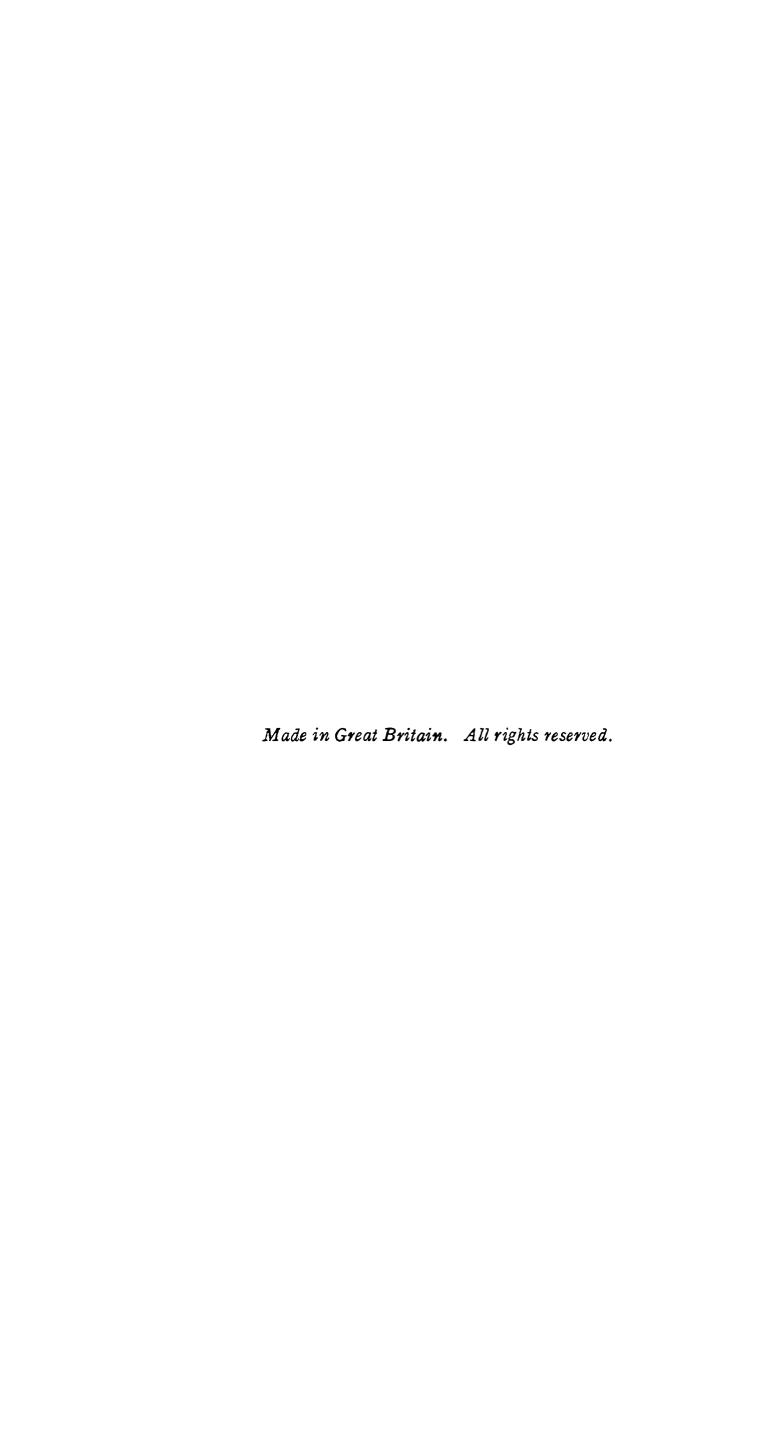
RECORDS of CLAN CAMPBELL IN THE MILITARY SERVICE OF THE HONOURABLE EAST INDIA COMPANY 1600 - 1858

COMPILED BY

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WITH A FOREWORD AND INDEX BY
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TO

HER ROYAL HIGHNESS

THE PRINCESS LOUISE DUCHESS OF ARGYLL

G.B.E., C.I., R.R.C.

COLONEL IN CHIEF THE PRINCESS LOUISE'S ARGYLL & SUTHERLAND HIGHLANDERS

THE CAMPBELLS ARE COMING

The Campbells are coming, o-ho, o-ho!
The Campbells are coming, o-ho!
The Campbells are coming to bonnie Lochleven!
The Campbells are coming, o-ho, o-ho!

Upon the Lomonds I lay, I lay;
Upon the Lomonds I lay;
I lookit down to bonnie Lochleven,
And saw three perches play.

Great Argyle he goes before;

He makes the cannons and guns to roar;

With sound o' trumpet, pipe and drum;

The Campbells are coming, o-ho, o-ho!

The Campbells they are a' in arms,

Their loyal faith and truth to show,

With banners rattling in the wind;

The Campbells are coming, o-ho, o-ho!

PREFACE

In the accompanying volume I have aimed at compiling, as far as possible, complete records of Campbell Officers serving under the H.E.I.C. With this object, besides Army Lists, General Orders, contemporary newspapers and journals, I have consulted original documents and have extracted unpublished items of interest. As the work has been in hand for many years, and as the plan has been modified from time to time, some want of uniformity in the scheme will be observed. I have endeavoured, however, to tell the story of the military career of each officer and to give his parentage, issue, and dates of birth and death whenever available. Where discrepancies occur between MS. and printed accounts, the reading of the original document has been followed.

In recording certain incidents (happily very few), reflecting on the conduct of those concerned, I have had no intention of wounding the susceptibilities of their descendants, who will, I am convinced, admit that a strict adherence to official documents is necessary and that approbation and censure should be impartially recorded; otherwise the accounts would be valueless.

As regards the spelling of personal and place-names in India, no consistency has been possible, since the documents of the eighteenth and early nineteenth centuries follow a different system of transliteration from that now in use. In consequence names have been reproduced exactly as given in the MS. or other records,

but in the cases where an account is given in my own words the spelling of the "Imperial Gazetteer" has been followed.

In the list of Campbell Officers of the H.E.I.C. will be found one who should not strictly be ranked as such. This non-commissioned officer has been included for

his special services (see No. 41).

The dates covered by the biographies coincide roughly with the life of the H.E.I.C. from 1704, when the first Campbell Officer in India is discoverable (as sergeant, see No. 1), up to November 1858, when the armies of India were taken over by the Crown, though naturally the services of those who were appointed in 1858 extend beyond the limits of the control of the

Company.

In the compilation of these records during the last fifteen years, I desire to express my thanks for advice and assistance to Sir William Foster, C.I.E., late Registrar, now Historiographer, India Office, and to the officials in charge of the Military Records in that building for their ever-ready help; to Mr. A. D. L. Cary, O.B.E., late Parliamentary Librarian Archivist, War Office Library, and latterly Librarian, Royal United Service Institution, and Major H. G. Parkyn, O.B.E., 5th Rifle Brigade, the present Librarian of that Institution; also to the following: the late Mr. R. Powell, of the Public Record Office, London; Mr. R. Dane, formerly Sergeant-Major R.E., latterly Library Clerk R.U.S.I.; Mr. W. E. Govier, formerly Rifle Brigade, latterly principal attendant, the Library, War Office; Mr. George Sheppard, formerly Q.M.S., R.E., now Library Clerk, R.U.S.I.; Mr. Henry M. Paton, Record-searcher, Edinburgh. But my especial thanks are due to Miss L. M. Anstey, Searcher of Records at the India Office, and her colleague, Miss Alice J. Mayes, for the care, interest, patience, skill and time which they have devoted to the work, and without whose help it is safe to say this book could not have seen the light of day, and these well-nigh forgotten Campbells, many of whom have long since passed beyond the Veil, would not have been unearthed and resuscitated.

Further, I desire to express my thanks to the Press

for careful printing and reading.

I am also greatly indebted to my brother officer Francis J. Grant, Esq., W.S., Rothesay Herald and Lyon Clerk, for much information, as well as to many descendants of the officers concerned for furnishing me with private letters and first-hand information, which has been acknowledged in each case in the text.

Finally, my warmest thanks are due to my kinsman, that distinguished Indian soldier, General Sir Frederick Campbell, K.C.B., D.S.O., Colonel 40th Pathans (now 5th Battn. 14th Punjab Regiment), and his brother, Major Campbell of Fairfield, for their favourable opinion of, and kind interest in the work, and for their offer of financial assistance towards its production—an encouragement which finally determined me to undertake its publication.

In conclusion, I venture to hope that, in spite of all its deficiencies, the volume may fill a gap in the history of the Clan and may be of some use to students of Indian Military History.

DUNCAN CAMPBELL OF BARCALDINE

INTRODUCTION

THE object of this book is, as the preface says, to compile as complete a record as possible of the members of the Clan Campbell who served as military officers under the Honourable East India Company, and Sir Duncan Campbell's enquiries show that their services covered the whole existence of that Company from 1708, the year of its incorporation, to 1858, the year of its dissolution. The book, therefore, relates to a complete period of Indian history—a rare occurrence. friend, Sir Duncan Campbell, has done me the honour to ask me to write an account of the Company's military history in order to explain the nature of the services that the Clan was called upon to perform in India, and as their services were conterminous with the life of the Company itself, it is necessary to give briefly the story of its rise and of the subsequent political conditions of India up to the Mutiny.

In 1556 the great Emperor Akbar assumed, at thirteen years of age, the rule of the kingdom in Northern India left him by his father Humayun in a parlous condition, and he spent the whole of a long reign till 1605 in consolidating the Mogul Empire he had created. But even before the arrival of the Moguls in 1526 under Akbar's grandfather, Babur, the Portuguese under Vasco da Gama had arrived in India in 1498, and his successor the great Afonso D'Albuquerque had by 1510 created a province with a magnificent city, Goa, as its capital. At this place the Portuguese set up an

important maritime State, which had the monopoly of European trade till 1595, when, greatly owing to the proselytising policy of Philip II, as King of Spain and Portugal, the Portuguese rule fell, and never again became of any serious consequence thereafter. By the end of Akbar's reign, first the Dutch and then soon afterwards the English arrived to join in the Indian trade with Europe, and came into conflict with the Portuguese and each other. It cannot be said, however, that at this time they had any influence of consequence But on December 31, 1600, Queen Elizabeth gave her Charter to the "Governor and Company of Merchants of London trading to the East Indies," and thus was founded the first of those great Companies that eventually became the ruling power in India,

known to the Indians as Kampani Bahadur.

The three great successors of Akbar—the Great Moguls Jahangir, Shahjahan, Aurangzeb—were the chief rulers in India during the whole of the seventeenth century, the last dying in 1707, the year before the amalgamation of the English Companies under the style of "The United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies," commonly known as the Honourable East India Company (H.E.I.C.) The full title of the original corporation, generally known as the Old Company, was, as above said, the "Governor and Company of Merchants of London trading to the East Indies," and with some difficulty it maintained its monopoly of trade for nearly a hundred years, until the New Company, properly "The English Company or General Society trading with the East Indies," obtained incorporation from William III in 1698. These two bodies, the Old and the New, carried on an unprofitable business in rivalry for ten years, when, as previously stated, they amalgamated in 1708.

The Portuguese, Dutch and English were by no means the only Europeans to try to have a finger in

the Indian trade-pie. All the European powers of the time took a hand-Spanish throught he Portuguese; French, Danish, Swedish and Austrian through the Flemings—working by chartered traders and merchants. None, however, of the European nations represented by these bodies attempted to set up a rule in the country except the Portuguese and Spanish, who created a coastwise empire from Gombroon on the Persian Gulf to Malacca on the Malay coast, to say nothing of the Malay Archipelago. But the Dutch, English and French had destroyed the power of Portugal in India by the eighteenth century, and as regards the native powers, they had never attempted to establish a rule on Indian soil for themselves. The East India Companies quarrelled and fought with each other and at times with local Indian rulers, but were always of little consequence politically until about 1750, when the rivalry had dwindled down to a struggle for supremacy between the English and the French. By that date the European trading companies had acquired from native Indian rulers real estate, autonomy for their settlements, and trading privileges. Their friendship and goodwill, too, had become desirable to local and even imperial potentates. But that was all, for we may except the isolated instance of the British Naval expedition against Aurangzeb in 1685, which was unsuccessful at the time, though it enabled Job Charnock to found Calcutta. Autonomy involved self-defence, and troops and forts of a sort were maintained to that end by the mercantile companies, but they neither held nor sought for the means to possess politically either power or influence. It was left to the Frenchmen Dupleix, de Lally and de Bussy to seek both in order to oust their British rivals from India. The opportunity for attaining their desire lay in the political conditions then existing in that country.

These conditions were largely the result of the policy

of Aurangzeb and of certain circumstances that arose during the Mogul domination in India. While the Mogul Empire was still a mighty living force, there had sprung up in the Deccan a series of Muhammadan Kingdoms of great importance at the time, now known, first as the Bahmani, and then as the Five Shahi Kingdoms. Their combined territories stretched from sea to sea and formed a kind of barrier power between the Mughals and the South, and though they had all been overthrown before Aurangzeb died, they left a distinct mark behind them and paved the way for secession as soon as his controlling hand was removed. In addition, there arose and fell at the same time the Hindu Vijayanagar Empire of the South, which, too, left its mark in a number of independent Hindu States. In further addition there arose, in Aurangzeb's lifetime, yet another Hindu power under Sivaji the Maratha, destined to play a leading part all over India in the subsequent centuries.

Aurangzeb was a great prince, but unfortunately he was also a sectarian fanatic, and in the end, as had Muhammad Tughlak long before him, he broke up the Empire he had so greatly extended during the fifty years of his rule. He alienated from the Mughals all the Hindus and many Musalmans alike, as his humble tomb near the caves of Ellora in the Deccan testifies. The conditions at his death were such that it required a man as strong and capable as himself to keep the Empire together. After his death, however, not one of his successors—most of them mere puppets—from 1707 to 1858, when the Imperial title was formally abolished by the British, ever even remotely approached his capacity. The result as regards the Empire was chaos, and as regards local areas a rapidly moving kaleidoscope of dynasties and principalities, until the British stepped in and consolidated power once more under a single authority.

For the immediate purpose it is enough to note that when the representatives of the French and English Companies came to loggerheads and had sufficient armed strength to try and oust each other from Indian soil by force, the important Indian powers were: firstly, the Maratha Local States making themselves felt everywhere from their centre the Deccan; secondly, the Muhammadan State of the Nizam of Hyderabad, also in the Deccan, with his vassal the Nawab of the Carnatic (East Coast) at Arcot not far from Madras; and thirdly, a quite new and ephemeral State at Seringapatam under the notorious Navayat, Haidar Ali and his son Tipu Sahib, who had ousted the Rajas of Mysore risen locally out of a part of the Vijayanagar Empire. In the north there were the Nawabs of Oudh at Lucknow and of Bengal at Dacca, nominally viceroys of a roi fainéant, the Mughal Emperor at Delhi, who, indeed, is always to be found in a misty background in all transactions of the time till after the Mutiny itself.

In the course of the armed commercial struggle that arose out of the rivalry between the French and English, the French leader, Dupleix, conceived the idea of interference in the affairs of the Indian States. The opportunity came when the inevitable disputes for the succession to the thrones of Hyderabad and Arcot arose. The French backed one claimant and the English his rival as a matter of policy. In the local wars that ensued the English were fortunate in possessing a genius in Clive, so that Dupleix and his successor de Lally were entirely defeated with the aid of British sea power. French influence thereupon disappeared from India. In the interval the English took Orissa, i.e., the Northern Circars or Divisions of the Hyderabad State, which had been taken possession of by de Bussy, who had managed to get control over the Nizam of the day.

The English had thus become accustomed to the idea of actual rule in India, when in 1757 Suraju'ddaula, the Nawab or Viceroy of Bengal (by then its actual king, as after 1741 supervision from the Delhi Emperor was not even nominal) gave the opportunity to Clive to seize power in Bengal. Suraju'ddaula had attacked Calcutta and massacred most of its white population. Thereupon Clive had not only retrieved the position, but after Plassey upset the whole fabric of the Nawab's rule, and set up a relative as successor in his capacity of master of the situation. afterwards, in 1764, after the victory of Buxar over the Nawab of Oudh in combination with the British-made Nawab of Bengal, at which battle the titular Mughal Emperor Shah Alam of Delhi was present as a purely passive spectator, the Bengal Nawab was superseded by Clive and his son appointed in his place. Clive was thus unquestionably master, but he did not push matters, accepting a formal grant of Bengal, Bihar and Orissa from the helpless Shah Alam, who had by this time become for all practical purposes a pensioner of the Company at Allahabad, to pass later on into the protection of Sindia of Gwalior. In this way the British East India Company became one of the many sovereign powers in India, just as were the Nizam of Hyderabad, Haidar Ali of Mysore, the Nawab of Oudh, and the various Rajput princes and the members of the Maratha confederacy, the Mughal Emperor of Delhi being a mere, though sometimes convenient, shadow to all parties.

After Clive, Warren Hastings acted as an effective Governor from the very first, treated the Bengal Nawab as a titular prince, and began to protect Oudh with the Company's troops, especially against the Rohilla Afghans established independently north of the Ganges over a Hindu population. The proceedings of Clive and Hastings had so far been merely the actions of the

representatives of an English Chartered Company, and it was rightly felt in England that if they were to be supported by the British Crown they must be legalised. Hence the Regulating Act of 1773, which erected a Governor-General of British India as it then was, created a Council, a High Court, and a system of Government under the general superintendence of the King's Ministers. The Company still remained, but with limited powers, and thereafter it was the Crown and not the Company that was ultimately responsible for the action of the Governors-General. British rule was legally established in all parts held to be British territory.

It was not possible in the conditions of Hastings' time for the British to be left in peace by the rival powers in India, and to understand the next proceedings of Hastings, it is necessary to explain that the Maratha Confederacy consisted of five dynasties ruling in Central India. These may be briefly called the Peshwas of Poona (the titular leaders), the Bhonsles of Nagpore, the Gaekwars of Baroda, the Holkars of Indore, and the Sindias of Gwalior. In the eighteenth century they made themselves felt from Bombay to Calcutta and from Lahore to Madras; practically over all India. The impotent occupants of the throne of Delhi were always powerless whenever the Maratha chiefs came their way, but they were used by the Marathas for legalising purposes, just as Clive and the British had used them. Taking sides in a disputed succession involved the British in war with the Marathas in which the Nizam and Haidar Ali of Mysore joined against the English. It came to nothing, but in the course of it Sindia of Gwalior took the ever-helpless Shah Alam of Delhi under his protection on his quitting that of the British. Before Hastings left India, Pitt's India Act (1784) was passed and resulted in a Minister for India under the title of President of the Board of Control, taking all the real power in Indian affairs out of the hands of the Directors. India was afterwards *de facto* governed by the Crown, and the Governors-General always acted as its representatives.

The India Act forbade a policy of conquest and annexation, but in the conditions it was not possible to follow it out, and every Governor-General found himself, however reluctantly, involved in war and its consequences, in or out of India, for the sake of subsequent peace. First came the Mysore War of 1790 with Tipu Sahib, son of the redoubtable Haidar Ali, and the acquisition of much territory in Southern India with the approval of the British Government. After this, when Lord Wellesley's important influence came to be felt, Tipu Sahib, who had been intriguing with France (Napoleon), was overthrown, and there was a still further acquisition of territory. Incidentally the Nizam was definitely brought under British protection. Wellesley next put into practice the principle of subordinate alliance, i.e., British protection of Native States, beginning with the Peshwa of Poona. produced a war with the Marathas, in the course of which Bhonsle was defeated at Argaon, Holkar at Dig, Sindia at Assaye and Laswari, while Lake entered Sindia had overrun most of the lands of the Rajputs and all the country between the Ganges and the Jumna and lost them all. As a result of this war, by 1805 British influence in India, except in the Punjab, extended indirectly as far as it does now, and avowedly no one paid any attention to the Delhi fainéant Emperor, handsomely pensioned by the British.

The Home Government did not like this policy of expansion and war, recalled Lord Wellesley and reversed it, only to create as one result much worse trouble and war later on. As another result, the Sikhs had arisen in the Punjab as a formidable consolidated

power under Ranjit Singh, which was kept at bay along the line of the river Sutlege (Satlej), partly by a garrison at Ludhiana and partly by that sagacious monarch's appreciation of British strength. As a third result, the Pindaris, a horde of marauders in Central India, became very dangerous, since they worked hand in hand with the Maratha rulers. This gave rise to another Maratha War, including the brilliant victories of Kirkee, Sitabaldi and Mahidpur over the Peshwa, Bhonsle and Holkar respectively. The Peshwa disappeared as the pensioned Raja of Bithur near Cawnpore, where he was succeeded by his adopted son, the notorious Nana Sahib of the Mutiny. The Bhonsle's territories became the Central Provinces of British India, and the Pindaris and other marauders, including the Pathans of Amir Khan and Ghafur Khan, ceased to exist. All this had been achieved by 1818 under the brilliant administration of Lord Hastings. There was no question now as to which power was really ruling in Indiathat of the Governor-General under the Crown of England, though nominally under the East India Company. Indeed, a little later (1826) in the days of Lord Amherst, British action in intervening in another local succession at Bharatpur near Delhi was avowedly taken by "the paramount power." By 1833 English was declared to be the official language of the country, and by the Charter Act of next year Parliament abolished the Company as a commercial body and used it only for administrative purposes, empowering the Government of India to pass laws, and throwing open official positions in its territories to English and Indians alike. The Crown thus deliberately assumed sovereign powers and no one could say it nay. The only independent powers now left were the Sikh rulers of the Punjab and the Amirs of Sind.

In 1837 fear of intrigue by the Russians, as successors of the Eastern policy of Napoleon, brought

about, with the assistance of Ranjit Singh of the Punjab, a mismanaged and disastrous war with Afghanistan, and as a consequence a war with the Amirs of Sind resulting in annexation. While these operations were proceeding Ranjit Singh died, and the usual dynastic intrigues followed, in the course of which the British frontier was crossed by the Sikhs. Four hard fought battles in rapid succession at Mudki, Ferozeshah (Pherushahr) near Ferozepore, Aliwal near Ludhiana, and Sobraon crippled the Sikh power. The Sikhs were now under no effective government at all, and two more terrible battles at Chilianwala and Gujarat resulted in the annexation of the whole Punjab. British domination did not induce hatred in the Sikh soldiers, who rapidly became loyal supporters of their former antagonists.

By this time Lord Dalhousie was Governor-General and ruling vigorously, which in India means restlessly. He was much impressed by the misgovernment of too many of the rulers in subordinate alliance with the British power, and as a means of improving the position of the people, he steadily applied the old "doctrine of lapse," whereby the right of adoption was refused to childless Rajas and Nawabs and the sovereignty over their States passed to the paramount power, in this case the British. Failure to produce children is not uncommon among the highly self-indulgent, and many opportunities consequently arose of applying the The Maratha chiefs were the principal sufferers: amongst others Satara, the remains of the Peshwa's dominions, Jhansi, and Nagpore, the relic of the Bhonsle State. All these were escheated by the British Government. The Nana Sahib of Bithur, as the adopted son of the last Peshwa, claimed to be a victim also, but this was far from being the case. pensioned Nawabs of the Carnatic, too, were subjected to the doctrine, and annexation in this manner went on apace. The final and most important annexation, that of Oudh, was however ordered from England

against Dalhousie's advice.

The right of adoption had for many centuries been a cherished right among Hindus for religious reasons and from them had been passed on to the Indian Muhammadans. The wholesome application, therefore, of the doctrine of lapse not only created a sense of personal disaster, but the deepest possible resentment, in the minds of the highly placed classes of the population, which had a direct influence on those who took advantage of the Mutiny in the Bengal Army to try and convert it into a rebellion. In 1856 Dalhousie left India to die in the next year, and it fell to his successor, Lord Canning, to face the Mutiny, suppress it and reconstruct the Government of the country thereafter.

It will have been seen that in all the preliminaries to the Mutiny the Delhi Emperor was not considered by any one concerned in ruling any part of India, and that the century of fighting in which the British were almost uniformly victorious was performed chiefly by native troops led by British Officers such as the

Campbells.

Disturbance among the Indians, caused by such British proceedings as these, would naturally be limited to the ruling and higher classes, and it cannot be said that the inevitable British interference with the life of the ordinary folk to which the Sepoy belonged could have had much effect by the date of the Mutiny. The British were not in a position to make changes of any consequence in the general civil administration before the time of Hastings and the Regulating Acts of 1773, and then not to an extent that could touch the people as a whole before 1813 when European missionaries were freely admitted, 1829 when Lord William Bentinck felt strong enough to abolish the practice of the self-immolation of widows (suttee, sati), 1835 when

the Press was given complete freedom and state-controlled education an English turn, and 1854 when the "Education Charter" was promulgated. In the conditions existing in and before 1857, therefore, no opportunity could have occurred for these vital acts to reach down to the people. The British system of domestic administration could not as such have created general unrest, and so could not have helped to create mutiny. Recent administrative errors of judgment and miscalculations no doubt helped to fan the flames in Oudh and Bengal, when it had been started, but any dissatisfaction among the troops as to general public affairs, except perhaps in Oudh whence so many of them came, could only have been such as was caused by the agents of malcontent native rulers and notables.

The questions, then, that arise on the foregoing remarks are: How was it that the trouble began as a Mutiny and not as a rebellion? What manner of men were they that composed the armies at the disposal of the British Government in India? Why should the men who had followed the British officers to victory so gallantly and so often for a century turn on them in the end within a very few years of their last assaults on the armies of the Native States? For it must be remembered that it was only in 1852 that they had returned from a victorious war in Burma, that the conquest of the Punjab dated only from 1849, and that, like the Gurkhas after their defeat by Ochterlony in 1816, the Sikhs had not only become the friends of the British power but had actually fought for it in Burma. As is well known, in January, 1857, the cartridges for the new Enfield rifle were found to have been greased at the Dum Dum Small Arms Factory near Calcutta with animal fat. The general feeling was that this endangered the caste feelings of the Hindu soldiers and injured the religious emotions of their Muhammadan comrades, because they had to bite the cartridges charging the muzzle loaders of those days. The voice of slander spread it about that the grease was unclean and that the British consequently meant to convert the native soldiers, Hindu and Muhammadan, forcibly to Christianity. But how was it that what was obviously a local blunder, at once remedied, caused a conflagration from Barrackpore to Ambala in the Punjab in three months? The greased cartridges were merely a pretext and not the cause. Besides a political unrest raised by interested agitators, what was it?

It is necessary now to go back a little into the history of the Native or Sepoy (sipahi, a soldier) Army of the East India Company. Just as the French were the first to entertain the idea of attaining political power in India by force, so were they the first to perceive that the Indians of the warlike races were capable of absorbing European discipline and of being turned into formidable military bodies. The British were not long in imbibing the idea. The first British Corps formed on this principle was raised in Bombay and soon after Madras followed suit, and so when French and English met in armed conflict, disciplined native troops were employed on both sides. The principles of recruitment and control can be thus stated: recruit only from the warlike classes, induce men of good family to join as officers and give these last a good position and sufficient authority, train them all in European style, and place them under a very few selected (three only at first) British officers who understand their prejudices and can treat them sympathetically and well. There was ample wisdom in all this, because, after all, the rank and file of the armies serving the British Company came from the same classes as those serving the various Indian rulers, Hindu and Muhammadan, at the time, and in the population that supplied them the long continued struggle between potentate and potentate,

great and small, had developed a loyalty that was strictly personal and not national. Pay the sepoy well, understand him and his ways, treat him sympathetically and thus create comradeship, exact a reasonable discipline showing him who is his master, lead him bravely and so win his respect, show him, too, that the leading is wise and successful, and there is no limit to his loyalty and even devotion. It had been the nature of his forebears for countless generations to follow blindly the leader who knew them and knew also how to lead. It is found in the stories of Muhammad Ghori and Alau'ddin Khilji of Babur and Sher Shah, of Shivaji the Maratha and of the Navayat adventurer Haidar Ali of Mysore, every one of whom, except the Maratha, were of foreign origin. The nature of the sepoy was the nature of his ancestors, and it helped to create the story of Clive. In serving Clive and the English faithfully the sepoy was only doing what his class had always done. It mattered nothing to him that his leaders were foreigners and Christians, for they respected his religious ideas and feelings, whatever they were. In courage he had never been lacking. An army thus constituted was so formidable a fighting machine that it was not often successfully defied. quote once more the often quoted words attributed to Sir Colin Campbell (Lord Clyde): "Take a bamboo and cast it against a tree, the shaft will rebound and fall harmless: tip it with steel and it becomes a spear which will pierce deep and kill." To quote further the remark of Sir W. H. Russell, the great war correspondent of the time: "The bamboo is the Asiatic, the steel point is the European."

At the same time the sepoys, like the rest of the Indian population, were credulous and excitable on any kind of report or rumour, and liable to outbursts of unreasonable anger on provocation great or small, real or imaginary. They were an easy prey to the highly

placed malcontent and his local agent the agitator. That is to say, they were liable to sudden mutiny and showed this liability from the beginning. Mutinies actually occurred in various places and in all armies for all kinds of reasons, serious and frivolous. In some cases they were due to mismanagement. The more important occurred in 1764, 1766, 1808, 1824, 1843, 1844 and 1849. The Mutiny of 1857 was in fact by no means an isolated or novel occurrence. Calm consideration will show that in the conditions it must always be a liability to be guarded against. liability to get out of hand did not, however, mean that in time of war the sepoy armies were not to be relied Their whole history shows the converse. The emotions actuating a fighting man, as the sepoy has always been in war and activity, are not those that move him in peace and inaction. This same martial capacity has also made him work side by side in a spirit of true comradeship with that other fighting man par excellence, the British soldier.

The Bengal Army in 1857 was not conducted on the ideal principles which guided the founders of the sepoy system. Originally the Bombay and Madras Regiments consisted of high caste Hindus and good class Muhammadans, but soon different castes and races entered and made a successful blend. However, when Clive used his experiences at Arcot and in the South generally, and formed the Bengal force that fought under him at Plassey, it consisted chiefly of Brahmans and high caste Hindus. This peculiarity the Bengal Army retained right up to the Mutiny of 1857, but otherwise it was run on the same general principles as its prede-But there came changes. The number of the European officers increased and the influence of the native officers decreased. The constant widening of the British territories and military responsibilities led to the raising of many irregular troops to which

the best officers went. The officers left behind began to lose influence and the men their old sense of discipline. Pay, allowances, and pecuniary rewards were interfered with, which caused the deepest dissatisfaction. The practices of the other armies showed that caste prejudices were given too much prominence. Promotion of British officers went by seniority, and thus too old or incompetent men occupied the higher commands. In consequence of all this an insubordinate spirit increasingly prevailed. Add national liability of the sepoy to credit any story of a cock and a bull that any rascal chose to bring him, and it will be perceived that by 1857 the Army in peacetime was oftener than not ready to mutiny. Add again the political unrest caused by the progressive British supremacy over the native rulers and their dependants during a long period, and to that neglect to maintain anything like a sufficient proportion (it approached one to six in the most favourable view) of British to native troops, and the withdrawal of some of the former for the wars in Persia and China. Then one realises that the native leaders began to think that they had before them a real chance to upset the British power, and that the sepoy began to be puffed up with his own importance and to think that he could safely try conclusions with his British officers.

In 1857 the Bengal Army was indeed ripe for mutiny. Many competent lookers-on in India saw this and kept on insisting on it, though the seniority-promoted officers in immediate command were blind. Dalhousie, too, saw that generally the position was dangerous and proposed an increase in the British and a decrease in the sepoy forces. But he was sick unto death, and his successor, Lord Canning, arrived just in time to face the irruption of the long-rumbling volcano.

In January, 1857, the volcano irrupted close to Calcutta, gently at first—so gently that it might have

been silenced had the signs been understood, but by May the Mutiny had broken out in the Punjab with greater strength, and in full force at Meerut. By June it was general over Northern India, and then came the awful struggle of 1857 and the first quarter of 1858, by which time the Mutiny was got under control and then began to decline gradually all through that year, till by the end of it the fight had dwindled down to a hunt after that master of elusiveness, Tantia Topi, ending with his execution in April 1859. On November 1, 1858, Queen Victoria's proclamation was read all over India, and the rule of the Honourable East India Company came to an end officially. In the many deeds of courage and daring that stand to the credit of the British nation during that long-continued period of extreme crisis, the officers of the Clan Campbell took their share with honour and distinction. Was not Colin Campbell, Lord Clyde, a leader in a great part? —though as a British and not a Company's officer his name cannot appear among those whose lives are recorded in this volume.

It had become obvious to all that, after the Mutiny, the Company could no longer exist, but it and its army came to a glorious end, though it is not practicable here to do more than just refer to the terror that existed during the two years that the Mutiny occupied, the heat and the dust, the mud, the rain and the dirt, the noise and the sickness, the almost intolerable and long sustained physical and mental suffering, the anxiety, the grief and suspense caused by it; the deadly and almost hourly fear it produced, let alone the hatred and the vengeance; the daily accounts of horrible news of murder, brutality and destruction; and on the other hand, the splendid courage and endurance it called forth; the presence of mind and the firm uncompromising observance of duty and also the loyalty and humanity of many devoted men and women in the most difficult conditions imaginable, European and Indian alike. It must be left to the contemplation of the constant narrative of battle and siege, of attack and defence, for the appreciation of all this. Even when the daily record has no mention of specific acts, there was always somebody making what in ordinary times would be an incredible march or performing some apparently incredible act of gallantry, and women and children flying in grief and horror, or hiding in shocking surroundings—all through the sweltering months that succeeded one another in those two years.

The great feature of the Mutiny was that it brought out the individual character of those in charge in very many isolated places—each man left to himself in a sudden emergency of the gravest nature possible. And it must be remembered that these men were not picked out for the occasion, but just those that happened to be on the spot at the time. An overwhelming majority of them met their perplexities well, promptly and firmly, showing the capacity of the average Englishman, in the wider sense of that term, to acquit himself well in a difficult position—that is, to lead and rule. It must be a matter of great pride to the Clan Campbell to think that it had its fair share in all that was then done.

The great executive lesson of the Mutiny is that where there was hesitation and want of sufficient courage there was disaster, and where there was promptness and uncompromising courage, disaster was arrested. The great administrative lesson for Europeans is that, besides justice, that kind of sympathy which is born of knowledge is necessary, and so is that wisdom which insists on freedom to worship, barter and move about as the people please. But at the same time it is equally necessary to watch that man-mastership is behind the government, and is actually visible to the governed. Those that went through the Mutiny learnt these lessons and never forgot them. They impressed them

on the succeeding generation. It still remains to be seen whether the generations to which the narrative of the Mutiny is only history will be able to visualise them also.

As to the effect of it on some of the Indians who took service with the British Government under the system, above generally explained, when at its best, one of them Mir Nuru'ddin Khan Bahadur, Shuja' Jung wrote his autobiography, which is good reading for any officer of the Indian Army. He joined the army in 1780 at about seventeen years of age, and worked his way up to the highest position he could attain—aide-de-camp to the Commander-in-Chief (Madras). He held that position with every Commander-in-Chief from Sir Thomas Hislop to Sir Jasper Nicholls, serving altogether for an unbroken period of sixty years and dying full of honours and dignity. He was the son of Mir Muhammad Sa'id, a man of good family and an officer in the 12th Battalion Madras Native Infantry. He was with his father, as a boy, in battle after battle against the French and Haidar Ali. Afterwards on his own account he served under Sir Eyre Coote against Haidar Ali. He also assisted at the suppression of a mutiny among the troops of the Nawab of the Carnatic in 1795, and at the siege of Pondicherry under General Broadfoot. He found the body of Tipu Sultan after Lord Harris's attack on Seringapatam in 1799, and fought against the Pindaris, giving a lively account of the proceedings. At great personal risk he was most useful during the White Mutiny of 1809, and in addition to all this he was with Sir Thomas Hislop in his campaigns and was present at the Treaty of Mandasor with Mulhar Rao Holkar after a severe fight in 1818. He finally settled in Madras and died there in 1853, aged ninety years. Truly a fine record, and one that shows that he was heart and soul with the British officers with whom he served. But that is not the whole story. His son, Mir Ansaru'ddin, was a Presidency Magistrate at Madras, and his great-grandson, Mir Zynu'ddin, a barrister at Madras, wrote in 1924 of the times of the old Company's Army as follows:

In the days of the East India Company, military pursuits were considered to be an honourable vocation of the Indians, especially by the Muhammadans, whose past tradition and military powers had not had time to sink into oblivion, and many young men of good ancestry flocked in numbers to the military ranks and represented their old traditions by distinguishing themselves in the field, and the East India Company, in the grandeur and plentitude of its power and magnanimity, encouraged military pursuits and amply rewarded valour by not only placing distinguished Indians in high and responsible military ranks, but also by grants of jagirs [estates] and other emoluments on a liberal scale. One such instance is to be found in the person of [my great-grandfather] Mir Nuru'ddin.

Thus did John Company's officers know how to keep Indians to their side.

The Indian Armies

It will be seen from the "Records" of the Military Officers of the Clan Campbell in India that several of them served the Company long before any idea of an army as such arose, while such troops as it had were merely raised for the defence of factories. Indeed, the nuclei, out of which there grew eventually three immense armies of horse, foot, and artillery, were in Bombay, a detachment sent in the seventeenth century to garrison Bombay, which, it will be remembered, was the dower of Catherine of Braganza, the bride of Charles II; followed in Madras by companies of soldiers created out of door-keepers and watchmen, and in Bengal by a company consisting of "an ensign and thirty men" reinforced by a "gunner and his crew." Something of this kind continued until the middle of the eighteenth century, when in 1748 Dupleix raised several battalions

of Musalman soldiers armed in the European fashion in the Carnatic, and a few years later Stringer Lawrence followed suit in Madras. So by 1759 there were six Indian battalions in Madras, and a few years later still other battalions and troops were raised in then far distant Bombay and Bengal. Military affairs remained on much the same lines until after the final fall of the French at Pondicherry.

In 1795 the three armies were reconstructed on a definite principle, there being at that date 13,000 European soldiers in India, King's and Company's, and some 24,000 native troops in Bengal and Madras respectively and 9,000 in Bombay. The reorganisation took the then accepted form of collecting artillery companies into battalions, cavalry troops into regiments, and infantry into two-battalion regiments. Uniforms were strictly assimilated to those of the King's Troops, and thus a Regular Army for India came into being, resembling in its organisation the British Line. By 1825 the whole of the infantry, including the local battalions, were clothed in scarlet with white pants, the only exceptions being the Rifle Battalions. The head-dress, though resembling a shako, was still of black cloth on an iron, and later a wicker, frame. The regular cavalry were all in French grey with various facings, the officers being dressed as Dragoons, Hussars or Lancers. The Horse Artillery officers were in the English Dragoon helmets, with varying crests and plumes, while the Native Horse Artillery wore a high Persian skin head-dress. The Irregular Horse were in varieties of native clothing, the officers being dressed in the same way.

The establishment of officers resembled that of the King's Service, and companies and troops were commanded by British officers, while the Native officers were but understudies generally promoted by seniority and not for efficiency. The seniors were thus often

men of great age. In the Irregular Corps the British officers were always few, and the Native officers had therefore in them definite command of companies and troops, and came to great authority and efficiency in

consequence.

As above said, besides the Native army, the East India Company maintained a considerable body of British troops, which, owing to the distance that separated the Presidencies of Bengal, Madras, and Bombay, grew up each on its own principle, and there was much divergence in organisation. At first European companies were formed from detachments sent from England, from runaway sailors, from men of disbanded French corps, from Swiss and Hanoverians, from prisoners of war, and from any white material in search of a livelihood. And then, in 1748, the Regular European Corps of the Company's service were formed from these detachments and scattered companies. In 1754 Royal troops came to take their share in garrisoning the East Indies, the 39th Foot (the 1st Dorset Regiment), being the first to serve as a regiment in India.

Such in brief is the history of the army in which the 253 officers of the Clan Campbell mentioned in this volume served the Honourable East India Company for 150 years in varying degrees and still more varying

circumstances.

The Services of the Clan Campbell

To the writer of these introductory remarks—as an officer of long standing in India and as an old student of the history of the Indian Army—the record of the lives of the military officers of the Clan Campbell is of the greatest interest. They cover the whole period of of the H.E.I.C. and bring back to memory many an old condition of life and manners. These Campbells were

of all kinds—distinguished and undistinguished, a few of them ill-behaved, but the far greater part well-behaved, fortunate and unfortunate, many with long careers of usefulness, some cut short at the very outset of their lives. The majority of them were just ordinary British gentlemen, and their services tell of times when there was no army proper, when it began tentatively, and when finally it was fully formed and grew to an enormous size—consisting of corps of very many varieties and serving on through long continued fighting with practically universal success, till it gave place, for its British officers in a blaze of glory, to the

Imperial Army which succeeded it.

The many Campbells that entered the army came to it partly from association with India and partly from that love of enterprise which distinguishes the Scottish people. But there were two individuals in high position who contributed largely to the number of candidates. One was Sir Robert Campbell, Bt., who put all his own sons into the Indian Army and was sponsor for many others. He was a successful merchant of the eighteenth century in Madras, and eventually became Governor of the Company itself. The other was the Marchioness of Hastings, who came of the Clan Campbell and was the wife of the sixth Governor-General in the early years of the nineteenth century. She was, indeed, Flora Campbell, in her own right Baroness Campbell of Loudoun, Baroness Terrinzean and Mauchline, and Countess of Loudoun in the peerage of Scotland. As Marchioness of Hastings she was considerate to all her cousins, many of whom found partners for life in the East. In fact, it was said that if one whistled or called outside Government House at Calcutta in her time (1813-1823), a red-headed Campbell or Mac would assuredly appear at the window.

"Indian" Families

An outstanding feature of the Clan Campbell in India was that it contained families, many of whose members served the H.E.I.C. for generations and mixed with other families serving it, numbers of them with great distinction. About a dozen pedigrees of Campbells in the service of the Company have been made out and are shown in the pedigrees attached Of such groups the largest is that of the cousinhood (Group A) which arose between the descendants of John Campbell of Kinloch and William Campbell of Fairfield, both of the eighteenth century, producing one very distinguished representative in General Sir Frederick Campbell, and several other distinguished officers of various kinds. Groups C and E each show two sub-groups of cousins, descendants of Lachlan Campbell of Craignish and John Campbell XIV of Barbreck, both of the early eighteenth century (Group C), and of James Campbell of Polchorkan, Lochgoilhead, and George Campbell of Aatarig, Cowal (Group E) of the late eighteenth century. Group D is remarkable, as it contains the name of Sir Robert Campbell already mentioned, who had all his four sons in the army, two of them—Captain Sir John Campbell, the envoy to Persia, and Lt.-Colonel Sir Alexander Campbell—being very distinguished. Besides these, he had three nephews also serving in the army. Group B is also remarkable as illustrating manners in the early eighteenth century, for it starts with John Campbell, an illegitimate grandson of the first Earl of Breadalbane. Indeed, the amount of illegitimacy in the Records is startling, but it does not seem to have greatly affected social position in the eighteenth and early nineteenth centuries. For instance, the son of the John Campbell above mentioned, by his wife Anne Campbell of Tofts and St. Germains, married in 1759, became a

distinguished medical man and had four sons and two grandsons in the H.E.I.C. service, one of which last, Major-General John George Campbell (1820–1912), became distinguished. Another case of illegitimacy occurs in Group F, where Major Dugald John Philip Campbell (1828–1885), the illegitimate son of Major John Campbell (the younger brother of a very notable man, Major-General Sir James Campbell of Sanda), died a man of much distinction as the City Marshal of London. Again in Group L an illegitimate medical officer married in 1841 a daughter of Sir George Ballingall.

The other groups are smaller, but in Group G there was a very distinguished man in the person of General Sir John Campbell (1807–1878). Group M contains a distinguished officer in Colonel Wellesley Campbell, who had a very distinguished brother Colin Campbell, the celebrated sheep farmer of Cononish. Group N, descended from that Earl of Argyll who was executed in 1685, produced two distinguished brothers, Major Richard Campbell and Lt.-Colonel John Campbell of O'Farrell's Foot, who became Governor of Plymouth.

GROUP A.

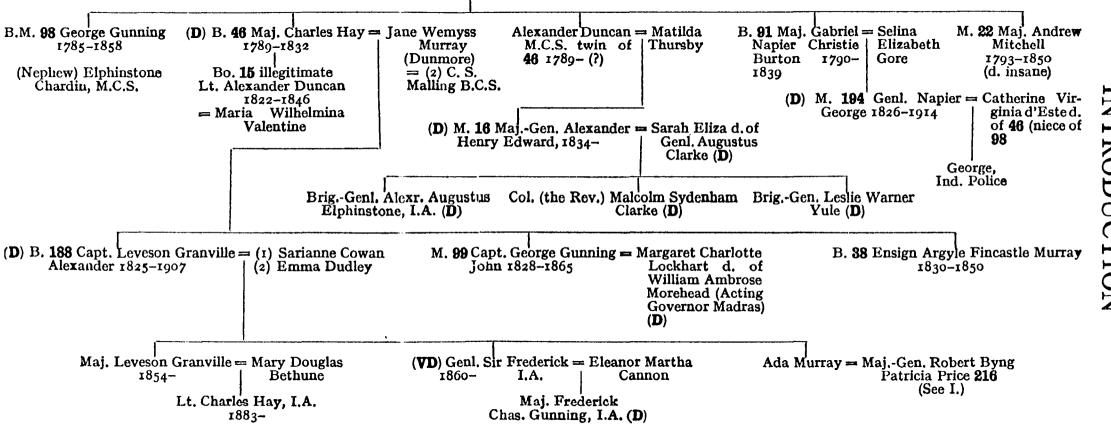
CONSISTING OF SUB-GROUPS I. AND II. CONNECTED BY MARRIAGE.

Note— D = DistinguishedB = BengalBo. = BombavMM = Madras MedicalVD = Very Distinguished M = MadrasBM = Bengal Medical Bo.M = Bombay Medical SUB-GROUP I. Capt. John Campbell of Kinloch (1762-1839) = Ann Trapaud d. of John Campbell of Melfort, Govr. of Fort George (D) (D) B. 45 Maj.-Gen. Charles = Caroline Charlotte (D) M. 166 Lt.-Col. John = (r) Margaret d. 54 Maj. Colin = (1) Amelia d. of 1810-1867 of Dr. P. Śir Archibald 1807-1879 d. of James 1816-1893 Wemyss, B.C.S. (disappeared) Mathews Galloway, (**D**) B. Chairman B. 184 John Wemyss (2) Princess E.I.C. (**D**) 1834-1860 Victoria (2) widow of P. d. of cholera Gouramma Burt, I.A. of Coorg. **(D)** (D) B. 216 Maj.-Gen. Robert Byng = Ada Murray d. of B. 188 Maj. John Ronald = Mary Louisa Patricia Price 1838-1897 188 Capt. L. G. A. 1842-1891 Sutherland Campbell (see II.) Bethune Lt.-Col. Hector I.A. (**D**)

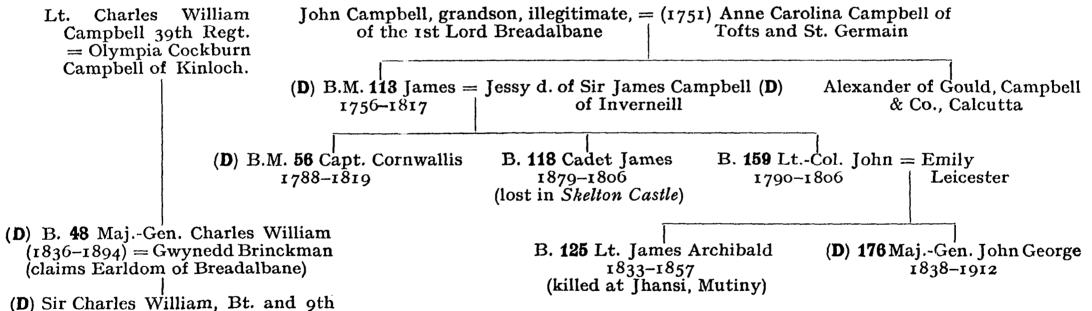
XXXVII

SUB-GROUP II.

William Campbell of Fairfield = (2) Catherine Gunning d. of Capt. William Gunning (D)



GROUP B.

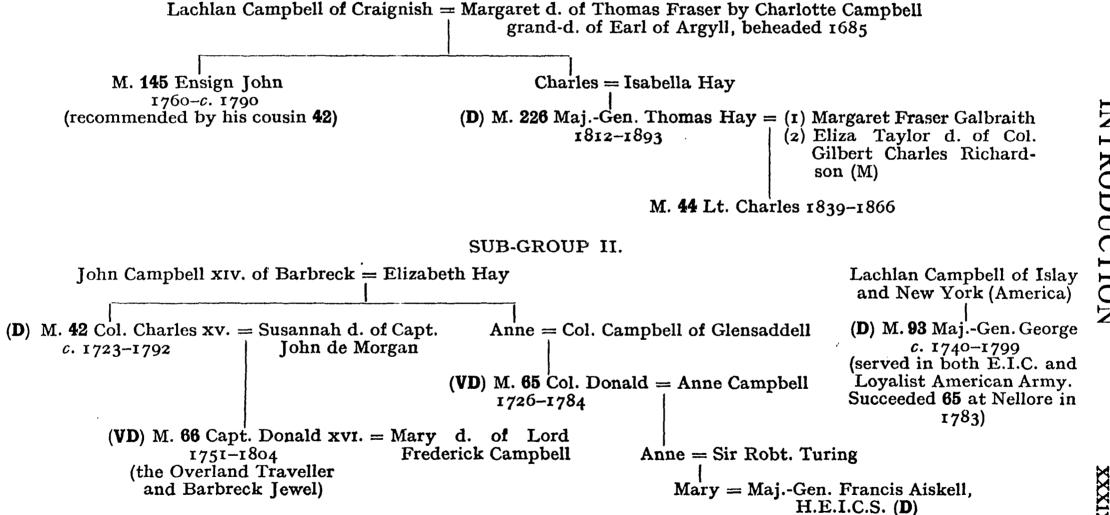


Earl of Breadalbane, 1889-

GROUP C.

TWO SUB-GROUPS OF COUSINS.

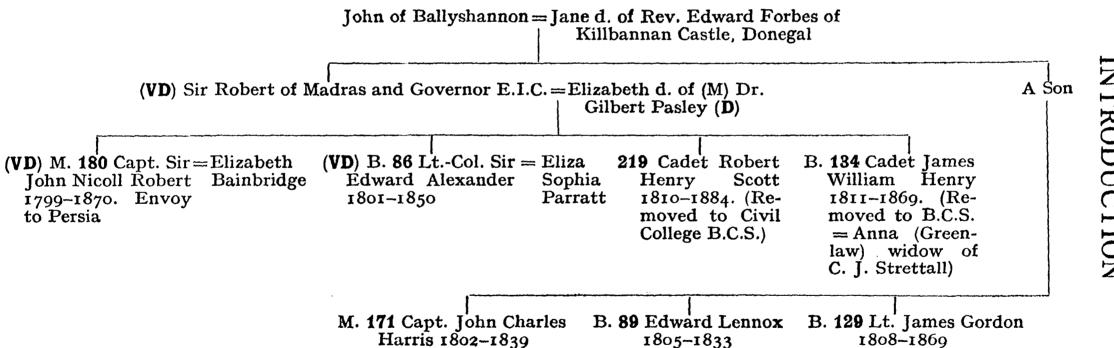
SUB-GROUP I.



 $\boldsymbol{\varepsilon}$

GROUP D.

JOHN CAMPBELL OF TUAM, GALWAY,



removed to B.C.S.

removed to B.C.S.

GROUP E.

TWO SUB-GROUPS OF COUSINS,

SUB-GROUP I.

James Campbell of Polchorkan, Lochgoilhead = Barbara Hare

B. 107 Maj. Ivie=Eliza Jane d. of Lt.-Col. Littlejohn
1788-1837

B. 17 Lieut. Alexander Livingstone
1791-1819

M. 108 Maj. Ivie 1819–1861

SUB-GROUP II.

George Campbell of Artarig, Cowal

B. 79 Lieut. Duncan 1788–1819

1788-1819
By his will, cousin of 107 & 17
and of B. Ensign Lachlan W. Lachlan

GROUP F.

TWO SUB-GROUPS. CONNECTION VAGUE BUT PROBABLE.

SUB-GROUP I.

Donald Campbell xiv. of Dunstaffnage=Anne d. of Dugald Campbell of Glenmackrie

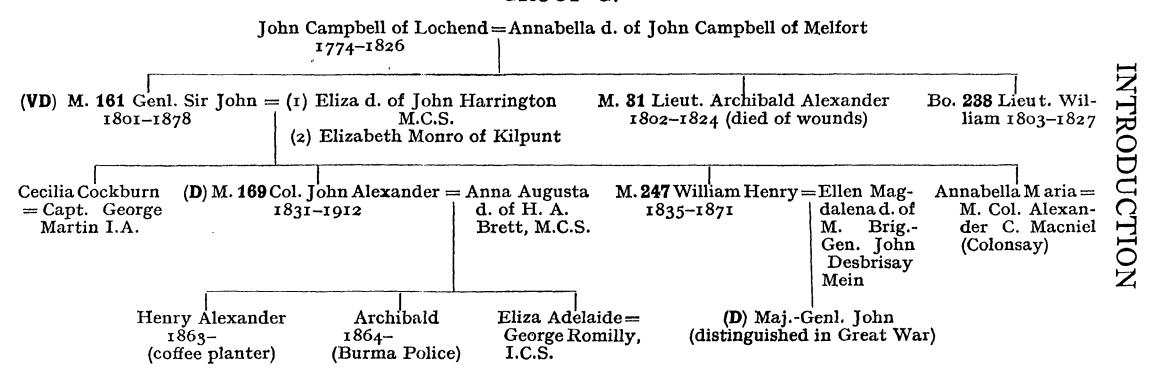
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M.M. 156 John = Eliza Munro
                                                  1775-1816
                                                  witness to
                                                  his will 157
B. 11 Lieut. Alexander = Eliza Peterson
                                           M.M. 32 Archibald Charles = Emily
                                                                                  B. 197 Lt. Osborne = Isabella Louisa
  Æneas 1806-1850
                                                 1807-1845
                                                                                    1808-1874
                                                                        Payter
                                                                                                         d. of Lieut.-
                                                                                                         Col. Archi-
                                                                                                         bald Camp-
                                                                          Isobel = George Payter
                                                                                                         bell (Melfort)
                                     B. 33 Col. Archibald = Charlotte
                                       Dunstaffnage 1840-
                                                              Trouson
                                                                           Mary Emily = Sir James Thomson
                                        1912
                                                                                           Currie, B.C.S. (VD)
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SUB-GROUP II.

(VD) M. 70 Maj.-Gen. Dugald Campbell of Auchinbreck = Elizabeth Mackay 1742-1809

(D) 75 Maj. Dugald John Philip = Jane Elizaillegitimate, 1828-1885 beth ——— (City Marshal, London)

GROUP G.



GROUP H.

Patrick Campbell of Ardchattan = Lilias Margaret d. of John Macfarlane of Macfarlane M. 198 Ensign Patrick B. 50 Lieut. Colin B. 209 Capt. Robert = Jean d. of Archibald Campbell 1760-1779 1765-1840 1757-1792

GROUP J.

Duncan Campbell of Inverneil, B.C.S. = Elizabeth Cooper

(killed in action)

(D) B. 97 Gen. George = Susan Harriet d. of 1803-1882 Col. Alexander Campbell

(D) B. 36 Maj.-Gen. Archibald Lorne = (1) Charlotte Susan d. of Alexander 1804-1883 Dick of Midnapore

(2) Jemima Janet Paterson

Emily Agnes = J. Carter, I.C.S.

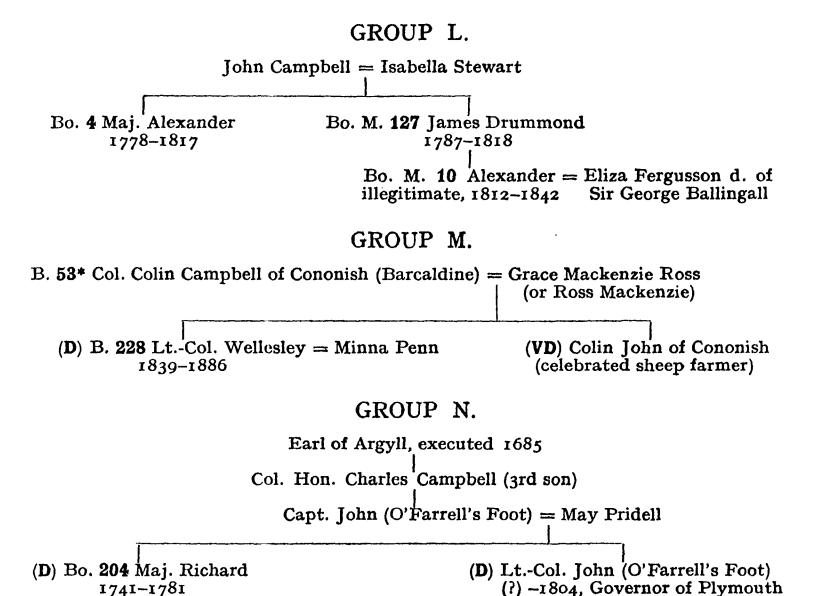
GROUP K.

John Campbell, B.C.S. = Margaret Flora Douglas 1779-1834

Bo. M. 128 James Drummond 1817-1844

(D) B. 173 Lt.-Gen. John Douglas = (1) Agnes 1820-1855 (2) Harriet Alister Stewart

B.M. 40 S. Maj. Arthur Lewis Stuart 1822-1868



Bo. 114 Lieut. James

Fathers and Sons

There are besides a few instances of father and son serving the Company in succession. For instance:—

(A) Colin Campbell (Colin Mhor) of Kilmartin, a distinguished man (1787–1811), married Duncana, daughter of John Campbell of Combie, and had a son, B. 195, Lieut.-Col. Neil (1788–1840), who married Isabella Anne Campbell of Lochgair and had thirteen children, one of whom, No. 73, Dugald (1833–1865), served in India.

(B) (D) B.M. 53, Surgeon and Physician-General Colin Campbell (c. 1785–1858), married Mary Anne Howell and had a son, M. 88, Col. Edward Gervase (1825–1906), who married Caroline Fanny

Anne Madden.

(C) James Campbell of Glenskennow, Montrose, married Isabel Airth. Their son was M. 120, Lieut.-Col. James (1799–1844), who married Barbara Adair Laurie, and their son was M. 126, Maj. James David Leighton (1827–1889), who married Anne Maria, daughter of Maj.-Gen. C. H. Græme of the Madras Cavalry.

(D) Donald Campbell of Lyndale (Isle of Skye) had a son, B. 186, Maj. Kenneth (1803–1851), who had a son, B. 187, Lieut. Kenneth Donald John

(1831-1856).

Brothers

There are further several cases of brothers serving under the H.E.I.C. For instance:—

(A) Sir John Campbell of Ardnamurchan, Bt., Lieut.-Governor of St. Vincent, a distinguished man, married Hannah Elizabeth, daughter of James Macleod of Raasay, and had a son, (D) M. 90, Cadet Frederick (1843—), who served brilliantly out of India. He married Emilie Guillaumine, daughter

of Donald Maclaine of Lochbuie, and had ten sons, including (VD) the eighth, Gordon, the "Mystery V.C." in the Great War. One of his brothers was M. 189, Col. Loudoun Francis (1842–1899).

(B) Matthew Campbell married Elizabeth Buchanan and had two sons (M.M. 18, Alexander Muir, 1794–1820) and Bo. 237, Lieut. William (1795–1822).

(C) James Campbell had two sons, B. 148, Lieut.-Col. John (1764–1833), and (D) B.M. 43, Charles

(1766-1808), the botanist.

- (D) Robert Campbell married Margaret Jennings. His two sons were (D) B. 220, Lieut. Robert Macfarlane (1805–1832), and (D) B. 130, Lieut.-Col. James Hunter (1811–1886), who married Ann Holland Stedman.
- (E) James Campbell married Elizabeth Bogle and had two sons, M. 131, Lieut. James Murdoch (1833–1861), and (D) Bo. 248, Maj.-Gen. William Maxwell (1839–1912), who married Annabel, widow of Charles Sumner Maine.
- (F) Col. James Campbell of Glenfeochan married Margaret Campbell of Campbeltown and had two sons, B. 160 (1793–1820), and B. 124, Ensign James Archibald (1800–1821).
- (G) Lieut.-Col. John Robert Campbell married Catherine Grace, daughter of (D) M. Sir William Gore, and left two sons, (D) B. 218, Maj.-Gen. Robert Dallas (1832–1916), and B. 177, Col. John Gore (1834–1903).

