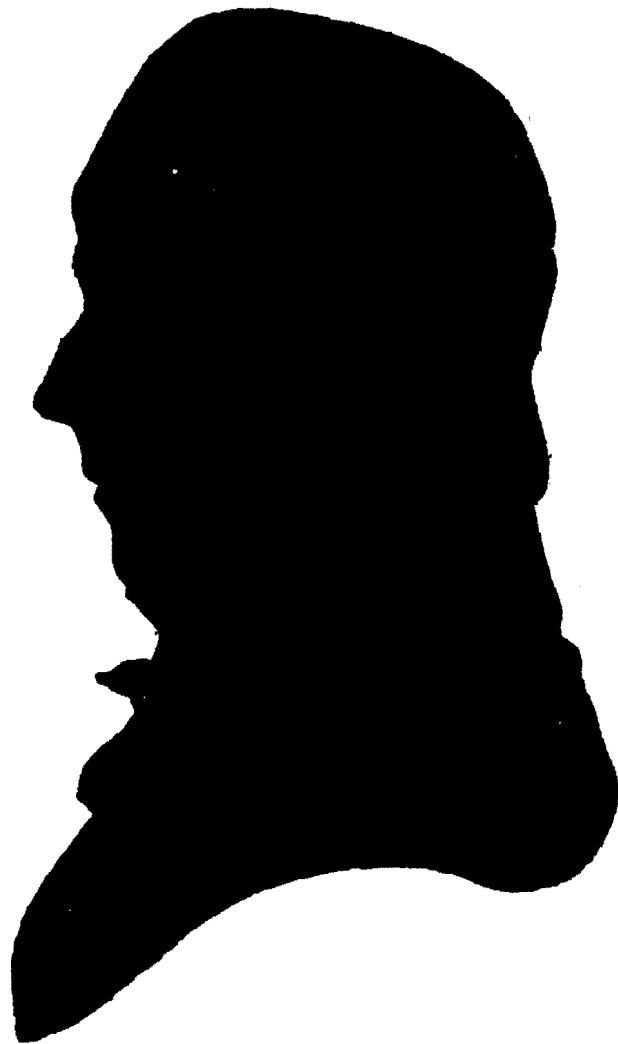


**NOTES
CONCERNING
THE IRBY FAMILY**



W. R. TURNER
Blackstone, Va.

THE NOTTOWAY PUBLISHING CO., BLACKSTONE, VA.

FOREWORD

These notes are printed at the request of several members of the Irby family.

The data in the following pages was collected from the County records of Nottoway, Lunenburg and Amelia and from "Notes on Southside Virginia" by Hon. Walter A. Watson, "William and Mary Quarterly", records in the Virginia State Library, family Bibles, and from a former genealogy by Capt. Richard Irby. As far as I know these notes are authentic.

W. R. TURNER.

Blackstone, Virginia,
March, 1930.

NOTES ON THE IRBY FAMILY

The first Irby of whom we have any written record is **Edmund Irby** of the Parish of Martin's Brandon, Prince George County, Virginia, born 1675 and died 1733.

In his will dated September 11th, 1733, at a Court held at Fitzgerald's, Prince George County, on the 11th day of December, 1733, he mentions his children, William, Charles, Douglas, John and Elizabeth.

He leaves land on the Little Nottoway river, four hundred acres to his son, Charles Irby by patent to him, "provideth he bringeth eight hundred weight of pork well dressed by the 25th day of December yearly during the time of my wife's widowhood."

Before this, Edmund Irby had patented in 1726 four hundred acres in Prince George County on the ridge between the head branches of Deep Creek and Little Nottoway river. (Land Patent Books—13 P. 40, Watson's notes P. 141).

It will be recalled that Amelia County was cut off from Prince George in 1734, and Nottoway from Amelia in 1788.

Charles Irby was the first Irby to settle in Nottoway County, then Amelia. He came to Amelia soon after his father's death in 1733, was made colonial justice in 1735, and four years later, made sheriff. (Watson's notes P. 66-68).

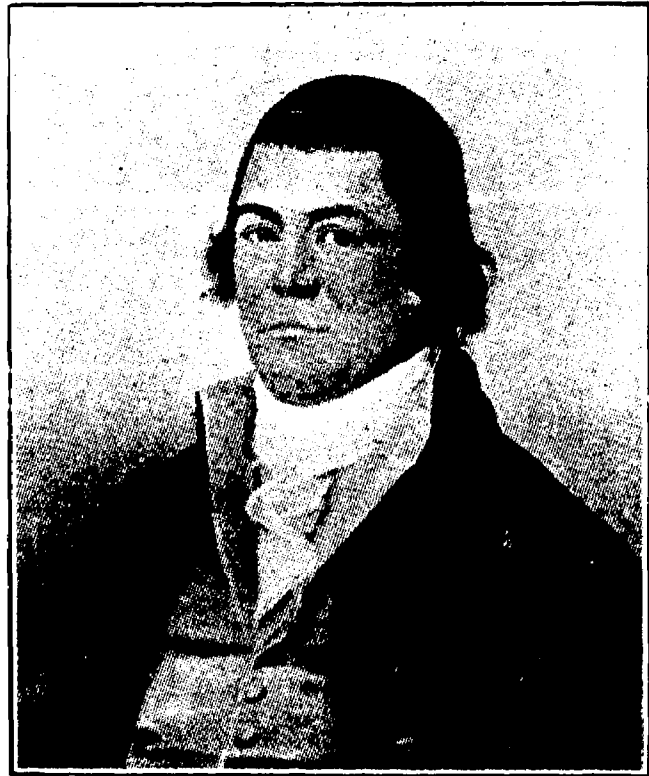
Later in 1739 he patented 760 acres of land on the North side of Little Nottoway, adjoining John Eppes and others. (Land Patent Books 18, P. 407—Watson's notes P. 141).

