





WILLIAM HOBART,  
HIS  
ANCESTORS AND DESCENDANTS.

BY  
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“Children’s children are the Crown of old men, and the glory of children is their Fathers.”—Prov. xvii. 6.

*Nobilitas sola est atque unica Virtus.*

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## PREFACE.

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From EDMUND HOBART, who was born in Hingham, County of Norfolk, England, in the year 1574, and who came to this country in 1633, was descended in the sixth generation, WILLIAM HOBART, who died in Potter, N. Y., in 1801. The design of the first part of this book,—Edmund to William Hobart,—is to trace genealogically the line of this descent; also to present the immediate collateral branches, together with brief biographical notices of a few persons who attained to some eminence among them.

The remainder of the book is an attempt to furnish a complete genealogy of the descendants of William Hobart, down to the present time.

In the preparation of this work, it has been

needful to consult a large number of volumes. Those from which assistance of greater or less importance has been derived, are the following:—The Hobart Journal in Manuscript; Savage's Genealogical Dictionary; Winthrop's History of New England; Butler's History of Groton; Genealogical Register, Vols. XV and XVII; Sibley's Harvard Graduates; Lincoln's History of Hingham; Mather's Magnalia; Documentary History of New York; Journals of the Provincial Congress; Buckingham's History of First Church of Charlestown, Mass.; Inventory of Gershom Hobart's Estate, in Manuscript; Thompson's History of Long Island; Sprague's Annals of the American Pulpit; Lamb's History of New York; Sawtell's History of Townsend, Mass.; Whitaker's History of Southold, L. I. Valuable aid has also been obtained from a large number of Manuscript Letters—some of them very old.

The Roman Numerals indicate the successive Generations; the Figures show the subordinate relation. In a few instances, dates are missing or defective, but the utmost effort has failed to supply them. The same may be said of some other imperfections.

It is hoped that this work may prove satisfactory

to those most interested in its preparation; and should it stimulate and aid some competent person to prepare and publish a full Genealogy of the Hobart Family, it will have answered an important end.



## EDMUND TO WILLIAM HOBART.

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In the early part of the seventeenth century the non-conformists of England were subjected to the operation of oppressive laws enacted to enforce their observance of the unscriptural forms and ceremonies of the Established Church. Fines and imprisonments were frequently imposed to subdue the spirit and break down the influence of those who dared to think for themselves on the subject of religious rights and privileges. But these measures were quite insufficient to discourage the fearless men who believed in civil and religious liberty, and who were resolved to maintain it. As John Milton said: "Faithful, freeborn Englishmen and good Christains, constrained to forsake their dearest home, their friends and kindred, and whom nothing but the wide ocean and the savage deserts

of America could hide and shelter from the fury of the bishops." Some had already left their native land and gone to plant a colony on the bleak and dreary shore of Plymouth Harbor. The hardships and trials which they had encountered seemed to inspire a firmer purpose and a more earnest devotion to their noble cause.

"They came with faith in God,  
They came with faith in man,  
On this fresh virgin sod  
To try their untried plan;  
To give this realm of freedom birth,  
And shed new light around the earth."

Their Puritan spirit could neither be seduced nor driven into alliance with a corrupt hierarchy; their honest belief that God approved their position in defence of the liberty of conscience made them bold in its advocacy.

"They would not bend the conscience  
To suit a tyrant's frown,  
And at the feet of haughty kings  
They would not bow them down;  
They met their proud oppressors  
With calm, undaunted eye,  
As men long used to suffer,  
And not afraid to die;

In the strength of God they trusted,  
In the love of God they wrought,  
Nor gold, nor earthly glory,  
Nor praise of men, they sought.  
In humble faith and patience  
They lived their little day,  
And laid their strong foundations  
At Plymouth and the Bay."

In those times and amidst the oppressions then prevalent, lived Edmund Hobart—the man who is justly honored as the ancestor of an intelligent and worthy posterity in this land.

I. EDMUND HOBART was born in Hingham, Norfolk County, England, probably in the year 1574. He appears to have married about 1597, though the name of his wife is unknown. During the ensuing thirty-six years he had the usual opportunities to gain the experience of an Englishman's life. Cotton Mather in his *Magnalia*, says of him and his wife,—“They were eminent for piety, and feared God above many. There were but three or four in the whole town that minded serious religion, and these were sufficiently maligned by the irreligious for their Puritanism.”

At this period many of the people were inquiring anxiously in regard to the new settlements in

America. Mr. Hobart was one of these, and though now in the sixtieth year of his age, he decided to remove thither. The perils of a sea voyage, the hardships of a new country, the danger from its savage inhabitants—with “freedom to worship God,” were welcomed, rather than the restrictions and persecutions which must be endured in England. Besides this, the thought that he might be able to furnish satisfactory information to his neighbors in Old Hingham concerning the new world, such as might enable them to improve their condition, added something to the cheerfulness with which he took his departure.

Accordingly with his wife and their children, Rebecca, Sarah and Joshua, and their servant Henry Gibbs, he embarked near the last of March 1633, and landed at Charlestown, Mass., about the middle of May following. It is believed that he was the first man bearing the name HOBART, that came to this country, and that he was the ancestor of all that bear that name now in America. The only exception known, is that of a family and their descendants who acquired the name by an act passed by the Legislature of New York.

He became a member of the Congregational

church in Charlestown, August 19th, of the same year, and thus became qualified, according to the law then existing, to take the freeman's oath, to vote, to hold office, and to enjoy full municipal rights.

Within a short time after his arrival, two more of his 'sons—Edmund Jr. and wife, and Thomas with his wife and three children arrived at Charlestown. He took the freeman's oath, March 4, 1634, and soon after was appointed by the General Court—as the Legislature was called—a Constable for that town for the ensuing year.

In June 1635, his son, Reverend Peter, with wife and four children, having left England, also came to Charlestown. In the following September, Mr. Hobart with his sons and other friends removed to Bear Cove, a new place about twelve miles south of Boston. They changed the name, calling it Hingham, after the town from which most of them had come.

The General Court had enacted a law requiring that two Grand Juries be summoned every year, "the one to inform the Court in March, the other to inform it in September, of the breaches of any order, or other misdemeanor that they shall know or hear to be committed by any per-

son whatsoever within this jurisdiction, or to do any other service of the commonwealth that they shall be enjoined." Mr. Hobart was of the Grand Jury for the year commencing September 19, 1637.

He was appointed by the General Court, Sept. 6, 1638, "a Commissioner to try small Causes," in the town of Hingham. This appointment—equivalent to that of Justice of the Peace at the present time,—was renewed May 22, 1639, and June 2, 1641.

He was appointed by the General Court, June 16, 1639, a member of the Committee to levy a tax of one thousand pounds on the twelve towns then organized.

He was chosen the Representative of his town in the General Court, in 1639, '40, '41 and '42.

His wife died in Hingham, and he married his second wife, Ann, the widow of Rev. John Lyford. But unfortunately, neither the date of the death of his first wife, nor that of his marriage to the second, can be found. Mr. Hobart died at Hingham, March 8, 1646, and his wife Ann died, June 23, 1649.

Their children were as follows:

1. Rebecca, born in 1598?
2. Sarah, born in 1600?

3. Edmund Jr., born in 1603.
4. Peter, born in 1604.
5. Thomas, born in 1606.
6. Mary, born in 1608?
7. Mehetabel, born in 1610?
8. Elizabeth, born in 1612?
9. Joshua, born in 1614.

1. 2. REBECCA and SARAH came to Charlestown with their father in 1633. Rebecca united with the church in Charlestown, August 27, of the same year. No other information is possessed in regard to them. The dates of their births are not certain.

3. EDMUND JR., was born in England in 1603. He there married Elizabeth ~~Finner~~<sup>Finner</sup>. Her father's name is unknown. They came to Charlestown in 1633, arriving probably two or three months later than his father. They were both admitted to the church there, August 21, the same year. He took the freeman's oath, Sept. 3, 1634, and removed to Hingham in 1635. His wife Elizabeth died there, Nov. 4, 1675, and he died February 16, 1685, at the age of 82. Their children were as follows: *Elizabeth*, baptized at Charlestown, July 19, 1635. (In many instances the dates of the birth of children are not given, because they cannot be found, but the date of their baptism, which took

place from two days to two weeks after birth, and was entered in the Church Records, has been preserved.) She married John Tucker at Boston, March 12, 1658: *Sarah*, baptized March 29, 1640; married Return Manning Dec. 9, 1664: *John*, baptized March 10, 1642; married Hannah Burr, April —, 1674: *Samuel*, baptized April 13, 1645; married Hannah Gold, Feb. 25, 1673: *Martha*, baptized June 6, 1647; married Oct. 16, 1677, Joseph Bassett at Hingham: *Daniel*, born March 2, 1650; married Oct.—, 1677, Elizabeth Warren of Boston.

4. REVEREND PETER. See No. II.

5. THOMAS, was born in England in 1606. He married there Jane <sup>Plover</sup>~~Plover~~, whose paternal name is unknown. They and their three children came from Wymondham, Norfolk County, England, in 1633. They arrived at Charlestown probably two or three months later than his father. He was admitted freeman in Charlestown, May 14, 1634, and removed to Hingham in 1635. He died July 3, 1734, at the age of 69. His widow Jane died there, in 1748, aged 85 years. Their children were as follows:—*Caleb*, one of the three born in England. The other two born there, are not known. Caleb married Jan. 20, 1657, Elizabeth

Church, who died Feb. 3, 1659. He married second, Mary Eliot of Braintree, daughter of Francis Eliot. She died July 22, 1675. He married third, Elizabeth, widow of Richard Faxon, Jan. 15, 1676. She died Aug. 9, 1704, aged 71. He died Sept. 4, 1711, at the age of 89. *Joshua*, born Feb. 24, 1639; died at Braintree, Dec. 28, 1713. *Thomas*, born Oct. 28, 1649. *Isaac*, born April 25, 1653. *Hannah*, born Jan. 17, 1655; married John Record of Weymouth, July 16, 1677. *Moses*, born Dec. 2, 1656; died at Boston, Oct. 28, 1686. *Aaron*, born June 20, 1661; was drowned while sailing towards Boston, March—, 1705. *Nathaniel*, born May 25, 1665; married May 31, 1695, Mary Stowell.

6. MARY, was born in England, in 1608, probably. She is said to have married there John Beals, and never to have come to this country.

7. 8. MEHETABEL, was born in England, probably in 1610,—and ELIZABETH in 1612. They came here in 1633, probably in company with their brother Edmund or Thomas. Nothing further is known concerning them.

9. JOSHUA, was born in 1614, in Hingham, England. He came here with his father in 1633. He and his sister Rebecca, were admitted to

membership in the Charlestown Church, August 27th, of the same year. He was admitted freeman, Sept. 3, 1634. In 1635, he went to Hingham to reside with his brother Reverend Peter. He married Ellen Ibrook, of Cambridge, March 14, 1638. He was Captain of an Artillery Company in 1641; was chosen the Representative from Hingham in the General Court in 1643, and was re-elected annually for twenty-five years following; he was chosen Speaker of the House, in 1674, and was a Captain in active service through King Philip's war. He died July 28, 1682, at the age of 68 years. Their children were as follows:—

*Hannah*, born Sept. 29, 1639; married Joseph Grafton, Oct. 30, 1657: *Peter*, born July 3, 1642; married Susanna, daughter of Jacob Eliot of Boston, Dec. —, 1662; he died a mariner in 1665, at Barbadoes: *Sarah*, born Nov. 19, 1644; married Edward Cowell, June 26, 1668; he died—date unknown; she married second, Mr. Cleverly—date unknown; she died Feb. 24, 1696, aged 52 years: *Deborah*, baptized Sept. 12, 1647; married Joshua Lincoln, April 20, 1666: *Joshua*, born March 22, 1650: *Solomon*, born May 28, 1652: *Enoch*, born May 28, 1654; married Aug. 7, 1676, Hannah Harris at Hingham: *Hannah*, again, born Oct. 4, 1666.

II. PETER HOBART, son of Edmund, was born near the end of the year 1604, at Hingham, England,—a town that contained in 1833, about 1,500 inhabitants. Here in his boyhood he went to a Grammar school, walking several miles daily to and from it; then he attended a Free School at Lynn, and from this he entered Magdalen College in the University at Cambridge. Here through his whole course, he is said to have maintained a high character for diligence, sobriety and religion. He graduated in 1626, and soon after was engaged in teaching a Grammar school. While thus employed, he lodged in the house of a clergyman of the Established Church, who though not friendly to his Puritan ideas, sometimes engaged young Hobart to preach for him. In 1627 he was ordained a Minister of the Gospel by the Right Reverend Bishop of Norwich,—Dr. Joseph Hall. In the same year he married,—but whom, or the exact date, is quite unknown. For the ensuing eight years and more, he preached in several towns as he had opportunity, and last at Haverhill in Suffolk County, about twenty miles southeast of Cambridge. But he had identified himself with the Puritans, and this subjected him to the impositions and persecutions of the prelacy,— and

though his foes admitted that he possessed fine abilities, they made him in various ways feel their hostility.

He determined therefore to leave England and remove to America, whither his parents, brothers and sisters had already gone. Accordingly in the month of April he embarked, and after a tedious voyage and constant sickness, arrived at Charlestown. In his Journal he says—"I, with my wife and four children, came safely to New England, June 8, 1635. Forever praised be the God of Heaven, my God and my King." He received a cordial welcome from his kindred and friends who had preceded him. A writer speaking of his arrival, says—"Among those who came to help build up the cause of a better Christianity, was Peter Hobart—that distinguished friend of liberty. On his arrival here, he was but little over thirty years of age, in the full vigor of manhood, possessed of great activity of mind, and distinguished for independence of character. As a scholar he was eminent for intellectual acumen, indefatigable industry and various acquirements." In a poem read at the celebration of the two hundredth anniversary of the settlement of Hingham in America, the following lines occur:—

“Swell high the strain of grateful song  
A few short years have sped their flight,  
A HOBART joins the exile throng,  
Stern patron of the people's right.”

He united with the Church in Charlestown August 30th, and his wife and children remained there until late in the autumn, or possibly through the winter,—as one of his sons was born there, October 3d.

He soon received invitations from several towns to come and reside among them as their Minister. But he declined all, preferring with his friends to establish a new home at Bear Cove,—now Hingham. It is said that he first landed there on the north side of the stream which flows into the harbor at that place, and that it was upon its banks, under the open canopy of heaven, that the first public religious exercises were performed. Here he gathered a Church, and here for the remainder of his life, he performed the duties of an industrious and faithful minister of the gospel.

He was admitted freeman, Sept. 2, 1635, and later in the same month, he was settled as the pastor of the Church. It is known that his salary in 1648, was seventy pounds, and the same for each of the two following years. In 1651, the

town voted that he should have "five score pounds a year," and that appears to have been his regular salary for many years thereafter.

In 1645, Mr. Hobart become involved in a fierce controversy with the civil authorities, and this was the occasion of it:—Anthony Eames had served the town for seven or eight years, as Lieutenant of a military company, and had been chosen to be their Captain. His name was presented to the Council for approval; but before they had taken action, the people took offense against him, and chose another man—one Bozoun Allen—and presented his name for approval. But the Council refused to approve of Allen's appointment, and directed that the officers should hold their places until the General Court could take order on the subject. The messengers were instructed thus to report. But those friendly to Allen appointed a Training without informing Lieut. Eames. When he heard of it, he came into the field to take command; but the friends of Allen refused to follow him unless he would show some order for it. He referred to the order of the Council: but it was replied that they had directed him to lay down his office honorably. Lieut. Eames denied this, and insisted that no such or-

der had been given,—thus putting the lie upon those who so reported. This caused a great excitement, and he was called, the next Lord's day, before the Church, on the charge of Lying. But he still maintained his position. Pastor Hobart espoused the side of Allen with great earnestness. He was in favor of having Lieut. Eames cut off from Church membership at once: but there was opposition to this, and a brief adjournment was taken. The Lieutenant immediately laid the matter before the Magistrates who forthwith met in Boston and sent a Constable to arrest and bring before them the principal offenders, among whom were the three brothers of the Pastor. Thereupon the Pastor hastened thither to expostulate with the Magistrates, saying that the complainants were but talebearers, and greatly resenting it that his brothers should be sent for by a Constable, and using such high words that the Magistrates told him that only their respect for his Ministry saved him from being committed. His brothers and some others were required to give bonds to appear at the next Court of Assistants.

The Elders of the neighboring Churches took great pains to reconcile the differences which had sprung up, but quite in vain. "Pastor Hobart

being of a presbyterial spirit, did manage all affairs without the Church's advice, which produced divisions in the congregation."

The General Court was to meet before the Court of Assistants, and therefore a petition signed by the Hobarts and about ninety of the citizens—on which the Pastor's name stood first—was presented to that body, to the effect that some of them had been arraigned for words spoken concerning the General Court, and their liberties, and the liberties of the Church;—and they asked the Court to hear the cause. The Court assembled in Boston. Many of the Elders were present, and a great assembly of the people. The petitioners undertook to make out a justification of their hard speeches, especially against the Deputy Governor—John Winthrop. The Court examined the whole case. The Deputy justified himself in all the particulars charged against him. A committee was appointed who brought in a report; but upon this the two branches of the Court could not agree. One branch proposed to call in the Elders to aid; but this did not suit the other. Then they agreed to refer the matter to arbitrators; but when they came to choose them they could not agree. Meantime Pastor

Hobart, perceiving that the case was likely to be decided against him and his friends, asked the Court to adjourn for a week, that the Elders might go to Hingham and try to effect a reconciliation. This, when sought earnestly by the other party, he had declined, though the Elders had offered to go. But it was now agreed to, and the Elders went to Hingham and spent two or three days in the attempt; but they found the Pastor and his friends greatly at fault, and could bring them to no satisfactory terms. Finally the General Court in a sort of joint Conference, came to this agreement, which was ordered:—Joshua Hobart was fined £20; Edmund Hobart £5; Thomas Hobart £2; Edmund Gold £1; John Foulsham £5; Daniel Cushing £2, 10s.; William Hersey £4; Mr. Allen £5; Rev. Peter Hobart £2;—making in all £46, 10s. The remaining petitioners—seventy-three in number, were fined the sum of £53, 10s.—divided equally among them, to pay the expenses of the Court. Lieut. Eames was subjected to an admonition, and the Deputy Governor was legally and publicly acquitted of all charges against him. This case occupied the attention of the General Court for more than seven weeks—with an interval of one week.

On the 18th of March following—1646,—the Marshall went to Hingham to collect the fines which had been imposed, but he was resisted; the property which he had taken was rescued, and he was obliged to relinquish the attempt. Not long after, the Governor and Council met at Boston, and having taken information from the Marshall and others, they summoned the petitioners to appear before them. But as Pastor Hobart came not, they sent an attachment by the Constable who brought him. Being charged with joining in the rescue mentioned above, by animating the offenders, discouraging the officer, questioning the authority of his warrant, and the like;—the Marshall's information and the testimony of others were read to him and his answer demanded. He desired to know what offense he had committed and what law he had broken. The Court of Assistants before which he was arraigned, informed him that "the matters charged amounted to a seditious practice and a derogation and contempt of authority." He desired to see his accuser. The Marshall was called, and justified his information. He desired to be tried by a jury, and to have the witnesses sworn in Court. The matters testified against him were his speeches to

the Marshall in the presence of thirty persons, against the authority of those who assumed to impose and collect these fines, and against the rightfulness of the existing government. The case was delayed till June 2, when the trial was ended,—the jury finding “that he seemed to be ill-affected toward this government, and that his speeches tended to sedition and contempt of authority.” Thereupon the Court—with the exception of Bellingham and Bradstreet,—adjudged him to pay a fine of £20, and to give bonds in twice that amount for his good behavior till the next Court. It is said that at this sentence his spirit rose; he would like to know what the “good behavior” was; he desired the names of the jury, and a copy of all the proceedings. This was granted and so he was dismissed.

Perhaps the impression which this narrative is likely to give is that Pastor Hobart and his friends carried their liberal principles in regard to civil government, to such an extent as to endanger just authority. But a study of the history of that period will show that the popular branch of the General Court was very reluctant to impose fines upon the people for their words spoken against Rulers. It is easy hence to believe that

the controversy had a deeper significance than at first appeared,—that it involved the general principles concerning the powers of Magistrates in reference to the rights of the people. Upon these important points there is no reason to doubt that Pastor Hobart entertained correct opinions, though it is quite possible that he may have been indiscreet sometimes in his endeavors to promote them.

In 1647, there was an important marriage to be solemnized at Boston. The bridegroom was of Hingham, and being of Pastor Hobart's Church, he was invited to attend and deliver a sermon on the occasion. He was present for that purpose, but the Magistrates hearing of it, sent him word to forbear, "for they had discovered his spirit to be averse to our ecclesiastical and civil government,—*that he was a BOLD MAN and would speak his mind.*" We can but regard this as a high compliment paid to the man, though not so intended.

When a man of thorough education like Pastor Hobart, of his clearness of apprehension, of his boldness of utterance, of his independence both of church and state when their influence is allowed to interfere with the rights of the people,—identifies himself with a community, he must become

a most important force in it. And when such a man for nearly half a century industriously devotes his powers to promote the religious welfare of the people among whom he resides, he cannot fail to produce an impression for good which will be felt for a long period after he has passed away.