(H) John Campbell of Annfield, who married Frances Brown, had two sons, B. 246, Cadet Hector William (born 1806, resigned 1825), and B. 175, Lieut. John George (born 1808, cashiered 1828).

(J) Captain Edward Campbell, R.N., had two sons who distinguished themselves in the Bengal Medical Service: No. 85, Edward (1815–1890), and 167, John (1817–1904).

Jean Campbell of Greenock, who married Jean Campbell of Greenock, had two sons in the Indian services: M. 154, John (born in 1782, Ensign in 1797, was killed by a fall from his horse as Deputy Judge Advocate of the Ceded Districts of Hyderabad in 1809), M.M. 28, Archibald (born in 1786, arrived in India in 1808, and died as Staff-Surgeon in Tenasserim in 1833). He had served in the first Burmese War in 1824.

Early Campbells

A few of the Campbells can be set apart as "early," that is, they served the H.E.I.C. before any army was The earliest of these happens to be No. 1 in the list, one Alexander Campbell of the Madras Presidency, who served first as a sergeant at York Fort, Bencoolen, Sumatra, in 1704, and then as Ensign in the Company's Militia from 1708 to 1710, when he retired superannuated as Ensign at Bantall, also in Sumatra, in 1712. It must be understood, however, that there was no army as such at all, but each factory had a small body of soldiers for defence. Each such guard was under an officer, whose title depended on its size. One gathers that at Bencoolen and Bantall the guard numbered about thirty men under an Ensign. The H.E.I.C. was an amalgamation of two East India Companies, which was effected in 1708, and no doubt that is the reason why the old sergeant in charge of the guard was converted into an ensign at that date. He was then evidently getting near to the end of his capacity to serve and was married to a Portuguese half-caste woman (possibly half Malay), Mary, with whom he passed the short remainder of his life at Bantall. The term "casteez" to represent his wife's social position is peculiar; one would expect "mestice" or "mesteez." On the whole, this

Campbell's case is typical of the manners and con-

ditions of the day in a high degree.

The next Campbell in point of date is a man of very different calibre. No. 64, Donald Campbell of Castle Sween, c. 1711–1795, was a distinguished officer in the Company's service. He was of the line of Ballinaby and son of Colin Campbell of Tiree and Marion McNeill of Colonsay. He joined the North British Fusiliers in 1741, in which regiment the writer of these notes himself served from 1871 to 1877, when it had become the Royal North British Fusiliers and afterwards the Royal Scots Fusiliers. In 1747 Donald Campbell joined an Independent Company of Foot for service in India, and in 1750 he entered the By 1756 he was back in the H.E.I.C. service. Independent Company, and in 1759 he was a captain in the Argyllshire Fencibles. He fought with distinction as a young man at Dettingen and Fontenoy, and afterwards at Falkirk and Culloden, and he seems to have done good service in many actions in South India. But there is no official record of him in the books of the Company now remaining, and he seems to have been badly treated. He lived on at Bowmore, Isle of Islay, to 1795, dying at 84 years of age. He married a relative, Anne, daughter of James Campbell of Ballinaby.

Then we have the case of No. 206, Robert Campbell "of Berwick, gent.," who was born about 1720 and was apparently killed in the attack on the Fort of Carongoly under Sir Eyre Coote as a captain of the Madras Artillery in 1759. After him we have No. 207, Captain Robert Campbell, who had served in Bengal for some years before 1758, when he resigned his commission owing to a dispute with the Governor in Council. He petitioned to be allowed to return and was reinstated in 1761, was a captain in 1762 and resigned in 1767. He was commended for "spirited"

conduct in advantage gained over the rebels in the Sircar Serang Country," and captured a brass gun in January 1765. He married Katherine, "daughter to deceast Thos. Frazer, brother to the Right Hon. Alexr. Frazer of Strichen, one of the Senators of ye College

of Justice, both of Tron Parish."

Another early Campbell was No. 208, Robert Campbell, "of Argyllshire, gent.," who was born in 1733 and appointed a cadet for Fort St. George, Madras, in 1754. He was to have gone to India in the *Doddington*, which, however, became a celebrated wreck off Bird Island, S.E. Coast of Africa, on July 17, 1755. In the *Indian Antiquary*, vols. xxix, xxx, xxxi, xlv, are accounts of her. Fortunately for him he could not have sailed in her, as he served afterwards in Madras and was probably the Robert Campbell who was the Lieutenant of that name (taken prisoner by the French), who died in Pondicherry in 1761. Here we have a peep into the all important struggle for supremacy between the French and the English in India in the eighteenth century.

Officers Distinguished Outside the Company's Service

Of officers connected with India, but never actually in the H.E.I.C. Army, mention should here be made of the last number but one in the book, No. 252, "Mr. Campbell," described as an Anglo-Indian and mentioned in the list of the officers of Ranjit Singh, the Lion of the Punjab. He was evidently an instance of the military adventurer's spirit of the time serving under Indian and Eastern chiefs, and is probably identical with the Campbell serving with Shah Shuja'ul-Mulk's Hindustani Regiment defeated by Dost Muhammad at Kandahar. He behaved with great gallantry and subsequently joined Dost Muhammad's service.

A man of the same calibre is included in the list of officers of the H.E.I.C. Army for his remarkable services, though he never held a commission. No. 41, Augustus Hamilton Campbell, was a Sergeant-Major on the Bombay establishment in 1792, and was on the Rockingham in command of a detachment of recruits then on their way to Bombay, He discovered that the men were mutinous and saved the ship, but by the time that the Company had decided in 1794 to reward him, it was reported to it that "the said person had died some time since."

In No. 3, General Sir Alexander Campbell, 1760–1824, we have a case of a very distinguished officer of the British Army who was created K.C.B. in 1812 and a Baronet in 1814, became Commander of the Forces in Mauritius in 1812 and Commander-in-Chief in Madras in 1820. There he died and was accorded a great funeral. In No. 178, Brigadier-General John Henry Campbell of the Bengal Army, 1839–1918, we find an officer serving partly in India and partly in the British Army. He became one of the H.E.I.C. latest cadets in 1857 and an Ensign in the 5th European Infantry too late for the Mutiny. He then served, on the transfer of the Company's Infantry Regiments to the British Army, in the 109th Regiment in 1864 till he retired in 1891.

In the above officers of the Clan Campbell we have before us several interesting phases of military service in India—the old soldier commanding a factory company for defence; a distinguished officer of the British forces joining the H.E.I.C. service and dying in battle in India; a military officer of the pre-Army days killed in action, another of the same class resigning because he had a dispute with the Government in Bengal; and yet another dying in captivity in Pondicherry as a prisoner of the French. We find also the military adventurer serving with distinction under

Indian Chiefs; a Sergeant-Major discovering a mutiny of recruits on the way out to India; a distinguished officer of British troops, sent as an Indian Commander-in-Chief, dying at his post; and one of the last joined recruits to the European forces of the H.E.I.C. dying years later as the Colonel of a British Regiment.

Courts Martial

There are several cases of trial by court martial recorded in the stories of the 250 Campbells in the H.E.I.C. service. One of them, held in his youth on an officer who afterwards became distinguished, is remarkable for the order of the Commander-in-Chief on the proceedings in 1827. No. 164, Ensign John Campbell of the 21st Native Infantry (Madras), was tried for disobedience of orders and breaking his arrest. It appears that he was sick, but Assistant-Surgeon Munro thought he was "able to attend" at the quarters of the Adjutant. Subsequently he seems to have left his own quarters for a while when under arrest. He was acquitted of the charges of disobedience of orders but was found guilty of breaking arrest and was sentenced to be cashiered. One judges, on reading the case, that there was spite somewhere, and so apparently did the Commander-in-Chief (General G. T. Walker), who confirmed the sentence, but remitted it with a series of scathing remarks in the long-winded fashion of the day:

It is with deep regret that the Commander-in-Chief feels himself constrained to observe thus publicly, that this is but one out of many cases that have occurred of young Officers having been brought to Courts Martial without sufficient previous enquiry into the origin and solidity of the Charges against them, thus subjecting them, even if acquitted, to a certain degree of stain on their character through life, and to unmerited confinement in the first instance.

The Commander-in-Chief then proceeds to lecture his subordinate Commanding Officers in an manner that is

good reading even now and must have made some of them squirm. Happy was Ensign John Campbell in having such a General Officer set over him, as he had clearly been bullied by his own Commanding Officer and Adjutant, and apparently by the Medical Officer as well. One hopes he got on well with them afterwards. He was evidently a man of parts, for six years later he became a competent surveyor and interpreter, and in 1835 was himself the Adjutant of the same regiment. In 1836 he joined the Surveyor-General's Department, made a plan for the survey of the Coromandel Coast, and was then employed in a geological and mineralogical survey of the Salem district, besides helping in compiling a treatise on the geology and mineralogy of natural steel in South India, and in reporting on its manufacture there. He retired from the Army in India as a Captain, lived on to 1895 and died aged ninety-one, after having spent a long and valuable life in the service of his country—a value which might have been altogether lost if his regimental superiors had had their way while he was still a lad. He had brothers. William Campbell who died in Madras, and Charles Dugald Campbell in the Indian Navy.

Another illuminating case of court martial, which tells of a Commander-in-Chief showing leniency to youth in trouble and yet at the same time punishing real misbehaviour, is that of No. 175, Second-Lieut. John George Campbell, who joined the Bengal Artillery in 1825 and in 1828 was tried for outrageous conduct towards Lieut. C. H. Burt and some sepoys at night. He was convicted, but, "in consideration of his youth, inexperience and contrition, the Commander-in-Chief, on condition of his making a full and public apology to Lieut. Burt, commutes the sentence to the loss of eighteen steps, his regimental rank to be post-dated 14 August, 1827." But alas! this wild young

gentleman had meanwhile, when still under arrest, broken it and was taken back hopelessly drunk, and so, on a second court martial, he was cashiered.

The manners of a bygone day are also well illustrated by a court martial, held when the Marquess of Hastings was Commander-in-Chief. No. 5, Major Alexander Campbell, commanding the 4th Bengal Native Infantry, was tried in 1820 for ordering a committee of his own officers to investigate his gambling disputes with some officers under his command. The Court found him not guilty, but Lord Hastings did not agree, and the matter was referred back to the Court, which then found him guilty and recommended him "to such admonition for his inaccurate procedure as H.E. the Most Noble the Commander-in-Chief may think proper," and so with a wigging the culprit was "most seriously" admonished. Major Alexander Campbell was continued in his command, promoted to Lieut.-Colonel to command the 32nd Native Infantry in 1822, and the 1st Battalion 16th N.I. in 1824. He died in 1825. His daughter, Catherine Campbell, was married at Cawnpore in 1824 to Lieut. W. J. Macvitie of the Artillery. So we see that the even tenor of his life was not disturbed by his escapade in 1820.

A very different kind of case is recorded in 1770 when No. 139, Lieut. John Campbell (b. 1742), Adjutant and Quarter-Master of Sepoys, was dismissed the service by the Court of Directors "for signing an opinion that Mangalore was not tenable, and for evacuating that Fort." The "young Ensigns" concerned were let off. But it must be borne in mind that in the eighteenth century dismissal from the Company's service did not carry with it the stigma that it bore later on.

Another case of court martial "for using gross and abusive language," ending in a reprimand, occurs in the case of No. 186, Kenneth Campbell, in 1831, when

he was a Lieutenant in the 23rd Native Infantry. He was afterwards transferred to the 45th N.I., and seems to have been a disagreeable man, as in 1838 some of his brother officers would not speak to him, and in 1840 the "coolness" still existed "between Captain Campbell and three officers." In 1843 he was again tried "for highly unbecoming conduct" in using "disrespectful and contumacious observations," and was severely reprimanded.

Tomb Inscriptions

The officer just mentioned, No. 186, Kenneth Campbell, died in 1851 at Bareilly. He was a careless officer, but proved himself a brave one at "Ratnapulling" and "Ramoo" in the Burmese War of 1824, and he left a will saying that the following inscription should be placed on his tomb, wherever that might be:

What thou art reading o'er my bones, I've often read on other stones. And others soon shall read of thee, What thou art reading now of me.

The above tomb inscription proclaims the sentiment of a quarrelsome, disagreeable man, but to No. 120, Lieut.-Colonel James Campbell of the 11th Madras N.I., there was put up a tombstone in 1844 with a very different inscription in Vizianagram Cantonment Cemetery. His record shows him to have served in the 17th, 8th, 33rd, 37th and 11th Madras N.I. successively as an efficient officer. But the only stirring event in his life was the wreck of the Viscount Melbourne between Singapore and China on January 5, 1842, when he lost his property. Yet on his death the officers of the 19th and 33rd N.I., and the men of the latter regiment put up a monument to him with inscriptions in English and Telugu "as a token of the expression of their grief for the old and good

father Campbell." Evidently his was a case of an efficient, kindly officer whose lot was cast in uneventful lines.

Another tombstone in the old cemetery at Chunar, dating from 1822, refers to an incident only too common in the pioneer days in Northern India. No. 60, Ensign Daniel Campbell, of the 19th Bengal N.I. (the Nineteenth Volunteers), aged eighteen, died of "fever and liver complaint, caught while clearing the Hilleah Pass for the march of the European Regiment"; and this tombstone to a boy was erected by his brother officers "in testimony of their extreme regard."

Misbehaviour

Irrespective of courts martial, an instructive case of misbehaviour and the feeling towards it occurs in the story of No. 195, Lieut-Colonel Neil Campbell, a son of "Colin Mhor" of Kilmartin, who joined the Bengal Army in 1809, and within six months of his landing in India, as an Ensign, was imprisoned for eight months and fined, presumably by the civil authority, for "ill-treating a Circar" (civil Indian official). This little incident does not, however, seem to have interfered with his military promotion, for he was a Lieutenant in 1814 and retired as a Lieut.-Colonel in 1841, sharing in the Bhurtpore prize-money in 1825. He married and had a son, No. 73, Dugald Campbell, in the Madras Medical Service.

Another kind of case illustrating bygone customs is that of No. 32, Captain Archibald Charles Campbell (1807–1845), Adjutant of the 1st Light Cavalry, who was committed to Calcutta Gaol for debt on January 11, 1836, and discharged 5th March, 1836 "by order of the Insolvent Court." After his discharge he married Emily Payter on July 11, 1836, at Calcutta, and had issue in the H.E.I.C. service: see Group F. It is not astonishing to read that this officer's widow was

admitted to the benefit of Lord Clive's Fund in 1846, the year after his death.

Medical Services

The Clan Campbell, like other Scotsmen, played a large part in the medical services of the H.E.I.C., producing several distinguished men. In the days of the Company's Army it was not the practice to bestow military honours on medical men, so it is not easy to separate, from bare lists of "services," the distinguished from the undistinguished among the "doctors," as it is in the case of the combatant officers. But in some cases there can be no question as to distinction.

No. 96, Sir George Campbell, M.D., of Edenwood, the eldest son of the Rev. George Campbell, D.D., Minister of Cupar-Fife, and elder brother of John, Lord Campbell (Lord Chancellor), 1778–1854, served in India with great distinction from 1800 to 1820. He was the father of Sir George Campbell (1824–1892), Lieut.-Governor of Bengal and a well-known M.P. for Kirkcaldy, and also of John Scarlett Campbell (1828–

1897), a distinguished member of the I.C.S.

Captain Thomas Campbell, R.N., of Looe, Cornwall, had two sons, who both greatly distinguished themselves in the Bengal Medical Service. The eldest, No. 85, was born in 1815, and became surgeon to the Cleopatra in 1840. Then, as Surgeon-Major, he served in the Afghan War in 1841–1842, and was present at the Battle of Maharajpore in 1845, and next served with the Governor-General's Bodyguard at Mookdee, Ferozeshahr, Aliwal and Sobraon in the Sikh War, and in the Santhal Rebellion. He was finally Presidency-Surgeon in Calcutta, 1859-1864, after he had served as Inspector of Hospitals in the Crimea in 1855. He retired in 1864 and did not die until 1890, aged seventy-eight—a fine specimen of an old Indian Officer. His younger brother, No. 167, John Campbell, M.D. and

finally C.B., who was born in 1817, was if anything even more distinguished. He was in the Afghan War in 1845–1846, and finally in the Mutiny at Chinhut and the Siege of Lucknow, 1857, being mentioned in despatches and winning the C.B. He retired with his brother in 1864 and lived on until 1904, dying at

eighty-seven years of age.

No. 172, John Colin Campbell (1808–1869), joined the Madras Medical Service in 1831, and in 1838 was conspicuous for his knowledge of diseases of the eye. In 1843 he was rewarded for his services "in the organisation of the Kornoul [Karnul] Horse," which was one of the great number of irregular troops then in existence. He then became Surgeon to the Raja of Mysore from 1848 to 1865, when he retired. No. 113, James Campbell, M.D., was the great-grandson of the first Earl of Breadalbane by illegitimate descent, but this did not prevent the second Earl, as his kinsman, from standing security for him to the Company—a comment on the manners of the day. He was born in 1756 and reached Bengal in 1783, becoming a distinguished medical man as Surgeon and Apothecary-General at the Presidency in 1803–1817, in which last year he died at Barrackpore. He belonged to an "Indian" family and left three sons, besides grandsons, in the Company's service (see Group B).

An earlier medical man of distinction was No. 58, Daniel Campbell, M.D., who commenced as Surgeon of the Norfolk in 1761 and wound up as Surgeon-General in 1777, and finally died at Johanna, Comoro Islands, on his way out to India from furlough. Another distinguished officer was No. 40, Arthur Lewis Stuart Campbell, a scion of an "Indian" family (see Group K), 1822–1868, who died at Futtehpore. He entered the Bengal Service in 1846, and served in the Sikh War, 1848–1849, and against the Bussy Khel Afridis in 1855, reaching the rank of

Surgeon-Major. No. 127, James Drummond Campbell, a man of humble origin, was born in 1787 and joined the Bombay Medical Service in 1808, being employed in the Persian Gulf, where he was appointed Surgeon to "the Prince Royal and his household." Here he served so as to win the regard of Sir Gore Ouseley "on account of his general merits in the professional and diplomatic duties" on which he was employed. He died in Teheran in 1818, leaving an illegitimate son, who was also in the Bombay Medical Service, No. 10, Alexander Campbell, and he had a brother, No. 4, Alexander Campbell, in the Bombay Infantry (see Group L). Yet another member of an "Indian" family was No. 128, James Drummond Campbell, also of the Bombay Medical Service, but of very different descent. This duplication of names and services exhibits the difficulty of dealing accurately with the history of a Scottish clan. This second James Drummond Campbell was the son of John Campbell of the I.C.S., Sessions Judge of Sylhet, and was born in 1817. He joined the Bombay Medical Service in 1841 and died prematurely in 1844 (see Group K).

There are several Archibald Campbells in the list, and two who were M.D., Nos. 28 and 29. No. 28 was in the Madras Medical Service and is separately dealt with. He was unconnected with No. 29, who served on the Bengal side. No. 29 was a distinguished man and was the son of Lieut. Archibald Campbell of Ardmore and Helen Campbell, his wife. He was born in 1805 and went to Bengal in 1827, and was Surgeon-Major in 1861. As a young man he was Resident at Katmandoo in Nepal in 1838, and helped in that capacity to settle the boundary between Sikkim and Nepal in 1839. In 1840 his house and the public records were destroyed by fire. In 1842 he wrote a valuable account of the Sepehas, and reported on a

Mission to the Bhutan frontier, and in 1849 he was with the great botanist, Dr. Hooker, when they were seized by the Diwan of Sikkim and imprisoned until rescued by a military expedition. In 1860 he and his party were attacked by the people of Sikkim and defended themselves with great skill and pluck, and in 1861 he was with the avenging force over the Runjeet River. He retired in 1862 and died in 1874. Truly a great life for a medical man.

No. 240, William Campbell, M.D., of the Bombay Medical Service, 1818–1892, served in India till 1844, when he went to the Persian Gulf as Residency Surgeon-Major. In 1849 he was back in Bombay, where he held various important appointments, until he became Presidency-Surgeon in 1864, and retired in

1867.

Linguistic Attainments

A mastery of one or more of the Indian languages is of great importance in India to those who essay to govern or command there, and there are several instances of conspicuous linguistic attainments among the military officers of the Clan Campbell in the H.E.I.C. service. Of course, every officer of a Native Regiment has perforce some knowledge of the language of the men among whom he serves, and it will be seen, from a perusal of the record of the Clan Campbell military officers, that nearly every distinguished man was a good linguist.

A conspicuous instance of a knowledge of Oriental languages and of the use to which it can be put is that of No. 214, Colonel Robert Campbell, a cadet of the line of Barcaldine. He was a son of Major Colin Campbell of the North Lowland Fencibles, and was born in 1800 and lived till 1889, dying in his ninetieth year after a long and useful service in India. In 1828 he passed a high examination in Persian, Urdu and

Hindi, and the knowledge thus acquired was put to good use. When quite a lad—still an Ensign—his linguistic learning was of value, as he commanded a detachment of the 2nd Battalion 10th Native Infantry and the Rungpore Local Battalion against the Garrow [Garo] tribes with success in 1823. In the two following years he was in the operations in Cachar. In 1826 he was the interpreter to the 43rd N.I., and in 1835 he was a useful A.D.C. to Sir Henry Fane, Commander-in-Chief. In 1838—9 he commanded the force to keep the Bolan Pass clear to Quetta, when his "languages" must have been of great use, as he "discharged his important duties as Commanding Officer with very great ability," though he was unrewarded. He retired in 1855 before the Mutiny.

Another instance of conspicuous success in languages was No. 81, Lieut. Duncan Charles Campbell of the Madras N.I., 1806–1836, a son of Major Charles Stuart Campbell of the 26th Regiment. He passed "a very creditable examination" in Hindustani as an Ensign in 1830, two years after he had joined the Army, was an interpreter by 1834, and passed "a creditable examination" in Persian in 1835. In the next year

he was killed in a carriage accident.

In No. 13, Lieut.-Colonel Alexander Brodie Campbell of the Bombay Army, we have yet another instance of linguistic attainments. He was of humble origin and became a volunteer in the Bombay Marine, having previously been an Army cadet. In 1805 he again became a cadet and finally rose to be a Lieut.-Colonel in the Commissariat Department. His one claim to distinction is that "as an officer conversant with native languages" he was appointed to attend on Missa Begum, aunt of the Nawab of the Carnatic, on her pilgrimage to Mecca in 1814. What stories he must have told in Scotland during his retirement there in 1835 to his death in 1855!

No. 251, Lieut.-Colonel William Rose Campbell of Ballochyle, of the Madras Army, 1819–1872, was a very different kind of man and was also a first-class Oriental scholar, besides being a distinguished soldier. He joined in 1841 and became a Lieut.-Colonel in 1867. In 1857 he was an Assistant-Resident at Hyderabad, and during the Mutiny he personally discovered a plot in the territories of the Raja of Sholapur, his linguistic attainments coming prominently into play. In 1863 he was Magistrate in Madras and afterwards at Ootacamund from 1864 to 1868, returning to England in the latter year. Subsequently, as a Scottish landowner, he became J.P. and D.L. for Argyll. He married twice, his first wife being the Hon. Clementina Maria, daughter of John, eighth Viscount Arbuthnot.

No. 211, Lieut.-Colonel Robert Campbell of the Bombay Army, 1782–1837, the son of a farmer of Lochmaben, was a great linguist, but not a good soldier. He became an Ensign in 1804 and a Lieut.-Colonel in 1833. In 1836 he was President of a committee at Bombay to examine officers in Hindustani, Marathi and Persian. He died in London in the following

year.

" Indian " Families

Passing now to the groups of Campbells whose pedigrees have been given above, they show that, so far as the Clan Campbell was concerned at any rate, the three great services under the H.E.I.C.—the civil, the military and the medical—were looked upon as of equal standing, fathers, sons, brothers, nephews and cousins serving alike in any one of them. They also show that the Company's merchants in the seventeenth, eighteenth and early nineteenth centuries took a social position on a par with the Company's services, before the days of the late "box-wallas." Campbells that were distinguished are marked in the

group pedigrees with D or VD (very distinguished), but it will be seen that distinction arose from two causes—from a man's own services or from his circumstances. Some instances have been already dealt with, and those that belonged to "Indian" families will now be considered.

In group A, sub-group I, there were two distinguished men. No. 45, Major-General Charles Campbell, 1807–1879, had a career typical in many respects. He entered the Bengal Army in 1823 and retired in He married a daughter of James Wemyss, 1860. B.C.S., nephew of the Earl of Wemyss, and had a son, No. 184, Lieutenant John Wemyss Campbell, who died of cholera in 1860 aged twenty-six, but he was then Second in Command of the Multanee Cavalry. So in him we see a promising career cut short. General Charles Campbell served in the Burmese War of 1824 and then became a Deputy Paymaster. He next served in Afghanistan in 1842, but in 1844 he was removed from his appointment with "marked disapproval of his conduct." The Court of Directors, however, revoked the decision and deprecated injury to his prospects. He next served at Chillianwalah and Gujarat in the Sikh War, and was mentioned in Lord Gough's despatches in 1849. Here we have another case, in addition to those above quoted, of injustice set right.

General Charles Campbell's next brother, No. 166, Lieut.-Colonel John Campbell of the Madras Infantry, was distinguished by circumstances. He twice married the daughters of men in high positions. Firstly, Margaret, daughter of Dr. P. Mathews, Physician to the King of Oudh (by whom he had a distinguished son, No. 216, Major-General Robert Byng Patricia Price Campbell), and secondly, Princess Victoria Gouramma of Coorg. Personally he was an officer who did well in the Commissariat Department and as

a Remount Officer, but in 1867 he mysteriously disappeared from his residence in London and his death was subsequently presumed. The romantic story of Princess Gouramma is well known and need not be repeated here. She died of consumption in 1864. The third brother, No. 54, Major Colin Campbell of the Madras Infantry, also married the daughter of a well-known man, Sir Archibald Galloway, Chairman of the E.I.Co. He was a good linguist in Hindustani and bore a good character, but was found to be wanting

in military qualifications.

No. 216, Major-General Robert Byng Patricia Price Campbell, 1838–1897, was a man personally distinguished. He joined the Bengal Army in 1854 and became a Major-General in 1893. He served in the Mutiny with the Bengal Fusiliers at Meerut, Jhuggur, Rewarree and Rohilcund, and with the Punjab Cavalry in the hunt after the flying rebels in Oudh, being recommended for the V.C. by Sir Hope Grant when Sandford was killed. He was afterwards in five frontier campaigns between 1859 and 1879, and was with the Guides in the Afghan War of 1878–1880. He retired in 1891, receiving a good-service pension in 1893. He married the daughter of No. 188, Leveson Granville Alexander Campbell, and thus mingled two "Indian" families of distinction. In him we see a case of hereditary distinction, as he was on his mother's side the grandson of a distinguished man and on his grandmother's side the great-grandson of another distinguished man. His son is Lt.-Col. Hector Campbell, M.V.O., D.S.O., of the Q.V.O. Corps of Guides.

Sub-group II of group A, which intermarried, as above explained, with sub-group I, produced four distinguished officers in the Indian military service, two other Campbells who were distinguished, and one very distinguished military officer. Group II came

down from William Campbell of Fairfield, who married as his second wife, Catherine, daughter of a man of great distinction, Captain William Gunning, who fell at Guadaloupe in 1757, and niece of Sir Robert Gunning, Bt., of Horton. They had four sons in the Indian Armies and one in the Indian Civil Service. Of these, the second, No. 46, Major Charles Hay Campbell, 1789–1832, was a distinguished man. He joined the Bengal Artillery in 1803 and served under Lord Lake in the attack on Heerapoore Fort in 1808, and on Rajaoli and Fort Adjeegarh in Rohilcund in 1809. He also served in the Nepalese Campaign in 1814 and in the capture of Hathras under Sir J. Horsford in 1817. He then became Deputy Secretary to Government in the Military Department in 1820, and after that he had charge of the Cossipore and Futtehghur gun-factories from 1821 to 1832, dying at the last-named place. He was a good professional writer in the British Indian Military Register. He had an illegitimate son, No. 15, Alexander Duncan Campbell, Lieutenant and Interpreter in Hindustani, and three legitimate sons in the Indian military services.

Of Major Charles Hay Campbell's legitimate sons, No. 188, Captain Leveson Granville Alexander Campbell, 1825–1907, was a cornet in the Ayrshire Yeomanry, and joined the 53rd Bengal Native Infantry in 1846, which regiment mutinied at Cawnpore in 1857. But in the interval he had become Second in Command of the 2nd Battalion Assam Light Infantry while still a lieutenant, and with this Corps he served in the Mutiny. He retired in 1861 and became J.P. for Ayr. Through his eldest son, Major Leveson Granville Campbell of the Ayr Yeomanry, he had a grandson, Lieutenant Charles Hay Campbell, born 1883, in the Corps of Guides, Indian Army. His second son, General Sir Frederick Campbell (born 1860), was a very distinguished officer in the Indian Army after the

days of the H.E.I.C. His daughter, Ada Murray Campbell, married No. 216, Robert Byng Patricia Price Campbell, and so joined sub-group II to sub-group I. Captain Charles Hay Campbell's second son, No. 99, Captain George Gunning John Campbell, 1828–1865, married Charlotte Lockhart, daughter of William Ambrose Morehead, a distinguished man, who acted as Governor of Madras.

To go back to William Campbell of Fairfield, we find his second son, Alexander Duncan Campbell of the Madras Civil Service, twin brother to No. 46, Major Charles Hay Campbell, had a distinguished son, No. 16, Major-General Alexander Henry Edward Campbell, born in 1834, who like his uncle joined the Ayrshire Yeomanry and then the Madras Cavalry in 1854, retiring as a Major-General in 1886. From 1863 he served in various capacities of distinction under the Government of the Nizam of Hyderabad. He married the daughter of a distinguished officer, General Augustus Clarke, at Poona, and had three distinguished sons, Brig.-Genl. Alexr. A. E. Campbell, who served in the N.W.F. expeditions, 1892, 1894-5; Colonel Malcolm S. C. Campbell, who served in the Burma Campaign 1885–1887, and in the China Field Force 1900 (awarded the Albert Medal, 1912); and Brigadier-General Leslie W. Y. Campbell, who served with distinction in the Tirah Campaign, the Great War and the third Afghan War of 1919.

William Campbell of Fairfield's fourth son, No. 91, Major Gabriel Napier Christie Burton Campbell, 1790–1839, a capable officer, married Selina Elizabeth Gore and had by her a distinguished son, No. 194, General Napier George Campbell, 1826–1912. He went to India overland in 1843 and became a General in 1891. He passed in Hindustani in 1846, became Military Secretary to the Governor of Madras in 1872, and finally Deputy Inspector-General of Ordnance in

1878. He married his cousin, daughter of No. 46, Charles Hay Campbell, and had a son George, who was in the Indian Police and died in Burma. Thus ends the story of a great group of Indian officers who served their country and the H.E.I.C. well, and produced many distinguished men. From both sides they were descended from parents springing from distinguished people, and several of them married the daughters of distinguished personages. Their story

is a strong instance of the effect of heredity.

Passing on to group B, we find that No. 113, Dr. James Campbell, a distinguished Bengal medical officer, who has already been described, married the daughter of a distinguished man, Sir James Campbell of Inverneill, and the son of their third son, No. 159, Lieut.-Colonel John Campbell, was also distinguished. He was No. 176, Major-General John George Campbell, 1838–1912. He entered the 15th Bengal Native Infantry in 1856 and became a major-general in 1894, serving with distinction in the Mutiny and in the Bhutan Campaign 1864-5, and finally joining the Public Works Department. Dr. James Campbell had another son, No. 118, James Campbell, who was lost in the Skelton Castle in 1806 while on the way to India. Another cadet of the Clan Campbell, No. 78, Duncan Campbell, was also lost in that ill-fated ship, which sailed with the *Union* and the *Matilda* and was never heard of again after the consorts had been a fortnight on the way. No. 125, Lieutenant James Archibald Campbell, a brother of No. 176, Major-General George Campbell, was murdered, when twenty-four years of age, in the Mutiny of the troops of the Rani of Jhansi in 1857.

Connected with group B is No. 48, Major-General Charles William Campbell, 1836–1894, a distinguished officer of the Bengal Army, who was the son of Lieutenant Charles William Campbell of the 39th Regiment,

a cadet of Glenfalloch, who married Charlotte Olympia Cockburn Campbell, daughter of John Campbell of Kinloch. He joined the 11th Bengal Native Infantry in 1854 and the Bengal Cavalry in 1866. He served through the Mutiny at Chinhut, Lucknow and Cawnpore, and in the China War of 1860 with Fane's Horse. In 1881 he was injured when training a young horse, but nevertheless he served in the Egyptian Campaign of 1882. He unsuccessfully claimed the Earldom of Breadalbane in 1862, but was succeeded in it by his son as ninth Earl and thirteenth Baronet, on the death of his cousing the eighth Earl in 1862.

of his cousin, the eighth Earl, in 1923.

In group C we have two sub-groups of cousins. sub-group I were the descendants of Lachlan Campbell of Craignish and Margaret, daughter of Thomas Fraser, by Charlotte Campbell, grand-daughter of the first Earl of Argyll, who was beheaded in 1685. Subgroup II were descended from John Campbell XIV of Barbreck and Elizabeth Hay. Sub-group I produced a distinguished grandson, No. 226, Major-General Thomas Hay Campbell, who was born in 1812 and became a cornet of the 2nd Battalion Madras Artillery in 1831. In 1841, as a lieutenant, he was in command of B Company, 5th Battalion, when the native troops mutinied at Secunderabad. He became Commissary of Ordnance in 1850 and Superintendent of the Guncarriage Factory in 1865–1871. He retired in 1872. In 1890 he published privately "Craignish and Lagganlochan."

In sub-group II, the eldest son of John Campbell XIV. of Barbreck, No. 42, Colonel Charles Campbell XV., was a distinguished man and married Susannah, daughter of Captain de Morgan of Madras. He began life as a second lieutenant of an Independent Company and joined the Madras Army in 1749, becoming a colonel in 1765. In 1752 as a lieutenant he saved the life of de Kerjean, son-in-law of Dupleix at Bahur;

but he seems to have been a turbulent character, for he resigned the service in 1759, but returned the next year. In 1762 he was in command as a major and took part in the second siege of Madura, his "Journal" of which is among the Orme MSS. His son, No. 66, Captain Donald Campbell XVI. of Barbreck, was a very remarkable man. He was born in 1751 and became an ensign in Madras in 1765 and captain in 1771. was a prisoner with Haidar Ali's forces in 1769 and then he had to proceed to England for his health. 1795 he published his "Journey Overland to India," which showed that he had commanded a cavalry regiment of the Nawab of the Carnatic, and had been shipwrecked, besides being imprisoned by Haidar Ali. His account of his journey made him a famous man, and he published a political pamphlet in 1798 against the Government of his day. In 1778 he married Mary, the daughter of Lord Frederick Campbell. Their son, Frederick William Campbell, born in 1782, was a captain in the 1st Regiment of the Guards and married Sophia, daughter of Sir Edward Winnington, Bt., M.P. They had a daughter, Sophia Jane Campbell, who married Sir Peter Burrell, Bt., fourth Lord Gwydyr. From the last named couple came the Campbell diamond (the Barbreck jewel) down to Lady Henniker Heaton, daughter of the fifth Lord Gwydyr, who now has it.

John Campbell XIV. of Barbreck had a daughter Mary, who married Colonel Campbell of Glensaddell. They had a very distinguished son, No. 65, Major Donald Campbell, born in 1726. He first joined the Guards and then entered the Company's service in 1752, becoming a lieut.-colonel in 1765 in Madras. He succeeded Major Preston as a major when the latter was killed at Madura. He was severely wounded by fourteen sword cuts during the siege and was taken prisoner, but was very kindly treated by Yusuf Khan, the rebel commander. In 1764 he became Com-

mandant of Madura and Tinnevelly. He next served against the Polygars of Tinnevelly, and in 1767 he made a report. In the next year he took the forts of Vencatagherry, Mulwagul and Colar, resigning in 1771 and dying at Saddell Castle in 1784. He left a daughter, Anne Campbell, who married Sir Robert Turing, Bt., and their daughter, Mary, married Major-General Francis Aiskell, a distinguished officer of the H.E.I.C. Army. As uncle to No. 66, Donald Campbell XVI. of Barbreck, he looked after his nephew on his first arrival in Madras.

In 1783 another distinguished Campbell, No. 93, Major-General George Campbell, c. 1740–1799, succeeded Major Donald Campbell at Vellore. This officer had a curious career. He was the son of Lachlan Campbell of Islay, Argyll, and of Ulster Co., New York. He was ensign in the 42nd Foot (1st Black Watch) in 1760 in America, and retired in 1769. He then joined the H.E.I.C. service as ensign in 1770 in Madras, and became a captain by 1777. The American War having broken out, he returned to New York and fought for the King, becoming a lieut.colonel. He was disbanded in 1783 and went back to India, succeeding No. 65, Major Dugald Campbell, at Vellore as abovesaid. He was a major-general by 1795 and died, on half-pay in the King's American Regiment of Foot, at Madras, leaving a will in favour of his son Robert Preston Campbell, a boy at school. His "property" is illuminating as to the manners of the day, for he left 10,000 star pagodas at interest "with the Nawab" at 12 per cent., due monthly. Some merchants in Madras were to look after it and remit the interest to England. Taking the pagoda at three and a half rupees and the rupee at 2s. 6d. at that date, the boy's income would be £525 per annum, quite a handsome sum at that period. The whole story shows what military possibilities at the end of the eighteenth century were, and the doings of the entire group also show to what degree of heredity

distinction in military service can reach.

Group D consists of Campbells from Ireland, which produced three very distinguished men and four others who commenced as military officers and wound up their careers as Indian civil officials. John Campbell of Tuam, Galway, had a son, John Campbell of Ballyshannon, who married Jane, daughter of the Rev. Edward Forbes of Killbanan Castle, Donegal, and their son, Sir Robert Campbell, Bt., became very distinguished, as he was a merchant of Madras who rose to be a Governor of the H.E.I.C. He was directly responsible for many a Campbell in the Company's service, having four of his own sons and three great-nephews in it. He married Elizabeth, daughter of Dr. Gilbert Pasley, Physician-General of Madras, a distinguished man. Sir Robert's eldest son, No. 180, Sir John Nicoll Robert Campbell, Bt., was as distinguished as himself. He was born in 1799 and joined the Madras Cavalry in 1818, and as a lieutenant was A.D.C. to Sir John Malcolm and the Commander-in-Chief. While still a lieutenant he became an Assistant Envoy to Persia, being then interpreter to his regiment and later Persian interpreter to the Army Head-Quarters. In 1826 he accompanied Sir John Macdonald to Persia, and on his death, in 1830, succeeded him as Envoy, being then a captain, his highest military rank. He made his "Report on Persian Affairs" in 1835 and resigned on a special pension. He retired in 1839 and died in Germany in 1870.

Sir Robert's second son, No. 86, Lieut.-Colonel Sir Edward Alexander Campbell, was also a very distinguished man. He was born in 1801, became a cornet of Bengal Cavalry in 1817 and lieut.-colonel in 1841. He was A.D.C. to the Commander-in-Chief as a

cornet and on the Army Staff as a captain. He served with much distinction at the Siege of Bhurtpore 1825-6, where he was severely wounded, and also subsequently in the Afghan War in 1842. He retired in 1845, having been knighted at the Queen's Accession in 1838, and died in 1850. Sir Robert's third and fourth sons, No. 219, Robert Henry Scott Campbell, and No. 134, James William Henry Campbell, both commenced in the army and then joined the I.C.S. in early life; and so did two of the grandsons of a brother of Sir Robert, No. 89, Edward Lennox Campbell, and No. 129, Lieutenant James Gordon Campbell. A third son, No. 171, Captain John Charles Harris Campbell, died insane in 1839, aged 37.

In group E are two sub-groups of cousins. In sub-group I are two officers, father and son, bearing the odd Christian name of Ivie. The father, No. 107, Major Ivie Campbell, 1788–1837, was an efficient officer of the Nizam's Regiment of Cavalry, and his son, No. 108, also Major Ivie Campbell, 1819–1861, was a Hindustani linguist and became a deputy commissioner in West Berar. Ivie appears to have been a "family" name, as he had a cousin, Ivie Hare Macrae, on the Stock Exchange. In sub-group II, No. 79, Lieutenant Duncan Campbell, 1788–1819, says in his will that he was a cousin of the brothers No. 107, Ivie Campbell and No. 17, Alexander Livingstone Campbell.

In group F the connection between the two subgroups is less clear. In sub-group I, Donald Campbell XIV. of Dunstaffnage had a son, No. 156, John Campbell, 1775–1816, in the Madras Medical Service, a witness to whose will was No. 157, Major John Campbell, 1786–1833. He had three sons in the Indian services, of whom the second, No. 32, Archibald Charles Campbell, 1807–1845, is dealt with under cases of misbehaviour. This Archibald Charles had

a son, No. 33, Colonel Archibald Dunstaffnage Campbell, 1840–1912, and his daughter Isobel Campbell, who married George Payter (apparently a cousin on her mother's side), had a daughter, Mary Emily, who married a very distinguished man, Sir James Thomson Currie of the B.C.S. Dr. John Campbell's third son, No. 197, Lieutenant Osborne Campbell, was dangerously wounded in a duel with Lieutenant Tytler at Mussoorie in 1844 and was transferred to the Invalid Establishment. He died in 1874

aged 66.

Sub-group II of group F commences with a very distinguished man, No. 70, Major-General Dugald Campbell of Auchinbreck, 1742-1809. He joined the Madras Cavalry in 1767, but in 1764 he had been in the 2nd Battalion Sepoys (Foot) as a lieutenant, and as captain he became quartermaster-general in 1780. Finally as a colonel he commanded the 3rd Native Cavalry in 1795, becoming a major-general in 1798, and subsequently in 1800 commanding the Ceded Districts of Hyderabad. In 1767 and 1773 he saw much active service against Haidar Ali and the Nizam of Hyderabad. In 1774 he was at both the sieges of Tanjore, and at that of Pondicherry in 1778. In 1780 he was quartermaster-general under Sir Eyre Coote, and in the same year he was lent to the Nawab of the Carnatic until 1784. He then went to England, but in 1793 he was at the siege of Pondicherry, and then commanded the Tinnevelly Province till 1795. 1800 he was complimented by the Governor-in-Council for his management of the command of the "Ceded Country" of Hyderabad. In 1803 he was Second in Command of the Army in the Field in the Maratha War, and finally in 1807 he was in command in Mysore. It was a typically successful military career of the period, but he had many grievances in his various petitions. At the same time contemporary letters show that his

services were much appreciated by his subordinates. He had two sons in the Indian military services, No. 243, Captain William Coote Campbell, 1785–1813, and No. 157, the Major John Campbell who was witness to the will of No. 156, Dr. John Campbell above mentioned. He had besides a very distinguished son, Major-General Sir James Campbell of Sanda, who married Lady Dorothea Louisa Cuffe, daughter of the first Earl of Desart.

No. 243, Captain William Coote Campbell, died in 1813, aged 28, as a very promising young officer. His younger brother, No. 157, Major John Campbell, was Assistant Commissary-General from 1819 to 1825 and died in 1833, leaving an illegitimate son, No. 75, Major Dugald John Philip Campbell, who became a distinguished man. He was born in 1828, joined the 7th Madras Native Infantry in 1846 and became a major in 1866, serving in the Second Burmese War in 1852 and in the Mutiny in 1857–1859 with distinction. In 1860 he was an engineer in the Public Works Department, Mysore, and retired in 1871. Finally, he became well known as City Marshal in London, and died in his office on duty in 1885.

Group G descended from John Campbell of Lochend, 1774–1826, who died in Australia, having married Annabella, daughter of John Campbell of Melfort, and having three sons in the Indian services, of whom No. 161, General Sir John Campbell was very distinguished. He was born in 1801 and joined the British Army in 1819 and the Indian Army in 1820, rising to be a general in 1872. In 1823 he was Adjutant of the Rifle Corps, and in 1825 with the Light Field Division of the Hyderabad Subsidiary Force on the Staff. He then went home on sick leave, when he submitted a scheme for economical recruiting. In 1833 he was present at the capture of Jeringhy, where he greatly distinguished himself as a captain.

In 1836 he was on field service at Goomsoor and showed conspicuous gallantry at Oodagherry, and then captured "Bemgo Malika" a Khond Chief: of these proceedings he produced a highly valued "Report." Subsequently he went into civil employ in Ganjam and administered the Goomsoor Zemindary (State), serving with distinction and raising a "Sibbendy Corps," an irregular force (see *Indian Antiquary*, xxv. 257, 314; xxvii. 252, for the history of the term by the present writer). He did splendid service for his country in helping to put down human sacrifice among the Khonds in 1838, which gave him civil promotion. In 1842 he rejoined military service in China. In 1847 he was again in civil employ, doing magnificent service in suppressing the Meriah (human) sacrifices and female infanticide in Orissa. In 1861 he published his well-known books on his work in Ganjam and Orissa, which however drew other books on behalf of his coadjutor, Charters Macpherson. He died on furlough in 1878, aged 77.

Sir John Campbell married Eliza, daughter of John Harrington, M.C.S., and left a distinguished son, No. 169, Colonel John Alexander Campbell, 1831–1912, who entered the Madras Army in 1849 and became a colonel in 1879. He joined the Mysore Commission in 1862, becoming Commissioner in 1869. In 1893 he became well known as Private Secretary first to the Maharaja, and then to the Maharani of Mysore. He married Anna Augusta, daughter of H. A. Brett, M.C.S., and had two sons, one a coffee-planter and the other in the Burma police. His daughter, Eliza Adelaide, married George Romilly, I.C.S. Sir John's second son, No. 247, William Henry Campbell, 1835–1871, travelled overland to India, joined the Madras Army in 1853 and the Mysore Public Works Department in 1857. He married Ellen Magdalena, daughter of Brigadier-General John Desbrisay Mein

of the Madras Army, and by her he had a son, Major-General John Campbell, greatly distinguished in the Great War. Of Sir John's brothers, No. 31, Lieutenant Archibald Alexander, died of wounds received in the First Burmese War, aged twenty-two, and his third brother, No. 238, Lieutenant William Campbell, died on the way home in 1827 in the *Hibbert*, aged twenty-So great is the difference of the fate of brothers

in the Army.

The officers of group H all died young, but in group J there were two distinguished brothers, sons of Duncan Campbell of Inverneil, of the B.C.S. No. 97, General George Campbell, 1803-1882, joined the Bengal Army in 1822, rising to be a general in 1874. He served first in the Burmese War 1824–1826. 1840 he was A.D.C. to the Lieut.-Governor of the North-West Provinces and then distinguished himself in the Gwalior Campaign in 1843 and in the Sikh Wars of 1845-6, being present at Moodkee, Ferozeshah and Sobraon. Always a very efficient officer, he served through the Mutiny in 1857-8. His brother was No. 36, Major-General Archibald Lorne Campbell, 1804– 1883, and was also a distinguished officer. He joined the Bengal Cavalry in 1821 and retired as a majorgeneral in 1861. As a captain he was Military Secretary to Sir Robert Dick and A.D.C. to Sir Jasper Nicholls, when his horse was shot under him. He was in the Afghan War in 1842 and in the action at Maharajpore in 1843, and was present at Aliwal and Sobraon, when he cut down a standard-bearer and captured his standard and also an officer of the Sikh Artillery.

In group K, John Campbell, B.C.S., 1799–1834, had three sons in the Indian military services. these, No. 128, James Drummond Campbell and No. 40, Surgeon-Major Arthur Lewis Stuart Campbell, were both in the Medical Service and have already been dealt with. A third son, No. 173, Major-General John Douglas Campbell, 1820–1885, was a distinguished man who started well by winning an artillery sword at Addiscombe during training. He entered the Bengal Engineers in 1840 and retired in 1877 as Lieut.-General R.E. He served with the Army of Gwalior in 1843–4 and was present at the Battle of Maharajpore. He also served in Pegu in the Second Burmese War in 1852–3 and in the Mutiny at Agra in 1857.

In group L, No. 4, Major Alexander Campbell, a good sportsman and evidently, from his correspondence with the Bombay Fencible Regiment, a good fellow, was killed by a fall from his horse during some sports in 1817, aged thirty-nine. His younger brother, No. 127, James Drummond Campbell of the Bombay Medical Service, has been already mentioned, and so has his illegitimate son, No. 10, Alexander Campbell.

In group M, Colonel Colin Campbell of Cononish, No. 53*, had a son, No. 228, Lieut.-Colonel Wellesley Campbell, 1839–1886. He joined the Bengal Army in the Mutiny (1857) and served with distinction throughout it, and again with conspicuous distinction in the Cossyah and Jynteah Hills of Assam in 1862–3. Subsequently he served in the campaigns against the Jowaki Afridis on the North-West Frontier in 1877–8 and in the Afghan War of 1878–9. He died in Calcutta in 1886. He was also brother to Colin Campbell, the celebrated sheep farmer of Cononish, and part owner of the estate.

The last group of "Indian" families is group N. It was descended from the celebrated Archibald Campbell, Earl of Argyll, who was beheaded in 1685. His third son, the Hon. Charles Campbell, had two distinguished grandsons. No. 204, Major Richard Campbell, 1741–1781, was a lieutenant in the Bombay Army in 1769 and distinguished himself at Perseek and

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Callian in the Maratha War. He was the youngest man in his day appointed to be a major. He left a son, No. 114, Lieutenant James Campbell of the Bombay Army. The brother of Major Richard Campbell was Lieut.-Colonel John Campbell of O'Farrell's Foot, who became Governor of Plymouth and was himself a distinguished personage.

Distinguished Individuals

It will have been perceived from the preceding accounts of members of the Clan Campbell in India that men have become distinguished for two reasons—firstly, as the result of their personal efforts, and secondly, as the result of their circumstances. So far, only those who belonged to Groups or Families have been considered, but there are a few cases of single individuals who became distinguished in one or other of the above categories.

No. 12, Cadet Alexander Augustus Melfort Campbell was the youngest son of Lieut.-General Sir Colin Campbell of Melfort, and was born in 1827. He was in India as a cornet for one year, 1845–6, when he resigned and went into the British Cavalry. He retired as a captain in 1855 and joined the Colonial Service, serving as President of one West India island after another, and then as Treasurer of Gibraltar, where he died in 1890, greatly regretted, as he was very popular.

No. 23, Lieut.-General Sir Archibald Campbell, had a remarkable career in the eighteenth century. The son of a distinguished man, James Campbell, Commissary of the Western Isles and Chamberlain of Argyll, and Elizabeth daughter of James Fisher, another distinguished man, he performed in the last half of the eighteenth century a long series of services of distinction, civil and military. In 1759 he was wounded at Quebec as a captain of Engineers. By 1768 he was

a lieut.-colonel, appointed to be Chief Engineer in Bengal, but he resigned in 1772 from ill-health, having started the great docks at Calcutta. In 1773, on the way home, he reported on the fortifications of Madras. In 1778 he was again in America and captured Savannah as a colonel. In 1782 he became a major-general and was Governor of Jamaica from 1781 to 1784, and of Madras in 1786. In 1787 he published "Regulations" for both British and Native Troops, and in 1788 his "Correspondence" with the Raja of Travancore. In that last year he issued standards to the cavalry regiments and also published directions for raising guinea grass, which he had introduced into Jamaica. He resigned in 1789, and in the same year was elected M.P. for the Stirling Burghs. He died in 1791 and was buried in Westminster Abbey. He left a curious paragraph in his will, which is dated at Madras, 15 November, 1788, and was proved 16 April, 1791, by his brothers, Sir James and Duncan Campbell. The former was to be the chief inheritor subject to the following proviso: "Should my brother Major James Campbell be so unfortunate as to connect himself with any other woman than his lawful wife, it is my positive order that he shall from that hour be struck out of my Will and Testament in the same manner as if his existence had naturally terminated. The man who is capable of injuring an amiable wife and family by such connection forfeits the character of an honest and honorable man and can have no claim to any share of my confidence or fortune."

In the case of No. 105, Colonel Herbert Lowe Campbell, born 1826, we find a different kind of distinction altogether. He joined in 1844 and served in the Sikh Wars in 1848, and was an able adjutant. In 1857 he was with Hodson's Horse at the siege of Delhi in the Mutiny, commanding that celebrated regiment in 1861, and dying on furlough as colonel

in 1881, after having commanded it for about twenty years. In 1877, on Queen Victoria's Proclamation as Empress of India, he was granted the Imperial Medal.

In No. 196, Brigadier-General Neil Campbell, 1801-1856, we find yet another case of an illegitimate son, a cadet of Barcaldine, having a distinguished career. He joined the Bombay Army in 1817, becoming a colonel in 1854. He was in the Survey Department by 1820 and served in that and on the Quartermaster-General's Staff until he was a major and deputy quartermaster-general in the field in 1838, being well reported on by Sir John Keane at Ghazni in 1839. In 1840 he was quartermaster-general and lieut.colonel and was one of the authorities for the map of Afghanistan. He received the personal thanks of Sir Thomas McMahon in 1847 and of the Governor-in-Council in 1850. He retired as a brigadier-general in 1856. His wife, Elizabeth Pollexfen, a widow, died of cholera in 1851.

No. 235, Major William Campbell, was a distinguished officer killed in action. He joined the Bengal Army in 1785 and rose to be deputy adjutant-general in 1803, when he was killed at Laswaree against the Marathas, to the great regret of Lord Lake. He held

considerable landed property in Bengal.

No. 19, Colonel Alexander Patrick Campbell of the Bombay Army, came of a fighting stock who had served in the Peninsular War and with Prince Charlie's Army at Culloden in 1746. He was born in 1821 and soon showed the stuff that was in him, as he saved the life of a lascar (native sailor) who had fallen overboard in a gale from the *Charles Grant* on his way out to India. He was an ensign in 1840. Soon after he landed he shot a tiger in circumstances showing great pluck, and in 1844 he was the first into the Fort of Samanghur. In the same year he was conspicuous for his courage at Punella, and at the attack on the

Fort at Rangna, but in December 1844 he was killed at Sassendroog, showing his wonted courage. His body was saved from the enemy by a plucky Sepoy rifleman of the 16th Madras Native Infantry, named Golopath, to whom the inhabitants of Perth presented a medal. Thus ended in four years a life of the

greatest promise.

No. 69, Captain Dugald Campbell of the Madras European Regiment, was killed at Budgebudge in 1756, a year after he landed in India, having served previously in an Independent Company in England. His claim to distinction lies in the fact that his widow, Mary Campbell, was long supposed to have been the first wife of Warren Hastings, until it was proved that Mary Hastings, who died at Murshidabad in 1759,

was the widow of Captain Buchanan.

No. 181, Major-General John Peter William Campbell, who founded an "Indian" family which did not however serve in the H.E.I.C. Army, was the son of Sir Duncan Campbell, Bt., of Barcaldine, and was born in 1824. He joined the Bengal Army in 1842 and became a major-general in 1876. He served at Moodkee and Ferozeshahr in 1845-6 and in the Hazara Campaign of 1852-3, and was present at the taking of Dehra Ghazi Khan and of the Khanbund Defile in 1857. In 1863 he distinguished himself in the Ambala Campaign, and held a wound pension for the loss of a finger from his sword arm from 1863 to 1901. In 1872 he again distinguished himself in the Dawar Frontier Expedition. In 1876 he retired, and died suddenly in 1901. He was responsible for the introduction of bagpipes into the First Sikh Regiment. He married twice, firstly Frances Charlotte, daughter of Alfred William Begbie, I.C.S., and by her had five sons. The eldest, Colonel Alexander William Dennistoun Campbell, became a cantonment magistrate. His second son was Duncan John Alfred Campbell, B.C.S. His third son was Francis James Brooke Campbell, Lieut.-Colonel Indian Army. His fourth son was Gerald Edward Lyon Campbell, M.C.S. His fifth son was Richard Hamilton Campbell, M.C.S. His eldest daughter, Emily Frances Margaret Campbell, married Lieut.-Colonel Francis Richard Begbie of the Indian Army, and his younger daughter, Elizabeth Helen Montagu, married James R. Drummond, B.C.S. Here we have an instance of a large "Indian" cousin-hood of Clan Campbell blood; even the husband of his daughter, Christina Campbell (by his second wife, Louisa, widow of Captain Bonar, R.A., and daughter of Alexander Campbell of Monzie) took the name of Campbell.

No. 168, Major John Alexander Campbell of Inistorre, was the only son of Captain Alexander Campbell of the Indian Marine and Anne, daughter of a celebrated man, Professor Wallace. He was born in 1816, became a cornet of Madras Cavalry in 1837, served with the Kurnool Field Force in 1839, joined the Public Works Department as an engineer in 1853 and died of sunstroke in 1863. It was an ordinary career, but he had the good fortune to be for a time in charge of Dhuleep Singh after the Sikh Wars, as he was " of conduct and character unexceptionable." was also father of Alexander James Henry Campbell, who succeeded, as heir of entail, to be nineteenth Captain of Dunstaffnage, and his grandson, Lieut. Angus John Campbell, twentieth Captain, has relics of Dhuleep Singh. These last facts connect him with group F of the "Indian" families.

The career of No. 123, Colonel James Campbell, exhibits a sad and curious family history. His father, Major-General Sir Neil Campbell of Duntroon and Oib, married his mistress, Frances Macdonald, and so legitimised his son, who eventually succeeded to the family estate, but was disowned by his father's sisters,

and his name was omitted in a biography of Sir Neil, written by the Rev. A. N. C. McLachlan, a son of one of them. Sir Neil's widow subsequently, having meanwhile received her pension, married her husband's nephew and executor. Colonel James Campbell was moreover unfortunate in his own domestic relations, as his wife, Sophia Periam, daughter of a farmer, became insane, and his will was proved by his mistress, Sarah Atkinson, "otherwise known as Mrs. Campbell." On the recommendation of his mother, James Campbell was nominated to the Bombay Army. He was born in 1825 and was a great linguist, becoming a member of the Permanent Examination Board, but otherwise he led an ordinary regimental life.

Other Individuals

Among officers who led just ordinary lives, with here and there a mark of distinction in their career, there is an instance in No. 20, Andrew Campbell of the Bombay Army, who led the usual army life from 1804 to 1830, with final promotion to major-general, and death in 1860. But he was on board the first steamer that left Bombay for Suez on his retirement in 1830. No. 223, Captain Ronald MacLeay Laurentz Campbell, entered the Bombay Army in 1854 and joined the Scinde Silladar (Irregular) Cavalry, and in 1871 he retired. In 1882 he was created Baron Craignish by Ernest II, Duke of Saxe Coburg and Gotha, and in 1883 was granted permission to use the title in Great Britain. He was three times married and was divorced from his first wife.

No. 162, Lieutenant John Campbell of the Bombay Army, who retired in 1831 and lived on till 1884, aged eighty-one, was wrecked in the *Britannia* off a sunken rock near St. Helena. No. 174, Major John Forbes Campbell, was born at sea on board the *James Sibbald* in 1825, joined the Bengal Fusiliers in 1843, served

under Sir Charles Napier, and was present at Chilian-walah and Gujarat in the Sikh Wars of 1848–9. He then served in the Second Burmese War, 1852–4, and was finally present at the storming of Delhi in the Mutiny, 1857. He died in 1869 after a very active career.

No. 34, Major-General Archibald Edwards Campbell, joined the Bengal Army in 1851, passed well in Hindustani, served in the Sonthal Campaign in 1855-6 and in the Mutiny, when he was severely wounded at Narikouli in 1857. He then passed into civil employ in Assam until his retirement in 1892. He died in 1921 aged eighty-seven. Similarly, No. 242, Major-General William Charles Campbell, joined the Bengal Army in 1824 and served with distinction in the Marwar Campaign in 1839 and in Afghanistan in 1842, and finally was wounded at Sadalapur in 1848 and severely wounded at Chilianwalah in 1849. He retired in 1861 and died in 1864.

No. 217, Robert Calder Campbell of the Madras Army, was born in 1799, joined in 1818, and rose to be a major in 1836. He retired in 1839 and died in 1857. He served in the Burmese War of 1826–7 and was Deputy Judge Advocate General in Madras. He was a scholarly man and wrote several works, including "Lays from the East." No. 205, Major Richard Frederick Fotheringham Campbell, also of the Madras Army, was born in 1831 and served in the Madras Cavalry only from 1849 to 1859, when he resigned. In 1872 he was J.P. and D.L. and Vice-Lieutenant of Ayrshire and a major in the Ayrshire Yeomanry. He was Liberal M.P. for the Ayr Burghs from 1880 to 1888, when he died, aged only fifty-seven.