*Charles Irby left at least five children as shown by his will probated at Amelia Court, July 24, 1777 (O. B. 1776-80 P. 49) and by the will of his daughter, Elizabeth Irby, probated at Nottoway Court April 4, 1799 (old Will book 1799-P. 346). These children were John, William, Elizabeth, Henrietta and Mary. No further record of the descendants of this Charles Irby in Nottoway County has been found. His descendants either died out or moved away from the county.

John Irby, son of Edmund of Prince George and brother of Charles, married Mary Blunt, and moved to Sussex County. They had four children, John, William, Anne, and Elizabeth. Of these children, William was the progenitor of all the Nottoway Irbys.

William Irby, of Sussex, son of John and Mary Blunt,

*A Charles Irby received a commission as 2nd Lieutenant in the Continental Army from Amelia on the 28th day of August 1777 (O. B. 1776-80 P. 59) after the death of the above mentioned Charles Irby. The relationship of the two has not been established.



William Irby of Sussex and his second wife, Elizabeth Williams, daughter
of Thomas Roper Williams, of Nottoway
(Copied from portraits painted in 1793)

moved to Nottoway in 1780 and built Pleasant Hill the same year.

He married first Jane Edmunds of Sussex County, who did not live long, and left one son, Edmund. He next married Elizabeth Williams, daughter of Thomas Roper Williams of Nottoway, and by this marriage there were three children, Catherine Greenhill Irby, who died when a little over two years old, Elizabeth Williams Irby, who married Freeman Fitzgerald, and William Blunt Irby who married Sarah Washington Stith.

Edmund Irby, son of William of Sussex and Jane Edmunds, married Frances Briggs Lucas, of Greenville County. He was perhaps the wealthiest of all the Irbys. On becoming of age, he moved from Pleasant Hill and established his home a few miles away at Poplar Hill, which he built about 1812. Here he entertained lavishly, and here gathered John Randolph of Roanoke and notables of the day to engage in horse-racing and other social activities.

At this time horse-racing was actively engaged in in Nottoway, there being three race tracks within a few miles of Poplar Hill, one at Bellefonte, another at Morgansville a few miles east of what is now the town of Blackstone, and another in front of Hamlin's Tavern just west of the town. That Edmund Irby owned some very fine horses there can be no doubt.

The American Turf Register and Sporting Magazine (John R. Skinner, Baltimore Editor) Vol. 4—P. 650—August 1833, although published four years after his death, states that Edmund Irby, Esq., of Nottoway owned some first class horses. The same issue gives account of the races held at Bellefonte, Virginia spring meeting. (Watson's notes P. 212).

John Randolph of Roanoke was a frequent visitor at Poplar Hill, and in his will he states, "I leave to Edmund Irby of Nottoway the next choice of my mares or fillies and any one of my horses or colts to be selected by himself, also my double gun". (Will John Randolph of Roanoke, Petersburg, Virginia Clerk's Office).

Edmund Irby did not live to receive the bequest, however, as he died in 1829, four years before Mr. Randolph's death.

At Christmas, two years later, from Roanoke, Mr. Randolph sent a Bible to the widow of Edmund Irby, and in it the following beautiful tribute to his friends at Poplar Hill was written on the fly leaf: "To the respected widow of my departed friend, Edmund Irby of Nottoway, Esq. By one



(Copy of Silhouette made in 1824)

Edmund Irby, of Poplar Hill, son of William, of
Sussex, and first wife, Jane Edmunds.

who entertains the sincerest esteem and regard for her character, and who will never cease, but with life to feel the deepest interest in the family of a man who was honorably esteemed by all who knew him, and especially by those who were admitted to his confidence and friendship. Of which honor, the writer of these lines will ever cherish a mournful but proud recollection."

This Bible is now in the possession of Miss Nellie Irby of Nottoway County, a grand-daughter of Edmund Irby.

In making up the electoral vote for Madison for President in 1812 Edmund Irby served on the corresponding committee, and in 1828, he again served on the same committee to instruct for Andrew Jackson. (Watson's notes—P. 32-33).

Although Edmund Irby died a comparatively young man, being in his forty-eighth year, he had accumulated a large estate, having a great many slaves, lands, and property in Nottoway, Lunenburg and Halifax Counties. While the bulk of his estate was in Nottoway, his Halifax holdings alone sold for twenty-six thousand dollars.