The last eight years of his life appear to have been especially devoted to the care of the youth of his congregation, whose salvation he earnestly sought. In 1678, he became too feeble to preach, though he administered the sacrament of the Lord's Supper, and less than two months before his death, he assisted in the ordination of Mr. John Norton as his successor in the ministry at Hingham;—then with a company of ministers and other Christians at his own house, joyfully sang the song of aged Simeon—"Thy servant now lettest thou depart in peace." Dr. Cotton Mather says of him, "His heart was knit in sincere and earnest love to all pious men; he admired the grace of God in all the good, though they were of sentiments contrary to his own."

His wife died in Hingham, early in the month of December, 1645,—though neither the church or town Records contain any notice of her death.

He married his second wife—Rebecca, daughter of Richard Ibrook, July 3, 1646. She was born in England in 1620, came here in 1637, and was twenty-six years of age at the date of her marriage; he was forty-two. They lived together thirty-three years. She was the mother of the last six children. His will made four days before his death, names his wife and fourteen living children. He died in Hingham, January 20, 1679, in the seventy-fifth year of his age, and the fifty-second of his ministry—the first eight of which were spent in England and forty-four in Hingham, Mass. His wife Rebecca died in the same town on September 9, 1692, aged seventy-two. Five of his sons were educated at Harvard College, of whom four became ministers of the gospel.

His children were as follows:—

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|---------------|---------------|
| 1. JOSHUA.    | 9. ISRAEL.    |
| 2. JEREMIAH.  | 10. JOEL.     |
| 3. JOSIAH.    | 11. GERSHOM.  |
| 4. ELIZABETH. | 12. JAPHET.   |
| 5. ICHABOD.   | 13. NEHEMIAH. |
| 6. HANNAH.    | 14. DAVID.    |
| 7. HANNAH.    | 15. REBECCA.  |
| 8. BATHSHEBA. | 16. ABIGAIL.  |
| 17. LYDIA.    |               |

1. JOSHUA was born in Hingham, England, July —, 1628; graduated at Harvard College in 1650, at the age of twenty-two; preached for a time at Bass River—now Beverly, in 1651: was admitted a freeman in Hingham, May 18, 1653; sailed to the island of Barbadoes, July 16, 1655. There he married Margaret, daughter of William Vassel, April 16, 1656. They sailed thence to London, arriving there on the fifth day of July following. They returned to New England, September 5, 1659. His wife died September 9, four days after their arrival. President Stiles of Yale College, says he had by this wife, three children; but he does not mention their names, and they are unknown; they may have died in infancy. He married his second wife—Mary, daughter of John Sunderland and widow of Jonathan Rainsford, January 16, 1672. He was ordained pastor of the Church at Southold, L. I., October 7, 1674. This Church after the death of their first pastor, Rev. John Youngs, sent a messenger to Boston to seek “an honest and godly man to perform the office of a Minister among them,” and in obtaining Mr. Hobart, their wishes seem to have been realized. They had the happiness to enjoy his labors during a period of forty-three

years. His salary for the first four years, was £80 annually. Four years later, it was increased to £100, and so continued. It was paid to him promptly at the end of each year through the whole of his pastorate.

His wife died in Southold, April 19, 1698, at the age of 56; he died nineteen years later—February 28, 1717, aged 88 years. The town was at the expense of placing a Monument over his grave, which bears,—besides his name and the date of his birth and death,—the following inscription: “He was a faithful Minister, a skillful Physician, a general Scholar, a courageous Patriot, and to crown all, an eminent Christian.” To this is added the following poetic tribute, written by the celebrated Mather Byles, D. D., of Boston:—

“Beneath the sacred honors of this tomb,  
In pensive silence and majestic gloom,  
The man of God conceals his reverend head  
Amidst the awful mansions of the dead.  
No more the Statesman shall assert the laws  
And in the Senate plead his country’s cause:  
In the sad Church no more the listening throng  
Gaze on his eyes and dwell upon his tongue:  
No more his Healing hand shall health restore,  
Elude the grave and baffle death no more.

In Eden's flowery vales his spirit roves  
Where streams of life roll through the immortal groves.  
Fixed in deep slumbers here the dust is given  
Till the last trumpet shakes the frame of heaven.  
Then new to life the waking saint shall rise,  
And gay in glory, glitter up the skies;  
With smiling joys and heavenly raptures crowned,  
Bid endless ages wheel their never ceasing round."

President Stiles says of him,—“He was an eminent physician, civilian and divine, and every way a great, learned and pious man.”

His children by his second wife, were

1. *Twins*, born October —, 1672: of these, one named *Aletheia* lived, the other died soon.
2. *Irene*, born at Boston, April —, 1674.
3. *Peter*, born at Southold, February 28, 1676.
4. *John*, born at Southold, in 1677.

If there were other children no record of them is preserved. Benjamin Wadsworth who went to Albany, N. Y., with the Commissioners of Massachusetts and Connecticut to treat with the Indians—the Six Nations—and who was afterward President of Harvard College—mentions under date of August 19, 1694, the preaching of a sermon by “Mr. Joshua Hobart, who came to Albany to see *his son* who was a Lieutenant there.”

This son may have been the Peter mentioned above, or he may have been one of the three children of his first wife, of whom nothing is known.

John went south in 1707, when he was thirty years of age. On his return, he married a Swedish lady, where the city of Philadelphia now stands, and settled at Kensington, now a northern suburb of that city. In 1716, and in 1733 he lived in New London, Conn. Of his children, a son, Enoch, was born in 1726. This son became a Sea Captain, making many profitable trips to the West Indies, where his strict probity secured for him the appellation of the "Honest Yankee."

Enoch married in 1763, Hannah Pratt, a lady of good family in Philadelphia, where he died October 27, 1776, at the age of 48 years. Their three children were, Robert Enoch, Rebecca and John Henry.

This *John Henry* Hobart,—afterwards Bishop of New York—was born in Philadelphia, September 14, 1775. His father having died the next year, his training devolved wholly upon his mother. At the age of nine, he entered the Episcopal Academy there, and commenced his classical

studies. He is said to have been at this period, active, industrious, and ambitious of distinction. He entered the College of Philadelphia, in 1788, in his thirteenth year, and continued there between two and three years. When in his fifteenth year, he made a public profession of his faith in Christ and received the rite of confirmation from Bishop White.

In the autumn of 1791, he joined the Junior class in the College at Princeton, N. J., and sustained through the course, a high reputation for talents, diligence, and moral worth. He graduated in September, 1793, and divided with another the highest honor of the class. Soon after graduation he was induced to connect himself with a large mercantile house in Philadelphia; but he found the employment uncongenial and soon relinquished it. He had resolved to devote his life to the Ministry of the Gospel, and entered at once upon the needful preparation. In January, 1796, he accepted an appointment as tutor in the College at Princeton. While thus engaged he prosecuted his theological studies under the direction of President Smith. Here he associated freely with his Presbyterian brethren in their Prayer Meetings and took his turn with them in praying extemporaneously.

In March, 1798—after more than two years' service—he resigned his tutorship, and returned to Philadelphia. Here he completed his theological studies under the direction of Bishop White, and was by him admitted to their order of Deacons, June 3, 1798. He immediately took charge of two small churches about a dozen miles from the city; but his salary was small and paid with difficulty. He left after a year and went to New Brunswick where he remained another year, closing there, May 4, 1800. His next charge was at Hempstead, L. I.,—but he continued here only till the September following,—when he was invited to become Assistant Minister of Trinity Church, New York. This important position he accepted and soon took up his residence in the city. Shortly after, he was ordained Priest by Dr. Provost in Trinity Church.

In June, 1779, while in New Jersey, he was appointed Secretary to the House of Bishops. In New York, he was chosen Secretary to the Convention of the Diocese; was elected a Deputy to the General Convention that met at Trenton, September, 1801; and at the next General Convention in 1804, he was a representative from New York, and was chosen Secretary to the

House. This same distinction was again conferred upon him in 1808. His great intelligence, activity and energy always made him one of the most efficient members of the Convention, and gave him a powerful influence in the church.

On the second Tuesday in May, 1811, at a special Convention, he was chosen Assistant Bishop of the State of New York, and in 1816, on the death of Bishop Moore, he was elected Bishop of the Diocese. In this office he extended his work to New Jersey and Connecticut for several years, during the vacancy in the Episcopate in those States. He was deeply interested in the establishment of a General Theological Seminary, which was founded and permanently located in New York in 1821. In this he was appointed Professor of Pastoral Theology and Pulpit Eloquence.

His health became much enfeebled, and in September, 1823, he went to Europe where he spent two years. He recovered his health and returned to New York in October, 1825. He was especially interested in the Oneida tribe of Indians. He visited them; licensed Eleazer Williams as a lay reader among them; visited them again in 1826, confirmed twenty-five of their num-

ber and admitted Mr. Williams to Deacon's orders. In 1829, the tribe migrated to Green Bay in Wisconsin, and he visited them there.

In his last annual tour, while in Auburn, he was attacked with the disease which terminated his life. He died there, September 10, 1830. His death called forth many commemorative discourses a number of which were published.

Mr. Hobart might be called a handsome man. His eye was bright, clear and piercing; the expression of his countenance, highly intellectual. In stature he was below the ordinary height, but dignified and courtly. On the street he walked with as much rapidity as if walking for a wager. He was one of the great thinkers of his times, a ready writer, a forcible speaker,—natural, bold, effective. In the pulpit he was commanding and his voice though not strong, was penetrating. His Sermons were written with conciseness, point and vigor, and his utterance was quick and energetic. There was intensity about all his mental and moral characteristics.

With the greater part of the clergy, his will was law, and he spoke and acted as one having authority. He drew about him hosts of friends, and was alive to every social courtesy. He was

often in general society, and was on terms of cordial intimacy with the ministers of other denominations. He was a voluminous writer, and issued from the press a large number of works on subjects of importance.

Mr. Hobart married Mary Goodwin, daughter of Rev. Dr. Chandler of Elizabethtown, N. J., May 6, 1800. He received the degree of Doctor of Divinity from Union College, conferred in 1806,—when he was but 32 years of age. He left a widow and several children at his death. One of his sons became a lawyer, and another a clergyman in the city of New York. Hobart College, at Geneva, N. Y., was named in honor of Bishop Hobart.

2. JEREMIAH was born in Hingham, England, April 6, 1630; graduated at Harvard College in 1650, after which for a year or more, he with his brother Joshua preached at Bass River,—now Beverly, Mass: he also preached at other places. April 6, 1659, he married Elizabeth, daughter of Rev. Samuel Whiting and his wife Elizabeth St. John of Lynn.

Rev. Samuel Whiting was born in Boston, England, November 20, 1597; graduated at Emanuel College, in Cambridge University, in 1616; came

to America May 26, 1636, and was ordained pastor at Lynn in November following. He is believed to have presided over the Synod held at Boston March 11, 1662. He married Elizabeth St. John, August 6, 1629. She was a sister of Sir Oliver St. John, who was Chief Justice of the Common Pleas in England, in the time of the Commonwealth. She was a great granddaughter of Oliver St. John, Baron of Beauchamp,—who upon the coming of Queen Elizabeth, his third cousin, to the throne, was created Lord St. John of Bletshoe. Through her ancestress, Margaret Beauchamp, grandmother of Henry VII, she was descended from Gundred, fourth daughter of William the Conqueror. Through her ancestress Joan Plantagenet, born in 1272, in Palestine, who married Gilbert LeClair, Earl of Gloucester,—and through her ancestress Matilda of Scotland, wife of Henry I. of England, and niece of Edgar Atheling,—she was descended from Alfred the Great. Through her ancestress Maud, wife of William the Conqueror, and daughter of Baldwin the VII., Count of Flanders,—she was descended from Lewis the Fair, and Charles the Bald of France, and from Charlemagne, Emperor of the West, and his wife Hildegarde, of Swabia.

In 1667, Mr. Hobart went to Wells, Me., and engaged to preach there for seven years. He was to have £50 a year, and in addition £33 to aid him in building a comfortable house on any land which he might select. Every man was to give him a day's work in supplying his fire wood; he was to have the use of the land set apart for the ministry, which was to be fenced and "the fallow part of it plowed." The town agreed to give him 300 acres of upland, and 30 acres of meadow,—and if he should continue with them and die in the ministry, then one-half the parsonage lot should be his, and his heirs forever; and as a further inducement it was agreed that his lands should be free from all taxes. If he should not remain with them during life, but should remove from the town, they agreed to purchase his house at the price which referees might fix upon it. On the acceptance of these proposals, they were to remove all his furniture and goods from Lynn to Wells, free of expense.

He was not satisfied with this, but asked the town to pay him £63 in six months, to aid him in building his house, to haul all the timber, to advance the rest of his salary for his living, and

give him a farm at Four Mile Brook. Furthermore that he should have liberty, twice a year, to visit his relatives and friends in an absence of two or three weeks each time; and finally, that he should not be restrained from the enjoyment of his liberty of conscience therein by authority. On their assent to all these terms, "he agreed to be the Minister of Wells, and God willing, continue; desiring that all jealousies and hard thoughts past, might be forever buried." The result was that his connection with the people, instead of continuing seven years was dissolved in less than five months. A writer alluding to his departure, says:—"We are not informed as to the cause, but have little doubt that it had its origin in the neglect of the people to carry out the programme of the settlement."

He began preaching at Topsfield, Mass., in November, 1671, and was ordained pastor there, October 2, 1672. The Church in Rowley declined to take part in the ordination, their reason being that it was too soon to settle him, "as he had been among them scarcely a year." His Ministry here "was not altogether pleasant. His people accused him of wrong doing and withheld his pay; but he sued them and obtained judg-

ment. He was dismissed September 21, 1680.

He came to Hempstead, L. I., in 1682, and after preaching for some time, made a representation to Anthony Brockolls, the Governor of New York, April 26, 1683,—that the town had chosen Rev. Jeremiah Hobart to be their Minister; and thereupon the Governor signified his approval of their choice. On the sixth of May following, he received a call to be settled. He was to have a salary of £66 14 shillings, payable in corn and cattle, besides a three-acre house lot. He was to have the use of all the parsonage lands and meadows, and his cattle were to have the liberty of the commons. It was likewise agreed that a "house should be built for him upon the town lot, 18x38 feet and ten feet between joists,—the same to be a comfortable house to dwell in," and he was to have his fire wood furnished free of cost.

He was installed October 17, 1683,—and so satisfactory were his labors that the town increased his salary to £70 and made him a further donation of 100 acres of land. But the process of collecting his salary, pledged by voluntary contributions, was very unsatisfactory, and December 9, 1686, he petitioned Governor Dongan

and Council for relief,—stating that it was almost five years since he was lawfully called and legally approved by Governor Brockolls, to be the Minister of Hempstead, and that although a full agreement was made as to building a comfortable house, and as to the payment of his annual salary,—yet the parish had performed neither,—to his great damage and almost insupportable inconvenience.”

He wrote to Governor Sloughter July 3, 1691, that “having for the last eight years and upwards, labored in Hempstead, and being much afflicted for want of that stipend annually promised and not duly paid, whereby he and his family sustain great sufferings and wants, he craves his Excellency’s succor and relief.” Whereupon the Governor issued an order for the collection and payment of what was due him.

August 24, 1691, Mr. Hobart was at Haddam, Conn., and the people there became anxious to engage him as their Minister. Accordingly they made him the following offer:—“A salary of £60 in provision pay,” his firewood, the use of the improved parsonage land on both sides of the River, a town grant of four and a half acres with an orchard,—on which a dwelling house

18x40 feet should be erected with all convenient dispatch. Should he remove from Haddam, the house and lot are to revert to the town, but to belong to him and his heirs should he remain. The next week, Mr. Hobart being still in Haddam, accepted the proposal and expressed his purpose to come with his family before winter. He requested that the town would send a vessel to bring thither his family and goods. He probably left Hempstead in November, 1691, and immediately commenced his work in Haddam.

It has been said that the reason for his leaving Hempstead was that many of the people there had become Quakers, and that others were so very irreligious that little could be obtained from them towards the payment of his salary.

Rev. Nicholas Noyes had preached at Haddam for thirteen years before Mr. Hobart came, but no church had been formed. It was voted at a lawful town meeting held January 25, 1693, that Mr. Hobart should be paid his whole year's rate. At a meeting held at the end of the same year, —December 8— the town granted him ten acres of land, and agreed to cut seventy cords of wood for him the current year.

Controversies and dissatisfaction having arisen,

the town voted unanimously April 22, 1695, that "they do not esteem and account themselves under his charge as pastor." At the same time it was voted "to embody in a Church way, with consent and approbation of neighboring Churches." On the ninth of the next month, permission to do this was granted by the General Assembly of the State. The difficulties appear to have originated in a desire of the inhabitants on the east side of the River, to become a separate parish.

At the May Session in 1700, the General Assembly adopted as a final settlement of the disputes, a report which says,—“that if the town of Haddam shall raise £100 annually for the maintenance of the ministry in said town,—£50 of it for the maintenance of the Rev. Mr. Hobart, on the west side, and £50 for the maintenance of a minister on the east side:—and also if the said Hobart shall release the said town from the agreement formerly made with him,—the town confirming and making good to Mr. Hobart, the house and land formerly given to him; and the town on the west side finding Mr. Hobart with his wood annually,—it will be a hopeful expedient to issue the unhappy differences.”

This proposal seems to have been approved,—for in June, it was voted to call a Council, and on November 14, 1700, when Mr. Hobart was in the seventieth year of his age, he was installed as Pastor. But his salary of £50 a year, and firewood, were insufficient for his support; and as these were not regularly paid, he petitioned the General Assembly in May, 1702, for relief. His work was more and his pay less, and the people had not complied with the recommendation of the Committee.

In September, 1714, Rev. Phineas Fisk was settled as his Colleague. Some time before his death, he became the subject of infirmities which rendered him unable to conduct public worship. November 6, 1715, being the Lord's day, he was present at church in the forenoon and received the Sacrament of the Lord's Supper, and during the intermission, he expired while sitting in his chair. He was in the 86th year of his age.

His wife survived him. She deeded the lot of her deceased husband, January, 22, 1717, to "her loving son," Hezekiah Brainard,—the husband of her daughter Dorothy. She died at Hartford, Conn., at the age of 88 years. Their children were as follows:—

1. An *Only Son*, born in 1662, probably at Lynn. He was "a freeman," and, August, 1686, lived at Boston. Nothing further is known of him.

2. *Elizabeth*, who married Hezekiah Wyllis in 1702. He was Secretary of State, of Connecticut from 1711, to 1734.

3. *A Daughter*, of whom nothing is known. She probably died in childhood.

4. *Dorothy*, born August 21, 1679, at Topsfield, Mass.; married Daniel Mason, April 19, 1704. He died at Lebanon, Conn., May 7, 1705, leaving one child,—Jeremiah, born March 4, 1705, who married Mary Clark. Dorothy married, second, Hon. Hezekiah Brainard of Haddam, October 1, 1707. By him, she had nine children, one of whom was David Brainard, the eminent Missionary to the Indians. Another was Martha, the wife of Major General Spencer of the Revolution, and grandmother of Elizabeth Spencer, the wife of Governor Lewis Cass of Michigan. Dorothy died March 11, 1732, in the 54th year of her age.

3. JOSIAH, was born in Hingham, England, in 1632; was brought here by his parents in 1635; married Mary —, of whom nothing else is known. They had a daughter, *Bethia*, born October —, 1672. They removed to East Hampton, L. I. April 10, 1677.

Complaint was made against the town for not laying out land to certain persons who for more than four years had paid all taxes and thus became "Town Associates." July 29, 1686, it was "ordered by the Governor and Council, that Captain Josiah Hobart, High Sheriff of the County of Suffolk, see that a Surveyor lay out for each person aforesaid, 30 acres of arable land within the bounds of East Hampton, that are not yet fenced or entered upon and appropriated by any person,—they to pay the charges of the Sheriff and Surveyor, and giving security not to sell the same until improved by them."

October, 17, 1686, Rev. Thomas James preached a sermon from Job. xxiv. 2. "Some remove the landmarks,"—whereupon Mr. Hobart entered a complaint against him, charging that the object of the sermon was to show the evil, and pronounce curses against those who removed their neighbor's landmarks,—applying it to those who had lately acted in the laying out of land in East Hampton, trying to show that their order was no excuse,—saying that though it were an edict from the King, or established by law, they could not be excused from the curse. This was sworn to November 18, 1686, and a warrant was issued

the next day for his arrest. He was fined; but soon after presented a petition that his penalty be remitted, as this was his first offence during his ministry of forty years.

Mr. Hobart died in East Hampton, in February, 1711, in the 78th year of his age.

4. ELIZABETH, was born in Hingham, England, in 1633; came to this country with her parents in 1635; married John Ripley who died February 3, 1684. She died March 26, 1692, in the 60th year of her age.

5. ICHABOD, was born in Charlestown, Mass., October 3, 1635; and died at Hingham in July, 1636.

6. HANNAH, was born in Hingham, April 30, 1637; was baptized May 7th, and died May 19th of the same year.

7. HANNAH, again, was born May 5, 1638, in Hingham; was baptized May 13, and married John Brown of Salem; when, is unknown.

