The Estabrooks Family

in Concord, Massachusetts and on the Saint John Kiver New Brunswick

Canada

also in Haverhill, Massachusetts

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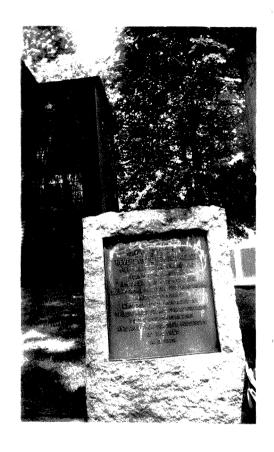
COMPILED BY

FIORENCE C. ESTABROOKS

SAINT JOHN

NEW BRUNSWICK

1953



Peter Bulkeley's Memorial
This stone marks the spot where stood the house of Rev. Peter Bulkeley. It was here
that the bargain was made with the Indians
for the purchase of the land of Concord in 1635
Rev. Joseph Estabrook was colleague of
Mr Bulkeley from 1667 to 1696 when Mr.
Bulkeley died. He then continued as
pastor until his own death in 1711.

THE ESTABROOKS FAMILY ON THE SAINT JOHN RIVER

This Estabrooks family originated in Flanders and was Dutch-Flemish by race. It was probably centred near Liege. The Flemish name was Estambrugge.

As a result of the religious wars a large group of this family was obliged to leave Flanders. The majority of these settled around Dartmoor, in West Devon, England. The name was changed to some form of Estabrook, a native English name.

In 1660 Joseph Estabrook, a member of this group, migrated to Boston. He graduated from Harvard in 1664. He became assistant to the Rev. Peter Bulkeley at Concord, Massachusetts, in 1667. About this time a younger brother, Thomas, came from England and bought a large farm near Concord. Joseph is the ancestor of the Estabrooks families on the Saint John River.

In 1763 Elijah Estabrooks, great-grandson of Joseph, came to the Saint John River with the Maugerville settlers; but he decided against taking the lot which he had drawn as it was subject to freshets; so he entered into the employment of Hazen, Simonds and White at Portland Point, now Saint John, in 1765. The Estabrooks families on the St. John River are his descendants.

The Estanbrugge Family in Flanders

((Translation)

Estauberg (d') or Estaubrugge was the name of one of the confederate nobles, although there are few accounts of him. Apparently he belonged to the family ("clan) d'Estambrugge, to which Oliver d'Estambrugge, who was appointed bailiff of Ghent in 1387, belonged. It has also been surmised that this "Heer (of. German Herr) van Estambrugge was a brother of the Count Van Ligne, If this is so, he subsequently broke away from the confederates, inasmuch as he assumed, in the latter part of 1566, command from the National Militia of a hundred Cavalry for the defense of Brussels. (Cf. te Water, Confederacy of the Nobles; Dll, bl 386-387)

* The person referred to is the one mentioned in the first three lines.

The Estanbrugge Family in Flanders

Estauberg (d¹) ook Estaubrugge geheeten was een der verbondene Edelen, omtrent wien weinig berigten bestaan. Misschien behoorde hij tot het ges(c)hlacht d¹Estambrugge, waartoe behoorde Oliver d¹Estambrugge in 1387 tot Baljuw van Gent aangestelf. Er wordt ook vermoed dat hij heer van Estambrugge ent broeder des Graven Van Ligne was. Als dit zoo is, dan heeft hij zich spode dig van de bondgen ooten afgescheiden, want deze outving op het laatst van 1566 het bevel van de Landvoogdes over hondred ruiters ter bewaring van Brussel. (zie te Water. Verbond der Edel. Dll bl 386,387) (From Biog.Woordenboek, V.vi E E P.234)

The Estambrugge Family in Flanders (II)

The Estenbrugge-Yandell Tradition

In the Middle Ages a number of families of the name of Yandell (variously spelled Yendall, Yondel, Yendel, etc.) lived in Flanders in the neighborhood of Ghent or Liege. They were Dutch-Flemings. The main body of the family lived on the west side of a stream; but a considerable number lived on the east side at the end of a bridge. These were called the Estenbrugge-Yandells or briefly the Estenbrugge.

At the time of the religious wars these people were obliged to leave the country. A large group went together and settled in Western Devon. Some used the name Yandell and some the name Estenbrugge, which gradually became Anglicized into Estabrooks.

Both branches of the family had members who migrated to America. They apparently kept a loose contact in the New World. The Estabrooks at Swan Creek received the Estenbrugge-Yandell tradition directly from Elijah, the original colonist, who died there. The Yandells at Springfield at the head of the Belleisle independently had the same tradition. These Yandells originally came from Wiveliscomb in Somerset, England. There were Yandells in Boston in 1733.

The Anglo-Dutch Estabrooks Family in England.

On page 234 of "Estabrook Genealogy" by William Booth Estabrook is the following:

Descendents of John Esterbrook

"The Esterbrooks came originally from Dartmoor in Devonshire, England. They were Flemings, and were driven out of Holland in the sixteenth century by religious persecution. They were miners and tinstreamers in Cornwall. They have always been renowned for courage and adventure."

Canon Leverton of Liskeard, Cornwall, wrote that the Esterbrooks of Liskeard came from Ashburton in West Devon. John Esterbrook, born about 1732, is the first one mentioned. John's son, Richard, kept a book and stationery store in Liskeard. Among other things he sold pens. His son Richard, born in 1813, became interested in the manufacture of pens, came to America about 1858, and established a steel pen factory at Camden, New Jersey.