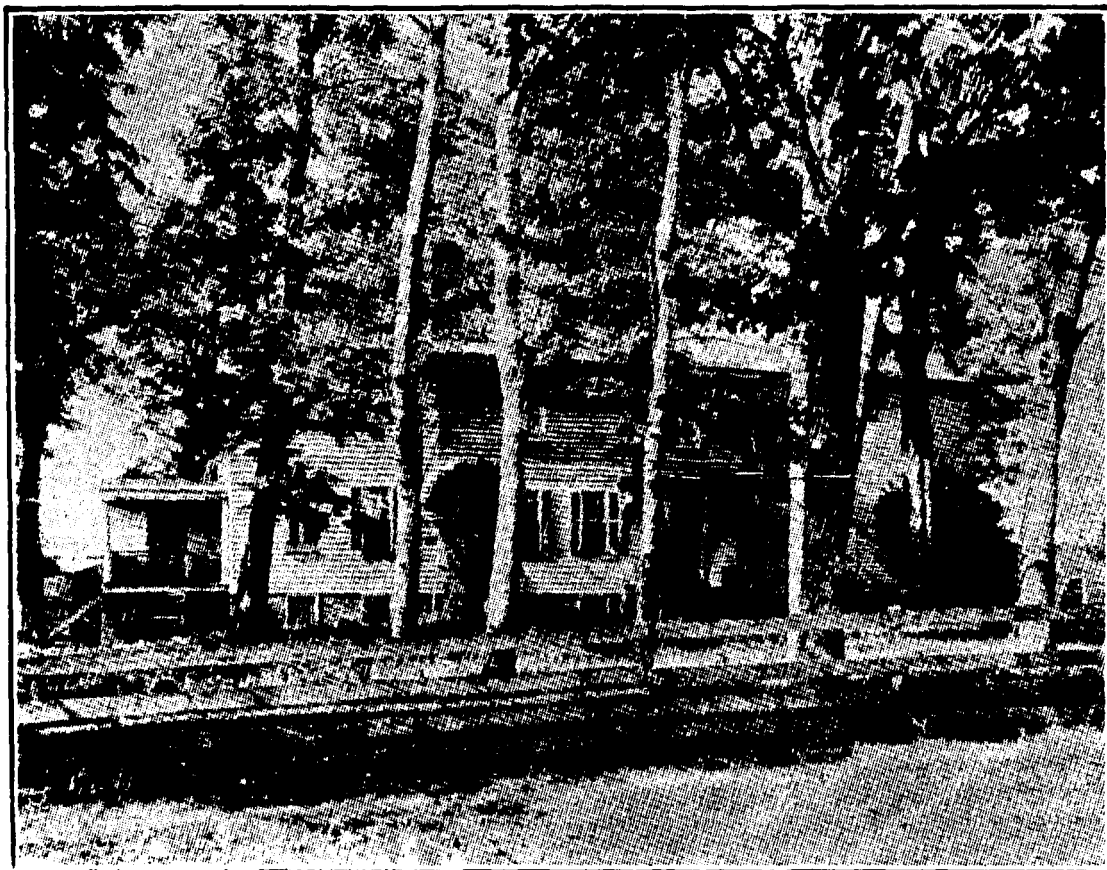
He left no will. The Appraisement of his estate is set forth in twenty-seven pages in the old order book at Nottoway Court House (P. 198-296 to 309-325-337).

His widow continued to live at Poplar Hill until her death, February 17, 1846. She left no will, and her estate was divided equally among her five sons, Captain Richard Irby inheriting Poplar Hill.

William Blunt Irby, born August 24, 1799, was a half brother of Edmund of Poplar Hill, and the son of William Irby of Sussex and his second wife, Elizabeth Williams. He married Sarah Washington Stith, daughter of a Revolutionary Officer, Major John Stith. She was a grand-daughter of Lawrence Washington of Chotank, King George County, Virginia. William Blunt Irby inherited Pleasant Hill from his father. He first attended school at Dinwiddie Court House where Colonel Scott, father of General Winfield Scott, had established a school for boys. He later attended Ebenezer Academy in Brunswick County, and about 1817 went to William and Mary College where most of the young men of that day went to be educated. While there he was associated with James Lyons, Willoughby Newton, William O. Goode and others who later became prominent in the political world.

His home was noted for its hospitality, and was always filled with friends and kinsfolk. His wife never tired of entertaining her guests.

They had ten children, five daughters and five sons. The



Pleasant Hill, built by William Irby, of Sussex, 1780, later home
of his son, William Blunt Irby

daughters were all beautiful women and considered belles in their day. There were five physicians in this family, two of his sons, John and Edward and three sons-in-law, Drs. J. M. Hurt, J. A. Jones and Richard Burke.

A very methodical man, he directed his servants and affairs of his plantation with military exactness. His farm account book is still in existence, in it he gives his farming operations for each year, and on the last page, a list of his slaves set free at the end of the war with the date of their birth.