No. 221, Lieut.-Colonel Robert Nutter Campbell, 1799–1856, joined the Madras Army in 1819 and was a lieut.-colonel in 1854. From 1827 he served in the Commissariat and Pay Department till 1834, when he

joined the Coorg Field Force. In the same year he commanded the Nair Brigade for the Raja of Travancore, and held the post with great credit till 1842. No. 210, Captain Robert Campbell, was appointed in November 1802 to be second mate of the "country ship" Betsy, and allowed to go to Bombay as a free mariner. In 1803 he was an ensign in the 18th Bombay Native Infantry, and as captain and barrack master he died at Surat in 1820, and was said to have distinguished himself "in the late Indian War." He was one of seven brothers who served their country in the Army as officers. This humble but most creditable career forms a fitting wind-up of these brief records.

RICHARD TEMPLE

BEAU RIVAGE, MONTREUX, SWITZERLAND, March 1925.

RECORDS

OF

CLAN CAMPBELL

1. ALEXANDER CAMPBELL (Madras).

Sergeant at York Fort, Bencoolen, Sumatra, in 1704. Ensign in the Company's Militia at York Fort, 1708–1710.

Ensign at Bantall, Sumatra, superannuated 1712.

Died at Bantall, 13 March, 1713.

Wife: Mary, a 'Casteez' (Portuguese half-caste). A third of his estate, Pa.212.8, paid to his widow Mary.

2. ALEXANDER CAMPBELL (Bengal Medical).

Petitions for appointment as assistant surgeon, 4 March 1779.

Admitted to the service, 27 April 1780.

Asst. Surgeon . 10 Apl. 1780 Cavalry.

Surgeon . . 2 Nov. 1783 ,,

Appointed Sec. to the Hospital Board, 22 Jan. 1787.

Sec. to Medical Board and Garrison Surgeon of Fort William, 1797–1804.

On furlough, arrives in England, 8 June 1804.

Requests leave to retire on pension, 18 March 1806.

Confirmed from 24 June 1806.

Married Ann Clark at Calcutta, 17 March 1798.2

¹ See Bomb. Muster Rolls, 1., 25, 29; Fact. Rec. Sumatra, vols. 6, 7; O.C. 8256.

² See Bengal Service Army List; India Register; MS. Cas. Lists; Court Minutes, vols. 89, 113, 114A, 115; Beng. Marriages: Calc. Gaz. 22 Mar. 1798.

3. GENERAL SIR ALEXANDER CAMPBELL, Bt., K.C.B. (Madras).

Fourth son of John Campbell of Achalader and Isabella, dau. of Patrick Campbell of Barcaldine.

Born 1760.

K.C.B. I June 1812, but not invested until 6 Feb. 1817.

Baronet, 27 Dec. 1814

Commander of Forces in Mauritius, 9 Mar. 1812.

Appointed Commander-in-Chief and 2nd in Command at Madras, 13 Dec. 1820.

G.O. by His Excellency General Sir Alexander Campbell, Baronet and K.C.B., June 1821.

His Excellency General Sir Alexander Campbell Bart. and K.C.B., need scarcely express the pride and gratification he feels in assuming his appointment to be Commander-in-Chief of so distinguished a portion of the British Forces as the Madras Army, with which it has been his good fortune to serve for a long period of his life. His Excellency's mind is so strongly impressed with the brilliant exploits it has achieved, as well as the perfection of its discipline and subordination, that he has only to assure the Army at large, it will be the leading feature of his ambition to support its long established character, and if possible, to add to the just renown it has on all occasions claimed, and to which title the Madras Army added so brilliant an example, under its late gallant Commander-in-Chief, Sir Thomas Hislop, during the late campaigns in the Deckan.

The General's intimate knowledge of the professional talents and merits of a great part of the Officers now holding high official stations, as well as the general character of the

Officers of the Army, for zeal and well directed experience, is a sufficient pledge that he will meet their cordial support in

preserving its character and well established fame.

General Sir Alexander Campbell profits by the occasion of immediately succeeding Lieutenant General Hislop in the Command of the Army, to express his sentiments of high respect for his character and Services.

All Orders and General Regulations established by His Excellency Lieutenant General Sir Thomas Hislop, Bart. and

G.C.B., to be considered in full force.

T. H. S. CONWAY, Adjutant-General of the Army.

Assumed command as C.-in-C., 15 June 1821.

Died at Madras, 11 Dec. 1824. Monument in St. Mary's Church, Fort St. George.

For a full account of his funeral, see *Madras Gazette*, 14 Dec. 1824.

GENERAL ORDERS, HEAD QUARTERS, CHOULTRY PLAIN, BANGALORE, 15 December 1824.

G.O. by Lieutenant-General Bowser, Commanding the Army in Chief, Bangalore, 15 December 1824.

Lieutenant-General Bowser succeeds to the command of the Madras Army with no common feelings of pride and satisfaction: its long established character and encreasing fame he has witnessed through every rank. The high principles of military pride and devotion to the Service, which have long characterized this Army, and which were supported and impressed by the late lamented and distinguished Commanderin-Chief, His Excellency General Sir Alexander Campbell, Bart. and K.C.B., with such energy as justly to mark the value and ability of that gallant soldier, who was so devotedly attached to his profession, and so true a friend to the Madras Army, an Army in which he had served with such enviable reputation, that the Lieutenant-General cannot but express his hope that these principles will be strictly attended to, and he pledges his assurances that he will not fail in his best endeavours to unite with Sir Alexander Campbell's professional pride and zeal, his never ceasing anxiety for the honor and interest of the Madras Army, which will long deplore the irreparable loss of such a Man and such an Officer.

Lieutenant-General Bowser desires that all orders issued by His late Excellency General Sir Alexander Campbell, Bart. and

K.C.B., may be strictly obeyed, and he feels every confidence in the zealous support and unceasing attention of the Officers of the Army, to maintain its character for discipline, efficiency and obedience.

T. H. S. Conway, Adjutant-General of the Army.

Will dated 1 Jan. 1825, 5 July 1822 and 24 Nov. 1824. Proved 21 Jan. 1825. Executors: Robert Campbell of Argyll Street, and Archibald Campbell of Regent Street.

Married: (1) In 1783, Olympia Elizabeth, dau. of Wm. Morshead of Cartuther, Cornwall. She died, aged 38, at Madras, and was buried there 25 Nov. 1794.

(2) At Little Shelford, Cambridge, 3 Nov. 1808, Elizabeth Ann, dau. of the Rev. Thomas

Pemberton. She died in 1870.

Issue. By first wife:

Charlotte, married Genl. Sir John Malcolm.

Amelia Mary Harriett, married Capt. Macdonald of Fort St. George.

Olympia, who was permitted to join her father at Madras by order of Court 12 April 1803, married Alex. Cockburn at Madras, 10 Jan. 1804. She died before Feb. 1821.

By second wife:

Elizabeth Ann.

Flora Elizabeth.

Grandsons: Alexander Thomas Cockburn, who succeeded him.

Sir Alexander Cockburn Campbell, Bt. Lt.-Genl. Geo. Alexander Malcolm, C.B.

General Sir Alexander Campbell commanded the 4th Division of the Army at the Battle of Talavera and was severely wounded.

In 1812 he was proxy for the then Earl of Wellington at his Lordship's installation as Knight of the Bath, and himself received Knighthood.

In 1821 he obtained a renewed patent of Baronetcy for the purpose of extending the limitation to his grandson, Alexander Cockburn, and after him to the issue male of the second daughter, Isabella Lady Malcolm.

He served during the celebrated siege of Gibraltar and was Colonel of the 84th Regiment at the time of his decease.¹

4. ALEXANDER CAMPBELL (Bombay).

Son of John Campbell, vintner, Perth, and Isabella Stewart, dau. of John Stewart, farmer in Kilmadock.

Brother of James Drummond Campbell (No. 127, q.v.). Born, 30 May 1778, at Kinfauns, Perth. Baptised 8 June 1778.

Cadet 1795 Ensign . 20 Jan. 1797 2nd Batt. 1st or Grenadier Regt. 4 July 1797 5th Regt. N.I. in Lieut. 1799 Capt. Lt. . . 18 Dec. 1803 . 4 Dec. 1804 Adjt. Bomb. Fen-Captain . cible Regt. before 1806 Major 12 Jan. 1814 9th N.I.

Extract from the Bombay Courier of 19 April 1806.

To

Capt. ALEXANDER CAMPBELL,

Late Adjutant of the Bombay Fencible Regt.

DEAR SIR.

On your leaving us to take the field in December 1803 it was our wish to have offered you a mark of our approbation and esteem, but we thought it better to wait, until the public

¹ See India Register; Mad. Wills; Dodwell and Miles; Mad. Press List; Cadet Papers; Mad. G. O.; Mad. Burials; Court Minutes, vol. IIIA; House of Argyll.

service might permit of your return to the Presidency to resume the Adjutancy of the Fencible Regiment, which at the particular request of the Officers, was kept open for you by Government.

We now embrace the opportunity of your approaching departure for Europe, to request your acceptance of a sword of the value of fifty guineas, which will be presented to you in our names, by Major Fawcett in England, as a testimony of our high sense of the manner in which you conducted the duties of your station whilst attached to the Fencible Regiment, and which was equally creditable to yourself, advantageous to the public, and satisfactory to the Officers of the Corps.

Renewing the expression of our esteem and regard, and sincerely wishing you a pleasant voyage to your native country

and a speedy re-establishment of health.

We remain,

Dear Sir, Your faithful friends

(Signed) JOHN FELL, Lieutenant-Colonel.

CHARLES FORBES, Major.

James Law, Captain.

H. SHANK, Captain.

JOHN LECKIE, Captain.

JOHN HUNGERFORD, Captain.

Wm. Kennedy, Captain.

J. CUMBERLEGE, Captain.

J. Douglas, Captain.

Wm. CRAUFORD, Captain.

Francis Warden, Captain.

JOAN [sic] WILLIAMS, Captain-Lieut.

J. HALLETT, Lieutenant.

D. D. INGLIS, Lieutenant.

JOHN FORBES, Lieutenant.

S. M. THRIEPLAND, Lieut. GEORGE OSBORNE, Lieutenant.

Bombay, 14 April 1806.

Captain Campbell's Reply.

To

Lieutenant-Colonel Fell, &c., &c. Officers of the Fencible Regiment.

GENTLEMEN,

I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 14th current, announcing your intention of presenting me through Major Fawcett, in England, with a Sword, value fifty guineas, as a token of your appreciation of my exertions

while formerly Adjutant of the Fencible Regiment.

I accept with feelings of the warmest gratitude this highly honorable testimony of your esteem. I entreat you to believe, gentlemen, that the recollection of that period of my life which passed in the society of so respectable a body, can never cease to be most gratifying to me; while the valuable pledge of your friendship, designed for my acceptance, must prove a constant stimulus to future exertions, and an adherence to such conduct as may secure to me a continuance of your regard.

Wishing you, Gentlemen, every happiness and prosperity—

I remain,

Your Obliged and Faithful servant.
(Signed) ALEX. CAMPBELL,
Capt. 9th Bombay Regt.
Native Infantry.

Bombay, April 15th 1806.

Returns to Europe, April 1806.

In England—advises arrival 5 Sept. 1806.

Permitted to return to duty 8 Dec. 1807.

Killed, 10 Feb. 1817, in India, in Col. Smith's camp, by "his horse falling with him, when in a party enjoying the sports of the Field, of which he was passionately fond."

Administration of goods granted to Registrar, 27 Mar.

1817.1

5. ALEXANDER CAMPBELL (Bengal).

Possibly brother of John and Robert Campbell (Nos. 152 and 212, q.v.).

Born in 1780 in the parish of Knockando, Moray.

Francis J. Grant, Rothesay Herald and Lyon Clerk and Keeper of Records, writes, 26 July 1921: "I cannot trace anything about the parentage of this officer and I do not know what a Campbell was

¹ See Cadet Papers; Bomb. Army List; Court Minutes; Dodwell and Miles; Scots Mag. N.S., i. 398; Bomb. Admons.; Bomb. Courier, 19 Apr. 1806; Calc. Gaz. 20 Mar. 1817.

doing at Knockando in the Grant country in 1780."

Cadet . . . 1796

Lieut. . . 30 Oct. 1797 4th N.I.

Capt. Lieut. . 2 May 1805 Capt. . . 19 Dec. 1805 Major . . 22 June 1816

Lt.-Col. . 1 Sept. 1822 Commanding 32nd

N.I.

In 1824 commanding 1st Batt. 16th Regt. N.I.

In England in 1810.

Permission to return to duty, 16 Mar. 1810.

Extract from the Proceedings in continuation of an European General Court Martial, held at Muttra on the 16th day of June 1820, by order of His Excellency The Most Noble the Marquess of Hastings, K.G. and K.C.B., Commander-in-Chief of all the Forces in India, and by virtue of a warrant under His Lordship's hand and seal, for the trial of all such Prisoners as shall be brought before it.

President.—Major General John Arnold, C.B.

Judge Advocate.—Captain W. P. Cooke, Deputy Advocate General 2d. and 3d. Divisions Field Army.

CHARGES.—Major Alexander Campbell of the 4th Regiment of Native Infantry, and in charge of the 1st Battalion placed in arrest on the following Charges, in breach of the Articles of War.

1st. For abuse of Authority as Commanding Officer of the 1st Battalion, in having ordered a Committee of Officers to assemble at Muttra on the 12th of April last, for the investigation of his own gambling concerns.

2d. For abuse of authority in having ordered the Adjutant of the Battalion under his Command to attend a Committee of Officers on the 12th of April, with Papers regarding his Major Campbell's gambling transactions: and to be the organ of Major Campbell's communications of his gambling disputes with Officers under his Command.

3d. For having exposed his authority as Commanding Officer to degradation and contempt, in directing a Public Committee of Officers of his Battalion to report their opinion on his Major Campbell's gambling concerns with Officers of his Corps; and subjecting himself to the disgraceful imputa-

tion, on the record of the proceedings of the Committee of unfair play, in the gambling transactions under investigation.

4th. For breach of duty as Commanding Officer of the Battalion, and conduct disgraceful to an Officer and a Gentleman, in attempting to avail himself of his authority as Commanding Officer to obtain payment of gambling debts from Officers of his Corps.

By order of His Excellency the Most Noble The Commander

in-Chief.

(Signed) JAMES NICOL, Adjutant-General of the Army.

Adjutant-General's Office Presidency Fort William, 13th May [sic? July] 1820.

3rd Day, 1st July 1820.

Finding.—The Court having duly and maturely weighed and considered the whole of the Evidence for and against the Prisoner, Do find him the said Major Alexander Campbell of the 4th Regiment Native Infantry NOT GUILTY of the several Charges exhibited against him, And do therefore acquit him of the whole and every part of the said Charges.

(Signed) J. ARNOLD, Major-General, President.

(Signed) W. P. COOKE, Captn.
Deputy Judge Advocate General
2d & 3d Divns. Field Army
Conducting the Trial.

4th Day.

The Court reassembled at Muttra on Monday the 28th day of August 1820.

A letter was read from the Judge Advocate General, J.

Bryant.

Revised Opinion. The Court having duly and maturely reconsidered and weighed the evidence for the Prosecution, together with what the Prisoner has urged in his defence, Do find him the said Major Alexander Campbell of the 4th Regiment Native Infantry, guilty, through an error of judgment, of the 1st and 2d Charges.

The Court acquit the Prisoner of the 3d and 4th Charges.

Sentence.—The Court having found the Prisoner guilty of the 1st and 2d Charges, as above specified, to adjudge him, the said Major Alexander Campbell, to receive such admonition

for his inaccurate procedure, as His Excellency The Most Noble The Commander-in-Chief may think proper.

> (Signed) J. ARNOLD, Major-General, President.

(Signed) W. P. COOKE, Captain,
Deputy Judge Advocate General
2d and 3d Divisions Field Army
Conducting the Trial.

Confirmed.

(Signed) HASTINGS.

Remarks by His Excellency The Most Noble The Commander-in-Chief.

The Commander-in-Chief most seriously admonishes Major Alexander Campbell, against any future misapplication of his authority when he may be in the Command of a Battalion, since such an instance as is recorded in the proceedings of the Court Martial, unavoidably affects the reverence with which Officers should be accustomed to view the powers lodged in their Commandant for the purpose of discipline.

By Command (Signed) C. J. DOYLE, Lieut. Col.

Military Secretary.

Died, 13 June 1825, at Allahabad.

Married in 1807 at Lambeth Church the eldest dau. of John Willis, Esq., of Kennington, Surrey, and Whitchurch, Oxon.

Issue: Catherine, born 8 Oct. 1804, bap. 3 June 1808. She married at Cawnpore, 3 May 1824, Lt. W. J. Macvitie of the Artillery.

6. ALEXANDER CAMPBELL (Bengal).

Son of Richard Campbell, Esq., of Helentonmains, St. Quivox, Ayrshire.

Born 25 August 1788. Baptized 30 August 1788.

Attestation of birth 12 April 1805 by Richard Campbell, father. Admitted to the service, May 1804. Sailed in the *Diana*.

¹ See Cadet Papers; Court Minutes, 118A; Beng. Baptisms and Burials; Calc. Gaz. 1805, 1824; Dodwell and Miles; Beng. G. O. 1805; Mad. G. O. 1820.

Cadet . . . 1805 Bengal Cavalry.

Resigned 11 Sept. 1806 in India. Joined H.M.'s 25th Light Dragoons.¹

7. ALEXANDER CAMPBELL (Madras).

Son of Capt. Archd. Campbell, of the 91st Regt., of Ardslignish (son of 9th Laird of Lochnell), and Margaret, dau. of Colin Campbell of Kilmartin, Argyll.

Born 1791.

To sail in the Northampton.

Cadet . . . 1807

Ensign . . 7 Oct. 1809 5th N.I.

Lieut. . . 15 April 1813

In the Rifle Corps in 1818.

Died, 19 Nov. 1819, at Ryakottah.

Admon. to Registrar 4 May 1821.

Monument to him in Ryakottah Cemetery, Salem District: "Sacred to the memory of Lt. Alexander Campbell of the Rifle Corps, who died 19th Novr. 1819, Aged 28 years."²

8. ALEXANDER CAMPBELL, M.D. (Madras Medical).

Born, June 1789, at Kilfinichen, Mull.

Nominated by Mr. Richard Twining, a Director of the E. I. Co., and Capt. Alexr. Campbell of the Sovereign, Indiaman, 11 Feb. 1814.

Sailed in the Lord Keith. Arrived in India 18 Sept. 1814.

Asst. Surgeon . 5 Sept. 1813 Surgeon . 13 Feb. 1827

With H.M. 84th Regt. in 1816.

Under Garr. Surg. Seringapatam, 1816–1817.

¹ See Cadet Papers; Dodwell and Miles.

² See Cadet Papers; India Register; Monumental Insc. Salem Dist.

With Horse Art. in Deccan War, 1817-8, and 1818-21. Prize Roll.

At Cavalry Recruiting Depot, Aug. 1817, 1818.

Zillah, Garr. Ganjam, and Negapatam, 1818.

On furlough, 1818–1821.

14th N.I., 1821.

17th N.I., 1823–1824.

Garr. Negapatam, Aug. 1824–1827.

At Hyderabad, 1828.

On furlough, 1828–1832.

15th N.I., 1832–1834.

42nd N.I., 1834-1838.

Died, 15 March 1838, at Kamptree.

Administration granted to widow, Charlotte Henrietta Murray Campbell, 4 May 1838.¹

9. ALEXANDER CAMPBELL (Madras).

Third son of John Campbell, Capt. 21st Light Dragoons, of South Hall (a branch of Inverawe), Inverchaclain, Argyll (d. 1817), and Mary, dau. of Colin Campbell of Castleton.

Born 4 June 1803.

Cadet . . . 1820

Ensign . . . 13 Feb. 1821 3rd N.I.

Died, unmarried, at St. Thomas's Mount, Madras, 20 March 1822.

Buried in St. Thomas's Mount Cantonment Cemetery. Inscription: "Ensign Alexander Campbell of South Hall. Erected to his memory by his affectionate friend, Lieut.-Col. Limond of the Artillery."

Admon. of estate of Alexander Campbell, late Ensign H.E.I.Co. Madras, granted to Lt.-Col. James Limond, cousin, next of kin in India, in right of his wife Janet, 30 Jan. 1824.²

¹ See Cadet Papers; India Register; Mad. Service Army List; Mad. Admons.; Mad. Burials.

² See Scots Mag. xi., 63; Cadet Papers; Dodwell and Miles; Cotton's Inscriptions, p. 177; Harvey-Johnston, Heraldry of the Campbells, ii., 53

10. ALEXANDER CAMPBELL., M.D. (Bombay Medical).

Son of James Drummond Campbell, of Bombay Medical Establishment, No. 127, q.v.

Born in Persia, 12 Sept. 1812.

Nominated by Sir Henry Willock, a Director of the E. I. Co. Admitted to the service, 1838.

Sailed in the *Thomas Coutts*. Arrived at Bombay, 31 May 1839.

Asst. Surgeon, 3 Feb. 1839.

Stationed at Darjeeling, 1839.

Removed to Balmeere, 1840.

Allowed to draw consolidated medical allowances at Balmeere in consideration of various duties performed by him, 14 Oct. 1841.

Appointed Surgeon to the Police, Surgeon to the Coroner, and Asst. Civil Surgeon at the Presidency, 18 Oct. 1841.

Died at Bombay, 21 Nov. 1842.

Inscription in Colaba Cemetery, Bombay.

In memory of ALEXANDER CAMPBELL, M.D. of the Bombay Medical Service who died at Bombay on the 21st November 1842 aged 30 years.

Admon. to widow, Eliza Fergusson Campbell, 6 Jan. 1843. Effects sworn at Rs. 16,000.

Married, 16 Nov. 1841, Eliza Fergusson Ballingall, daughter of Sir George Ballingall, at St. Andrew's Church, Bombay.

Issue: William, born 16 Sept.; bap. 30 Sept. 1842, at Tardeo, Bombay.

Petition of his widow to be admitted to the benefits of Lord Clive's Fund sent home with a recommendation, I March 1843.

¹ See Cadet Papers; Bomb. Service Army List; Bomb. Admons.; Bomb. Baptisms and Marriages.

11. ALEXANDER AENEAS CAMPBELL, Dunstaffnage (Bengal).

Eldest son of Dr. John Campbell of the Madras Establishment (No. 156, q.v.) and Eliza Munro. Uncle, Captain Alexander Campbell of the Sovereign, Indiaman.

Born, 14 Jan. 1806, at Poonamalee, near Madras.

Brother of Archibald Charles and Osborne Campbell, Nos. 32 and 197, q.v.

Cadet . . 1821 Bengal Inf.

Ensign . . 19 June 1822 19th N.I., 18th N.I., 36th N.I.

Lieut. . . I May 1824 37th N.I., and 5th N.I.

Pensioned, 16 March 1827, in India.

Dep. Supt. of Police at time of death, 1850.

Died, 22 April 1850, at Calcutta.

Administration granted to Registrar, 20 May, 1850.

Married, 6 April 1830, Eliza Peterson (born 1813) of Chinsurah, at Calcutta.¹

12. ALEXANDER AUGUSTUS MELFORT CAMPBELL (Bengal).

Youngest son of Lt.-Genl. Sir Colin Campbell (Melfort), K.C.B., Govr. of Ceylon, and Jane Harnden, of St. James's Place.

Brother of Patrick Fitzroy Wellesley Campbell, Lt.-Col. of the Scots Fusilier Guards.

Born 21 May 1827.

Admitted to the service, 1845. Sailed in the *Liverpool*, 20 Nov. 1845.

Arrived at Fort William, 8 Jan. 1846.

Cadet . . . 1845

Cornet . . 20 Nov. 1845 6th Cavalry.

Resigned the service, 11 Dec. 1846, in India.

¹ See Cadet Papers; Dodwell and Miles; Beng. Marriages and Burials.

Appointed Cornet 3rd Regt. Light Dragoons, 8 Sept. 1846, and returned to England 1847.

Joined the Carabineers. Lieut. 6th Dragoon Guards, 28 Jan. 1848.

Captain, 16 Sept. 1851.

Retired, 9 March 1855.

Joined the Colonial Service.

Provost Marshal of St. Kitts, 1867.

President of Anguilla, 1868.

President Turks Island and Caicos, 1869.

President Nevis, 1872.

Returned to England, 1873.

Collector-Treasurer of Revenue at Gibraltar, 1876.

Died, 12 May 1890, at Gibraltar, unmarried

His name is recorded on the Monumental Cross to the representatives of the House of Melfort.¹

Extract from the Gibraltar Chronicle and Official Gazette.

Captain Campbell had for many years been connected with Gibraltar, having been appointed Collector and Treasurer of Finance to this colony in May, 1876, and since then having acted in various appointments, notably in those of Deputy Governor, Colonial Secretary, Captain of the Port, etc., etc. His loss to many here will be keenly felt, for by his official courtesy, and kindness in private life, he had many friends, and was extremely popular with all with whom he came in contact.

13. ALEXANDER BRODIE CAMPBELL (Bombay).

Son of Duncan Campbell, farmer and Collector of Taxes, and Margaret Mackintosh.

Born at Fornighty, Ardclach.

Nominated by Chas. Grant, Esq., a Director of the E. I.

Co., Deputy Chairman in 1807.

Volunteer in the Bombay Marine when appointed a Cadet of Military by G.O. 27 June 1805. He had been previously lent to the Military as a Cadet, 26 May 1804.

¹ See Cadet Papers; Beng. Service Army List; Memls. of Melfort.

Ensign . . . 20 June 1805 Lieut. . . . 28 July 1807 9th N.I.

Major . . 9 Apr. 1831 17th N.I.

Lt.-Colonel . 28 Nov. 1854 Local rank East

Indies

To go to Mahim College, 2 July 1805. To join his Corps, 9 Sept. 1807.

Deputy Comy. of Stores at Goa, 19 Oct. 1807.

Barrack Master, Gujarat, 19 Sept. 1811.

Furlo' to sea; appointed as an officer conversant with native languages to attend on Missa Begum, Aunt of the Nawab of the Carnatic, on her pilgrimage to Mecca, 16 April 1814.

Paymaster to Field Force at Puhlanpur, 30 Dec. 1819.

Resigns appointment, 26 May 1820.

Sub. Asst. Comy. Genl., 21 Oct. 1824.

Posted in the S. Konkan, 10 Jan. 1825.

Appointed a third Asst. Comy. Genl., 5 Mar. 1827.

To proceed to Mhow as Actg. 2nd Asst. Comy. Genl. with the Malwa Field Force, 31 March 1828.

2nd. Asst. Comy. Genl., stationed at Sholapur, Feb. 1829.

Transferred to Cutch, 2 May 1829. Resigned appointment, 24 Dec. 1829.

Furlo' to Europe, 16 Mar. 1832. Reports arrival in England, 12 Dec. 1832.

Called upon to account for his absence without leave since Nov. 1834, 8 July 1835.

since Nov. 1834, 8 July 1835.
Permitted to retire, 23 Oct. 1835. To take effect from 1 Dec. 1834.

Died, 17 Sept. 1855, at Moss Street, Elgin, of heart disease.

Buried in Burying Ground at Barevan, Nairn.1

¹ See Bomb. Service Army List; Regr. of Deaths, par. of Elgin; Marine Records, Misc. vol. 680.

14. ALEXANDER DUGALD CAMPBELL, M.D. (Bengal Medical).

Son of Rear-Admiral Donald Campbell of Barbreck, co. Argyll (d. 1856), and Ann Irvine, dau. of Admiral Sir Chas. Douglas, Bt.

Born 19 June 1833.

Admitted to the service, 1858. Arrived at Fort William, 5 August.

Assistant-Surgeon 27 Jan. 1858 3rd Batt. Art.

Surgeon Major . 27 Jan. 1870

Brigade Surgeon 20 Oct. 1881

With Deolee Irregular Force in 1862. With 2nd Cent. Indore Horse in 1867.

Medical Officer to Malwa Bheel Corps from 4 Sept. 1868 till retirement.

Retired, 20 Oct. 1881.

Died, 8 Oct. 1911, at 96 Palace Gardens Terrace, Kensington.

Married Isabella Leslie Tweedie.

Issue: James Donald, b. 1884, Major R.E. Served in European War, 1914–18 (despatches, medal).¹

15. ALEXANDER DUNCAN CAMPBELL (Bombay).

Illeg. son of Major Charles Hay Campbell of the Bengal Artillery (No. 46, q.v.).

Born at Cossipore, near Calcutta, 22 Sept. 1822. Brother of A. F. M., G. G. J. and L. G. A. Campbell (Nos. 38, 99, and 188, q.v.).

Nominated when abroad by H. Alexander, Esq., at the request of his uncle, George Gunning Campbell, Esq. (No. 98, q.v.) (late of the Bengal Medical Service), of Montague Square, London.

Admitted to the service, 8 March 1844.

¹ See Anderson's Ubique; Beng. Service Army List; Landed Gentry; Times, 10 Oct. 1911.

Cadet . . 1843

Ensign . . 9 Dec. 1843 17th Regt. N.I.

Lieut. . . 21 Jan. 1846

Posted to 17th N.I. in Scinde, G.O. 1 August 1844.

Reported qualified as an Interpreter in Hindustani,

G.O. 22 Oct. 1844.

Appointed to act as Qr. Master and Interpreter in Hindustani to 17th N.I., G.O. 28 March 1845. Reported "competent to that situation and discharges his duty in a satisfactory manner," *Inspn. Report*, 22 April 1845.

Placed at the disposal of the Govt. of India for employment in the Surveyor's Department in Scinde,

G.O. 5 Dec. 1845.

Died, 11 July 1846, at Hyderabad, Scinde.

Admon. 7 Sept. 1847 to Registrar.

Married, 29 April 1842, at Madras, Maria Wilhelmina, dau. of William Valentine of Trichinopoly.

Issue: Agnes Gertrude, born 21 March; bap. 21 Sept. 1843. Richard Stafford, born 24 Sept. 1844; bap. 6 Mar. 1845 at Madras.¹

16. ALEXANDER HENRY EDWARD CAMPBELL, C.M.G., D.S.O., Fairfield (Madras).

Son of Alexander Duncan Campbell (Fairfield), of 37 Montagu Square (Madras C.S.), twin brother of Maj. Chas. Hay Campbell (No. 46, q.v.), and Matilda, dau. of John Thursby.

Born 11 Dec. 1834; bap. 13 Oct. 1835, at Madras.

Educated: Wimbledon, Haileybury College. Served as a youth in the Ayrshire Yeomanry.

Cadet . . . 1854 Madras Cavalry

2nd Regt.

See Bomb. Service Army List; Bomb. Admons.; Mad. Baptisms; Mad. Marriages; Beng. Baptisms.

Appointed to command Resident's escort, Hyderabad, 1863.

Civil appointment as Judge at Goolburga on the Nizam's State Railway.

Judge and Supt. Residency Bazaars, Hyderabad, 1880–1886.

Served under H.H. the Nizam's Govt. as Judge of H.H. the Nizam's Suburban Court, Hyderabad, 1886–1896.

D.S.O., 1916. C.M.G., 1919.

Retired Major-General, 1 May 1886.

Married Sarah Eliza, 2nd dau. of Genl. Augustus Clarke, 7 Nov. 1856, at Poona.

Issue: Jessie Constance Ella, born 24 Oct.; bap. 7 Nov. 1857, at Poona.

Alexander Augustus Elphinstone, born 14 May; bap. 31 July 1861, at Secunderabad.

Malcolm Sydenham Clarke, b. 2 Nov. 1863. Rev. Col., C.I.E., A.M. Served Burma Campaign, 1885-87 (medal with clasp); China Field Force, 1900 (desp., medal with clasp).

Ethel Marion Fanny, born 30 Aug.; bap. at St. Thomé, Madras, 18 Oct. 1865.

Leslie Warner Yule, born 23 Aug. 1867; Brig.-Genl.; C.M.G. Served in Tirah Campaign (wounded); Great War (wounded, desp.); 3rd Afghan War, 1919 (desp.).

Millicent Agnes, born 18 June; died 19 July 1869.1

¹ See Cadet Papers; Indian Army List; Bomb. Baptisms; Mad. Baptisms, Marriages and Burials; Who's Who.

17. ALEXANDER LIVINGSTONE CAMPBELL (Bengal).

Son of James Campbell of Polchorkan, Lochgoilhead, Argyll, and Barbara Hare his wife.

Baptised, 10 July 1791.

Brother of Ivie Campbell (No. 107, q.v.).

Attestation of birth, 4 June 1808, by James Hare, his [grand?] father.

Extract from Register of Baptisms, Parish of Lochgoil-head, co. Argyll, 1697–1817:

1791, July 10—"Alexander Livingstone Campbell to James Campbell, Tacksman Polchorktine and Barbara Hair."

Cadet for Bengal 1807

Ensign . . 17 Feb. 1809

Lieut. . . 16 Dec. 1814 4th N.I. 2nd. Batt.

Adjt., 1819.

Died, 7 Dec. 1819, at Chandah of a bilious fever.

Administration granted to Registrar, 23 Feb. 1820.

Issue: Ivie Hare, dau., bap. 15 May 1815 at Futty Ghur.¹

18. ALEXANDER MUIR CAMPBELL (Madras Medical).

Son of Matthew Campbell, Esq., of Wigtown (d. 24 Dec. 1808) and Elizabeth Buchanan (d. at Edinburgh, 8 Aug. 1825).

Brother of William Campbell (No. 237, q.v.).

Born 22 Nov. 1794.

Nominated by Thos. Reid, Esq., a Director of the E. I. Co.

Sailed in the Rose. Arrived in India, 9 July 1817.

Assist. Surgeon, 1817.

Posted to the 2nd Batt. 1st N.I., 5 Oct. 1818.

Removed to 23rd N.I., 27 May 1820.

¹ See Cadet Papers; Dodwell and Miles; Calc. Gaz. 6 Jan. 1820; Beng. Admons.; Beng. Baptisms.

Died, 5 June 1820, at Nagpore.

Bill granted in favour of his mother for Rs. 3,000, the amount of his estate, 30 July 1822.1

19. ALEXANDER PATRICK CAMPBELL (Bombay).

Only son of Colonel Archibald Campbell and Amelia Robertson. Colonel Campbell served in the Peninsular War 1810–1814, was Capt. of the 99th Foot in 1840, a Staff Officer Perth District, h.p.

2nd Ceylon Regt., and Col. 26 Oct. 1858.

His grandfather and four uncles served their country in various parts of the world. One of them, Major Campbell, died at Vittoria; and his grandfather, Colonel Robertson, commanded the Clan Robertson in Prince Charlie's army at the Battle of Culloden in 1746.

Born 21 June 1821 at Blair Atholl, Perthshire.

Sailed August 1840 in the Charles Grant.

Arrived at Bombay 4 Jan. 1841.

On board the Charles Grant, on his passage, he had an opportunity of displaying great presence of mind by which he saved the life of a Lascar seaman who had fallen overboard in a gale of wind.

Cadet 1840

13 Aug. 1840 2nd European Regt.16 July 1842. Ensign .

Lieut.

Posted to 2nd Eu. Regt. Lt. Inf., 29 Dec. 1840.

Lieutenant Campbell's "attention to his professional duties, and his fearless character in the pursuit of field sport, combined with his amiable disposition, made him a universal favourite with his brother officers. When stationed at Poona with his regiment, intelligence was received that a tiger had killed a bullock about 30 miles off. Knowing that the animal would return by night to devour his prey, Lieut. Campbell immediately mounted his horse and proceeded alone to the place, which

¹ See Cadet Papers; India Register; Madras Service Army List.

he reached towards evening. He waited till the tiger came out of the cover and shot it, and brought the skin next day into Poona on the pommel of his saddle, in the presence of the garrison of 6,000 men.

"In the storming of Samanghur in October [1844], he

commanded a party in advance of the attacking column.

"On reaching the foot of the breach, it was discovered that the men could scramble up without the scaling ladders which they had brought, and he ordered them to be thrown aside, and gallantly led his men up the breach, and was the first to enter the fort. His name on this occasion was favourably mentioned in the despatch of Colonel Wallace, dated 14 Oct. 1844."

On the occasion also of the storming of Punella, his name was mentioned by Lt.-Col. Brough in his Report to the Major-General Commanding, dated 2 Dec. 1844, as having been amongst the first on the breach.

Engaged at the capture and attack of a strong stockaded position near the Fort of Rangna (Lt.-Col. Wallace's despatch, 9 Dec. 1844).

Killed in action near Sassendroog before the Fort of

Munokurghur on 31 Dec. 1844.

Brigr. Lt. Col. Wallace having paid the last tribute of respect to the remains of the late Lieut. Campbell of the 2nd Eu. Regt. by attending them to the grave, avails himself of the painful and melancholy occasion to record the high respect the Brigadier has ever felt for the soldier-like conduct and character of the late Lieut. Campbell, and his unqualified admiration of the conspicuous gallantry invariably displayed by the deceased whenever his services were required, and which he never failed to discharge with great fidelity and honour from the first appearance of the troops before the Hill Fortress of Samanghur to that of his lamentable fall when attacking the enemies' stockade yesterday.—Extract from Brigade Orders, I Jan. 1845.

"On the afternoon of 31 December 1844, when leading his men into action with his usual coolness, through a deep and densely wooded defile, a deadly flanking fire assailed the party from crevices and fissures of the scarp, and from behind the rocks, which compelled them to retire after doing all that was possible to advance in defiance of an unseen and unap-

proachable enemy.

"Here Lieut. Campbell fell. His men showed their devotion and attachment to him by again advancing and carrying off his body, in effecting which two men were wounded. Upon this melancholy occasion a Sepoy Rifleman Golopah, 16th Madras Native Infantry, acted a noble part. Knowing the indignities to which the enemy would subject the body of a British officer, he stood alone, for half an hour, over the remains of Lieut. Campbell, under a heavy fire from the enemy, loading and firing in return with the utmost coolness and determination, until Lieut. Campbell's men rallied and returned.

"Lieut. Campbell has fallen in the commencement of his military life, at an early age of 22, but during his short career he gave indications of those qualities that promised great distinction and success in the profession to which he had devoted himself. His loss is deeply deplored by the officers and men of his regiment, and by all his acquaintances and

friends in his Native Country."

A medal was presented by the inhabitants of the City of Perth to the Sepoy who protected the body of Lieut. Campbell.¹

20. ANDREW CAMPBELL (Bombay).

Third son of Arthur Campbell of Auchmannoch and Avisyard, Ayrshire, and Burella, second daughter of Robert Hunter of Pisgah, in the parish of Craigie, co. Ayr.

Born 30 June 1783. Baptised at Sorn, Ayr.

Educated at Woolwich. Nominated by the Board (Rt. Hon. Lord Viscount Castlereagh).

Lt. Fireworker, Forfar Artillery Militia, 1802.

Arrived at Bombay, 14 July 1804. Cadet . . 1802 2nd Lieut. . 1 May 1804

Lieut. . . 14 Sept. 1804 Bomb. Art.

Capt. Lt. . . 7 Feb. 1812

¹ See Cadet Papers; Bomb. Service Army List; Hart's Army List; United Service Mag., 1845, pp. 156-7; Bomb. Times, 1 Feb. 1845; Mad. G. O., 15 Aug. 1845.

Major-Genl. (Army) 28 Nov. 1854. Commissary of Stores, Gujarat, 1810.

Field Service, Gujarat, 1815-16.

Furlo' to Europe on P.A. for 3 years, G.O. 21 June 1816.

Returned in 1819.

Commissary of Stores in Gujarat, 6 Mar. 1820. Ordnance, 1822-3.

Dep. Commissary of Stores, Bombay, 26 May, 1825.

Sick leave to the Cape, 1825–1826.

Command of Artillery in Gujarat, 7 June 1827.

Granted 12 months' leave without pay on P.A., 8 Jan. 1830. Came home overland.

Was on board the first steamer that left Bombay for Suez.

Retired in England, 29 Dec. 1831.

Died, aged 77, at 25 Lansdowne Place, Cheltenham, 25 Dec. 1860.

Married: (1) at Edinburgh, July 1819, Margaret, second dau. of Charles Hay, Esq., of Great King Street, Edinburgh, of the family of Hay of Hopes, co. Haddington. She died at Broach, 11 Sept. 1820.

Obituary Notice, Calcutta Gazette.

Deaths. 11 September 1820. The lady of Capt. A. Campbell. In this amiable lady were combined superior intellectual powers, various information and a warm and benevolent heart.

(2) On 28 June 1836, Nicola Anne, dau. of Col. Richard Maxwell of Birdstown, co. Donegal.

Issue: By 1st wife—Charles Hay, born 5 Sept. 1820; died 4 Aug. 1821.

By 2nd wife—Robert Mitchell of Auchmannoch

and Avisyard, co. Ayr, and Boggagh, co. Donegal, born 16 Sept. 1841. Lieut. R.E. Marr., 9 June 1870, Marianne Letitia Georgiana, dau. of Geo. Stevenson of Tongswood, Hawkhurst, Kent, and has issue.¹

21. ANDREW HUGH FLETCHER CAMPBELL (Bengal).

Fifth son of Rear Admiral Henry John Fletcher Campbell and Ann Hathorn of Boquhan House, Stirling, N.B.

Born, 27 Sept. 1840, at Gargunnock, Stirling.

Arrived at Fort William, and admitted to the service, 16 March 1858.

Cadet . . . 1856

Ensign . 4 Feb. 1858 Attd. 32nd Foot.

Lieut. . . 2 Nov. 1860 4th Eu. Inf.

On furlough, 1864.

Joined 56th Foot, 18th July 1865, as Lieutenant.²

22. ANDREW MITCHELL CAMPBELL, Fairfield (Madras).

Seventh son of William Campbell of Fairfield, Ayr, and his 2nd wife, Catherine Gunning. Brother of Major Charles Hay Campbell (No. 46, q.v.).

Born 10 March 1793.

Admitted on the Establishment, 31 Oct. 1809.

Cadet . . . 1808

Cornet . . 7 Sept. 1811 7th Regt. Light Cavalry.

Lieut. . . 1 Sept. 1818 Captain . . . 22 Sept. 1830 Major . . . 28 June 1838

Adjt. Cav. Recruit Depôt, 23 Dec. 1818. Cantonment Adjt. at Arcot, 9 May 1823.

¹ See Bomb. Service Army List; Cadet Papers; Court Minutes; Scots Mag.; Dodwell and Miles; Bomb. Baptisms; Heraldry of the Campbells.
² See Service Army List; Cadet Papers.

Asst. Civil Engineer Cent. Div., 11 May 1827.

Having been charged with a dereliction of duty in making up his Diaries from those of his Surveyors without seeing the works, the inspection of which he reported, his services were placed at the dis-

posal of the Commander-in-Chief.

It was intended to bring him to trial before a Court Martial, but as it appeared that the only clause of the Articles of War under which he would be amenable would entail a charge and sentence too severe for the nature of his offence, this course

was not adopted (9 March 1833).

Embarked on the *Elphinstone* for England, 21 Sept. 1833. The Board of Revenue (in England) observes that the only apology which can be discovered for his proceedings, though it is a very inadequate one, is that his health has been greatly injured from exposure to the sun and severe heats of the Ceded Districts (6 June 1834).

Permitted to return to India, 1 March 1837.

In very infirm health, eyesight and voice extremely weak (Inspection Report, 7th Light Cav., 14 Nov. 1837).

Understands Hindustani and Persian.

Permitted to return to Europe. Sailed from Bombay, 20 Sept. 1838.

Retired, 1 July 1838, in India on pension of a Major. Of unsound mind from 23 Dec. 1841 (Commission of Lunacy, *Times*, 16 Sept. 1842).

Died 15 Sept. 1850.

Issue: Illegitimate children by Mary Robertson— James, born 20 June 1825; bap. 13 May 1829 at Trichinopoly.

Anne Matilda, born 7 April 1827, at Arcot; bap. 13 May 1829 at Trichinopoly.1

¹ See Cadet Papers; Mad. Service Army List; Mad. Baptisms; India Register; Memls. of the House of Melfort.

23. SIR ARCHIBALD CAMPBELL, K.C.B., Inverneill (Madras).

Second son of James Campbell (1706–1760), Commissary of the Western Isles of Scotland and Chamberlain of Argyll, and Elizabeth, dau. of James Fisher of Durren, Provost of Inveraray.

Born at Inverneil, 21 Aug. 1739.

Captain in 1758 in H.M.'s service. Wounded at Quebec, 1759.

5 Feb. 1768. Entered the Company's service as Chief Engineer in Bengal. Sailed in the *Thames*.

Extract of a Despatch from the Court to Bombay, dated 18 March 1768.

From the ample Testimonials we have received of the Abilities of Lieutenant Colonel Archibald Campbell, We have been induced to appoint him Our Chief Engineer at Bengal; but in order to render his services as extensively useful to the Company as possible, he takes Passage first to your Presidency [Bombay] on the ship *Thames*, that he, in conjunction with Coll. Keating, may take a Survey of the Works and Fortifications thereat.

1 Sept. 1768, Lieut.-Colonel. 15 Nov. 1771, applies for leave to resign.

Extract of a General Letter from Bengal to the Court of Directors, dated 15 Nov. 1771.

We have received an Application from Our Chief Engineer Lieut. Colonel Campbell for leave to resign the Service and to return home on Account of his Health which has been in a declining State for Some Months past.

We could not deny a Request made on such a Foundation tho' it very sensibly affected us to lose a Man of his distinguished Abilities. We therefore thought it our Duty to recommend to him a Trial of the Effects which the approaching Cold Season might have on his Constitution as well as to point out to him the Necessity which the probability of an approaching Rupture with the French laid us under of finishing the Fortifications with all Expedition. And in Case of his persisting in his Resolution We desired that he would furnish us with Accounts of the Present State of the Fortifications, of what was still requisite for their Completion and of the best Method of Defence in Case

of an Attack; that nothing might be wanting to direct our Efforts for the Service of our Employers in a Point of so serious a Nature.

We have as yet received no Answer from him so that We hope he may yet be induced to alter his Resolution. We however thought it necessary to give you the earliest Intelligence of the possibility of such an Event taking Place.

Dec. 1772, resigned the Company's service (Dodwell and Miles gives 19 Sept. 1772 as date of resignation).

2 March 1773, at Fort St. George on his way to

Europe (Letter of 15 March 1773).

12 Oct. 1773, in England. Offers information regarding fortifications at the Company's settlements in India.

Extract from The Memoirs of William Hickey, ed. by Alfred Spencer, 1918, vol. ii., pp. 121-2.

In this stupendous work [" to construct docks, both wet and dry" Colonel Watson originally embarked with Major Archibald Campbell, then Chief Engineer in Bengal and afterwards created a Knight of the Bath and Governor of Madras. These two gentlemen having arranged their plan at Raderpore, about three miles and a half from Calcutta, where they fixed on the ground required, they both proceeded to England to obtain the aid and sanction of the Company. The Court of Directors, on having the circumstances so fully before them, were so satisfied of the extraordinary merit of the proposers as to determine at once to afford them every assistance they could expect or ask for. A grant, by regular deed, was immediately made out by their Law Officers of the quantity of ground required, tonnage to a considerable extent being likewise allowed them in each of their ships to transport the necessary heavy stores from Europe free of tonnage and every other incidental expense except the prime cost of the different articles. The Directors likewise sent out orders to their Government in Bengal to support and promote the work by every means in their power.

In the beginning of the year 1777 Colonel Watson purchased Campbell's interest in the concern, and became the sole proprietor of the premises and immense stock that was upon it.

Captured Savannah as Colonel, 29 Dec. 1778, and

defeated the American force under Genl. Robert Howe.

20 Oct. 1782, Major-General.

1781-1784, Governor of Jamaica: active in checking the French.

9 March 1785, appointed Govr. of Fort St. George on death or resignation of Lord Macartney. Assumed charge, 6 April 1786.

25 May 1785: At a Committee of Correspondence. "Pursuant to a reference of Court dated this day, the Committee have taken into Consideration the request of Archibald Campbell, Esq., to take with him to Madras the several persons therein mentioned. They offer it to the Court as their opinion, that he be permitted to take the following, Vizt.

Mrs. Campbell,

Miss Ramsay, sister to Mrs. Campbell, Miss Campbell, niece to Genl. Campbell, Archibald Campbell, Principal Secretary,

Robert Mitford, Deputy Secretary, and servants,

but that his request to take his nephew, Capt. James Campbell, as Aid de Camp, and Mr. Wm. Cuthill as Clerk, cannot be complied with, which is nevertheless submitted to the Court.'

Appointed C.B., 18 June 1785.

6 April 1786, Major-Genl. Sir Archibald Campbell arrived at Madras. He was appointed to the additional office of C.-in-C. in Sept. of the same year.

Ceremony of introducing him to an Indian Nabob,

1786 (Scots. Mag.).

Arrival and reception of Major-Genl. Sir Archibald Campbell as Govr. of Madras. Account of ceremony in *Madras Courier* of 12 April 1786, and Calcutta Gazette, 4 May 1786.

In 1787 Col. Campbell's Regulations for the Company's Troops on the Coast of Coromandel (British Museum Press Mark 57, b. 28), and his Horse Drill and Manœuvres for the Native Cavalry (British Museum Press Mark 57, b. 29), were published.

- In 1788 he negotiated an agreement between Rama Varma, Raja of Travancore, and the British, by which the Raja, being threatened by Tipu, allowed two battalions of sepoys to be stationed on his frontier at his own expense. Portions of the correspondence between Sir Archibald Campbell and the Raja (Copies of Letters from Colonel Sir Archibald Campbell to the Rajah of Travancore, 5, 17, 30 April and 12 August 1788) were published in 1792 and are to be found at the British Museum (Press Mark T. 930 (6)).
- Early in 1788 standards were delivered to each regiment of cavalry by Colonel Campbell's orders.
- 13 Nov. 1788, published directions for sowing and raising the Guinea Grass seed: introduced by him also into Jamaica.
- 6 Feb. 1789, resigned, having previously issued a very complimentary order regarding the discipline and efficiency of the army.
- 7 Feb. 1789, Sir Archibald and Lady Campbell embarked in the *Manship* from Madras for Europe. Other Campbells also passengers in the same ship:

Mr. and Mrs. Montgomery Campbell, Miss Campbell, and Captains Alexander and Hugh Campbell.

The Manship reached England in June 1789.

Elected M.P. for the Stirling Burghs, 1774-80, 1789-91.

Died April 1791. Late Govr. on the Coast of Coromandel. Col. 74th Regt. of Foot. Major-Genl. H.M. Forces. M.P. for Stirling. Buried, 5 April 1791, in Westminster Abbey.

Will of Sir Archibald Campbell, Knight of the Bath, Govr. of Madras and Major-General of H.M. Forces, dated at Madras, 15 Nov. 1788. Proved 16 April 1791 in London.

His wife Amelia and brothers, Major James and Duncan Campbell, appointed Curators to his children.

Legacy to his mother Elizabeth.

Legacies left to Archibald Montgomery Campbell of the Adelphi (a mourning ring), Sir John Lindsay, the Lord Advocate Islay Campbell, Lord Henderland, Neil Campbell (Duntroon), Major Campbell (Askomel), Captain Alexander Campbell, Capt. Hugh Campbell, John Ramsay, "my brother-inlaw," and "my nephew," Captain James Campbell.

Sword and arms, &c., to nephew Capt. James Campbell. Executors: wife Amelia and brothers Duncan and

lames.

Proved by Sir James Campbell, Kt., and Duncan Campbell, Esq., brothers of deceased. Rights reserved to grant same to Amelia, relict.

Married, 7 July 1779, Amelia, dau. of Allan Ramsay of Kinkell (1713-84), portrait painter. She died 1813.1

[For other particulars, see records of King's Officers and Dict. Nat. Biog.]

24. ARCHIBALD CAMPBELL, of Kintarbert (Bengal).

Son of Dugald Campbell of Kintarbert, Argyll, d. at Limecraigs, Argyllshire, 1 Jan. 1788.

Born 1763.

. 30 Jan. 1782—to sail in the Besborough

Cadet . 30 Jan. 1782—to sail in the Insign . 15 Mar. 1785 26th N.I. Lieut. . 26 June 1793 23rd N.I. Capt. . 21 Sept. 1804 Major . 3 Dec. 1813

1 April 1818 Lt.-Col. .

¹ See Court Minutes; Corres. Reports; Wilson's Madras Army; Beng. Muster Rolls; Beng. Letters Received; Mad. Letters Received; Dodwell and Miles; Madras Courier; Calcutta Gaz.; Scots Mag.; Dict. Nat. Biog.; Wills, P.C.C.; Bom. Despatches, vol. 3; Beng. Letters Received, vol. 10; Heraldry of the Campbells.

Posted to 23rd Batt. 10 July.
Removed to 13th N.I., 18 Oct. 1793.
Appt. Fort Adjt. of Fort Wm., 5th N.I., from 24 Feb.,
G.O. 6 Mar. 1807.
Died 19 March 1821 at Chowringhee.
Administration granted to Registrar, 16 April 1821.

Inscription in South Park Street Burial Ground.

Sacred to the memory of
Lieut.-Colonel Arch. Campbell,
of the Bengal Army, who died on the 19th
March 1821, Aged 57.

To the active duties of a soldier in India, thirty-seven years of his life was [sic] devoted; during this period various offices of responsibility were entrusted to him. In the discharge of which, the warmth of his heart, his mild and equal manners; his disposition uniformly humane, considerate and kind, his sound judgment, and spotless integrity secured the affection of his associates, the good will of the community, and commanded the esteem and confidence of the state. It may with truth be said of this worthy man, that he never made a man his foe nor ever lost a friend.

Obituary Notice from the Calcutta Gazette, 22 March 1821.

On the forenoon of the 19th March 1821, at his house in Chowringee, Lieut. Col. Archibald Campbell of the 26th Regt. N.I., after a short but extremely severe illness, which he bore with that placidity of temper and resignation to the Divine will which characterized him through life.

Gifted with excellent natural abilities and always conspicuous by an accurate and intelligent discharge of the duties of his profession, this officer was at an early period of his service in India selected for situations of high trust and responsibility, and having preserved throughout a long and distinguished career of public life the strictest integrity and the most unblemished honor—combined as these superior qualities were in this instance with a remarkable warmth of heart, and a disposition so uniformly humane, considerate and kind, that it was felt by all with whom he had any intercourse, it may be safely asserted, that it has fallen to the lot of very few to live so generally respected and beloved, or to die so deeply and sincerely regretted.

Archibald Campbell was 4th in descent from Sir Robert Campbell, 3rd Baronet of Glenorchy.

His sister Mary married at Gartnagrenoch, Argyll-shire, I March 1781, Neil Macgibbon, Esq., of Inveraray.

His brother was Lt.-Gen. Robert Campbell of Kintarbert, who died at Gartnagrenoch, 13 May 1837.¹

25. ARCHIBALD CAMPBELL (Madras).

? Youngest son of Duncan Campbell of Glenfeochan, co. Argyll.

Posted to 2nd European Batt. by G.O. 8 Oct. 1792.

Posted to 36th N.I. by G.O. 8 Oct. 1794. With the 1st Batt. 6th N.I. 8 Jan. 1796.

Died, 6 Feb. 1800, at Seringapatam.

His death reported by the Secretary to the Military Board, 11 Feb. 1800.²

[Note: If this officer's parentage is correctly given as above, the place and date of death published in the Edinburgh Courant (Coringa, 15 Nov. 1800) must be wrong. No officer of this name either in the King's or Company's service dying at Coringa on 15 Nov. 1800 can be traced.]

26. ARCHIBALD CAMPBELL (Bengal).

1793. Ensign, 4th European Regt.3

[No other mention found.]

¹ See Bengal Muster Rolls; Dodwell and Miles; Calc. Gaz.; Bengal Obituary: Beng. Burials and Admons.: Scots Mag.

³ See MS. Muster Rolls, I.O.

² See Dodwell and Miles; Edinburgh Courant; Madras Mil. Cons., vol. 52, p. 796; Mad. Courier; India Register.

27. ARCHIBALD CAMPBELL (Madras).

Son of "a late worthy heretor."

Born, 2 Jan. 1777, at Kilmore, Lorn, Argyllshire.

Admitted to the service, 1795. To sail in the Bellona.

1794 Cadet

28 Jan. 1796 Madras Ensign

I June 1796 1st. Batt. 10th N.I. Lieut.

Died at Chicacole, 25 Nov. 1799. "An inoffensive

and decent young man."

Administration granted to a creditor, 8 Dec. 1800.

Angus Campbell, 20th Captain of Dunstaffnage, to whom the editor referred for information regarding the parentage of the above officer, wrote, 9 August 1924:

I do not think that Archibald Campbell, born 2 Jan. 1717, was of my House. I have looked up the cadet families of Clenamackrie and Combie and cannot place him. Was he not possibly of the House of Lochnell?

28. ARCHIBALD CAMPBELL, M.D. (Madras Medical).

Son of Duncan Campbell, Junr., merchant in Greenock, and Jean Campbell, dau. of Alexr. Campbell, Inspector in Greenock. Nominated by Charles Grant, Dep. Chairman of the E.I. Co., 6 April 1808. Brother of Captain John Campbell (No. 154, q.v.).

Born 21 Dec. 1786.

Sailed in the *Indus*.

Arrived in India, 11 Oct. 1808.

Asst. Surgeon, 5 July 1807.

Surgeon, 6 Dec. 1821.

With H.M. 34th Foot, 1809–1811.

Madras Volunteer Battn., 1811–1812, 1814. 5th N.I., 1812.

¹ See Cadet Papers; Madras Admons.; Calcutta Gazette; Mad. MS. Army List.

3rd N.I., 1813.

6th N.I., 1815.

Horse Art., 1816–1824.

1st Eu. Regt. on F.S., 1824-1828.

Served in first Burmese War. Prize Roll.

On furlough, 1828–1830.

Staff, 1832.

Staff Surgeon, Tenasserim, 1833.

Died, 1 Nov. 1833, on the Tenasserim Coast.

Will dated 1 Oct. 1830 and 6 Sept. 1832. Sworn, 5 Dec. 1833.

Mentions: Brother (unnamed).

Sisters—Jean, Anne, Margaret, Mrs. Paterson. Natural son—John.

Issue: John, ill. son, born 1821; bap. 12 June 1824 at Madras.

Archibald, ill. son, born c. 1827; bap. 2 Sept. 1828 at Madras; buried at Madras, 11 Sept. 1828.¹

29. ARCHIBALD CAMPBELL, M.D. (Bengal Medical).

Son of Lieut. Archibald Campbell of Ardmore and Helen Campbell.

Born at Kilciarain, Kildalton, Port Ellen, Islay, Argyll, 30 April 1805.

Admitted to the service in 1827. Arrived at Fort William, 13 Oct. 1827.

Asst. Surgeon . 8 May 1827

Surgeon . . 16 Jan. 1844

Surgeon-Major . 25 May 1861

Officiated as Resident at Katmandoo, 1838.

Member of Commission to settle the boundary between Sikkim and Nepal, 1839.

¹ See Cadet Papers; India Register; Service Army List; Mad. Baptisms, Wills, Burials; Court Minutes, vol. 116A; Greenock Middle Parish Register.

Appointed to charge of the hill station of Darjeeling, July 1839.

His house and public records destroyed by fire, 1840.

Commended by the Court, 1840.

His notes on the "Sepenas" and other tribes declared to be interesting and valuable, 22 March 1842.

His mission to the Bhutan frontier reported 12 August

1842.

Accompanied Dr. Hooker in 1849 to Sikkim, where they were both treacherously seized and imprisoned by the Raja's diwan, detained for six weeks, and eventually rescued by a military expedition.

Vested with the powers of an Akbarry Supt. at

Darjeeling, 20 July 1850.

In November 1860 he and his party were attacked by 300 Sikkimites. They fought for 14 hours against 800 men in an open stockade, killing 40 of the enemy and losing only 1 killed and 9 wounded.

On the 3rd Feb. 1861 he accompanied Col. Gawler's Force across the Runjeet River under fire from the enemy.

Retired, 8 Feb. 1862.

Died, 5 Nov. 1874.

Married Emily Ann Lamb at Darjeeling, 10 Nov. 1841. She was then "under age."

Issue: Helen Maria, born 30 July, 1842; bap. 1 June 1843 at Darjeeling.

William Napier, born 26 April; bap. 14 June 1848 at Darjeeling.