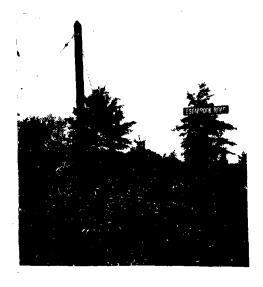
Colonel Edmund P. Easterbrook, Senior Chaplain of the United States Army, who died in Washington, D.C., January 1933, wrote me that he belonged to the Flemish family. His brother, Hubert Samuel Easterbrook, Atorney-at-Law, Torquay, Devonshire, was interviewed by Mrs. Theodore Estabrooks, and also he wrote me that the Estabrooks were farmers in Somerset and Devon. He wrote, too, that a circle drawn with central West Devon as centre and a radius of fifty miles would contain most of the Flemish Estabrooks.

Joseph Estabrook of Concord, Massachusetts, was born at Enfield, Middlesex County, England, which was outside the usual boundaries of the Flemish family to which he belonged. His father was apparently well-to-do for Joseph was prepared for college before coming to America and took his four-year course after his arrival. A younger son, Thomas, bought a large farm near Concord.

Joseph Estabrook's parents were certainly Puritans. After the death of Cromwell and the Restoration of Charles II it was the sensible thing for a person wishing to be a clergyman in the Congregationalist Church to come to Boston, Massachusetts.

Joseph Estabrooks was born at Enfield in 1640. His father was also probably born in England, but his grandfather may have been born in Flanders - supposing the emigration to have taken place between 1590 and 1600.

The tradition for a scholarly, clerical life may have been inherited.



Estabrook Road
This road is off
Liberty Street above
the Concord River
The farm of Thomas
Estabrook, brother
of Rev. Joseph, was
situated here.

The Concord-Lexington Ancestors of Elijah Estabrooks of the Saint John River.

Concord, which was to be the first home in America of the Anglo-Dutch Estabrooks family, was founded in 1635 by a group of colonists under the Rev. Peter Bulkeley who came from England expressly for that purpose. The colonists purchased from the Indians six square miles of land with the present Monument Square as the centre.

On the eastern side of Monument Square rises a hill. On this the colonists built their first Church and located their first burying ground. Against its side they built their rude shelters for the first winter. At its foot was the first village road.

1. Joseph Estabrook, born in Enfield, Middlesex, England, arrived in Boston in 1660. He graduated from Harvard College in 1664. In 1667 he was ordained as colleague of the Rev. Peter Bulkeley at Concord, Massachusetts, and on Mr. Bulkeley's death in 1696 became pastor of the Church, continuing in that office until his death, September 16, 1711, at the age of 71 years. He was made a freeman at Cambridge, Mass., May 3rd, 1665. On May 20, 1668 he married at Watertown, Massachusetts, Mary, daughter of Captain Hugh and Esther Mason of that place.

His salary at Concord was £ 80, of which £40 was to be paid in money and £40 in grain. March 12, 1681, the town voted "that every householder that hath a team shall carry yearly one load of wood to the minister; and every other householder or notable person shall cut wood one day for the minister; and that the wood be divided equally to the ministers as the selectmen shall appoint."

Of his death, the Boston News Letter of Sept.18, 1711 says,: "This day was interred in Concord the Rev. Joseph Estabrook, minister of the gospel in said town for about 44 years (and for many of them was colleague of the famous Mr. Bulkeley). He was eminent for his skill in the Hebrew language, a most orthodox, learned, and worthy divine; of excellent principles in religion, indefatigably laborious in the ministry and of holy life and conversation."

The Church on which Rev. Joseph Estabrooks preached was the church on the hill near the centre of the old burying ground. It was the one first erected by the colonists. After his death the congregation decided to build a larger, more convenient edifice; so down near the square in 1712 they built the beautiful colonial building which was to witness some of the most stirring events of the American Revolution.

Children: Joseph; Benjamin (Harvard 1690. Minister at Lexington. Died 1697); Mary; Samuel (Harvard, 1696. Minister at Canterbury, Conn. 1711-1727); Daniel; Ann.

2. Joseph (2), born at Concord, Massachusetts, May 6, 1669; married (1st) Dec. 31, 1689, at Cambridge Farms, Massachusetts, Melicent, daughter of Henry W. Woods of Conn.; she died at Concord March 26, 1692, and he married (2nd) Hannah, widow of Joseph Loring, daughter of John Leavitt of Hingham. Hannah Loring had a daughter Submit by her first husband who married Joseph's son, Joseph, by Melicent Woodis, and thus brought the name "Submit" into the family.

Joseph bought a farm of two hundred acres of land in Lexington in 1693. It was bounded on the S.W. by the Concord Road. He was an active and influential member of the Church at Lexington and represented it on many public occasions. He commanded a military company, and filled the office of town clerk, treasurer, assessor, selectman and representative to the General Court. He was a man of more than ordinary education and was engaged to teach the first man's school in the Town. He died in Lexington, September 23, 1733.

Children: Joseph (the third); John; Solomon; Hannah (Mar. Jos. Frost of Sherburne); Melicent; Elijah (3).

Joseph (the Third) had a slave, Prince Estabrooks, whom his son Benjamin inherited. This Prince and Benjamin's young son Joseph (the Fourth) were present at the fight on Lexington Common April 19, 1775. Prince was wounded; Joseph had a very narrow escape and aided in carrying the wounded to his father's house near by. His father had taken his family of small children and his wife to a safer place about a mile away.