When he was sixty years of age, the Civil War came on. He was too old to go himself, but his sons, Edward, George and Walter early enlisted in the Army, and a grandson, his namesake, was killed at Murfreesboro, Tennessee. After the war, he continued to live at Pleasant Hill, his wife dying in 1876, thus ending a happy married life of fifty-seven years. He lived thirty years longer and died in 1896 at Auburn, the home of his daughter, Mrs. Virginia Hurt, in his 97th year and was buried in the old family burying ground at Pleasant Hill.

He had lived during the life of every President of the United States from Washington to Cleveland. It is a remarkable fact, and shows how young our country is, that people now living, should have seen and talked to a man who lived during the life time of General Washington.

William Irby, son of Edmund Irby of Poplar Hill and Frances Briggs Lucas, was born August 24, 1808. He was known as "Little Billy" to distinguish him from his half Uncle, William Blunt Irby. He was the oldest son, and became of age during his mother's life time.

Soon after becoming of age, he purchased a plantation in Lunenburg County, just across the Nottoway river, and near the Nottoway County line. Here he established himself, and built his home, Cedar Circle, about 1840.

He married three times; his first wife was Martha Anne Booth of Amelia County. By this marriage he had three children, one daughter, Ellen, and two boys, Edmund and Robert Benjamin. Both boys died when quite young of diphtheria within two days of each other. His daughter, Ellen, married Dr. George E. Hardy.

He next married his cousin, Martha Anne Fitzgerald, who died a few months later.

His third wife was Sarah Elizabeth Poindexter of Florida who survived him with a large family of children.



Frances Briggs Lucas, age 13 years, wife of Edmund Irby, of Poplar Hill, and half brother, Ben Blunt. (Copied from miniature taken 1801)

He was educated at the old Ebenezer Academy in Brunswick County and at Hampden-Sydney College. When the war came on he was too old to enlist, but aided the Confederacy in every way possible. At one time, he furnished the Army with cattle and supplies, and bought heavily of Confederate bonds, which in later years adorned a fire screen.

His oldest son, Edmund, was not old enough to go, but volunteered and enlisted in his Uncle's, Capt. Richard Irby's, Company, the Nottoway Grays. He was wounded at the battle of Gettysburg where only six members of his Company came out unhurt, and was later captured and sent to the Federal Prison at Point Lookout, where he remained until the end of the war, coming home to die a few months later of camp fever contracted while in prison.

William Irby, like his father, accumulated quite a large estate. The plantation at Cedar Circle comprised about two thousand acres, and he and Mr. Edwin Booth bought large tracts of land in Giles County, William Irby's part of which was seven thousand acres.

This Giles land was sold after the war for two dollars per acre to General Haupt.

He was a deeply pious man, and early took an interest in religious matters. Along with Mr. Allan Crenshaw, he founded Crenshaw's Methodist Church near Blackstone.

After the surrender in 1865, every one in military district number one, which was Virginia, had to take "The Iron Clad Oath." On his return from Black's and White's (now Blackstone) where he had gone to take the oath, he was held up somewhere near the Little Nottoway river by Yankee stragglers. They took his horse and treated him roughly, forcing him to walk home, a distance of five or six miles. The rough treatment and the long walk caused his death, May 8th, 1865.

After his death, his widow with a large family of five boys and two girls faced a difficult situation, with a large part of her property swept away by the war, and seven children to raise and educate.

In order to send her sons to Randolph-Macon College, she purchased a home in Ashland, Virginia, and moved there every fall, coming home again in the summer.

It was during this time that Hon. Walter Hines Page, afterwards Ambassador to Great Britain, lived in her house for several years, while a student at Randolph-Macon College.



William Blunt Irby, of Pleasant Hill, and wife,
Sarah Washington Stith, daughter of
Major John Stith.

After educating her children, and living to see them all grown, she died August 26th, 1877.

Capt. Richard Irby, born September 28th, 1825, at Poplar Hill, which he inherited from his mother's estate, and which he remodeled and enlarged, was educated at Randolph-Macon College where he graduated with the degree of A. B. in the Class of 1844. He was living at Poplar Hill when the war broke out, and enlisted in the Nottoway Grays. He was made first Lieutenant in 1861 and was elected Captain of the company a year later.

He was wounded twice at the second battle of Manassas, and later rejoined his company and served until the end of the war. Capt. Irby's son-in-law, John Lucas Irby of Company E 3rd Virginia Calvary, also served with distinction throughout the war, and during the latter part of it acted as scout and courier for General Fitzhugh Lee.

Capt. Irby at one time served in the General Assembly of Virginia, was the author of "History of Randolph-Macon College", "History of the Nottoway Grays", "Bird Notes and Other Sketches." After the war, he established a large foundry near his home, which he operated for some time and later on moved to Richmond to engage in the manufacture of stoves.

He married Virginia Fitzgerald of Leinster in Nottoway, and they lived to celebrate their golden wedding. In 1886 he was made Secretary and Treasurer of Randolph-Macon College, which position he held at the time of his death, July 4, 1902.

Other Irbys: In 1848, Benjamin Irby, son of Edmund Irby of Poplar Hill, Dr. John W. Irby, Freeman B. Irby, and Dr. Edward Irby, sons of William Blunt Irby of Pleasant Hill, left Nottoway County for the Southwest. All of these settled near Sardis, Panola County, Mississippi except Dr. Edward Irby, who married and settled in Shelby County, Tennessee.