Josephine, born 27 Nov. 1849; bap. 20 April 1850 at Darjeeling.

Juliana Stewart, born 18 June; bap. 6 Aug. 1841 at Darjeeling.

Maria Jane, born 17 Nov.; bap. 18 Dec. 1853 at Darjeeling.

Harrietta Emelia, born 9 Dec. 1854; bap. 12 May 1855 at Darjeeling.¹

30. ARCHIBALD CAMPBELL, Askomel (Bengal).

Eldest son of Captain Archibald Montgomery Campbell, R.H.A., of Askomel (d. 7 Aug. 1832), and Isabella, second daughter of Wm. and Sarah Randall of Blackheath. Mother residing at Dieppe in 1833.

Born, 23 Oct. 1815, in Dublin. Entered the Company's

service, 1833.

Sailed in the Lord Hungerford. Arrived at Fort William, 17 Dec. 1835.

Cadet . . . 1835 Bengal Infantry

Ensign . . . 12 June 1835 58th N.I.

Lieutenant . 16 Apl. 1838 Captain . . 4 Feb. 1844 Major . . 19 Oct. 1853

Appointed Interpreter and Quarter Master to his Corps, 8 Dec. 1841.

Adjutant, 10 Sept. 1842.

Acting D.A.Q.M.G. to left wing of the army of exercise, 6 Dec. 1843.

Reported to be a zealous and effective officer (Inspec-

tion Report, 11 Feb. 1847).

Affairs so involved as to necessitate seizure and sale of property, therefore disqualified from holding post of Officiating Executive Officer in the 14th Division, 2 Feb. 1849.

Died, 28 Feb. 1855, on the River Indus near Sukkur,

on board the steamer Jhelum.

Admon., 21 Nov. 1855, to Administrator General. Married Maria Erskine Atkinson at Calcutta, 12 May 1838.

¹ See Cadet Papers; Anderson's Ubique; War Services, Bengal Army; Beng. Service Army List; India Register; Beng. Baptisms; Beng. Marriages; Kildalton Parish Registers.

Issue: Anne Isabella Erskine, b. 23 April 1839 at Barrackpore.¹

31. ARCHIBALD ALEXANDER CAMPBELL (Madras).

Second son of John Campbell (Lochend) of Appin, Argyll, and Annabella, dau. of John Campbell of Melfort.

Born, 22 April 1802.

Brother of Sir John and William Campbell (Nos. 161 and 238, q.v.).

Recommended by Sir Colin Campbell.

Passed Seminary Exam., 28 Jan. 1820.

Sailed in the Ganges.

Cadet . . . 1819

Ensign . . . 1820 Unposted to a

Regiment

Lieut. . 7 April 1820 12th N.I.

Appointed to the 1st Batt. Pioneers, 10 Oct. 1821.

Adjt. 1st Batt. Pioneers, 1822–1824.

Served in the First Burmese War with the Pioneers.

Died at Rangoon, 7 Oct. 1824, of wounds received in action.

Admon. 30 Jan. and 14 March to his brother, John Campbell, 41st N.I. (q.v., No. 161), next of kin in India.

His younger brother William (No. 238) died in 1827.2

[Note: In Miss M. O. Campbell's Memorials of the Campbells of Melfort this officer's name is given as Alexander Archibald, but in the Cadet Papers and in the Administration Book it appears as above.]

¹ See Cadet Papers; Bengal Service Army List; Beng. Admons.; Beng. Marriages; Beng. Baptisms; Times, 19 April 1855.

² See Cadet Papers; India Register; Mad. Gaz., 15 Dec. 1824 and 15 Jan. 1825; Hist. Record of the Queen's Own Sappers and Miners; Mad. Admons.; Mad. Casualties.

32. ARCHIBALD CHARLES CAMPBELL, Dunstaffnage (Bengal).

Second son of John Campbell, surgeon, Madras Medical Service (No. 156, q.v.), and Eliza Munro.

Born 26 August 1807.

Brother of Alexander Aeneas and Osborne Campbell (Nos. 11 and 197, q.v.).

Arrived in India, 7 July 1826, in the Lady Melville.

Cadet . . . 1825

Cornet . . 15 Mar. 1826 1st Light Cavalry. Lieut. . 27 April 1833

Adjutant in 1836.

Committed to the Calcutta Gaol for debt, 11 Jan. 1836. Discharged, 5 March 1836, by order of the Insolvent Court.

Died, 23 October 1845, at the Cape of Good Hope. Married Emily Payter, 11 July 1836, at Calcutta.

Issue: Wm. Payter Dunstaffnage, born 10 Aug. 1838 at Neemuch.

Archibald Dunstaffnage, born 25 July 1840 at (Calcutta. Colonel, Bengal Army (No. 33, q.v.).

Chas. Gascoigne, born 4 April 1842, at Landour; married an Indian lady.

Isobel; married George R. Payter of Sontapur, Bengal; her daughter, Mary Emily, married Sir James Thomson Currie, K.C.B.

Widow admitted to benefit of Lord Clive's Fund, 15 June 1846.¹

33. ARCHIBALD DUNSTAFFNAGE CAMPBELL (Bengal).

Son of Bt. Capt. Archibald Charles Campbell, 1st Beng. Cav. (No. 32, q.v.), and Emily Payter. Mother residing at 21 Newton Road, Bayswater, in 1856.

¹ See Bengal Service Army List; Cadet Papers; MS. Cas. List; Beng. Marriages and Baptisms; India Register.

Born, 25 July 1840, at Calcutta.

Arrived at Fort William and admitted to the service, 15 May 1858.

Ensign { 4 April or } 3rd. Eu. R	legt.
Lieut 31 Oct. 1860	
Captain 4 April 1870 Staff Corps	
Major 4 Apr. 1878	
LtCol 4 Apr. 1884	
Bt. Col	
4 Apr. 1888 with rank	of
Retired or Colonel	01
(15 May 1890) Coloner	

Died, 23 Sept. 1912.

Obituary Notices, 29 Sept. 1912.

On the 23rd inst., suddenly, Colonel Archibald Dunstaffnage Campbell, late Bengal Staff Corps, aged 73. The funeral will take place at Pennyfuir Cemetery, Oban, Argyllshire, on Saturday, at 2 o'clock. Friends, kindly accept this intimation and invitation.

The Late Col. Archd. Dunstaffnage Campbell.

Colonel Archibald Dunstaffnage Campbell, late Bengal Staff Corps, died suddenly at his residence in London on Monday, 23rd ult. The deceased was a cousin of the late Captain of Dunstaffnage. Colonel Campbell is survived by his daughter Mrs. Vallance, his wife, who was a daughter of Colonel Trouson, predeceasing him two years ago. The remains were brought to Oban by rail on Saturday forenoon, and a short funeral service was held in St. John's Episcopal Church at two o'clock, the service being conducted by the Rev. W. Maclaren. The mourners present included Mrs. Vallance, Mrs. Campbell of Dunstaffnage, Colonel St. Quentin, late of the 18th Hussars, Mr. Currie, cousin of the late Colonel. Wreaths were sent, among others, by Mrs. Vallance, by members of the Dunstaffnage family, and Countess von Hahn. At the close of the service the coffin was carried out to the hearse, and the mourners proceeded to the cemetery, the coffin being preceded by Pipe Major MacNeil, Oban, and the private pipers of Mrs. Campbell of Dunstaffnage, the Captain of Dunstaffnage, and Sir Duncan Campbell of Barcaldine. Probably owing to the hour fixed for the obsequies, the attendance at the funeral was smaller than it would otherwise have been. By her many friends deep sympathy is extended to Mrs. Vallance in her bereavement.

Married Charlotte, dau. of Colonel Trouson. She died in 1910.

Issue:

Illegitimate children by Golabi, an Indian—

Edith, born 6 June, 1874; bap. 8 July, 1876

at Dibrugarh.

Alexander, born 7 May; bap. 2 June 1877 at Dibrugarh; died 14 December 1878; buried at Lakhimpur.

John, born 4 Oct. 1878; bap. 7 Feb. 1879

at Dibrugarh.

Patrick, born 6 April; bap. 4 June 1880 at Lakhimpur.

By wife, Charlotte—

Ivy Blanche Catherine Isabel, born 30 Dec. 1883; bap. at St. Paul's Cathedral, Calcutta, 11 March 1884; married (1) in 1903, — Vallance; (2) Gibson Bruce.

34. ARCHIBALD EDWARDS CAMPBELL, Achallader, Perthshire (Bengal).

Eldest son of Lieut.-Genl. John Edwards Campbell of Achallader (1798–1871), 92nd Gordon Highlanders, and Sarah Jane, dau. of William Lougham. Lieut. 62nd Regt.

Born 18 March 1834. Baptised, 10 April 1834, at East Stonehouse, Devon.

Admitted to the service, 1851. Arrived at Fort William, 6 March.

¹ See Service Army List; Beng. Baptisms; Cadet Papers; Oban Times.

Cadet . . 1850

Ensign . . 20 Jan. 1851 31st N.I., 26 Au-

gust 1851

Lieut. . 6 June 1857

Captain . . 20 Jan. 1863 Staff Corps, Indian

Army, 12 Sept.

1866

Major . . 20 Jan. 1871

Lieut.-Col. . 20 Jan. 1877 36th N.I. and 61st

N.I.

Bt.-Colonel . 1 July 1881 Bengal Staff Corps

Colonel . . I July 1881 Major-Genl. . I July 1892 Passed examination in Hindustani.

Served in the Sonthal Campaign, 1855 and 1856.

With his regiment during the mutinies in the Saugor District, 1857, 1858. Present at numerous engagements. Severely wounded in Sept. 1857 in attack on fortified village of Narikouli. Medal with clasp.

Leave on S.C. to Europe for two years from 6 Jan. 1859.

Assam Commission, May 1862 and Dec. 1866.

Deputy Commissioner, Bengal, 1870.

Deputy Commissioner, 2nd Grade, Seebsaugor, Assam, 1869–83.

He returned home on sick leave in 1887.

Retired, 18 March 1892.

On Unemployed Supernumerary List in 1919.

Died, 9 April 1921, at Poltair, Mannamead, Plymouth.

Married, in 1860, Lucy, daughter of Capt. Cardew, R.E. She died in 1915.

Issue: Cecilia; married, 1880, Carl S. Bayley, Under Sec. Bengal Rev. Dept.

Sarah Constance, born 24 May; bap. 25 June 1862 at Lucknow.

Alice, born 11 Aug.; bap. 30 Nov. 1863 at Nowgong, Assam.

Henrietta Florence, born 26 Oct. 1864; bap. 27 Feb. 1865 at Assam.

Emily Louisa, born 24 Mar.; bap. 16 May 1871 at Debroghur, Upper Assam.

John, died an infant.

Annie.1

Extract from The Englishman, 29 May 1887.

Colonel (now Major-General) Archibald Edwardes Campbell, of the Bengal Staff Corps, . . . who has lately gone home, stood at the head of the Assam Commission, the first name in the first grade of Deputy Commissioners, before he left. He . . . was appointed an Assistant Commissioner in Assam, while a Lieutenant, in 1862. Since [this appointment] he has been wholly engaged in civil duties. . . . In later years he will be chiefly remembered by his many friends in India as the popular Deputy Commissioner at Sibsagar. His departure leaves a blank in the Assam Commission which it will be hard to fill, and the loss of his long tried experience of affairs in our N.E. frontier will seriously affect the public service.¹

35. ARCHIBALD HAMILTON CAMPBELL (Bengal).

Fourth son of Colin Campbell, of Colgrain, Dumbarton, West India merchant, and Janet Miller, elder dau. of John Hamilton of North Park.

Born, 17 Dec. 1823.

Admitted to the service, 1841. Sailed in the Scotia. Arrived, 30 Dec. 1841.

Cadet	•	•		1840	
Ensign	•	•	25 Aug.	1841	9th N.I
T :					1 1:4

Lieut. . . 1 Jan. 1845 Ádjt., 29 May 1850 Bt. Capt. . . 25 Aug. 1856 A.A.G., Oct. 1855-

June 1856

Captain . . . 23 Nov. 1856

Major . . . 25 Aug. 1861 Bengal Staff Corps

¹ See Bengal Service Army List; Memls. of Melfort; Misc. Mil. Records, vol. 270; Englishman.

Brig.-Maj. . 20 Aug. 1862 Rohilcund Lt.-Col. . 23 Aug. 1864 Staff Corps

Commended for appearance of Regt., Inspn. Report, 24 and 25 Jan., 1851. Ditto, 14 Jan. 1852. Ditto,

17 Jan. 1853.

Served in the Crimea as A.A.G. of Divn. in the Turkish Contingent, under Gen. Vivian, with local rank of Capt. in Turkey, from March 1855 to 1 Aug. 1856. Obtained Turkish Medal 4th Class of the Order of the Medjidieh.

Served as Major of Brigade at Allahabad in the Indian Mutiny, and engaged at Munseeta on 5 Jan. 1858, under Brig. W. Campbell. Mentioned in Des-

patch, 22 Jan. 1858.

Commanded 8th Irregular Cavalry during the Campaign in Oudh in 1858–1859. Present at capture of town and fort of Sandee, 24 Oct. 1858. Medal.

Retired, 30 June 1864, in England, with rank of Major.

Died, aged 73, 14 March 1897, at Kirkland, Thornhill, Dumfriesshire.

Married Mary Agnes, eldest dau. of Chas. Lionel Maitland Kirwan, of Dalgin Park, Galway, and Gelston Castle, co. Kirkcudbright, 25 June 1868, and had issue.¹

36. ARCHIBALD LORNE CAMPBELL, Inverneill (Bengal).

Fourth son of Duncan Campbell of Inverneill, Judge and Magistrate of Bheerboom (d. 1840), and Elizabeth Cooper of Gravesend (d. 1851).

Brother of George Campbell (No. 97, q.v.).

Born at Patna, Bengal, 17 Dec. 1804.

Recommended by Col. A. Campbell, 62nd Regt., his uncle.

¹ See Bengal Service Army List; Cadet Papers; Anderson's Ubique; India List; Misc. Mil. Records, vols. 113, 166; Burke's Landed Gentry; Times, 16 Mar. 1897.

Admitted to the service, 5 Nov. 1821, on arrival in Bengal.

Cadet . . . 1820

Cornet . . 4 July 1821 1st Cav.

Lieut. . . 13 May 1825 Captain . . 12 Jan. 1834

Bt. Major . . 19 June 1846 2nd Eu. Cav.

Major . . 20 Oct. 1852 Bt. Lt.-Col. . 17 Sept. 1855 Lt.-Colonel . 17 Sept. 1855

Bt. Colonel . 15 Sept. 1857 3rd Cav.

Employed on the Staff as Mil. Sec. to Sir Robert Dick, 21 May 1841. A.D.C. to Sir Jasper Nicholls, K.C.B., Commg. the Forces, 10 Dec. 1841. Charger shot under him.

Joined his Regt. proceeding on service into Afghani-

stan, 9 March 1842.

Bronze Medal for action at Maharajpore, 29 Dec.

1843.

Specially mentioned in despatches for battles of Aliwal and Sobraon. Rank of Brevet Major conferred in 1846. Medal and clasp. Cut down a standard-bearer and captured his standard. Captured a Sikh officer of Artillery.

Retired with rank of Major-Genl., 31 Dec. 1861.

Died, 25 May 1883.

Married: (1) Charlotte Susan, dau. of Abercromby Dick, Esq., of Midnapore, 3 April 1839, at Fort William.

(2) Jemima Janet, dau. of — Paterson, Esq.

Issue:

By first wife—

Charlotte Louisa Lorne, born 9 April; died 24 Dec. 1842.

Lorn Robert Henry Dick, born 14 Feb. 1846 at Landour, U.P.

Florence Elliott, born 25 Feb. 1848 at Umballa.

By second wife—

Archibald Lorn, born 31 Oct. 1857 at Lahore; died 23 Aug. 1858.

Edith Maud Mima, born 2 Nov. 1860 at Rajpore; bap. at Deyrah, 9 Dec.

Emily Agnes; married J. Carter, E.I.C.S.

Eliza; married J. Raddell Todd.¹

Extract from Oban Times, 13 April 1918. The Late Mrs. A. L. Campbell, Inverneill.

On March 30 there passed away at Brighton the widow of Major-General Archibald Lorne Campbell (Inverneill), aged 81.

As a young woman she was throughout the Indian Mutiny with her husband. When it broke out, they were with his regiment at Sealkote, and only the personal loyalty of her husband's troopers to him saved their lives, as they made themselves into an escort and took them safely to the nearest port.

General Campbell and his wife spent many years in Argyllshire, and the older generation will remember their genial hospitality.

The day before Mrs. A. L. Campbell's death, news was received that her only grandson was killed in action in France—Lieut.-Colonel Spencer Acklom, Highland Light Infantry, attached Northumberland Fusiliers, D.S.O., M.C., four times mentioned in dispatches during the present war. The fighting spirit of his Inverneill ancestors was strongly developed in him, and the Army can ill spare his services.

37. ARCHIBALD MONTGOMERY CAMPBELL (Madras).

Fourth son of the Rev. Archibald Montgomery Campbell, rector of Paddington, and Elizabeth Julia Campbell of Kensington Square.

Born 17 July 1820.

Sailed in the Claudine. Arrived at Madras, and admitted to the service, 14 June 1838.

¹ See Bengal Service Army List; Cadet Papers; Anderson's Ubique; Misc. Mil. Records; Beng. Marr., Bap. and Burials; India List; Oban Times; Heraldry of the Campbells.

47

1838 Attached 34th N.I. Cadet

16th N.I.

. 3 Oct. 1840 Captain . . . 14 Nov. 1848

Passed an examination in Hindustani, 9 March 1840.

Actg. Qr. Mr. and Interpreter, 12th N.I., 1 Aug. 1840, and to 10th N.I., 21 Nov. 1840.

Has an "indifferent knowledge of military tactics,"

9 Feb. 1841.

"Since Lieut. Campbell joined the regt., he has established a good character; he has a violent temper," 1 Feb. 1841.

His general conduct and character "highly respectable,"

1842.

To rejoin his Regt., 21 June 1843.

Furlough to Europe on S.C., 8 Aug. 1843.

Returned to Bombay, 12 Mar. 1846.

Extension of leave on S.C. to 31 Dec. 1846.

Sub. Asst. Com. Genl., 1850–1855.

Dep. Asst. Com. Genl., 1855–1861.

On furlough, 1860.

Retired, 13 Feb. 1861, in England, with rank of Major.

Died, 22 June 1886.

Married, 9 February 1848, Sophie (b. 1826), dau. of William Huxham of Quilon.¹

38. ARGYLE FINCASTLE MURRAY CAMPBELL, Fairfield (Bengal).

Third son of Major Charles Hay Campbell, Bengal Artillery (No. 46, q.v.), and Jane Wemyss Murray.

Born, at Madras, 4 March 1830.

Recommended by his uncle, George Gunning Campbell, Esq.

Admitted to the service, 1848.

Arrived at Fort William, 8 Oct

¹ See Cadet Papers; Mad. Service Army List; India Register; Misc. Mil. Records, vol. 112; Mad. Marriages.

Brother of A. D., G. G. J., and L. G. A. Campbell (Nos. 15, 99 and 188.).

Cadet . . . 1847

Ensign . . . 20 July 1848 Attached 65th N.I.

Posted to 69th N.I., 10 Feb. 1849.

Died, 23 Sept. 1850, at Agra.

Administration granted to Registrar, 10 March 1851.1

39. ARTHUR CAMPBELL (Bengal).

Son of Lieut.-Col. John Campbell, 60th Regt., planter, Tobago, and Sophia Campbell.

Born, 9 April 1802, at Orange Hill, Tobago.

Cadet, Military Seminary, January 1817.

Admitted to the service, 1819. Sailed in the Marquis of Wellington.

2nd Lieut., 25 April 1819, Artillery.

Lieutenant, 27 Oct. 1822.

Died, 30 May 1833, on board the Protector at sea.

Will dated 24 May 1833. Sworn 11 Oct., 1833. Mentions:

Brother, John Campbell, and Margaret his wife.

Sister, Ellen, and husband Henry Walters.

Nephew, Arthur, son of brother John.²

40. ARTHUR LEWIS STUART CAMPBELL (Bengal Medical).

Son of John Campbell, Sessions Judge at Sylhet (d. 14 July 1834), and Margaret Flora Douglas of Calcutta. His mother was residing at 4 Saxe Coburg Place, Edinburgh, in 1846.

Baptised, 15 March 1822, at Calcutta.

Brother of James Drummond Campbell (No. 128) and John Douglas Campbell (No. 173, q.v.).

Admitted to the service, 1846. Sailed in the Agincourt.

¹ See Beng. Service Army List; Cadet Papers; Beng. Burials; Beng. Admons.

² See Bengal Service Army List; Cadet Papers; Beng. Wills.

Arrived at Fort William, 25 Nov. 1846.

Asst. Surgeon . 11 July 1846 Surgeon . 7 Oct. 1859 Surg.-Major . 17 Mar. 1865

Served through the siege operations at Multan, 1848, 1849. Present at the battle of Gujarat and at the operations against the Bussy Khel Afridis, under Lt.-Col. Craigie, in March 1855. Medal and two clasps.

Furlough to Europe on P.A. for two years, 8 April 1861.

Died, 11 Sept. 1868, at Futtehpore (Fatehpur).1

41. AUGUSTUS HAMILTON CAMPBELL (Bombay).

On 24 Sept. 1793, Sergeant-Major A. H. Campbell, of the Bombay Establishment, petitioned for a reward for discovering a conspiracy on the *Rockingham*. The circumstances were as follows:

Augustus Hamilton Campbell was the sergeant in command of a detachment of recruits sent to Bombay in the Rockingham, Captain John Blanshard, commander. The recruits were put on board at Gravesend on 16 November 1791, and A. H. Campbell's name appears in the List. The ship sailed from the Downs for Bombay on 3 January 1792. On 18 January there is an entry in the Ship's Log:

Received information that several of the Honble. Company's Recruits had been overheard in a mutinous Consultation to seize the ship from the Commander and Officers, murder the Crew and run the Ship to some Port for sale . . . the Commander, Officers and Passengers on Consultation resolved to seize the Ringleaders.

The conspirators were seized. They were confined in irons on the poop until the arrival of the vessel

¹ See Cadet Papers; Anderson's Ubique; Bengal Service Army List; India Register; Misc. Mil. Records, vol. 272; Beng. Baptisms; Beng. Marriages; Beng. Civilians.

in Bombay Harbour on 23 May 1792, when they were sent on shore under a guard.

In reply to the petition, the Court wrote to Bombay,

on 11 June 1794:

We have received a Memorial from Serjeant-Major Augustus Hamilton Campbell of the Bombay Establishment stating his Services in discovering a Conspiracy on board the Rockingham in that Ships last voyage, and requesting to be rewarded for the same; and Capt. J. A. Blanchard [sic] late Commander of the Rockingham having addressed a Letter to us in testimony of Mr. Campbell's merits upon that occasion, we are induced to recommend that Gentleman to your favorable attention and to direct that should you find him deserving of notice he be appointed to such Staff Employment as you may deem his Services entitle him to.

On receipt of the Court's letter, the above paragraph "was sent to the C.O. of the troops for his observance and he reported that the said person had died some time since" (General Letter to the Court of Directors, dated 6 Jan. 1795).

42. CHARLES CAMPBELL XV. of Barbreck (Madras).

Eldest son of John Campbell XIV. of Barbreck and Elizabeth Hay of Hartfield.

Born 1723 (or 1724).

Brother-in-law of Col. Donald Campbell of Glensaddell (No. 65, q.v.).

Said to have entered the Company's service from the Royal Artillery, but it seems that he was 2nd Lieut. of an Independent Co.

¹ See Court Minutes, vol. 101, p. 404; Marine Records, vol. 1240; Bombay Despatches, vol. 14; Bombay Letters Received, vol. 11.

the French had been defeated he saved the life of the French Commander, De Kerjean. Ananda Ranga Pillai is mistaken in saying (vol. viii. p. 199) that Captain Campbell was "mortally wounded in the chest by a bullet and his death is hourly expected." In the following year he was specially invited to be present at De Kerjean's re-marriage with the daughter of Dupleix.

1754. Offered to throw up his commission when on active service. Apologised, and was let off with

a reprimand.

COMMISSION to Charles Campbell Esqr. as Major in the Company's Forces at Fort St. George from 20th March 1759.

THE UNITED COMPANY OF MERCHANTS OF ENGLAND TRAD-ING TO THE EAST INDIES TO CHARLES CAMPBELL ESQR. GREET-ING. We the said United Company reposing especial Trust and Confidence in Your Courage and Experience in Military Affairs, Do by these Presents constitute and appoint you to be Major in our Forces employed in our Service, under the Presidency of Fort St. George on the Coast of Choromandel in the East Indies, and to be Captain of one of our Companies of Infantry there, And do give and grant You full Power and Authority to take Your Rank as Major accordingly from the 20th day of March in the year 1759, You are therefore to take upon you the Charge and Command of Major and Captain as aforesaid, and carefully and diligently to discharge the Duties thereof, by doing and performing all and all manner of things thereunto belonging; And We do hereby command all Officers and Soldiers to obey You accordingly; And you are to observe and follow all such Orders and directions as you shall from time to time receive from Us, or from the Court of Directors of the said United Company for the time being, or any thirteen or more of them, or from our President and Council of Fort St. George aforesaid, according to the Rules and Discipline of War in pursuance of the Trust We hereby repose in You In failure whereof Our said President and Council are empowered by Us to Vacate and Annul this Commission In WITNESS whereof We have hereunto affixed our Common Seal this Third day of April in the 33d year of the reign of our Sovereign LORD GEORGE the Second by the Grace of God of Great Britain, France and Ireland Defender of the Faith and so forth, and in the Year of our Lord 1760.

(L. S.)

Signed by Order of the Court of Directors of the said Company ROBT. JAMES, Secry.

Resigned the service, and asked permission to return to England in the Warren, July 1759.

11 April 1760, commended by the Court of Directors. Returned to Madras in the York.

In command at Vellore, 1762.

Took part in the second siege of Madura

Arrived at Madura 10 Feb. 1763, and took over the command from Major Preston. His Journal of the Siege of Madura and the subsequent fighting against the Poligars in the South, 10 Feb. 1764 to 31 March 1766, is among the Orme MSS. at the India Office.

To command the 1st Batt. (Letter from Madras to the Court of 30 Dec. 1763).

9 May 1764, apptd. Col. of Foot in the East Indies only.

To be Colonel of the 2nd Batt. (Letter to the Court, 1 June 1764).

Resigned the service, and returned to England in the Pacific in 1766.

April 1766, on half pay.

We must do him the justice to assure your Honours that his conduct hath been to our satisfaction, having always manifested a zeal and activity becoming a good officer (Letter from Madras to the Court).

7 Dec. 1775. Requests that his relative, Hector McNeill, may go to Fort St. George to recover his debts.

At a Committee of Correspondence, 22 January, 1783:

The Committee considered a Letter from Capt. Charles Fraser, referred on the 15th Instant, requesting on behalf of Col. Charles Campbell, that Lieut. Lionel Hook of the Argyllshire Fencibles, who is nephew to Col. Campbell, may be appointed a Cadet to Bengal, and it does not appear to the Committee that Col. Campbell ever received any Indulgence of this Sort.

Died at Campbeltown, 14 April 1792.

Married, 4 July 1750, at Fort St. George, Madras, Susannah, dau. of Capt. John de Morgan.

Issue: Donald, born 1751 (No. 66, q.v.).

Laurence, born 1753; capt. in the army (Scots Greys and 71st Highlanders; wounded in the American War); died 1824.

Robert, d. in Scotland, 5 Aug. 1824.

Charles Colin, bap. at Madras, 25 May 1762.

Achilles George, bap. at Madras, 20 Sept. 1763.

A daughter, married David Campbell, Esq., of Combie, cadet of Dunstaffnage.

A daughter, died unmarried.

Sister, Anne, who was permitted to join her brother in Madras by order of Court, 6 Aug. 1760.

The following information respecting Charles Colin Campbell, third son, is contained in a letter to the editor from a direct descendant, dated 13 Aug. 1919.

He served in the 1st, 74th and 132nd Regiments of Foot, rising from Ensign in 1779 to the rank of Major-General in 1813.

He was Inspecting Field Officer at Leeds in 1813, and served for some time on the Staff at Newfoundland.

He married, 10 Feb. 1789, Elizabeth, dau. of ——. She died at Leeds, 3 Feb. 1813.

He is said to have married twice subsequently and to have left issue eight sons and five daughters.

He brought a party of British settlers to South Africa in the Salisbury in 1820.

He was thrown from his horse, and died from his injuries, at Barville Park, near Grahamstown, Cape Province, in 1822.

Col. Charles Campbell of Barbreck inherited that portion of Hartfield which belonged to his mother, and his aunt Mary conveyed to him the remainder; the whole of which he subsequently sold to David Ross, Esq., of Inverchasly (afterwards a Scottish Judge, by the title of Lord Ankerville). Col. Charles also possessed property in the Isle of Bute, held of the Crown, and acquired, by purchase (principally in 1767), a considerable estate in Argyllshire.¹

43. CHARLES CAMPBELL of Glasgow (Bengal Medical).

Second son of James Campbell of Glasgow and brother of Lt.-Col. John Campbell of the 17th Bengal N.I. (No. 148, q.v.).

Born, 1766.

Admitted to the service, 28 Jan. 1791; then in India. Nominated by Thos. Fitzhugh, a Director of the E. I. Co.

Asst. Surg. . 1 Sept. 1791 Infantry

Surgeon . . . 27 May 1806

Appointed to do duty at Bencoolen, Sumatra, as surgeon and botanist, 29 Jan. 1793.

17 July 1806, reports on imported spice plants in Sumatra.

Left Bencoolen on account of his health in 1807, and returned to Bengal in the *Hawkesbury*.

Died, 19 Jan. 1808, at Calcutta.

Obituary Notice.

On Tues. afternoon [19 Jan. 1808] in the 42d year of his age, Charles Campbell Esq. of the Bengal Medical Establish-

1 See Madras Muster Rolls; Mad. Army List; Mad. Press List; Court Minutes, vol. 69; Mad. Letters Recd., vol. 2; Corres. Reports, vol. 12, p. 2; Orme MSS., vol. 74, pp. 3-115 and 118-209; Burke's Commoners; Diary of Ananda Ranga Pillai, ed. H. Dodwell; Miscellanies, vol. 14; S. C. Hill's Yusuf Khan; Mrs. Frank Penny's Marriages at Fort St. George; Letter to Mrs. Campbell of Barbreck, pub. 1830; Gent. Mag. 1824.

ment, Surgeon to the Residency at Bencoolen, and brother to Lieut. Col. John Campbell of the 17th N.I.; a gentleman whose talents and acquirements rendered his life valuable to science; whose manners and affection endeared his character to his Friends and to Society.

- Will dated 21 Feb. 1807 at Fort Marlbro', Sumatra. Proved by John Campbell in Calcutta, 25 Jan. 1811.
- Mentions: brother, Major John Campbell, late 8th N.I., now of London, one of the executors; son, Charles James (by a Malay woman, unnamed).
- Original papers, including the will, were lost in the Seaflower, when the vessel was captured by the French.
- A long letter from the testator to "John Campbell, Esq.," re disposal of his property, his watch, seal, sword, &c., &c., dated 14 Dec. 1807, is bound up with the will.
- Issue: Natural son, Charles James, died 19 Oct. 1820. 23 October 1810. Grant accorded to his orphan son by the Council at Bencoolen.
- For Charles Campbell's report on the naturalisation of the nutmeg at Bencoolen and his survey of the district, see the MS. records of Sumatra noted below.¹

44. CHARLES CAMPBELL, Fairfield (Madras).

Eldest son of Lt.-Col. Thomas Hay Campbell, Madras Artillery (No. 226, q.v.), and Margaret Galbraith. Born at Singapore, 23 March 1839.

Educated at Proprietary School, Greenwich.

Nominated by Sir H. Willock, a Director of the E. I. Co., at the recommendation of Sir James Melville, K.C.B.

¹ See Beng. Service Army List; Court Minutes, vol. 99A; India Register; Beng. Wills and Burials; Scots Mag., 1xx., 718 and N.S. vii., 480; Calc. Gaz. 21 Jan. 1808; Prince of Wales Island Gaz., 26 Mar. 1808; Fact. Rec., Sumatra, vols. 24, 25, 104, 108.

Entered Addiscombe, June 1855.

1857 Cadet

4 April 1857 25th N.I. Ensign .

Lieut. . 14 Jan. 1859

Went on furlough to Europe in 1865, and died, aged 27, in London, 11 July 1866.1

45. CHARLES CAMPBELL, Kinloch (Bengal).

Eldest son of Capt. John Campbell (1762–1839) of Kinloch, Little Dunkeld, Perthshire, and Ann Trapaud, daughter of John Campbell of Melfort (1784–1841).

Brother of John and Colin Campbell (Nos. 166 and

54, q.v.).

Born, 11 March 1807.

Recommended by his uncle, Capt. Patrick Campbell, R.N.

Arrived in Bengal, 9 Oct. 1824, in the Rose.

Cadet 1823

Ensign . . . 23 May 1824 42nd N.I.

Lieut. . . 14 July 1825

Colonel . . 10 May 1860

Served in the Burmese War, 1824–1826.

Appointed Dep. Paymaster at Cawnpore, 9 Jan. 1836.

Joins his Regt., proceeding on Field Service, 18 Sept. 1838.

Shared Ghazni Prize Money with his Regt.

Removed from his appointment on account of "marked disapproval of conduct." Prays to be restored, Refused. Case reviewed. 6 Mar. 1844.

¹ See India Register; Cadet Papers.

revoke decision and deprecate injury to Capt. Campbell's prospects, 18 Sept. 1844.

Paymaster to the Army of the Punjab, 13 Oct. 1848.

Engaged at Chillianwallah and Gujarat—commended by Lord Gough (desp. 26 Feb. 1849).

Bt. Major, qualified to command (Inspn. Rept., 31 Dec.

1851).

Renews his claim to the Indian Medal for services in Ava (1825, 1826), in Sept. 1854.

Retired in England with rank of Major-General, 10 May 1860.

Died, 27 August 1879, aged 71, at Gloucester Place, Portman Square.

Married Caroline Charlotte (born 1808), eldest daughter of James Wemyss, B.C.S. (son of the Honble. James Wemyss of Wemyss Castle; he was nephew of the Earl of that ilk), and Caroline Charlotte Wemyss, at Cawnpore, 23 Aug. 1829.

Issue: John Wemyss, born at Hawalbagh, 6 April 1834 (No. 184, q.v.).

Annie Byng, born at Cawnpore, 2 Nov. 1837; bap. 4 Mar. 1838.

Arthur, born May 1849; died 3 Aug. 1851, at Simla.¹

46. CHARLES HAY CAMPBELL, Fairfield (Bengal).

Third son of William Campbell of Fairfield and his second wife, Catherine Gunning, dau. of Capt. Wm. Gunning, who fell at Guadaloupe in 1757, and niece of Sir Robert Gunning, Bt., of Horton.

Born, 6 May 1789, at St. Andrews.

He was twin brother of Alexander Campbell, I.C.S., the father of Alexander Henry Edward Campbell (No. 16, q.v.).

¹ See Bengal Service Army List; Cadet Papers; India List; India Regr.; Bengal Marr., Baptisms and Burials; Memls. of Melfort; Misc. Mil. Records, vol. III.

Nominated cadet for Bengal from Royal Military Academy, Woolwich, 9 Feb. 1803.

Sailed to India in the Surrey.

Admitted to the service, 7 Nov. 1805.

Cadet . . . 1803

Lieutenant of

Artillery . 8 May 1805
Capt. Lt. . 1 May 1812
Capt. . 27 Jan. 1818
Major . 28 Sept. 1827
War Services.

Served under Lord Lake. Attack on Heerapore Fort, 19 and 20 Dec. 1808. The Agent to the Governor-General reports "The exertions of Lieutenant... Campbell... in preparing the batteries and in laying the guns could not be surpassed.... Truth and justice compel me to notice to his Lordship in Council exertions and merits of which I was an eye witness" (The British Indian Mil. Repository, vol. iv. (Bengal Sieges).

The attack on Rajaoli, 22 Jan. 1809. Attack and capture of Fort Adjeegarh, Bundelkhand, 6 Feb.

1809 (Ibid. and Stubb's Bengal Artillery).

Neapalese Campaign under General Gillespie. Action and capture of the position of Kalunga, 30 Nov. 1814 (Buckle's Bengal Artillery, p. 312, et seq.).

Siege and capture of Hathras, 2 March 1817, as Major of Brigade to Major-Genl. Sir J. Horsford, who commanded the artillery—70 guns and mortars (*Ibid.*, p. 333).

1811-1816, Adjutant and Quartermaster.

26 June 1819, Rs. 2000 granted him for ability and zeal in execution of stone pavements at Dum Dum.

1 Aug. 1819, Assistant Sec. to Govt. in the Military Department.

17 April 1820, Deputy Sec. to Govt. in the Military Department.

In charge of gun factories at Cossipore and Futtyghur, 1821–1832.

21 July 1827, commended for his management at Cossipore.

11 June 1832, reported to be "a diligent, methodical and economical manager of establishments which come under his control."

Wrote papers on professional subjects in the British Indian Military Repository.

Died, 19 May 1832, at Futtyghur.

Buried in the Fort Cemetery, Fategarh (Futtyghur), Farukhabad. The inscription tablet to his memory was destroyed in the Mutiny.

Obituary Notice.

Major CHARLES HAY CAMPBELL, late of the Bengal Artillery, and Agent for the supply of Gun Carriages at the Bengal Presidency.

Major Campbell was the third son of the late William Campbell, Esquire, of Fairfield, North Britain. He entered the service in 1805, and early rose to distinction for his zeal as an officer. He served with the army under Lord Lake, and on subsequent occasions, on actual service; was early brought on the Staff, first as Adjutant and Quarter Master of his corps, in 1810, and since that time he has filled many situations, on the General Staff of the Army, until 1819, when he was appointed Deputy Secretary to Government in the Military Department; and in 1821 he was nominated to the charge, first at Cossipore, and afterwards at Futtyghur, which he held until his death.

As an Officer, Major Campbell's professional attainments placed him in the highest rank of a corps pre-eminent for science and ability; and the kindness and generosity of his disposition endeared him to all who had the happiness to partake of his friendship. Devoted to the public service, and to the interests of his profession, he was ever actively employed in what could benefit the first, or promote the last. His papers in the *British Indian Military Repository*, particularly those containing the history of Sieges in Bengal, are models of good writing on professional subjects, and display a genius and talent which shone conspicuously in whatever he attempted.

Will dated 10 Oct. 1831. Proved, 31 July 1832.

Married at St. George's Church, Madras, 27 Sept. 1824, Jane Wemyss Murray, eldest dau. of the Hon. Leveson Granville Keith Murray, and granddaughter of John, Fourth Earl of Dunmore.

Issue: Charles Henry (ill.), born 27 Feb. 1820; bap.

20 Jan. 1821 at Calcutta.

Richard Powney (ill.), born 13 July 1821; bap.

21 April 1822 at Dum Dum.

Alexander Duncan (ill.), born at Cossipore, 22 Sept. 1822; bap. 22 Dec. 1823 at Calcutta

(No. 15, q.v.).

Leveson Granville Alexander, born 6 Oct.; bap. 13 Dec. 1825 at Dum Dum (No. 188, q.v.), father of General Sir Frederick Campbell, K.C.B.

Augusta Matilda Selina, born 31 May 1827.

George Gunning John, born 9 July; bap. 8 Sept. 1828 at Dum Dum (No. 99, q.v.).

Argyle Fincastle Murray, born at Madras 4 March; bap. 27 May 1830 at Calcutta (No. 38, q.v.).

Catharine Virginia D'Este, born 17 Feb.; bap.

11 April 1831 at Futtyghur.

Caroline Diana Marion, born 22 Jan.; bap. 16 Feb. 1832 at Futtyghur.

Brothers: Alexander Duncan Campbell of Madras C.S. Gabriel Napier Christie Burton Campbell (No. 91, q.v.).

George Alexander.

Andrew Mitchell (No. 22, q.v.).

His widow married 2ndly, in 1836, Capt. C. S. Malling of the E.I. Co.'s C.S.¹

¹ See Cadet Papers; Beng. Service Army List; Beng. Wills and Baptisms; Dodwell and Miles; Calc. Gazette; Bengal Obituary; Buckland's Dict. of Indian Biography; Führer's Christian Tombs and Monuments in N. W. P.; Mad. Marriages.

47. CHARLES VEREKER HAMILTON-CAMPBELL (Bengal).

Charles Vereker Hamilton, son of John Ferrier Hamilton, Esq., of Cairnhill, Ayr (of Cathlaw, Bathgate, in 1839), and the Honble. Georgina Vereker, dau. of 2nd Viscount Gort.

Born, 1 May 1819; bap. 21 June at Craigie, Ayr.

Educated at New and Military Academy, Edinburgh.

Passed exam. for seminary, 14 Feb. 1837.

Passed public examination, 11 Dec. 1838.

Sailed in the Marquis Camden, 24 Feb. 1839.

Cadet . . . 1838

Ensign . . . 22 Aug. 1839 45th N.I.

Lieut. . . 9 Apr. 1842 Capt. . . 28 July 1850

Retired, Captain and Bt. Major, 10 Sept. 1852, in England.

Later became Colonel of Ayrshire Yeomanry Cavalry. Died, aged 67, at Netherplace, Mauchline, 5 May 1886.

Issue: Eld. son, William Kentigern Hamilton-Campbell, b. 1865; D.S.O. 1902, S. African War; Lt.-Col. Imp. Yeo., 6th Batt., 1901; J.P., Ayrshire.

Charles Vereker Hamilton succeeded his cousin, William Campbell of Netherplace, who died unmarried on 25 Dec. 1843, and then assumed the name of Campbell.¹

48. CHARLES WILLIAM CAMPBELL (Bengal).

Eldest son of Charles William Campbell of Boreland, Perthshire, cadet of Glenfalloch, Lieut. H.M. 39th Regt., and Charlotte Olympia Cockburn, of 11 Howard Place, Edinburgh, daughter of John Campbell of Kinloch.

¹ See Cadet Papers; India List; Misc. Mil. Records, vol. 112; Heraldry of the Campbells; Times, 8 May 1886.

Born, 4 April 1836, at Killin, Perthshire.

Admitted to the service, 1854. Arrived at Fort William, 31 Jan. 1855.

Cadet . . 1853

Ensign . . . 20 Dec. 1854 11th N.I. 2 March

1855

Lieut. . . 30 June 1857 10th N.I., 30 April

1858

Captain . 15 Aug. 1864 6th Bengal Cavalry,

20 Dec. 1866

Major . . 20 Dec. 1874 Lt.-Col. . 20 Dec. 1880 Bt. Col. . 20 Dec. 1884 Major-Genl. . 1 Feb. 1886

Present at mutiny of native troops at Lucknow in 1857. Joined the Volunteer Cavalry and was engaged in several reconnaissances before the battle of Chinhut; present at that action (severely wounded).

Served at the defence of the Residency of Lucknow

(wounded).

Present at the recapture of Cawnpore from Gwalior rebels (medal and clasp and one year's extra service).

Served throughout the China Campaign of 1860-61 in Fane's Horse, including the capture of Taku Forts and subsequent operations up to the fall of Pekin; was Orderly Officer to Brigadier Pattle during the latter part of these operations (medal and 2 clasps).

Adjutant Governor's Body Guard, 3 April 1866.

Staff Corps, 10 Dec. 1866.

Second Squadron Officer, 2nd Bengal Cavalry, 11

March 1871.

In 1881, when training a young horse to jump, General (then Colonel) Campbell so strained the muscles of his back as to be incapacitated, and he was ordered home on sick leave. While still under treatment, in 1882, he rejoined his regiment at Suez, to take part in the Egyptian Expedition,

and was in command of a Brigade of Cavalry, his own regiment, the 2nd Bengal Cavalry and the 4th Bengal Lancers. After Kassassin, he broke down and had to resign his command (medal and bronze star). He eventually recovered and returned to India.

Retired with rank of Major-General, 1 Feb. 1886.

Unsuccessfully claimed the Earldom of Breadalbane in 1862.

Died, 20 Aug. 1894, aged 58, at Glanllyn, St. Asaph, Flintshire.

Married, 31 July 1888, Gwynedd, only dau. of Wm. Edwd. Brinckman (Brinckman Bt. colls.), R.N.

Issue: Sir Charles William, Capt. R.F.A., 13th Bt. (1625), M.C., born in Edinburgh, 11 June 1889, succeeded his cousin, 8th Earl (d. 1923), as 9th Earl of Breadalbane and Holland (Scotland, 1677), in 1923; married in 1918 Armorer Romer, dau. of Romer Williams, D.L., J.P. Served in Great War, 1914–18. Capt. R.F.A. from 1915. Adjutant 94th Dorset and Somerset Yeomanry, 373rd, 374th, 375th W. Somerset Yeo., 376th Dorset Yeo. Horse Batt. Appointed 10 March 1923. Elected Representative Peer for Scotland, 3 Nov. 1924. Issue: son, Lord Glenorchy. Colina Elwy, born 5 Aug. 1891; married, 17 Dec.

Hampshire Regt.
Mary Gwynedd, born 10 Jan. 1893. Received the Military Medal for gallantry during air raids on hospitals at Etaples, France, 1917.

1919, Capt. Thomas Macdonald Hussey, late

Margaret Alice, born, 21 March 1894; married, Feb. 1922, Charles Conradi.

The above ladies were granted the rank and precedence of the daughter of an Earl in 1924.1

¹ See Cadet Papers; Anderson's Ubique; Beng. Service Army List; India List; Memorials of the House of Melfort; Burke's Peerage.

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49. COLIN CAMPBELL (Madras).

Lieutenant of Captain John Campbell's Company. Buried at Madras, 26 Sept. 1748.1

[No further information regarding this officer has been found.]

50. COLIN CAMPBELL (Bengal).

Second son of Patrick Campbell of Ardchattan, Argyll, and Lilias Margaret, dau. of John MacFarlane of MacFarlane. Brother of Capt. Charles Campbell, 71st Highlanders, and of Patrick Campbell (No. 198), and Robert Campbell (No. 209, q.v.).

Born, 1757.

Admitted to the service, 6 March 1775. Sailed in the *Triton*.

Removed to the Sepoy Corps, Bombay Detachment, August 1777.

Died, 15 May 1792, at Anupshahr, N.W.P.

Admon., 22 Dec. 1792, to R. Ramsay, friend and creditor.²

51. COLIN CAMPBELL (Madras).

[Parentage not ascertained.]

Cadet				-	1778
	,	•	•		
Ensign			•	20 April	1778
Lieut.		•	•	3 Feb.	1782
Captain		•	•	9 May	1795

¹ See Madras Burials.

² See Cadet Papers; Dodwell and Miles; Beng. Muster Rolls; Beng. Admons.

RECORDS OF CLAN CAMPBELL

26 Dec. 1798 1st Batt. 1st Regt. Major N.I.

Serving in the Carnatic in 1788.

To be Muster Master in Masulipatam District, G.O., 12 August 1794.

Transferred from 5th to 12th N.I., G.O., 31 Oct. 1794. Killed, 5 April 1799, in an attack before Sultanpet, Seringapatam.

Will dated Trichinopoly, 21 May 1794. Sworn 6 Nov. 1799. Mentions daughter Kate in asylum (orphanage).1

52. COLIN CAMPBELL (Bengal).

Son of Alexander Campbell, Landwaiter, of Greenock, and Susannah his wife.

Born, 13 August 1775, at Greenock.

Brother of John Campbell (No. 153, q.v.).

Cadet for Bengal, appointed 22 March 1795.

Sailed in the General Goddard.

. 14 July 1815 4th N.I. Major

1803. In England. Permitted to return to duty, 18 March 1803.

Died, 6 June 1819, at Gyah.

Obituary Notice.

At Gyah, Major Colin Campbell, of the 2d Batt. 4th N.I., on the 7 June 1819, after a short but severe illness, occasioned by anxiety of mind on account of the numerous sick of his corps, on their return from duty in the district of Sumbhulpore.

At the same place, on the 8th inst., within a few hours after the demise of her husband, Mrs. Campbell, the lady of the above Gentleman, and sister of John Fombelle, Esqr.

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¹ See Dodwell and Miles; Madras G. O.; Mad. Courier; Mad. Gazette; Mad. Wills.

66

Will dated 12 Nov. 1804, at Deeg, "in sight of the Mahratta Camp, which it is likely we shall immediately attack."

Proved, 10 Feb. 1820.

Wife, Lucy Campbell, sole executrix.

Late uncle, Thomas Campbell, Esq., of Grenada.

Sword bequeathed to Lieut. William Casement.

Codicil, dated 21 Feb. 1816, at Hettowra, Nepal—on Service.

10 Feb. 1820. Administration of the Goods, &c., of Colin Campbell, late of Gyah, in the Province of Behar, Major E. I. Co.'s Service, Bengal, was granted to John Fombelle, Esq., brother and administrator of Lucy Campbell, deceased.

Married, 17 Sept. 1803, at Calcutta, Lucy Fombelle, sister of John Fombelle, Sec. to Govt. for affairs

in the ceded districts.1

53. COLIN CAMPBELL (Bengal Medical).

Petitions for appointment, 11 Jan. 1803 and 4 Jan. 1804. Admitted to the service, 11 Jan. 1804.

Sailed in the Lord Nelson.

Assist. Surgeon . 17 Feb. 1804

Surgeon . . 15 July 1816

Supg. Surgeon . 14 Dec. 1827

Surgeon-General July 1838

Physician-General 31 Dec. 1842

Served in the war against the Pindaris, 1817.

Posted to the Horse Artillery, 16 Jan. 1819.

Shared Bhurtpore Prize Money.

Appointed 3rd Member of the Medical Board, 23 July 1838.

2nd Member of Do., 2 Oct. 1840.

Retired, 23 July 1843, in India.

¹ See Cadet Papers; Court Minutes, vol. IIIA; Beng. Marriages; Beng. Wills; Calc. Gaz., 27 April 1797 and 17 June 1819; India Register.

67

Died, 1 Nov. 1858, at Brighton.

Will, dated 7 Sept. 1858, proved 31 Oct. 1859. Late of Cheltenham.

Mentions:

Son—Edward Gervase, Lieut. Madras N.I. (No. 88, q.v.).

Daughters—Frances Helen.

Charlotte Isabella, wife of Lionel Percy Denham Eld.

Elizabeth Lindsay.

Ellen Garbett

Married Mary Anne Howell at Kishnagur, 23 Dec. 1813.

Issue: Mary Ann, Jessy and Elizabeth, bap. at Dacca 13 June 1816.

Ellen, born 14 Dec. 1819; bap. at Meerut 16 Sept. 1820.

A daughter,? Charlotte Isabella, born at sea I April 1821, on the Lord Hungerford.

Colin, born 17 May 1823; bap. at Meerut 20 Oct. 1823.

Edward Gervase, born 22 Aug.; bap. 11 Nov. 1825, at Meerut.

Frances Helen, born 9 July 1829; bap. 30 April 1830 at Saugor.¹

54. COLIN CAMPBELL (Madras).

Third son of Captain John Campbell of Kinloch, Perthshire (1762–1839), and Ann Trapaud, dau. of John Campbell of Melfort.

Brother of Charles and John Campbell (Nos. 45 and 166, q.v.).

Born, 14 Dec. 1816.

¹ See Bengal Service Army List; Beng. Baptisms; Scots Mag., N.S. viii. 588; Times, 4 Nov. 1858; Misc. Cadet Papers; Court Minutes, vol. 113; Beng. Marriages; Beng. Wills.

Served with the British Legion in Spain under General De Lacy Evans during 1835–1836, prior to entering the H.E.I. Co.'s service.

Sailed in the Thames. Arrived at Madras, 20 July 1836.

Cadet . . 1835 Cavalry

Cornet . . 10 April 1836 4th and 1st Light

Cavalry

Lieut. . 31 Dec. 1837 4th and 1st Light

Cavalry

Capt. . . 8 May 1849 Major . . 15 June 1862

Reported to be slow on parade, but very attentive and

improving, 17 Nov. 1841.

General conduct and character unexceptionable, but deficient in smartness at Field Exercise, in part probably the result of deafness; zealous and attentive to his duties, 16 Feb. 1843.

Examined in the Hindostanee language—creditable progress—Moonshee allowance disbursed to him.

G.O.C.C., 28 Aug. 1843.

Though slow, does his best, 2 Dec. 1844.

Furlo' to Europe on S.C. Sailed from Bombay 24 Jan.

1845.

Conduct and character tolerably good, but is deficient in military qualifications for want of zeal and energy—not a good horseman (*Inspn. Rept.*, 6 Feb. 1846).

Furlough to Europe on S.C. 31 Dec. 1858.

Retired, 15 June 1862.

Died at Portobello, Scotland, 14 October 1893, aged 77. Married (1) Amelia, dau. of Sir Archd. Galloway, Chairman of Board of Directors of the E. I. Co. She died 16 March 1857 at Ootacamund.

Issue: Amelia Adelaide, born 16 Sept. 1853; died

9 Aug. 1855 at Bangalore.

Colin Roderick, born 15 March; died 23 July 1855 at Bangalore.

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Archibald Lorne, born 15 March; d. 24 July 1855 at Bangalore.

Colin, born 24 August 1856 at Bangalore. Married (2) the widow of P. Burt, Indian Army.¹

55. CORNWALL HENRY CAMPBELL (Bombay).

Second son of General John Francis Glencairn Campbell, G.C.B. (comdg. 91st Regt.), of Ardpatrick, and Katherine, dau. of Col. Alexander, R.E.

Born, 11 Feb. 1840, at Grahams Town, Cape of Good Hope. Mother residing at 3 Summer Hill Terrace, Cork, in 1858.

Appointed a Cadet for Bengal Infantry in 1856. Resigned June 1858, and was appointed a cadet of Artillery, Bombay, from Addiscombe.

On furlough, 1860.

Instructor of Gunnery, 18 Aug. 1864 to 24 Dec. 1869. Horse Brigade, 1867.

18th Brigade, 1870.

Placed on Temporary Half Pay, 23 Mar. 1871 to 29 Jan. 1872.

Adjt. Royal Art. Staff, Bengal, 12 Feb. 1873 to 30 June 1877.

Adjutant R.R. Barrackpore, I July 1877 to 23 Nov. 1877. 10th Brigade R.A., 1880.

¹ See Cadet Papers; Mad. Army List; Mad. Service Army List; Memls. of Melfort; Mad. Baptisms and Burials.

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D.I.G. of Ordnance, Bengal, 1884.

In Malta, 1885.

Retired, 25 Jan. 1886, in England.

Died, aged 54, 19 May 1894, at Hastings.

Married Christina Ellen ——.

Issue: Charles Osborne, born 31 Oct.; bap. 1 Dec. 1875 at Barrackpore.

Madelina Mary, born 14 Aug.; bap. 14 Sept. 1877 at Barrackpore.

56. CORNWALLIS CAMPBELL (Bengal).

Second son of Dr. James Campbell, of the Bengal Medical Service (No. 113, q.v.).

Born at Benares, Bengal, 14 Jan. 1788.

Brother of James and John Campbell (Nos. 118 and 159, q.v.).

Attestation of birth, 21 July 1804, by Amelia Campbell, aunt.

To sail in the *Harriet*.

Cadet for Bengal Infantry, 1804.

Lieutenant, 15 April 1805, 2nd N.I.

Captain, 1 Jan. 1818, Ramghur Batt., 2nd N.I.

Died, 27 Nov. 1819, at Cuttack, of fever.²

57. DANIEL CAMPBELL (Madras).

Petitions the Court, 11 Oct. 1752. Had served in His Majesty's troops—begs for employment under the Company in the East Indies. Referred to the Committee of Shipping.

Appointed Ensign on the Coast of Coromandel, 8 Nov. 1752, but petition again read and referred as above.

Sailed in the Marlborough, 22 Dec. 1752.

¹ See Cadet Papers; India List; Burke's Landed Gentry; Bengal Baptisms.

² See Cadet Papers; Dodwell and Miles; Calc. Journal; Beng. Baptisms.

Ensign . . . 12 Dec. 1752. Lieutenant . . . 26 March 1754.¹

[No other mention of this officer has been found.]

58. DANIEL CAMPBELL, M.D. (Bengal Medical).

Son of — Campbell and Grizel Ross of Balkail,*
Wigtownshire. Grandfather, Duncan Campbell.*

Surgeon of the E.I. Co.'s ship Norfolk in 1761.

Surgeon . . 13 April 1762 Bengal Establishment

Surg-Genl. . 1 Mar. 1773

Succeeded John Davison as head surgeon (Letter of 22 Feb. 1768).

Appointed Surgeon-General (Letter of 27 March 1777).

Allowed to resign and proceed to Europe. Testimony borne to his merits and request made that he may be permitted to return to the service (Letter of 30 Nov. 1783).

He went home with the Impeys.

Permitted to return to his station of Surgeon-General, 27 Jan. 1785.

Died at Johanna, Comoros Is., on his way out to India in 1785.

* Only brother a merchant in Virginia.

* Sister married John Burgh, surgeon, killed at Seringapatam.

* It is said that Surgeon-General Campbell took no fees from anyone in India unless they possessed

£10,000 in British money.

* It is also said that his portrait originally hung in Government House, Calcutta, but it does not appear in the catalogue of the collection removed to Delhi.

Letters communicated by Surgeon-General Campbell's great-great-niece, Mrs. Burgh-Smeaton of Coul,

¹ See Court Minutes; Mad. Public Procdgs., vol. 14; Miscellanies, vol. 12.

72 RECORDS OF CLAN CAMPBELL

Auchterarder, Perthshire, who also furnished the particulars marked *:

On board the *Dutton* at Sea and off the Western Islands the 26th April 1785.

My DEAR SISTER,

By a ship we have accidentally met at sea I have just time [to] inform you that we left England the day after I wrote you from Portsmouth, and that hitherto we have had a most favorable passage which gives us a fine prospect of a quick voyage to India. I have also the pleasure to inform you that I find my health better since I have been at sea which gives me much satisfaction, as it is what I did not expect. Pray be punctual in informing of every thing regarding you and your family, it is the subject next my heart.

Remember me most kindly to them all and believe me ever My dear Sister

Your most truly Afft. Brother DANL. CAMPBELL.

[Addressed] To Mrs. Burgh, at Perth, Scotland.

[Endorsed] Now off St. Jago 13th May 1785; Lorient 6th June 1785—forwarded by [torn out] servts. J. J. Berard & Co.

DEAR MOTHER,

Your departed Brothers last Will and Testament is in the Safe Place of William and Thomas Raikes, London. Whatever Property belongs to the deceased on board the ship on which he was coming out a Passenger Captain James West will account for it with the Executors upon the arrival of the *Dalton* Indiaman in England.

I have the pleasure to inclose you a Letter from Vall whose Merit has raised him to the Station of second officer on board the *Fortune* a Country Ship. Andrew was very well the 3rd January. I am My Dear Mother

Your truly affectionate Son Calcutta, John Burgh. 22nd February 1786.

¹ See Beng. Service Army List; Court Minutes, vols. 70, 17, 93, 142, 620, 764; Corres. Repts., vols. 14, 317; Bengal Past and Present, vol. xxviii., pt. i. Ser. No. 55, p. 117.

Captain West with my approbation and I hope with yours gave our uncles wearing apparel to his servant and did not sell them. Captain West sold everything else, Jewelry, &c. for the good of the Estate and carried the Money home to the Executors. There is one Mourning ring not sold which he has carried home and will give it to the Executors. Let me know if Isabella Bullow be alive? and where you live in Perth and who are the Tenants of Eastmiln?

59. DANIEL CAMPBELL (Madras).

Second son of John Campbell of Perth, merchant, and Christian Campbell.

Born, 4 Dec. 1774, in Perth.

To sail in the Rockingham.

Lieut. . . . 25 July 14th N.I. Died, 12 Nov. 1801, at Chandernagore.

Administration granted to a creditor, 5 March 1802.1

60. DANIEL CAMPBELL (Bengal).

Son of Daniel Campbell, shipmaster, and Catherine Pagan.

Born, 11 May 1804, at West Greenock. Parents dead in 1820.

Next of kin, Alexander Hamilton, Esq., cousin.

Cadet . . . 1819

Ensign . 19 May 1820 19th N.I.

Died, 28 Nov. 1822, at Chunar. Admon. granted, 7 Oct. 1823.²

Obituary Notice.