(3) Elijah, son of Joseph (2) and Hannah (Leavitt) Loring, was born in Lexington, August 25, 1703. On October 1, 1724, he married in Boston Hannah Daniel of Sherburne (born April 6, 1702). The place of residence of the family is unknown between 1724 and 1734. There is a tradition on the St. John River that after his marriage Elijah and his wife went to England and that their son, Elijah, Junior, was born there. It is said that they returned to America in 1730.

If this is so Elijah probably invested his patrimony in the trip to England and must have retained

some of it for his return to America when the English visit proved unsatisfactory. He probably visited Flemish relatives for his son, Elijah, Jr., was very well versed in Flemish traditions which he told to his grandchildren. The American tradition is that the Elijah Estabrooks who came to the Saint John River was pro-British.

A short time after his return Elijah, Senior, is with his wife's people, the Daniels, and his brother-in-law, Joseph Frost, in Sherburne. His daughter, Hannah, was born in Sherburne in 1734. Elijah, Sr., died in Sherburne in December 1, 1740.

An entry in the Newbury, Massachusetts records states that Joseph Burrill of Haverhill married Mrs. Hannah Esterbrook in Newbury on February 9, 1743/44. They lived in East Haverhill (Rocks Village). This Hannah may have been the widow of Elijah, Senior, hence Elijah, Jr., Submit and Samuel turn up in Haverhill.

Elijah Sr.'s journeyings must have depleted his resources. He died intestate, and his estate was small. It was administered by Joseph Frost.

Children: Mary, Elijah, Deborah, Submit, Hannah, Joseph, Samuel, Aaron.

The Anglo-Dutch Estabrooks Family on the Saint John River, N. B. Canada.

(4) Elijah Estabrooks Jr., son of Elijah (3) and Hannah Daniel was born about 1727.

Middlesex County Probate Records (1st series), v.24, P 157 (Cambridge, Mass.)

"MiddlesX

S.S. Guardianship to Elijah (at his own election) a minor in his nineteenth year of age, son of Elijah Estherbrook late of Sherburne in said County Dec'd., Is committed to Joseph Frost of Sherburne aforesd. Gent. who hath given bond of \$\mathbb{E}\$ 500.

Witness my hand and seal of office
Dated at Cambr.the 14th July 1746.
S. Danforth J. Probt."

Figuring the age of Elijah, Jr. as given above he must have been born in 1727 or 1728. Between 1734 and 1740 he was in Sherburne with the family. During this time he acquired a good education for his journal is well expressed. After his father's death in 1740 he probably lived with either the Frosts or the Daniels. The formal guardianship assumed by Joseph Frost may have been surety for Elijah on going out into the world. It was probably about this time that he went to Haverhill. He was admitted to the Second Church (Congregational) at East Salisbury on March 4th,1750. On November 14, 1750, he married Mary Hackett of Salisbury. The marriage was performed at Haverhill, Mass., but is recorded in the Second Church at Salisbury.

The family evidently lived in East Haverhill from 1750 to about 1757 as the baptisms of their first three children are recorded in the Fourth Church (Congregational); Hannah, Bapt.August 325, 1751; Molly, Bapt. March 18, 1753; Elijah, Bapt. May 23, 1756. Apparently Elijah moved to Boxford, adjacent to Bradford about 1757, for baptisms of two of his children appear in the records of the Second Church (Congregational) in Boxford; Samuel, Bapt. Dec.11, 1757; Ebenezer, Bapt. September 9, 1759.

Elijah's wife, Mary Hackett, was born in Salisbury August 1, 1728, daughter of Ebenezer and Hannah (Ring) Hackett. Her family were ship-builders.

The drary of Elijah Estabrooks is the record of his experiences in the army during the years 1758-59-60. He was in Captain Israel Herrick's Company of Col. Jedediah Prebble's Regiment of Provincials during 1758 on Lake Champlain and gives an account of Abercrombie's fiasco at Ticonderoga. He came out of the army November 7, 1758, and reenlisted April 6, 1759. He was sent to Halifax where he remained until November 25, 1760. During this time he became a sergeant. His family remained in Boxford.

Note: I am indebted to Donald Wright of Haverhill Library for records of births around Haverhill.

During the next three years Elijah Estabrooks made preparations to move his family to the St. John River. Governor Lawrence of Nova Scotia was urged by the Lords of Trade and Plantations to repeople the lands vacated by the French with settlers from

New England. Colonel McNutt went through the Essex County section of Massachusetts urging men to better their fortunes. In the Newbury-Haverhill district a group organized and decided to examine the situation for themselves. They sent a party of twelve men under Israel Perley to investigate. They made their way by Canoe and portage until finally they descended the Oromocto. The Township of Maugerville, twelve miles long and twelve miles wide, was laid out in lots early in 1762. There is a tradition that Elijah Estabrooks was in this party. On Wednesday, the 6th day of October, 1762, the signers of the agreement met at the house of Daniel Ingalls, inn-holder in Andover, at 10 o'clock to draw their lots. (Raymond, "The River St. John" Pg. 280 et seq.)

Early in 1763 Elijah Estabrooks moved his family to Halifax and then to Cornwallis, intending to leave them there until he had prepared for them in the Maugerville Township. He crossed the bay and joined Israel Perley's party which was going up the river to occupy the land. It is said that he took his son, Elijah, a boy of seven or eight years, with him to see the country.

When they reached the township Elijah found that his lot near Jemseg was under water. This must have been a great disappointment. He decided not to use the lot and returned to Cornwallis.