Benjamin Irby married Henrietta Anderson of Shelby County, Tennessee. He enlisted in the Confederate Army at the outbreak of the War and was killed at Selma, Alabama, in 1865, after the surrender of General Lee's Army at Appomattox. (The Southern armies continued fighting for a short time after the close of the war in Virginia).

Dr. John Irby, a man of brilliant mind and a splendid physician, practiced his profession with success in Panola County, Mississippi, until his death, May 1st, 1878. He left a large family of children.

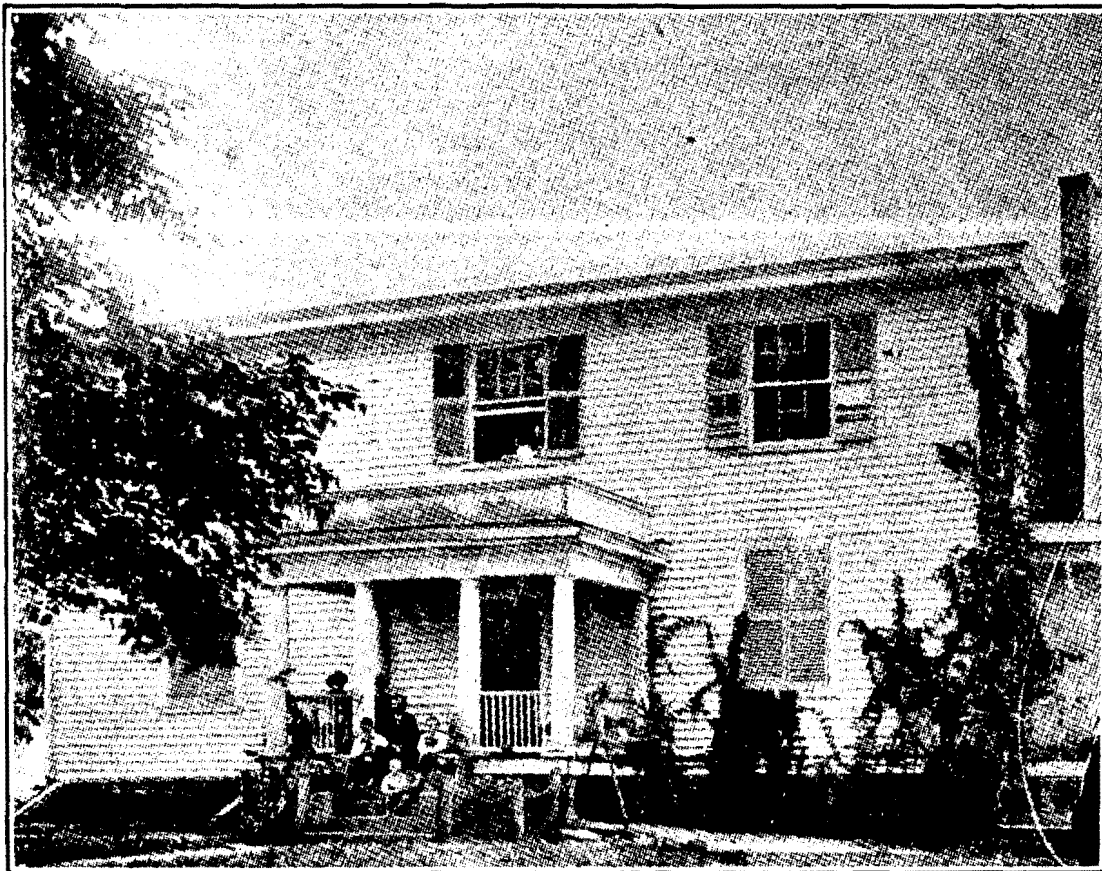


William Irby, of Cedar Circle, (Little Billy) and family. Two daughters not in picture, Frances Lucas, who was away at school and Sarah Louisa (Sally) a later child

Dr. Edward Irby, who was both a minister of the Gospel as well as a physician, had a large practice when the war came on. He enlisted, was made captain of his company, and was severely wounded early in the war at Belmont, Missouri. In addition to being a physician and a preacher in the Methodist Church, he also served in the State Legislature. He died about 1873.

Freeman Buckner Irby was a successful business man, and had a large estate. He represented his county in the Mississippi Legislature with great credit, at a most critical period. His son, William Blunt Irby, named for his grandfather, was killed in battle at Murfreesboro, Tennessee, during the Civil War. Freeman Irby died October 19th, 1877.

Of these Irbys who made their exodus from Nottoway County in 1848, a large number of descendants are now scattered over the States of Mississippi, Arkansas, Tennessee and Texas, many of them prominent men and women in the business and social world in which they live.



Poplar Hill (row called "The Elms") built by Edmund Irby 1812.
Remodeled and enlarged by Captain Richard Irby 1859

IRBY GENEALOGY

I. **Edmund Irby** of Prince George County, Va., born 1675, died 1733.

Anne Blunt (wife).

Children—William, Charles, Douglas, **John**, Elizabeth.