At Chunar, on the 28th Ultimo, Ensign Daniel Campbell, 2d Battalion 19th Regiment of Native Infantry, much and most deservedly regretted by all who knew his worth. A fever and

¹ See Cadet Papers; Madras Admons.; Dodwell and Miles; Madras Courier.

² See Cadet Papers; Dodwell and Miles; Beng. Admons.; India Register; Calc. Journal, 7 Dec. 1822; Führer, Inscriptions N.W. Provinces and Oudh, p. 109.

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liver complaint, caught while clearing the Hilleah Pass for the march of the European Regiment, was the cause of the death of this amiable young officer, but it must be consolatory to his friends to know that he died, as he lived, "fearing the Lord."

The tomb at the Old Cemetery at Chunar still exists. The inscription is as follows:

Sacred to the memory of Ensign Daniel Campbell of the 19th Regt. N.I. who died at Chunar on the 28th of Nov. 1822, in the 19th year of his age: erected by the officers of the corps, the old XIX Volunteers, in testimony of their extreme regard.

61. DAVID CAMPBELL (Madras).

Eldest son of David Campbell of Cupar-Angus and Susan Watson.

Born, 1 Nov. 1747.

Cadet . . . 1770 for Madras

Ensign . . 4 July 1771 1st Carnatic Bn.

of Sepoys (now 61st Pr. of Wales

Own Pioneers)

Lieut. . . 25 Aug. 1777

Capt. Lt. . . 2 Nov. 1786 Commg. a Co. in

the 2nd Mad.

Eu. Regt.

Captain . . 3 Nov. 1786 1790, Reap-

pointed to 2nd Eu. Regt., by

G.O., 1 April

1790

Lt.-Col. . 1 June 1796 14th N.I. in 1800

Colonel . 7 Jan. 1802 16th N.I.

Major-Genl. . 25 Oct. 1809

Lieut.-Genl. 4 June 1814 15th N.I.

He seems never to have held the rank of major, for he was captain in command of the 21st N.I. when he was made a Lieutenant-Colonel.

1771. Served in the reduction of the Marawa country and at the capture of Ramnadaporam.

1773. At the siege and capture of Tanjore.

at the reduction of Pondicherry.

1779. Served under Col. Baillie and was captured by Hyder Ali's forces: a prisoner for 3 years and 7 months: released.

1780. Reported "Missing."

1787–1790. Commanded the 3rd Revenue Battalion at Masulipatam.

1792. Appointed to the command of Caroor, captured from Tippoo Sahib. In August appointed to the 21st N.I.

1793. Recommended by Col. Braithwaite for the command of the 21st N.I., vice Capt. Vigors. His "singular merits" detailed.

? 1796. Appointed to the command of Malacca. Resigned 1798, on account of ill-health.

Address from Malacca.

Previous to Lieut.-Colonel Campbell's leaving Malacca, the following Address was presented to him by the Officers, &c., &c., of the Garrison:

To Lieut. Col. David Campbell, Commanding Malacca.

SIR,

Permit the warm and united suffrage of a Garrison over which you have so worthily presided, to mix its deepest regrets on the eve of your departure, with the lively and lasting impression we feel of the value of a Commanding Officer and Friend, whose loss we are so soon to sustain.

We would indulge if we dared Sir, in the agreeable task of expatiating on the conduct and virtues which have endeared you to us; but this we must forbear, knowing that the sum of your Ambition is to conciliate private esteem; your pride

to give to military discipline its best example in yourself, and that your only fear is, the language of panegyric.

One subject of congratulation, and of consolation, however

Sir, must remain with those you leave behind.

The former that this honest effusion of our hearts we know comes as unexpected to your hands, as we perceive it to flow sincere from our hearts, the latter that in our great loss your valuable health and the service will find a greater gain.

Most earnestly hoping that you may soon overtake that blessing, the pursuit of which turns your steps from our shore, to the Coast, and that every other sublunary good may long be

yours,

We are Sir, Very sincerely, Respectfully, And Affectionately Yours,

Malacca, Aug. 14th 1798.

SIGNED

J. J. DURAND, Major 1st Regiment E.I.

H. HARRIS, Surgeon, 2d Regiment E.I.

J. M'KERRAS, Captain and Town Major.

Rev. A. CLARKE.

J. LORANI, Lieutenant and Qr. Mr. 1st Regt. E.I.

T. Boles, Lieutenant and Acting Fort Adjutant.

N. RYAN, Lieutenant 1st Regiment E.I.

G. FOOTE, Lieut. 2d Bat. 1st Regiment N.I.

W. Maughan, Mr. Attendant.

G. Munro, Lieutenant 2d Regiment E.I.

JAS. NAGLE, Captain 2d Regiment E.I.

H. Holloway, Assistant Surgeon, 2d. Regt. E.I.

THOS. LITTLE, Lieut. 2d. Regt. E.I.

W. BATWELL, Lieut. 1st. Regiment E.I.

J. HAY, Lieut. 1st Regiment E.I.

Mr. Beggle.

ANTY. MONIN, Lieut. and Adjt. 1st. Regt. E.I.

H. NASH, Capt. 2d. Regiment E.I.

Jos. Ahier, Lieut. 2d. Regiment E.I. R. BARKER, Lieutenant 2d. Regiment E.I.

George Custance, Lieutenant 1st Regiment E.I.

Mr. GILSON, Deputy Comy. of Stores.

J. SINCLAIR, Lieutenant 2d Battalion Artillery. W. FARQUHAR, Captain Lieutenant Engineers.

A. FRITH, Lieutenant and Adjutant 2d. Regiment E.I.

Mr. Coghlan, Conductor of Stores.

T. Seton, Lieutenant 2d. Regiment E.I.

LIEUT. COL. CAMPBELL'S Answer to the foregoing Address.

To the Officers &c. composing the Garrison of Malacca.

GENTLEMEN,

From the high estimation in which I have uniformly had reason to hold your opinion since I have had the honor of commanding Malacca, I cannot but feel the most sensible gratification at the very favorable expression of it towards me, in the address which I have now the honor to receive from you. Whilst I return my sincere acknowledgements for the honorable testimony of your approbation of my conduct, I am happy in the opportunity afforded me of expressing my respect, esteem, and affection for a body of Officers, whose conduct on all occasions has met my fullest approbation, and without your co-operation and cordial support in your different functions, all my poor efforts, I must candidly confess, would not have merited the encomiums you are pleased to bestow on me.

It is therefore with much regret that I am necessitated on account of ill health to remove myself from your society, but in whatever situation I may be placed, I shall ever retain the warmest interest in your prosperity.

I offer you Gentlemen, individually and collectively my best wishes, and remain with the highest esteem and regard,

Yours very sincerely,
And affectionately
D. CAMPBELL.

Malacca, 15th Aug. 1798.

An elegant Ball and Supper was given at the Government House by the Officers of the 2nd Regiment E.I. to Lieut.-Colonel Campbell. The Officers of H.M. Ships Arrogant and Fox, the Dutch inhabitants, together with all the Officers, &c., &c., of the Garrison, were present, to the number of 140 persons.

1799. Served against Tippoo Sahib with the 1st Batt. 1st N.I. at the capture of Seringapatam.

1800-1801. In command of Chandagherry.

1803-1805. In command of Vellore, where he was paymaster of stipends to the family of Tippoo.

of thirty-three years and with a constitution much impaired," to be allowed to resign the Command of

Vellore and proceed to Europe on furlough.

In their Military Letter to the Court of Directors of 8 March 1805 the Govr. and Council of Fort St. George wrote (Para. 216): "We have permitted Colonel Campbell of the 16th Regiment of Native Infantry to resign the Command of Vellore, and have published in General Orders our approbation of his conduct while exercising that command and of his former faithful and honourable services during the long period of thirty-three years."

In the same letter (Paras. 36-38) occur the following

references to Colonel David Campbell:

36. We have more than once presumed to press on the Consideration of your Honourable Court the hardship experienced by Colonel Campbell, the Commanding Officer of the Northern Division in consequence of your orders for reducing the Table Allowance of that Station.

- 37. We beg leave on the present occasion to bring under your Notice a letter from that Officer submitted to us through the channel of the Military Auditor General on the subject of his Tent allowance. We request also your particular attention to the observation to Lieut. Col. Brunton that a General Officer holding the same command with Colonel Campbell, would receive constantly one hundred and Seventy five Pagodas per Month, and we can have no doubt that our resolution will be confirmed by your Honourable Court.
- 38. We beg leave however at the same time to observe that this additional allowance is not more than adequate to defray the extraordinary expence for Camp Equipage to [which] Colonel Campbell is liable in the performance of his extensive Military duties, and cannot be considered as a compensation for the loss and inconvenience to which that officer has been subjected by the diminution of his personal allowances.
- On 14 Jan. 1805, Col. Campbell asked for the payment of his share of Offreckonings for 1802–1804, and

on the 19th the Military Auditor-General was instructed to comply with his request.

18 Sept. 1805. Advised his arrival in England with

permission from the Madras Govt.

On his return to England he obtained a grant of arms, conform to patent by the Dep. Lord Lyon King-of-Arms, dated 6 Nov. 1806, as heir male and representative of Alexander Campbell of Balgersho. He bought property at Williamstown, co. Perth.

Died, 28 Jan. 1828, at the Priory, St. Andrews.

Married at Edinburgh, 14 May 1808, Maria Lyon, 4th and youngest dau. of Rev. Dr. Playfair of St. Andrews and Margaret Lyon. She died 6 Aug. 1809.

Issue: James David Lyon, who married Alicia Richarda Houghton, by whom he had 4 sons:

Henry Lyon Campbell, 74th Regt.

Arthur Lyon Campbell. George Lyon Campbell.

Charles Lyon Campbell, R.E.

His descendants adopted the double name of Lyon-

Campbell.

Besides the son named above, Col. David Campbell had two illegitimate daughters, born in India, the elder of whom married Charles Oram, assistant surgeon, on the 24th Jan. 1795, at Madras. After his death she married, 26 Dec. 1799, Charles Walters. The other daughter was born 9 March 1802, and bap. 2 Oct. 1803 at Vellore.

The following interesting particulars relating to Maria Lyon Playfair have been communicated by Major Lyon-Campbell (Williamstown), late Border

Regiment:

Writing on the 28th December 1807 to her sister Jean, wife of Mr. Patrick Playfair of Dalmarnoch, she says:

"For the last time in this miserable year I sit down to

write to you my dear affectionate sister. God only knows what comfort I shall derive from the changes that may happen during the course of next year. . . . And so you think that if I could bring myself to accept Colonel Campbell, you are sure that in a year or two I should be happy! I am glad you think so my dear, for I have accepted him; although I cannot say I am as much convinced of the prospect of happiness as you and others of my friends seem to be.... My determination which I wrote to him a few weeks ago was completely against it. This no doubt disappointed Father and Mother much but they both behaved better than I expected and did not urge me in the least to do what was disagreeable to myself. But I heard much of the grief and despair of the good man and to add to his sorrow he fell on the street and bruised his arm and shoulder so much as to confine him to bed for a day or two and to the house almost ever since. Out of pity and compassion to him as he expressed a wish to see me I went down with my Mother to call upon him and found him in the dining room pale and dejected in the extreme.

"I talked over the matter with him in a calm reasonable manner and told him why I could not agree but his helpless deplorable condition would have softened a breast of stone, for it melted mine, and I said that if I could make him happy, without having for him that regard that I thought necessary he should have me. This gave him infinite delight. Father and Mother are, no doubt, highly pleased but are very quiet on the subject. I have done this entirely of myself and therefore have nobody to blame. Father has, all along, behaved uncommonly well."

They spent their honey-moon in London and afterwards went for a time to the Isle of Wight.

Probably the last letter she ever wrote was to the same sister, dated 30 July 1809. She talked in a sisterly manner of her approaching confinement and of having engaged the same nurse who had been with her sister, Mrs. Macdonald. She died in August, and a few days later, Mrs. Macdonald, when writing to the same sister to express resignation for the loss of her own child says:

"The greatest affliction was to come. Our dear sister's sudden doom was a most melancholy event—at the very time when our dear Mary was, in a great degree, reconciled to her fate, at the moment when she was blessed with a living child (our Grandfather Lyon) and must have felt a Mother's joy it pleased Heaven to take her to Itself. . . . The Colonel has

shown much patience and feeling and I trust he will be able to take comfort in the dear infant who must be precious to us all for his dear Mother's sake."

Mary Lyon Campbell rests in the "Playfair Corner" of the Cathedral Grounds, St. Andrews; her husband caused the following lines to be inscribed on her tombstone:

"Meek and gentle was her spirit,
Prudence did her life adorn;
Modest, she disclaimed all merit,
Tell me am I not forlorn?
Yet I must and will resign her,
She's in better hands than mine;
But I hope again to meet her
In the realms of Love Divine."

Her husband, who subsequently became Lieut.-General David Campbell, died at the Priory on 27th Janry. 1828.

"Mark the perfect man and behold the upright, for the latter end of that man is peace."

So says his tombstone.1

62. DAVID CAMPBELL (Bombay).

Son of John and Mary Campbell.

Born 4 June 1782. Baptised 16 June 1782 at St. George's, Bloomsbury.

To sail in the Rockingham.

Capt. Lt. . . 10 Mar. 1809 Captain . . 14 Mar. 1809 Major . . 25 June 1819 Lieut.-Col. . 30 Sept. 1823

1804. 1st Batt. 9th N.I.

1805. 1st Batt. 3rd N.I. Leave to Calcutta.

1806, July 8. Leave on S.C. to Europe. 9th N.I.

1807–1810. In England on account of ill-health.

1811–1816. 9th N.I.

¹ See East India Mil. Cal.; Mad. Mil. Cons.; Dodwell and Miles; Mad. Army List; Mad. Mil. Letters Recd.; Mad. Mil. Letters Sent; Court Minutes; Mad. Mil. Select Com. Cons.; Mad. Bap.; Mrs. Penny's Marr. at Fort St. George; Mad. Courier, 28 Jan. 1795.

2nd Batt. 9th N.I. On leave to Europe.

1817. Do., attached to the Poona Auxiliary Force.

1818–1819. Do.

1812–1823. 2nd Batt. 9th N.I.

1824. 18th N.I.

1825-1826. 1st Eu. Regt. Commanding in Khandesh.

17th N.I. Commanding Allahabad Field Force. 1827.

1828. 19th N.I. Commanding Malwa Field Force. 19th N.I. Commanding in Khandesh.

1829.

19th N.I. Commanding Sholapur. Leave to 1830. the Cape of Good Hope and to Europe.

7 July 1830. Died at sea on board the Circassian. Administration granted, 5 March 1831, to Registrar.

Married, while in Europe on sick leave, in 1811, Margaret, eldest daughter of William Ramsay of Bath. The following letter from his father-inlaw is extracted from the correspondence of Field-Marshal Sir George Nugent, Bt., Commander-in-Chief in India, 1811-13.

> Bath, 33 St. James's Square, 20th March 1811.

DEAR SIR,

I am not insensible how many Solicitations and recommendations you must be importuned with from Persons who may have Claims to Your good Offices, therefore I have to request your particular indulgence for thus intruding myself upon your attention; Knowing how much it will lie in your power to serve a particular Friend of mine—Captain Campbell of the Native Infantry of Bombay who has lately married my eldest Daughter, I cannot refrain from expressing how very great an act of kindness I should esteem it if you would have the goodness to extend to him Your friendly Countenance and Patronage; he has been in England for some time past on leave of Absence and returns to India with his wife in the next Fleet. I should be happy to have the honor of introducing him to You.

Mrs. Ramsay requests the favor of being kindly remembered to Lady Nugent, who I hope is well, and with our united respects to Her Ladyship and Yourself,

I have the honor to remain, Dear Sir

Your very obedient and most humble Servant WILLM, RAMSAY, Since I had the pleasure of seeing You I have been out to Jamaica, remained there for about three Years and returned here in July last.

W. R.

To His Excellency

Lieut. General Sir George Nugent Baronet &c. &c. &c.¹

63. DAVID CAMPBELL (Bombay Medical).

Son of James Campbell, Agriculturist, Menorhassit, Fownamoil.

Born at Killasnet, Leitrim, 26 Nov. 1810.

Nominated by G. Lyall, Esq., M.P., a Director of the E. I. Co. To sail in the *Boyne*.

Arrived in India, 5 Sept. 1833.

Asst. Surgeon, 2 May 1832. Attached to the Indian Navy, 1834.

Furlough to Europe on P.A. 1838.

Died on board the Hugh Lindsey, 30 April 1839.

Admon. to Registrar, 8 August 1839.2

64. DONALD CAMPBELL, Castle Sween (Madras).

Son of Colin Campbell and Marion McNeill of Colonsay.

2nd Lieut. . 26 Jan. 1741 N. Br. Fusiliers

1st Do. . . 23 Apr. 1742 Do.

1st Lieut. . 3 June 1747 Independent Co. of Foot

Lieut. . . 25 Dec. 1750 East India Company's service

Lieut. Half Pay . 25 Dec. 1756 Ind. Co. of Foot Captain . 21 July 1759 Argyllshire Fencibles

¹ See Cadet Papers; Bomb. Army List; Court Minutes; Dodwell and Miles; Bombay Admons.

² See Cadet Papers; Bomb. Service Army List (Medical); Bombay Admons.

No record of this officer's appointment to the E. I. Co.'s service has been discovered.

On 6 Nov. 1754 he petitioned the Council at Madras for leave to proceed to Europe in the Norfolk. The annexed documents give an account of his services under the Company.

Memorial of Captain Donald Campbell, 30 August 1755. HONBLE. SIRS,

As some particular affairs require my immediate presence in the Countrie, I think it my Dutie before I leave London humbly to represent that after having had the honour to serve you in India for seven or eight years as a Military Officer with pleasure to myself, and as I then hop'd, with the approbation of all my superiours I had the unexpected mortification, while I was the Eldest Captain on the Cormandel Coast, and conscious of no misbehaviour that could draw on me such an affront, to see a younger officer put over my head, a Major's Brevett being granted him by the Council at Fort St. George.

This injurious preference oblidgeing me of course to resign a Commission which I could no longer wear with any sort of Honour, or indeed without meanness, I accordingly did so and

returned to Europe.

Nevertheless if your Honours should upon Enquiry Judge that I have not merited this treatment and should withall think proper to restore me to the Rank of which partiallyty alone deprived me, in that case as I quitted the Service with regrett I shall chearfully return to it, and endeavour by my conduct to deserve your further favours. I have the honour to be with great respect

> Honble. Sirs Your most faithfull and most Obedient Humble Servant DONALD CAMPBELL.

London

August 30th 1755.

[Endorsed]

30 August 1755 Memorial of Captain Donald Campbell to be Restored to the Rank of a Major's Brevett at Fort St. George. Read in Court 3d September following. Committee Correspondence [to] examine and report. Memorial for Captain Donald Campbell.

He entered young into the Army, and served as a private man at the Battles of Dettingen and Fontenoy.

His behaviour in those actions so recommended him to his superiours that General [Peter] Campbell chose him as his Adjutant in the Argylshire Levies which were soon after raised to oppose the Rebellion.

In that character he served at the Battles of Falkirk and Culloden, in the latter of which the Corps he belonged to behaved so well as to be honoured with His Royal Highness particular thanks.

The Rebellion being happily extinguished and the new Levies dismissed he was recommended by his Colonel to a first Lieutenancy in one of the Independent Companys, then ordered to the East Indies, under the Command of Admiral Boscawen.

In that Station also he had the good fortune to gain the Admirals Approbation by his courage and conduct during the Seige of Pondicherry; and accordingly he was the 1st Officer recommended by him to a Captain's [Commission] in the troops which he left in India for the Honourable Company's Service.

On this occasion it appeared that he was no less beloved by the Men, for as none of them could be compell'd, so all of them had till then obstinately refused to stay, tho' often sollicited by Collo. Lawrence, and were now actually embarked on their return to England; but such was their personal regard for Captain Campbell that 130 brave fellows, besides Serjeants, Corporals and Drums, consented at once to stay with him, and in their phrase to follow him through the World. They accordingly went ashore with him and chearfully entered into the Company's Service. Nay, tho' some of his Brother Officers got Captains Commissions at the same time, yet all of them put together could not persuade so many men to stay with them.

This piece of service was highly valued at the time and indeed it was of great importance to the Company, for affairs were then in such a situation that the Governor and Council and principal Inhabitants of Madras begged that Admiral Boscawen would carry them all home if he could not leave men for their defence.

For his Behaviour since, either in the Field or out of it, he appeals to his Certificate from the Governor and Council of Fort St. George, to Governour Saunders or any other Gentleman then on the spot and now here, as he would most gladly to the Nabob of Arcot if he was present.

Meantime it is certain that he has been in no less than 12 or 13 different Engagements in the Honble. Company's Service, and that notwithstanding many discouragements, he never quitted it till a Truce was concluded, having engaged himself to serve as a Volunteer even after he had been forced to lay down his Commission for the reasons which he took the liberty to represent to the Honourable Court of Directors in his letter of 29 [sic? 30] August 1755.

On the whole as this is a true state of Captain Donald Campbell's case, it is humbly submitted whether after throwing himself out of all course of preferment in His Majesty's Service by quitting it to enter the Company's, after wasting his best years in almost continual Action, Fatigue and Danger, it may not be reasonably hoped that the Honourable Company will show some regard to his Services, and not suffer the merit of the whole to be effaced at once by the causeless dislike of a superiour whom he never willingly offended and the only one whom in all his life he had not the good fortune to please, nor by the mistaken application of his Friends, in which he could not help being entirely passive as he did not direct and could not controul them, and of which he can only now say he is extremely sorry for the Offence it may have given those whom he greatly honours and respects, as he is in Duty bound.

[No date—Endorsed:]

State of the Case of Donald Campbell Late Captain of a Company on the Choromandel Coast.
Received from Mr. Campbell of the Merchant Seamens Office 7 November 1746 [? 1755 or 1756].

Letter from Rt. Hon. Henry Fox Esqre. to Mr. Drake, enclosing Memorial of Capt. Donald Campbell.

SIR, I have the honour to transmit You the enclosed Memorial of Captain Donald Campbell, and must beg leave earnestly to recommend him to Your Protecting [sic] and Friendship, as I have his Interest much at heart.

I am with great regard, Sir,
Your most Obedt. and Obliged
humble Servant
(Signed) H. Fox

Whitehall 27th March 1756. Mr. Drake. To the Honble. Henry Fox Esqr. his Majesty's Secretary [of] State.

Memorial of Captain Donald Campbell late in the East India Company's Service.

HUMBLY SHEWETH,

That the Memorialist had the Command of a Company for near Eight Years in the Company's Service which duty he discharged to the satisfaction and Approbation of his Superior Officers.

That the Memorialist was the eldest Captain on the Coast of Choromandel at the Time a Younger Officer was made Major over him that your Memorialist could not with Honour for Satisaction to himself continue in the Service until he had this Grievance redressed, in order to which he desired leave to resign his Commission and came to England to represent his Hardships to the Directors of the Company.

The Memorialist therefore humbly Prays, that you will be pleased to move the Directors of the said Company to give him the Rank of Major in their Service which he humbly hopes he is entitled to, from his long and faithful Services, further particulars of the Memorialist's case he begs leave to refer to Thomas Saunders Esqr. then Governor [1750-1755] at the time on the Coast.

Captain Donald Campbell appears to be the officer referred to in the following paragraph:

After the murder of Chundah Saib 3d June [1752], the French force, 800 Europeans, 35 officers and 2000 sepoys, surrendered; 400 of the French prisoners were escorted by Captain Campbell of the 1st Madras European Regiment into Fort St. David (Hist. Records of the 1st Madras Eu. Regt., p. 75).

Died, aged 84, at Bowmore, I. of Islay, on 21 April 1795. Buried at Killarow.

Marriage, 18 Jan. 1756: "Captain Donald Campbell, late in the East India Company's service, and Miss Anne, lawful daughter to Mr. James Campbell, of Ballinaby, in the Parish of Kilchoman, Islay, Argyleshire, both in New Kirk Parish." 1

¹ See Edinburgh Marriage Register, 1751–1800, p. 117; Ballinaby Records; Oban Times; Mad. Pub. Procgs.; Misc. Letters Recd. 1754–5; Miscellanies, vol. 13.

Genealogical Note from Oban Times of 2 December 1916.

The old Campbells of Ballinaby were descended from Donald, 3d son of Sir John Campbell of Calder * * * Campbell of Killanalin was a cadet of Ballinaby, and Colin Campbell bailie of Tiree was brother to John Campbell of Killanalin. Colin married Marion McNeill of Colonsay. Their son was Major Donald Campbell of Castle Sween. married Ann Campbell eldest daughter of James Campbell Esq. of Ballinaby, a near relative of his own, but not his first cousin, as some writers think * * *

(Signed) J. C.

[Further particulars of services, account of burial, &c., are to be found (s.v. Donald Campbell 1740-41) in the editor's list of King's officers.]

65. DONALD CAMPBELL of Glensaddell (Madras).

Son of Colonel Campbell of Glensaddell and Mary Campbell, second daughter of John Campbell of Barbreck.

Brother-in-law to Col. Charles Campbell XV. of Barbreck, and uncle to Donald Campbell XVI. of Barbreck (No. 66, q.v.).

Born 1726.

Entered the Company's service from the Guards. Arrived in India, June 1753, in the Marlbro.

. 3 Dec. 1752 Ensign .

Lieutenant . 26 Mar. 1754 Quartermaster, 7

Feb. 1757

Captain . . 30 May 1758 In 1st Batt. Eu.

Inf., 20 Oct.

1758

Major . . 15 Nov. 1763 Colonel . . 11 April 1765 Sick at Madras,

May 1769

He was under Capt. John Caillaud in camp.

1760. Commanded a troop of Cavalry.

1762. April, at Palapat.

On Colonel Monson's decision to return to Madras, General Lawrence urged the necessity of a "Field Officer to the Company's Troops," and a commission was granted to Capt. Donald Campbell, "the eldest Captain on your Establishment; he is esteemed an exceeding good officer" (Letter from the Council at Madras to the Court, 4 May 1764). He had previously been recommended in a Letter to the Court of 3 Dec. 1763 (Madras Despatches II. 903).

"Major Preston having been unfortunately killed at the Siege of Madura, we have given a Colonel's Commission to Major Donald Campbell" (Letter

of 1 June 1764).

In the Siege of Madura, 1763, he was wounded and taken prisoner. His men were beaten, and he was left wounded on the ground and stripped of his arms and clothes by the enemy, but Yusuf Khan, the man whom they were trying to reduce, happening to see him lying there, is said to have burst into tears, saying he wished it had been anyone else rather than Donald, and, taking him into the Fort, had his wounds dressed and sent him out again to his friends. He quickly resumed his post, although in 1767 he was still suffering from these wounds. He was absent on command when Yusuf Khan was captured and hanged in 1764, but was specially chosen by the Nawab of Arcot from amongst a number of British officers to hold the command of the town. Later on he rendered good service in the First War against Hyder Ali. For fuller details, see Yusuf Khan, the Rebel Commandant, by S. Charles Hill.

10 Nov. 1764, appointed Commandant of Madura and Tinnevelly.

Extract from A Journey Overland to India, by Col. Donald Campbell XVI. of Barbreck, pp. 127-128, Letter LIX.

Colonel Donald Campbell, who then [at the siege of Madural commanded the Cavalry, received no less than fourteen sword-wounds and a musquet-ball in his body-yet continued doing his duty with such cool intrepidity, that brave soldiers who were witnesses to it, expressed the utmost astonishment: upon being requested to quit the field, he replied, that as his family were provided for, he had nothing to fear; and as it was very unlikely his life could be saved, he would not deprive his Country of any advantage that might be derived from his exertions for the short residue of it, but continue to the last minute at his duty. With all this firmness and magnanimity, he was gentle, good-humoured, modest and unassuming; and was admired for his great personal beauty, as well as military talents, particularly by the Duke of Cumberland, under whom he served in the war in Germany as a subaltern officer, in so much that His Royal Highness had his picture drawn. It was to him the Company were first indebted for the introduction of perfect military discipline into their army in India. In the various relations in which he stood, whether domestic or public, as the subject, the citizen, the father, or the friend, he was so uniformly excellent, that the shafts of malevolence, which the best and wisest of men have but too often felt, seldom reached him; and he may justly be reckoned amongst that very small number of created beings, of whom scarcely any one had the audacity to speak ill.

1767. Sent with reinforcements against the Southern Polygars in Tinnevelly. For his report, see Mill,

Madras Army, vol. i. 198.

1768. Operating with Col. Smith's force, took the forts of Vencatagherry, Mulwagul and Colar on the 16th, 23rd and 28th June. See *Ibid.*, i. 256.

Resigned the service, 15 July 1771. Returned to

England in the Duke of Portland.

We must in justice to his character acquaint your Honours that he has on all occasions distinguished himself as a brave diligent and capable officer (General Letter from the Council at Madras to the Court, 20 July 1771). Copy of a letter from Colonel Donald Campbell, dated Harley Street, 8 February 1772 (Chatham Papers, vol. 25).

To the Right Hon. Earl Chatham.

My Lord,

I have the honour to acquaint your Lordship that the Nabob of the Carnatick committed to my charge a letter, a small viol of Otter of Rose and a parcel which he desired I should present to your Lordship, but as I am apprehensive I shall be deprived of that honour therefore I request your Lordship would indulge me with your Orders.

The Nabob's Letter and the Otter of Rose I have got in my possession, but the parcel is not yet come to my house.

I have the honour to be with all respect

Donald Campbell Colonel.

20 Feb. 1772. Requested permission to take a reward from the Nawab of Arcot.

On I September 1775 a charge was brought against Colonel Donald Campbell by John Browne, a late soldier on the Madras establishment. On the 18th he wrote to the Company that he would come from Campbeltown to London to answer Browne's accusations. On 25 October the Court replied, assuring him of their high opinion of him and stating that there was no need to inconvenience himself by undertaking so long a journey to answer the charge sooner than suited himself (Miscellanies, xxi. pp. 308 and 326).

20 June 1783. Petitioned for a writer's appointment

for his son.

Died, 13 (or 10) June 1784, at Saddell Castle.

Will proved 24 Dec. 1784 and 8 Aug. 1785. Dated 17 July 1781.

In Aberdeenshire Epitaphs and Inscriptions, i. 314, the name on his tombstone is given as Dugald, which is clearly a mistake.

Particulars of Will of Donald Campbell:

Dated 17 July 1781. Proved 24 Dec. 1784. Further Admon. granted, 8 August 1785.

He was Colonel of the 1st Regt. of Foot, and bequeathed lands "called Saddell, Ulladill, Plock, Liphinmore, Guesdale, Iffernan, Kilmichael, Bradiffernan, Ugadale with Castle of Saddell; Craigs and Barraskomiln, Mackmonavick, Baligreggan; Lands granted by the deceased Archibald, Duke of Argyle to John Campbell, late of Glensaddell, as heir of the deceased Dougald Campbell of Glensaddell his father, dated 20 August 1745."

First administration granted to Archibald Montgomery Campbell, attorney of Donald Campbell,

son of deceased.

Second admon. to Donald Campbell, son, the first admon. being revoked.

Married Anne Campbell at Fort St. George, 1 July 1762.

Issue: Donald, bap. at Madras, 20 Sept. 1763.

Charles, who became a Lieut. in the 74th Regt.

John.

Anne, married, 12 Oct. 1797, Sir Robert Turing, 6th Bart., of Foveran, as his second wife. She died 7 Dec. 1809, having had issue Anna Amelia and Mary, who married Maj.-Gen. Francis Aiskell, H.E.I.C.S.

Margaret, married, 23 June 1797, Matthew McAlister of Rosshill.

Elizabeth.

Anne, bap. 10 Oct. 1764; buried 17 Feb. 1768. Charlotte, buried 18 March 1765, an infant.

18 Mar. 1796. Annuity to his widow, Lady Campbell, from the Nawab of Arcot, continued.

22 Dec. 1801. Ditto.

6 Jan. 1802. Ditto.

14 Nov. 1804. Lady Campbell petitioned for pension as before.¹

¹ See Madras Muster Rolls, vol. 1; Mad. Army List; Orme MSS.; Court Minutes; Mad. Letters Received; Mad. Baptisms and Burials; P.C.C. 635 Rockingham; Penny, Marriages at Fort St. George; Scots Mag.; Edin. Courant; Wilson's Madras Army; Burke, &c.

66. DONALD CAMPBELL XVI. of Barbreck (Madras).

Born 1751.

Eldest son and heir of Col. Charles Campbell XV. of Barbreck (No. 42, q.v.), who commanded at the siege of Madura, and Susannah, dau. of John de

Morgan.

Nephew of Col. Donald Campbell of Glensaddell, of the Madras Army, wounded at Madura (No. 65, q.v.). Donald Campbell of Glensaddell and Col. Chas. Campbell XV. of Barbreck were brothersin-law, the former having married the sister of the latter, the lady being the daughter of John Campbell XIV. of Barbreck, who married Elizabeth Hay.

Ensign . 8 Feb. 1765 E.I. Co.'s service,

Madras

Lieutenant . 8 June 1766

Captain . . 13 Aug. 1771 1st Batt. 2nd Brigade, Nov. 1774 14th Batt. Sepoys,

Aug. 1779

of his maternal uncle, Col. Donald Campbell, and lived in his family (see *A Journey Overland*, p. 128).

1769. A prisoner with Haidar Ali's forces (see infra

for details).

1772. Permitted to proceed to England for his health. Recommended by General Smith.

2 April 1773. Allowed to remain in England another year.

19 Jan. 1774. Petitions to return to India. Granted.

17 June, 1778. In England, late of Co.'s service, petitions for pension.

7 Dec. 1780. Requests leave to return to Madras as

Military Storekeeper.

7 Feb. 1781. His services, and the services of his father and grandfather, considered.

At a Committee of Correspondence the 7th Feb. 1781.

In pursuance of a Reference of Court of the 7th December last, the Committee have considered the request of Mr. Donald Campbell representing his Military Services on the Coast of Choromandel, and that his Health and Family Affairs brought him to England in 1778, and are of opinion, that in Consideration of the peculiar Merits and Services of his Father and Grandfather in the same Line of Service, Mr. Campbell be permitted to return to his Military Station at Madras without Prejudice to his Rank, but that the latter part of his Request to be appointed to the Succession of Military Storekeeper at Fort St. George, on the Death, Resignation or Removal of Mr. Scotney, the present occupant, be not granted.

His Overland Journey to India.

At the age of thirty, Donald Campbell made a journey to India, and published an account of it under the title "A Journey Overland to India, partly by a route never gone before by any European, By Donald Campbell, of Barbreck, Esq., who formerly commanded a regiment of cavalry in the service of His Highness the Nabob of the Carnatic. In a Series of Letters to his son. Comprehending his Shipwreck and Imprisonment with Hyder Alli, and his subsequent negotiations and transactions in the East. London, 1795." New Edition appeared in 1796, and the 6th edition was published in 1808. In this account he describes how he travelled via Venice, Trieste, Zante, Alexandria, Cyprus, Aleppo, Baghdad, Russia, and Bushire to Madras, and how he was captured by Haidar Ali's soldiers and imprisoned at Haidarnagar, in company with a travelling companion, Mr. Hall, to whom he was subsequently chained. The captives were subjected to severe privations and gross insults. Hall died in prison, and the gaoler refused to remove the corpse for several days. Eventually, on General Matthew's approach, Donald Campbell was released in order to negotiate with him on behalf of Hayat Sahib, Haidar's General. With despatches for the Governments of Bombay and Madras, he proceeded by sea to Anjengo, and thence travelled by land through Travancore, Tinnevelly, Madura, Trichinopoly, Tanjore to Negapatam and Madras. With Lord Macartney's permission he went on to Calcutta, and, on behalf of Hayat Sahib, negotiated with Warren Hastings. He returned overland to Madras and Anjengo, thence by sea to Bombay, again visited Madras and China, and returned to England in 1785, after four years' absence. These remarkable experiences are described at length, and the volume is well worth reprinting and editing with contemporary documents.

A popular edition of Donald Campbell's Overland Journey was published as a chap book, price 6d., and is to be found at the British Museum. It is entitled "Shipwreck and Captivity of Captain Donald Campbell on leaving Goa for Madras, May 21, 1782, Including the wonderful Manner in which he was conveyed on shore by the Tides, his Imprisonment by Hyder Alli's troops and his narrow escape from being hanged, &c." The pamphlet, which was printed in London, bears no date. It contains a marvellous illustration of the shipwreck.

At the end of a volume containing the "Correspondence of Major General James Stuart during the indisposition of the Commander-in-Chief, September 1782" (Brit. Mus. Pressmark, 583, N. 20), there are interesting references to Donald Campbell, including a "Narrative" of his "Shipwreck and sufferings on the Malabar Coast and Imprisonment at Hydernuggur," an "Account of the transactions which led to the surrender of Bednore," and a letter from him to Major-General Stuart, dated 23 March 1783, while he was commanding officer at Nellore. The following extract is taken from a letter in the same volume from

Lt.-Col. Fullarton to Major-Genl. Stuart, dated Tanjore, 21 March 1783:

This letter will be presented to you by Captain Donald Campbell. To his transactions with the Jemitdar Hyat Sahib and his embassy to General Mathews, Humberstone in a great measure ascribes the cession of Bidenore and all its districts. I mention this, that you may know how much he has contributed to the public welfare, both by his good fortune and his good conduct; for I cannot help calling it good fortune to be even ten months in prison for so glorious a releasement. From him you will have a very exact picture of the state of affairs on the Coromandel coast, and of the operations here. His accounts will have the merit of impartiality.

Captain Donald Campbell was mentioned in General Matthew's despatches. He was furnished with a letter of introduction from Lord Macartney to a person of standing at Canton, and in this he was described as "a gentleman who has signalized himself on many occasions, but more particularly by his abilities in accomplishing the surrender of Bidenore, at which place he had been long a prisoner." He had surrendered the command of Nellore on 9 May 1783 to Captain George Campbell (No. 93, q.v.).

On his return to England in 1785 he detailed his services to the Court and requested compensation.

Extract of Minutes of the Committee of Correspondence, 3 and 7 November 1785.

Pursuant to Reference of Court of the 27th July, and 10th of August last, the Committee took into consideration the letter from Captain Donald Campbell late of the Fort St. George Establishment stating the Services he rendered the Company by prevailing on Hyatt Saib the late Governor of Bednure to surrender that place to Genl. Matthews, also transmitting an Account of travelling Charges and expences incurred in the Company's Service from January 1783 to May 1784, and requesting a compensation for his Services, and a reimbursement of his Expences; and the Committee having perused the Fort St. George Select Consultations 14th April, 29th July and 3d August 1783, and 5th July 1784—Bengal Secret Consultations 1st April, 12th, 26th and 29th May,

2d June 1783, and 9th March 1784—Bengal Secret Letter 5th April 1783, Para. 43—Fort St. George Select Letter 13th August 1783, Paras. 512 and 513—General Letter to Fort St. George 11th April 1785, Para. 4—the Committee offer it to the Court as their Opinion that in consideration of the eminent Services performed by Captain Campbell, as fully set forth in the above proceedings and Advices, he be allowed an annuity of £200 to commence from Michaelmas last.

With regard to Captain Campbell's Account of Expenses amounting to Rupees 33320, as the Company's Records afford no light on the Subject, the Committee do not possess the Information necessary to enable them to determine on it, they however cannot but remark, that the several charges appear very high, and the whole very loose, and therefore recommend that the Account be transmitted to the Governor General and Council, with Directions to investigate and liquidate the Same.

18 Nov. 1785. Granted an annuity of £200, dating from Michaelmas 1785.

Died, 5 June 1804, at Hutton, Essex, and was succeeded by his only surviving child, Frederick William.

Married, 6 Dec. 1778, Mary, daughter of Lord Frederick Campbell, at Ardincaple.

Issue: Frederick William, born 1782, Capt. 1st Regt. of Guards; married Sophia, dau. of Sir Edward Winnington, Bt., M.P., and had issue Sophia Jane, married Sir Peter Burrell, afterwards 4th Baron Gwydyr.

John, born 1786, who lost his life on H.M.S. Queen Charlotte, burnt off Leghorn, 17 March 1800.

Also a son and daughter, who died c. 1780.

In 1778, the year of his marriage, Donald Campbell was presented with the freedom of the City of Glasgow and Burgh of Dumbarton.

Besides the account of his Overland Journey, he published in 1798 "A Letter to the Marquis of Lorn on the Present Times," a pamphlet of 61 pages, inveighing against the Government of his day and the corruption which he maintained had spread throughout the whole system.

The following information respecting the Barbreck Jewel was communicated in a letter to the editor from the Honble. Lady Henniker-Heaton, daughter of the 5th Baron Gwydyr, dated 10 Sept. 1924: 1

The Campbell Diamond, which is now mounted in an ornament, came to me from my grandmother, who was the only child of Mr. Frederick W. Campbell, son of Donald Campbell of Barbreck, who married his cousin, the daughter of Lord Frederick Campbell. Whether it therefore was hers or her husband's I do not know.

The Diamond is light blue and slightly oval, about $\frac{3}{8}$ of an inch across. When it came to us it was in an old setting that covered the back and it was in the middle of a double row pearl necklace. When my mother showed it to a representative at Garrards, he said that it must have been at least 300 years in that setting and should be set clear in a ring.

Eventually my stepmother had it reset in its present state

as an ornament.

67. DONALD CAMPBELL.

Born, 8 July 1783, at Knaresborough, Yorkshire. Son of James Campbell, Major 48th Regt. of Foot.

Cadet for Bombay; requested leave to remain till next season, 10 June 1800.

Cadet . . . 1799 Cavalry

Cornet . . 6 Mar. 1800 Lieut. . . 26 May 1800

Died, 8 October 1803, at Brodera (Baroda).²

68. DONALD CAMPBELL (Bengal Medical).

Second son of Rev. Donald Campbell (grandson of Kenneth Campbell of Scalpa), minister of the parishes of Kilninver and Kilmelford, and his wife Mary, 10th dau. of John McLeod of Raasay.

¹ See Mad. Public Procgs.; Mad. MS. Army Lists; Mad. Letters Recd.; Court Minutes; Corres. Reports; Wilson's Madras Army; Mad. Press List, 1782; Burke's Commoners; Letter to Mrs. Campbell of Barbreck, pub. 1830.

² See Cadet Papers; Court Minutes; Dodwell and Miles.

Born 2 Jan. 1802.

Admitted to the service, 25 June 1822.

Sailed in the Duchess of Atholl.

Assistant Surgeon 19 Jan. 1822

Surgeon . . . 28 May 1835

Retired, 1 Jan. 1843.

Died, 28 Jan. 1858, at Jermyn Street, London.¹

69. DUGALD CAMPBELL (Madras).

Born c. 1729. Described as "of Inverary, gent."
30 October 1754. Petitioned the Court of Directors for employment in the East Indies. Stated that he had served in His Majesty's troops as 1st Lieutenant in Captain James Stuart's Independent Company.

Appointed Lieutenant for Fort St. George.

Sailed to India in the *Rhoda*, Nov. 1754, with the squadron under the command of Admiral Boscawen.

Lieutenant . 6 June 1755 1st European Regt.

Captain . . . ? 1756

Sailed from Madras to Bengal, 20 July 1756, with a detachment under Major James Kilpatrick.

Killed at the siege of Budgebudge (Bajbaj), 29 Dec. 1756.

Extract from "Journal of the Military Proceedings of the Honble. Company's Troops, sent on the Expedition to Bengal, commanded by Lt.-Col. Clive."

At 8 in the evening a drunken seaman straggling from his command pushed into the fort [of Budgebudge], when finding no resistance, gave three cheers, and was followed by the whole body without any orders, scarce any being found to oppose them, as the garrison had begun to leave the fort at sunset. In the confusion Captain Campbell was killed upon one of the bastions (giving orders for posting sentinels upon a magazine that was there) by the seamen or sepoys.

Administration of Captain Campbell's effects granted to Charles Bourchier, 17 June 1757.

¹ See Cadet Papers; Beng. Service Army List; Times, 2 Feb. 1858.

1 March 1759. Mary Campbell, widow of Captain Dugald Campbell, petitioned for an allowance for herself and child in consideration of her husband's services under Colonel Clive.

22 April 1760. A further administration was granted in London to Mary Campbell, relict of the deceased, then wife of Alexander Campbell.

Issue: Thomas Dugald, born 13 March; bap. 30 March 1755, at St. Margaret's, Westminster. Entered E. I. Co.'s Civil Service, Bengal. Died in Bengal in 1784.

3 Dec. 1755. Mrs. Mary Campbell's petition to take her son "Thomas Dugal" to Fort St. George

was granted.

23 March 1756. Orders were issued for Mary Campbell and her son "Thomas Dugal" to take passage to Fort St. George on the Elizabeth, "she paying

her own and her son's passage."

For many years Mary Campbell, widow of Captain Dugald Campbell, was supposed to have been the first wife of Warren Hastings, but later research has shown that that lady was the widow of Captain Buchanan, who perished in the Black Hole. Mary Hastings died in 1759 at Murshidabad.¹

70. DUGALD CAMPBELL (Madras).

Cadet of Auchinbreck.

Born 1742.

Entered the Company's service, 1766, as Gentleman Cadet.

Cornet . . 3 Nov. 1767 Madras Cavalry . 8 Dec. 1768 With 2nd Batt. Lieut. . Sepoys in 1774

¹ See Embarkation Lists; Court Minutes; Mad. Public Procgs.; Mad. Wills; Misc. Letters Recd.; Miscellanies, vol. 12; Wilson's Hist. of the Madras Army; Sidney Grier's Letters of Warren Hastings; Trotter's The Great Proconsul: Broome's Hist. of the Bengal Army.

Capt. by Brevet 26 Nov. 1776 1st Batt., 1st Regt. in 1779

Major . . 6 April 1781 Qr. Mr. Genl., 30 Oct. 1780

Lt.-Col. . . 17 April 1786

Colonel . . . 26 Feb. 1795 3rd Native Cavalry Major-General . 1 Jan. 1798 Commanding

Ceded Districts.

Served with the Grenadiers at the successful battles at Trincomalee against Hyder and the Nizam in September and in December of 1767, and in that of Vaniambaddy against Hyder only. Removed to the Cavalry, and served with them in all the principal actions during the remainder of the war under General Joseph Smith.

In 1771 with 1st Regt. Nat. Cav. under Capt. Matthews. 1773. Sent to Trichinopoly, and was present at both the sieges of Tanjore in 1774 under General Smith and at the siege of Pondicherry in 1778 under Sir

Hector Munro.

From 1776 to 1780 commanded a Regiment of Cavalry. 1780. Appointed Quarter Master General of the Army, under Sir Eyre Coote. In the same year, 1780, he was lent to the Nawab of the Carnatic. When the Cavalry was transferred from the service of the Nawab, 1784, and became a regular branch of the Company's Establishment, Lt.-Col. Dugald Campbell, then on leave in England, preferred a claim for re-employment therein and was posted to the 2nd Regt., which was then made the 1st. He returned to India in the Lord Camden in 1784.

3 July 1787. To command 3rd Regt. of Cavalry at

Fort St. George.

of Fort St. George, then in England, considered. He represents the hardship of returning to serve in the Cavalry under circumstances of degradation,

and requests to be placed with his rank in the Infantry. Committee recommend that his request be complied with and that he go by the ships of the season, and take his original rank in the Infantry.

15 March 1791. Request of Lt.-Col. Dugald Campbell to remain at home another year. The Committee

recommend that it be granted.

18 April 1792. Asks permission to remain at home till dispatch of first ship of next season. Committee recommend that his request be not granted, and that if he do not return in the present season he be considered entirely out of the Company's service.

3 June 1792. Sailed from England in the Talbot.

Reached Balasor 27 Oct. 1792.

1793. Reports his arrival at Bengal as Lt.-Col. of Infantry and states his claim for a command.

Commanded a Brigade of Infantry at the Siege of Pondicherry in 1793, under General Braithwaite, after which he commanded the Province of Tinne-

velly till 1795.

June 1794. Memorial of Infantry Officers on the Madras Establishment, which was referred to the Court of Directors from Fort St. George, respecting the appointment of Lt.-Col. Dugald Campbell to that Corps considered. Also the Memorial of Mr. Archibald Montgomery Campbell in favour of Lt.-Col. Dugald Campbell. Opinion of Marquis Cornwallis taken; Infantry commission to be revoked; to be removed to Cavalry Corps as a supernumerary Major until the command of a Regt. becomes vacant.

Appointed to command 3rd Regt. Native Cavalry vice Stevenson resigned, by G.O., 14 Nov. 1795.

5 May 1797. Notifies his arrival in England, having obtained leave of absence on furlough.

16 May 1797. States the circumstances which have

deprived him of the rank to which he is entitled and prays for redress.

10 April 1799. Allowed to remain in England another

year.

- 26 Feb. 1800. Permitted by the Court to return with his rank on the Madras Establishment, which, however, declined to recommend him for a Staff appointment.
- On arrival at Madras he was appointed to the command of the forces in the Ceded Districts.
- G.O., 2 October 1800. The Governor in Council has great pleasure in observing the success with which the Officer Commanding the forces in the Ceded Country has accomplished the establishment of tranquillity in those provinces: the indefatigable activity, the judicious arrangements and the cordial co-operation of Major-General Campbell with the civil authority are highly honourable to that officer.
- In a General Letter from the Governor and Council of Madras in the Military Department, dated 16 October 1801, the above eulogy is repeated and the Council add: "We had much pleasure in noticing the zeal, discipline and gallantry displayed by the officers and troops under the command of Major-General Campbell in the several instances in which their services have been required to enforce and establish the authority of the British Government in the Ceded Country."
- In a similar letter, dated 17 Feb. 1802, a recrudescence of disturbance in the Ceded Country is noted, and the repulse of the rebels, who had attacked the fortress of Turnakul, by Major-General Campbell is described.
- Jan. 1803. Appointed second in command of the Army in the Field under General Stuart in the Maratha War.

Commanded the army left by General Stuart in the Doab, "when he had an opportunity, by making several rapid marches with the élite of his army only, of destroying a formidable force of the enemy who threatened an irruption into the Company's territory."

July 1807. Removed to the command of Mysore.

Address to Major-General Campbell, &c. &c.

SIR,—it is not without a lively sense of regret that the Civil and Military Officers stationed in the Ceded Districts address you on the present occasion.

We perceive by the late orders of Government that you are removed from a scene where your exertions have long reflected so much credit on yourself individually, and, from the influence they have had in firmly establishing the authority of the British Government over a newly acquired and widely extended territory, have been productive of the most beneficial consequences to your Employers.

While we shall all long and feelingly lament the loss of your society as a private Gentleman, the Military in particular who have been immediately placed under your authority would be wanting to themselves were they not to express the happiness they have enjoyed in Obeying an Officer, no less distinguished for his talents in Command, than the urbanity and mildness which have marked the exercise of them.

In whatever station future events may place you, our best wishes for your health and welfare will ever attend you, and, that Providence may long permit the Indian army to enjoy the advantage of your ability, Integrity and Experience is the sincere and earnest desire of, Sir,

Your Most Obedient Humble Servants
[Nearly 80 signatures follow, including:]

J. CAMPBELL, Capt. 34th Regt.

JOHN CAMPBELL, Capt., Dep. Judge Adv.

Ceded Districts.

Reply.

LIEUT.-COL. GEORGE MARTIN, Commanding 2nd Bat. 5th Regt. and Bellary.

SIR,—In acknowledging the receipt of your letter of the 13th Instant, covering a most handsome address from the Civil and Military Officers serving in the Ceded Districts, on the occasion

of my removal from that Command, to Mysore, I have to request you will accept my best acknowledgments for the obliging terms in which you have been pleased to make the communication, and that you will do me the honor to make known the enclosed reply in whatever manner may be most agreeable.

I have the honor to be with the greatest regard, Sir, Your most obedient and most Humble Servant DUGALD CAMPBELL, M.G.

Madras, August 19, 1807.

To the Civil and Military Officers, Serving in the Ceded Districts.

GENTLEMEN,—I was yesterday highly gratified by the receipt of your address in consequence of my removal to the Command of Mysore.

It will ever be a source of pleasing reflection to me, that the conduct I observed while entrusted with my late Command has merited the approbation and regard of those with whom I have so long had the honor to act. I beg leave to observe that, in whatever Station I may hereafter be placed, I shall ever retain a grateful sense of the cordial support I have on all occasions experienced from you: and with the most sincere wishes for your honor and happiness, and for the prosperity of the Ceded Districts,

I have the honor to be, Gentlemen, Your most obedient and most faithful Servant DUGALD CAMPBELL, M.G.

Madras, August 19, 1807.

September 1807. Resigned his command and proceeded to England.

Extract from the Madras Courier, 21 October 1807.

He will be followed by the regrets and good wishes of all ranks in this Settlement, as during the period of 40 years service he has uniformly obtained the approbation of all those Officers under whom he has served, as also of Government. In wishing him a safe voyage and every earthly happiness during his life, we are assured we speak not only the general sentiment of the Coast Army, but also of all other persons who had the happiness of his acquaintance.

25 March 1808. Retired on off-reckonings. Placed on the retired list, 11 May 1808.

Died at Portsea, 10 September 1809, aged 68. Buried at Wymering (Old Portsea) church.

Will dated 22 June 1809. Proved, 9 October 1809, by John Mackay and James Campbell. describes himself as "Major-General in His Majesty's service, of Cumberland Street, Portman Square." Mentions:

Sons: James, Wm. Coote, John, Archibald

Henry, Charles.

Daughter: Margaret.

Sister: Ann, wife of Mr. Duncan Campbell

of Campbeltown.

Nieces: Betsy Mackay and Ann, eldest and youngest daughters of sister Ann.

Brother-in-law: John Mackay, Esq., Major,

Renfrew Regt. of Militia.

Lady Campbell, guardian of daughter Margaret during minority.

Married, 31 July 1777, at Fort St. George, Madras,

Elizabeth Mackay.

Issue: James, born 23 May; bap. 9 July 1778; Col. of the 94th Regt. of Foot, afterwards Major-General Sir James Campbell of Sanda, K.C.B., K.C.H.; mar., 1817, the Lady Dorothea Louisa Cuffe, dau. of Otway, 1st Earl of Desart; died 6 May 1835. Issue: one son and three daughters.

Donald Pasley, bap. 11 Nov. 1779; died 19 Jan. 1780, aged 4 m., 23 d. Monument

in St. Mary's Cemetery, Madras.

Dugald, born 15 Sept.; bap. 16 Dec. 1783; Capt. of the 88th Foot (Connaught Rangers). Died in Ceylon in Feb. 1801. First commission, 1795 (at the age of 12).

William Coote, born 3 May; bap. 12 June 1785; Captain 3rd Madras Cavalry (No. 243,

q.v.).

John, born 27 May; bap. 5 Sept. 1786; Lieut. 1st Madras Cavalry (No. 157, q.v.).

Archibald Henry, bap. 28 Aug. 1788.

Charles, born 5 May 1791; Major in the 94th Regt. of Foot.

Major-General Dugald Campbell's eldest daughter married, 8 Dec. 1808, from Wimpole Street, Cavendish Square, Thomas, son of General Eyton.

Genealogical notes from Old Family Baskerville Bible:
Archibald of Auchinbreck, father to Donald
Campbell of Kilmory, father to Duncan Campbell, vicar of Kilfinan, father to Dugald Campbell,
parson of Letterkenny, father to John Campbell
of Kildaloig, father to Collector Daniel Campbell, father to Collector Dugald Campbell, father
to Captain James Campbell.¹

71. DUGALD CAMPBELL (Madras).

[No details of parentage ascertained.]

Cadet . . . 1790 Ensign . . . 12 Sept. 1791

Lieut. . . 6 Aug. 1794 Posted to 3rd Eu.

Batt., 18 Oct.

1792

Died, 16 May 1799.

Buried at St. Mary's, Fort St. George, same day.2

72. DUGALD CAMPBELL (Bombay).

Eldest son of Walter Campbell, Esq., of Carradale, Saddell and Skipness, Argyll.
Born 4 Sept. 1809.

¹ See Mad. MS. Army Lists, Baptisms, Burials, Despatches, Mil. Letters Recd., and Select Comtee. Correspondence; Court Minutes; Dodwell and Miles; Corres. Reports; P.C.C. Wills; Mill, Madras Army; Penny, Marr. at Fort St. George; Hist. Records of the P. of Wales' Own Regt.; Mad. Mil. Consultations; Madras Gazette.

² See Dodwell and Miles; Mad. Burials; Mad. Select Com. Consultations.

Arrived in India in the Royal George.

Cadet . . . 1825 Inf.

Ensign . 16 June 1826 2nd Eu. Regt.

Died, 11 August 1827, at Bombay, aged 19 [sic]. Buried, 12 August.¹

73. DUGALD CAMPBELL, M.D. (Madras Medical).

Third son of Capt. Neil Campbell, of the 21st Bengal N.I. (No. 195, q.v.), and Isabella Anne Campbell, of 9 Coates Crescent, Edinburgh.

Born in Cawnpore, 9 Nov. 1833.

Nominated by W. B. Bayley, a Director of the E. I. Co., at the request of his mother, Isabella, widow of Capt. Neil Campbell.

Appointed, 1855. Passed, 21 Nov. 1855.

Proceeded overland, 4 Dec. 1855. Arrived at Madras, 17 Jan. 1856.

Assist. Surgeon, 21 Nov. 1855.

1857. With 14th N.I.

1858. In Ceded Districts and with 16th N.I.

1860. 6th N.I.

1861. 51st N.I.

1862. Horse Brigade, R.A.

1863-4. R.A.

1864. 36th N.I.

1865. Genl. Hospital.

Died, 29 March 1865, at Akola, Kamptee, Central Provinces.

Will dated 21 Oct. 1864—no executors appointed.

Administration to Registrar, 9 Dec. 1865.

Bequeaths to his mother, Isabella Anne Campbell, a red cornelian seal, a black jet ring, and "all the photographs I possess."

¹ See Cadet Papers; Dodwell and Miles; Bomb. Army List; Bomb. Burials.

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Mentions brother, Neil Campbell, in Commercial Bank of Kingston, Upper Canada.

Illeg. issue: Simon Charles Campbell (or Young), born 20 Aug. 1864, by Charlotte, dau. of Charles Young, writer in the Comrs. Office, Bangalore.¹

74. DUGALD ALEXANDER CAMPBELL (Bengal).

Son of Dugald and Catherine Campbell of Kildaloig, Argyllshire.

Born, 17 Sept. 1813, in the parish of St. Peter's, Dublin.

Admitted to the service, 1829.

Sailed in the Bengal Merchant.

Arrived in India, 16 May 1829.

Cadet 1827

9 June 1831 52nd N.I. Ensign

Died, 9 Feb. 1837, at Nusseerabad.

Administration granted to Registrar, 23 May 1837.2

75. DUGALD JOHN PHILIP CAMPBELL (Madras).

Illeg. son of Major John Campbell, of the Madras Cavalry (No. 157, q.v.), and Charlotte Philip, of Chapel Street, Grosvenor Place, and grandson of Major-General Dugald Campbell (No. 70, q.v.), cadet of Auchinbreck.

Baptised at St. James's, Westminster, 31 Dec. 1828.

Cadet 1846

. . 12 June 1846 7th N.I.

Ensign . . . 12 June 1840 Lieut. . . 5 Dec. 1849 . . 29 Jan. 1861 Captain 12 June 1866 Major

Served in the First Burmese War and throughout the Mutiny Campaign (see below for details).

¹ See India List; Mad. Wills; Mad. Army List. ² See Beng. Service Army List; Beng. Admons.

Assistant Engineer, Dept. Pub. Works, Mysore, 1860–1862.

Staff Corps, 1862-1871.

Retired, 1 Feb. 1871.

Died in his office at the Mansion House, 23 Dec. 1885.

Obituary Notice from The Times of 24 Dec. 1885.

Major Dugald John Philip Campbell, the City Marshal, died yesterday morning at his office within the Mansion-house after a very brief illness. The deceased officer had been in attendance upon the Lord Mayor at the wardmote in Aldersgate both on Monday and during the polling on Tuesday. Not feeling well, he returned to the Mansion-house in the course of the afternoon. Later on serious symptoms of internal hæmorrhage presented themselves, and Dr. Appleford, of Finsbury-circus, and Dr. Vincent Ambler were summoned to attend him. His dangerous state rendered his removal to his residence impossible. Everything that medical and nursing skill could devise or the consideration of colleagues and friends could suggest was done, but Major Campbell got rapidly worse and died at 8 o'clock yesterday morning in the presence of his family.