On the 18th of October, 1765, Elijah Estabrooks entered the employ of Simonds and White at Portland Point.

In the summer of 1768 the Reverend Thomas Wood, a clergyman of the Church of England, visited the River Saint John.

At Portland Point he held service on Sunday, July 2nd, and baptized John and Abigail, children of Elijah and Mary Estabrocks. Probably Sarah also was baptized at this time.

In 1773 Elijah Estabrooks made an agreement with William Hazen and James Simonds to settle in the township of Conway near the mouth of the river, Hazen and Simonds guaranteeing him a deed of 250 acres of land. An old return or census, dated August 1, 1775, shows that he had cleared and improved seven acres of land and built a log house.

Major Studholm's report states that Elijah Estabrooks was one of those who accompanied Hugh Quinton in the expedition against Fort Cumberland in 1776. This probably refers to Elijah Jr. (Mass. soldiers and sailors of Rev. War. V5. P. 156)

In the spring of 1777 Elijah Estabrooks was compelled, owing to the danger from American privateers, to remove his family from the mouth of the river to the vicinity of Gagetown. He had no legal claim to the land he settled upon and the arrival of the Loyalists in 1783 made his position precarious. The following reports are of interest in this connection:

Report of the Commission to investigate Pre-Loyalist Settlements:

For Gagetown, June 30, 1783.

Elijah Easterbrook has a wife and eight children, a log house with two rooms and about 12 acres of land cleared. Came from Cornwallis about 16 years past; settled at the mouth of the river and says he was drove up by the rebels.

For Township of Conway, July 8,1783.

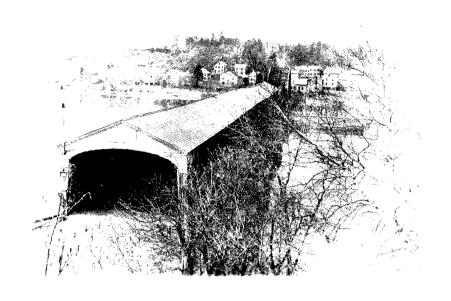
Elijah Easterbrook settled in consequence of an agreement with Hazen and Simonds. Cleared and improved about 7 acres of land and built a log house which is now fallen to decay, said Easterbrook moving up the river on account of the danger of his situation; has lived on it eight years.

Governor Parr decreed that such lots as were occupied by old inhabitants of the country should not be appropriated by Loyalists without paying for improvements.

Governor Carleton and his Council continued this policy after the formation of the Province of New Brunswick. Elijah Estabrooks' house was valued at 10 and his improvements at 48 Walter Chase, the Loyalist on whose grant his land was situated, was unwilling to pay this amount so Elijah Estabrooks was confirmed in possession of his land in 1784. This was lot No. 5, Grimroses Neck.

However, the Loyalists were determined to get rid of pre-Loyalists and Elijah Estabrooks found things very unpleasant. He got a sort of compensation in Cambridge receiving one-half of lots 25 and 26. His sons Joseph and Ebenezer received the other halves. Elijah Estabrooks Jr. was granted $\frac{1}{2}$ of lot 3 at Jemseg, Parish of Waterborough, and lot 32 on the intervale.

The position of the settlers who had been obliged to abandon their homes at the mouth of the river was very difficult. They applied to the Government for relief, but it is doubtful if they got any.



Old Covered Bridge at Rocks Village. This bridge, now removed, used to join west Newbury and Rocks Village (East Haverhill) across the Merrimac River. The house and shipyard of Joseph Burrill Stood on the right-hand side of the Nock Village and. The large house of Samuel Estabrook Jr. still stands on the left.

There are other Estabrook houses along the shore and up the hill.
On Jan. 12, 1761 J. Burrill sold his place to Samuel Estabrook Sr. a ship-wright.

In the midst of these troubles Elijah's first wife Mary Hackett died. She had impressed her children as a woman of courage and resource and "Mary Hackett" is a name to be found among her descendents even to the present time.

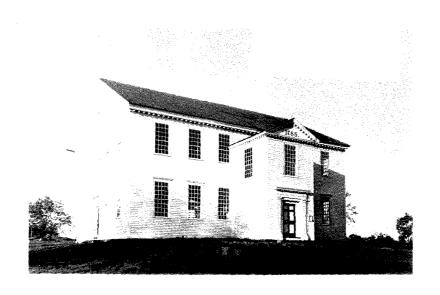
On December 17, 1778, Elijah Estabrooks married a second time, - a widow, Sarah Oakes, who came from Middleton, Annapolis County, Nova Scotia, and had three sons and one daughter by her first marriage; James Oakes, born April 13, 1761; Benjamin Oakes, born September 10, 1769; Sarah Oakes, born October 10, 1771; Christopher Oakes, born April 13, 1773, She was Sarah Hammond, dau of Philip Hammond of Marblehead, bp. Oct. 21, 1739.

There were Oakes who were neighbours of the Estabrooks in Haverhill.

There is a tradition that some of these Oakes boys went up to Carleton County and then on to Ontario. I have wondered if the famous Sir Harry may been been a descendent.

Elijah Estabrooks died shortly before August 11, 1796.

During the latter part of his life Elijah lived with his son John at Swan Creek where he died. He remained hale and hearty to the last. Mrs. Abraham Estabrooks, who married his grandson, said he had two things that he used to pray for: one was that he should never be sick and the other that he should die at his work. He used to pound up grain for the chickens in a mortar. One afternoon after working for a while he lay back in his chair and covered his face with his hat. His grandchildren who were playing



The Second Congregational Church at Balisbury, Mass. Elijah Estabrooks was admitted Mar. 4, 1750.