II. **John Irby** of Sussex County, born 1715, died 1761.

Mary Blunt (wife) born March 25, 1727, died March 20, 1774.

Children—(1) **John**, born September 19, 1749, died March 29, 1786, married Rebecca Briggs, daughter of George Briggs, Jan. 6, 1772.

(2) **William** of Sussex moved to Nottoway 1780. Born October 29, 1752. Died December 5, 1811.

(3) **Anne**, born August 7, 1757. Married Lemuel Cocke, January 6, 1774.

(4) **Elizabeth**, born July 4, 1761. Married Nathan Jones of Surry County, January 4, 1777.

III. **William Irby** of Sussex moved to Nottoway 1780. Born October 29, 1752. Died December 5, 1811.

Married (1) Jane Edmunds, born December 18, 1761. Died October 13, 1782. Married January 9, 1781.

Children—**Edmund**, born November 1, 1781. Died August 19, 1829.

Married (2) Elizabeth Williams, born September 25, 1771. Died August 4, 1820. Married June 21, 1792.

Children—(1) Catherine Greenhill, born July 29, 1793. Died December 7, 1795.

(2) Elizabeth Williams, born December 9, 1795, died January 10, 1842. Married Freeman Fitzgerald.

(3) **William Blunt**, born August 24, 1799. Died February 24, 1896. Married Sarah Washington Stith, February 24, 1819.

IV. **Edmund Irby** of Poplar Hill, son of William Irby and Jane Edmunds. Born November 1st, 1781. Died August 19, 1829.

Frances Briggs Lucas (wife) daughter of John Lucas of Greenville County. Born March 7, 1788. Died February 17, 1846. Married February 19, 1805.

Children—(1) **William**, born April 24, 1808. Died May 8, 1865.

(2) Elizabeth Jane, born July 9, 1810. Died September 16, 1826.



Captain Richard Irby and wife, Frances Virginia Fitzgerald. (From picture taken 1846)

IRBY GENEALOGY

(Continued)

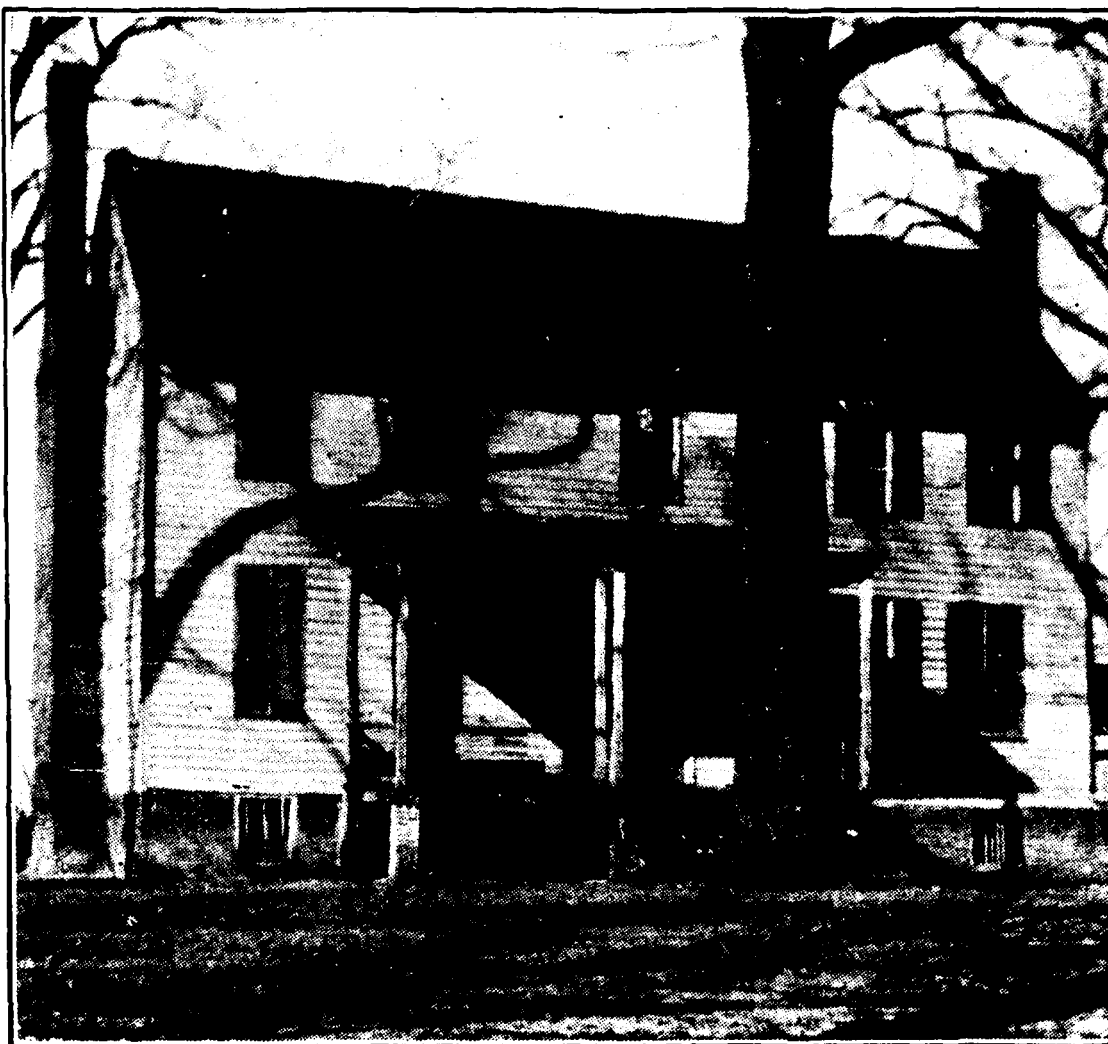
- (3) Edmund, born April 1, 1813.
Married (1) Cordelia Williams, September 25, 1847.
(2) Virginia Lundy of Tennessee.
Moved to Panola County, Mississippi.
- (4) **John Lucas**, born March 17, 1817. Died April 25, 1847.
Married Ariana Williams, Oct. 23, 1840.
- (5) Benjamin, born September 1, 1820.
Married Henrietta Anderson of Tennessee in 1855. Killed in battle at Selma, Alabama, 1865.
- (6) **Richard**, born September 28, 1825.
Died July 4, 1902. Captain Nottoway Grays.
- (7) Frances Eliza, born January 6, 1828.
Died September 28, 1842.