8. BATHSHEBA, was born in Hingham, September 28, 1640, and baptized October 4th, following: she married John Leavitt, June 27, 1664; he died, and she married, second, Joseph Turner of Scituate. Their son Joseph, died May 7, 1683.

9. ISRAEL, was born in Hingham, June 29,

1642, and was baptized July 3rd following. He married December 30, 1668, Sarah, daughter of Rev. William Wetherill; lived at Hingham until his house was burned by the Indians, April 19, 1676, and then removed to Scituate.

Their children were *Sarah*, born May 30, 1670; *Nathaniel* and *Rebecca*,—all born in Hingham. Then *Nathan* and *Abigail*,—twins, born 1678; died soon; *Jael*, born 1680; *Israel*, born 1682; died soon; *Abigail* again, born 1683; *Israel* again, born 1686:—all born at Scituate. He died April 4, 1731, aged 89 years.

10. JAEEL was born December 28, 1643, in Hingham, and baptized December 30th. She married Joseph Bradford May 25, 1664, and died April 18, 1730, at the age of 88 years.

11. GERSHOM,—See No. III.

12. JAPHET was born in Hingham,—son of the second wife; was baptized April 4, 1647; graduated at Harvard College in 1667. He went to England about 1670, as a Surgeon, intending to go thence to the East Indies, but was never heard of afterward. President Stiles says there was a family tradition that this son after reaching England traveled on the continent, renounced his religious faith, and became a Catholic, and

that he died a Cardinal in the Church of Rome.

13. NEHEMIAH was born in Hingham, November 21, 1648; graduated at Harvard College in 1667; began to preach at Cambridge village—now Newton,—June 1, 1672. Before his ordination he had restored peace in his congregation, which had been interrupted since the death of their former pastor, John Elliot, which occurred October 13, 1668. He took the freeman's oath in 1675; married Sarah—daughter of Edward Jackson, March 21, 1678. They had six children—all daughters,—*Elizabeth, Rebecca, Mary, Abigail, Sarah* and *Hannah*. He was chosen a Fellow of Harvard College, December 13. 1681, and in 1707, when the old charter was restored by legislative resolve, and the Governor reduced the number of the corporation to seven, he was retained. His wife was born July 11, 1649, and died in 1711,—six months before him. He died August 25, 1712, in the 64th year of his age. The inscription upon his monument is in Latin, as follows:—"Hoc tumulo depositae sunt reliquiae reverendi et perducti D. D. Nehemiae Hobart, Collegii Harvardini socii lectissimi, Ecclesiae Neotoniensis per annos quadriginta pastoris fidelissimi et vigilantissimi; singulari gravitate, humilitate aeque ac

pietate et doctrina a doctis et piis eximia veneratione et amore recolendi." It is translated thus:—In this tomb are deposited the remains of the reverend and very learned Doctor of Divinity, Nehemiah Hobart, an estimable fellow of Harvard College, a highly faithful and watchful pastor of the Church of Newton for forty years; his singular gravity, humility, piety and learning rendered him the object of deep veneration and ardent esteem to men of science and religion.

14. DAVID was born in Hingham, August 7, 1651, and was baptized August 10. He took the freeman's oath in 1681; married Joanna, daughter of Edmund Quincy, June—, 1680: was a Representative from Hingham in the General Court in 1692, and in 1696. He continued the Journal of his father, Rev. Peter Hobart.

Their children were *Judith*, born June 21, 1681; *Peter*, born September 24, 1684, and died December 7, 1684; *Abiel*, born November 20, 1685; *Jael*, born June 20, 1688; married Jeremiah Leavitt, September 10, 1712; *Deborah*, born June 10, 1690; *Rebecca*, born January 7, 1693; married December 30, 1714, Jaazaniah Nichols. David's wife died May 18, 1695, at the age of 41.

He married at Boston, his second wife, Sarah Joyce, December 4, 1695. Their children were *Nehemiah*, born April 27, 1697; graduated at Harvard College in 1714; ordained pastor of the church at Cohasset, December 13, 1721; married Lydia Jacob, January 14, 1725, and died May 31, 1740, at Cohasset, in the forty-fourth year of his age, and the twentieth of his ministry; *Joseph*, born April 11, 1699, and died August 21, 1706; *David* and *Sarah*—twins, born March 14, 1702; *Lydia*, born January 9, 1704; *Noah*, born January 2, 1705. David, the father, died in Hingham, August 21, 1717, in his 67th year, and his wife Sarah, died there October 14, 1729, aged 65 years. Their son Noah, graduated at Harvard College in 1724; was ordained pastor of the Church in Fairfield, Conn., February 7, 1733; and married there, Ellen Sloss of Plymouth, Mass., September 22, 1735.

A few years after his settlement, a controversy arose in that part of Connecticut on the subject of Episcopacy. Mr. Hobart regarded the claims set up for the Episcopal church by some of its ministers, as extravagant and unfounded, and he entered into the controversy with great vigor. Near the close of 1744, he published a sermon

in vindication of the validity of non-Episcopal ordination, which excited great interest, and called forth replies from several of the leading men in the Episcopal church. He also severely reprehended the conduct of their Missionary Society and the misrepresentations of some of its missionaries. The late Dr. Sprague in his "Annals of the American Pulpit," says of him,—“The pamphlets which he published in this controversy, display a degree of skill and acumen that mark their author as one of the leading minds of the day.”

In 1752 he was chosen a member of the Corporation of Yale College and remained in that position till his death. For forty years he was pastor of the church at Fairfield, discharging the duties of his office with great ability and faithfulness to the end. On the Sabbath immediately preceeding his death, he preached twice with his accustomed animation. His usual health continued till the following Tuesday evening, when he was attacked with a disease which before the next Sabbath terminated his life.

Dr. Sprague adds the following:—“In the prospect of his departure, he exhibited the utmost composure, the evident effect of his trust in the

promises of the gospel. He conversed with great freedom with his family and friends just before he expired; and when one who stood by his bedside, said to him that he was going to receive his reward, he replied, "I am going, I trust, to receive the mercy of God through Christ." Scarcely had these words passed his lips, when it was perceived that his spirit had fled."

Allen in his Biographical Dictionary, says of him,—“He had few equals in this country for acuteness of genius and learning. A sound judgment, a retentive memory, and an uncommonly social and communicative temper, joined to a knowledge of books and an extensive acquaintance with most branches of science,—especially with history and theology which were his favorite studies,—rendered his conversation very interesting and useful. In the public offices of religion he acquitted himself with graceful dignity, and with a solemnity which indicated a deep impression of the majesty of that Being in whose presence he appeared. In his preaching he addressed himself to the understanding rather than to the imagination and passions, inculcating the great doctrines of regeneration, of repentance towards God, and faith in the Lord Jesus Christ, and

pressing with earnestness upon his hearers the necessity of that holiness which is indispensable to salvation."

Dr. Dwight, President of Yale College, who in the earlier part of his life was contemporary with Mr. Hobart, has left the following testimony concerning him:—"He possessed high intellectual and moral distinction. He had a mind of great acuteness and discernment; was a laborious student, was extensively learned, especially in history and theology; adorned the doctrine which he professed by an exemplary life, and was holden in high veneration for his wisdom and virtue. Among the American writers of the last century, I believe not one has handled the subject of non-Episcopal ordination with more ability or success."

He lived to bury two wives and eight children. He died December 6, 1773, in the 68th year of his age. His third wife died at Plymouth, Mass., July—, 1798, at the age of ninety-two years. John Sloss and Ellen,—children by his first wife, were the only ones that survived him.

John Sloss Hobart, LL. D., son of Noah, was born in Fairfield, Conn., in 1738, and graduated at Yale College in 1757. He was a man of ex-

cellent understanding and thorough education; his deportment was grave, and his countenance austere, yet he was a warm-hearted man, and universally respected for his good sense, his integrity, his pure moral character, and patriotic devotion to the best interests of his country. He was appointed to the bench of the Supreme Court of New York, in 1777, and continued in that office for more than twenty years. Chancellor Kent says of him,—“He was a faithful, diligent and discerning Judge while he remained upon the bench.” During the progress of the Revolutionary war, he was, on several occasions, placed in the most important and confidential positions in the State. After the war he was appointed a Commissioner by the Legislature, to attend a Convention, which was held at Annapolis, Md., in September, 1786, for the purpose of endeavoring to establish such a system of commercial relations—by way of duties on exports and imports, as would promote general harmony and increase the prosperity of the States. This convention was chiefly important as being preliminary to that held at Philadelphia in May, 1787 by which a Constitution for the United States was agreed upon, which was referred by Congress to the several States for ratification.

The next year—1788—he was elected a member of the State Convention, which ratified the present Constitution of the United States. When he retired from the Supreme Court in 1798, he was chosen by the Legislature of the State, a member of the United States Senate. The same year he was appointed a Judge of the United States District Court for New York, and held the office till his death, which occurred February 4, 1805. He left no descendant.

A marble slab affixed to the wall of the Supreme Court Room in the City Hall, New York,—after mentioning his name and the offices he held, contains this just eulogy,—“As a man, firm,—as a citizen, zealous,—as a Judge, distinguishing,—as a Christian, sincere.”

15. REBECCA, was born in Hingham, and baptized April 9, 1654; she was married in the same town by Captain Hobart, to Daniel Mason of Stonington, Conn., as his second wife, on Friday, October 10, 1679. For a long time he was the School Master at Norwich, Conn.; he removed thence to Lebanon, and from there to Stonington, where his wife died April 8, 1727, and he died in 1736. They had seven children.

16. ABIGAIL, was born in Hingham, October

19, 1656, and died of sore throat, April 12, 1683. She was unmarried and in the 27th year of her age.

17. LYDIA, was born in Hingham, January 17, 1659, and baptized on the 23rd. She married Captain Thomas Lincoln, as his second wife, November 13, 1690, and died October 18, 1732. Aged 74 years.

III. GERSHOM HOBART, son of Rev. Peter, was born in Hingham, near the beginning of December, 1645; graduated at Harvard College in 1667, and resided several years in Hingham, where he took the freeman's oath in 1673. He married Sarah, daughter of Deacon John Aldis of Dedham April 26, 1675. The wife of Deacon Aldis was Sarah, daughter of Philip Eliot of Roxbury. Their daughter Sarah was born June 9, 1652. June 19, 1677, Rev. John Cotton wrote to Doctor Increase Mather that he had employed Mr. Hobart to preach, "because he was forced from his work," and that he had procured a contribution for him; also that the Deacons had made an additional gift from the church treasury, for they thought him in reduced circumstances. He was

proposed as one of the candidates to be employed in preaching at Charlestown, after the death of the Rev. Thomas Shepard, December 22, 1677.

The inhabitants of Groton had been driven away by the Indians who burned their town, March 13, 1676. When the people returned to re-settle the place, in the spring of 1678, Mr. Hobart accompanied them or followed soon after. At a town meeting held June 29, 1678, they granted him lands in four different localities—in all near 300 acres; also the house and lot where he then lived; also out of the Common, an equal privilege of wood, timber and commonage with the other inhabitants,—“all to be his, and his forever, on condition that he accept the call, and come and settle among us, to be the town’s minister and the church’s officer.” He accepted the call, and was ordained pastor of the church at Groton, November 26, 1679. His salary was determined annually by vote of the town. What it was the first year does not appear, but for the second year,—determined October 10, 1680, it was £70—to be paid in “Indian corn, wheat, rye, barley at

price current as the Courts shall state it,—and in other provisions as God shall bless us withal,—and thirty cords of wood.” But at another meeting held on the 22d of the same month, the salary was reduced to £50, one-quarter part to be paid in money.

At a town meeting held October 12, 1682, it was voted to give Mr. Hobart “three score pounds for this year’s salary in pay and specie as followeth:—£15 in money, and five and forty pounds in corn and provisions,—one-half to be paid by the first of March, and the other half by next Michaelmas; and six and thirty cords of wood.” But as ten of the principal men offered to pay their part of a £70 rate, one-quarter in money, and forty cords of wood, the town changed their vote to £65 and forty cords of wood.

At a town meeting held December 11, 1682, “the Selectmen were instructed to make and maintain peace and love with one another in the town,—especially with Mr. Hobart in encouraging him in his work by forwarding one another in being willing to allow him honorable maintenance as the law directs.” It is apparent from this that the Selectmen of the town had been sharp in their dealings with Mr. Hobart, and had not acted quite honorably with him.

In the year 1683, the town finished the erection of a new Meeting House in place of the one burned by the Indians in 1676. At a town meeting held February 23rd, "it was voted that Mr. Hobart shall have liberty to make *this Pulpit* for his ease and comfort, so as he do no ways deface the work now done, and will make it decent and comely, upon his own charge." His salary remained the same this year as the last, and the next year—1684, he received £70.

The town meeting held December 14, 1685, voted to give Mr. Hobart "four score pounds this year, and so from year to year,—not rising any higher annually in specie, as followeth:—£20 in money, £8 in pork at eight pence per pound, and £52 in corn of all sorts, as it please God to bless them,—to be paid in two terms,—one-half to be paid by the first of March next, and the other half by the 10th of November next,—and forty cords of wood, which is to be paid yearly by the last of January,—and so annually from year to year, and not to rise any higher." Under this proposal Mr. Hobart wrote,—“Understanding the pork to be paid in the first half year’s pay, I assent to the vote, as witness my hand. Gershom Hobart.”

At this the town took umbrage, and a serious and bitter strife ensued. Two weeks later,—December 28, 1685, another meeting of the town was called, at which it was “voted that Mr. Gershom Hobart has set himself at liberty from the town as to any engagement from him as their Minister,—and also he has freed the town from any engagement to himself, by his refusing and slighting what the said town offered him for his salary,—and that the town is yet ready and willing to agree with him for the future if he see cause.” At this same meeting another vote was passed, “to give Mr. Hobart £100 from year to year,—£10 in pork at three pence per pound, and the rest in such pay as it shall please God to bless us withal.”

Thus it seems that the town rather than yield as to the time of paying the pork, increased the salary twenty per cent. But peace was not thus made between the parties. Several of the principal men dissented from this vote; but at another town meeting held March 11, 1686, this vote of £100 was confirmed,—but Mr. Hobart’s condition still appended, was not agreed to, and the strife continued.

At a town meeting held July 27, 1686, it was

“voted to give Mr. Hobart four score pounds a year, and so on annually, as he continues the town’s Minister,—one-quarter part in money, the other three-quarter parts in such as it please God to bless us withal,—in case the non-residents pay; but if not, we will give £70 and so annually;—one-quarter part in money,—and if any person cannot pay his part in money, he has liberty to pay his quarter part in corn or other provisions at half price.

At a town meeting held August 12, 1686, it was agreed by James Parker, Josiah Parker, Jonas Prescott and John Farnsworth, that if those who were unable to pay their tax in money, would bring their grain within a week,—wheat at 2 shillings 6 pence, rye at 2 shillings, corn at 1 shilling 6 pence—per bushel, they would receive it and pay the money. It would seem from this, that money was scarce, and that Mr. Hobart would not receive grain at half price. This was supposed to be a final agreement, but underneath it he wrote the same condition in regard to the time of paying the pork as before.

At a town meeting held December 9, 1687, the above record was read, and many who had not

been present at the former meeting, strenuously objected to the condition, and so the strife went on. It seems probable that the dissension became so great about this time, that Mr. Hobart left the town.

The next town record in which he is mentioned is October 27, 1690, which is as follows:—"that they will pay Mr. Hobart £80 per year according as it is written in the town book, for the year ensuing, provided he come and be with us, so that we have a constant supply of preaching the word on the Lord's day, by himself or some other autherdocks minister of the gospel."

At the town meeting held June 18, 1691, it was voted "that they would stand to their covenant with Mr. Hobart and honestly perform it to him, provided he return to us and perform his duty amongst us, as was promised by him when we entered into covenant with him." But he did not listen favorably to this proposition.

In December, 1691, they voted to invite some other minister, and chose a committee for that purpose. The Rev. Mr. Hancock came and preached a part of the year. In October, 1692, they gave a call to Rev. Mr. Carter, offering him a salary of £60 for the year; but he appears not to have accepted it.

At a town meeting held October 9, 1693, wonderful to relate, they "voted to give Mr. Gershom Hobart a call to become their settled Minister, if he will take satisfaction with what the town can do for him,—and for his encouragement the town did declare by vote that they would give him £60 this present year;—one fourth part in money,—the rest in corn and provisions at town prices,—and forty cords of wood,—and the said Mr. Hobart to rise and fall with the people as the providence of God may be towards them,—and the said town will be at the charge of fetching Mr. Hobart's family up again; and will give him £5 towards the repairing of his house."

At a town meeting held November 14, 1693 this vote was renewed with some modifications, suggested probably by Mr. Hobart. The first states the price of provisions:—corn 3 shillings per bushel, rye 4 shillings, wheat 5 shillings, cowbeef 3 pence per pound, oxbeef two and a half pence, and pork three pence. The wood to be paid by the last of January;—the £60,—one-half the first of March, the other half the first of December. The last vote proposed £70 and no wood. In one form or the other, this vote proved satisfactory to Mr. Hobart, and he decided to return.

His removal from the town and absence for three years or more, and the difficulty which the Church had found in supplying the vacancy in a manner satisfactory to themselves, had served to show them the wickedness of their dissension, and to facilitate their harmonious reunion. As the Church Records of that time are lost, we can only say that about the first of December, 1693, he and his family were moved back to Groton—probably from Newton, where his brother, Rev. Nehemiah, resided,—and his house was put in order,—both at the town's expense.

On July 27, 1694, the Indians again attacked the town with great ferocity and violence. Some eighteen years had passed since their former assault when the town was burnt and the people obliged to flee. They had become remiss in their watchfulness and probably had ceased to apprehend much danger. The attack was made in several parts of the town at the same time—just at daybreak, when most of the people were yet asleep. More than twenty persons were killed, and a dozen or more were carried into captivity. The Rev. Mr. Hobart and part of his family were remarkably preserved from falling into the hands of the Indians as they entered his house. It is

said that he fled through the rear of his house into the garden where he lay hidden among the corn. His wife and some of the children ran into the cellar and concealed themselves there. Two of his children were captured. One they killed, and the other—Gershom Junior, they carried a captive into the wilderness of Maine. He was heard from in May, 1695, as being at a place a day's journey north of Norridgewock; and some months later he was ransomed and returned home.

A petition to the General Court from Groton, dated January 3, 1705, speaks of their great discouragement from the Indian invasion; represents Mr. Hobart as having been "for more than a year, incapable of dispensing the ordinances of God;" says that the neighboring ministers advise them to obtain another, and to support Mr. Hobart;—but the petition states that they are so few and so poor that they cannot pay the salary of two ministers, neither are they willing to live without any,—therefore they ask help. The General Court granted them £20 "to assist them in procuring another minister and to help them under the present disability of their pastor, Mr. Hobart."

He appears to have continued his ministry in Groton, till January, 1705, and then resigned. He resided there till his death, which occurred December 19, 1707, at the age of 62 years. His wife Sarah, died April 14, 1712.

Singularly no record can be found in Groton, of the birth of any of his children. The following are the names of such as are known:—

GERSHOM, JR., married Lydia Nutting, February 26, 1714.

SHEBUEL. See No. IV.

DOROTHY, died June 10, 1686.

NEHEMIAH, born October 24, 1687. Married Rachel —.

JOANNA, born December 30, 1696.

PETER, married Sarah —.

HEPHZIBAH, a daughter named in the Inventory of his estate.

RUTH, another daughter named in the Inventory of his estate.

IV. SHEBUEL HOBART, son of Rev. Gershom, was born in Groton in 1681; he married Martha, daughter of Jonas Prescott and his wife Mary Loker, in 1714. Martha was born in Gro-

ton, February 20, 1690. They both died in Groton, but the dates of their deaths have been searched for in vain; and the dates of their births are imperfect.

Their children were as follows,—

SHEBUEL, Jr., born September, 29, 1715; married Esther Parker, June 7, 1739. They had ten children.

NEHEMIAH, born March 13, 1717; married Rachel ——. They had nine children..

MARTHA, born October 7, 1718.

MARY, born August 16, 1720.

ISRAEL, See No. V.

EMMA, born March 21, 1724.

RACHEL, born May 23, 1725.

DEBORAH, born May 13, 1727.

V. ISRAEL HOBART, son of Shebuel, was born in Groton, July 2, 1722; married there, July 7, 1748, his cousin, Anna, daughter of Col. William Lawrence and his wife Susanna Prescott. Anna was born in Groton, January 24, 1728. They resided in that town about twenty years after their marriage, and in 1768, removed

to West Townsend. Here in 1772, he became a Justice of the Peace, and held the office for several years. October 20th of the same year, his name is entered on the town book as purchaser of Pew No. 4, in the New Church. He was chosen by the town a member of the second Provincial Congress which convened at Cambridge, February 1, 1775, and closed the 29th of May following. He was also chosen a member of the third Provincial Congress which convened at Watertown, May 31, 1775, and closed July 19, 1775. He was also elected a member of the House of Representatives of the Colony of Massachusetts Bay which assembled at the Meeting House in Watertown, July 19, 1775.

The General Court ordered, March 22, 1776, that the men engaged in the battle at Lexington should be paid for their services:—the captains made oath before Israel Hobart, Esq., that their claims were correct. He was chosen a Representative from Townsend, in the General Court of Massachusetts, for the year 1782, and also for the year 1783.