The deceased officer, who was 57 years of age, was elected City Marshal in July 1873, and was much respected throughout the Corporation. For several years prior to his appointment he was in the Madras Staff Corps. He was employed with the flank companies of the 7th Madras N.I. in Burma in 1854. He commanded a detachment of Madras Sappers and Miners of the Saugor Field Division under Major-General Whitlock from 1857 to 1859, and served throughout the Mutiny Campaign. He was present at the surprise and destruction of Jeejhun, the ambuscade of Kobraie Pass, the Battle of Banda, the capture of Kirwee, the night attack at Jeejhun, and the forced march to relieve the garrison of Kirwee. He also commanded the Sappers and Miners of the right column of attack at Dudree, and was assistant field engineer to the Saugor Field Division. He received the medal with clasp for Central India.

Notice from the *Broad Arrow*, December 26, 1885. Major Dugald J. P. Campbell, the City Marshal.

Major Campbell, a retired officer of artillery [error for engineers], who has for twelve years filled the office of City Marshal, expired on Wednesday morning at his office at the

Mansion House, when about to commence his duties there. Major Campbell was appointed to the post of City Marshal in 1873. The emoluments of the post are about £400 a year. The question of increasing his salary was at the present time

under the consideration of the City Corporation.

Previous to his appointment as City Marshal, Major Campbell had been a Staff Officer in the Madras Army of the East India Company. He commanded the L Company, and detachments of A and B Companies of Madras Sappers and Miners of the Saugor Field Division under Major-General Whitlock from December 1857 to December 1859, and served through the campaign in suppression of the Mutiny in Bengal: was present at the surprise and destruction of Jeejhun, ambuscade of Kobraie Pass, battle of Banda, capture of Kirwee, night attack on our camp at Jeejhun, forced march to relieve the besieged garrison at Kirwee, commanded the Sappers and Miners of the right column of attack at Durdree, demolition of the forts Moorcoudah, Boregaum, Tirowan, and Sereenugger, and was Assistant Field Engineer to the Saugor Field Division from 17th November to the end of the campaign on 31st December 1859. For these services Major Campbell received medal with clasp for Central India.

[Note: Major Campbell expired on Wednesday morning, 23 Dec. 1885, but in the official record at the Mansion House his death is entered on St. Thomas's Day, 21 Dec. 1885.]

Married Jane Elizabeth -

Issue: Charles Dugald Henry, born 12 June; bap. 3 Aug. 1853 at Jaulnah.

Frederick Barnham Thomas, born June; bap. 27 Sept. 1856 at Jackatalla; died 13 Dec. 1856.

Jenny, born 23 Aug.; bap. 26 Aug. 1857 at

Cannanore.

Charlotte Elizabeth, born 27 March; bap. 3 Aug. 1861.

Julia, born 14 April; died 15 June 1862 at Ban-

galore.

Annie Laura, born 3 February; died 14 May 1864 at Bangalore.

Alice Maud, born 7 March; bap. at Bangalore 1 April 1865.

Dugald John, born 14 April; bap. at Bangalore 26 Sept. 1866.¹

76. DUNCAN CAMPBELL (Madras).

[No particulars of parentage found.]

Ensign . . 4 Nov. 1767 Lieut. . . 23 Dec. 1768

Died, 22 Oct. 1769. Buried at Madras.

Administration granted to Colonel Donald Campbell [? of Glensaddell], 12 Dec. 1769.2

The above officer may be the person referred to in the following document:

Receipt dated 10 Dec. 1776 by John Campbell of Barcaldine with consent of Col. Alexr. Campbell Younger of Barcaldine from Mr. Alexr. Robertson one of the principal Clerks of Session in name of Duncan Campbell Esqr. of Glenure £250.

Witnesses to John Campbell's signature:

David Campbell son to the deceast Duncan Campbell Lieut. of Horse in the East Indies and John Campbell.

77. DUNCAN CAMPBELL (Bengal).

Cadet, 1772.

Resigned, 19 Jan. 1773.3

[No other mention found.]

78. DUNCAN CAMPBELL (Bengal).

Son of Donald Campbell of Ardnamurchan, Argyll-shire, and Ann, his wife.

Baptised, 22 April 1785 (a few days after birth).

¹ See Cadet Papers; India Register; Beng. and Mad. Baptisms; Mad. Burials.

² See Mad. MS. Army List; Mad. Wills; Mad. Burials.

³ See Dodwell and Miles.

Father dead in 1806.

Cadet for Bengal Infantry, 1806.

Lost in the Skelton Castle, outward bound to India, Poec. 1806.1

The Skelton Castle, an East Indiaman of 584 tons, had already made three voyages in the Company's service, in 1799–1800, commanded by Matthew Isacke, in 1801–2 under Captain Frederick Pitman, and in 1803–4 under Capt. James Normand. In her last voyage she was commanded by Captain Henry Vaughan. She sailed from Portsmouth, 24 Sept. 1806, with the *Union* and "country" ship Matilda. The three ships were reported "all well on 5 Oct. in lat. 45.55 N. long., 11.38 W." On 21 Dec. 1806 the Skelton Castle parted with her consorts and appears to have foundered with all her passengers and crew.

79. DUNCAN CAMPBELL (Bengal).

Son of George Campbell of Artarig, Inverchaolain, Cowal, Argyllshire.

Born 30 October 1788.

Cadet . . . 1808

Ensign . . . 20 Mar. 1810 12th Regt. N.I.

Lieut. . . 16 Dec. 1814

Died, 20 July 1819, at Agra.

Will dated at Chittagong, 10 Nov. 1812.

Proved, 11 March 1820.

Relatives mentioned: Father, George Campbell.

Cousins: Jire (Ivie) Campbell, Lieutenant, 12th Bengal N.I. (No. 107, q.v.).

Alexr. Livingstone Campbell, 4th Regt. Bengal N.I. (No. 17, q.v.).

Lachlan W. Lachlan, Ensign, 7th Bengal N.I.²

¹ See Cadet Papers; Dodwell and Miles; Beng. Despatches, xlviii., 625; Miscellanies, vol. xlv.; The Globe, 4 Nov. 1806.

² See Cadet Papers; Dodwell and Miles; Bengal Wills.

80. DUNCAN ARCHIBALD CAMPBELL (Madras).

Son of Duncan Campbell, merchant, of 21 Alfred Place, Bedford Square, London, and Harriet Campbell.

Brother of Captain John Campbell (No. 164, q.v.).

Born, 15 Feb. 1808, at Walcot, Somerset.

Joined Seminary, Addiscombe, 12 Sept. 1819.

Cadet . . 1824 Artillery

Cornet . . 16 June 1825 Lieut. . 2 Dec. 1825

Died, 7 May 1829, at Moulmein.

Admon., 9 Oct. and 14 Dec. 1830. No relatives mentioned.

81. DUNCAN CHARLES CAMPBELL (Madras).

Son of Major Charles Stuart Campbell, 26th Regt., and Catherine Maria Campbell.

Born, 29 August 1806, at Ashford, Kent.

Sailed in the Asia. Arrived at Madras, 8 Sept. 1828.

Cadet . . . 1827

Ensign . . 8 Sept. 1828 16th N.I. Lieut. . . 31 Oct. 1835 9th N.I.

Passed a very creditable examination in Hindoostanee; entitled to the reward, G.O.C.C., 21 Sept. 1830.

Returned to Europe on S.C. Sailed, 3 July 1832.

Returned to India: arrived at Jaulnah, 4 Aug. 1833.

Actg. Qr. Master and Interpreter of the 40th Regt., 30 June 1834.

Rejoined his corps, 14 Sept. 1835.

Qr. Master and Interpreter, 9th N.I., 26 Sept. 1835.

Passed a creditable examination in Persian; entitled to the reward, 12 Dec. 1835.

Died, 14 May 1836, at Vellore, from being thrown out

¹ See Cadet Papers; Dodwell and Miles; Madras Wills.

of a bandy in which he was riding with a brother officer.

Buried in Vellore Old Cemetery near Commissary Bazaar, 15 May 1836. Tomb in existence, c. 1908.1

82. EDMUND CAMPBELL, Melfort (Bombay).

Third son of General Frederick Campbell, R.A. (died 1866), and Maria, dau. of Lieut.-Col. George Scott, R.A.

Born at Woolwich, 15 March 1823.

Admitted to the service while abroad, at Bombay, 20 June 1840.

1840 Cadet

Ensign . . 23 Feb. 1840 20th Regt. N.I., 21 Oct. 1840

3rd. N.I.

Major . . 20 July 1858 Lieut.-Col. . 12 Sept. 1866 Staff Corps

Colonel . . 15 Aug. 1868

Served with the 20th Regt. Bombay N.I., with the forces under Genl. Brookes.

Present with the Light Battalion at actions at Haikulair, Khojah Pass and relief of Kandahar, May 1842.

Took part in the engagement under the city walls between Sir W. Nott's forces and the army under Akbar Khan; present with the Light Battalion in Argandaub Valley, at the reduction of several forts under Brigadier Wymer.

With forces in Scinde, under Sir Charles Napier, G.C.B., 1842-3.

Adjutant of the Malwa Bhil Corps, 22 Aug. 1844.

Removed to 28th N.I., 31 Jan. 1845.

2nd in command, Malwa Bhil force, 8 Jan. 1848.

¹ See Mad. Service Army List; India Register; Tombs, N. Arcot

Reported to have acquired a colloquial proficiency in Hindustani, 18 June 1848.

Adjt. to the left wing of the 28th N.I., 18 Dec. 1852.

Transferred to 3rd Eu. Regt. as Captain. G.O.,

22 Nov. 1853.

In the campaign in Central India on the staff of Sir Hugh Rose, G.C.B. (medal and clasp); present at the capture of Rathgur, action of Baroda (wounded); relief of Saugur, capture of Jhansi; battle of the Betwa (horse wounded); capture of Calpee; capture of Gwalior 1857-8; mentioned in despatches six times and made Brevet Major (medal and clasp).

Commanded 3rd Bombay N.I. in Abyssinian Campaign under Lord Napier of Magdala (special

mention in despatches and medal).

Died, 20 Sept. 1870, at Petersham, near Richmond, Surrey, while on sick leave for illness contracted in Abyssinian Campaign.

Buried at Plumstead, Kent.

Inscription to his memory on Iona Cross in Kilmelfort Churchyard, the old burial place of the Campbells of Melfort.

Married in 1862 Frances Mary Ann, dau. of Frederick

Collicott, Esq., M.D.

Issue: Eva Maria Frances, born 11 July; bap. 24 July 1864 at Tanna. Married her cousin, Joseph Parker, C.S.I., late Director-General of Stores, India Office, 29 Mar. 1894. He died 1924.

> Edmund Arthur, R.A., born 2 Sept.; bap. 23 Sept. 1865 at Malligaum. Married, 2 Sept. 1889, Rose Beatrice, dau. of J. B. Summers, Esq., J.P., of Rosemoor, Pembroke-

shire.

John Melfort Laing, born 11 Aug. 1867; died 5 Mar. 1868 at Bombay.

Maud Mary, mar., 26 Nov. 1890, Henry Lysaght Griffin, Lieut. R.A.¹

83. EDMUND ALEXANDER CAMPBELL, Inverawe (Madras).

Son of James Archibald and Jane Augusta Campbell, of Inverawe.

Baptised at Leamington, 1 Aug. 1838.

Cadet . . 3 Sept. 1856

Ensign . . . 23 Sept. 1856 11th Madras Regt.

N.I.

Lieut. . . 23 Nov. 1859 11th Madras Regt.

N.I.

Capt. . . 23 Sept. 1868 11th Madras Regt.

Invalid pension, 24 May 1870.

Died at Bedford, 1 Nov. 1887.

Tomb in No. 2 Cemetery, attached to St. Thomas's Church, Ootacamund Taluk, Nilgiri District.

Married, at Madras, 16 Feb. 1871, Margaret Eliza, dau. of Duncan Campbell of Madras.

Issue: Edmund Alexander, born 25 Aug.; bap. 22 Dec. 1875 at Ootacamund.

Lorne Francis, born 30 May; died 27 Oct. 1877 at Ootacamund.

Ronald Bruce, born 4 Sept.; bap.29 Nov. 1878, at Ootacamund.

James Archibald, born 10 Feb.; bap. 1 April 1880 at Ootacamund.²

84. EDMUND CARNAC CAMPBELL (Bombay). Born in Bombay, 28 July 1813. Cadet, 1828.

¹ See Memls. of the House of Melfort; Cadet Papers; Bomb. Service Army List; Bomb. Baptisms and Burials.

² See Cadet Papers; Nilgiri District Inscriptions; Madras Army List; Mad. Baptisms, Marriages and Burials.

Nominated when abroad by J. Rivett Carnac, Esq., for St. Helena Station, from his personal knowledge of the cadet, 1828. His mother then at Bombay.

Appointed Cadet of Cavalry, subject to usual conditions and provided he is not above 25 years of

age, 1835.

Mr. Campbell having been a Commissioned Officer on the St. Helena Establishment for the full period required by the Act, from the transfer of that island to the Crown, admitted to the service from 29 July 1836, the date of his arrival from St Helena.

Cadet . . . 1835

Cornet . . 5 Dec. 1835 1st Regt. Lt. Cav.

Lieut. . . 30 Oct. 1838

Attached to the 1st Light Cav. at Rajcote, 19 Aug. 1836.

Posted to 1st Lt. Cav., 10 Feb. 1838.

Capt. Troward reports that both parties of Cavalry under the command of Lieut. Owen and Cornet Campbell exerted themselves in the attack on the village of Simla and in the capture of certain of its inhabitants, in consequence of their having afforded protection to a Bheel concerned in the murder of the Bombay Sepoys near Abu (Mil. Cons., 18 April 1838).

Died in Scinde, 19 Feb. 1839.

Admon., 1 Sept. 1840, to Registrar.1

85. EDWARD CAMPBELL (Bengal Medical).

Son of Thomas Campbell, Post Captain, R.N. (died 1839), of St. Martins, Looe, Cornwall, and Phoebe his wife. Brother of John Campbell, M.D., C.B. (No. 167, q.v.).

¹ See Bomb. Service Army List; Cadet Papers; Bomb. Admons.; Duncan, History of Royal Artillery.

Born March, baptised 8 April 1815.

Appointed Surgeon to the *Cleopatra*, proceeding to Bombay, 8 Jan. 1840.

Arrived at Fort William, 21 July 1840.

Assistant Surgeon 14 Nov. 1839

Surgeon . 15 Nov. 1853

Surgeon-Major . 14 Nov. 1859

Served in the Cabul Insurrection, 1841–1842. Present at the storming of Istaliff. Medal.

Present at the Battle of Maharajpore. Bronze star.

He was appointed to the Body Guard, 11 April 1845. Minute No. 10 by the Governor-General, 11 April 1845:

The Governor-General informs the Board that he has made the following appointment.

Asst. Surgeon Edward Campbell of the 2nd Regiment Grenadiers to the Medical Charge of the Governor-General's Body Guard, vice Asst. Surgeon H. Walker.

Served during the Sutlej Campaign with the Governor-General's Body Guard. Present at the battles of Moodkee, Ferozeshuhr, Aliwal and Sobraon. Medal with 3 clasps.

Served during the Santhal Rebellion.

He left the Body Guard 3 March 1854.

Presidency Garrison Surgeon at Calcutta, 1859–1864.

He was employed under Her Majesty's Government during the war with Russia with the Turkish Contingent, as Deputy Inspector of Hospitals under General Vivian, from 17 April to 1 Sept. 1855, when he was recommended 12 months' leave of absence on account of health. Resigned on account of health, 10 Oct. 1855.

Leave of absence on S.C. to Europe for 15 months, 1 Feb. 1859.

Retired, 11 July 1864, in England. Died, 16 Jan. 1890, in London.¹

¹ See Cadet Papers; Anderson's Ubique; Bengal Service Army List India Register; Hodson's Govr.-Genl.'s Body Guard, p. 286; Misc. Mil. Rec., vol. 270.

86. SIR EDWARD ALEXANDER CAMPBELL, Kt., C.B. (Bengal).

Second son of Sir Robert Campbell (born 1771), 1st Bt., of Carrick Buoy, co. Donegal (Baronetcy extinct, cr. U.K. 1831), and Elizabeth, dau. of Dr. Gilbert Pasley, Phys. Genl. at Madras.

Born at Vizagapatam, 4 Aug. 1801.

Cadet of Infantry, 1871; transferred to the Cavalry by letter from the Court of 4 March 1818.

Arrived in Bengal in the George the Third, 4 July 1818.

Cornet . . 3 Jan. 1817 Lieut. . . 23 Oct. 1818 3rd Cavalry

Capt. . . 4 Feb. 1825 Major Bt. . . 19 Jan. 1826 Lt.-Col. . . . 23 Nov. 1841.

A.D.C. on the Staff of the C.-in-C., 14 Jan. 1822.

D.A.A.G., 28 Jan. 1825.

Distinguished himself at the siege of Bhurtpore, 1825-1826, and was severely wounded. His conduct highly commended.

Recommended, 1831, and made Bt. Major for services in the field.

C.B. at Queen Victoria's coronation, 1838.

Knighted, 24 July 1838.

Served with the army of the Indus at Ghazni and Cabul.

Leave to Europe, 15 March 1843.

Retired, 16 Nov. 1845, in Europe.

Died, 25 Sept. 1850 (Burke's Peerage gives the date as 4 Aug. 1848).

Married Eliza Sophia, daughter of Thomas Parratt, of Lower Grosvenor Place, London, 1837. She died in 1851.

Issue: Emma, married, 3 Feb. 1863, Dr. Bartholomew Archdekne Duncan.

Annette Grace, born at Kurnaul, 15 Mar. 1841; bap. 22 May 1841; married, 4 May 1865, Thos. Rutherford Adams, Esq., of Kilmogany Castle, co. Kilkenny.¹

[Note: Sir Robert Campbell, 1st Bt., of Carrick Buoy, was the son of John Campbell, Esq., of Ballyshannon, and Jane, dau. of the Rev. Edward Forbes, of Killbanan Castle, co. Donegal, and grandson of John Campbell, Esq., of Tuam, co. Galway.

Sir Robert spent many years (c. 1796–1816) in Madras as a merchant. He married in India (at Ichhapur, 22 Aug. 1798), and his six children were born there. His four sons all entered the Company's

service. See Nos. 134, 180, 219.

In 1817 he was elected a Director of the E.I. Co., an office which he held, except in the years when he was "out by rotation," from 1817 to 1852. In 1830 he was Deputy Governor, and in 1831 Governor of the Company.]

87. EDWARD CHARLES CAMPBELL (Madras).

Son of Captain John Campbell of the Madras Army (died 1808; No. 141, q.v.) and Anna Maria, his wife.

Baptised, 23 Oct. 1794, at St. Mary's Church, Fort St. George, Madras.

Ensign . . . 27 June 1811 24th Regt. N.I. Lieut. . . 1 Dec. 1816 1st Regt. N.I., 1st Batt.

Interpreter and Quartermaster, 31 May 1819. Died, 25 Dec. 1820, at Jaggapet.²

Obituary Notice.

On the 25 Dec. 1820, near Hyderabad, Lieut. Edward C. Campbell, 1st Regiment Madras Native Infantry, greatly regretted.

¹ See Beng. Service Army List; Beng. Baptisms; Burke's Peerage; Heraldry of the Campbells; Home Series, Misc., vol. 764; India Register.

² See Cadet Papers; India Register; Calc. Gaz., 1 March 1821.

This fine young officer had already distinguished himself, and his name is recorded among those who were conspicuous in leading that part of his Corps which stormed the Seetabuldee Hill, at Nagpoor, on the 27th Nov., destroyed the enemy's Arab infantry, and contributed so much to the success of that hard fought day. It is thus consolatory to his friends to know that as he could claim hereditary reputation in the Madras Army, so, even short as his career has been, he has lived to maintain his claim.

88. EDWARD GERVASE CAMPBELL (Madras).

Son of Colin Campbell, Physician-General, Bengal Establishment (No. 53, q.v.), and Mary Anne Howell.

Born at Meerut, 22 August 1825.

Sailed in the Northumberland. Arrived at Madras, 28 Dec. 1846.

Cadet 1846

23 Oct. 1875

Staff Corps, 1867–1875.

Wing Officer, 25th N.I., 1 Jan. 1874 to 1 Aug. 1875.

Retired, 1 Aug. 1875.

Died, 9 June 1906, at Newton Abbot.

Married, 12 May 1857, at Mussoorie, Caroline Fanny Anne, daughter of John M. Madden.

Issue: Emmeline Fanny, born 14 Aug.; bap. 14 Sept. 1859 at Mangalore.

89. EDWARD LENNOX CAMPBELL (Bengal).

Son of Edward Campbell, merchant, and Grace Gordon; baptised at Trichinopoly, 29 Nov. 1805.

¹ See Cadet Papers; Indian Army List; Beng. Marriages; Mad. Service Army List; Mad. Baptisms.

Brother of James Gordon and John Charles Harris

Campbell (Nos. 129 and 171, q.v.).

Nominated in 1817 by his uncle and guardian, Robert Campbell, a Director of the E.I. Co. (afterwards Sir Robert Campbell, Bt., see No. 86), as a Cadet of Artillery or Engineers.

Apparently passed through the Seminary, but subsequently entered the Bengal Civil Service, became an Assistant Magistrate and Collector,

and died in Bengal in 1833.1

90. FREDERICK CAMPBELL (Madras).

Fourth son of Sir John Campbell of Ardnamurchan, 7th Bt. (1807–1853), Lt.-Govr. of St. Vincent, 1845–1853, and Hannah Elizabeth, dau. of James Macleod of Rasay. Mother residing in Hobart Town in 1859. Brother of Loudoun Francis Campbell (No. 189, q.v.).

Born at Trinity Lodge, North Leith, in the co. of.

Edinburgh, 15 June 1843.

Recommended by his father.

Passed out of Addiscombe, June 1859.

Cadet . . 1856–7.

Resigned, 20 July 1859, and joined the R.A. Commissioned, 18 Dec. 1861.

Served in New Zealand (medal with clasp).

Lt.-Col. and Hon. Col. 1st Argyll and Bute R.G.A.

Civil C.B., 1902.

Married, 28 Jan. 1869, Emilie Guillaumine, eldest daughter of Donald Maclaine of Lochbuie, Argyllshire.

Issue: Donald Maclaine, born 18 Nov. 1869; died

1 June 1913.

Ian Maxwell, born 3 Oct. 1870, Col. Commg. 8th Batt. Princess Louise's Argyll and Sutherland H'drs.

¹ See Cadet Papers; Beng. Wills; India Register; Calc. Gaz., 28 July 1825; Mad. Baptisms.

Chas. Stewart, born 14 March 1875.

Frederick Wm. Bridgman, born 3 Feb. 1878; died 25 Dec. 1899.

Edward Taswell, born 9 April 1879; M.P. North West Camberwell, 1924.

Jas. Douglas, born 2 Sept. 1882.

Lorne, born 22 Dec. 1883; died 2 March 1900. Gordon, born 6 Jan. 1886, the "Mystery" V.C. Gillean Macgregor, born 26 July; died 12 Sept. 1887.

Colin Macleod, born 12 March 1890.1

91. GABRIEL NAPIER CHRISTIE BURTON CAMPBELL, Fairfield (Bengal).

Son of William Campbell of Fairfield and his second wife, Catherine Gunning. Brother of Charles Hay Campbell (No. 46, q.v.).

Born, 12 June 1790, at Edinburgh.

Appointed a Cadet for Bengal, but transferred to Madras. Arrived in India, 11 Dec. 1806.

Captain . . 13 Dec. 1820 Horse Brigade

Major . . 11 May 1836

Shared Deccan prize money as Lieut. in the Horse Artillery for general captures. Commended by Lieut.-Col. Maxwell, 1 Oct. 1821, in his account of an action with Maharao Kishore Sing near Mongroulie: "The promptitude, ardour, and indefatigable exertions of Capt. Campbell and his troop of Native Horse Artillery were so conspicuous throughout the whole operation as to claim my warmest approbation and thanks."

Died, 20 Oct. 1839, at sea, on board the Hero of Maloun, en route to Ceylon.

¹ See Cadet Papers; Burke's Peerage.

Will dated 1839. Proved, 21 Feb. 1840.

Married Selina Elizabeth Gore at New South Wales. She died before proving her husband's will.

Issue: Caroline, bap. 20 Jan. 1821 (father's name given as Lt. Napier Gabriel Christie Burton Campbell).

Charlotte Anne, born 5 April; bap. 30 May 1824 at Meerut.

Napier George, born 4 March; bap. 26 May 1826 at Meerut (No. 194).

Selina Catherine, born 30 March 1828; bap. 29 March 1829 at Loodhiana. Son, died infant.¹

Inscription in Loodhiana Burial Ground.

Sacred to the Memory of Selina Catherine daughter of Capt. G. N. C. Campbell, B.H.A. and of Selina Elizabeth his wife,

Obit 27th March 1830
aged 13 months and 27 days.

Their infant son, who was born 5th April 1830, and died the same day, lies interred beside his sister.

92. GEORGE CAMPBELL (Bombay).

Ensign 4th Co. at Bombay in January 1754.2

[No other mention of this officer has been found. It is possible that he may be identical with the George Campbell who sent in a petition to the Court of Directors on 12 Dec. 1752, setting forth that he had served as a Volunteer in a Scotch Regiment in the Dutch service and praying for a Commission from the Court. The petition was referred for consideration and no decision on the subject has been traced.]

¹ See Beng. Service Army List; Beng. Wills and Baptisms; Dodwell and Miles; Stubb's Bengal Artillery.

² See Bombay Muster Rolls, vol. 4; Court Minutes, vol. 65.

93. GEORGE CAMPBELL (Madras).

Second son of Lachlan Campbell, Islay, Argyll, and Ulster Co., New York.

Ensign in 42nd Foot, 8 May 1760, in America.

Exchanged to half pay of 42nd at reduction in 1763.

Lieut. 30th Regt. of Foot, 4 May 1767.

Retired—sold out—26 May 1769. Entered E. I. Co. and appointed:

Ensign . . 7 July 1770 1st Sepoy Regt. (Mad. Inf.)

Lieut. . . 7 July 1770 Captain . . 26 Apr. 1777

Returned to New York at the outbreak of the American War on leave. In 1777 he was a member of a Corps of 460 Loyalists, raised by Col. Fanning, subsequently known as the King's American Regt. of Foot. Was in temporary command of the King's Orange Rangers at Halifax in 1778.

Lt.-Col., 25 Dec. 1782, of the King's American Regt.

On H.P., disbanded, 1783.

On 23 June petitioned to be appointed Lt.-Govr. of St. Helena vice Major Græme—refused.

On returning to India was appointed C.O. of Nellore, vice Capt. Donald Campbell, 9 May 1783.

Bt. Col. in the Army, 12 Oct. 1793.

Major-General, 25 Oct. 1795.

Died on H.P. (King's American Regt. of Foot). Buried at St. Mary's Cemetery, Fort St. George, 5 June 1799.

Will dated 16 April 1799, then residing at Madras. Proved at Madras, 20 June 1799. Mentions: Son, Robert Preston Campbell, at school at Chigwell, Essex, under the Rev. Freeman, sole heir.

Brother, Lt.-Col. James Campbell, late Major H.M. 48th Regt. of Foot, to be guardian of son, and to succeed to property should son die under 21 without legal heirs.

Property consists chiefly of the Nawab's bond for 10,000 star pagodas, int. at 12 p.c., due monthly.

Executors in India: John Tulloh, James Brodie, and James Connell of Madras, who are to remit interest and effects to brother in England.¹

94. GEORGE CAMPBELL (Madras).

[No particulars of the parentage of this officer have been ascertained, nor is it clear whether the date of commission as Captain belongs to him or to No. 93.]

Lieut. . . 17 Jan. 1770 Captain . . ? 26 April 1777

1780. Appointed to recruit the 11th Carnatics from about Arcot and Vellore.

Will dated at Madras 23 May 1784. Proved, 24 May 1785. Mentions three natural daughters, Ann, Mary and Amelia. Also sister Barbara (wife of "Charles Fergusson of Coull Angus") and sister Margaret Campbell.

Issue: Nanny, bap. 4 April 1779 at Cuddalore (mother unknown), aged 15 years.

Daughter mentioned above in will.2

Obituary Notice from the Madras Courier, 7 March 1798. Death.

DIED at Namcul on the 23d of February, MISS ANN CAMPBELL, Daughter of the late Capt. George Campbell, of the Honorable Company's Service.

¹ See Mad. MS. Army List; Court Minutes; Mad. Courier; Mad. Burials and Wills; Refs. to Comtee. of Correspondence.

² See Madras MS. Army List; Court Minutes; Mad. Wills; Mad. Press List.

OF

MISS CAMPBELL

It may be said with Truth, And it is a tribute due to the Memory

of

AN AMIABLE WOMEN [sic]

THAT

Thro' her undeviating Piety,
Her Charity, Meekness, and Benevolence,
Had situation and circumstance permitted,
HER VIRTUES

Touch'd by a sov'reign and peculiar grace,
And endear'd by all those feelings which dignify human nature,
Would have been conspicuous as they were edifying,
And the tears of thousands have embalm'd her Memory.

But happy is it for the truly good, That the innate virtues of the Heart Have their reward beyond the Grave.

95. GEORGE CAMPBELL (Madras Medical).

Son of David Campbell of Cupar-Angus, Merchant, and Susan Watson. Brother of David Campbell (No. 61, q.v.).

18 Nov. 1772. Petitioned the Court of Directors to proceed to India as surgeon.

Assistant Surgeon, 1773.

Will dated at Samulcottah, 20 April 1778. Proved, 30 March 1781.

Mentions: His father and mother as above.

Brothers, David and James.

Sisters, Elizabeth Isabel, Margaret, Emelia.¹

96. SIR GEORGE CAMPBELL, Kt., M.D., Edenwood (Bengal Medical).

Eldest son of the Rev. George Campbell, D.D., minister of Cupar-Fife, and Magdalene, only dau. of John Halliburton, Esq.

Elder brother of John, Lord Campbell, Lord Chief

¹ See Madras Service Army List; Court Minutes; Mad. Wills.

Justice of the Court of Queen's Bench, and afterwards Lord Chancellor.

Born 7, bap. 8 March 1778.

19 March 1800. Petitioned to go to India as Assistant Surgeon.

26 March 1800. Admitted to the service.

Sailed in the Lady Jane Dundas.

Assistant Surgeon 20 Sept. 1799

Surgeon . . 3 June 1813

Serving at Tumlook and Hidgilee in 1803.

Retired, 19 June 1820, in England.

Created Knight Bachelor, 5 March 1832.

Died, 20 May 1854, at Edenwood, Fifeshire.

Married, in the parish of Ceres, 27 April 1822, Margaret Christie, dau. of Andrew Christie, Esq., of Ferrybank, Cupar.

Issue: Eldest son, Sir George Campbell, 1824–1892, K.C.S.I.; Lieut.-Govr. of Bengal, 1871–1874; M.P. for Kirkcaldy, 1875–1892; married, 1854, Letitia Maria, dau. of T. G. Vibart, and had issue.

Charles Hallyburton, born 1827; married, 2 Aug. 1860, Evelyn, dau. of H. Stuart of Crosbie.

John Scarlett, born 1828; married (1) 1856, Henrietta Frances, dau. of W. B. Bayley; (2) 1861, Emma Benyon, dau. of T. Ferguson; (3) 1874, Florence Mary, dau. of T. G. King. He died May 1897.¹

97. GEORGE CAMPBELL, C.B., Inverneill (Bengal).

Third son of Duncan Campbell of Inverneill, Judge and Magistrate at Bheerboom (died 1840), and Elizabeth Cooper of Gravesend, Kent (died 1851). Brother of Archibald Lorne Campbell (No. 36, q.v.).

¹ See Court Minutes; Cadet Papers; Bengal Service Army List; India Register; Times, 25 May 1854; Cupar Register; Dict. of Indian Biog.

Born, 16 Sept. 1803, at Nattore Radshee in Bengal. Recommended by his uncle, Col. A. Campbell of the 62nd Regt.

Joined the Military Seminary, 4 Aug. 1820.

Passed Public Examination, 6 June 1823.

Arrived in India, 21 Jan. 1824.

Lt.-Gen. .

General

Cadet 1822 Artillery 2nd Lieut. 6 June 1823 Lieut. . 20 Sept. 1826 Bt. Capt. . . 6 June 1838 . 10 July 1840 Captain Bt. Major . . 30 April 1844 Major .
Bt. Lt.-Col.
Lt.-Col. . . 21 July 1851 . 3 April 1846 . 26 June 1856 Colonel . . 18 Feb. 1861 . 10 May 1874 Col. Com. Maj.-Gen.. . 4 July 1858 . 11 Dec. 1868

Served in the Burmese War of 1824-6, including the siege of Donabew, Action of Prome, Maloon and Pagammew. Medal with clasp.

21 July 1874

Removed to Horse Artillery, 21 Feb. 1839.

A.D.C. on staff of Lieut.-Governor N. W. P., 25 April 1840.

Gwalior Campaign, 1843. Distinguished himself in the action near Punniar, 29 Dec. 1843: his "fire on the enemy was particularly effective." Bronze star and Brevet Major.

Recommended for promotion for general actions of 18 and 21 Dec. 1845, and for services in Sutlej Campaign, 1845, 1846.

Mentioned in General Gough's Despatch of 13 Feb. 1846. Present at Moodkee, Ferozeshah and Sobraon. Bt. Lt.-Colonel. Medal for Ferozeshah and bar for Sobraon.

Specially commended for efficiency (Inspection Report, 28 Jan. 1850).

"A most active and zealous officer" (Inspection Re-

port, 25 Feb. 1854).

Directed to assume command of 1st Brigade H.A., 27 Feb. 1855.

Appointed Brigadier, 7 March 1856.

Indian Mutiny, 1857-8. Medal.

To command Dinapore Division, 6 July 1858.

Commanded Art. Div. Lahore. Medal.

Supernumerary, 18 Feb. 1861.

Appointed C.B., 13 March 1867.

Resident at Dehra, 1870.

Retired under Royal Warrant of 1 May 1878.

Died at Byng Place, Gordon Square, London, 25 April 1882, aged 78.

Married, 12 Jan. 1841, at Calcutta, Susan Harriet Campbell, dau. of Colonel Alexander Campbell of Possil.

Issue: Susan Harriet, born at Cawnpore 5 Jan. 1842. Emily Georgina, born at Cawnpore 6 Feb. 1843. Marion Edith, born at Meerut 1 April 1844. Alice Mary, born at Ferozepore 7 Sept. 1845. George, born at Meerut 19 Feb. 1847.

Two (unnamed) daughters of Genl. (then Major) Campbell died at Landour and Mussoorie 1 and 7 May 1846.¹

98. GEORGE GUNNING CAMPBELL, Fairfield (Bengal Medical).

Second son of William Campbell of Fairfield and his second wife, Catherine, daughter of Capt. William Gunning, who fell at the storming of Guadaloupe in 1757.

¹ See Beng. Service Army List; Anderson's Ubique; Stubbs' Bengal Artillery; Mad. G. O.; Beng. Marriages, Baptisms and Burials; Burke's Peerage.

Born 24 April 1785.

Brother of Major Charles Hay Campbell (No. 46, q.v.) and G. N. C. B. Campbell (No. 91, q.v.).

Petitioned the Court of Directors to be appointed Assistant Surgeon for India, 15 Feb. 1804. Granted for Bengal—season 1803.

Admitted to the service, 12 Dec. 1804.

Assistant Surgeon 1 Oct. 1804 Surgeon . . . 29 Nov. 1816

Superintg. Surgeon 1832

Garrison Surgeon Medical Depôt at Agra. Not entitled to share in Bhurtpore Prize Money as Field Surgeon at Agra.

Retired, I Sept. 1835, in England. [This is the date given in the Bengal Service Army List. The India Register and Dodwell and Miles have I August 1837.]

Died, 3 May 1858, at 20 Great Marlborough Street, Regent Street. Unmarried.

Will dated 30 April 1858, proved 14 June 1859.

Mentions: Richard Powney Campbell (nephew).

Arthur Campbell of 22 Dublin St., Edin-

burgh, and his son, Arthur Campbell. Nephew, George Gunning John Campbell of the Madras H.A. (No. 99, q.v.).

Niece, Catherine, wife of nephew Capt. G. Napier Campbell, Madras Artillery (No. 91, q.v.).

Nephew, Elphinstone Chardin Campbell of the Madras C.S.¹

99. GEORGE GUNNING JOHN CAMPBELL, Fairfield (Madras).

Second son of Charles Hay Campbell, Major H. E. I. Company's Bengal Artillery (No. 46, q.v.), and Jane Wemyss, dau. of the Hon. Leveson Granville

¹ See Bengal Service Army List; Court Minutes; Beng. Wills; Burke's Landed Gentry.

Keith Murray. Nephew of William Gunning Campbell and brother of L. G. A. and A. F. M. Campbell (Nos. 188 and 38, q.v.).

Born, 9 July 1828, at Cossipore.

Joined Military Seminary (Addiscombe), 1 Aug. 1843. At the Seminary, 1843–1845. Passed Public Examination, 13 June 1845. Admitted to the service. Arrived at Madras, 30 Sept. 1845.

Cadet . . . 1845

2nd Lieut. . 13 June 1845 Artillery 1st Lieut. . 13 July 1849 5th Brigade

2nd Captain . 27 Aug. 1858 Horse Art. in 1851 Captain . 13 Sept. 1861 Horse Brigade

Conduct and character very good (Inspn. Report of the 2nd Batt. Art., 20 Nov. 1845).

Posted to 1st Batt. Art., 12 Aug. 1846.

On furlough, 1859-1861.

Died, 6 Jan. 1865, at Malvern, Worcestershire.

Will dated 31 Dec. 1864, at Great Malvern.

Proved, 13 June 1865. Wife sole legatee.

Married, 14 Oct. 1858, at Madras, Margaret Charlotte Lockhart, 2nd daughter of Wm. Ambrose Morehead (twice officiating Govr. of Madras).

Issue: Kathleen Augusta, born at Aberfeldy 1859; married Wm. George Dalrymple Sewell, son of Col. Fane Sewell.

Geraldine Georgina, born 11 April; bap.

5 July 1861 at Bangalore.

Gunning Morehead, born 6 Jan.; bap. 24 Feb. 1863 at Bangalore. Roy. Marine Art. Held an Admiralty Staff Appointment during the Great War. Gazetted Royal Marines, 1922. Died same year.

Margaret Frances Lockhart, born in Edinburgh 1864; married Sir John Jervis-White-Jervis, Bt., Capt. R.H.A.¹

¹ See Cadet Papers; India Register; Mad. Service Army List: Mad. Baptisms, Marriages, Wills; Notes furnished by Mrs. Sewell, eldest dau., to General Sir Frederick Campbell, K.C.B.

100. HENRI (or HENRI MONTGOMERY) CAMPBELL (Bengal).

Fifth son of Capt. Archibald Montgomery Campbell, R.A., of Askomell, and Isabella, 2nd dau. of Wm. Randall, Esq., of Blackheath.

Born, 6 Nov. 1830, at Dieppe.

Recommended by his mother, then a widow.

Admitted to the service, 1850. Sailed in the Madagascar.

Arrived, 28 June 1850.

1849 Cadet

Ensign . . 11 Dec. 1849 63rd N.I.

Lieut. . . 12 Feb. 1854 Captain . . 16 Dec. 1863 Staff Corps

Commended as Interpreter and Qr. Mr. (Inspection Report, 10 Jan. 1855).

8 May 1866, Capt. of the 19th Regt. of Foot from Beng. Staff Corps.

Retired, 20 April 1867.

Died, aged 43, at Bayswater, London, 15 July 1874.

Married Sarah Brindley Bettington in 1863.

Issue: Henri Montgomery, born 26 Feb.; bap. 23 June 1864 at Nynee Tal.

Archibald Lorn.

Lilias Mary, born 9 Sept. 1865; bap. at Roorkee, 9 March 1866; married in 1899 Lt.-Col. E. Pilcher, D.S.O., R.M.A.

Isabel.

Emily Montgomery.¹

101. HENRY BOWYER CAMPBELL (Bombay).

Son of an officer in the army—name not stated.

Born at Windsor, co. of Hants, Nova Scotia, 5 Nov. 1803. Brother, W. Campbell.

¹ See Beng. Service Army List; Cadet Papers; India Register; Beng.

Nominated by the Board (Rt. Hon. G. Canning) at the recommendation of Sir H. Taylor.

Sailed in the Duke of York. Arrived, 17 May 1822.

Cadet . . 1821 Inf.

Ensign . . I Jan. 1822 1st (or Grenadier Regt.) N.I.

Lieut. . . 13 May 1825

To act as Adjutant to left wing of 1st N.I., 12 March 1827.

To act as Staff Officer to Field Detachment at Gujarat, 24 April 1827.

Furlough, S.C., June 1830.

Arrived in England, Feb. 1831.

Returned to Bombay. Arrived, 19 June 1833.

Tried by Court Martial on a charge of having at Poona, on 28 August 1833, appeared at the house of Mr. Simpson in a disgraceful state of intoxication. Found guilty, but not to the extent contemplated in the charge. To be admonished, 5 Oct. 1833.

Requested to be transferred to the Invalid Establishment on account of ill-health, but being unable to furnish a certificate of good conduct he was placed on the pension list, 19 August 1834 (in India).

A third part of his pay and allowances set apart for distribution amongst his creditors, 10 Sept. 1834.

Allowed to reside and receive his pension at "Dapoolie," 11 March 1835.1

102. HENRY FOSTER CAMPBELL (Madras).

Son of —— Campbell, Esq., residing in London in 1822.

Born at Savannah, America, in 1802.

¹ See Cadet Papers; Bomb. Service Army List; Bomb. (printed) Army List; Dodwell and Miles.

Cadet . . . 1821 Madras Inf.

Ensign . . . 27 April 1822 24th N.I and 47th N.I.

Died at Chicacole, 6 Oct. 1824. Buried at Chicacole, 7 Oct. 1824.

Obituary Notice, Madras Gazette, 9 Dec. 1824.

At Chicacole, on the 6th October, after a protracted illness, Ensign H. F. Campbell of the 47th Regt. N.I., aged 23 years; deeply regretted by his brother officers.

Tomb in Protestant Cemetery, Chicacole, Ganjam District.

Letters of Administration granted to Peter Cater, 11 Nov. 1828; later admon. granted 24 June 1845.¹

103. HENRY JOHN CAMPBELL (Bombay Medical).

Son of John Henry and Francisca Campbell.

Born, 5 Sept. 1800, at Fulmer, Bucks.

Cadet for Bombay. Mil. Seminary, 1824.

Nominated by J. P. Muspratt, Esq., a Director of the E. I. Co.

Arrived in India, 19 Sept. 1827.

Asst. Surgeon, 19 May 1827.

Attached to 2nd Eu. Regt., 1827.

Appointed to 2nd European Regiment, 1829.

On furlough (1829–1831) to Europe on S.C.

Resigned, 31 July 1831, in England.2

104. HENRY TUCKER CAMPBELL (Madras).

Nominated when abroad by H. St. G. Tucker, Esq., a Director of the E. I. Co., at the request of Miss Veronica Boswell. Admitted on the Establishment as a Cadet of Infantry.

¹ See Cadet Papers; India Regr.; Mad. Burials and Admons.; Cotton's Inscriptions.

² See Cadet Papers; Bomb. Service Army List (Medical).

Arrived at Madras, 14 Feb. 1842.

Cadet . . . 1841

Ensign . . . 11 Dec. 1841 Attached 40th N.I.

Posted to 13th N.I.

24 May 1842.

Lieut. . . 24 Jan. 1845 Captain . . 14 Feb. 1855

Major . . 1 Oct. 1857 StaffCorpsin 1870. Lt.-Col. . 1 Oct. 1867

Lt.-Col. . . 1 Oct. 1867 Colonel . . 12 Oct. 1871

His general conduct and character unexceptionable (Nominal Roll of Officers of 13 N.I., 1842).

Conduct and character good; is a very promising young officer (Inspection Report, 13 N.I., 5 Dec. 1843).

Ditto; he knows his duty very fairly; intelligent (Ibid., 24 Dec. 1845).

Leave to the Eastern Coast and to sea on S.C. until 1 Oct. 1847 (G.O., 20 June 1846).

Dept. Pub. Works, 1854-1857, 1861.

Asst. to Agent to Governor, Fort St. George, Ganjam, 1857–1860.

Staff Corps, 1862.

Retired, 12 Oct. 1871.

Died, aged 55, at Naples, after 2 days' illness, 26 Oct. 1880.

Married at Madras, 15 Nov. 1850, Lydia Annie Luxmore Herklots, aged 18, dau. of John Diedrich Herklots of Madras.¹

105. HERBERT LOWE CAMPBELL (Bengal).

Third son of the Rev. Charles Campbell of Weasenham, Norfolk, and Sarah Jane Thomas, his wife.

Born 16 Aug. 1826.

Admitted to the service, 1844.

Sailed in the Robert Small.

¹ See Mad. Service Army List; Mad. Marriages.

Arrived at Fort William, 12 August 1844.

Cadet . . . 1844

Ensign . . . 21 April 1844 52nd N.I., 13 Feb.

1845

Lieut. . 5 Aug. 1848 Adjt., 27 Feb. 1852 Captain . 13 July 1857 Ditto., 20 Nov.

1854

Major . . 21 April 1864

Lt.-Col. . . 21 April 1870 Staff Corps

Col. . . 21 April 1875

Served at the siege operations before Multan, including repulse of night attack at Mathe Ghol, 17 Aug. 1848; in the action of Surujkhund, 7 Nov. 1848, and in the battle of Gujerat 1848. Medal and 2 clasps.

Commended for zeal and ability as Adjt., 20 Jan. 1853. Ditto, 23 Feb. 1855. Ditto, 11 Feb. 1856.

Appointed to 9th Irregular Cavalry, Hodson's Horse, July 1856.

Served at the Siege of Delhi in 1857. Medal and clasp.

Leave of absence to Europe on S.C. for two years, 5 March 1861.

He was awarded the Imperial Medal issued to Commanding Officers when Queen Victoria was proclaimed Empress of India on 1 Jan. 1877.

Died on furlough, having commanded Hodson's Horse for nearly 20 years, 14 August 1881, at 27 Ventnor Villas, Brighton.

Inscription on tombstone in St. Andrew's Churchyard, Hove, Sussex.

In Loving Memory of Colonel Herbert Lowe Campbell,
Commandant of the 9th Bengal Cavalry (Hodson's Horse)
Who died 14 August 1881, Aged 55 years.
Requiescat in pace.

Also in loving memory of Emily Georgina Wife of Colonel
Herbert Lowe Campbell
Died Feb. 20th 1906.
R. I. P.

Will dated I Nov. 1862. Proved in London, 15 Oct. 1881. Admon. granted in Bengal, 3 April 1882.

Mentions:

Brother, Rev. Straton Charles Campbell (Executor).

Brother-in-law, Geo. Thos. Jenkins of Middle Temple (Executor), to whom he leaves, among other things, a carbine "with which I was fired at in India."

Brother, Henry Wotton Campbell. Sister, Jessie Campbell.

Codicil dated 10 Aug. 1881.

Mentions:

Nephews, Graham, Alick, son of Rev. Straton Charles Campbell, and Campbell Jenkins.

Married, c. 1860, Emily Georgina, 3rd dau. of the Rev. Thomas Warren Mercer, Rector of Wreley and Vicar of Northallerton, and widow of Capt. William Hickey.

Issue: Jessie Anna, born 1861.

Isabella Straton, born 31 August; bap. 1 Oct. 1864, at Mussoorie.

Emily Georgina, born 16 Sept.; bap. 3 Oct. 1866, at Murree; married, 1892, Herbert Graham Westmorland, Lt.-Col. Hampshire Regt., and has issue:

Herbert Campbell, born 7 Dec. 1893, Capt. Hampshire Regt.

Evelyn Lucie, born 18 Jan. 1895.

Mary Adlington, born 1868; died 1908.

Lucie Egerton, born 8 Jan. 1872 at Rawal Pindi; married, 1894, Edward Hammond Ritchie, of Boxhurst, Dorking.¹

¹ See Beng. Service Army List; Anderson's Ubique; India List; Beng. Baptisms and Wills.

106. HUGH CAMPBELL (Madras).

Ensign, 28 Oct. 1765, E. I. Co.'s Service. Died at Vellore, ? 1769.1

[No further particulars regarding this officer have been ascertained.]

107. IVIE CAMPBELL (Bengal).

Son of James Campbell, Tacksman, Lochgoilhead, co. Argyll, and Barbara Hare.

Brother of Alexander Livingstone Campbell (No. 17, q.v.).

Baptised, 23 June 1788.

Admitted to the service, 1806.

Sailed in the Sovereign.

Cadet, Bengal Inf. 1806

Ensign . 8 Oct. 1806 12th N.I.

Lieut. . . 8 Sept. 1809

Lieut. and Adjt. Hill Rangers, in 1817.

Capt. . . 29 Mar. 1821; 4 Sept. 1822.

Major . . 19 Oct. 1833

Appointed to Nizam's Regular Infantry, 14 May 1819. Appointed to the command of the unexpired Cowls of the Nizam's service in the district of Ellichpore, 25 Feb. 1831.

Commended for the efficiency of the Nizam's Regiment of Cavalry under his command, and called "an excellent officer," 9 July 1832.

Arrived in England on S.C., 26 April 1835.

Returned to India, 27 July 1836. Died at Calcutta, 21 Jan. 1837.

Administration granted to Registrar, 20 Feb. 1837.

Married Eliza Jane, 2nd dau. of Lt.-Col. Littlejohn, at Dinapore, 29 June 1816. She was buried at Secunderabad, 6 May 1829.

¹ See Mad. MS. Army List; Mad. Mil. Cons. 14 Aug. 1769.

Issue: James Hare, bap. 13 Sept. 1817 at Boglepore. Ivie, bap. 20 Feb. 1819 (No. 108, q.v.).

Jane Margaret, born 16 Oct. 1828 at Secunderabad; buried 6 Nov. 1830 at Secunderabad.¹

Inscription in North Park Street Burial Ground.

In Memory of
Major IVIE CAMPBELL,
12th Regt. N.I., died 21st January 1837
aged 47 years.

Inscriptions in Hyderabad Burial Ground.

In Memory of Jane Margaret only daughter of Ivie and Eliza Jane Campbell born Oct. 16th, 1828, died November 6th, 1830, aged 2 years and 20 days.

Sacred to the Memory of ELIZA JANE
the affectionate and lamented wife of Captain
Ivie Campbell, Bengal Army,
who departed this life on Tuesday,
the 5th of May 1829, aged 29 years.
"Blessed are the pure in spirit for they shall see God."

This tablet is inscribed by her husband, who with two little children will ever mourn an inestimable loss.

108. IVIE CAMPBELL (Madras).

Second son of Major Ivie Campbell of the 12th Bengal N.I. (No. 107, q.v.) and Eliza Jane, dau. of Lt.-Col. Littlejohn.

Born at Calcutta; bap. 20 Feb. 1819.

Sailed in the Malcolm. Arrived at Madras, 15 Aug. 1838.

Cadet . . 1838 Attached 2nd N.I.

Ensign . . . 12 June 1838 43rd N.I.

Lieut. . . 3 Oct. 1841 Captain . . 23 Nov. 1856

Captain . . . 23 Nov. 1856 Major . . . 18 Feb. 1861 Staff Corps

¹ See Cadet Papers; Beng. Service Army List; Beng. Baptisms, Marriages, Admons.; Madras Baptisms and Burials; Beng. Obituary.

Passed an examination in Hindustani, 16 Jan. 1840. Appointed Qr. Mr. and Interpreter, 43rd N.I., 20 Oct. 1840.

Employed in H.H. the Nizam's Army, 1842–1853. Assistant Commr. 1st Class E. division Raichore, Doab

District, 1853-1856.

Ditto., Hyderabad, 1856–1860.

Deputy Commr. 2nd Class W. Berar, 1860-1861.

Died at Ellichpore, 29 Nov. 1861.

Will dated 2 Nov. 1861. Mentions:

Mother's sister: Mistress Maria Young.

Cousin: Ivie Hare Macrae, Esq., of the Stock Exchange, London.

Aunt: Sarah Campbell, spinster, Rothesay.

Uncle: late Andrew Campbell of Little Ardyne [near Toward Point, opposite Rothesay], Argyll.

Cousin: John [sic] Campbell, widow, daughter of the late Major John Dhu Campbell.

Executors: Ivie Hare Macrae, John Day Stokes (uncle), and James Allardyce.

Proved in England, 30 June 1862.1

109. J. CAMPBELL (Bengal).

Lieutenant, Inf. Calcutta Volunteer Guard. Resigned, 4 Sept. 1857, in India.²

[No further details discovered.]

110. JAMES CAMPBELL (Bengal Medical).

Surgeon Major, 2nd Brigade Artillery.

Buried at Calcutta, 7 Dec. 1781.

Married Lucy? Campbell.

Issue: James Elijah, bap. 18 Dec. 1777 at "Barrampore."

¹ See Cadet Papers; Mad. Service Army List; Mad. Wills.

² See Calcutta Gazette.

Will dated 3 Dec. 1781. Filed, 18 March 1782.

Mentions:

Sister: Helen Campbell (deceased) and her son David.

Brother: John of Ayrshire.

Sister: Anna.

Brother-in-law: Lieut. John Howe.

"Mother of my Dearly Beloved Wife Lucy Campbell."

Friend: Daniel Campbell, Esq., Surgeon General

(No. 58, q.v.).

Son: James Elijah Campbell, "sole and only Heir."

[No further particulars ascertained.]

111. JAMES CAMPBELL (Bengal Medical).

Surgeon, 2 Feb. 1764.

Died, 7 July 1782, as Surgeon Major.²

[No further particulars regarding this officer have been ascertained. Colonel D. G. Crawford in his List of Bengal Medical Servants, 1774, remarks that his first commission was prior to 1760, and in an article in the Indian Medical Gazette, vol. xlv., Nos. 6, 7 and 8, the same writer remarks of James Campbell, Surgeon, Bengal, "Gone home" in 1784. The Bengal Service Army List (Medical Officers) gives the date of death as above.]

112. JAMES CAMPBELL (Madras).

[No particulars of parentage ascertained.]

¹ See Beng. Baptisms, Burials, Wills.

² See Beng. Service Army List; Dodwell and Miles.

Lieut. . . 9 Nov. 1778 1st Batt. 2nd [European] Regt.

Captain . . 8 Nov. 1783

Major . . I June 1796 Fort Major

Lieut.-Col. before Feb. 1798.

Q.M.G. in 1792.

In England, 7 Feb. 1798. Requests leave to retire.

Permitted to retire, 18 May 1798.

of Colombo, desires copies of orders issued from Madras for the expedition against Ceylon. To be considered.

24 Oct. 1798. Granted.

Died 1 Dec. 1812.1

113. JAMES CAMPBELL, M.D. (Bengal Medical).

Third son of John Campbell, First Cashier of the Royal Bank of Scotland, illegitimate son of the Hon. Colin Campbell of Ardmaddie, son of John 1st Earl of Breadalbane (died 1777) and his 2nd wife (married 15 April 1751), Anne Carolina, dau. of James Campbell of Tofts and St. Germain, E. Lothian.

Securities, 10 Feb. 1786, the Earl of Breadalbane; James Campbell of Inveraray.

Born, 25 June 1756, in Edinburgh.

Asst. Surg. . 18 April 1783

Surgeon . . 14 Mar. 1797

Surgeon to the Garrison at Monghyr.

Appointed Surgeon at Benares, 22 Jan. 1787.

Surgeon and Apothecary General at the Presidency, 1803–1817.

Died, 4 May 1817, at Barrackpore, aged 61.

Married (before 1786) Jessy, second dau. of Sir James Campbell of Inverneill (died August 1805).

¹ See Dodwell and Miles; Mad. Letters Recd.; Court Minutes; Corres. Minutes; Mad. Mil. Procgs.

She was permitted to join her husband in Bengal 10 Feb. 1786, and again 8 June 1796.

Issue: Archibald, bap. 6 Dec. 1786 at Madras.

Cornwallis, born 14 Jan.; bap. 26 June 1788 at Calcutta (No. 56, q.v.).

James, born 19 July; bap. 19 Oct. 1789 at Calcutta (No. 118, q.v.).

John, born 21 Sept. 1790; bap. 20 Dec. 1790 at Calcutta (No. 159, q.v.).

Will, dated 11 Aug. 1812, mentions his wife, his sons, Cornwallis and John, both Lieuts. on the Bengal Establishment, and his son Archibald of the Bengal Civil Service; also his brother, Alexander Campbell of Calcutta, one of the executors, the other two being Duncan Campbell of the Bengal Civil Service and John Palmer.

Proved, 22 May 1817, in Bengal, by Alexander Campbell.

His brother Alexander, of the firm of Gould and Campbell, died at Calcutta 7 June 1821.

Other brothers: John Campbell of Edinburgh.

Colin, afterwards Lt.-Genl. and Lt.-Gov.-Genl. of Gibraltar. Lieut. Patrick Campbell.

Archibald Campbell.1.

114. JAMES CAMPBELL (Bombay).

? Younger son of Richard Campbell, died 1781 (No. 204, q.v.).

Lieut. John Campbell (? his uncle) petitions that James Campbell, now at Bombay, may be appointed a cadet, 10 March 1784.²

[No record of the granting of this request nor any further mention of James Campbell has been found.]

¹ See Beng. Service Army List; Court Minutes, vol. 94A, p. 105; Beng. Baptisms and Burials; Mad. Baptisms; Burke's Peerage.

² See Court Minutes.

115. JAMES CAMPBELL, Duntroon.

Eldest son of Neill Campbell of Duntroon by his 2nd wife (marr. 1772), eldest dau. of Capt. Archibald Campbell (Blandfield).

Born 3 Sept. 1773. Baptised at Kilmartin, Argyllshire.

Cadet, 1790.1

[Note: This officer was at first identified with Major James Campbell, No. 116 below, but Captain Herbert Campbell (Ashfield), M.C., has conclusively proved from the diary of Jean Campbell (grandmother), notes in the Family Bible of Neill Campbell of Duntroon, Duntroon papers, a memorial tablet in Kilmartin Church, &c., that the James Campbell in question fell at the Helder with the 79th Regt. on 2 Oct. 1799. From the Notification Books at the Public Record Office it has been ascertained that this officer was commissioned as Ensign in the 77th Regt. on 10 July 1792 and that he served in the 72nd Regt. and Capt. Robert's Independent Co. of Foot, also in the 115th and 59th Regts., before joining the 79th as a Captain, 2 Sept. 1795.

There is therefore no doubt that the baptismal certificate appearing in the Cadet Papers of 1790 at the India Office applies to Capt. James Campbell of the 79th Regt., who was killed at the Helder

2 Oct. 1799.

Since, however, the petition for a cadetship under the E. I. Co. took place in 1790 and the first commission of James Campbell as Ensign is dated in 1792, it appears that he actually entered the service of the E. I. Co. for a short period, and this surmise is confirmed by another entry in the diary of his grandmother, Jean Campbell, which states "James went to India the fift of March 1791."

This last piece of information was kindly supplied

¹ See Cadet Papers; War Office Papers, 25.

by Robert Campbell, Esq. (Craignish), Assistant Secretary to the Board of Education, Whitehall, London.

Unfortunately, no record of James Campbell's arrival in India or of his resignation of the Company's service can be traced in the India Office Records.]

116. JAMES CAMPBELL (Madras).

Major . . . 27 May 1809 15th N.I.

Appointed to the command of Chantapilly, Nov. 1796. To be Adjt. 1st Batt. 11th Regt. N.I., G.O., 17 Jan. 1799. Furlough to England on S.C., Aug. 1807.

Notifies the Court of his arrival in England, 8 April 1808.

Retired, 8 April 1812.

Married Annie, 2nd dau. of John Cunninghame, Esq., of Port Glasgow, at Port Glasgow, August 1811.

Issue: Son born at Port Glasgow, 9 May 1812.

[Note: No Cadet Paper for this officer has been traced, nor have any particulars been ascertained regarding his parentage. See note to No. 115.]¹

117. JAMES CAMPBELL (? Madras).

Born in co. Clare, Ireland, c. 1772. Attestation of birth, 13 April 1791.

This cadet may be identical with Lieut. Fireworker James Campbell of the Madras Artillery, commission dated 24 June 1791, struck off the list in 1792 on being promoted a Lieutenant in the 71st Regiment.²

¹ See Dodwell and Miles; Madras G.O.; Mad. Mil. Letters Recd.; Court Minutes; Scots Mag.; Mad. Mil. Procgs.