The Garrison Graveyard Elijah Estabrook's grave is marked "x".

around, thought that he was asleep; but when they went to waken him for supper they found that he was dead. He was buried in the old Garrison graveyard at Jemseg.

On August 11, 1796, his sons, daughters, and their husbands assembled and made a legal Instrument for the disposal of his affairs. They all signed off their claims in favour of his widow. His chief assets were ½ lot 25 and ½ lot 26. Sarah sold these to her son James Oakes January 18, 1800, who in turn sold them to Archelaus Purdy. She was to pay funeral expenses and erect a tombstone. This deed was registered in Gagetown, January 2, 1797. (Reg.Bk.c-1 Pg. 397).

When I tried to locate the place of Elijah Estabrooks' burial in October 1932 my brother George took mother and me up to Mill Cove where we found a Mr. John Gunter, a very old man, who took us to the Garrison graveyard and showed us the approximate location of Elijah's grave. The grave was well defined, but the stone, which had been there in Mr. Gunter's childhood, was gone. I took some snap-shots. The graveyard is now on Jefferson Dykeman's farm.

See Raymond's "History of the Saint John River, page 329 et seq.

Children 5 - 17.

Fifth Generation in America.

Second Generation on the Saint John River

Children of Elijah and (1) Mary (Hackett) Estabrooks (4)

- (5) Hannah, born in Haverhill, August 14, 1751.
 Married Zebedee Ring 1772; died July 13, 1837 in
 Wakefield, Carleton County. Children: Theophilus,
 Mary, Hannah, Sarah, Jarvis, Deborah, Zebedee, Olive
 Elizabeth, Jacob.
- (6) Mary, born in Haverhill March 9, 1753. Married Samuel Hart of Maugerville in 1773. She died before 1795. Children: Salah, Hannah, Aaron, Mary Ann.
- (7) Sarah, born in Haverhill, May 25, 1755; died May 30, 1755.
- (8) Elijah, born in Haverhill, Massachusetts on May 16, 1756. In 1777 he married Mary Whittemore who was born in 1761 and died May 13, 1824. They lived in Canning. On September 15, 1800, Elijah Estabrooks was ordained pastor of the Baptist Church at Canning. This was the first Baptist Church on the Saint John River and he was its first pastor. A description of this ceremony is contained in the Estabrooks-Palmer Records. An account of the life of Elijah Estabrooks Jr. is given in Bill's "History of the Baptists". See also Raymond's History Page 329. In 1808 he obtained land on Little River. He died September 6, 1825, and is buried at Upper Gagetown.

He was universally beloved and respected. He worked his farm during the week and supported his family. On Sunday he fulfilled his duties as pastor.

Descendents of Elijah Jr. are eligible for membership in the D.A.R. and the S.A.R. The following is taken from "Massachusetts Soldiers and Sailors of the Rev. War" V.5, Page 156:

"Easterbrooks, Elijah Jr. Private, Capt.Jabez West's Co., Col. Jonathan Eddy's Reg't.; enlisted November 14, 1776; discharged December 16, 1776. Service 1 month, 5 days; company raised in Cumberland, N.S. Roll sworn to at Boston."

For children see 18-30.

Baptism

- (9) Samuel, Born December 6, 1757. Birth is recorded at the Second Church in Boxford. He never married but died young.
- (10) Ebenezer, born in Boxford, Mass. August 28,1759. He married a Miss Fletcher before 1783. He moved up river and settled at Gagetown Neck; but was evidently dispossessed by the Loyalists in 1785. He settled for a while on his share of lot 25 in Cambridge. He was one of those who signed the covenant of the church at Waterborough (Canning) October 20, 1800. This was the occasion of forming the Baptist Church. He was settled in Lincoln about 1808 for at that time he applied for and obtained land at Little River, Sheffield. In 1816 Ebenezer Estabrooks took up a large farm in Jacksontown, Parish of Wakefield, Carleton County, where he died about 1851. About 1814 he married a second time; his second wife was Charlotte Ann Lounsbury, born 1782, died 1860. After his death Charlotte lived with the Rideouts.

For children see 31-44.

(11) Joseph, born in Cornwallis, Nova Scotia, October 2, 1762. Married (1) Miss Clinch. (2) Lucretia Handy, who was the mother of his children. In 1796 he obtained land in the vicinity of French Lake, Sheffield. In July, 1800, he was appointed deacon of the Baptist Church which was being formed in Channing. In 1808 he obtained another grant of land at Little River. About 1816 he and most of his children migrated to Carleton County and settled in the vicinity of Waterville and about four miles from Hartland and Wakefield and Brighton. After his wife died he went to live with a son at Becagiumac and died there about 1840.

For children see 45-54.

- (12) Sarah; born in Cornwallis, Nova Scotia, Oct. 10, 1764; married John Marsh at Canning July 15, 1790. Died in Fredericton January 2, 1844. Children: Thomas Lothrop, Elizabeth; Charles; William, John Lathrop; Elijah; George.
- (13) Abigail, born at Portland Point, December 28, 1766. Married Wm. Harper at Canning August 7, 1794. They moved to Prince William in 1810. She died there. Children: Edward, William and several others. There are none now in Prince William.
- (14) John, born at Portland Point, January 22, 1768. He was baptized by Rev. Mr. Woods July 1, 1769. On December 20, 1792, he married Catherine Ebbett in Sheffield. Her family were Dutch Loyalists. She was born May 3, 1775. She was a short, very energetic woman.