Anna, his wife, died in Townsend in 1791, in the 64th year of her age. In 1793, he sold his place—where the Hotel now stands in West Townsend, to

Moses Warren, and soon after removed to Conway, Mass.,—where he died August 31, 1796, at the age of 74 years.

Their children were as follows:—

ISRAEL, JR., born May 21, 1749, in Groton; married Sarah Nutting, August 31, 1769; died in Phelps, N. Y., July —, 1825; he left no children.

WILLIAM, See No. VI.

ANNA, born February 13, 1753, in Groton; married Samuel Brooks; left two children—Samuel and Mrs. Forbush.

SUSANNA, born July 12, 1755, in Groton, and died there.

BENJAMIN, born March 1, 1757, in Groton; never married.

PHEBE, born August 6, 1759, in Groton; died there November 2, 1759.

PHEBE again, born November 19, 1760, in Groton; never married; lived in Salem, Mass.

NEHEMIAH, born April 21, 1764, in Groton; died there December 3, 1764.

SAMUEL, born March 13, 1766, in Groton; died in Townsend, December 26, 1769.

SUSANNA again, born March 20, 1770, in Townsend.



## NOTE.

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In the preceeding pages of this book, the names of the men who are successively in the line of descent from Edmund Hobart to William, are indicated by Roman numerals, and they are also printed in CAPITALS.

The names of their children are printed in SMALL CAPITALS.

The names of their grandchildren in *Italics*.

And the names of their great-grandchildren in Black Letter.

All other names are set in ordinary lower case, or Roman letters.

In the remainder of the book devoted to William Hobart and his descendants, the same method is observed.



VI. WILLIAM HOBART, son of Israel, was born in Groton, May 23, 1751. He resided there till 1768, when he removed with his parents to West Townsend, being then 17 years of age. From Townsend he went, two years later, to Harvard College, where he graduated in 1774.

He was a Congregationalist and became a preacher of the gospel, though he was never ordained. In the war of the Revolution he was appointed Chaplain of a Massachusetts Regiment under the command of Col. Aaron Willard. He received his Commission from the Provincial Congress bearing date July 19, 1776. In this capacity he served for about seven months. The following are some of the texts of Scripture on which he preached to the soldiers during his Chaplaincy: Numbers 32:27. "Thy servants will pass over every man armed for war, before the Lord to battle." Deuteronomy 20:3. "Ye

approach this day unto battle against your enemies: let not your hearts faint: fear not and do not tremble neither be ye terrified because of them; for the Lord your God is he that goeth with you to fight for you against your enemies to save you." Proverbs 20:18. "With good advice make war." On his manuscript sermons,—a dozen or more of which the writer of this has read,—were found written such names of towns as Ashby, Mason, Hollis, Pepperell, Shirley, Lunenburg and others in the vicinity of Townsend, showing the places where he had preached on different occasions.

He was chosen Moderator of the town Board of Townsend, in 1784, and was elected a member of the House of Representatives which met at Boston May 26th of the same year. In 1787, he was appointed Quarter-master in the army raised in Massachusetts, under the command of Major General Benjamin Lincoln, for the suppression of Shay's Rebellion,—and served through the campaign.

He married November 16, 1777, Patience, daughter of John Flagg and his wife Patience Whittemore. She was born in Spencer, May 21, 1755, and died in Townsend, May 20, 1785. He

married his second wife, Dolly, daughter of Thomas Smith and his wife Elizabeth Tayntor, June 5, 1787. Dolly was born in Shrewsbury, May 12, 1762. They lived in Townsend till 1795, and then removed to Seneca, Ontario County, N. Y.—four miles west of Geneva. They remained there about a year, and then removed to Potter, Yates County, N. Y.—where he purchased a farm on which he resided the remainder of his life. He was a skillful Surveyor, and several of the townships in Cayuga County were run out by him. He died at his residence, January 1, 1801, in the 51st year of his age.

His wife, Dolly, died in Rushville, N. Y., October 12, 1851, in the 90th year of her age. She was a most exemplary Christian, and for fifty years a consistent member of the Congregational Church at Rushville, to which she was strongly attached. Left with a family of ten children to be reared and cared for in a new country with its peculiar hardships, she nevertheless assumed her responsibility without a murmur, and carried her burdens with a noble fortitude. For many years she daily gathered her family about her, read to them from the Divine Word, explained to them its lessons, and commended

them to God in humble, earnest prayer. Before her death she had the happiness to know that all her children had become the disciples of Christ.

The children of William Hobart by his first wife, were as follows:—

- |                      |            |
|----------------------|------------|
| 1. WILLIAM LAWRENCE. | 3. JOHN.   |
| 2. NANCY.            | 4. ISRAEL. |

By his second wife, the children were as follows:—

- |            |                    |
|------------|--------------------|
| 5. BAXTER. | 8. JOSEPH LANDERS. |
| 6. HANNAH. | 9. ABEL BRADFORD.  |
| 7. HARVEY. | 10. WALTER PIKE.   |

VII. 1. WILLIAM LAWRENCE HOBART, son of William, was born in Townsend, Mass., December 7, 1778; married in Potter, N. Y., March —, 1805, Sally, daughter of Jonas Wyman and his wife Hannah Smith. Sally was born in Worcester, Mass., in 1782, and died in Potter, N. Y., April 24, 1813. He married in Middlesex, N. Y., May 4, 1815, his second wife, Phebe, daughter of William Hall and his wife, Priscilla Raymond. Phebe was born in Coleraine, Mass., December 8, 1794, and died in Potter, N. Y.,

His children by his first wife were as follows:—

5. *Ira.*

6. *Sally.*

8. *A daughter*, born October 11, 1819, and died January 5, 1820.

9. *Benjamin.* 11. *Almira Lydia.*  
10. *Chester Loomis.* 12. *Charles Henry.*  
13. *Hannah Amanda.*

14. *Elvira P.*, born June 22, 1830, and died in infancy.

15. *Caroline H.*

VIII. 1. *Lucinda Hobart*, daughter of William L., was born in Potter, N. Y., June 5, 1806; married February 13, 1828, Benjamin F. Thomas, who was born in Scipio, N. Y., May 2, 1803. He died February 9, 1834. She married, second, Henry Decker, February 26, 1837. He was born in Copake, N. Y. She died May 26, 1872. Her children by the first husband were 1. Richard F.; 2, Sarah M.; 3, Benjamin F.; and by the second husband, were: 4, Phebe Elizabeth; 5, William Lawrence.

IX. 1. Richard F., was born in Potter, December 19, 1828; married in Sacramento, Cal., March 11, 1859, Mary Haskins, born in Lafayette County, Wis. Their children were: 1, Herbert E.; 2, Charles C.; 3, Franklin H.

X. 1. Herbert E., was born August 22, 1866.

X. 2. Charles C., was born March 12, 1868.

X. 3. Franklin H., was born July 16, 1872.

IX. 2. Sarah M., was born August 20, 1831; married November 22, 1848, Peleg Briggs. They were divorced, and she married, second, John Hankinson, November 10, 1870, at Dexter, Mich. They have no children.

IX. 3. Benjamin F., was born April 22, 1834; and died April 20, 1835.

IX. 4. Phebe Elizabeth, was born in Potter, February 1, 1838; married January 1, 1856, Jabez Frank Hobart. Their children were, 1. Richard A., and 2. Jerome F.

X. 1. Richard A., was born October 20, 1859.

X. 2. Jerome F., was born March 10, 1862, and died November 10, 1864.

IX. 5. William Lawrence., was born September 9, 1844, and died February 9, 1845.

VIII. 2. *John Flagg Hobart*, son of William L., was born in Potter, May 14, 1808; married in Jerusalem, N. Y., February 23, 1831, Ann Eliza, daughter of David Thomas and his wife Meribah Allen. Ann ~~Eliza~~ was born in Scipio,

N. Y., December 6, 1808, and died May 24, 1840. He married in Jerusalem, June 24, 1841, Sarah H.,—sister of his first wife. She was born in Jerusalem, July 30, 1822. He died September 11, 1879. His children by the first wife were: 1, David L.; 2, Emily Lucinda; 3, Franklin C.; 4, Mary Caroline;—and by the second wife,—5, William Lorin; 6, Ann Eliza; 7, Charles Henry; and 8, George H.

IX. 1, David L., was born in Italy, N. Y., December 8, 1831; married in Middlesex, N. Y., November 20, 1861, Elizabeth Ann, daughter of John Wagar and his wife Julia Brewer. Elizabeth Ann was born in Watertown, N. Y., October 22, 1831. He died August 25, 1877. Their children were: 1, Florence E.; 2, John F.; 3, William L.; 4, E. Allen.

X. 1. Florence E., was born in Potter, N. Y., April 4, 1864.

X. 2. John F., was born in Potter, February 28, 1868.

X. 3. William L., was born in Potter, September 17, 1870.

X. 4. E. Allen, was born in Potter, March 5, 1872.

IX. 2. Emily Lucinda, was born in Potter, January 17, 1834; married James R. Bordwell, November 10, 1859. He was born in Potter, July 25, 1826. Their children were: 1, An Infant, born and died December 7, 1835; 2, Charles H; 3, Sarah E.

X. 2. Charles H., was born in Potter, April 10, 1864.

X. 3. Sarah E., was born in Potter, November 20, 1868.

IX. 3. Franklin C., was born in Potter, January 16, 1837; married in Potter, October 19, 1863, Harriet R., daughter of George G. Wyman and his wife Caroline Ross. Harriet R., was born in Potter, December 13, 1836. There were no children.

IX. 4. Mary Caroline, was born in Potter, June 16, 1839; married April 22, 1863, John W. Conley, born in Potter, March 1, 1837. She died July 16, 1872. Their children were: 1, Stewart

J.; 2, Allen J.; 3, A Twin Sister, that died when four weeks old; 4, Harriet E.; 5, Lura E.

X. 1. Stewart J., was born January 20, 1864.

X. 2. Allen J., was born March 20, 1865.

X. 4. Harriet E., was born April 1, 1867.

X. 5. Lura E., was born August 17, 1870.

IX. 5. William Lorin, was born in Potter, May 4, 1842; married at Grass Lake, Michigan, July 18, 1869, Abbie, daughter of Ansel Wing and his wife Mary A. Clark. Abbie was born in Maine, January 31, 1843. Their children were: 1, Hattie A.; 2, George F.

X. 1. Hattie A., was born May 1, 1870.

X. 2. George F., was born December 27, 1871.

IX. 6. Ann Eliza, was born in Potter, September 4, 1843; married October 31, 1866, George Hawley, who was born in Potter, October 14, 1831. He died December 6, 1872. There were no children.

IX. 7. Charles Henry, was born in Potter, April 29, 1846. He died December 2, 1851.

IX. 8. George H., was born in Potter, October 2, 1848; married in the same town, October 19, 1870, Sarah C., daughter of Samuel W. Basom and his wife Margaret J. Bogart. Sarah C., was born in Potter, June 18, 1854. They have one child. 1, Henry Herbert.

X. 1. Henry H. was born January 22, 1874.

VIII. 5. *Ira Hobart*, son of William L., was born — —, 1813, and died at the age of five months.

VIII. 6. *Sally Hobart*, daughter of William L., was born in Potter, December 25, 1816; married October 16, 1848, David R. Conley, who was born in Potter, November 21, 1815. She died July 19, 1851. He was killed by accident on the railroad, at Himrod's, in Milo, N. Y., January 8, 1872. They had but one child. 1. William Lawrence.

IX. 1. William Lawrence, was born in Potter, N. Y., June 19, 1851; graduated at the Law School in Michigan University in 1872; married in Naples, N. Y., February 26, 1873, Marynette W., daughter of Reuben P. Caulkins and his wife Sarah L. Parker. Marynette was born in Naples, March 3, 1852. They have one child. 1, Lawrence Hobart.

X. 1. Lawrence H. was born in Naples, N. Y., July 18, 1874.

VIII. 9. *Benjamin Hobart*, son of William L., was born in Potter, October 27, 1820; married May 11, 1844, Jane, daughter of Alexander Southerland, of Potter and his wife Maria Van Duzer. Jane was born in Potter, April 12, 1826. She died May 7, 1851. He died of Cholera on the Isthmus of Panama, August —, 1854. Their children were: 1, Twins, born in April, 1845, and died soon; 2, Byron Frank; 3, Egbert, born May 1, and died August 23rd, 1851.

IX. 2. Byron F., was born in Potter, November 18, 1846; married in Penn Yan, N. Y.,

November 23, 1870, Emma, daughter of James C. Longwell, of Milo, N. Y., and his wife Rachel C. Henderson. Emma was born in Milo, June 20, 1850. Byron F. resides in Springfield, Missouri, and is a Banker. Their children were: 1, Neosho; 2, Julia J.; 3, Byron Frank, Jr.

X. 1. Neosho, was born in Oswego, Kansas, February 23, 1872.

X. 2. Julia J., was born in Oswego, Kansas, March 1, 1878.

X. 3. Byron Frank, Jr., was born December 31, 1880, in Springfield, Missouri.

VIII. 10. *Chester Loomis Hobart*, son of William L., was born in Potter, November 21, 1821; married in Potter, February 17, 1853, Emeline S., daughter of Jesse D. Casey and his wife Elizabeth Brown. Emeline S., was born in Potter, August 20, 1831. He died at his residence in Penn Yan, January 12, 1878. Their children were: 1, Frank C.; 2, Henry A.; born August 21, 1862. and died December 19, 1864. 3, William L.; 4, Roy C.

IX. 1, Frank C., was born in Potter, December 9, 1854; married in Bath, N. Y., January 13, 1875, Nettie, daughter of George McDonald and his wife Mary A. Melvin. Nettie was born in Penn Yan, N. Y., September 13, 1858. He died in Penn Yan, September 14, 1875. They had one child. 1. Frances.

X. 1. Frances was born December 11, 1875.

IX. 3, William L., was born September 4, 1869.

IX. 4. Roy C., was born January 23, 1874.

VIII. 11. *Almira Lydia Hobart*, daughter of William L., was born in Potter, December 21, 1822; married February 18, 1851, Leander W. Lane, who was born in Potter, August 22, 1825. Their children were: 1, William Isaac, born January 9, 1852; and died March 3, 1852; 2, Carrie M.; 3, Jennie A., born July 9, 1858, and died November 11, 1859.

IX. 2, Carrie M., was born April 28, 1856;

married Omer E. Newman, M. D., of Potter Center.

VIII. 12. *Charles Henry Hobart*, son of William L., was born in Potter, October 9, 1824; married in the same town, December 21, 1853, Mary J., daughter of George Wells and his wife Rachel Lane. Mary J., was born in Potter, August 5, 1830. Their children were: 1, **Byron C.**, and 2, **Jennie Amanda**.

IX. 1. **Byron C.**, was born November 15, 1856; married December 21, 1881, at Aurelius, Ontario County, N. Y., Kate, daughter of Charles Baggerly and his wife Mary Putney.

IX. 2. **Jennie A.**, was born June 22, 1860; married November 9, 1881, Alberton J. Cody of Benton. They have no children.

VIII. 13. *Hannah Amanda Hobart*, daughter of William L., was born in Potter, January 16, 1828; married January 9, 1851, Daniel Allington of Van Etten, N. Y., who was born April 21,

1827. They reside in Penn Yan, N. Y. Their children were: 1, Flora E.; 2, Frank Jacob.

IX. 1. Flora E., was born March 8, 1852, and died May 3, 1864.

IX. 2. • Frank Jacob, was born April 3, 1857; married October 25, 1878, in Middlesex, N. Y., Jennie B., daughter of Charles Benedict and Mary Hilliard his wife. Jennie was born January 8, 1858. They have one child. 1. Charles Daniel.

X. 1. Charles Daniel, was born August 25, 1883.

VIII. 15. *Caroline Hobart*, daughter of William L., was born in Potter, N. Y., February 4, 1832; married February 17, 1853, Guy L. Doubleday, M. D., of Italy, N. Y., who was born September 30, 1827. He died December 22, 1870. Their children are: 1, Elisha G., was born July 27, 1855, and died March 23, 1856. 2, Leander Lane; 3, Floyd Egbert; 4, Charles Evert. Mrs. Doubleday resides in Penn Yan, N. Y.

IX. 2. Leander L., was born in Italy, December 3, 1857; married January 12, 1881, Dora Montgomery, at Linden, Ind. He is a banker; they reside in Columbus, Kansas. They have one daughter. 1, Fern.

X. 1. Fern, was born December 13, 1884.

IX. 3. Floyd E., was born June 23, 1859; married December 23, 1880; Lizzie, daughter of George H. Phelps and his wife Salina Carse of Princeton, Ill. Their children are: 1, Darlene; 2, Carrie.

X. 1. Darlene, was born January 8, 1883.

X. 2. Carrie, was born November 2, 1884.

IX. Charles Evert, was born April 3, 1864; is a student in Syracuse University.

VII. 2. NANCY HOBART, daughter of William, was born in Townsend, Mass., July 25, 1780; removed to Potter, N. Y., with her parents, and

married there, February 10, 1805, Joshua Parsons, who was born in Springfield, Mass., August 10, 1779. She died at their residence in Potter, June 12, 1829. He died in Bristol, N. Y., January 13, 1863. Their children were: 1, *William H.*; 2, *Louisa*; 3, *Anna M.*

VIII. 1. *William H.*, son of Nancy Hobart Parsons, was born April 29, 1806; married Rachel, daughter of Cornelius Francisco, April —, 1831. He died in Middlesex, N. Y., October 17, 1845. Their children were: 1, *Frances*; 2, *Martin*; 3, *Chester*; 4, *George*; 5, *Another*, that died in infancy.

IX. The dates of the births and deaths of the above children is not ascertained. *Chester* is said to have died in the army.

VIII. 2. *Louisa*, daughter of Nancy Hobart Parsons, was born May 29, 1809; married Martin N. Flowers of Naples, N. Y., February 8, 1831. Their children are: 1, *Rufus M.*; 2, *Melissa A.*; 3, *Martha A.*

IX. 1. Rufus M., was born in Italy, N. Y., August 23, 1833.

IX. 2. Melissa A., was born May 17, 1836.

IX. 3. Martha A., was born August 4, 1849.

VIII. 3. *Anna M.*, daughter of Nancy Hobart Parsons, was born June 6, 1813; married September 23, 1833, William Scott. She died in Benton, N. Y., March 17, 1852. Their children are: 1, Chester J.; 2, Mary C.; 3, William Platt.

IX. 1. Chester J., was born December 3, 1838, and died a soldier at Nashville, Tenn., in July, 1862.

IX. 2. Mary C., born July 27, 1842.

IX. 3. William Platt, born June 13, 1848.

VII. 3. JOHN HOBART, son of William, was born in Townsend, Mass., March 14, 1782; married in Benton, N. Y., November 16, 1810, Sarah

Ann, daughter of Asa Chadwick of Lyme, Conn., and his wife, Temperance Chadwick. Sarah Ann, was born April 19, 1786. He was a farmer, and lived near Rushville, N. Y. He died October 15, 1860, after which his wife resided in Rushville till her death which occurred April 19, 1874. Their children were as follows: 1, *Albert M.*; 2, *Adaline M.*; 3, *Orville F.*; 4, *Henry H.*; 5, *Angeline M.*; 6, *Emeline L.*; 7, *Caroline C.*; 8, *Sarah Ann*; 9, *Lawrence J.*; 10, *Cordelia C.*

VIII. 1. *Albert M. Hobart*, son of John, was born in Gorham, N. Y., September 3, 1812; married in Gorham, November 17, 1841, Mary, daughter of Joseph Blodgett and his wife Caroline Catlin. Mary was born in Gorham, October 12, 1818. Their children were: 1, *Leander*; 2, *Eliza B.*; 3, *Carrie Miller*; 4, *Henry Miles*; 5, *Ella A.* His wife died, and he married Mary Sell, at Princeton, Ill., April 16, 1866. He resides at Franciscoville, Michigan.

IX. 1. *Leander*, was born December 26, 1834, and died November 28, 1845.

IX. 2. Eliza B., was born June 9, 1847; married at Grass Lake, Mich., Hiram Preston, December 25, 1872. Their children are: 1, Carrie Mabel; 2, Margie Winnifred.

X. 1. Carrie Mabel was born December 28, 1874.

X. 2. Margie Winnifred, was born November 18, 1879.

IX. 3. Carrie Miller, was born June 23, 1851; married April 12, 1876, A. Alverdo, son of Christopher R. Corwin and his wife Maria Wilson. He was born in 1850. They live at Grass Lake, Michigan. Their children are: 1, Hobart H.; 2, Irving S.; 3, Roy; 4, A. Alverdo; 5, A Son.

X. 1. Hobart H., was born April 22, 1877, at Grass Lake.

X. 2. Irving S., was born at Grass Lake, August 17, 1878.

X. 3. Roy, was born at Grass Lake, November 27, 1880.

X. 4. A. Alverdo, was born at Grass Lake, October 4, 1883.

X. 5. A Son, not yet named, born at Grass Lake, August 17, 1885.

IX. 4. **Henry Miles**, was born June 23, 1851. He and the preceeding sister were twins; he married October 23, 1878, **Nellie L.**, daughter of **Gilbert Rowe**, and his wife **Cordelia M. Stoner**. **Nellie L.**, was born January 1, 1861. She died June 2, 1881. He married November 29, 1883, **Carrie E.**, daughter of **John F. Schermerhorn** and his wife **Almeda E. Betts**. **Carrie E.**, was born March 26, 1861. They have one child. 1. **Lynn Miles**.