² See Cadet Papers; Mad. Mil. Consultations, 1792, pp. 4499, 4644; Mad. List of the Army, 1787–1793.

118. JAMES CAMPBELL (Bengal).

Third son of Dr. James Campbell (No. 113, q.v.) and Jessy, dau. of Sir James Campbell of Inverneill.

Born, 19 July 1789, in Calcutta.

Brother of Cornwallis and John Campbell (Nos. 56 and 159).

Attestation of birth, 20 April 1804, by Lady Amelia Campbell of 20 Wimpole Street, his aunt.

Nominated cadet for Bengal (Royal Military Academy, Woolwich), 25 April 1804. Date of certificate, 12 June 1806.

Sailed in the Skelton Castle.

Lost in the Skelton Castle, ? Dec. 1806. See No. 78.1

119. JAMES CAMPBELL (Bengal).

Lieut. of the N.I. in 1817-18.

Died before Nov. 1818.

Issue: By a native woman, Hetty, bap. at Cawnpore 8 Nov. 1818.²

[No other mention of this officer has been found. In the entry of the baptism of his daughter it is stated that her father was a Lieut. of the Native Infantry, deceased. He cannot, however, be traced in the *India Register*, *Bengal Army List*, or *Military Records*.]

120. JAMES CAMPBELL (Madras).

Son of James Campbell of Glenskennow, Montrose, and Isabel Airth.

Born, 27 February 1799; baptised at Dun, Forfar.

Arrived at Madras, 8 July 1819.

Cadet . . . 1818

Ensign . . 17 July 1819 17th N.I.

Lieut. . . 13 July 1819 2nd Batt. 8th N.I.

¹ See Cadet Papers; Dodwell and Miles.

² See Bengal Baptisms.

Captain . . 7 July 1827 33rd N.I.

Major . . 14 Feb. 1836

Lt.-Col. . 31 Oct. 1840 37th N.I. and 11th N.I.

Actg. Adjt. 33rd N.I., 17 Jan. 1826.

Leave to England on S.C., 11 Sept. 1832.

Returned to Madras, 31 July 1834.

Commended for efficient state of 33rd N.I., 10 Feb.

1838, 24 Feb. 1840, and 14 Jan. 1841.

Granted compensation for the loss of property sustained on the occasion of the wreck of the Viscount Melbourne, 5 Jan. 1842, in which he was proceeding from Singapore to join his corps in China.

In command of 37th N.I. from 24 March 1842.

Specially commended, 27 Feb. 1843 and 11 Dec. 1843.

Removed to 11th N.I., 21 May 1844.

Died, 25 Sept. 1844, at Vizianagram.

Will dated at Moulmein, 4 Nov. 1841. Proved, 24 Jan. 1846.

Inscription in Vizianagaram Cantonment Cemetery, Vizagapatam District.

Lieutenant Colonel James Campbell, XI Regt. N.I., aged 44½ years. This monument is erected by the officers of the 11th and 33rd Regiments and by the voluntary subscriptions of the native commissioned and non-commissioned officers and privates of the latter corps in which he rose regimentally and which he commanded for nearly 6 years and of other sincere and sorrowing friends in testimony of their affectionate regard for his memory and deep sorrow for their loss.

Here follows a Telugu inscription, of which the following is a translation:

Lieutenant Colonel Campbell of the 11th Regt., who lies here buried, rose gradually in the 33rd Regiment, became its Commander and earned a name. The sepoys of the 33rd Regiment, as a token of the expression of their grief for the old and good father Campbell, erected this monument.

Married Barbara Adair Lawrie. She died before proving her husband's will.

Issue: James David Leighton, born at Wallajahbad, 16 April 1827 (No. 126, q.v.).

Ann Isabella Adair, born 11 May; bap. 9 June 1828 at Madras.

George James Laurie, born — Aug. 1831; bap. 25 May 1832 at Bellary.¹

121. JAMES CAMPBELL (Bengal).

Son of Sir Archd. Campbell of Succoth (Lord of Session, Edinburgh, 1809–1828) and Elizabeth Balfour.

Born, 11 Oct. 1805, in Edinburgh.

Arrived in India, 7 Oct. 1824.

Cadet . . . 1823

Ensign . . 20 May 1824 13th N.I.

Lieut. . . 30 Sept. 1826.

Shared Bhurtpoor Prize money as Ensign.

Furlough to Europe for 1 year without pay, 21 June 1832.

Remained in England.

His resignation accepted, 1 June 1834.

Died unmarried.2

122. JAMES CAMPBELL (Madras).

Son of William Campbell, Writer to the Signet, Edinburgh, and Elizabeth Hunter; married 5 Jan. 1804, d. 1826.

Grandson of Sir James Campbell of Aberuchill, Bt. Born, 27 July 1806, in the parish of Greyfriars, Edin-

burgh.

Sailed to India in the Hope, 1827.

¹ See Cadet Papers; Mad. Service Army List; Mad. Wills and Burials; Cotton's Inscriptions; Dun Parish Register.

² See Bengal Service Army List.

Cadet . . . 1826

Ensign . . . 23 May 1828 32nd N.I. Lieut. . . . 21 Dec. 1834 50th N.I.

Bt. Capt. . . 4 Aug. 1842 Captain . . 24 Jan. 1845 Major . . 20 June 1854 Lt.-Col. . . 31 Dec. 1861

5 April 1836. Appointed to act as Adjutant to a wing of the 50th N.I.

Served with the Field Force in Goomsur.

6 May 1837. Appointed to act as Qr. Mr. and Interpreter to the 32nd N.I.

20 Oct. 1841. Appointed to the charge of the E. I. Co.'s Sappers and Miners at Berhampore.

9 July 1845. Ordered to assume charge of A Co. Sappers and Miners.

Dept. of Public Works, 1847–1851.

With 4th N.I. in 1861.

Retired, 31 Dec. 1861, in India.

Died 18 April 1875.

Married: (1) Rebecca Stuart, 20 Oct. 1841, at Madras.

(2) Margaret Alexina, dau. of John Boyd. She died 25 March 1906.

123. JAMES CAMPBELL (Bombay).

Son of Major-Genl. Sir Neil Campbell (1776–1827, 3rd son of Captain Neil Campbell of Duntroon and Oib) and Frances Macdonald.

Nominated by G. Lyall, Esq., M.P., a Director of the E. I. Co., at the recommendation of his mother, Lady Campbell, 1 May 1841.

Born, 25 Nov. 1825, at the Quadrant, ? London; bap. 1 May 1826 at St. James's Church, Westminster.

¹ See Cadet Papers; Service Army List; Mad. Marriages; Burke's Peerage.

Joined Military Seminary, 1 Feb. 1842. Passed Public Examination, 9 June 1843. Went to India overland. Arrived at Bombay, 22 Nov. 1843.

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Furlough to Europe on U.P.A., G.O., 16 Sept. 1844. Reported qualified as Interpreter in Hindustani, G.O., 27 Feb. 1846.

Reported qualified as Interpreter in the Mahratta Language, G.O., 12 Nov. 1847.

Appointed Interpreter to the 22nd N.I., G.O., 24 Nov. 1847.

"A tolerably smart intelligent young officer, performs his duties zealously and correctly, is Interpreter to his Regiment" (*Inspection Report* of 22 N.I., 3 Feb. 1848).

Appointed Qr. Master to his Regt., G.O., 13 May 1848.

Appointed member of Permanent Examination Committee, 22 Nov. 1848.

To be Acting Adjutant of the Marine Batt., 1 March 1849.

Appointed a member of the Civil and Military Examination Committee, Mil. Cons., 16 March 1850.

Furlough to Europe on S.C., 3 Feb. 1852.

Wing Officer, 1 Jan. 1864.

Staff Corps, 1867.

On furlough, 1868 and 1871.

Retired, 6 July 1872, in England.

Died, 26 Dec. 1876, at 13, Upper Lewes Road, Brighton.

Inscription on Tomb in Extra Mural Cemetery, Brighton.
In loving memory of Colonel James Campbell, son of the late Major Gen. Niel Campbell, C.B., formerly 22nd Bombay Staff Corps.

Born 25 November 1825
Died 26th December 1876.

"Whom the Lord loveth he chasteneth."

Will proved 8 Feb. 1877.

Executrix: his mistress, Sarah Atkinson, "otherwise known as Mrs. Campbell."

Married, at St. Pancras Parish Church, London, 8 April 1854, Sophia, dau. of Thomas Periam, farmer. She died insane, 18 Oct. 1892.

Issue: James, born 16 Feb.; bap. 22 July 1859 at Ahmednuggur; died at Bombay, 16 May 1861.

James Neil, born 27 March; bap. 21 April 1862 at Ahmednuggur.¹

The following additional notes regarding Colonel James Campbell and his family have been furnished by Capt. Herbert Campbell, M.C., Ashfield, cadet of Duntroon.

His father, Sir Neil Campbell, married his mistress, Frances Macdonald, at St. James's Church, Westminster, 16 July 1826, thereby legitimising his son James and daughter Margaret. Sir Neil died of fever at Sierra Leone on 14 Aug. in the following year. In his will, proved at Freetown, he calls his son "James or James Maclachlan Campbell." By the death of his eldest brother in 1799 he had succeeded to Oib (Duntroon had already been sold), and had sold it some five years later.

On his father's death Col. James Campbell became heir male of the Campbells of Oib, but was disowned

¹ See Bomb. Service Army List; Cadet Papers; Bomb. Baptisms and Burials; Campbells of Duntroon, Pt. I, pp. 36-7.

by his father's sisters, and his name was omitted in a biography written by the Rev. A. N. C. Maclachlan,

a son of one of these paternal aunts.

As regards Frances (née Macdonald), widow of Sir Neil Campbell, the War Office Papers show that she was awarded a pension of £120 a year, with effect from 15 Aug. 1827. This she drew until 31 Dec. 1830. She married secondly Henry Rishton, her husband's nephew and executor to his will, on 20 Oct. 1829. On this point Mr. A. D. L. Cary, Parliamentary Librarian and Archivist, War Office, remarks in a letter to the Editor, dated 17 May 1913: "I was surprised to find that Lady Campbell married her nephew-in-law. In the ordinary course of events, her pension would lapse on remarriage, but I am informed that occasionally the recipient was permitted to retain her pension for a brief period. You must not, therefore, assume that she (Mrs. Rishton) died in 1831."

124. JAMES ARCHIBALD CAMPBELL (Bengal).

Son of Col. James Campbell of Glenfeochan, Col. of the 91st Regt., and Margaret Campbell of Campbeltown. Brother of John Campbell (No. 160, q.v.).

Born, 15 August 1800, at Inveresk.

Cadet . . . 1819

Ensign . . 15 Sept. 1819 2nd Batt. 4th N.I.

Died, 9 Nov. 1821, at Pertabgurh, Oude, "much lamented."

Doing duty with the Champarun Light Infantry at date of death.

Will sworn 30 Nov. 1821. Relatives mentioned: Brother, Lieut. James Campbell, deceased. Sisters Jane and Margaret.¹

¹ See Cadet Papers; Dodwell and Miles; Scots Magazine, x. 828; Bengal Wills.

125. JAMES ARCHIBALD CAMPBELL (Bengal).

Eldest son of Lt.-Col. John Campbell, 59th Bengal N.I. (No. 159, q.v.), and Emily Leicester (Leycester), and grandson of Dr. James Campbell (No. 113, q.v.).

Born at Torquay, 13 May 1833.

Passed, 5 Dec. 1849.

Sailed in the Ripon, 20 Dec. 1849.

Arrived in India, 5 Feb. 1850.

Cadet . . 1849

Ensign . . 20 Dec. 1849 15th N.I.

Lieut. . . . 28 Nov. 1854

Murdered at Jhansi, 6 June 1857, by the mutineers.¹

126. JAMES DAVID LEIGHTON CAMPBELL (Madras).

Son of Lt.-Col. James Campbell, Madras N.I. (No. 120, q.v.), and Barbara Adair Lawrie.

Born at Wallajahbad, Madras Presidency, 16 April 1827. Uncle, George James Lawrie, D.D., minister of Monkton, N.B.

Sailed in the *Malabar*.

Captain . . 1 Jan. 1862 23rd N.I.

Furlough on S.C., 1870.

Retired, 31 March 1871, in England.

Died 4 Sept. 1889.

Married, at Kamptee, 24 Sept. 1855, Anne Maria, daughter of Major-Genl. Charles Harrington Graeme, Madras Cavalry. She died, 21 Sept. 1914, at 37 Bellevue Place, Edinburgh, in her 85th year.

¹ See Bengal Service Army List; Cadet Papers; Times, 19 Sept. 1857.

Issue: Annie Lawrie Barbara, born 8 July; bap. 2 Oct. 1856 at Jubbulpore.

Charles Frederick Kilgour, born Oct. 1864; died 10 Feb. 1867, of cholera; buried at St. George's Cathedral, Madras.¹

127. JAMES DRUMMOND CAMPBELL (Bombay Medical).

Son of John Campbell, Vintner of Perth, and Isabella Stewart, daughter of John Stewart, farmer in Kilmadock.

Brother of Alexander Campbell, Bombay Infantry (No. 4, q.v.).

Born 27 Sept. 1787.

Nominated by the Hon. Wm. Fullarton Elphinstone, Esq., a Director of the E. I. Co.

Petitioned for appointment, 19 Aug. 1807. Granted.

Admitted to the service, 18 April 1808.

To be ranked as Assistant Surgeon of 1806–7.

Sailed in the Sir William Pultney.

Employed in the Persian Gulf.

Appointed Surgeon to H.R.H. the Prince Royal and his household.

Sir Gore Ouseley's recommendation that Mr. Campbell should be allowed to receive Field Pay and Allowances as an Assistant Surgeon on the Bombay Establishment in addition to the salary of 700 Rs. per month, at present granted to him, on account of his general merits in the professional and diplomatic duties on which he has been employed, was not acceded to, as militating against the orders of the Court fixing his allowances at Rs. 700, but it has been suggested to His Excellency's consideration to grant him an extra compensation chargeable to His Majesty's Government for his services in

¹ See Cadet Papers; Mad. Army List; Beng. Baptisms; Mad. Marriages and Burials.

negotiating the peace between Russia and Persia (Pol. Letters from Bombay, 16 April 1814).

Court state that they cannot authorise other than Rs. 700 per month (Pol. Letter to Bombay, 19 May 1815).

Died at Teheran, 25 March 1818.

Will dated Tabriz, 20 Sept. 1817, and Teheran, 21 Jan. 1818. Proved, 20 July 1822.

Mentions:

His two sons.

Sisters, Clementina, Margaret and Eliza.

Mother of his children, "Golghuy."

Father, John Campbell, to whom he bequeathed his Persian Order and public letters.

Issue: Alexander, born 12 Sept. 1812 in Persia, Asst. Surg. Bombay Medical Service (No. 10, q.v.). Henry.¹

128. JAMES DRUMMOND CAMPBELL (Bombay Medical).

Son of John Campbell, Sessions Judge at Sylhet (died 1834), and Margaret Flora Douglas. Brother of A. L. S. Campbell (No. 40) and J. D. Campbell (No. 173, q.v.).

Born, 20 Feb. 1817, at Greenwich.

Nominated by John Thornhill, Esq., a Director of the E. I. Co.

To sail in the *Donna Pascoa*. Arrived at Bombay, 21 April 1841.

Asst. Surgeon, 28 Oct. 1840.

Attached to 1st Batt. Art. at Ahmadnagar, 27 May 1841.

Appointed to the medical charge of prisoners to be moved from the Thana Gaol to Bombay, 17 Nov. 1842.

¹ See Bomb. Mil. Letters Recd., vol. 2; Cadet Papers; Bombay Service Army List; Court Minutes, vol. 116; Bomb. Wills.

Placed at the disposal of the Supg. Surgeon at Poona, 20 May 1843.

Placed at the disposal of the Supg. Surgeon at Sind, 2 Dec. 1843.

Died, 29 April 1844, at Back Bay, Bombay.

Admon. of effects granted to Registrar, 29 July 1845.1

129. JAMES GORDON CAMPBELL (Bengal).

Son of Edward Campbell, merchant, Chillambrum, Madras, and Grace Gordon.

Born 9 April, baptised 23 April 1808.

Nominated by his uncle, Robert Campbell, a Director of the E. I. Co., later Sir Robt. Campbell, Bt., of Carrick Buoy. See note on No. 86.

Brother of Edward Lennox and John Charles Harris Campbell (Nos. 89 and 171).

Joined the Seminary (Addiscombe), 5 Aug. 1822.

Cadet . . . 1823

Lieut. . . 13 May 1825 6th Lt. Cavalry

Struck off, 6 April 1830 in England, 29 March 1831 in India.

Joined the I. C. S.

Appointed a Writer, 31 March 1830.2

130. JAMES HUNTER CAMPBELL (Bengal).

Son of Robert Campbell, merchant, of Calcutta (died 1820), and Margaret Jennings his wife (died 1820), and nephew of James Hunter of Thurston, near Dunbar, late of the Bengal Civil Service.

Brother of Robert Macfarlane Campbell (No. 220, q.v.).

Born at Calcutta, 6 Oct. 1811; bap. 9 April 1812.

¹ See Cadet Papers; Bomb. Service Army List; Bomb. Admons. and Burials.

² See Cadet Papers; Dodwell and Miles; Madras Baptisms.

Arrived in India, 3 June 1826, in the Reliance.

Cadet . . . 1827

2nd Lieut. . 13 Dec. 1827 Artillery

Major . . 10 July 1857 Bt. Lt.-Col. . 19 Jan. 1858

Retired . . . 26 Sept. 1858

Sentenced to pay a fine of Rs. 100 for entering the Police Thana at Balasor, searching the Darogha's private dwelling house and imprisoning the Jemadar, 7 Sept. 1830.

Appointed Interpreter and Quarter Master to the 7th

Batt. of Art., 26 May 1838.

Deputy Commissary of Ordnance, 17 June 1840.

Leave for 2 years to the Cape on S.C., 28 Feb. 1842.

Commissary of Ordnance, 24 June 1843.

Commended for exertions in transfer of Saugor magazine to Madras Presidency, 30 Dec. 1850.

An "excellent departmental officer," 25 Aug. 1851.

Commanded a breaching battery at the final operations before Delhi in 1857. Severely wounded, 11 Sept. Highly commended, 15 Dec. 1857.

Leave, preparatory to retirement, 10 July 1858.

Services after retirement:

Captain . . 16 June 1859 2nd Surrey Rifle

Volunteers

Capt. Commandant 17 Mar. 1860 Ditto. Lieut.-Colonel . 8 Sept. 1860 Ditto.

Resigned, 28 June 1862.

Died, 18 Nov. 1886, at Aldridge Villas Road, Bayswater, aged 76 years.

Married Ann Holland Stedman, 15 Sept. 1836, at Mhow.¹

¹ See Beng. Service Army List; Cadet Papers; Stubbs' Bengal Artillery; Beng. Marriages; India Register.

131. JAMES MURDOCH CAMPBELL (Madras).

Son of James Campbell, merchant (of 30 Melville Street, Edinburgh, in 1850), and Elizabeth Bogle; brother of William Maxwell Campbell (No. 248, q.v.).

Born, 14 March 1833, at Glasgow.

Entered Seminary, 1849–50.

1st Lieut., 1 Aug. 1854. Engineers (G.O., 10 Nov. 1854).

2nd Asst. Civil Engineer, Upper Godavery, 1856. Ditto. Bellary District, 1857.

Executive Engineer, Bellary, 1858.

European Staff Corps, 1860.

Letters of Admon. granted to the Attorney of his father, James Campbell, then of Bayswater, 8 Nov. 1861.¹

132. JAMES ROBERT CAMPBELL (Madras).

Son of Sir Duncan Campbell of Barcaldine, Bonaw, Bt., and Elizabeth Dreghorn Dennistoun, dau. of Jas. Dennistoun of Dennistoun, Vice-Lieut. of the co. of Dumbarton.

Born 24 May 1822; bap. at Ardchattan, Argyll. Sailed to India in the *Claudine*. Arrived at Madras,

17 June 1840.

Cadet . . 1840 Attached 12th N.I.

Ensign . . . 28 July 1840 43rd N.I.

Extract from Inspection Return of 43rd N.I. by Lt.-Col. Macleod at Kamptee, 19 Jan. 1842: "I called out Lieut. Boileau and Ensign J. R. Campbell to put the regiment through some manœuvres which they did with great readiness."

Died, 15 May 1844, at Nareeconda on his march from Secunderabad to Kamptee, of cholera.²

¹ See Cadet Papers; Bomb. Admons.; Mad. Army List; Mad. G.O.

² See Cadet Papers; Mad. Service Army List; Times, 9 Aug. 1844.

133. JAMES TUNSTALL CAMPBELL (Madras).

Son of James Robert and Lady Anna Maria Campbell of I Osborne Villas, Cheltenham.

Baptised at Cheltenham, 1 Oct. 1841.

Went to India overland.

With 1st Lt. Cav., 1861-1864.

Served during the suppression of the Mutiny in Bengal, and was present at the capture of Tulsipur, 23 Dec. 1858; was also present at the reduction of Bundelkand under Brigadier Wheeler.

Resigned, 5 June 1864, in India.1

134. JAMES WILLIAM HENRY CAMPBELL (Bengal).

Son of Robert (afterwards Sir Robert) Campbell (1st Bt., of Carrick Buoy), a Director of the E. I. Co., and Elizabeth, 2nd dau. of Dr. Gilbert Pasley, Phys. Genl. at Madras.

Brother of Sir Edward Alexander Campbell, Sir John Nicoll Robert Campbell, and Robert Henry Scott Campbell (Nos. 86, 180, and 219, q.v.).

Born 15 Nov. 1811; baptised 6 Jan. 1812.

Joined the Seminary, Addiscombe, 2 Feb. 1826.

Withdrawn for Civil College.

Married, at Calcutta (being then of the Bengal C.S.), 28 April 1857, Anne, widow of C. J. Strettell, Esq., and dau. of Alexander Greenlaw.

Died 10 July 1869.2

See Cadet Papers; India Register; Mad. Army List.
 See Cadet Papers; Mad. Baptisms; Bengal Marriages.

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135. JOHN CAMPBELL (Madras).

Captain of a Company in 1748.1

[Nothing further regarding this officer has been discovered. See No. 49.]

136. JOHN CAMPBELL (Madras).

Commission as Lieut., 12 Dec. 1753.2

[No further mention of this officer has been found.]

137. JOHN CAMPBELL (Madras).

Cornet of Cavalry, 1 June 1761, Madras.3

[No other mention of this officer has been found. He may possibly be identical with No. 136.]

138. JOHN CAMPBELL (Madras).

Born in Scotland.

Sailed to India in the York.

Ensign at Madras, 1761.

In garrison at Vellore, invalid, 1764.4

[No later mention has been found.]

139. JOHN CAMPBELL (Bombay).

Born 1742.

Lieut., 21 Sept. 1763.

Adjutant and Quarter Master, Sepoys, in 1770.

This officer may be the individual to which the following paragraph refers, although he was of higher rank than Ensign at the date of the occurrence:

¹ See Madras Burials.

² See Miscellanies, vol. 12.

³ See Madras MS. Army List, I.

See Madras MS. Muster Rolls.

Extract of a General Letter from the Court of Directors to Bombay, dated 6th April 1770.

Para. 111. Regarding the Abandonment of the Fort of Mangalore.

We direct that you dismiss from our service . . . John Campbell, Ensign, for signing an opinion that Mangalore was not tenable and for evacuating that Fort. . . . Nevertheless we permit you to restore the young Ensigns, should their behaviour on other occasions have rendered them in your opinion proper objects of our Compassion and they appear duly impressed with a sense of their defection from their duty.

Died 1773.

Will dated 1 Aug. 1772; proved, 4 Mar. 1773.

Legacies to sister, Mrs. Anderson, and brother, Donald Campbell.¹

140. JOHN CAMPBELL (Bengal).

Born in Scotland c. 1745.

Sailed to India in the Anson.

Lieut. . . 13 April 1769 1st Regt. N.I.

Killed at Monghyr in a duel, November 1770.2

[No account of the duel by which Lieut. John Campbell met his death has been found.]

141. JOHN CAMPBELL (Madras).

[No details of birth or parentage available.]

Serving with the 1st Batt. Sepoys in 1774.

Pensioned, 11 Sept. 1787.

² See Bengal Muster Rolls; Dodwell and Miles.

¹ See Bombay Army List; Bombay Wills; Bombay Despatches, vol. 3.

Died 22 Feb. 1808. Buried the same day.

Married Anna Maria? Stuart.

Issue: Barbara Stuart; bap. 5 June 1789.

Edward Charles; bap. 23 Oct. 1794 (No. 87,

q.v.).

Also: Charles Mackenzie (natural son); bap. 18 Aug.

1797.

Ann (natural daughter), born 16 June 1806;

bap. 12 April 1807.1

142. JOHN CAMPBELL, ? Corraith (Bengal).

Born in Scotland c. 1748.

Arrived in the Dutton, 1768.

Cadet . . . 1768

Ensign . . 14 Feb. 1769 Sepoy Regt.

Lieut. . . 12 June 1770 Captain . . 22 Aug. 1779

In 1st Brigade, 1775.

In command of 36th Batt. of Sepoys, 1786-1791.

Resigned, 24 Dec. 1791.2

This officer may possibly be identical with John Campbell, Esq., of Corraith, Capt. in the E. I. Co.'s service, who died at Irvine 2 July 1798 (Scots Mag., lx. 575).

143. JOHN CAMPBELL (Bengal).

Born in Scotland c. 1751.

Arrived in the Egmont, 1770.

Captain . Mar. 1781 1st Eu. Batt.

With Sepoy Regt., 1773 and 1774.

¹ See Madras Army List; Mad. Burials and Baptisms; Dodwell and Miles.

² See Beng. Muster Rolls; Dodwell and Miles; Calc. Gaz., 2 Nov. 1786.

Removed to Sepoy Corps, Bombay Detachment, 12 March 1778.

Removed to 10th Regt. Sepoys (3rd Brigade), 1782.

Struck off, 18 Nov. 1786.

Ordered to serve on board the ships that are fitting out against the enemy; permitted to draw St. Rs. 30 per month for a writer and stationery, 28 Nov. 1703.

18 May 1797, late of Bengal Establishment. Begs

leave to retire.

31 May 1797. Pay of his rank disallowed.

Apparently rejoined the Co.'s service as Grain Agent, and was killed in action with the Agra Maratha force, I Nov. 1803, in that capacity.

Administration granted, 13 Dec. 1803, to a creditor.1

144. JOHN CAMPBELL (Bengal).

Born 1754.

Joined in London, March 1771.

Sailed in the Colebrooke, May 1771.

Cadet . . . 1771 Cadet Select Pic-

quet in 1772

Ensign . . . 2 Aug. 1776 Sepoy Regiment

Lieut. . . 20 July 1778

Died, 8 July 1780, with the Bombay detachment.2

145. JOHN CAMPBELL (Madras).

Eldest son of Lachlan Campbell, surgeon in Campbeltown (d. 12 Aug. 1790), and Margaret Fraser.

Born at Campbeltown, 16 June 1760.

5 Nov. 1777. Colonel Charles Campbell (No. 42, q.v.) petitions the Court for a cadetship for his relative John Campbell, with leave to proceed to his uncle, Captain Charles Fraser, at Madras.

¹ See Beng. Muster Rolls; Dodwell and Miles; Court Minutes; Calc. Gaz., 28 Nov. 1793; Bengal Admons.; London Gaz., 1804, p. 472.

² See Dodwell and Miles; Bengal MS. Muster Rolls.

21 Jan. 1778. Appointed Cadet for Madras. To sail in the Osterley.

1 August 1778. Ensign at Fort St. George.

25 Jan. 1779. Permitted to go as a volunteer on the expedition to Mahé.

Died before 1790, unmarried.

The following information regarding Ensign John Campbell's parentage is taken from "Cadets of Argyll," vol. i.:

Lachlan Campbell, born 1717, known as Dr. Lachlan of Lagganlochan; married Margaret, dau. of Thomas Fraser of Ardochy and Charlotte Campbell, dau. of the Hon. Charles Campbell, 3rd son of Archibald, Earl of Argyll, who was beheaded in 1685. Thomas Fraser of Ardochy was descended from the third son of Alexander, 6th Lord Lovat. Thus "the children of Dr. Lachlan Campbell of Lagganlochan and his wife Margaret Fraser were descended on the father's side from the House of Craignish, of the same antiquity as that of Argyll, and on the mother's from the Lords of Lovat and the noble House of Argyll."

146. JOHN CAMPBELL (Bencoolen, Sumatra).

The only mentions discovered regarding this officer occur in the Sumatra Records.

In a Secret Letter from Fort Marlborough, Bencoolen, to the Court of Directors, dated 4 June 1779, the Council remark (Para. 10) that John Campbell has received a commission as Ensign.

At a Consultation held on 22 Dec. 1779 is an entry stating that John Campbell, granted a commission "some months ago" at Fort Marlbro', desires to resign it and return to the Civil Service.

Granted, but the Select Committee 'are sorry to

¹ See Mad. MS. Army List; Mad. Press List; Craignish and Lagganlochan, by Major-Gen. Thos. Hay Campbell; Campbeltown Bap. Register.

observe that the motives which have actuated Mr. Campbell both in his acceptance and resignation of the Commission that has been granted to him have not been for the good of the service, but to make it convenient to his private affairs."1

147. JOHN CAMPBELL (Madras).

Born 1768.

1779 Artillery Cadet

2nd Lieut. . 6 Nov. 1781 Lieut. . . 18 Oct. 1784

22 April 1793 2nd Batt. Artillery Captain . .

Inspector of Stores at Trichinopoly, 1787. Captain of 1st Batt. Coast Artillery in 1800.

Died, 3 Feb. 1800, aged 32 years.

Monument in St. Mary's cemetery, Fort St. George. Inscription.

Here lies the body of Captain John Campbell of the 1st Battalion Coast Artillery Departed this life on the 3rd February 1800 Aged 32 years.

Administration granted, 1 April 1800 and 24 March 1801.

Married at Trichinopoly, 11 Oct. 1793, Hannah Maria, dau. of Col. E. Tanner. She died on her passage to England, 1797 (or 1798).

Issue: A son, born at St. Thomas's Mount on 6 Sept. 1794.

Adelina Maria; bap. at Madras 11 May 1796.

Hannah Maria, born 1798: died 4 Sept. 1817; buried in South Park Street Burial Ground, Calcutta.

Adelaide, married Captain Archd. Galloway, Beng. Army.

¹ See Factory Records, Sumatra, vol. 18, p. 45; vol. 44.

20 March 1807. Petition to the Court for help for the 3 orphan children of Capt. John Campbell, deceased, of Madras Artillery.1

148. JOHN CAMPBELL (Bengal).

Eldest son of James Campbell of Glasgow and brother of Surgeon Charles Campbell (No. 43, q.v.).

Born 1764.

Nominated by Col. — Campbell. Appointed, 10 April

To sail in the Grosvenor.

1780 Cadet

Major Col

Lieut.-Col. . 23 Feb. 1807 17th N.I. Appointed Adjt., 8th Batt. N.I., 25 June 1783.

To proceed to New South Wales on duty, 5 Jan. 1796. Present at Battle of Delhi (Desp., 12 Sept., and G.O.,

1 Oct. 1803) and Battle near Coel, 29 Aug. 1803. Agent for providing camels, &c. (G.O. 15 May 1806).

G.O.G.G. Fort William 15 May 1806.

The high state of efficiency in which the important departments committed to the charge of Major John Campbell, Agent for providing Camels for the Army and Gram for the Cavalry, have been maintained during the late war by the judicious arrangements and uncommon personal activity of that zealous officer, have been repeatedly noticed to the Government by the Rt. Hon. the Commander-in-Chief, and the strict integrity and scrupulous attention to economy with which the duties of these important departments have been conducted by Major Campbell, are fully evinced by the report of the Military Auditor on Major Campbell's Public Accounts.

The conduct of Major Campbell in the instances above adverted to, is highly honorable and creditable to the character of

¹ See Dodwell and Miles; Mrs. Penny's Fort St. George; Madras Courier, 1793; Beng. Obituary; Court Minutes; Calc. Gaz., 30 May 1793 and 2 Oct. 1794; Mad. Admons. and Baptisms.

that officer and has produced extensive benefits to the public service. Under these considerations the Govr. General in Council deems it to be his duty to signify in the most public manner his approbation of Major Campbell's conduct in the management of the important departments committed to his charge, during the late war, and as a further mark of his sense of the integrity, zeal, and ability manifested by Major Campbell in the performance of the duties of these departments, the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the increased salary which was granted to Major Campbell as Agent for Camels and Gram, by the orders of the Governor General in Council of Sept. 1803, during the war, shall be continued to that officer as long as he shall hold that appointment.

Notified his arrival in England, 9 Sept. 1807.

Begs leave to retire, 8 Sept. 1809. Granted, 13 Sept. 1809.

Retired, 8 Sept. 1809, in Europe.

Died 23 Sept. 1833.

Issue: Alexander O'Hara; bap. at Calcutta 6 March 1794.1

149. JOHN CAMPBELL (Madras Medical).

Assistant Surgeon, 20 May 1786.

Nominated by Government from 20 May 1786 on Medical establishment.

Removed to be an Ensign, 18 Aug. 1788.

Ensign, 23 July 1788, Inf.²

[No further trace found.]

150. JOHN CAMPBELL (Madras).

Lieut. Fireworker, 29 May 1787.

[This officer's name appears in a "List of the Madras Army 1787, with corrections to 1793," printed by the Madras Govt., 1919. No other mention has been found.]

¹ See Beng. Muster Rolls; Cadet Papers; Dodwell and Miles; Court Minutes; Misc. Mil. Records; India Register; Calcutta Gazette, 4 July 1783 and 29 May 1806, and 14 Jan. 1796; Bengal Baptisms.

² See Madras Service Army List; Mad. Mil. Cons., 6 Mar. 1789 (630).

151. JOHN CAMPBELL (Madras).

Ensign . . . 18 May 1790 Dead before 1793.

[It seems improbable that this officer can be identical with No. 150, since the dates of commission as Ensign do not coincide. The above particulars appear in the "List of the Madras Army" mentioned above (No. 150). No other mention has been found.]

152. JOHN CAMPBELL (Madras).

Born c. 1770. (Aged over 15 and under 22 in 1791.)
Baptised at Knockando, Moray; probably brother of
Alexander and Robert (Nos. 5 and 212, q.v.).
Appointed a Cadet for Madras, 23 March 1791; to sail
in the Asia.¹

[No further trace found.]

153. JOHN CAMPBELL.

Son of Alexander Campbell, Landwaiter, and Susannah his wife.

Brother of Colin Campbell (No. 52, q.v.).

Born, 13 Aug. 1775, at Greenock; bap. in New Parish Church.

Cadet of 1796.2

[No other mention found].

154. JOHN CAMPBELL (Madras).

Son of Duncan Campbell, Junior, merchant in Greenock, and Jean, dau. of Alexander Campbell, Inspector in Greenock.

Born 27 Feb. 1782. Attestation of birth dated 1 June 1797.

¹ See Cadet Papers.

² See Cadet Papers.

Cadet 1797

. . 12 Oct. 1798 12th Regt. N.I.

25 July 1805 Captain . .

Sec. to the C.O. of Ceded Districts in 1804.

Deputy Judge Advocate in the Ceded Districts from 16 Sept. 1806.

Died, 3 Dec. 1809, at Bellary.

Will dated at Bellary, 10 Feb. 1809; proved, 19 Jan. 1810.

Mentions:

Natural daughter Ann, born 16 June 1806; bap. 12 April 1807 at Bellary.

Archibald, M.D. (No. 28, q.v.), Brothers: Duncan.

Sisters: Mary and Jean.

Uncle: Archibald of Inveraray, father's brother.¹

Inscription in Bellary Cantonment Cemetery.

3 Dec. 1809 Capt. John Campbell, 10th [sic? 12th] Native Infantry. Aged 26.

Obituary Notice from the *Madras Courier* of 13 Dec. 1809.

Deaths.—At Bellary, on Sunday the 3rd inst. by a fall from his horse, Captain John Campbell, of the 12th Regt. N.I. and Deputy Judge Advocate of the Ceded Districts.

In him the service has lost a zealous officer, Society an amiable and honorable member, his friends and intimates a companion whose sound principles and kind disposition had insured him their high respect and warmest regard; and whilst they lament the officer, they mourn for the valued friend.

155. JOHN CAMPBELL, Duneaves (Bengal).

Youngest son of Captain William Campbell (Tay Fencibles) of Duneaves (Cadet of Glenlyon) and Jean Reed his wife.

Born 27 March 1782.

¹ See Cadet Papers; Cotton's Inscriptions; Mil. Letters Received; Dodwell and Miles; Mad. Wills, Baptisms and Burials.

Baptised, 13 April 1782, at St. Andrew's, Edinburgh. Sailed in the *Lord Thurlow*.

Captain . . . 23 June 1809 1st Batt. 6th Bengal N.I.

Killed, 28 Nov. 1814, in an attack on the Fort of Kalunga, under General Gillespie.

At Dehra Dun there is a small monument in memory of officers, &c., who fell at the capture of Kalunga Fort in 1814, on a low hill about $3\frac{1}{2}$ miles N.E. of Dehra. Among the names occurs that of Captain John Campbell, 6th N.I.

Will dated 9 Nov. 1814; proved, 12 Sept. 1815.

Mentions half-brother, J. Williamson, Civil Surgeon, Calcutta.

Issue: John, born 8 March 1815; bap. at Kidderpore 3 May 1820.¹

156. JOHN CAMPBELL, Dunstaffnage (Madras Medical).

Youngest son of Donald Campbell XIV. of Dunstaffnage and Anne, dau. of Dugald Campbell of Clenamackrie.

Born 1775.

Nominated by David Scott, Dep. Chairman of the E. I. Co.

Admitted to the service, 20 Feb. 1801.

Sailed in the Lord Thurlow (or Earl Howe).

Arrived in India, August 1801.

Assist. Surgeon . I Jan. 1800 14th N.I. Surgeon . 2 Jan. 1807 8th Cav.

¹ See Cadet Papers; Dodwell and Miles; Beng. G.O., 21 Sept. 1807 and 23 Dec. 1814; Beng. Baptisms and Wills; Monuments in the Meerut Divn.

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Surgeon at Vellore in 1803.

Garrison Surgeon of Tripassore, 1807.

Appointed to afford medical aid to the Cadet Co. and invalids at Cuddalore (Consultation, 24 March 1807).

Posted to 8th Native Cav., 1 Jan. 1811.

Died at Secunderabad; buried 31 March 1816.

Will dated Secunderabad, 16 March 1816; proved, 12 Nov. 1816.

Mentions brother, Alexander, wife, and 4 children.

Witness: John Campbell, Lieut. Mad. Native Cav. (No. 157, q.v.).

Married, 14 March 1805, Eliza Munro. She died between 1816 and 1822.

Issue: Alexander Aeneas (No. 11, q.v.), born 14 Jan. 1806.

Archibald Charles (No. 32, q.v.), born 26 Aug.; bap. 16 Dec. 1807.

Osborne (No. 197, q.v.), born 6 Sept.; bap. 23 Nov. 1808.

Isabella Augusta, born 7 April; bap. 9 April 1810; married William Gascoigne and has issue in New Zealand.

157. JOHN CAMPBELL (Madras).

Fifth son of Major-Genl. Dugald Campbell (No. 70, q.v.) and Elizabeth Mackay.

Born 27 May 1786.

Brother of William Coote Campbell (No. 243).

Nominated by his father.

Cadet . . 2 Dec. 1802 For Madras Cav. Cornet . . 20 Dec. 1803 1st Regt. Light Cav.

¹ See Service Army List; India Register; Madras Burials; Mad. Bapiisms; Memls. of Melfort; Court Minutes, vol. 109A; Mad. Mil. Letters Recd.; Mad. Wills; Mad. Marriages; Mrs. Penny's Marriages at Fort St. George; India Register.

To be A.D.C. to the O.C. in the Ceded Districts (his father), 7 Aug. 1804.

A.D.C. to General Campbell (his father), 1805–1808.

Qr. Master, 1 Dec. 1807.

Sub. Asst. Commy. Genl., 1812–1819.

Assistant Commy. Genl., 1819–1825.

Retired, 12 May 1828, in England.

Died at Clifton, 23 Sept. 1833.

Will dated 19 July 1830; proved, 13 June 1834.

Mentions:

Brothers: Major-Genl. Sir James Campbell and Major Charles Campbell.

Sister-in-law: Lady Dorothea Louisa Campbell, née Cuffe, dau. of 1st Earl of Desart.

Uncle: Col. John Mackay.

Had property at Clevedon, Somerset.

Issue by Miss Charlotte Philip:

Dugald John Philip (No. 75, q.v.), bap. 31 Dec. 1828.

Julia.1

158. JOHN CAMPBELL, Auchmannoch (Bengal Medical).

Eldest son of Arthur Campbell of Auchmannoch and Avisyard, Sorn, Ayrshire, and Burella (Barrila), second daughter of Robert Hunter of Pisgah, Parish of Craigie, co. Ayr.

Brother of Andrew Campbell (No. 20, q.v.).

Born 1779; bap. 12 Feb. 1780.

Appointed on the Bengal Establishment, 1800.

Assist. Surgeon, 30 Aug. 1801.

¹ See Indian Army List; Mad. Mil. Letters Recd.; Dodwell and Miles; India Register; Madras Wills.

Died, 19 Nov. 1803, at the Presidency Hospital, unmarried.¹

Inscription in South Park Street Burial Ground.

John Campbell, M.D., Assistant Surgeon in the service of the H. E. I. Co., who was carried off by a fever at the General Hospital, Presidency, on 19th Novr. 1803. Aged 24. Eheu! Fugaces!

159. JOHN CAMPBELL (Bengal).

Fourth son of Dr. James Campbell (No. 113, q.v.) and Jessy, dau. of Sir James Campbell of Inverneill.

Born in India, 21 Sept. 1790.

Baptised, 20 Dec. 1790, at Fort William, Calcutta.

Brother of Cornwallis and James Campbell (Nos. 56 and 118).

Admitted to the service, 1805.

Sailed in the Lady Jane Dundas.

Cadet . . . 1805

Ensign . . 13 Aug. 1806 14th N.I. Lieut. . . 13 Jan. 1808 30th N.I.

Captain . . {27 Mar. 1821 } 59th N.I.

Major . . 18 June 1831

Retired, 3 March 1832, in India, with rank of Lieut.-Col.

Reports his arrival in England, 1 Aug. 1832.

Died 21 Nov. 1875.

Married Emily Leicester. She died 11 Jan. 1871.

Issue: James Archibald, eldest son (No. 125, q.v.); born at Torquay, 13 May 1833.

John George, bap. 7 Nov. 1838, at St. Leonard's, Heavitree, Devon.²

¹ See Beng. Service Army List; India Register; Beng. Obituary; Burke's Commoners; Sorn Parish Register.

² See Cadet Papers; Beng. Service Army List; India Register; Beng. Baptisms.

Lieut.-Col. Campbell and his wife are both buried in the Churchyard of the Old Parish (St. Andrew's) Church, Hove, where there are the following inscriptions to their memory:

> Sacred to the Memory of Emily the Beloved Wife of Lt. Colonel John Campbell of the Bengal Army (retired) Who departed this life on the 11th day of January

1871 Aged 61 years.

Also Sacred to the Memory of Lieut. Colonel John Campbell of the Retired List of the Bengal Army Who departed this life on the 21st day of November 1875

1875 Aged 85 years.

160. JOHN CAMPBELL (Bengal).

Son of Col. James Campbell of Glenfeochan, of the 91st Regt., and Margaret Campbell of Campbeltown.

Born, 29 Aug. 1793, at Kilmore, co. Argyll.

Attestation of birth by Margaret Campbell, his mother, 27 Jan. 1809.

Lieut. . 16 Dec. 1814 1st Batt. 10th N.I.

Died of jungle fever, 11 April 1820, at Hussingbad, while commanding Nerbudda Local Corps.

Will dated 12 April 1819, at Hussingabad, Berar; proved, 13 Jan. 1821.

Mentions:

Brother: James Archibald (No. 124, q.v.).

Sisters: Jane and Mary Ann.

Mother: Margaret.¹

¹ See Cadet Papers; Dodwell and Miles; Calc. Journal, 8 May 1820; Scots Mag.; Beng. Wills.

161. SIR JOHN CAMPBELL, C.B., K.C.S.I., Lochend (Madras).

Eldest son of John Campbell, Esq., of Lochend (1774–1826), and Annabella, daughter of John Campbell of Melfort.

His parents went to Australia in 1821, and his father died in N.S. Wales.

Born 14 Feb. 1801, at Kingsburgh, I. of Skye; bap. at Appin, Argyll. Baptismal certificate certified by father, 4 Jan. 1820.

Brother of Archibald Alexander (No. 31) and William Campbell (No. 238).

Produced certificates from the War Office as Ensign in 91st Regt. of Foot, dated 21 Jan. 1819.

Half Pay, 3rd West I. Regt., 10 Feb. 1820.

Nominated Cadet for Madras Infantry, by Robert (afterwards Sir Robert) Campbell, a Director of the E. I. Co.

Recommended by Col. Sir Alexander Campbell.

Arrived in India, 18 June 1820.

1819 Cadet

21st (afterwards 6 April 1820 Ensign . 41st) N.I.

. 7 April 1820 Lieut. . 23 Jan. 1830 Captain . 2 Sept. 1839 Major Bt. Lieut.-Col. . 23 Dec. 1842

Lieut.-Col. . 23 Nov. 1843 Colonel . . 14 July 1853 . 14 July 1853

Major-General . 28 Nov. 1854 26th N.I.

Lt.-General . 1 Mar. 1867 General . 21 Mar. 1872

Ordered to do duty with Rifle Corps, and placed under Captain Cracroft's orders (G.O., 1 July 1820).

Adjutant to Rifle Corps (G.O., 21 Jan. 1823).

Furlough to Europe on S.C. (G.O., 10 Feb. 1824). Sailed from Bombay, 28 Jan. 1824, per Sarah.

Arrived at Madras from England, 14 July 1825.

To do duty with 26th N.I., and to join the Infantry Recruiting Depôt at Wallajabad (G.O., 27 July 1825).

Post Master to Light Field Division of Hyderabad Subsidiary Force at Jaulnah (G.O., 16 Aug. 1825).

To act as Asst. Adjt. Genl. to Light Field Division of Hyderabad Subsidiary Force, 21 Feb. 1826. Permitted to place his services at disposal of Resident at Hyderabad (G.O., 20 March 1827).

S.C. to sea (G.O., I June 1830). Having submitted from Singapore a medical certificate of the necessity for his return to Europe, he is permitted to proceed thither vià China (G.O., 26 Oct. 1830).

Submits for the Court's consideration a plan for the disposal of Recruits enlisted for the Madras and Bombay European Regiments on a more economical scale than at present (Court Minutes, 8 Aug.

1832).

Request for permission to return complied with. Transmits a medical certificate of the state of his health and requests an extension of leave with permission to return viâ New South Wales (Court Minutes, 22 and 29 Aug. 1832). Furlough extended for 6 months. Permitted to return (Court Minutes, 16 Jan. 1833).

Arrived at Madras, 7 June 1833 (G.O., 11 June 1833).

Present at the capture of Jeringhy.

General Taylor reports the capture of Jeringhy by the troops under the command of Major Nash on the 18th inst. He says much credit is due to Major Nash for the masterly manner in which he formed his plans, and to Captains Hewetson, Horne and Campbell for the execution of them (Judicial Consn., 31 Jan. 1834). Reports his surprise of a body of rebels assembled near the village of Subba. Further operations of the detachment under

his command reported. Gen. Taylor reports that he has ordered certain detachments to be placed under the general superintendence of Captain Campbell, whose activity and intelligence has been most conspicuous throughout this harassing service, and he will avail himself of any opportunity that may be afforded him of surprising the Rebels should they venture to return to their former haunts. On the termination of hostilities Genl. Taylor states that Captain Campbell deserves to be mentioned as possessing all the requisite qualifications for command, and displaying them on every opportunity. He was frequently selected for enterprises requiring great exertion and presence of mind, and was successful on more than one occasion. Mr. Russell, the Commissioner, expresses his "sense of the benefit which the public interests have derived from the promptitude, energy and good feeling which have marked the conduct of Captain Campbell and Major Nash, who have successively held the command since the lamented death of Major Baxter (25 Nov. 1833), and the Officers and Men under their orders." Government observe that Captain Campbell "has greatly distinguished himself by his firm and judicious conduct on 25 Nov. last [1833] and by the ability and energy he has evinced on all occasions of active service (Judicial Consns., 15 Feb., 25 March, 3 and 17 June 1834, and 6 Dec. 1833).

Appointment to do duty with the 8th N.I. on Field Service in Goomsoor confirmed (G.O.C.C., 20 Feb. 1836). Appointed Secretary to the Honble. G. E. Russell, Esq., during the service in Goomsoor (Mil. Cons. and G.O., 4 March 1836). He joined Mr. Russell at Goomsoor, 4 Feb. 1836.

Brigadier-Gen. Taylor reports that Captain Campbell's

gallant conduct on arriving at Oodagherry on 7 March merits approbation. He reached Oodagherry at a most critical moment with half a dozen troopers, a small howitzer and a few Sepoys—found Ensign Wapshire there in command surrounded by at least 2000 Khonds. "Capt. Campbell gallantly charged with his little band of Troopers, killed ten men and took one prisoner which so intimidated them that they never afterwards ventured to shew themselves in any numbers."

General Taylor states that he has "the satisfaction of reporting the capture of the Rebel Khond Bemgo Malika, the Chief of the party who perpetrated the massacre in the Dorgapresaud Pass, and who having been so hotly pursued by our troops under Captains Butler, Geils and Campbell surrendered yesterday at discretion." Reports the movements of the detachment under his command in the Khond country (Mil. Consns., 12 April, 13 May, 21 June and 26 July, 1836).

At the close of his report giving a succinct view of the past history of the Goomsoor Zemindary and the measures which have been taken to restore order in it, the Hon. Mr. Russell observes that it is difficult to anticipate all the questions which may arise out of circumstances of such varied and paramount interests as those which form the subject of this report, and he has "in consequence requested Capt. Campbell to avail himself of an opportunity which offers of going to Madras by sea, in order that he may be at hand to furnish information upon any points upon which doubts may arise—he is perfectly acquainted with everything that has occurred and possesses a knowledge of the country which few others have had the opportunity of acquiring "(Rev. Cons., 13 Sept.

1836). Arrived at the Presidency (Gaz., 17 Sept.). Sailed for Goomsoor, 10th inst. (Gaz., 12 Oct. 1836).

Appointed an Assist. to the Collector and Magistrate of Ganjam with the allowance of a Head Asst. Collector. A party of 100 armed Peons placed under his immediate orders (G.O., 28 Oct. 1836). Entrusted with the entire administration of the Goomsoor Zemindary.

Reports that he landed at Masulipatam on 26 Oct., and that to avoid delay he decided on proceeding to Goomsoor direct by dawk. Govt. approved of this step. Arrived at Munroorcottah, 12 Nov. Marched from Berhampore with the detachment under the command of Captain Reid on the 17th, and arrived at Moondaumerry (36 miles north by west of Berhampore) on 19 Nov. (Rev. Cons., 8 Nov. and 13 Dec. 1836).

Two Companies of the 6th N.I. under the command of Captain Reid directed to move through Chota Kemedy, round to Serunghur to the Country belonging to Dada Patrow, with whom the notorious rebel leader, Dora Bissoye, and others of less note are supposed to be located. This enterprise, as far as politically construed, was entrusted to Captain Campbell (Mil. Cons., 6 Dec. 1836). Severely reprimanded by Mr. Russell for leaving his post at Corada unprotected while in pursuit of Dora Bissoye. Brig.-Genl. Taylor reports that the wing of the 14th Regt. now at Bogada will proceed immediately with a six pounder and a small detail of Artillery accompanied by Captain Campbell, through Niaghur, for the purpose of inducing the Zemindar of that country to institute enquiries relative to some connexions of Dora Bissoye, who are supposed to be in his Zemindary. On the restoration of peace in the Ganjam district the Govr. in Council states that he "considers Mr. Stevenson the Collector and Magistrate of Ganjam, and Captain Campbell of the 41st N.I., as 1st Secry. to the Commissioner and afterwards Asst. to the Collector and Magistrate of Ganjam, to be entitled to high commendation for their zealous and efficient co-operation with the Hon. Mr. Russell on all occasions" (Rev. Cons., 10 Jan., 14 Feb. and 4 March 1837).

Govt. approve of the constitution of the Sibbendy Corps for Goomsoor and Sooradah as proposed by Captain Campbell (*Rev. Cons.*, 11 April 1837).

Authorised to proceed above the Ghauts in the month (January) in which it is understood the human sacrifices are invariably made, for the purpose of calling together the most influential men among the Khonds, and endeavouring to convince them of the barbarity and inutility of the sacrifices observed by them. An escort of fifty regulars granted to him solely for the protection of his person and attendants (*Rev. Cons.*, 21 Nov. 1837).

In his last minute on the affairs of the Ganjam district, the Honble. Mr. Russell observes that Captain Campbell's "local experience and personal influence with the different hill chieftains give him an advantage over any other person who could be appointed to the situation of principal Assistant to the Commissioner." "The Governor in Council has observed with much satisfaction the great success which has attended Captain Campbell's exertions to suppress the practice of Human Sacrifices in the Goomsoor Maliahs, which is considered to be very creditable to that officer" (Rev. Cons., 30 Jan. and 14 March 1838).

Appointed to act as Supt. of family payments and pensions from the date of his quitting Ganjam (G.O., 2 Oct. 1838). Appointment cancelled at

his request, and he is permitted to remain Asst. to the Collector and Magistrate of Ganjam (G.O., 23 Oct. 1838).

Appointed Principal Asst. to the Agent to the Govr. of Fort St. George in Ganjam on a salary of Rs. 14,000 per annum (G.O., 26 and 29 Nov. 1839).

Appointed a Companion of the Bath (London Gazette,

24 Dec. 1842).

His services replaced temporarily at the disposal of the Maj.-General Commanding the forces for Regl. duty with his Corps proceeding to China (G.O., 28 Jan. 1842).

Served on the Yeang-tse-Keang River and shared 2 Donations of 6 months China Batta. Engaged at the capture of the city of Chinkeangfoo on

21 July 1842.

Returned to Madras from China on the *Thetis*, and permitted to draw Table allowance, but his claim to passage at the public expense was negatived by the Govt. of India (*Mil. Letter from Madras*, 20 June 1843, No. 32).

Replaced permanently at the disposal of the Com-

mander-in-Chief (G.O., 2 April 1844).

Presented with a medal for services in China (Medal Roll).

Possesses the requisite qualifications for military command. His conduct and character good and is a most respectable and able officer (*Inspn. Reports* of 41st N.I., 21 Feb. 1845 and 11 Nov. 1846).

Appointed Agent for the Suppression of Meriah Sacrifices and Female Infanticide in the Hill Tracts of Orissa (G.O., 11 May 1847). He held this appointment until 1855.

Unattached, in Europe, 1856–1861.

Received letter from the Private Secretary of the Govr.-General (Lord Dalhousie) in recognition of his services.

Published in 1861 a "Narrative of his Operations in the Hill Tracts of Orissa for the Suppression of Human Sacrifices and Female Infanticide," and in 1864 a "Personal Narration of Thirteen Years' Service amongst the Wild Tribes of Khondistan for the Suppression of Human Sacrifices."

Received K.C.S.I., 2 June 1869, for his services in

the hill tracts of Orissa.

Died on furlough at Edinburgh, 21 April 1878, aged 77.

Buried in Dean Cemetery, Edinburgh.

Married:

(1) Eliza, dau. of John Harrington, Madras C.S. She died 17 Dec. 1846, aged 40; buried at Vizagapatam.

(2) Elizabeth (died 1865), dau. of J. Monro, of

the Kilpunt family.

Issue: John Alexander, born 1831 (No. 169, q.v.).

Cecilia Cockburn, born 15 Sept. 1833; bap. at Vizagapatam, 25 Nov. 1834; married Geo. M. Martin, Captain I.A. She died 1876 at Mentone.

William Henry, born at Samulcottah, Madras,

22 Oct. 1835 (No. 247, q.v.).

Arabella (or Annabella) Maria, born 14 Feb.; bap. 1 Dec. 1838, at Asha (sponsor, Col. F. Campbell); married Alexander C. Macniel, Colonsay, Col. Madras Army.

Eliza Barbara Colina; married, 1868, F. T. Romilly Kennedy of Dalquharran, Ayrshire.

Frances Lorne Mary, born 7 Sept. 1845; bap. 29 Jan. 1847 at Madras; married, 1872, Jas. M. Heriot-Maitland, Major R.E. She died in 1876 at Plymouth.

¹ See Cadet Papers; Mad. Service Army List; Memls. of House of Melfort; Misc. Mil. Records; Dict. of Indian Biog.; European Tombs in Viz. Dist.; Mad. Baptisms and Burials.

162. JOHN CAMPBELL (Bombay).

Son of Captain Colin Campbell, R.N., and Amelia Campbell.

Born in the co. of Middlesex in October 1803.

Nominated by James Daniell, Esq., a Director of the E. I. Co., at the recommendation of Mrs. Malcolm. Arrived in Bombay, 7 June 1820.

Cadet . . . 1819

Ensign . . . 28 Feb. 1820 6th N.I.

Lieut. . . 4 May 1820 1st N.I.; 2nd N.I. in 1824

Attached to Survey Department, Deccan, 19 Aug. 1822. In charge of invalids to England in the *Triumph*, 10 Dec. 1824.

Wrecked on his return to Bombay in the Britannia. She struck on a sunken rock at the mouth of a bay, about 16 miles off St. Helena, on 22 Oct. 1826. Lieut. Campbell was granted an advance at the Cape. Returned to Bombay, 25 Jan. 1827.

To act as Dep. Assist. Quarter Master General, 25 Jan. 1828.

Furlough to Europe, 30 Jan. 1829.

Permitted to retire on half pay of Ensign, 3s. a day, from 12 Aug. 1831.

Solicits some addition to his retiring allowance, 22 May 1833. Negatived.

2 Nov. 1842. Petitions to be allowed to return to India to take up his rank of Captain. Not complied with. Died 20 March 1884.1

Married Jane Smith, 29 June 1831. She died 10 Feb. 1885.

163. JOHN CAMPBELL (Bengal).

Son of the Rev. Alexander Campbell, minister of Portree, and Margaret, dau. of Wm. Macleod of

¹ See Cadet Papers; Bomb. Service Army List; Misc. Mil. Records, vol. 112; Asiatic Journ., Jan. 1827; Pension Book, vol. 3, 1059.

Luskintyre, I. of Harris. His father was killed by a fall from the top of his stair, 16 Nov. 1811.

Born 21 July 1805.

Sailed in the Duchess of Atholl.

1821 Bengal Infantry Cadet

Ensign 19 Jan. 1822

4th Extra Regt. at 27 Oct. 1823 Lieut. Mirzapore

Died, 25 June 1826, at Mirzapore.¹

Inscription on tomb in the Mirzapore Cemetery.

Sacred to the memory of Lieut. John Campbell 4th Extra Regiment, who died 25th June 1826, much regretted by his brother.

164. JOHN CAMPBELL (Madras).

Son of Duncan Campbell, merchant, of 21 Alfred Place, Bedford Square, and Harriet Campbell.

Brother of Lieut. Duncan Archibald Campbell (No. 80, q.v.).

Born, 14 April 1804, at St. Thomas's, Exeter.

Nominated by Edward Parry, a Director of the E. I. Co.

Recommended by Col. William Duncan.

1823 Cadet

14 May 1824 21st N.I. Ensign

. 7 April 1835 Lieut. . 14 May 1839 Bt. Captain 14 June 1842 Captain .

1827. Tried by court martial for disobedience of orders and breaking his arrest. Cashiered. Sentence remitted on account of youth and inexperience (G.O.C.C., 20 June 1827).

Extract of Madras General Orders, 20th June 1827.

The following Extracts from the Confirmed Proceedings of an European General Court Martial held at Bangalore, on Monday the 4th day of June 1827, by virtue of a Warrant of

¹ See Cadet Papers; Dodwell and Miles; Führer's Inscriptions; Beng. Burials.

authority from His Excellency Lieutenant General Sir George Townshend Walker, G.C.B. and K.C.T.S., Commander in Chief, are published to the Army.