The Old Canning Baptist Church



Homestead of John Estabrooks at Swan Creek

John Estabrooks obtained a large grant of land in the original grant out near Lake Maquopit, Parish of Sheffield, in 1809. On December 18, 1797, he bought land near Swan Creek in the Parish of Burton (lot No.6) from James Webber. He continued buying land in this vicinity until he owned a great deal. He built the first frame house in this section of the country. now forms the ell of the old homestead. It was here that his father, Elijah Estabrooks, died. John Estabrooks sometimes acted as an itinerant Baptist preacher, travelling around the country on horse-back. He died February 2, 1861. His will is in the Record Office at Oromocto. His death is commemorated in a poem in "New Brunswick and Other Poems" published by David Palmer in 1869. His wife died July 26, 1865. They are buried in Upper Gagetown cemetery. For children see 55-66.

roi chimiten see 7,000.

(15) Deborah, born in Conway, which is now West Saint John, August 14, 1774. In August 1796 she married Moses Clarke Junior in Canning. They lived for a time in Wickham. Then they moved to West Isles, Charlotte County. Possibly they went from there to U.S.A. Nothing further has been ascertained.

By Sarah Oakes:

(16) Elizabeth, born near Gagetown, October 30,1779. Married Martin Olts Jr., March 29, 1796. They lived for a time at French Lake and them moved up to Penniac. Later to Meductic:

Children: John, Martin, James and others.

(17) Hammond, born near Gagetown, January 29, 1783. Married Rebeckah Glasier, aunt of Stephen, John and Duncan Glasier. They lived for a time in Loncoln. In 1809 he applied for land at Little River which apparently he got and farmed. He probably died there.

For children see 67-77.



Tombstone of Elijah Estabrook Jr. in the Upper Gagetown graveyard

Sixth Generation in America

Third Generation on the Saint John River

Children of Elijah and Mary (Whittemore) Estabrooks (8) (All born in Canning.)

(18) Hezekiah, born July 18, 1779. Married (1)
......Turney (?) in 1803; (2) Sarah Turney
in 1811; (3) Catherine Corey (Knox) in 1835.
On September 21, 1811, Hezekiah Estabrooks bought
lots 42 to 48 inclusive in the parish of St. Mary's
in the County of York on the S.E. side of the
Nashwaak River and part of Pennyauck Island from
John Harris and his wife who were Maryland Loyalists.
On September 14, 1814 he and John Manzer as trustees
of the Calvinist Baptist Church bought land from
John Coy for a church. In 1819 he sold his land on
Maquapit Lake to Elijah Estabrooks, Jr. Date of
death is uncertain.

Children 78 - 90.

(George, Emmeline, Mary, Elijah, Sarah, Pruella, Hezekiah, Turney, Charles, Harding, Ruth, Frederick, Calvin)

- (19) Mary, born September 8, 1781. She died young.
- (20) Hannah, born August 15, 1783. Married Abner Brooks. Died in 1853. Children: Elijah, Thomas, Nelson, Emily.
- (21) Elijah, born August 15, 1785; died Feb. 15,1802.
- (22) David Hackett, born Jan. 24, 1797. Mar. in 1808 Sarah Purdy who was born in Jemseg, Mar. 31, 1791. They moved to Rockland, Carleton Co., where he had a large

farm. He was a deacon in the Free Christian Baptist Church, for over fifty years, and gave land for the Church and Cemetery on his farm at Rockland.

Children 91-96.

(David Jarvis; Frederick Jotham; Mary Jane; Nehemiah Purdy; Elizabeth Ann; Hannah Sarah.)

(23) John born June 4, 1790; married Mary Coy, sister of Nancy Jane Coy. They lived in Canning.

Children 97-104 (Jane; Hannah; William; Leverett; Amy Ann; Elijah;, Theodore; Edward Duncan.)

(24) Samuel W. Born May 23, 1792. Married his cousin Jane Estabrooks, daughter of Joseph. They moved to Wakefield, Carleton County.

Children 105-108. (Henry A; Ward Hackett; Francis; Mary Jane.)

(25) Phoebe, born June 17, 1794. Married John Mills.

Children: William; Clem.

(26) Gideon, born August 17, 1796. Married October 25, 1817, Jerusha Turney, daughter of Thomas Sr., of Swan Creek. She was born March 24, 1793. He removed to Lower Wicklow in Carleton Co. in 1845, and joined the Centreville Baptist Church. He was a rich farmer and had one thousand acres of land. He was ordained paster of the church at Simonds in 1847. He died May 12, 1880.

Children 109-115

Children; Mary Hackett; Elizabeth; Amy T.; Thomas Turney; Gideon; Jerusha Ann.)

(27) Joseph, born April 12, 1798. He married (1) Deborah Donald. She died in 1848. (2) Elizabeth Hunter Palmer, born Sept. 19, 1819, died April 17, 1858. They were married in 1850. She was a daughter of David Palmer the poet. They lived in Canning.

Children (of Deborah Donald): 116-118. (Elijah; Phoebe; Alexander).

(28) Charles, born July 7, 1800. In March, 1827, he married Hannah Lee Cory, born May 11, 1806, daughter of Thomas and Catherine (Vail) Cory. Her parents came to New Brunswick from Westchester Co. N.Y., at the time of the Revolutionary War. He died in Fredericton June 27, 1887. She died there April 29, 1891.

Children 119-127. (Caroline, Margaret P., Adoniram Judson, Charles, David, Edward J., Gideon, Hannah, Alice.)