X. 1. **Lynn Miles**, was born April 25, 1885.

IX. 5. **Ella A.**, was born December 7, 1856, and died January 9, 1864.

VIII. 2. ***Adaline M. Hobart***, daughter of **John**, was born in **Middlesex, N. Y.**, July 6, 1814; married August 6, 1839, **Andrew Vescelius** of **Dresden, N. Y.** He died in **Bryan, Ohio**, July 24, 1861. She removed thence to **Rushville**, where she patiently suffered much from the **Asthma**, and died January 22, 1880. She had no children.

VIII. 3. *Orville F. Hobart*, son of John, was born in Rushville, N. Y., January 1, 1816; married in Middlesex, N. Y., April 9, 1846, Sarah, daughter of Samuel Whipple and his wife Phebe Cleveland. Sarah was born in Duanesburg, N. Y., January 15, 1825. They live at Grass Lake, Mich. Their children are: 1, Cleveland; 2, Frank O.; 3, Myron; 4, Edwin W.; 5, Delia; 6, Ella; 7, Grace.

IX. 1. *Cleveland*, was born in Middlesex, N. Y., February 18, 1847; married Susan A., daughter of William Hamilton and his wife Mary Stebbins, October 21, 1873, at Florence, Kansas. Susan A., was born December 25, 1846. Their children are: 1, Mary Ella; 2, Grace Lillian.

X. 1. *Mary E.*, was born March 6, 1875, at Cedar Point, Kansas. She died July 20, 1881.

X. 2. *Grace L.*, was born November 26, 1876, at Cedar Point, Kansas. She died July 22, 1881.

IX. 2. *Frank O.*, was born in Middlesex, N. Y., January 1, 1849; married November 1, 1877, at Woodburn, Ill., *Carrie A.*, daughter of William Hamilton and his wife Julia Blake. *Carrie A.*,

was born December 2, 1853. Their children are:  
1, Clarence B.; 2, Alice O.

X. 1. Clarence B., was born March 17, 1881,  
at Florence, Kansas.

X. 2. Alice O., was born October 1, 1884, at  
Florence, Kansas.

IX. 3. Myron, was born in Middlesex, N. Y.,  
March 25, 1850. He is a farmer, and resides in  
Oswego, Oregon. He is unmarried.

IX. 4. Edwin W., was born in Middlesex, N.  
Y., March 4, 1853; married October 15, 1877,  
Ida M., daughter of Elisha Parker and his wife  
Delia Yale. Ida M., was born February 9, 1854.  
They live at Grass Lake. Their children are: 1,  
Edith A.; 2, Erle P.; 3, Inez M.; 4, Vera G.

X. 1. Edith A., was born February 19, 1879.

X. 2. Erle P., was born July 20, 1880.

X. 3. Inez M., was born December 20, 1882.

X. 4. Vera G., was born December 20, 1882.  
She and the preceding sister are twins.

IX. 5. **Delia**, was born in Sharon, Mich., May 17, 1855, and died August 23, 1856.

IX. 6. **Ella**, was born in Sharon, Mich., April 19, 1858; married December 11, 1879, at Grass Lake, Mich., Delbert E. Robinson, M. D. They reside at Manistee, Mich.

IX. 7. **Grace**, was born in Sharon, Mich., June 6, 1861. She is unmarried, and lives at home.

VIII. 4. *Henry H. Hobart*, son of John, was born in Rushville, N. Y., October 25, 1817; married in Italy, N. Y., February 25, 1841, Minerva M., daughter of Edward Low and his wife Lucy Williams. Minerva M., was born in Italy, September 19, 1819. He was a farmer, and resided in the town of Grass Lake, Mich. He died June 28, 1878. Their children are: 1, Emma Harriet; 2, Elizabeth Low; 3, Jane Perry; 4, Edward Low; 5, May Mane.

IX. 1. **Emma H.**, was born in Middlesex, N. Y., March 5, 1846.

IX. 2. **Elizabeth L.**, was born in Middlesex, April 30, 1848, and died there April 8, 1854.

IX. 3. Jane Perry, was born in Middlesex, September 6, 1853, and died March 1, 1871, at Grass Lake, Mich.

IX. 4. Edward Low, was born in Middlesex, November 11, 1856, and died March 16, 1858.

IX. 5. May M., was born at Grass Lake, Mich., July 7, 1861. She is a School Teacher.

VIII. 5. *Angeline M. Hobart*, daughter of John, was born in Middlesex, N. Y., June 6, 1819; married Jacob H. Beerman, November 5, 1846, and resided in Rushville, N. Y. She died November 4, 1883. They had no children.

VIII. 6. *Emeline L. Hobart*, daughter of John, was born in Rushville, N. Y., March 25, 1822; married there, October 29, 1845, Michael Dwelle, who was born in Gorham, N. Y., December 24, 1822, son of Lemuel Dwelle and his wife Lavina Francisco. They reside at Grass Lake, Mich. Their children are: 1, James L.; 2, Alice S.; 3, Adelbert W.; 4, Milton W.; 5, Flora May; 6, Frank.

IX. 1. James L., was born at Grass Lake, Mich., August 9, 1846. Is unmarried.

IX. 2. Alice S., was born at Grass Lake, Mich., August 15, 1848; married March 15, 1882, Will H. Hill, son of John Hill and his wife Emeline Tracy. They live in Detroit.

IX. 3. Adelbert W., was born at Grass Lake, Mich., July 27, 1850; married November 10, 1875, Orcelia, daughter of James Welch and his wife Mary Taylor. They live at Grass Lake.

IX. 4. Milton W., was born at Grass Lake, Mich., August 16, 1855; married December 28, 1881, Fanny M. Monroe, and lives at Grass Lake.

IX. 5. Flora May, was born at Grass Lake, Mich., May 19, 1858; married October 10, 1880, William K., son of Milo K. Crafts and his wife Mary Updike. They reside at Grass Lake.

IX. 6. Frank, was born at Grass Lake, Mich., October 12, 1861, and died there June 9, 1867.

VIII. 7. *Caroline C. Hobart*, daughter of John,

was born in Middlesex, N. Y., January 20, 1823, and died August 31, 1825.

VIII. 8. *Sarah Ann Hobart*, daughter of John, was born in Middlesex, N. Y., October 12; 1825; married George A. Vescelius of Dresden, N. Y., January 13, 1848. They reside in Erie, Pa. Their children are: 1, John Henry; 2, Isabelle S.; 3, Georgianna; 4, Charles H.

IX. 1. John Henry, was born at Dresden, N. Y., October 26, 1848; married at Erie, Pa., December 18, 1873, Almeda, daughter of Sherman Rice, and his wife Mary Liniger. Almeda was born at Erie, Pa., June 18, 1855. She died November 30, 1876. He married his second wife, Huldah F. Watson, March 21, 1880. His children by the first wife are: 1, George H.; 2, Frank W.

X. 1. George H., was born at Erie, Pa., March 29, 1875.

X. 2. Frank W., was born at Erie, Pa., July 29, 1883.

IX. 2. Isabelle S., was born at Dresden, N. Y.,

June 29, 1851; married March 20, 1876, Charles N. Brisco, and reside in Chicago, Ill. They have no children.

IX. 3. *Georgianna*, was born in Gorham, N. Y., August 26, 1854; married at Erie, Pa., April 12, 1874, William H. Betts, son of John Betts and his wife Mary A. Platt. William H., was born at Lankshire, England, March 7, 1852. He is a Tailor, and they live in Erie, Penn. They have no children.

IX. 4. *Charles Henry*, was born in Gorham, N. Y., September 22, 1857; married at Willoughby, Ohio, October 3, 1883, Nellie Sharp. She was born March 4, 1862. They removed to Indianapolis, Ind., where she died September 26, 1884. A child was born September 9th, and died on the 15th.

VIII. 9. *Lawrence John Hobart*, son of John, was born in Middlesex, N. Y., May 25, 1827; married in Adrian, Mich., April 4, 1855, Rachel Dancer of Manchester, Mich. She is in San Francisco, Cal., and he is a dealer in tobacco in Denver, Col. They have no children.

VIII. 10. *Cordelia C. Hobart*, daughter of John, was born in Middlesex, N. Y., May 22, 1829, and died December 6, 1843.

VII. 4. ISRAEL HOBART, son of William, was born in Townsend, Mass., May 4, 1785; removed thence to Potter, N. Y., with his father, where he married, October 19, 1809, Mary S., daughter of Job Card and his wife Martha Potter. Mary S., was born on Block Island, R. I., August 28, 1788. They both united with the Methodist Church in March, 1815, and January 12, 1840, he obtained a license to preach the Gospel. They lived in Potter, N. Y., until September, 1837, when they removed to Henrietta, Jackson County, Michigan. He died at his home, August 9, 1840. His wife died in Jackson, Mich., February 7, 1874. Their children were: 1, *Alfred Cyrus*; 2, *A Son*, born and died April 16, 1816; 3, *Phebe L.*; 4, *Martha P.*; 5, *Albion Job*; 6, *Mary Marana*; 7, *Andrew Jackson*; 8, *Jabez Franklin*.

VIII. *Alfred Cyrus Hobart*, son of Israel, was

born in Potter, N. Y., September 5, 1811; married — —, 1837, at Potter Center, N. Y., Clarissa, daughter of Henry Robinson. He died in Blackman, Mich., October 5, 1845. His wife died in Armada, Mich., — —, 1850. Their children were: 1, Henry H.; 2, John; 3, James Atwater; 4, Emma.

IX. 1. Henry H., was born January 1, 1839, in Blackman, Mich.; married July 4, 1863, in Jackson, Mich., Anna M., daughter of John Mahan and his wife Mary Kelly. Anna M., was born October 11, 1840. He is a Book Seller in Jackson. Their children are: 1, M. Emma; 2, James C.; 3, John Henry; 4, Agnes T.; 5, Anna Louise; 6, Kittie E.

X. 1. M. Emma, was born May 20, 1865.

X. 2. James C., was born April 23, 1867.

X. 3. John H., was born April 4, 1869.

X. 4. Agnes T., was born November 3, 1874, and died November 10 of the same year.

X. 5. Anna L., was born April 6, 1877.

X. 6. Kittie E., was born May 31, 1879.

IX. 2. John, was born — —, 1841, and died the next year.

IX. 3. James A., was born — —, 1843, and died — —, 1864.

IX. 4. Emma, was born — —, 1845, and died — —, 1852.

VIII. 3. *Phebe L. Hobart*, daughter of Israel, was born in Potter, N. Y.; June 14, 1818; married in Potter, October 27, 1836, Delos Fisher, who was born in Sharon, N. Y., August 20, 1812. They removed to Jackson, Mich., in 1837. He was chosen Mayor of the City in 1864, and the same year he was elected a Representative in the Legislature of the State. He died November 22, 1875. Their children are: 1, Homer D.; 2, Helen E.; 3, James; 4, Albert; 5, Martha Marana; 6, Bion; 7, Cora.

IX. 1. Homer D., was born in Jackson, Mich., November 5, 1839; married in Niles, Mich., — —, 1863, Mary, daughter of George S. Babcock and his wife Elizabeth Winniger. Their children are: 1, Helen Louise; 2, Mary Isabel.

X. 1. Helen L., was born October 17, 1864, and died September 2, 1878.

X. 2. Mary J., was born April 17, 1875.

IX. 2. **Helen E.**, was born in Jackson, Mich., December 10, 1841; married August —, 1867, Isaac N. Norris of Jackson, where they reside. They have no children.

IX. 3. **James**, was born in Jackson, June 4, 1844, and died there, April 12, 1845.

IX. 4. **Albert**, was born in Jackson, August 29, 1847; married March —, 1869, Lillie Streeter. Their children are: 1, Frederick; 2, George; 3, Frank; 4, Myrtie May.

X. 1. **Frederick**, was born January 11, 1871.

X. 2. **George**, was born April 6, 1875.

X. 3. **Frank**, was born June 2, 1878.

X. 4. **Myrtie M.**, was born December 2, 1884.

IX. 5. **Martha Marana**, was born in Jackson, June 22, 1850, and died June 3, 1851.

IX. 6. **Bion**, was born in Jackson, October 1, 1857; married Anna, daughter of William Beach and his wife Minerva Grove. Anna was born April 3, 1863. They live in Jackson. Their child is: 1, Edith Blanche.

X. 1. Edith B., was born November 12, 1884.

IX. 7. Cora, was born in Jackson, December 3, 1859; married June 21, 1881, William M. Horseman. They live in Jackson; have one child: 1, Harry Delos.

X. 1. Harry Delos, was born June 1, 1863.

VIII. 4. *Martha P. Hobart*, daughter of Israel, was born in Potter, N. Y., June 28, 1820; married in Jackson, Mich., April 2, 1839, William W. Peterson. She died in Jackson, January 13, 1850. He died in 1882. Their children are: 1, Joseph; 2, William Wallace.

IX. 1. Joseph, was born — —, 1842; is married; lives in Detroit, Mich.; is a Telegraph Operator.

IX. 2. William W., was born — —, 1844, and died — —, 1850.

VIII. 5. *Albion Job Hobart*, son of Israel, was born in Potter, N. Y., December 14, 1822;

married at Grass Lake, Mich., February 8, 1853, Amanda J., daughter of Horace Randolph and his wife Olive Smith. Amanda J., was born July 5, 1831. He died at his residence in Jackson, February 15, 1875. Their children are: 1, Helen E.; 2, Frank J.; 3, Antoinette; 4, Frederick J.

IX. 1. Helen E., was born in Jackson, Mich., January 17, 1857; married March 15, 1876, Thomas J. Jewell. They have three children.

IX. 2. Frank J., was born in Jackson, February 8, 1861, and died in Reno, Nevada, August 2, 1882.

IX. 3. Antoinette, was born in Jackson, July 13, 1866.

IX. 4. Frederick J., was born in Jackson, December 7, 1872.

VIII. 6. *Mary Marana Hobart*, daughter of Israel, was born in Potter, N. Y., October 6, 1825; married in Jackson, Mich., October —, 1842, James M. Densmore of South Woodstock, Vt. They lived in Jackson, where she died, September 19, 1847. Their children were: 1, Albert; 2, Mary Eliza.

IX. 1. Albert, was born — —, 1843; is married, and lives in Vermont.

IX. 2. Mary Eliza, was born — —, 1845; is married and lives in Vermont.

VIII. 7. *Andrew Jackson Hobart*, son of Israel, was born in Potter, N. Y., July 15, 1828; married in Detroit, Mich., October 13, 1864, Alice Gray, daughter of Silas M. Holmes and his wife Ann Eliza Van Tine. Alice G., was born in Cleveland, Ohio, August 23, 1840. He is a Physician, and they reside in Clinton, Iowa. Their children are: 1, Alice Annie; 2 George H.; 3, Alice Lillian; 4, A Son.

IX. 1. Alice Annie, was born in Clinton, Iowa, August 18, 1865, and died December 13, 1872.

IX. 2. George H., was born in Clinton, Iowa, May 14, 1867.

IX. 3. Alice L., was born in Clinton, Iowa, October 23, 1873.

IX. 4. A Son, born in Clinton, Iowa, September —, 1879.

VIII. 8. *Jabez Franklin Hobart*, son of Israel, was born in Potter, N. Y., February 26, 1834; married in Potter, January 1, 1856, Phebe Elizabeth, daughter of Henry Decker and his wife Lucinda Hobart,—widow of Benjamin F. Thomas. Phebe E., was born February 1, 1838. They live in Potter Center, N. Y. Their children are: 1, Richard A.; 2, Jerome F.

IX. 1. Richard A.; was born in Potter, N. Y., October 20, 1859; married Hattie, daughter of Aaron Gleason of Potter Center, N. Y. They live in Jackson, Mich. He is a Grocer.

IX. 2. Jerome F., was born in Potter, N. Y., March 10, 1862, and died November 10, 1864.

VII. 5. BAXTER HOBART, son of William, was born in Townsend, Mass., January 25, 1790. When but five years of age, he came with his parents to the State of New York—and to the County of Yates, in which the remainder of his life was passed. He married in Potter, N. Y., January 14, 1813, Eliza, daughter of Thomas H. Potter and his wife Patience Wilkinson. Eliza

was born in South Kingston, Rhode Island, November 16, 1785. They located in the forest, and made their home on what is now the south-east farm in the town of Potter.

In the war with England, 1812—1815, he rendered service for three months—being an Ensign in the Company of which Abner Bunnell was Captain, belonging to the Regiment commanded by Colonel Hugh Dobbin. The village of Buffalo was burned by the British, December 30, 1813. This Company arrived there the next day. Mr. Hobart believed that they might easily have arrived in time to defend the town—if their Captain had not been a timid man.

After the war, he was active in military affairs, and organized a Company of Uniformed Light Infantry. Of this Company he was for several years the Captain. Subsequently passing through the intervening grades, he attained the rank of Colonel, commanding the 103d Regiment (as then numbered) of the State Militia.

Through a period of many years, he was entrusted by his townsmen with various civil offices, among others, holding that of Justice of the Peace for a considerable time. For a term of about eight years, he also held the office of Post





Master. He united with the Methodist Church—the only one within about four miles of his residence—in 1830, and for a period of nearly fifty years, exemplified the Christian life with commendable consistency.

His wife died in Potter, August 28, 1829, in the 44th year of her age. He married in Jerusalem, N. Y., July 3, 1830, his second wife, Esther, daughter of Samuel S. Clark and his wife Nancy Van Tuyl. Esther was born in Candor, N. Y., September 29, 1805.

From the Autumn of 1814, to April, 1870, the family home remained on the farm where they originally settled, and after that near Rushville, N. Y. Mr. Hobart died at Rushville, March 20, 1879, in the 90th year of his age.

He was a cheerful man, eminently social in his feelings, always ready with a pleasant word for friend or stranger. He was of generous and trusting impulses, charitable in his judgment of others, and modest in his estimate of himself;—never strongly partisan, while in religion, he was wholly unsectarian, and in hearty fellowship with every godly man.

His children by the first wife were: 1, *Leander Smith*; 2, *Norton Potter*; 3, *Franklin B.*; born

February 2, 1817, and died May 12, of the same year; 4, *Malin Wilkinson*; 5, *Caroline Eliza*; 6, *Rhoda Maria*; 7, *Charles Walter*. The children by his second wife were: 8, *Dolly Maria*, born August 11, 1831, and died August 26, 1831; 9, *Mary Maria*; 10, *William Lawrence*, born December 17, 1834, and died December 18, 1836; 11, *Laura Antoinette*; 12, *Susan Elizabeth*; 13, *Lawrence Will*.

VIII. 1. *L. Smith Hobart*, son of Baxter, was born in Potter, N. Y., April 28, 1814. In the spring of 1831, while a member of the Academy in Penn Yan, N. Y., he became personally interested in the subject of religion, and united with the Presbyterian Church in that village. Deciding very soon to become a Minister of the Gospel, he commenced there a course of preparatory study, which he continued at the Lyceum in Geneva, and at the Manual Labor School in Rochester. He entered Yale College in 1833, and graduated in 1837. The same year he entered the New Haven Theological Seminary, and graduated there in 1840.

He went immediately to Michigan, and, com-

mencing November 8, 1840, spent twenty-one and a half years in the work of the Ministry, with Congregational Churches in that State:—at Union City 8 years; at Ann Arbor 6 years; at Adrian 1 year; and at Hudson 6 1-2 years.

He proposed the formation of the General Association of Congregational Ministers and Churches of Michigan, and secured the organization of that body, October 12, 1842;—was Secretary and Treasurer of the Association for 13 years, and in 1848, was chosen its Moderator.

He was elected a Delegate to the Presbyterian and Congregational Convention, held at Detroit, Michigan, June 19, 1845, and was chosen one of its Secretaries.

In 1845, he was chosen President of Olivet College in Michigan, but declined the office.

He proposed and secured the calling of the Western Congregational Convention, held at Michigan City, Indiana, July 31, 1846,—of which he was a member, and was chosen one of its Secretaries.

He was elected a member of the Convention of Ministers and Delegates of Congregational Churches in the United States, held at Albany, N. Y., October 5, 1852, and was chosen one of

its Secretaries. By this Convention he was appointed Chairman of the Committee that distributed \$8000 and more, to aid newly-formed Congregational Churches in Michigan, in erecting Houses of Worship.

In 1852, he was appointed by the Superintendent of Public Instruction of the State, a member of the Board of Visitors to the University of Michigan, and wrote their Report, which upon being published, created a great excitement in the Institution, and was the means of securing some important improvements.

He originated the movement which resulted in the establishment of the Chicago Theological Seminary, and was a member of its Board of Directors from the organization in 1854, until he resigned the office in 1863, upon removing to the State of New York.

By appointment of the American Home Missionary Society he became Superintendent of Home Missions for the State of New York, October 1, 1862. His residence was in Syracuse, until April 28, 1871, when he was called to remove to the city of New York, and to his former field of labor were added Long Island, New Jersey, the District of Columbia and Northern Virginia. He dis-

charged the duties of this office until October 31, 1872,—a little more than ten years, and then resigned.