William Blunt Irby of Pleasant Hill, son of William Irby and Elizabeth Williams, born August 24, 1799. Died February 24, 1896.

Sarah Washington Stith (wife) born June 1, 1799. Died December 30, 1876. Daughter of Maj. John Stith. Married February 24, 1819.

- Children—
- (1) Dr. John W. Irby, born February 1, 1820.
Died May 1, 1878. Married Martha Taylor November 24, 1843. Moved to Panola County, Mississippi in 1848.
 - (2) Freeman Buckner Irby, born November 7, 1821. Died October 19, 1877. Married Maria Bacon. Moved to Panola County, Mississippi, 1848.
 - (3) Dr. Edward Irby, born August 14, 1823.
Died 1873. Married (1) Martha Harper,
(2) Lizzie Trigg. Moved to Shelby County, Tennessee, 1848.
 - (4) Elizabeth Anne (Betty) born August 1, 1825. Died 1848. Married William Bland 1843.
 - (5) Sarah (Sallie) born January 4, 1828.
Died March 5, 1906. Married (1) Dr. Richard Burke December 15, 1850, (2) Wm. Henry Halowell, October 23, 1867.
 - (6) Minerva, born August 12, 1829. Married

* (2) Married May 25, 1842.



Cedar Circle, Lunenburg County, home of William Irby (Little Billy) built about 1840. Later home of his son, Fletcher Irby

IRBY GENEALOGY

(Continued)

- (1) Frank Fitzgerald, (2) Neal.
- (7) Virginia, born July 19, 1831. Died March 12, 1913. Married Dr. Jethro Meriwether Hurt March 5, 1856.
- (8) George Washington, born June 8, 1833. Died April 9, 1924. Married Jennie Haskins, December 3, 1862.
- (9) Mary Frances (Molly) born June 27, 1835. Died June 25, 1914. Married Dr. Jos. A. Jones, June 18, 1856.
- (10) Walter Mandeville, born July 3, 1838. Died January 4, 1925. Wife, Petronella Scott, born October 28, 1855. Died May 8, 1926. Married September 27, 1877.

William Irby of Cedar Circle (Little Billy) son of Edmund Irby and Frances Lucas, born April 24, 1808. Died May 8, 1865.

- (1) **Martha Anne Booth** (wife) daughter of Benj. and Sarah Booth of Amelia, born October 18, 1811. Died January 3, 1838. Married December 12, 1832.

Children—(1) Ellen, born November 15, 1833. Died July 19, 1879. Married Dr. George Hardy November 9, 1853.

- (2) Edmund, born January 21, 1836. Died September 13, 1841.

- (3) Robert Benjamin, born December 19 1837. Died September 15, 1841.

- (2) **Martha Anne Fitzgerald** (wife) daughter of Freeman and Elizabeth Fitzgerald, born November 29, 1819. Died March 13, 1841. Married July 29, 1840.

No children.

- (3) **Sarah E. Poindexter** (wife) daughter of Richard A. and Jemima Poindexter of Florida, born July 27, 1822. Died August 26, 1877. Married January 3, 1844.

Children—(1) Edmund, born November 14, 1844. Died July 20, 1865. Member Nottoway Grays.

- (2) Robert Benjamin, born September 12, 1846. Died January 23, 1851.

- (3) Frances Lucas, born July 16, 1848. Died June 21, 1892. Married John R. Turner

IRBY GENEALOGY

(Continued)

of Petersburg, Virginia, November 30, 1881.