(29) Jarvis, born June 9, 1802; married March 17, 1827; Deborah Gillies, born Sept, 5, 1807. They lived at Canning and Scotchtown, Grand Lake. He died October 8, 1887. She died August 14, 1876.

Children 128-138
(Elizabeth, Jesse Gillies, Jarvis, Annie, Rith, Augusta, Mary Wetmore, John Hollon, Elijah, James E., Jemima H.)

(30) Jesse, born October 8, 1807. Married Rebecca Hoben, daughter of Reuben Hoben Sr., on March 3, 1852. They lived in Sheffield. He died before 1883. His wife a short time after.

Child: 139 (Lebaron).

Children of Ebenezer and(Fletcher)Estabrooks (10)

(31) Ebenezer, born 1784 (about) probably at Gagetown. Married Rebecca Hume November 9, 1813. He died April 16, 1814. She later married Reuben Hoben.

No children.

(32) Joseph Fletcher, married his cousin Ann Estabrooks daughter of John. She died Dec. 20, 1901, aged 98 years, 3 months. They lived near Chipman.

Children 140-148
(Martha Ann, James, Katherine, Etta, Alice, Odbur, Isabel.
Two died in infancy).

(33) William Wilmot. He obtained in 1828 three hundred acres of land on Paysan's Lake in the Parish of Wakefield, Carleton County. He married December 31, 1835, Jerusha, daughter of Samuel Newcomb of Cornwallis, Nova Scotia. She was born Apr. 27, 1807; died 1882.

Child: 194 (William Wilmot, Jr.)

(34) David, born 1791. Married a Miss Fletcher. He obtained land in Wakefield or Rockland, Carleton County, about 1814. They lived there for a time. Later he moved to Calais, Maine.

Children 150-159 (Thomas, Sarah, Mary Ann, Judith, Melvin, David, Ira, Daniel, Elvira, Nancy.)

(35) Thomas Fletcher, born 1794. Got land in Wakefield Carleton County in 1814. Married Jane Munro of Maugerville in 1818. Nothing more known. Child:,160?.

(36) Stephen Potter, born 1797 in Sheffield, On Sept. 1, 1825 he married his cousin Elizabeth, daughter of John Estabrooks. She was born in 1800 and died March 16, 1876. He died May 10, 1870. He moved from Sheffield to Swan Creek in 1852, and built a very beautiful house.

Children 161-166. (Stephen Harris, John Frederick, William T., George, Elizabeth J., Henry Albert.)

(37) Maria, married David Coy, a blacksmith of Sheffield.

Children: Amasa, Elizabeth, James W., Diana, Wealthy Ann, Mary.

(38) Deborah, married a McNeill. They lived in Fredericton.

Children: Estabrooks, Elizabeth Ann.

(39) Harriet married (1)......Tapley; (2).....Hill.
Children (Tapleys) Archibald, Daniel, David, and others.
(Hills) Hannah, a son who became very wealthy.
in U.S.A. Railroads.

By Charlotte Lounsbury.

(40) Ebenezer, born about 1815. Married Nancy Smith. They lived at Wicklow, Carleton Co. He got land there in 1842. He died in April 1896. She died in 1879.

Children 167-175. (Lucy Ann; Charles W.; George; Albion; John; Dell; Amelia; Alice; Alma.)

(41) Chipman, born Dec. 16, 1818, died in 1890. Married Lucretia Smith in Jacksontown, Carleton Co.

Children 176-187.

(Albert, Ebenezer, Stephen, Frederick, Wilson, John, Clara, Amelia, Joseph, Sophia, Annie, Rhoda.)

(42) Sarah, born about 1817; married Thomas Oliver Rideout.

Children: Stephen, Abram, Westley.

- (43) George, died young; was drowned.
- (44) Charlotte Anne, married James Lawrence.

Children: Blackwell, Delbert, Charles, James Wilmot.

Children of Joseph and Lucretia (Handy) Estabrooks (11) born in Sheffield and Brighton, Carleton County.

(45) Samuel, born in Sheffield; married (1) Myra Palmer who was the mother of his children; (2) Ann Hayward in Brighton, Carleton County where he settled in 1829.

Children 188-191. (Alban Cole: Levi Handy: Lucretia: Jane.)

(46) Jane, married her cousin Samuel W. Estabrooks son of Elijah Jr.

Children: See No. 24

(47) Joseph, born in Sheffield, June 24, 1790.
Married (1) Mary Hart; (2) Charlotte Mills. He moved to Carleton County in 1816.
Children 192-193. (Joseph, William).

(48) Ward Hackett, born 1792; married (1) Martha. Yerxa; (2) Miss Barbour of Saint John. He moved to Wakefield, Carleton County.

Children: 194-195. (Ward. Others?)

(49) Lucretia, born November 21, 1796. On October 29, 1818 she married William Shepherd Estey at Fredericton. He was born October 4, 1797, at Queensbury, N.B. He died July 20, 1881. She died February 26, 1870.

Children: (Mary Jane; Harris Shepherd; Elizabeth Ann; Lucretia; Isabel Maria; Joseph Nehemiah; Julia Sophia)

(50) Elizabeth, Born 1798. Married (1) Enoch Burpee of Sheffield by whom she had four children; (2). Nathaniel Gallop of Grand Falls, who died in 1891 aged 90 years. By him she had several.

Children .