He was chosen the Statistical and Publishing Secretary of the General Association of New York in 1864, and held the office for eight years, when he resigned. He prepared the Constitution under which the Association was re-organized in 1867, and was chosen Moderator of the body in 1871.

He was chosen a Delegate to the Congregational Council held in Boston, Mass., June 14, 1865, and attended its sessions.

He was a Delegate to the Pilgrim Memorial Convention, held in Chicago, Ill., April 27, 1870, and was chosen one of its Secretaries.

He was elected by the Oswego Association of New York, a member of the Convention which met at Oberlin, Ohio, to organize the National Council. By the same election he became a member of the first National Council, organized there, November 15, 1871.

He assisted to organize in the City of New York, May 20, 1872, the Photo Engraving Company, of which he was chosen President, and held the office until June 14, 1881,—a little more than nine years. The business of this company

consists in engraving plates of type metal in relief, for use upon the ordinary printing press. The engraving is done by a photo-chemical process, and the plates are an excellent substitute for wood cuts,—more literally rendering the work of the artist, more quickly made, and at much less cost. This Company employs about 100 persons, and is believed to be by far the largest Engraving establishment in the world.

He secured the publication of two Monthly Religious Papers,—one in Michigan, commenced in April, 1845, and continuing one year,—the other in New York, commenced in May, 1869, and continuing two and a half years. Both were mainly under his Editorial management, and for the larger part of the time, each was wholly so.

In 1879, he became the subject of extreme Nervous Prostration, due in part to a Sun Stroke. He was obliged to cease all attention to business, and for a month or more, was under the care of a skillful physician. He then left New York and spent three months at a Water Cure in Wyoming County. Afterward he received treatment for some time from an Electrician, at Erie, Pa. For a long period subsequently he remained unable to apply himself to anything requiring much thought

or close attention. He has wandered widely in search of lost health,—and he believes not altogether in vain.

Mr. Hobart married, September 9, 1844, in the City of New York, Jane Louisa, daughter of Andrew T. Goodrich and his wife Sarah Tuttle. Mr. Goodrich was for many years a Publisher and Bookseller in that city. Jane Louisa was born in New York, November 12, 1817, and died in Union City, Mich., September 16, 1853. He married in Westfield, Mass., January 11, 1855, his second wife, Cynthia, daughter of Deacon Henry Fowler and his wife Cynthia Wright. She was born in Westfield, Mass., July 17, 1825.

His children by the first wife were: 1, *Julia Maria*; 2, *Arthur Goodrich*; 3, *Walter Edward*. His children by the second wife were: 4, *A Son*, born in Hudson, Mich., November 4, 1856, and died at birth; 5, *Henry Fowler*.

IX. 1. *Julia Maria*, was born at Union City, Mich., December 12, 1845. Pursuing her preparatory studies at the Ypsilanti State Normal School and at Olivet College, she became a member of Ingham University, N. Y.,—where she graduated in June, 1866. She married in Union City, Jan-

uary 10, 1871, James R. Willard, a graduate of Dartmouth College in the Class of 1867. They reside in Erie, Pa. He is a Broker. Their children are: 1, Carrie Louise; 2, Jessie Hobart; 3, Hobart Hurd; 4, Raymond Haviland.

X. 1. Carrie L., was born in Erie, Pa., October 12, 1871.

X. 2. Jessie H., was born in Erie, Pa., March 10, 1874.

X. 3. Hobart H., was born in Erie, Pa., June 3, 1881.

X. 4. Raymond H., was born in Erie, Pa., April 11, 1883.

IX. 2. Arthur Goodrich, was born at Ann Arbor, Mich., February 6, 1849, and died there, December 31, 1850.

IX. 3. Walter Edward, was born at Ann Arbor, Mich., February 18, 1852, and died there, August 1, 1853.

IX. 5. Henry Fowler, was born at Hudson, Mich., July 30, 1858, and died there, September 17, of the same year, aged 50 days.

VIII. 2. *Norton Potter Hobart*, son of Baxter, was born in Potter, N. Y., July 30, 1815; married in Jerusalem, N. Y., December 31, 1834, Laura A., daughter of Asahel Stone and his wife Rebecca Guernsey. Laura A., was born in Naples, N. Y., May 30, 1815. They removed to Athens, Mich., the last of October, 1836. He was Treasurer of the town for three years, and for four years he held the office of Post Master. In 1849, he was chosen Supervisor of the town, and in 1850, he was elected a member of the House of Representatives in the Legislature of the State. His wife died at Athens, June 2, 1872, aged 57 years.

He married at Litchfield, Mich., April 8, 1876, his second wife, Anna, daughter of Hiram Mendell and his wife Emeline Harmon. Anna was born in Conneaut, Ohio, December 10, 1835. She was the widow of George Wellman. Mr. Hobart's only child was the daughter of his first wife: 1, *Eliza Rebecca*. A daughter of his second wife: 2, *Gertrude Wellman*, is his daughter by adoption.

IX. 1. *Eliza R.*, was born at Athens, Mich., March 30, 1836. She died while in College at Spring Arbor, Mich., October 11, 1851, in the

sixteenth year of her age. The following words in regard to her, are by Rev. E. B. Fairfield, at that time President of the College: "She had been for several months past, a member of Michigan Central College, and by her superior scholarship, fine talents and great amiability of character, had won the esteem and admiration of all who knew her. It is very seldom that we have met with any one of brighter promise or of more loveliness of character. She was an only child."

IX. 2. Gertrude W., was born July 17, 1869.

VIII. 4. *Malin Wilkinson Hobart*, son of Baxter, was born in Potter, N. Y., January 17, 1819; married in Leonidas, Mich., January 17, 1843, Eunice L., daughter of Jairus Pierce and his wife Rachel Watkins. Eunice L., was born in Naples, N. Y., October 6, 1821. They lived in Leonidas, Mich., for twenty-one years. While a resident there, he held the office of Notary Public, was Supervisor of the town, and Justice of the Peace. He also held some minor offices. In 1864, he removed thence to Athens, Mich. Here he held the office of Notary Public, Supervisor,

and Justice of the Peace. In 1884, he removed to Petoskey, Mich., where he now resides. Their children are: 1, Eliza R.; 2, Norton P.; 3, Louisa; 4, L. Carrie; 5, M. Etta.

IX. 1. Eliza R., was born in Leonidas, Mich., October 29, 1843, and died May 28, 1845.

IX. 2. Norton P., was born in Leonidas, February 10, 1846, and died May 8, 1852.

IX. 3. Louisa, was born in Leonidas, Mich., November 29, 1848, and died April 10, 1850.

IX. 4. L. Carrie, was born in Leonidas, Mich., May 10, 1852; married at Athens, Mich., March 1, 1876, Spencer J., son of Jeduthan Wing and his wife Margaret Cross. Spencer J., was born in Italy, N. Y., February 16, 1840. He is President of a Bank at Vicksburgh, Mich., where they reside. Their children are: 1, Josie Hobart; 2, Jay Hobart.

X. 1. Josie H., was born in Athens, Mich., January 15, 1877.

X. 2. J. Hobart, was born in Schoolcraft, Mich., October 13, 1878.

IX. 5. M. Etta, was born in Leonidas, Mich., November 9, 1854; married at Athens, Mich., May 15, 1878, Rev. Herbert E. Davis, son of Charles F. Davis of Marshall, Mich., and his wife Elvira Adams. Rev. Herbert E., was born July 11, 1852, at Lysander, N. Y. Graduated at Michigan University in 1873, and at Auburn Theological Seminary in 1878. He preached at Negaunee, Mich., six years, where he organized the Presbyterian Church. He now resides at Petoskey, Mich., as Pastor of the Presbyterian Church there. Their children are: 1, Bertha E.; 2, Grace Hobart.

IX. 1. Bertha E., was born in Negaunee, Mich., August 4, 1879.

IX. 2. Grace H., was born in Negaunee, Mich., February 5, 1881.

VIII. 5. *Caroline Eliza Hobart*, daughter of Baxter, was born in Potter, N. Y., January 10, 1821; married in Union City, Mich., March 9, 1842, Dr. William P. Hurd, son of Deacon Thomas Hurd and his wife Elizabeth Canfield. William P.,

was born in Roxbury, Conn., January 26, 1813, and settled at Union City in 1840, as a Physician.

In 1871, having relinquished the practice of medicine, he became a Banker, and was soon chosen President of the Union City National Bank, and held that position at the time of his death, which occurred October 10, 1881. Their children were:  
1, Thomas Baxter; 2, William Hobart.

IX. 1. Thomas B., was born in Union City, Mich., June 6, 1843, and died June 23, 1846.

IX. 2. William H., was born in Union City, Mich., January 27, 1848, and died September 5th, of the same year.

VIII. 6. *Rhoda Maria Hobart*, daughter of Baxter, was born April 8, 1825, in Potter, N. Y. She died September 5, 1830, in the 6th year of her age.

VIII. 7. *Charles Walter Hobart*, son of Baxter, was born in Potter, N. Y., December 3, 1828;

married in Iowa City, Iowa, July 1, 1858, Sara Augusta, daughter of John M. Kidder and his wife Lydia Kelly. Sara Augusta was born in Lodi, N. Y., September 22, 1828. He was a Sergeant Major in the 22d Regiment of Iowa Infantry, from September, 1862, to October 28, 1863,—having served through Missouri, Arkansas, Louisiana and Mississippi, and being in the engagements at Grand Gulf and Champion Hills. He was then discharged on account of sickness. From March, 1864 to April 1865, he was Special Agent of the United States Treasury Department, by appointment of President Lincoln. The headquarters of his District was at Huntsville, Ala. He has been Secretary of the Iowa State Historical Society, and for three years one of its Curators. From 1868 to 1870, he was by election of the Legislature, one of the Regents of the Iowa State University. October 1, 1883, he went to Colorado Springs, Col., where he edited the *Colorado State Republic*—a daily paper. He remained there a little more than a year, and then removed to Cheyenne, Wyoming Territory, where he founded the *Cheyenne Daily Tribune*, of which he is now the Editor. He and his wife have been divorced. He married his second wife,—Kitty

Elizabeth Kauffman, at Iowa City, July 15, 1882. She was born in Cincinnati, Ohio, October 31, 1856. His children by the first wife were: 1, Carrie Augusta; 2, Nora;—and by his second wife: 3, Winona.

IX. 1. Carrie A., was born in Iowa City, Iowa, October 1, 1859, and died at McGregor, Iowa, July 9, 1863.

IX. 2. Nora, was born in Iowa City, September 13, 1865; graduated at the Iowa State University, June, 1885; married E. B. Jones, a graduate of the same Institution, at Iowa City, July —, 1885. He is a Lawyer, and they reside at Kearney, Nebraska.

IX. 3. Winona, was born at Colorado Springs, Col., August 29, 1884.

VIII. 9. *Mary Maria Hobart*, daughter of Baxter, was born in Potter, N. Y., July 6, 1832. She married in the same town, March 5, 1857, John Arnold, of Hopewell, N. Y. They removed to Cambria, Mich., where he died, July 23, 1860. They had no children. Her residence is in Rush-

ville, N. Y., where she is devoted to the care of her aged and invalid mother.

VIII. 11. *Laura Antoinette Hobart*, daughter of Baxter, was born in Potter, N. Y., July 6, 1837. She married in Cambria, Mich., November 25, 1858, Asaph A., son of Alfred Holcomb and his wife Ann Stone, of Athens, Mich. Asaph was born in Naples, N. Y., April 19, 1827, and is a Merchant in Athens. Their children are: 1, William Hurd; 2, Nettie L.; 3, Nora; 4, Leo Floyd.

IX. 1. William H., was born in Union City, Mich., October 6, 1859; married in Battle Creek, Mich., April 3, 1884, Ida May, daughter of Charles Vail and his wife Sarah Bowerman. Ida M., was born October 12, 1860. They live in Athens, Mich., and have one child. 1, Donna.

X. 1. Donna was born January 6, 1885, at Athens, Mich.

IX. 2. Nettie L., was born in Athens, Mich., April 9, 1865.

IX. 3. Nora, was born in Athens, April 9,

1865. Nora and Nettie L., were twins. Nora died October 4, 1865.

IX. 4. Leo Floyd, was born January 25, 1878.

VIII. 12. *Susan Elizabeth Hobart*, daughter of Baxter, was born in Potter, N. Y., November 26, 1839. She married in Athens, Mich., November 26, 1865, James B. Ellsworth, who was born in Naples, N. Y., January 13, 1837. They reside in the City of Battle Creek, Mich. He is engaged in the sale of Agricultural Implements, as General Traveling Agent in the State of Illinois, for Nichols, Shepard & Co. Their children are: 1, Grace Hobart; 2, Royal Hobart.

IX. 1. Grace Hobart, was born in Athens, Mich., October 11, 1869.

IX. 2. Royal Hobart, was born in Athens, Mich., April 5, 1875.

VIII. 13. *Lawrence Will Hobart*, son of Baxter, was born in Potter, N. Y., November 28, 1842; enlisted at Penn Yan, August 2, 1862, in Com-

pany B of the 126th Regiment of New York Volunteers. He went to the front at once, and was engaged in the battle at Harper's Ferry, Md., September 13. After the treasonable surrender there by General Miles, he was sent as a prisoner on parole, with others, to Camp Douglas, at Chicago, where he remained two months. On the exchange of prisoners, he went with his Regiment to Union Mills, Va., at which place, and at Centerville, Va., the winter and spring were spent in performing picket duty.

June 25, 1863, his Regiment was ordered into Pennsylvania, with others, to resist the advance of the Rebel Army into that State. They reached Gettysburg on the seventh day of their march. On the last day they passed through Taneytown and halted at 11 o'clock at night, within six miles of Gettysburg. On a previous day they had marched thirty-three miles,—so hard a march that the Major General commanding, issued a congratulatory order on the endurance of the troops.

It had rained nearly every day of their march, and many of the men were lame, and all were weary. At 8 o'clock a. m., on Thursday, July 2d, they reached the extreme front and halted for a short time near the Cemetery.





At this time the 126th Regiment was under command of Col. Eliakim Sherrill, and belonged to the Third Brigade, led by Col. Willard. This Brigade was a part of the Third Division commanded by Brigadier General Alexander Hays, and belonged to the Second Army Corps, under command of Major General Hancock.

The Union Army was finally posted on Cemetery Hill. It was in the form of a horse shoe. The ground fell off at the point, and on both sides. It was on a kind of promontory that projected into the Rebel Army. It had no flanks, but was all front, and troops could be moved to any point without marching over three miles. To do the same thing the Rebels had to march at least ten miles.

The Second Corps under General Hancock, and the Third Corps under General Sickles, were on the left wing.

The Third Brigade of the Second Corps was soon moved to its position on the left wing. Its right rested on the Center at the village of Gettysburg. In front was a little valley bordered on the further side by woods. They were on a crest of ground sloping away and rising on the Rebel side.

At about 4 p. m., on Thursday, July 2d, General Longstreet ordered his entire Division to attack our left wing—opening with a storm of artillery, then rushing forward with an infantry charge. Our Third Corps under General Sickles, was driven back by the Rebels, who captured a battery. They needed help, and our Brigade,—the Third of the Second Corps,—was ordered to fall in and help them. Under the command of Col. Willard, the Brigade left-faced and marched in a line parallel with the crest of the hill till it reached the gap formed by the defeat of a portion of the Third Corps. Here they halted and came to a front. The Rebels were upon them. They heard the command, “Forward!” and rising above the roar of cannon, they heard their battle cry, “Harper’s Ferry.” They threw themselves upon the enemy:—the Rebel line was at once broken, and the host that a little before was victorious, fled backward in confusion. Thus ended the day here. We had beaten the enemy, and recaptured the lost battery.

It was in making this charge that the 126th Regiment had 45 men killed, and 177 wounded, and Company B had 28 men wounded and 7 killed,—one of whom was L. Will Hobart. He

was struck in the right breast by a musket ball which passed through his body. To a comrade at his side, he said only, "Amos, I am wounded, can you carry me back?" But he died before it could be done.

He and two fellow soldiers who fell near him, were soon after buried together;—that is, their bodies were laid side by side upon the surface of the ground, and over them was spread one of their blankets; then they were covered with earth about six inches deep, and a piece of pine board six or eight inches wide and two feet long, was set up at their head,—on which their names were plainly written with a pencil.

The next week his body was found, a lot in the old Gettysburg Cemetery was purchased, where he was carefully re-interred, and a suitable marble with the inscription, "Virtuous, Patriotic, Brave," was placed at his grave.

VII. 6. HANNAH HOBART, daughter of William, was born in Townsend, Mass., December 14, 1791; married in Potter, N. Y., October 19,

1815, Chester Loomis of Rushville, N. Y., son of Deacon Nathan Loomis and his wife, Dorcas Pratt. He was born December 25, 1789. For several years he held the office of a Judge, and was also a Post Master in his town. She died in Rushville, January 2, 1865, and he died December 18, 1873. Their children were: 1, *Charles Addison*; 2, *Amanda Dolly*; 3, *Franklin Chester*.

VIII. 1. *Charles A.*, son of Hannah Hobart Loomis, was born in Rushville, September 13, 1816; graduated at Union College, N. Y., in 1837; studied Law and was admitted to the Bar in the City of New York, in 1840. The ensuing three years, he resided in Columbus, Ohio, where he was Chairman of the Young Men's Democratic State Committee. He then became a resident of St. Clair, Mich., and in 1850, was a member of the State Senate. Since 1861, he has spent most of his time in study and in travel in foreign lands. At present he resides in Paris, France.

VIII. 2. *Amanda D.*, daughter of Hannah

Hobart Loomis, was born in Rushville, N. Y., November 16, 1818; graduated at the Albany Female Academy in 1839; married June 16, 1841, George S. Ellas of Bath, N. Y., who died September 21, 1866. She now resides in Rushville. Their children are: 1, Isabelle H.; 2, Charles Addison.

IX. 1. Isabelle H., was born in Bath, N. Y., September 28, 1843, graduated at Ingham University, N. Y., in 1867; married at Rushville, N. Y., Dr. Francis H. Wisewell, October 13, 1875. He was the son of Henry Wisewell and his wife Martha Field, and was born in Potter, N. Y., February 26, 1845. They reside in Phelps, N. Y. Their children are: 1, Carl Francis; 2, George Ellas; 3, Francis Henry.

X. 1. Carl F., was born in Phelps, N. Y., November 14, 1878.

X. 2. George E., was born in Phelps, September 9, 1880.

X. 3. Francis H., was born in Phelps, June 23, 1883.

IX. 2. Charles A., was born in Bath, N. Y.,

August 28, 1848; married in Bath, September 26, 1877, Jennie Aber, daughter of George G. Aber and his wife Mary Aber. Jennie was born in Bath, N. Y., October 29, 1847. Charles A., resides in Bath, and is a Druggist.

VIII. 3. *Franklin C.*, son of Hannah Hobart Loomis, was born in Rushville, N. Y., December 24, 1826; married January 4, 1849, Sarah Ann, daughter of Staats Green of Gorham, N. Y. Sarah Ann was born in Gorham, N. Y., August 8, 1825. She died in Rushville, January 20, 1864, in her 39th year. He married in Ashton, Ill., June 5, 1876, his second wife, Anna M. Sallee, and they reside in Waukegan, Ill. He is a Dealer in Coal and Wood. His children by his first wife are: 1, Frank C., Jr.; 2, Stella May; 3, Addie Florence. His children by his second wife are, 4 Charles Wilbur; 5. Nellie Maud; 6, Pearl Ellas; 7., Frank Chester.

IX. 1. Frank C., Jr., was born October 3, 1849, in Rushville, N. Y.; married May —, 1883, Mary Egle; and they live in Bellevue, Ohio.

IX. 2. Stella May, was born December 5, 1852, in Rushville; married April 22, 1874, Charles R. Howard of Toledo, Ohio, where they now reside. They have two children.

IX. 3. Addie F., was born May 7, 1854, in Rushville, N. Y.; married May 7, 1872, Frederic L. Goodson of Bellevue, Ohio, where they now live. They have one child.

IX. 4. Charles W., was born at Waukegan, Ill., May 15, 1877.

IX. 5. Nellie M., was born at Waukegan, Ill., October 4, 1878.

IX. 6. Pearl E., was born at Waukegan, Ill., July 29, 1881.

IX. 7. Frank C., was born at Waukegan, Ill., August 16, 1885.

VII. 7. HARVEY HOBART, son of William, was born in Townsend, Mass., May 20, 1794; married in East Bloomfield, N. Y., April 21, 1815, Marana, daughter of Aaron Norton of East Bloom-

field, and his wife Martha Foot. Marana was born in Goshen, Conn., March 15, 1792. She died February 12, 1871, in the 79th year of her age. He was by trade a Painter, and at one time held the office of Post Master. He died at his home in East Bloomfield, December 26, 1878. Their children were: 1, *Almira*; 2, *William C.*; 3, *James Morrison*; 4, *Hiram Wright*; 5, *Charles Parsons*; 6, *Henry Clay*; 7, *Olive*; 8, *Mary*; 9, *Flo-rinda Lavia*; 10, *Egbert*.