- (4) Richard Brame, born April 25, 1850. Died June 24, 1869.
- (5) Wesley Childs, born July 25, 1852. Died March 6, 1928.
Wife (1) Mary William Jones of North Carolina, born June 27, 1849. Died May 26, 1884. Married October 10, 1877.
Wife (2) Margaret Barrett Hardaway, born October 15, 1852. Married April 28, 1886.
- (6) John Poindexter, born March 16, 1855. Wife, Margaret Harrison Williams, born November 11, 1857. Died February 5, 1925. Married May 25, 1881.
- (7) William, born April 24, 1857. Wife, Mattie Hite, born October 5, 1871. Married December 17, 1891.
- (8) Fletcher, born January 17, 1859. Died January 20, 1913. Wife, Molly Hurt, born April 1, 1867. Married September 9, 1885.
- (9) Sarah Louisa, Born January 2, 1862. Died March 11, 1913.

John Lucas Irby, son of Edmund Irby and Frances Briggs Lucas, born March 17, 1817. Died April 25, 1847.

Ariana Williams (wife) Daughter of David G. Williams. Married October 23, 1840.

Children—(1) John Randolph, born 1842, died young.

(2) Mary Elizabeth Poythress, born 1844. Married (1) Col. Jos. Cabell of Danville, Va. Killed in 38th Inf. charge in Civil War, (2) Thomas W. Epes.

(3) John Lucas, born October 10, 1846, Member Co. E 3rd Va. Cavalry, Courier and Scout for General Fitzhugh Lee. Wife, Fanny Betty Irby, born July 20, 1847. Died February 7, 1916. Married October 16, 1866.

Richard Irby, son of Edmund Irby and Frances Briggs Lucas, born September 28, 1825, Captain Nottoway Grays. Died July 4, 1902.

IRBY GENEALOGY

(Continued)

Frances Virginia Fitzgerald (wife) born July 5, 1831.
Died September 28, 1907. Married October 1, 1846.

Children—(1) **Fanny Betty**, born July 20, 1847. Died
February 7, 1916. Married John Lucas
Irby, October 16, 1866.

(2) **Freeman Fitzgerald**, born May 11, 1849.
Married Ida Ross Wilkerson, November
20, 1884.

(3) **Benjamin**, born January 28, 1851. Died
March 26, 1921. Married Sallie Virginia
Monroe of Florida, October 28, 1872.

(4) **Richard**, born December 13, 1852. Died
August 20, 1874.

(5) **Sallie**, born November 11, 1854. Died
October 10, 1857.

(6) **Lewellyn**, born December 16, 1856.

(7) **Mary Cornelia**, born January 25, 1859.

(8) **Thomas Monroe**, born January 12, 1861.
Died August 28, 1862.

(9) **Robert Lee**, born December 13, 1862.
Married (1) **Bettie B. Hank**, November
7, 1884, (2) **Carrie Harrison**.

(10) **Anna Virginia**, born November 22, 1865
Died August 23, 1875.

(11) **Margaret Wheelwright**, born September
13, 1868. Married Henry E. Cutherell,
June 4, 1889.

(12) **Sallie Monroe**, born September 26, 1872.
Married Benton Fitzgerald.

(13) **Edmund**, born July 22, 1874. Died 1905.
Married Mabel Porter.

STITH GENEALOGY

By Dr. Christopher Johnston

Col. John Stith⁽⁵⁾ (Buckner⁽⁴⁾-Drury⁽³⁾-Drury⁽²⁾ John⁽¹⁾)
was born March 24, 1755 and died in 1808. He entered the
service as Lieutenant and was promoted in the course of the
war to the rank of Major, taking part with distinguished
gallantry in the battles of Trenton, Princeton, Brandywine,
Germantown and Monmouth. He was captured at Charlotte
in 1780, but was exchanged and returned to duty with his

STITH GENEALOGY

(Continued)

command. He is usually styled Colonel, but this was probably a brevet rank. Colonel John Stith and Anne, his wife, who died in 1824, daughter of Lawrence Washington of Chotank, King George County, had issue—(order uncertain).

(1) Needham W. Stith, died 1840. Married Lucy G. Haskins.

(2) Putnam Stith, Married Mary Poythress Epes.

(3) Lawrence Washington Stith, Married Ann Laval Montgomery.

(4) Buckner Stith, died young.

(5) Cincinnatus Stith, married Miss Fletcher of Alabama.

(6) Louise Ann Stith, married September 6, 1827, John R. Womack.

(7) Ariana Stith, married June 27, 1805, Warner Washington.

(8) Helen Stith, married Thomas Hungerford of King George County.

(9) Sarah Stith, Married 1819, William Blunt Irby, of Nottoway.

(William and Mary Quarterly Magazine
Vol. 21, No. 4, April 1913, P. 269)

WASHINGTON GENEALOGY

*Lawrence Washington of Chotank, King George County, married Elizabeth Dade, July 31, 1751, (St. Paul's Parish Register, King George County, P. 209, Virginia State Library).

Daughter, Anne Washington, died 1824. Married Major John Stith, December 11, 1783. (David Stuart, minister). (St. Paul's Parish Register, King George County, Page 224, Virginia State Library).

Daughter, Sarah Washington Stith, born June 1, 1799, died December 30, 1876. Married William Blunt Irby of Nottoway, February 24, 1819.

*See Virginia Magazine (W. G. Standard Editor) Vol. XXIII., P. 99 and "Hayden's Virginia Genealogies" for account of these Washingtons.