- (1) By Enoch Burpee: Ward Chipman; Caroline Elizabeth; Thomas Bradford; Adeline.
- (2) By Nathaniel Gallop: Mary Jane; Joseph W.E.; others?).
- (51) Ann, married Rufus Clinch. They had two sons and three daughters. Nothing more ascertained.
- (52) Elijah, born March 17, 1804 in Sheffield. Died July 19, 1872, at Grand Falls. Married (1) Sarah Burpee on Dec. 22, 1824. She was born May 16, 1801; died Aug. 23, 1844 at Jacksontown. (2) Margaret L. Goombs, born August 11, 1814; married August 14, 1849; died at Grand Falls, February 1872.

Children 196- 207.

- (1) by Sarah Burpee: Louisa Jane; Emeline; Martha Ann; Sarah Esther; Thomas Sherman; Edward Manning; Richard Parker; Mary Jane.
- (2) By M. Coombs: George Franklin; Clarence Burpee; Valentine Adolphus: Jesse)
- (53) Jacob, born January 19, 1807; married April 23, 1825, Adeline Burpee, sister of Richard Burpee the Missionary. She was born August 15, 1804; died Feb. 9, 1885. Their children were born in Carleton County except Joseph who was born in Fredericton.

Children 208-217.

(Lucretia; Arthur Wellington; Elizabeth Ann; Richard Scott; Handy Chipman; Frances Victoria; William Ludlow; Helen Augusta; Joseph Frederick; Adeline Melissa)

- (54) Rufus, never married.
- Children of John and Catherine (Ebbett) Estabrooks (14) born at Swan Creek.
- (55) Eleanor, born 1794; never married, died Aug. 25, 1870.
- (56) James, born 1796; never married; died Dec. 29, 1816.
- (57) William, born November 19, 1798. Bought land for his farm from his father and Hollon Bridges. On Nov. 8, 1832, he married Nancy Jane Coy, at Canning. She was born November 17, 1811, and died February 27,1879. William Estabrooks knew the Bible and Pilgrim's Progress practically by heart. During his time the Upper Gagetown Churdh was built. He died July 27,1889. Children 218-226

Children 218-226.

(Lydia Ann; Elizabeth Jane; Priscilla; James William; Lemuel; Sanford; George Ludlow; Abram; Leander; Maretta Florence Nightingale.)

- (58) Elizabeth, born March 8, 1800. Married Sept. 1, 1825, her cousin Stephen Potter Estabrooks (No. 36)
- (59) Ann, born September 9, 1802; married her cousin Joseph Fletcher Estabrooks (No. 32) She died Sept. 20, 1901.
- (60) Zebedee Ring, born November 4, 1804. On April 14, 1843 he married Mary Williams. She was born October 20, 1820, and died April 10, 1892. He died May 24, 1886.

Children 227-231

(Charles Frederick; Sarah Jane; Gilbert James; Isaac; Abraham)

- (61) John, born April 14, 1807. Never married. Died Nov. 16, 1883.
- (62) Charles, born July 19, 1809. Married Aug. 19, 1841 Hannah Ann Blakeslee. He moved to Saint John where some of his descendents live. He died July 18, 1869. Hannah was a grand-daughter of Elizabeth Ring.

Children 232-234. (George; Emma; Isabel)

(63) Catherine J. Born Sept. 2, 1811. Married on Jan. 10, 1833, Thomas Turney Jr. He inherited the Turney homestead at Swan Creek and they lived there all their lives. He died about 1896. She died Nov. 7, 1907.

Children: Charles, Odbur, Caroline, Catherine.

(64) George Haddon, born April 11, 1814; he married Catherine Carpenter on Dec. 28, 1850. She was the daughter of Birdsell and Eleanor (Thorne) Carpenter of Richmond Corners and was born July 20, 1828. She died Dec. 6, 1882. He died March 19, 1896. He inherited the homestead from his father and lived there all his life

Children 235-245.

(Melvin; Lalia; Birdsell C.; Catherine; George Haddon; Jacob Ring; William; Henry; Laura; Albert; Edward Walter)

- (65) Abram J., born Dec. 29, 1817; married March 9, 1841 Elizabeth Watson. She was Stephen Watson's sister. They sold their farm to him and moved to Saint John where he went into the fruit business. He built the house near the Main St. Baptist Church which Mrs. John Estabrooks inherited. He died April 2, 1871. She died 1912 aged about one hundred. They had no children.
- (66) Sarah Marsh, born Jan. 2, 1820. On Dec. 24, 1841 she married George William Noben. They bought a large farm at Burton from Hugh Johnson. He died about 1895. She died June 30, 1906.

Children: Henry Gilbert; Helen; Reuben; John; Catherine; Sarah; George; Georgie; Enoch G.)

Children of Hammond and Rebeckah (Glasier) Estabrooks (17). Born at Little River.

- (67) James Albert, in 1843 bought land of Gideon
 Estabrooks which in 1852 became part of Stephen Potter's
 farm. Nothing more known. For children leave 246-250
 He moved to Carleton Co.
- (68) A son, married an Alcorn and was drowned shortly after. For children leave 251-252

- 69) Sons who went to California in the gold rush. 70)
- 71)
- 72) Some of these descendents are in California. (Samuel, ? John?) Seave Nos 253-27+
- (73) Lillian
- (74) Myra, baptized in 1812
- (75) Phoebe, baptized in 1812.
- (76) Sarah
- (77) Ann, baptized in 1812.

End of Sixth Generation in America

End of Third Generation on the Saint John River.



Eaptist Church, at Upper Gragelown burned Aug. 8, 1921.

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