VIII. 1. *Almira Hobart*, daughter of Harvey, was born in East Bloomfield, January 14, 1816; married March 24, 1841, Daniel D. Beebe of that town. She died, February 13, 1847. Their children were: 1, *Charles Edward*; 2, *Franklin DeLavoice*.

IX. 1. *Charles E.*, was born in East Bloomfield, July 18, 1844; enlisted in Company H of the 126th Regiment of New York Infantry; was at Union Mills, Virginia, and died there of the Measles, January 25, 1863, in the 19th year of his age.

IX. 2. *Franklin D.*, was born in East Bloom-

field, September 15, 1846; he has a wife, and six children. They reside in Minnetonka, Minn.

VIII. 2. *William C. Hobart*, son of Harvey, was born in East Bloomfield, December 12, 1817; married in Howard, N. Y., September 29, 1842, Mary Ann, daughter of John Willys and his wife Mary Keyes. Mary Ann was born in Howard, N. Y., April 10, 1825. He is a House Painter by trade, and they reside in East Bloomfield, N. Y. Their children are: 1, *Emily Munson*; 2, *Julia Collins*; 3, *Harvey Willys*; 4, *Clarence Graves*; 5, *Harriet Rice*; 6, *Minnie Fairchild*; 7, *Louisa Bird*.

IX. 1. *Emily M.*, was born in East Bloomfield, April 21, 1845; married September 16, 1874, Hector W. Blake of Naples, N. Y. She died May 8, 1875.

IX. 2. *Julia C.*, was born in East Bloomfield, June 22, 1847; married May 27, 1869, Charles L. Bullard of Utica, N. Y. They have no children.

IX. 3. *Harvey W.*, was born in East Bloomfield, December 4, 1852, and died March 20, 1854.

IX. 4. Clarence G., was born in East Bloomfield, June 12, 1855; married in Bristol, N. Y., October 21, 1875, Addie H., daughter of David W. Wilder and his wife Cordelia H. Tiffany. Addie H., was born February 18, 1853. Their children are: 1, Frank W.; 2, Fred W.; 3, Ruth Cordelia.

X. 1. Frank W., was born September 10, 1876.

X. 2. Frederick W., was born December 3, 1880, and died September 16, 1884.

X. 3. Ruth C., was born February 18, 1883.

IX. 5. Harriet R., was born in East Bloomfield, September 6, 1857; married there, April 23, 1879, Daniel C. Elsheimer. He is a Jeweler. They reside at 76 William Street, Rochester, N. Y. Their children are: 1, Edna K.; 2, Fanny A.

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X. 1. Edna K., was born in Rochester, N. Y., January 16, 1880.

X. 2. Fanny A., was born in Rochester, N. Y., April 15, 1882.

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IX. 6. Minnie F., was born in East Bloomfield, February 2, 1864.

IX. 7. Louisa B., was born in East Bloomfield, October 31, 1868.

VIII. 3. *James Morrison Hobart*, son of Harvey, was born in East Bloomfield, December 16, 1818. He is unmarried, and resides in Salem, Michigan.

VIII. 4. *Hiram Wright Hobart*, son of Harvey, was born in East Bloomfield, May 1, 1820; married in Angelica, N. Y., February 17, 1853, Mary Elizabeth, daughter of John Bell and his wife Sarah T. Smith. Mary E., was born in Seneca, N. Y., December 11, 1832. He is a Farmer, residing in Birdsall, N. Y. Their children are: 1, A Child, born in East Bloomfield and died in infancy; 2, A Child, born and died in infancy; 3, Olive May; 4, Sarah Marana Belle.

IX. 3. Olive M., was born in East Bloomfield, N. Y., November 29, 1857.

IX. 4. Sarah M., was born in East Bloomfield, March 17, 1866.

VIII. 5. *Charles Parsons Hobart*, son of Harvey, was born in East Bloomfield, February 28, 1822. He enlisted, July 20, 1862, at Rockford, Ill., in Company E of the 1st Illinois Artillery, in which he served one year; was in the battle at Pittsburg Landing, Tenn., and died of Pneumonia in the Hospital at Quincy, Ill., July 19, 1863.

VIII. 6. *Henry Clay Hobart*, son of Harvey, was born in East Bloomfield, N. Y., January 2, 1825; married in Angelica, N. Y., September 21, 1853, Sarah B., daughter of John Bell and his wife Sarah T. Smith. Sarah B., was born in Seneca, N. Y., June 1, 1833. They reside in Cedarville, Nebraska. Their children are: 1, Lillian F., 2, Hilan F.

IX. 1. Lillian F., was born in East Bloomfield, August 15, 1854; married September 30, 1879,

S. C. Skinner, who was born August 16, 1857. Their children are: 1, Courtland H.; 2, David Henry.

X. 1. Courtland H., was born August 4, 1883.

X. 2. David H., was born July 15, 1885.

IX. 2. Hilan F., was born in East Bloomfield, August 4, 1858; married November 2, 1879, L. E. Taylor, daughter of Neri Taylor and his wife Ann M. Brode. L. E. Taylor was born January 23, 1859. Their child is: 1, Henry B.

X. 1. Henry B., was born July 18, 1884.

VIII. 7. *Olive Hobart*, daughter of Harvey, was born in East Bloomfield, October 28, 1826; went to New Orleans, where she resided with a maternal Uncle, and where she died unmarried, August 28, 1847.

VIII. 8. *Mary Hobart*, daughter of Harvey, was born in East Bloomfield, March 26, 1828, and lives in the town where she was born.

VIII. 9. *Florinda Lavia Hobart*, daughter of Harvey, was born in East Bloomfield, May 18, 1830, and married December 18, 1885, Frederic Munson of East Bloomfield, where they reside.

VIII. 10. *Egbert Hobart*, son of Harvey, was born in East Bloomfield, November 28, 1831. He is unmarried, and lives in Salem, Michigan.

VII. 8. JOSEPH LANDERS HOBART, son of William, was born in Potter, N. Y., June 26, 1797; married in Jerusalem, N. Y., July 1, 1820, Eleanor Minerva, daughter of Frederick Boulongee and his wife Catharine Keyser. Eleanor M., was born in Philadelphia, Pa., March 1st, 1798, and died in Potter, March 2, 1863, aged 65 years. He married in Potter, N. Y., his second wife, Hannah S. DuBois of Lansing, Mich., September 19, 1866. He was a Farmer and died at his residence on the old Homestead in Potter, N. Y., August 9, 1879. His children by the first wife, (there were

none by the second,) were: 1, *Amelia Lemard*; 2, *Emily Amira*; 3, *Cassandra Dolly*; 4, *Frederick Boulongee*; 5, *Frances Minerva*; 6, *Melville Wesley*; 7, *Melmouth Fletcher*.

VIII. *Amelia L. Hobart*, daughter of Joseph L., was born in Potter, N. Y., July 31, 1821; married October 23, 1838, Richard Taylor of Penn Yan, N. Y. She died March 23, 1847. Their children were: 1, *Cecelia Mandane*; 2, *Josephine D. L.*

IX. 1. *Cecelia M.*, was born in Benton, N. Y., November 23, 1840; married November 29, 1864, John M. Putnam of Gratiot County, Michigan. She died there, on their farm, October 23, 1865.

IX. 2. *Josephine D. L.*, was born in Penn Yan, N. Y., March 20, 1846; married December 25, 1867, David C. Fountain of Vesper, N. Y., where he was born, December 1, 1843. Their children were: 1, *Cecelia Eva*; 2, *Clarence R.*

X. 1. *Cecelia Eva*, was born in Anacostia,

D. C., September 28, 1870, and died June 28, 1871.

X. 2. Clarence R., was born in Anacostia, D. C., May 27, 1872.

VIII. 1. *Emily A. Hobart*, daughter of Joseph L., was born in Potter, January 24, 1822; married December 25, 1841, Joseph Bloomingdale, born in Troy, N. Y., October 17, 1816. They lived for several years in Benton, N. Y., and then removed to Sparta, Wis., where he died November 10, 1871. Their children were: 1, Mortimer R.; 2, Mary Eleanor; 3, Amelia L.; 4, Jacob L.; 5, Frederick H.; 6, Frank H.

IX. 1. Mortimer R., was born in Benton, N. Y., November 19, 1842, and died there, September 7, 1862

IX. 2. Mary E., was born in Benton, September 22, 1844, and died there September 13, 1862.

IX. 3. Amelia L., was born in Benton, N. Y., November 30, 1846, and died there September 22, 1862.

IX. 4. Jacob L., was born in Benton, July 3, 1848; married December 24, 1871, Adela A. Audiss. He is an Attorney at Law, and lives in St. Charles, Minn. They have one child. 1, Mabel E.

X. 1. Mabel E., was born December 23, 1873.

IX. 5. Frederick H., was born in Benton, October 15, 1854, and died September 8, 1862.

IX. 6. Frank H., was born in Benton, October 15, 1854. He and the brother preceding, were twins. He is an Attorney at Law, and lives in Wisconsin.

Four of the six preceding children died of Diphtheria,—all within a period of fifteen days.

VIII. 3. *Cassandra D. Hobart*, daughter of Joseph L., was born in Potter, N. Y., August 4, 1824; married Rev. Edmund Chadwick, Principal of a Seminary at Starkey, N. Y. She died April 12, 1849, at the birth of twin boys. The twins also died at the same time.

VIII. 4. *Frederick B. Hobart*, son of Joseph L., was born in Potter, July 31, 1825; married in Dundee, N. Y., October 17, 1849, Charlotte J., daughter of Thomas J. Webb and his wife Artemesia Clark. Charlotte J., was born in Dundee, N. Y., July 30, 1828. She died there August 6, 1881. He lives in Dundee. Their only child is: 1, **Adelbert Jermain**.

IX. 1. **Adelbert J.**, was born in Benton, N. Y., July 7, 1850; married in Starkey, N. Y., June 17, 1885, Nellie, daughter of Nelson Soule and his wife Catharine Kinney. Nellie was born August 15, 1861. They live in Dundee, N. Y.

VIII. 5. *Frances M. Hobart*, daughter of Joseph L., was born in Potter, N. Y., September 16, 1829; married August 12, 1852, in the same town, Rev. Daniel Clark, a Methodist minister and son of William Clark and his wife Anna Henry. Rev. Daniel was born in Hector, N. Y., August 12, 1828. Their children are: 1, **Hamline L.**; 2, **Wilbur F.**; 3, **Mary A.**; 4, **Olin S.**

IX. 1. Hamline L., was born September 9, 1853; is unmarried.

IX 2. Wilbur F., was born April 3, 1855; married September 12, 1880, Agnes G., daughter of George W. Winship and his wife Eliza E. Twentyman. Agnes G., was born December 23, 1860. Their children are: 1, Mabel G.; 2, Fay W.

X. 1. Mabel G., was born February 3, 1882; died March 13, 1882.

X. 2. Fay W.. was born August 10, 1883.

IX. 3. Mary A., was born July 6, 1867, and died August 6, 1867.

IX. 4. Olin S., was born April 8, 1874; is unmarried.

VIII. 6. *Melville W. Hobart*, son of Joseph L., was born in Potter, June 11, 1833; married in Potter, February 18, 1862, Helen, daughter of John H. Gleason and his wife Eliza Potter. Helen was born in Potter, June 9, 1840. He

is a Farmer and resides in the town where he was born. Their children are: 1, Harriet Cecelia; 2, Luella Eliza; 3, May Gleason; 4, Eleanor Boulongee; 5, Helen Maud; 6, Clara Louise; 7, Bessie Garfield.

IX. 1. Harriet C., was born in Potter, December 16, 1862.

IX. 2. Luella E., was born in Potter, May 10, 1864; married January 20, 1886, Daniel C., son of Lewis Sutton and Emeline Benedict his wife. Daniel C., was born January 17, 1863.

IX. 3. May G., was born in Potter, November 22, 1867.

IX. 4. Eleanor B., was born in Potter, July 8, 1870.

IX. 5. Helen M., was born in Potter August 17, 1874.

IX. 6. Clara L., was born in Potter, December 20, 1876; died June 13, 1880.

IX. 7. Bessie G., was born in Potter, May 5, 1882.

VIII, 7. *Melmouth F. Hobart*, son of Joseph

L., was born in Potter, June 11, 1833. He and Melville W. were twins. He married in Elmira, N. Y., February 12, 1860, Hannah Fidelia, daughter of Isaac Mathews and his wife Anna Manning. Hannah F., was born in Catlin, N. Y., June 27, 1837. He is an Insurance Agent, and resides in Penn Yan, N. Y. Their children are: 1, Lillian Florence; 2, Eleanor Anna; 3, Delia Agnes; 4, Olin Mathews; 5, Mabel Grant; 6, Catharine Egeria Boulongee; 7, Melmouth Frederick.

IX. 1. L. Florence, was born in Potter, June 1, 1861. She occupies the responsible position of Cashier in the largest Dry Goods Store in Penn Yan. She is also an accomplished Book Keeper.

IX. 2. Eleanor A., was born in Potter, February 10, 1863. She is a successful School Teacher.

IX. 3. Delia A., was born in Potter, February 18, 1864.

IX. 4. Olin M., was born in Elmira, N. Y., August 4, 1867.

IX. 5. Mabel G., was born in Penn Yan, N. Y., May 23, 1870.

IX. 6. Catharine E. B., was born in Penn Yan, January 11, 1873.

IX. 7. M. Frederick, was born in Penn Yan, October 8, 1876.

VII. 9. ABEL BRADFORD HOBART, son of William, was born in Potter, N. Y., February 6, 1798; married in East Bloomfield, N. Y., February 6, 1822, Marana, daughter of Thaddeus Stanley and his wife Elizabeth Doud. Marana was born in Goshen, Conn., July 2, 1796, and died in Randolph, N. Y., May 3, 1872. Soon after his marriage, they went to reside in Phelps, N. Y., where he carried on the business of Tanning leather for about five years. He removed thence to Napoli, N. Y., where they dwelt for twenty years. At Carrol, N. Y., he lived three years; and lastly he resided in Randolph, N. Y., the remainder of his life—twenty-two years. Here he was chosen a Deacon in the Congregational Church, and held the office for fifteen years, when he resigned on account of a bodily infirmity. For many years he was employed as a Colporteur, and in the distribution of Bibles. He died at Leroy, N. Y., while on a visit to that

place, September 6, 1871, in the seventy-fourth year of his age. Their children were: 1, *Homer Harrowby*; 2, *Elizabeth Halvina*; 3, *Harlton Stanley*; 4, *Helen E.*; 5, *Hilan Wooster*; 6, *Huldah Munson*; 7, *Harlow Doud Smith*; 8, *Howlan Bancroft*.

VIII. 1. *Homer H. Hobart*, son of Abel B., was born in Phelps, N. Y., July 15, 1823; married in Otisco, N. Y., August 31, 1846, Hannah Armena, daughter of Roswell Roberts and his wife Mercy Clark. Hannah A., was born in Tully, N. Y., April 20, 1825. He is a Farmer, and they live in Jordan, Ind. Their children are: 1, Edwin Spencer; 2, Ellen Elizabeth.

IX. 1. Edwin S., was born in Napoli, N. Y., May 11, 1847; married January 28, 1875, at Williamsport, Ind., Louisa, daughter of Charles Pitcher and his wife Catharine Smodell. Louisa was born March 3, 1855, at Troy, N. Y. They live in Hedrick, Warren Co., Ind. Their child is: 1, Clara Alice.

X. 1. Clara A., was born April 9, 1883.

IX. 2. Ellen E., was born March 1, 1852, and died April 10, 1864.

VIII. 2. *Elizabeth H. Hobart*, daughter of Abel B., was born in Phelps, N. Y., February 5, 1826; married in Randolph, N. Y., December 28, 1859, Florentine F. Mighells—who was born in Lima, N. Y., November 12, 1806. He died in Randolph, August 15, 1875. Their children were: 1, Sophronia E.; 2, Ellen Stanley; 3, Eldora Maria; 4, Elliot Colfax.

IX. 1. Sophronia E., was born in Randolph, N. Y., October 4, 1862; married October 15, 1879, F. W. Morse, and they reside in Levanna, N. Y. Their children are: 1, Eric S.; 2, Ethel E.

X. 1. Eric S., was born May 24, 1882.

X. 2. Ethel E., was born March 3, 1885.

IX. 2. Ellen S., was born in Randolph, N. Y., June 2, 1864; married, December 13, 1883, Norman Abbey.

IX. 3. Eldora M., was born in Randolph, N. Y., December 12, 1865; married March 15, 1883, N. A. Dewey. Their child is: 1, Nina V.

X. 1. Nina V., was born August 4, 1885.

IX. 4. Elliot C., was born in Randolph, N. Y., October 27, 1867. He is a student.

VIII. 3. *Harlton S. Hobart*, son of Abel B., was born in Napoli, N. Y., August 16, 1828; married in Parma, N. Y., April 4, 1850, Sarah M., daughter of Isaac Morgan of Springfield, Mass., and his wife Persis Cushman. Sarah M., was born January 3, 1831.

Mr. Hobart enlisted at Angelica, N. Y., May 1, 1861, in the 27th Regiment of N. Y. Infantry. He was in the Army of the Potomac, and at the battle of Bull Run, July 19, 1861. He was with his Regiment from that time onward through all their battles until, and including that at Antietam, September 17, 1862. He rendered service one year and seven months, and died at Stafford Court House, Va., December 3, 1862, in the 35th year of his age.

He had been sick for three or four weeks, occupying a tent, and having a soldier detailed as nurse. Their fire was made in a hole in the ground, and while the nurse was absent for a few moments, Mr. Hobart fell into the fire and was burned so badly that he soon died. The nurse returning found him lying on the fire and speechless. It was thought he fell in a fainting fit. He left no children.

VIII. 4. *Helen E. Hobart*, daughter of Abel B., was born in Napoli, N. Y., September 10, 1830; married in Connewango, N. Y., April 14, 1856, Daniel C. Richards. He was the son of Simeon Richards and his wife Mary Chidester, and was born in Greenfield, Saratoga Co., N. Y., February 28, 1822. They reside in Levanna, N. Y. Their child was: 1, *Hannah Marana*.

IX. - 1. *Hannah M.*, was born November 16, 1863, in Levanna, and died there September 26, 1881.

VIII. 5. *Hilan W. Hobart*, son of Abel B.,

was born in Napoli, N. Y., August 4, 1832; married in Warren County, Ind., December 22, 1858, Amanda Beatty, daughter of Henry Piles and his wife Nancy Werts. Amanda B., was born in Rush County, Ohio, October 26, 1833. He is a Farmer, and lives at West Lebanon, Ind. Their children are: 1, Darwin; 2, Nellie.

IX. 1. Darwin, was born in Jordan, Warren County, Ind., June 25, 1860.

IX. 2. Nellie, was born in Jordan, Ind., August 2, 1870.

VIII. 6. *Huldah M. Hobart*, daughter of Abel B., was born in Napoli, N. Y., April 13, 1835, and died there on the 15th of the same month.

VIII. 7. *Harlow D. Hobart*, son of Abel B., was born in Napoli, N. Y., July 31, 1836, and died in East Bloomfield, N. Y., where he was employed, January 7, 1859, at the age of 23. He was unmarried.

VIII. 8. *Howlan B. Hobart*, son of Abel B., was born in Napoli, N. Y., September 1, 1838. He enlisted in Company K of the 33d Regiment of Indiana Volunteer Infantry, September 10, 1861; was in the engagement at Camp Wild Cat, Ky., September 21, 1861; was at Cumberland Gap, from June 18 to September 17, 1862; was taken prisoner at Thompson's Station, March 5, 1863; was in Libby Prison about two months; was paroled May 5th and remained in Camp at Indianapolis till June 11th, when he was exchanged. He joined the army at Murfreesborough, July 16, 1863; was with General Sherman in his march to The Sea—through the Southern States, and remained with him till the army was disbanded. Then he returned to his home at Marshfield, Ind., where, after five days, he died August 10, 1865, of disease contracted in the army. He was a Farmer and unmarried.

VII. 10. WALTER PIKE HOBART, son of William, was born in Potter, N. Y., March 22, 1800; married in Potter, N. Y., December 29, 1825,

Amanda, daughter of Deacon Nathan Loomis and his wife Dorcas Pratt. Amanda was born in Potter, N. Y., March 1, 1802, and died December 17, 1834. He married in Jerusalem, N. Y., January 20, 1836, his second wife,—Rachel, daughter of Samuel S. Clark and his wife Nancy Van Tuyl. Rachel was born in Candor, N. Y., February 28, 1813. She died January 25, 1853. He married in Benton, N. Y., February 20, 1855, his third wife, Loania, daughter of James B. Randall and his wife Eunice Crosby. Loania was born in Milo, N. Y., September 23, 1828. Mr. Hobart died at his home, August 31, 1875.

He was a Farmer, and his entire life was spent in the town where he was born. He was an exemplary and most worthy citizen, ready to maintain every good interest in the community. He was a steadfast member of the Methodist Church, and by his life honored his religious profession. At different times he was a Class Leader, a Steward, a Trustee, and a Superintendent of the Sunday School. He was also Secretary of the Sunday School Society of the town of Potter. In all these positions he was ever found faithful.

His children by the first wife were: 1, *A*

*Daughter*, born June 11, 1829; 2, *A Son*, born September 6, 1834, both of whom died in early infancy. His children by the second wife were: 3, *Amanda Louisa*; 4, *Hannah Jeannette*; 5, *George W.* His child by his third wife was: 6, *Arthur*.

VIII. 3. *Amanda L. Hobart*, daughter of Walter P., was born in Potter, N. Y., October 20, 1836, and resides with her brother, George W., in Jerusalem, N. Y.

VIII. 4. *H. Jeannette Hobart*, daughter of Walter P., was born in Potter, N. Y., October 28, 1839; married in Jerusalem, N. Y., February 24, 1880, Samuel Kinney,—a Farmer of Seneca, N. Y. She died at their residence, August 15, 1883, and left no children.

VIII. 5. *George W. Hobart*, son of Walter P., was born in Potter, N. Y., April 13, 1844. He enlisted at Penn Yan, N. Y., August 30, 1862, into the 44th Regiment of N. Y. Infantry. He

was in the engagements at Fredericksburg, Chancellorsville, Rappahannock Station, Mine Run, Gettysburg, The Wilderness, and Laurel Hill.

He was wounded in the thigh at Gettysburg, Pa., July 2d, 1863. At Laurel Hill, Va., May 8, 1864, he was wounded first in the head, and afterwards in the hip-joint. Subsequently he was transferred to the 9th Regiment of the Veteran Reserve Corps, and did Garrison duty at Washington, D. C., until he was discharged, June 26, 1865.

He is a Farmer, and lives in Jerusalem, N. Y. He married in Jerusalem, October 4, 1869, Sarah Adelaide, daughter of James T. Davis and his wife Nancy Millspaugh. Sarah Adelaide was born in Benton, N. Y., May 29, 1846. Their children are: 1, Mary Lucile; 2, Grace Aneata; 3, Castella Nette; 4, Julia.

IX. 1. Mary Lucile, was born in Jerusalem, N. Y., June 24, 1872.

IX. 2. Grace Aneata, was born in Jerusalem, N. Y., May 12, 1875.

IX. 3. Castella Nette, was born in Jerusalem, N. Y., December 9, 1882.

IX. 4. Julia, was born in Jerusalem, N. Y., January 12, 1886.

VIII. 6. *Arthur Hobart*, son of Walter P., was born in Potter, N. Y., May 7, 1856. He married in Benton, N. Y., December 31, 1879, Anna M., adopted daughter of J. Wesley Payne. She was born in the city of New York. He is a Farmer and a Surveyor, and resides on the homestead of his father. Their children are: 1, Lora L.; 2, Berlin Walter.

IX. 1. Lora L., was born March 23, 1881, in Potter, N. Y.

IX. 2. Berlin Walter, was born in Potter, N. Y., October 11, 1883.





## APPENDIX.

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### THE FAMILY OF THOMAS SMITH.

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The French and Indians and the British were engaged in hostilities in this country, much of the time between 1703, and the signing of the treaty of peace at Utrecht in 1713. In one of the battles that occurred during this period, a Mr. Somes was mortally wounded. At the time there was standing by his side, an unmarried man by the name of Smith. Of him Mr. Somes made this request,—that when he should return home, he would marry his wife—about to be left a widow. In due time Mr. Smith married the widow, and their child was Thomas Smith, who lived in Haverhill, N. H. Thomas married in 1745, Eliza-

beth, daughter of Dea. Joseph Tayntor of Marlborough, Mass. They lived a short time in Boylston, and soon after removed to Shrewsbury, where they resided for many years. Mrs. Smith was admitted to the church in Shrewsbury in 1711, from the church in Marlborough. She died in Boylston, in the house of her oldest daughter, Elizabeth Temple, December 11, 1807. The date of her husband's death is not ascertained. Their children,—eight daughters, were all baptized in Shrewsbury within a few days after their respective births. They were as follows:—

1. Elizabeth, born July 8, 1746; married Aaron Temple of Boylston in 1765.
2. Mary, born February 12, 1748; married Joseph Ballard of Andover, September 10, 1771.
3. Sarah, born April 29, 1750; married Mr. Perkins of Southbury.
4. Hannah, born March 11, 1753; married Jonas Wyman of Lancaster, May 27, 1772.
5. Lydia, born December 23, 1755; died March 19, 1764.
6. Luceba, born July 31, 1759; married David Hosley of Lancaster, December 11, 1777; he was killed accidentally.
7. DOLLY, born May 12, 1762; married WILLIAM HOBART of Townsend, June 5, 1787.
8. Lucretia, born February 8, 1765; married (1.) Mr. Wheelock, and (2.) Mr. Sherwin.

## HOBARTS IN ENGLAND.

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The earliest Hobart of whom we have information in England, is John, who owned lands and lived at De la Tye, in Norfolk County about the year 1260. A descendant and heir of his, was Thomas, who lived at Leynham, in the same County, and who was father of James Hobart. This James was entered at Lincoln's Inn,—a Law School—where by intense application joined with extraordinary natural parts, he made great proficiency in the Law. In 1479, he became one of the Governors of that Institution and remained such till 1508. In 1504, he had the honor to be made Knight of the Sword by Henry VII. on the occasion when Henry, his son, was created Prince of Wales. By this dignity thus conferred, he became Sir James,—the head of a noble family, to whom others of the name in England, trace back their descent.

In the second year of Henry VII.—1486—he was

appointed Attorney General to the King, and took the oath of membership in the Privy Council, which position he held till the year 1510. He married Margaret, daughter of Peter Naunton, Esq. She died in 1484, and was buried at Loddon, Norfolk County. Sir James died in 1510, and was buried at the same place. They had two sons: 1, Sir Walter, and 2, Miles.

1. Sir Walter, of Halles hall, Norfolk County, succeeded his father. He was Sheriff of Norfolk and Suffolk in 1536. He married Ann, daughter of Sir Henry Heydon, and upon her death, he married his second wife, Ann, daughter of John Ratcliff, Lord Fitzwalter. From the first marriage are descended the Hobarts of Halles hall; and from the second those of Morley, Norfolk County.

2. Miles Hobart, of Plumpsted, Norfolk County—and ancestor of the Earls of Buckinghamshire—married Eleanor, daughter of John Blaverhasset. They had two sons: 1, Thomas, and 2, John.

2. John Hobart married Anne, daughter of Sir Philip Tilney. From this marriage descended the Hobarts of Wayte, Norfolk County.

1. Thomas Hobart succeeded his father at Plumpsted. He married Auderey, daughter of William Hare of Beeston, Norfolk County. They had two sons: 1, Sir Miles, and 2, Sir Henry.

2. Sir Henry Hobart, was a member of the honorable Society of Lincoln's Inn, and later, in the 39th year of Elizabeth, 1596—one of its Governors. At the same time, he served in Parliament for the borough

of Yarmouth, Norfolk Co. In the 4th year of James I., 1607—he was appointed his Majesty's Attorney General. About the same time he was made Attorney General of the Court of Wards. Five years later, he was appointed one of the Governors of the Charter House.

In 1611, upon the first creation of Baronets, he had the honor to be included in the list; and on the 26th of November, 1613, was constituted Lord Chief Justice of the Common Pleas, in which office he so happily blended skill and integrity, that he continued therein till the 26th December, 1625, when he departed this life and was buried in Christ Church, Norwich. He was a benefactor of the Society of Lincoln's Inn, having given £100 towards rebuilding the chapel, finished in 1623.

He fulfilled, in a literary sense, his prophetic motto, *non moriar sed vivam*, inasmuch as reports of several law cases published by him, are still extant. He was also Chancellor to both Henry and Charles, while each was Prince of Wales.

He married, April 22, 1590, Dorothy, daughter of Sir Robert Bell of Beaupre Hall, Norfolk Co., Lord Chief Baron of the Exchequer. By her he had sixteen children—twelve sons and four daughters. Nine of the sons died young and unmarried. The three remaining were: 1, Sir John, Baronet, successor to his father; 2, Sir Miles, who continued the line; 3, Henry, born November 17, 1619. The four daughters were Dorothy, Mary, Elizabeth and Frances. Sir John

Hobart, Baronet, was born at Norwich, April 19, 1593, and had the honor of Knighthood conferred upon him at the age of 10 years, and at the age of 32 became Baronet. He dwelt at Blickling, Norfolk County—a manor which his father had purchased, and where he had built an elegant mansion. Upon the failure of the line of his cousin Sir Thomas, he also possessed the estate at Plumpsted.

He served in Parliament the first year of James I., 1603—for Corf-Castle in Dorsetshire; also in the same reign, for Lestwithiel in Cornwall; and for the borough of Thetford, in the first year of Charles I., 1625—and for the County of Norfolk, in the sixteenth year of the same reign, 1641.

He married Phillipa, daughter of Robert Sidney, Earl of Leicester; she died, September, 1620, leaving an only daughter, Dorothy. He married his second wife, Lady Frances, daughter of John Egerton, first Earl of Bridgwater. She also died leaving but one daughter, who became the second wife of his successor. He died in 1647, whereupon the title and estate entailed, descended to his nephew, Sir John Hobart, M. P., son and heir of his brother, Sir Miles, and who married Mary, daughter of John Hampden.

1. Sir Miles Hobart was born at Plumpsted, April 12, 1595, and was made a Knight at Salisbury, by James I., August 8, 1623. He was a member of the Parliament which met March 17, 1627-8, and distinguished himself in opposing the designs of the Court; being among those members who, March 2, 1628-9,

foreseeing the dissolution of the Parliament, forcibly held the Speaker in the chair, while they passed the following strong resolutions:—

“1. Whoever shall bring in innovation of Religion, or by favor or countenance seek to extend or introduce Popery or Arminianism, or other opinion disagreeing from the truth, and the orthodox church, shall be reputed a capital enemy to this Kingdom and Commonwealth.

“2. Whoever shall counsel or advise the taking and levying of the subsidies of tonnage and poundage, and granted by Parliament, or shall be an actor or instrument therein, shall be likewise reputed an innovator in the government, and capital enemy to the Kingdom and Commonwealth.

“3. If any merchant or person whatsoever, shall voluntarily yield or pay the subsidies of tonnage or poundage, not being granted by Parliament, he shall likewise be reputed a betrayer of the liberties of England, and an enemy of the same.”

The Parliament was immediately dissolved, and Sir Miles Hobart was arrested and imprisoned for locking the door of the House during the publishing the aforesaid protestation. He was not discharged till 1631, and then was obliged to give sureties for his good behavior. Whether he was again imprisoned, or what other hardships he underwent does not appear; but his sufferings were esteemed so meritorious by the Long Parliament, that in 1646,—after he was dead—they voted that £5000 should be given to his children

in appreciation thereof, and as a testimonial for his opposing the illegalities of his times.

He married Susan, daughter of Sir John Peyton of Iselham, Baronet, by whom he had two children, Sir John and Alice.

This Sir John Hobart, Baronet, who succeeded his uncle, was returned as Knight of the Shire for the County of Norfolk, in the last three Parliaments called by Charles II. He married Mary, daughter of John Hampden, of Hampden, Bucks Co., and widow of Col. Hammond. They had three sons and two daughters, 1, Henry; 2, John; 3, Thomas. Of these Thomas was a member of Lincoln's Inn, and died unmarried. John, was Brigadier General, and Governor of Pendennis Castle; died and was buried at Blickling. Henry, the oldest son, was Knighted by King Charles II., when upon a visit to his father at Blickling. Sir Henry was elected one of the burgesses for Lynn-Regis, in the Parliament that met at Oxford in the 23d year of Charles II. His father sat in the same Parliament, as Knight of the Shire for Norfolk. He was among the first who appeared for the Revolution, and in the Convention Parliament, declared for the vacancy of the throne. He was Equerry, or Gentleman of the Horse, to King William, and attended on him at the Battle of the Boyne in Ireland, July 1, 1690. In the seventh year of William's reign, he was again elected one of the Knights of the Shire for Norfolk. In 1699, he resented some words spoken by Oliver Leneve, Esq., which resulted in a duel wherein he was mortally

wounded. He was buried at Thetford. Leneve was tried at Norwich, March 16, 1699-1700, and found guilty of manslaughter. Sir Henry's wife was the daughter of Joseph Maynard, Esq. She died August 22, 1701. Their children were one son, and three daughters.

Their son was John Hobart, who was born 1692. He was educated at Clare Hall in Cambridge University. He was afterwards elected a member for the borough of St. Ives, Cornwall County, in the first Parliament called by George I. In 1722, he was again chosen for the same borough, and also for the borough Beer Alston in Devonshire. September 22, 1721, he was constituted one of the Commissioners for Trade and the Plantations, and June 17, 1725, he was installed one of the Knights-Companions of the order of the Bath. At the accession of George II., 1727, he was made Treasurer of the Chamber, and elected one of the Knights of the Shire for Norfolk, as also for Beer Alston.

In consideration of his great merits, he was advanced May 28, 1728, to the dignity of a Baron of the Realm, by the title of Lord Hobart, Baron Hobart of Blickling, in the County of Norfolk; and January 31, 1739-1740, he was sworn Lord Lieutenant of the same County. On his resigning the office of Treasurer of the Chamber, the King constituted him, December 24, 1744, Captain of the Band of Gentlemen Pensioners; and on the 3d of January following, he was sworn a member of the Privy Council.

He was advanced, September 5, 1746, to the dignity of an Earl of the Kingdom of Great Britain, by the name, style and title of EARL OF BUCKINGHAMSHIRE, and as such, took his seat in the House of Lords, November 16, 1747. Earl Hobart married Judith, daughter of Robert Britiffe, Esq., of Baconsthorpe, Norfolk County. They had three sons and five daughters, of whom all but John and Dorothy died in childhood. His wife Judith died February 7, 1727, and the Earl married his second wife, February 10, 1728, Elizabeth, sister of Robert Bristow, Esq., by whom he had two sons, George and Henry. Henry, the second son of the First Earl, by the second wife, married July 22, 1761, Anna Margaret, daughter of John Bristow, Esq., of Quiddenham, Norfolk County, and had two daughters:—Anna Catharine, born 1762; and Maria Ann, born 1763. His wife died March 10, 1799. He was for many years a member of Parliament for the city of Norwich. The Earl died at his house in St. James Square, London, September 22, 1756.

John Hobart, only surviving son of John Hobart, First Earl, by his first marriage, became *Second Earl*, succeeding his father in the peerage. In 1747, he was returned to Parliament for the city of Norwich, and for the borough of St. Ives. He took his seat for the former. At the next general election in 1754, he was chosen Knight of the Shire for Norfolk. At the accession of George III., in 1760, he was appointed one of the Lords of the King's Bed Chamber. January 15, 1756, he was appointed Comptroller of the Household,

and a few days later was chosen to membership in the Privy Council. July 17, 1762, he was appointed Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary to the Court of St. Petersburg, in which position he remained till January 1, 1765. He became Viceroy of Ireland in 1777; married July 15, 1761, Mary Anne, daughter of Sir Thomas Drury of Overstone, Northampton Co., Baronet. By her he had three daughters: Harriet, born April 7, 1762; Caroline, born February 24, 1767; and Sophia. The Earl married his second wife, September 24, 1770, Caroline, daughter of William Conolly, Esq., of Stratton Hall, Stafford County, by whom he had one surviving daughter, Emily Anne, born February 20, 1772; married in 1794, Robert, second Marquis of Londonderry, and died February 12, 1829. The Earl's wife Caroline, died January 26, 1817; and the Earl died August 3, 1793.

George Hobart, eldest son by the second marriage, succeeded his brother as *Third Earl*. He was member of Parliament for St. Ives in Cornwall County, and subsequently for Beer Alston in Devonshire County. In 1762, he became Secretary to the Embassy at the Court of St. Petersburg. He married, May 22, 1757, Albinia, daughter of Lord Vere Bertie, who died March 11, 1816. By her he had: 1, Robert, his successor in Parliament in 1764, as Lord Hobart, while his father yet lived; 2, George Vere, born 1761; married Jane, daughter of Horace Cataneo, by whom he had: 1, George Robert; 2, Charles, R. N.; died in 1813; 3, Augustus Edward; also Albinia Jane, and Harriet.

George Vere, married his second wife, Janet, daughter of Col. Alex. Maclean, and by her he had a daughter, Vere Catharine Louisa, who married, July 31, 1832, Donald Cameron, Esq., of Lochiel; 3, Charles, born February 1766, Lieutenant, R. N., who was killed in the action with Count De Grasse; 4, Henry Lewis, who was in Holy Orders, D. D.; Dean of Windsor, Registrar of the Order of the Garter; married October 5, 1824, Charlotte Selina, daughter of R. Moore, Esq., of Hampton Court Palace, and died May 8, 1846. Their children were: 1, Robert Henry; 2, George Bertie Benjamin; also daughters, Louisa Charlotte, Maria Adelaide, Albinia Mary, Sophia Anna, and Eleanor. 5, Albinia; 6, Henrietta Anne; 7, Maria Frances; 8, Charlotte. His Lordship the 3d Earl, died in 1804, and was succeeded by his oldest surviving son, *Robert*, as *Fourth Earl*. He was born May 6, 1760; married, January 4, 1797, Margaretta, daughter of Edmund Bourke Esq., who died in 1796. By her he had Sarah Albinia Louisa. The Earl married his second wife, Eleanor Agnes, June, 1799, daughter of William, Lord Auckland. They had no children. He died February 4, 1816, and was succeeded by his nephew, *George Robert Hobart, the Fifth Earl*. He was born May 1, 1789; married May 3, 1819, Anna Glover, daughter of Sir Arthur Pigot. They had no children. His Lordship died February 1, 1849, and was succeeded by his brother, *Augustus Edward Hobart, the Sixth Earl*, who was born November 1, 1793; married September 12, 1816, Mary, daughter of John Williams, Sergeant-at-

Law; she died in 1825. Their children were: 1, Vere Henry—Lord Hobart, born December 8, 1818; married August 4, 1853, Mary Catharine, daughter of Bishop Carr of Bombay. 2, Frederick John, born March 6, 1821; married March 27, 1856, Catharine Annesley, youngest daughter of Bishop Carr. They had Henry F. E. J., born June 10, 1857; a Son, born March 14, 1860; Catharine Mary Valutia. 3, Augustus Charles, born April 1, 1822; married in 1848, Mary Ann, daughter of Colquhoun Grant. 4, Charles Edward, born January 6, 1825; married December, 1853, Catharine, daughter of Dr. A. Cooke. She died February 22, 1859. 5, Albinia Frances, married May 28, 1854, Henry Arlington Pye, of Louth, Lincoln Co. 6, Georgiana Mary.

Earl Augustus Edward Hobart, married second, August 15, 1826, Maria Isabella, oldest daughter of Rev. Godfrey Egremont. By her he had: 1, George Augustus, born in 1827; married June 9, 1857, Jane, daughter of Sir John W. Awdry, of Natton House, Wilts County, and has a son, Awdry George, born March 29, 1858. 2, William Arthur, born in 1828; married June 1, 1857, Marianne, daughter of Richard K. Dawson of Frickley Hall, Yorkshire County. 3, Horace Miles, born in 1825. 4, Maria Catharine. 5, Charlotte Augusta. 6, Louisa Selina. 7, Eleanor Agnes. His Lordship, The Earl, is in Holy Orders, and Prebendary of Wolverhampton.

## ENGLISH NOBILITY.

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The System of Nobility in England, appears to comprise the following grades of rank :—

- |            |              |
|------------|--------------|
| 1. Knight, | 2. Baronet,  |
| 3. Baron,  | 4. Viscount, |
| 5. Earl,   | 6. Marquis,  |
| 7. Duke.   |              |

The lowest dignity conferred, is that of Knighthood. The Knight is entitled to be addressed as *Sir*.

The Baron is the lowest rank in the House of Lords.

The Duke is highest in the system. He is next to the Prince or son of the King.

A Lord is a nobleman of any rank above a Baronet. By courtesy, the son of a Duke, or of a Marquis, or the oldest son of an Earl, is a Lord : also a Bishop, if he is a member of Parliament.

## THE COAT OF ARMS.

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This expression denotes a distinctive heraldic design. It is derived from the mediæval usage of embroidering the Armorial Insignia of a nobleman upon the surcoat which he wore over his Armor.

The Escutcheon or Shield, is the prominent or central part in a Coat of Arms.

The Armorial Bearings or Emblems, are placed on the Escutcheon. In this case, a Star of eight rays, between two flanches, ermine.

The Crest, is an appendage to the Escutcheon, placed over it, and usually borne on a wreath.

The Supporters, are the Animals on the right and left sides of the Escutcheon. Here, a Stag and a Talbot.

The Motto, *Auctor pretiosa facit*. "The author makes valuable."





**HOBART**  
**EARL OF BUCKINGHAMSHIRE.**



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## ERRATA.

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Pages 6 and 7. The list of names should have been set in small capitals.

Page 22. In the 8th line from the bottom, for Joel read Jael.

Page 23. In the 8th line from the top, for Vassel read Vassal.

Page 35. After the first word in the first line, insert quotation marks.

Page 85. In the 5th line from the bottom, insert 4. after IX.

Page 98. In the last line, insert 1. after VIII.

Page 100. In the last line, for J. substitute I.

Page 108. In the 8th line from the top, for 10 substitute 12.

Page 125. In the 8th line from the top, for finally read finely.

Several lesser errors the reader will please correct.