CHARGES.—Ensign John Campbell of the 29th Regiment Native Infantry, placed in Arrest for unofficer-like and insub-

ordinate conduct in the following instances.

First.—For disobedience of Orders at Bangalore on the 10th of April 1827, in not having attended at the Quarters of the Adjutant of the Regiment as directed, on the plea of not being able to do so on account of Sickness, although his Medical Attendant, Assistant Surgeon Munro, had previously given it as his opinion that Ensign John Campbell was perfectly able to attend.

Second.—For disobedience of a Second Order on the same day, by neglecting to attend at the Adjutant's Quarters when a peremptory order was given to Ensign John Campbell to do so, communicating to him at the same time, that a reference had been made to Assistant Surgeon Munro, whose opinion was, that he considered Ensign John Campbell able to attend.

Third.—For having sent to the Adjutant of the Regiment on the same day two very indecorous official written communications referring to the orders he had received, written upon Scraps of China paper neither folded or directed.

The whole or any part of the above being to the prejudice

and subversive of good order and Military Discipline.

(Signed) JOHN SCOTT, Major, Comg. 29th Regt. N.I.

Bangalore, 11th April 1827.

By Order (Signed) T. H. S. CONWAY,
Adjutant General of the Army.

ADDITIONAL CHARGE.—Additional Charge against Ensign John Campbell of the 29th Regiment Native Infantry, preferred by Major John Scott, Commanding the same Corps.

For breaking his arrest at Bangalore by leaving his Quarters without permission between 11 o'clock A.M. and 1 o'clock P.M. on the 10th Instant, and paying one or more visits to Officers in the Cantonment.

Bangalore, 20th May, 1827. (Signed) JOHN SCOTT, Major, Comg. 29th Regiment N.I.

By Order (Signed) T. H. S. Conway, Adjutant General of the Army.

The Court having most maturely weighed and considered the whole of the Evidence brought forward in support of the Prosecution, as well as what the Prisoner, Ensign Campbell, hath urged in his Defence, and the Evidence in support thereof,

is of opinion:

Finding on the First and Second Charges.—That the Prisoner is Guilty of "disobedience of orders at Bangalore on the 10th April 1827, in not having attended at the Quarters of the Adjutant of the Regiment as directed," but the Court acquit the Prisoner of any culpability in so doing, he having been very unwell at the time, and it having been beyond the power of Assistant Surgeon Munro to give a correct opinion as to the state of his health, he not having visited him since the forenoon of the preceding day.

Finding on the Third Charge.—That the Prisoner is guilty of having sent to the Adjutant two informal but not indecorous

official written communications.

The Court acquit the Prisoner of unofficer-like, and insubordinate conduct to the prejudice of, and subversive of good order and Military Discipline.

Finding on the Additional Charge.—That the Prisoner is

guilty of the additional Charge.

SENTENCE.—The Court having found the Prisoner Guilty to the extent above stated on the original Charges and in full on the Additional Charge, doth Sentence him, the said Ensign John Campbell of the 29th Regiment N.I., to be Cashiered.

(Signed) W. C. Fraser,

(Signed) H. O'BRIEN, Captain, Dep. Judge Advocate General.

Lieut.-Colonel and President.

Approved and Confirmed, but in Consideration of the Recommendation of the Court and the youth and inexperience of the Prisoner Ensign Campbell, the Sentence passed upon him is hereby remitted, and the Commander-in-Chief earnestly hopes that this Officer will now use his utmost exertions to prove by his future conduct that he is not undeserving of this indulgence.

(Signed) G. T. WALKER, Lieut.-Genl. and Commander-in-Chief.

It is with deep regret that the Commander-in-Chief feels himself constrained to observe thus publicly, that this is but one out of many cases that have occurred of young Officers having been brought to Courts Martial without sufficient previous enquiry into the origin and solidity of the Charges

against them, thus subjecting them, even if acquitted, to a certain degree of stain on their character through life, and to unmerited confinement in the first instance. Officers in Command must reflect, that the duties required of them are not confined to the judgment with which they may move men in the field, but that they are extended through all the previous stages of preparation of them for it, among which stands foremost the study of the characters of their Officers, the knowledge of which can only be acquired by familiar intercourse; they should consider that, in proportion to the number over whom their authority is extended, a paternal Charge is also entrusted to them of the morals, comforts, present happiness and future prosperity of every individual so situated, and that upon their care and kindness, on their watchfulness or neglect depends not only the fate of Individuals, but the Character of the Army itself, which, unless based on morality, must soon become worthless. Officers in Command of every Rank, whether of a Division, Cantonment or Regiment, but more particularly of the latter, which should be considered but as one family, should feel it an imperative duty to enquire into the character and conduct of all under their care, to advise and check the young and giddy by kind suggestions, to controul with authority the impetuous, and to punish seriously only the dissolute and incurable—trying (with the young particularly) every possible previous measure to avoid public exhibition, but if that unfortunately should become necessary, strictly ascertaining by full enquiry on all sides every fact necessary to be brought in evidence before a Court Martial is required. But what has been the case in the present instance? young Officer not a year in the Service, on the unexamined statement of an Assistant Surgeon, is placed in Arrest on two Charges, of both of which he has now been clearly and most properly acquitted by a Court Martial—this is not all—in the face of the evident intention of the Legislature as expressed in the 21st Article of the 14th Section of the Articles of War for Confining the period of Arrest to eight days, a close Arrest, and that too in a hot climate, is here inflicted from the 10th April, to 15th May for what, if duly enquired into at the time, the sufferer would have been found innocent—necessity may have occasioned the lengthened period and this the Article itself justifies, but what except the abuse of such limited liberty as is usually permitted in open Arrest can possibly justify a close Arrest, particularly in this Climate after the eight days at most? But even this is not all. At the earnest request of the Prisoner some relaxation of this severity was permitted from the 15th of

May, and by a careless note of the Adjutant without any specification of the hours he is allowed to walk for Exercise in the Morning and Evening, and after all this undeserved Confinement, grounded on this, a new Charge is tacked to the others of a breach of this *indulgence*, the thoughtless youth having extended his walk *one hour* beyond the literal sense of the word Morning; now the words thus used are very vague terms and understood in various senses, the whole period before Dinner being often understood by the former—it would have been but charitable to have substituted a little explanation or even admonition if necessary in lieu of such a Charge; such however, as it was brought forward, the Court was bound by the letter to condemn, though considering the spirit of this order, it was evidently with regret that it did so.

In this case and in one too much resembling it, lately disposed of, it is possible the young Officers in question may have been idle and addicted to excesses; on these grounds then, if good advice and proper admonition have failed and all due enquiry has established the facts of the case, it should be brought forward; but every other idle frailty should not be snatched at and every malicious report credited without examination; and the Service may be assured that whenever hardened Crime may be brought forward, youth will not ensure it from punishment; but the Commander-in-Chief once more entreats that every possible means may first be tried before the publicity of a Court Martial, that no Officer be kept in Arrest one day beyond what necessity demands, that except in atrocious cases or for punishment, no Officer be kept in close Arrest unless he abuse the liberty to which his Commanding Officer may have thought proper to confine him, but it will be expected above all, that it shall be made evident that no Officer has been kept unnecessarily one day in Arrest before full and ample enquiry is made into his case.

- 1833-4. Appointed to survey the interior parts of Kennedy.
- 1834. Appointed Qr. Master and Interpreter to 21st N.I.
- 1834. Commands an outpost in the Purlah Kennedy Zemindary.
- 1835. Appointed to act as Adjt. of his Corps.
- 1836. Appointed Assistant Surveyor-General of the 1st Class.

- 1837. Submits a plan for the Survey of the Coromandel Coast.
- 1839. Furnishes an accurate geological map of Salem district.
- 1840. Employed in preparing a geological and mineralogical account of the Salem district. His praiseworthy spirit of research commended, 14 April 1841.

1841. Employed in compiling a treatise on the geology and mineralogy of S. India.

1843. Reports on the manufacture of natural steel in S. India.

Retired, 23 June 1845, in India.

Died in 1895.

Married Maria Henrietta ——.

Issue: Hubert John, born 14, bap. 17 Oct. 1836 at Chicacole (Sponsor, Lieut. Chas. Dugald Campbell, uncle); died at Ryacottah, 9 Oct. 1843.

Frederick Duncan, born 30 June; bap. at Trichinopoly, 13 July 1838.

Archibald William, born 5 April; bap. at Bangalore, 2 May 1840.

Dugald Robert, born 19 June; bap. at Ryacottah, 23 Sept. 1841. Buried at Vellore, 9 Sept. 1843.

Colin Charles, born at Ryacottah, Madras; bap. 28 July 1842.

Harriet Julia, born 31 July; bap. 20 Sept. 1843 at Vellore.

John Irving, born 2 Nov. 1844; bap. 25 Feb. 1845.

Lucy Maria, born 8 Oct. 1846; bap. 12 Mar. 1848.

Jessie Helen, born 19 May; bap. 27 June 1850. (This baptism was Solemnised in the Grand Jail by Permission of the Bishop.)

Brothers:

William Campbell, of Middlesex Place, New Road, Marylebone, died in Madras in 1845. Chas. Dugald, Lt. Indian Navy.¹

165. JOHN CAMPBELL (Bombay).

Son of Colin Campbell, merchant, of 12 South Hanover Street, Glasgow.

Born, 20 March 1807, at Paisley.

Nominated by C. E. Prescott, Esq., a Director of the E. I. Co.

Sailed in the Herefordshire. Arrived at Bombay, 14 May 1829.

Cadet . . 1828 1st Regt. Cavalry

Cornet . . 29 Jan. 1833

Being reported qualified to ride, attached to 1st Regt. Cav. May 1829.

At Sholapur, 1829-1832.

Posted to 1st Regt. Cav., 11 Feb. 1833.

Died at "Kulladghee" (Kaladgi), Bombay, 25 Sept. 1834. Buried, 26 Sept.

Admon. of effects granted to Registrar, 26 Jan. 1836.2

166. JOHN CAMPBELL, Kinloch (Madras).

Second son of Capt. John Campbell of Kinloch and Little Dunkeld, Perthshire (1762–1839), and Ann Trapaud Campbell, mar. 1804, daughter of John Campbell of Melfort, Lt.-Govr. of Fort George. She died at Portobello in 1841.

Brother of Charles and Colin Campbell (Nos. 45 and 54, q.v.).

Born 18 April 1810.

¹ See Service Army List; Cadet Papers; Mad. Baptisms and Burials.
² See Cadet Papers; Bomb. Service Army List; Bomb. Admons.; Bomb. Burials.

Entered Royal Navy under his uncle, Sir Patrick Campbell. Resigned and entered Indian Army.

Sailed to India on the Rose, 1826.

Cadet . . . 1825

Ensign . . 8 Jan. 1826 38th N.I.

Appointed Acting Sub. Assist. Commissary, 25 Sept. 1838.

Appointed Sub. Assist. Commissary Genl., 16 June 1840.

Staff Services.—Remount Dept. at Oosoor. Thanked by Madras Govt. on three occasions for efficiency. Retired, 20 Sept. 1859, in India.

7 Aug. 1867. Mysteriously disappeared from his residence. Death assumed.

Married:

- (1) In 1837, Margaret, dau. of Dr. P. Mathews, Bengal Army, physician to the King of Lucknow. She died at Jaulnah, Madras, and was buried 18 July 1844.
- (2) In 1860, the Princess Victoria Gouramma of Coorg, dau. of H.R.H. the Maharajah of Coorg. She died in 1864.

Issue:

By first wife:

Robert Byng Patricia Price, born 26 Feb. 1838 (No. 216, q.v.).

Colin Charles, born 13 Feb.; bap. 6 April 1840; died 1856.

John Ronald, born 12 Nov. 1842 at Jaulnah; bap. 30 March 1843 (No. 183, q.v.).

Patrick, born 6 April; bap. 11 June 1844 at Jaulnah. Married Emily, dau. of the Hon. Wm. Robinson, in New Zealand.

By second wife:

Edith Victoria Gouramma, married Capt. H. G Yardley, son of Sir W. Yardley.¹

COORG STATE: STRANGE TALE OF A PRINCESS.

The history of this Princess is very interesting and well authenticated. The account quoted by the querist * is incorrect in many important details, and the only mystery in the case was the case of Col. C.

Princess Gouramma, daughter of the ex-Rajah of Coorg, who was born in 1841, had been adopted, in accordance with her father's earnest wishes, by Queen Victoria and placed by her under the charge of Mrs. Drummond, who, however, in a few years' time found she did not like the responsibility and begged to be relieved.

Sir Charles Phipps, Queen Victoria's Comptroller of the Household, then applied to my mother, the late Lady Arthur Lennox, to know whether she would undertake to replace her, and in August and September of the year 1852 the Rajah came to see her several times in Hans Place, first of all with a Mr. Ramsay and afterwards with his interpreter, and he also brought the little princess to see us. I have a distinct recollection of her; we were all charmed with her and thought her very pretty. Her mother was of Circassian descent and she had inherited her looks. She was in Indian dress and had on many jewels, chiefly pearls, and a bracelet given by Queen Victoria. I have a little picture of her in full dress.

My mother wisely thought the responsibility too great as she had a young family of her own, and refused the offer, greatly to the disappointment of myself and sisters.

Lady Login, one of the old Scotch family—the Campbells of Kinloch—and wife of the well-known Sir John Login of Indian fame, then undertook the charge, greatly to Queen Victoria's satisfaction, and to the happiness and welfare of the little princess. Queen Victoria always took the greatest interest in her and was anxious that she should marry the late Dhuleep Singh; but though this did not meet with his ideas, he helped to promote the marriage with his friend Col. Campbell, Lady Login's brother, which marriage took place in 1860. Col. Campbell was a handsome man, and very popular, and

¹ See Cadet Papers; Mad. Service Army List; Indian Army List; Mad. Baptisms.

^{*} See Notes and Queries, 12, Ser. V., p. 264.

the union was quite the reverse of "unhappy," the only drawback being the princess's health; she was always delicate and her short term of happiness ended in 1864, when she died of consumption at the age of 23. Their daughter never "disappeared" and was not "secretly murdered." In obedience to her dying mother's last request, which met with the full approval of Queen Victoria, she was brought up by Lady Login, and in 1882, when she was 21, she married Capt. H. G. Yardley. I know nothing further about her and have often wished that I did.

The mystery about Col. Campbell was as follows: Less than three years after his wife's death he left his lodging in Jermyn Street one day, carrying a small hand-bag, and from that day to this no trace of him was said to have been found. Unfortunately, Lady Login, who had seen him three days before, did not hear that he was missing for some time, and I believe it was nearly three months before the case was put into the hands of the police, who had no doubt that it was foul play for plunder. His wife's jewels disappeared at the same time and it seemed probable that they were in the hand-bag that he was carrying.

Amongst the published letters of Queen Victoria is one to Lord Dalhousie alluding to the proposed marriage of the Princess of Coorg, and Her Majesty writes: "Though still childish for her age (she is nearly 14), she is pretty, lively, intelligent, and going on satisfactorily in her education." This was written in 1854.

CONSTANCE RUSSELL.

Swallowfield, Reading.

The marriage of Princess Victoria Gouramma of Coorg is referred to in "Sir John Login and Duleep Singh," by Lady Login. The princess married Col. John Campbell, Madras Army, brother of Lady Login, and died in 1864, aged 23. It should not be difficult to find an account of Col. C.'s disappearance—perhaps "The Times Indexes" subsequent to 1864 will help. It is news to me that the child also disappeared. Apparently she was left in Lady Login's care.

A. J. Arbuthnot.

8 Albert Court, Kensington, S.W. 7.

The strange tale is told also in the "Encyclopædia Britannica," s.v. "Coorg." In The Gentleman's Magazine for May 1864 is recorded the death on Mar. 30, at the house

of her husband, Col. John Campbell, in George Street, Portman Square, of Her Highness the Princess Victoria Gouramma of Coorg, god-daughter of the Queen, and an account of her life from *The Morning Post* is appended.

JOHN B. WAINEWRIGHT.

(Notes and Queries, 12, Ser. V., Nov. 1919, p. 296.)

167. JOHN CAMPBELL, M.D., C.B. (Bengal Medical).

Youngest son of Thomas Campbell, Post Captain, R.N. (d. 1839), of St. Martins, Looe, Cornwall, and Phoebe his wife.

Brother of Edward Campbell, Bengal Medical Service (No. 85, q.v.).

Born 27 April 1817.

Educated at St. George's Hospital, London, Aberdeen University, and King's College.

Admitted to the service, 1841. Sailed in the Worcester.

Arrived at Fort William, 25 May 1841.

Asst.-Surgeon . 22 Dec. 1840 Surgeon . 3 Oct. 1854 Surgeon Major . 11 July 1864

Appointed to the 4th N.I., 26 Dec. 1843.

Medical charge of the 6th Irregular Cavalry, Saugor, 27 March 1845.

Appointed to 7th Light Cavalry, 13 April 1856.

Served in Afghanistan in 1841–1842 under Sir George Pollock; also in Sind, 1845, 1846, under Sir Charles Napier. Medal.

Commended by General Hamilton, 3 Feb. 1848.

Reported very zealous in discharge of duties, 24 Feb. 1851.

Served in the Mutiny at Chinhut and in the siege of Lucknow, 1857. Medal, defence clasp, and C.B., 16 Nov. 1858. Mentioned by Brigadier Inglis in Despatches, 8 Dec. 1857 and 16 Jan. 1858.

Retired, 24 Oct. 1864. Died at Looe, Cornwall, 26 July 1904.1

168. JOHN ALEXANDER CAMPBELL, Inistorre, now called Kinlochlaich (Madras).

Only son of Capt. Alexander Campbell of Inistorre, Appin, co. Argyll (E. I. Co.'s Maritime Service), and Ann, dau. of Professor Wallace.

Born at Lismore, co. Argyll, 16 May 1816.

Appointed to the 93rd Regt., but subsequently entered the E. I. Co.'s service.

Sailed in the Minerva. Arrived at Madras, 29 Sept. 1837.

1837 Cadet

. 24 May 1837 6th Light Cavalry

1 Jan. 1863 Major

Reported "attentive and undergoing instruction" (Inspection Report, 17 Jan. 1838).

Removed to 7th Light Cavalry, 18 June 1838.

Served with the Kurnool Field Force. Prize Roll, 1839.

Furlough on S.C. Sailed to England, 12 Feb. 1840.

Returned to Madras, 7 Aug. 1843.

"Conduct and character unexceptionable and is qualified for all duties of a troop" (Inspection Report, 27 Nov. 1844).

Again commended, 8 Dec. 1845.

Ex-Engineer Dept. of Public Works, Coimbatore, 1853-1859.

Staff Corps, 1862–1863.

Died at Kamptee, of sunstroke, 15 April 1863.

Dhuleep Singh, illegitimate son of the Sikh ruler, Maharaja Ranjit Singh, was for a time, when Sir

¹ See Cadet Papers; Beng. Service Army List; Anderson's Ubique; India List; Dict. Indian Biography.

John Login was on leave, in the care of Major J. A. Campbell, whose descendant still possesses a jacket of purple silk and gold, scarlet silk trousers, a headdress and a necklace which belonged to the Prince (information contained in letters, dated 10 July 1924, from Angus, 20th Captain of Dunstaffnage, to his cousin, the editor, and from Constance (Mrs. Frederick) Campbell (Melfort), 6 Aug. 1924, to the same).

Married, in 1842, Annabella, daughter of James Robertson, a cadet of the house of Struan.

Issue: Alexander James Henry, born 1 Jan. 1846; married, 4 Jan. 1886, Jane, dau. of Alexander Campbell of Monzie. He died 9 March 1908, leaving issue:

Angus John, born 22 Nov. 1888. Served as interpreter in the Great War, Royal Horse Guards Blue, captured and imprisoned in Germany and selected for reprisals.

Neil Alexander, born 20 June 1890; married, 9 Oct. 1908, Anne, dau. of A. Turner of Taynuilt; died 3 July 1911. Two daughters.

Frederick Lorn, born 1849; 42nd Highlanders, later joined A.S.C. Died, unmarried, at St. Leonards, in 1869.

Roderick M'Neill Angus, born 19 Feb.; bap. 26 May 1854; married, in 1881, Kathleen Pickwoad. Died, 17 June 1903, in Shanghai, leaving three daughters:

Constance, married Brig.-Genl. Rose. Islay, married Capt. Henderson, R.N. Beatrice Campbell.

Constance Alice Everaline Eta, only dau.; bap. 14 Aug. 1852 at Jubbulpore; married, at Oban, 27 April 1887, Capt. Frederick Wm.

Campbell, R.H.A., only son of Major-Genl. Sir Frederick Alexr. Campbell (Melfort), K.C.B., R.A., and had issue:

Constance Margaret Lorn; married Chas. Walter Campbell Strickland, R.N., King's Harbour Master at Sheerness, accidentally killed by being run down by a train after taking leave of his children, Sept. 1918.

Issue: Two daughters, Alice and Katarin.

John, born 1856. Died young.

Major John Alexander Campbell was father of the 19th Captain of Dunstaffnage, who succeeded to that estate as heir of entail on the death of his cousin, Sir Donald Campbell, 3rd Baronet of Dunstaffnage.¹

169. JOHN ALEXANDER CAMPBELL, Lochend (Madras).

Eldest son of Genl. Sir John Campbell, C.B., K.C.S.I., of Lochend (late 41st Madras N.I., No. 161, q.v.), and Eliza, dau. of John Harrington of the Madras C.S.

Brother of William Henry Campbell (No. 247). Born, 7 June 1831, at Green Hill, Woolwich. Went to India overland.

¹ See Cadet Papers; Mad. Service Army List; India Register; Mad. Burials and Baptisms.

2nd class assistant to Commissioner of Mysore, 1862–1866.

Secretary to Commissioner of Mysore, 1868–1872.

On furlough, 1873–1874.

Commissioner, Mysore, 20 Dec. 1869 to 31 Dec. 1878.

Retired as Colonel, 31 Dec. 1878.

Subsequently (1893) became Private Secretary to the Maharaja of Mysore, and after his death to the Maharani, Regent of Mysore.

Died at Bournemouth, 23 Nov. 1912, in his 82nd year.

Married Anna Augusta, dau. of Henry Augustus Brett of Oosoor (Mad. C.S.), at Bangalore, 4 Nov. 1858.

Issue: John, born 14 Nov. 1860; died 2 April 1863, at Bangalore.

Henry Alexander, born 10 May; bap. 29 July 1863 at Bangalore. A coffee planter (1894) in Mysore.

Archibald, born 25 Nov.; bap. 20 Dec. 1864 at St. Thomé. Assistant Inspector (1894) Burma Police.

Allen John, born 1867. In the Cape Mounted Police (1894).

Cecil Herbert, born 18 Aug. 1869; died 4 Sept. 1871.

Eric, born ? 1870.

Eliza Adelaide, born 7 Nov., bap. 27 Dec. 1859. Married George Romilly, I.C.S.

Charlotte, died at Bangalore, 1889.

Anna Dora, born 8 Sept.; bap. 16 Oct. 1871 at Bangalore.

Cecilia Magdalena, born 5 July; bap. 23 Sept. 1877 at Shemoga, Mysore.

¹ See Cadet Papers; India Army List; Bengal Baptisms; Memls. of Melfort; Mad. Baptisms, Marriages and Burials.

170. JOHN ARCHIBALD CAMPBELL (Madras).

Born in Isle of Harris, Inverness, 6 July 1801.

Father dead in 1819, mother living.

Cousin, Archibald Macleod.

Uncle, Major-General John Macleod.

He was probably a member of the Strond family, Isle of Harris, N.B., who intermarried with the Macleods.

Cadet . . . 1818

Ensign . . 6 April 1820 9th N.I.

Lieut. . . 14 July 1822

Died, 24 March 1825, at Madras.

Buried in St. Mary's, Fort St. George.

Will dated 23 March, proved 24 Nov. 1825.

Mentions mother and uncle, Lieut.-Col. C. Macleod, C.B., who was appointed executor.

171. JOHN CHARLES HARRIS CAMPBELL (Madras).

Son of Edward Campbell, merchant, and Grace Gordon. Nephew of Sir Robt. Campbell, Bt. (see No. 86).

Born 11 Feb., bap. 8 March 1802, at Tanjore. (Father dead in 1817. Mother in India, married to Col. Deacon, E. I. Mil. Service.)

Arrived at Madras, 4 July 1818.

Brother of Edward Lennox and James Gordon Campbell (Nos. 89 and 129).

Captain . . . 26 May 1829
Involided to July 1821 in India

Invalided, 12 July 1831, in India.

Died, 18 (or 25) Nov. 1839, in England.

¹ See Cadet Papers; Madras Wills and Burials; India List; Madras Casualties.

Placed under orders of Resident at Hyderabad, 29 Nov. 1819.

Furlough to Europe on S.C., 12 Jan. 1821.

Posted to 47th Regt., 28 Feb. 1825.

Furlough to England on S.C., 17 Jan. 1827.

His case sent as an Insane, 18 March 1831.

Invalided, 12 July 1831.

Posted to 2nd Native Veteran Batt., 14 July 1831.

After two years in the Nilgherry Hills with no beneficial effect, sent to England in the Sesostris, 24 May 1833.

Issue: Charles Harris, by a native woman, born Sept.

1826; bap. 24 June 1830, at Poonamallee.1

172. JOHN COLIN CAMPBELL (Madras Medical).

Son of Captain Neil Campbell, Dunmore, Kilcalmonell, co. Argyll.

Born 29 Dec. 1808. Parents dead in 1830.

Brother of Lieut. Archibald Campbell, 42nd Royal Highlanders.

Nominated by Sir Robert Campbell, Bt., of Carrick Buoy, Deputy Chairman of the E. I. Co.

Sailed in the Bengal Merchant. Arrived in India, 28 April 1832.

Asst. Surgeon . 15 Nov. 1831 Surgeon . 9 Aug. 1849

Surgeon Major . 1861

Furlough 1835.

Forwards certificate of proficiency in the study of the diseases of the eye, which appears to be highly satisfactory, 25 May 1838.

Zillah Surgeon of Cuddapah, 1839-1845.

Granted a gratuity of Rs. 1000 in consequence of the high testimony borne to the value of his services

¹ See Cadet Papers; Mad. Service Army List; India Register; Mad. Baptisms.

in the organisation of the Kornoul Horse, 1 Nov. 1843.

Surgeon to Raja of Mysore, 1848–1865. Retired as Surgeon Major, 31 Jan. 1865. Died 15 Dec. 1869.

Issue: Mary Elizabeth Trower, born May 1847; died 4 Oct. 1854; buried in No. 1 cemetery attached to St. Stephen's Church, Ootacamund.

Charles Edward Ramsay, born Nov. 1848; died 20 Jan. 1855; buried in above cemetery.¹

173. JOHN DOUGLAS CAMPBELL (Bengal).

Son of John Campbell (1799–1834), Bengal C.S., Sessions Judge of Sylhet, and Margaret Flora Douglas. Grandson of Major John Campbell of H.M. Service and great-grandson of Arthur Balfour, Esq. His mother was residing at 4 Saxe-Coburg Place, Edinburgh, in 1838.

Brother of Arthur L. S. and James D. Campbell (Nos. 40 and 128, q.v.).

Born at Barrackpore, 21 Aug. 1820.

Nominated by the late Col. Campbell of H.M. Service (? his grandfather), Feb. 1838.

Joined Military Seminary, 1 Aug. 1838.

Presented with an artillery sword in the name of the Court of Directors as a testimony of their high approbation of his exemplary good conduct during his residence at Addiscombe.

To sail in the Samarang. Arrived at Fort William, 1 Aug. 1842.

2nd Lieut. . 11 June 1840 Bengal Engineers 1st Lieut. . 19 Feb. 1844

¹ See Inscriptions, Nilgiri Dist.; Cadet Papers; Mad. Service Army List; Misc. Mil. Records, vol. 112.

Served as Asst. Field Engineer with the army of Gwalior, 1843, 1844. Present at the battle of Maharajpore. Medal.

Served as Asst. Field Engineer on the Sind Frontier in 1844. With the army of Pegu, 1852, 1853.

Recommended by Major Hill for his professional skill and "unremitting zeal" during the investment of Pegu, 1852–1853. Medal.

Served during the Mutiny of 1857 in the Agra district, and in Fort Agra as Field Engineer.

Supg. Engineer, 1st Class, 1st Grade, 2 Jan. 1860.

Dep. of Public Works, 1860-1874.

Retired, 1 July 1877, with rank of Lieut.-Genl.

Died, 25 May 1885, at Gwalior House, Southgate.

Married:

- (1) Agnes —, who died aged 24, and was buried in the Scotch and Dissenters' Burial Ground, Calcutta, 8 Sept. 1842.
- (2) Harriette Alister Stewart, widow (born 1821), at Simla, 23 Aug. 1848.

174. JOHN FORBES CAMPBELL (Bengal).

Son of the late —— Campbell, Surgeon in H.M. Service, and Alexandrina ——.

Born at sea off Madagascar on the James Sibbald, 18 Sept. 1825.

Mrs. Campbell was one of seven passengers on board the James Sibbald, Capt. James Keith Forbes, from London to Bombay. The birth of her son

¹ See Cadet Papers; Beng. Service Army List; India Register; Anderson's Ubique; Beng. Marriages; Beng. Obituary.

on 18-19 Sept. 1825 is entered after her name in the list of passengers, but with no particulars. The passengers landed at Bombay 1 Oct. 1825.

Admitted to the service, 1843.

Sailed in the City of Poona.

Arrived at Fort William, 29 June 1843.

Cadet . . . 1843

Ensign . . . 25 Feb. 1843 2nd Eu. Regt.

(Bengal Fusiliers)

Lieut. . . 23 Oct. 1845 Captain . . 23 Nov. 1856 Major . . 2 Mar. 1868

Served against the Hill Tribes in Scinde under Sir C. Napier, Punjab Campaign, 1848, 1849. Present at Ramnagar, passage of the Chenab, Chilianwala, Gujerat, &c. Medal and clasps.

Served in Burma in 1853. Medal, 1854.

Thanked for his services at the storm of Delhi, 1857, and recommended for reward. Medal and clasp.

Staff Corps, 12 Sept. 1866. Married Frances Rickenan (?).

Issue: Emily Frances, born 4 July; bap. 6 August 1857 at Sabathoo.

Died, 30 Jan. 1869, at Fort Attock, where he was Commandant.

Admon. to the Administrator General, 8 July 1870.1

175. JOHN GEORGE CAMPBELL (Bengal).

Son of John Campbell of Annfield, junr., Writer to the Signet (d. 1855), and Frances, youngest dau. of John Brown, merchant, of Glasgow.

Born, 12 Dec. 1808, at Dumpace, Stirling. Brother of Wm. Hector Campbell (No. 246). Joined Seminary, Addiscombe, 1 Aug. 1823.

¹ See Beng. Service Army List; Cadet Papers; India Register; Anderson's Ubique; Misc. Mil. Records, vol. 254; Beng. Baptisms, Burials and Wills; Bomb. Gaz., 16 Feb. 1869; Marine Records, vol. lxiv.

Sailed in the Catherine, 1824.

2nd Lieut., 25 Sept. 1825. Artillery.

Struck off, 4 Jan. 1829, in India.

Cashiered, G.O.C.C., 29 Dec. 1828, by the sentence of a General Court Martial.

Court-martialled at Agra, 8 Nov. 1828, for conduct unbecoming the character of an officer and a

gentleman.

18t. "In having, at Agra, on the 30th day of Sept. 1828, gone to the quarters of Lieut. C. H. Burt, 64th Regt. N.I., between the hours of 10 and 11 P.M. after that officer had retired to bed, and then and there, during a dispute which ensued, having struck with his horsewhip, and grossly abused the said Lieut. Burt.

and. "In having at the same time and place, abused in gross and outrageous language, some Sepoys on duty as a night guard, at Lieut. Burt's quarters."

Sentenced to be discharged the service.

In consideration of his youth, inexperience and contrition, the Commander in Chief, on condition of his making a full and public apology to Lieut. Burt, commutes the sentence to the loss of eighteen steps, his regimental rank to be post dated 14 Aug. 1827 (Bengal G.O. (1828), p. 686).

Again court-martialled, 29 Dec. 1828, charged "with having, on the 24th Nov. 1828, whilst under arrest, and awaiting the decision of the Commander in Chief upon the proceedings of a General Court Martial... quitted the Cantonments at Agra, and proceeded to the Garden of Rambagh, on the opposite bank of the river Jumna, where he was found in a state of intoxication, on the afternoon or evening of the same day, by a party of Soldiers sent out to apprehend another Officer."

Sentenced to be cashiered (Ibid., pp. 725-726).1

¹ See Cadet Papers; Stubbs' Bengal Artillery.

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176. JOHN GEORGE CAMPBELL (Bengal).

Son of Lieut.-Col. Jno. Campbell (No. 159, q.v.) and Emily Leicester.

Born 12 Oct.; bap. 7 Nov. 1838 at St. Leonard's, Heavitree, Devon.

Educated at Cheltenham College.

Nominated by Lieut.-Col. Oliphant, a Director of the E. I. Co.

Recommended by Edwd. Marjoribanks, Esq.

Admitted to the service, 5 Feb. 1856.

Arrived at Fort William, 6 April 1856.

Ensign 26 Feb. 1856 15th N.I., 23 May 1856

Served with 3rd Bengal Europeans during mutinies of 1857–1858, including outbreak of the 15th N.I. at Nusseerabad, 28 May 1857, operations at Sherghur Ghat in May 1858, and was with the column from

Agra towards Gwalior in June 1858. Medal.

Furlough to Europe on S.C. for 15 months, 24 Dec. 1860. Served with 30th Regt. Punjab Infantry in Bhutan campaign, 1864–1865. Present at captures of Chamuchi on 31 Dec. 1864, Bala on 15 March 1865, and Nagoh on 27 March 1865. Medal and clasp.

First Wing Officer 30th N.I., 1865-1870.

Public Works Dept., 1870.

Placed on U.S. List, 10 May 1894, with rank of Major-General.

Died, 23 July 1912, at 31 Wilson's Road, Ramsgate.1

See Bengal Service Army List; Cadet Papers; India List; Misc. Mil. Records, vol. 272.

177. JOHN GORE CAMPBELL (Bengal).

Son of Lieut.-Col. John Campbell and Catherine Grace, 6th dau. of Sir Wm. Gore, P.C., 3rd Bt., Custos Rotulorum of Leitrim.

His father received his first commission in the 5th West India Regiment at the age of 14, and was appointed Barrack Master at Nenagh 27 Sept. 1807.

Born at Ste. Adresse, Havre, 3 June 1834.

Brother of Robert Dallas Campbell (No. 218).

Admitted to the service, 1853. Arrived at Fort William, 3 Oct. 1853.

Cadet . . . 1852

Ensign . . . 20 Aug. 1853 42nd N.I.

Lieut. . . 9 Nov. 1855 Captain . . 30 July 1862

Served in the Sonthal (Santal) Campaign, 1855, 1856. Served in the Saugor District in the Mutiny, 1857, 1858, 1859. Medal.

Exchanged to 104th Foot, 1864.

Major . . 25 Feb. 1875 Lieut.-Col. . 25 Feb. 1880 Colonel . . 25 Feb. 1884

Col. Commdg. Regtl. District, South Wales Borderers, 27 July 1885.

Retired, 3 June 1889, Col. 2nd Batt. Royal Munsters. Died, 13 March 1903, at St. Jean de Luz, B.P., France.¹

178. JOHN HENRY CAMPBELL (Bengal).

Son of William Campbell the younger and Matilda, of Ederline, Kilmichael Glassary, co. Argyll.

Born 28 Nov. 1839. Father dead in 1858. Mother then residing at 7 West Princes Street, Glasgow.

Recommended by Col. W. E. Baker, Military Secretary, India Office.

Nominated by Sir Proby T. Cautley, K.C.B.

¹ See Beng. Service Army List; India Register; Anderson's Ubique.

Cadet 1857

Ensign . . . 11 June 1859 5th Eu. Inf. Lieut. . . 26 Oct. 1860

Transferred to 109th Foot (Bombay Regt.) 1864.

. 29 Sept. 1890 Colonel . Hon. Brig.-Genl. 8 Aug. 1917

Retired on Pension, 12 August 1891.

Brig.-Genl. J. H. Campbell served with the expedition into Arabia, 1863-66, and took part in the action of Bir Said, and subsequent operations in the interior.

Died, 27 Oct. 1918, at Pembridge Villas, Notting Hill, W.¹

179. JOHN HENRY ASHFIELD CAMPBELL (Bombay).

Son of Captain Campbell, Marine Store Dept., Bombay. Born 28 Jan. 1825.

Admitted to the Service, 1846. To sail in the Syria.

Arrived at Bombay, 11 Oct. 1846.

Cadet . 1846

Ensign . . 11 July 1846 21st N.I.

5 July 1851 Lieut. . .

"Is somewhat wanting in zeal, smartness and intelligence, and knowledge of his duty very limited " (Inspn. Report, 11 Jan. 1849).

"His general character and military qualifications in-

different " (Inspn. Report, 7 Jan. 1851).

Transferred to Invalid Establishment at his own request (G.O., 31 Dec. 1851).

Died, 1855, in Europe.

¹ See Cadet Papers; Anderson's Ubique; India List, &c.

With regard to the parentage of John Henry Ashfield Campbell, Capt. Herbert Campbell (Ashfield), M.C., writes to the editor, 26 Sept. 1924:

I have no knowledge of this man; but he must obviously be somehow connected with my ancestors' property. From about 1750 (or earlier) to 1820 some other Campbells, undoubtedly an illegitimate branch of Craignish, held a tack of the property, and from long tenure came to believe themselves of Duntroon-Ashfield stock. Possibly he was one of them—in fact, I should say probably; for he is unlikely to belong to my family, since all males are known that branched off subsequently to the adoption of the anglicised form of the place-name. It is just conceivable he might be an illegitimate grandson of John Campbell (second son of John Campbell of Ashfield), who died in India, unmarried, about 1805. But I am inclined to think he must come of this Craignish branch —probably his father was a younger son of Niall Campbell, tacksman of Ashfield.¹

180. SIR JOHN NICOLL ROBERT CAMPBELL, and Bt., K.C.H., K.L.S. (Madras).

Eldest son and heir of Sir Robert Campbell, Bt., of Carrick Buoy, and Elizabeth Pasley. (See note to No. 86.)

Brother of Sir Edward Alexander, James Wm. Henry, and Robert Henry Scott Campbell (Nos. 86, 134, and 219).

Born at Bimlipatam, Madras, 25 May 1799.

Arrived at Madras, 4 July 1818, in the George the Third.

1817 Transferred from Cadet

> Beng. Inf. Madras Cavalry,

4 March 1818

. . 28 July 1818 Cornet

. . 1 Sept. 1818 Lieut. 2nd Cavalry

. 8 Dec. 1826 Captain

¹ See Bomb. Service Army List; Cadet Papers.

Appointed extra A.D.C. to Sir John Malcolm, 5 April 1820.

Appointed A.D.C. to the C.-in-C., 15 March 1822.

Second Asst. to the Envoy to Persia, 20 April 1824.

Or. Mr. Interpreter and Paymaster, 2nd Regt. Lt. Cav., 8 Oct. 1824.

Persian Interpreter to H.Q. of Army, 12 Aug. 1825.

To accompany the Envoy to the Court of Persia as 2nd Asst., 10 Feb. 1826.

Sir J. Macdonald commends his "ability and zeal," 24 June 1829.

Strongly urges that he may not be removed, 13 Aug. 1829.

To be 1st Asst. to the Envoy to Persia, 26 Dec. 1829.

On the death of Sir J. Macdonald, who had "the most entire confidence" in him, appointed to take temporary charge of the Mission. Appointment confirmed by the Court, 20 July 1831.

Knighted, 15 Dec. 1832 (Letters Patent granted, 22 Dec.

1832).

Decoration of the 2nd Class of the Lion and the Sun conferred on him, 12 Oct. 1835.

Reports the state of affairs in Persia, Nov. 1835.

Resigns his functions as Envoy, 4 Nov. 1835.

Recommended to the special consideration of the Court, 30 March 1836.

"In consideration of his having been called to the performance of a variety of important and arduous duties . . . discharged in a manner entirely satisfactory," and of his "having been subjected to much personal suffering from a malignant ophthalmia contracted while zealously engaged in the public service," the Court granted him a pension of £400 per annum (Minutes of 30 Nov. 1836, 25 Jan. and 29 March 1837).

Permitted to wear the insignia of the Order of the Lion and Sun, 1st Class, 29 July 1836.

Royal Hanoverian Guelphic Order, K.C.H., 1836.

Retired, 5 May 1839.

Died in Germany about April 1870.

Married, 25 March 1828, at St. Pancras New Church, Grace Elizabeth, 2nd dau. of Thos. Bainbridge, Esq., of Queen's Square, London, and Croydon Lodge, Surrey. She died 21 Dec. 1863.

Issue: Gilbert Edward, 92nd Highlanders, 3rd Bt., born 29 April 1838; married, 14 July 1870, Esther Selina, dau. of Chas. Baynham, Esq. Helen Annette, married, 12 Aug. 1856, Rev. Edwd. P. Eddrup, M.A., Prebendary of Salisbury Cathedral and Principal of the Theolog. College.¹

181. JOHN PETER WILLIAM CAMPBELL (Bengal).

Third son of Capt. Sir Duncan Campbell (d. 2 April 1842), 1st Bt., of Barcaldine and Glenure, H.M. Service, 3rd Guards (now Scots Guards), and Elizabeth Dreghorn, dau. of James Dennistoun, of Dennistoun, co. Dumbarton.

Born 18 March 1824.

Nominated by Sir Robt. Campbell, Bt., at the recommendation of His Grace the Duke of Argyll, who had obtained the commission for his elder brother, Sir Alexander, but he being over age it was given to his next brother.

Admitted to the service, 30 Nov. 1842. Sailed in the *Plantagenet*. Arrived at Fort William, 30 Nov. 1842.

Ensign . . . 28 July 1842 47th N.I. (Volunteers) at Benares

¹ See Cadet Papers; Beng. Service Army List; Knights of England; Madras G.O.; Gent. Mag., 1824; Burke's Peerage.

Lieut. . . 21 Jan. 1846 Lahore

Captain . . . 23 Nov. 1856 China Station,

1857–1859

Major . . . 28 July 1862 Staff Corps Lieut.-Col. . . 28 July 1868 Staff Corps Colonel . . . 28 July 1873 Staff Corps

Major-Genl. . 14 June 1876

Served on the Sutlej, 1845–1846, and was engaged at Moodkee and Ferozeshah, for which he received a medal and a bar. Severely wounded.

Served as Qr. Mr. on the Hazara border in 1852–1853, under Col. Makeson. Medal with clasp.

Appointed 2nd in Command of 2nd Sikh Infantry, 10 Feb. 1845. (Uniform green, facings black.)

Served as Officiating Staff Officer, Punjab Irreg. Force, in the expedition on the Dehra Ghazee Khan border in 1857. Present at the taking of the Khanbund Defile, 7 March 1857.

Staff Corps, 3 April 1860.

Commandant 1st Sikh Infantry, 3 April 1860, to officiate vice Somerville, transferred to 5th Punjab Infantry. Joined headquarters on 21 April. Appointed Commandant vice Lieut.-Col. G. Gordon, who died in March 1860, appointment

to date from 3 April.

On 31 March 1863 appointed to officiate as Commandant of the 5th Gurkhas in the Ambala Campaign. He handed over the command of the 1st Sikhs to Capt. J. Quinn during his absence. During this campaign he distinguished himself in action and was mentioned in despatches, 25 Oct. 1863 (G.G.O. 76 of 1864). He lost the middle finger of his right hand in action at Eagles' Crag Picket on 20 Nov. 1863. As this incapacitated his sword arm (and thus left him, as an officer, defenceless), his wound pension of £200 a year became one for life. This probably constituted a record

holding of a wound pension, as he held it from

1863 to 1901.

On 6 March 1864 the appointments of the British Officers under the New Organisations were made, Major J. P. W. Campbell to be Commandant. On 6 Dec. he returned, and re-assumed the command of the 1st Sikhs.

On 30 June 1865 he was granted five months' leave, resuming Command on 30 Nov.

In the ordinary triennial relief of the Regiments of the Punjab Frontier Force, which was published in August 1865, it was directed that the 1st Sikhs should go to Kohat. Being employed off the Frontier, it was ordered that they should relieve each other by wings. In conformity with this order, the headquarters and right wing of the Regiment marched from Multan on 12 Oct., and pursuing the route of Jhang, Shahpur, Jhelam, reached Peshawar on 25 Nov. The left wing marched from Multan by the same route on 15 Jan. 1866, and reached Peshawar on 2 March.

On 10 Dec. 1869 Lieut.-Col. Campbell was appointed to the Officiating Command of the 5th Gurkhas.

The Regiment obtained the India Medal of 1854, with clasps "North West Frontier and Ambela," also the clasp for the Black Mountain, 1852, Shah Musa Khel, 1854, and Buzdar, 1857.

On 18 Jan. 1872 he rejoined the 1st Sikh Regt. and assumed command. On 27 Jan. 1872 the Regt. received orders to take part in the Dawar Expedition, marched the same day, and reached its destination on 2 Feb. On 7 Feb. the force marched up the Tochi Pass, the 1st Sikhs leading the column, meeting with resistance at Haidar Khel, where the Tochi Pass opens out into the Dawar Valley. Defeating the enemy, the force commenced its march back on the 8th.

Extract from Brigade Orders by Brig. General C. P. Keys. Edwardesabad, No. 12.D, dated 8 Feb. 1872.

In the attack on Haidar Khel Village the brunt of the engagement fell on the 1st Sikh Infantry. The Brigadier General therefore offers his warm congratulations to Lt. Col. Campbell and his Regt. on the success that attended their gallant and spirited assault.

Letter No. 512 from Officiating Secretary, Government of Punjab, to Br. Genl. Keys, C.B., dated 21 Feb. 1872.

It gives the Lt. Governor much pleasure to place on record his admiration of the brilliant manner in which Lt. Col. Campbell, Commanding the 1st Sikh Infantry, led his regiment to the successful attack and capture of the village of Haidar Khel, thus adding to the already high reputation of both.

and in conclusion I am to request that you will convey to the whole force employed, the Lieutenant Governor's cordial thanks for the high military spirit they have shewn throughout the entire operations.

On 21 Feb. 1874 Col. Campbell proceeded on furlough. During 1875 bagpipes were instituted in the Regiment as an alternative with the band. The pipes were obtained from Edinburgh, and the number at first was fixed at four pipes.

On I April 1876 Col. Campbell was permitted to retire from the service. In Brigade Orders of 14 April Col. Campbell received a farewell order after a service of twenty-two years in the Punjab Frontier Force, and sixteen in the Regiment as its Commandant.

30 Oct. 1901, died suddenly, aged 78, at 62 Doughty Street, W.C. Buried at Brookwood Cemetery, Woking.

Married:

(1) 14 Oct. 1847, Frances Charlotte, dau. of Alfred William Begbie, I.C.S., by Margaret

Anna, his wife, only dau. of James Grant, H.E.I.C.S., 3rd son of Sir Ludovic Grant, 6th Bt., of Dalvey. She died of bronchitis, I July

1874, at Edwardesabad, aged 48.

(2) 10 Aug. 1875, Louisa, widow of Capt. Bonar, R.A., and 2nd dau. of Alexander Campbell of Monzie, by his wife Christina, only dau. and heir of Sir Duncan Cameron, Bt., of Fassiefern.

Issue:

By first wife:

- 1. Alexander William Dennistoun, heir presumptive. Born 8 Sept. 1848. Educated at Tonbridge and Brasenose College, Oxford. First Commission, 16th Lancers. Lieut., 30 Dec. 1871, 15th Hussars, serving in India. Bengal Staff Corps, 1878 to retirement. Captain, 30 Dec. 1883. Major, 30 Dec. 1891. Lieut.-Col., 30 Dec. 1897. Served in Afghan War, 1879–80. Medal. Asst. Commr. 3rd Grade N.W. Provinces and Oudh. Cantonment Magistrate in N.W.P. and Oudh, 6 April 1882 to date of retirement. Passed examination in Persian—high proficiency. Retired, 1 Feb. 1900.
- 2. Duncan John Alfred, born 1854, B.C.S. (retired), late District Judge, Central India, formerly Commissioner in Burma, served through the Upper Burma campaign, 1826–9 (medal with two clasps). Married, 12 July 1890, Mary Snell, dau. of Septimus Gibbon, M.D. Issue:

Jean Linda Dennistoun, born 1893.

3. Francis James Brooke, born 7 Feb.; bap. at Bunnoo 5 April 1861. Lieut.-Col. Indian Army. Married, 7 May 1889, Ethel May,

dau. of Dep.-Surg. Gen. C. E. Raddock. Died 1 July 1918, leaving issue:

Francis Eric Dennistoun, born 17 Aug. 1892. Capt. late South Lancashire Regt. May Lilian, born 4 March 1890. Married, Sept. 1916, Capt. Henry Harman Wadeson, Indian Army.

4. Gerald Edward Lyon, born 8 Oct.; bap. 10 Oct. 1863, at Abbottabad. Madras C.S. Married, 12 Oct. 1886, Sybil, dau. of Major-Genl. Thomas Ross Church, C.I.E. Died Feb. 1902, leaving issue:

Mary Hamilton.

5. Richard Hamilton, born 26 Nov.; bap. at Rawul Pindi 25 Dec. 1865. C.I.E. (1912). Madras C.S. (retired). Private Sec. to H.H. Maharajah of Mysore. Married, 29 May 1889, Ellen Emily Harrington, dau. of Henry James Colley Gompertz, Madras Revenue Survey. Died 19 March 1923, leaving issue:

Eric Lyon Hamilton, born 23 May, 1890.

Died 20 Nov. 1891.

Ian Vincent Hamilton, born 1895. Late Lieut. 12th Service Batt. the King's Liverpool Regt. Served in Great War (wounded at Eaucourt L'Abbaye, Somme, 12 Oct. 1916). Married, 14 July 1920, Madeline Lowe Reid, eldest dau. of H. Anglin Whitelocke, M.D., F.R.C.S., of Oxford. Issue, a son, born 7 Jan. 1925. Richard Henry Dennistoun, born 8 Sept.

1901.

Christine May, born 18 July 1892.

Emily Frances Margaret. Married, 20 Jan. 1872, Lieut.-Col. Francis Richard Begbie, late Indian Army, and has issue.

Elizabeth Helen Montagu. Married 23 Dec. 1878, James R. Drummond, Bengal C.S. Died 8 June 1881.

By second wife:

6. Ian Alastair, born 26 Aug. 1876. 2nd Lieut. Gordon Highlanders. Late R.N. Died, 23 Oct. 1899, from wounds received at Elandslaagte, South Africa.

7. Patrick Duncan, died an infant, 29 Aug. 1880. Christina (Branda Ranch, Rhodesia). Married, 14 Oct. 1902, Richard Ernest Campbell, Capt. 3rd King Edward's Horse (who assumed the name of Campbell), youngest son of Henry Gompertz, late Madras Survey, and has issue.

A brass to the memory of Major-General John Peter William Campbell and some of his children was placed by his nephew, the editor, in the Parish Church of St. Margaret, Bowers Gifford, Essex, in which parish he is a landowner.

182. JOHN ROBERTSON CAMPBELL (Madras).

Third son of Lieut.-Col. Campbell, 49th Regt., of Roseville, Gatehouse of Fleet, Kirkcudbright.

Born at Peebles, 20 Dec. 1827.

Sailed in the Walmer Castle. Arrived at Madras, 25 May 1844.

Posted to 3rd or Palamcottah N.I., 12 Nov. 1844.

Conduct and character very good (Inspn. Report, 30 March 1846).

Passed an examination in Hindustani, 31 July 1846.

¹ See Cadet Papers; Beng. Service Army List; Anderson's Ubique; India Register; Beng. Marriages, Baptisms and Burials; Kelly's Handbook; Beng. Genl. Orders; History of the 1st Sikh Infantry; London Gazette.

His Batt. at Aden, 1849–1853.

On furlough, 1851–1853.

Died, 2 Jan. 1859, at Mangalore, of fever.

Monument to his memory at Mangalore.¹

With regard to John Robertson Campbell's parentage, Francis J. Grant, Rothesay Herald and Lyon Clerk, writes as follows, 30 Sept. 1924:

Lt.-Colonel William Campbell of Roseville seems to have died before 1857, as his widow was then living at Roseville. I cannot trace his testament or the exact date of his death, nor do I find them among the Kirkcudbright families of Campbell. As his son was born at Peebles, it looks as if the father was a rolling stone.

183. JOHN RONALD CAMPBELL, Kinloch (Bengal).

Third son of Lieut.-Col. John Campbell of Kinloch (38th Madras N.I., No. 166, q.v.) and Margaret, dau. of Dr. P. Mathews, physician to the King of Lucknow.

Born at Jaulnah, Madras, 12 Nov. 1842. Educated at Addiscombe.

Cadet 1860

8 June 1860 37th N.I. Ensign

1 Jan. 1862 2nd Punjab Cav-Lieut. alry, B.S.C., 22

Feb. 1864

Captain

. 27 Nov. 1869 Adjt. in 1870 . 8 June 1880 Squad. Comd Major Squad. Comdr., 21 Jan. 1881

Served in the Jowaki Expedition, 1877. Medal with clasp. Afghan War, 1878-9-80. Occupation of Kandahar under Sir Donald Stewart, Girishk and Khelat-i-Ghilzai. Action of Ahmed Khel and Urzoo. Mentioned in despatches; medal with clasp.

¹ See Cadet Papers; Mad. Service Army List; India Register; Mad. Burials.

Present at advance to Kandahar.

Retired, 16 Aug. 1889.

Died after a lingering illness at Bedford, 12 May 1891. Married, in 1872, Mary Louisa Sutherland, dau. of Walter Augustus Bethune, Esq., of Dunrobin, Tasmania.

Issue: Margaret, born 8 Nov.; died 10 Dec. 1873, at Edwardesabad.

Helen Mary.

Ada Louisa, born 5 Aug.; bap. 15 Sept. 1877 at Murree.

Ronald Augustus, born 1881.1

184. JOHN WEMYSS CAMPBELL, Kinloch (Bengal).

Eldest son of Major-Genl. Charles Campbell (No. 45, q.v.), 42nd Bengal Native Infantry, and Caroline Charlotte, eldest dau. of James Wemyss, Bengal C.S.

Born at Hawalbagh, India, 6 April 1834.

Admitted to the service at Fort William, 29 Sept. 1852.

Cadet . . 1851

Ensign . . 20 Aug. 1852 51st N.I., 28 Dec. 1853

Lieut. . . 23 Nov. 1856

Second in Command, Moultanee Cavalry, 26 March 1860.

Died, 12 Sept. 1860, at Asnee, of cholera.2

185. KENNETH CAMPBELL (Bengal).

Cadet for Bengal. Appointed 13 Nov. 1781. To sail in the Busbridge.³

[No further mention found.]

¹ See Cadet Papers; Anderson's Ubique; India List; Memls. of the House of Melfort; Beng. Baptisms and Burials.

² See Bengal Service Army List; India Register.

³ See Cadet Papers, vol. 2.

186. KENNETH CAMPBELL (Bengal).

Son of Donald Campbell of Lyndale, Snizort, Isle of Skye; deceased before 1821.

Born 6 May 1803.

Uncle, John Campbell, merchant, in White Lion Court, Cornhill.

Arrived in Bengal, 4 May 1822.

Lieut. . . 15 Jan. 1824 23rd and 45th N.I.

Captain . . 8 June 1832 45th N.I.

Major . . 18 July 1850

Wounded in the movement on "Ratnapulling," 1824. Reported "to deserve the greatest credit for his coolness and exertions on this occasion." He was a member of Capt. Noton's post at Ramoo, which was cut off by the Burmese in May 1824, after the detachment had been fighting night and day. He was slightly wounded, but got away through the hills by a circuitous route to Chittagong, and was one of the three officers who survived the affair.

24 March 1831. Tried by court martial, and found guilty of using "gross and abusive language" to his C.O., but "acquitted of conduct disgraceful to his character as an officer and a gentleman." To be reprimanded by the C.-in-C.

25 July 1833. Retrenchment confirmed "against Capt. Campbell thro' whose carelessness the Drummers of the Regiment were neither supplied with caps nor with compensation in lieu of them for a period of nearly four years."

13 Feb. 1838. Some of the officers not on speaking terms with Capt. Campbell (Inspection Report).

4 March 1840. "A coolness still exists between Capt. Campbell and three officers" (Inspection Report).

23 Feb. 1843. Tried by court martial and found guilty of "highly unbecoming conduct" in using "disrespectful and contumacious observations" regarding his superior officer. Severely reprimanded.

With 45th N.I. at Secrole, Benares, 1848.

Died at Bareilly, 17 April 1851.

Will dated 6 April 1834. Proved 8 Oct. 1851.

Mentions:

Wife, Mary Anne, in Europe in 1834.

Paternal grandfather, Malcolm Campbell.

Desires the following inscription may be placed on his tomb, either in India or on the family vault in Uig, Skye, Scotland:

What thou art reading o'er my bones, I've often read on other stones. And others soon shall read of thee, What thou art reading now of me.

Married Mary Anne ——.

Issue: Mary Anne Louisa, born at Benares, 12 Feb. 1829.

Kenneth Donald John, born at Neemuch, 27 June 1831.

Elizabeth Louisa, born at Muttra, 2 March 1833. Jessie Rebecca, born at Muttra, 26 Aug. 1834. Roderick, born at Shahjehanpoor, 7 Nov. 1837. Mary Alice, born at Benares, 7 July 1843.

187. KENNETH DONALD JOHN CAMPBELL (Bengal).

Son of Major Kenneth Campbell (No. 186, q.v.) and Mary Anne Campbell.

Born, 27 June 1831, at Neemuch.

Admitted to the service, 1848.

Arrived at Fort William, 9 Nov. 1850.

¹ See Bengal Service Army List; Bengal Baptisms; Bengal Wills; Bengal Burials; Calcutta Gazette, 24 and 27 May and 9 July 1824.

Cadet . . . 1850

Ensign . . 14 June 1850 29th N.I.

Lieut. . . 9 Mar. 1855

Died, 12 July 1856, at a village near Shahpur.

Administration granted to his mother, Mary Anne Campbell, 18 Feb. 1857.¹

188. LEVESON GRANVILLE ALEXANDER CAMPBELL, Fairfield (Bengal).

Son of Major Charles Hay Campbell (died 1832), Bengal Artillery (No. 46, q.v.), and Jane Wemyss Murray, eld. dau. of the Hon. Leveson Granville Keith Murray.

Born, 6 Oct. 1825, at Dumdum.

Brother of A. F. M. and G. G. J. Campbell (Nos. 38 and 99).

Cornet, Ayrshire Yeomanry Cavalry, 21 May 1845.

Commission appointing him, under the hand and seal of Lord Eglinton and Winton, Lord Lieut. of Ayrshire.

Petitioned to be a Cadet for Bengal, 1846.

Admitted to the service, 1846.

Arrived at Fort William, 9 Feb. 1847.

Cadet . . . 1846

Ensign . . . 20 Dec. 1846 53rd N.I., 22 Nov. 1847

Lieut. . . 12 Oct. 1851 Captain . . 27 June 1857

Lieut. and 2nd in Command, 2nd Assam Light Infantry, 20 March 1855, in which Regt. he served during the Mutiny. (The 53rd N.I. was one of the Regts. that mutinied at Cawnpore.)

Head Assist. Dep. Comr. of Assam in 1858.

On furlough, 1860.

Retired, 19 June 1861.

Later was Justice of the Peace for co. Ayr.

¹ See Bengal Service Army List; Bengal Administrations.

Died, 13 July 1907.

Married:

- (1) 10 July 1849, Sarianne (1826–1890), dau. of David Cowan (93rd Highlanders), of Mussoorie.
- (2) 23 May 1891, Emma, dau. of Thomas Dudley, Esq.

Issue:

1. Leveson Granville, Major late Ayr Yeomanry Cavalry, born 1 Nov. 1854 at Gowhatty, Assam; married, 24 Feb. 1876, Mary Douglas, youngest dau. of W. A. Bethune of Dunrobin, Tasmania, and has issue:

Leveson Granville Byron Alexander, Lieut. R.N., born 9 June 1881; married, 1906, Harriet Mary Eleanor, dau. of the Rev. R. Hereford, Rector of Mordiford, Herefordshire, and has issue:

L. G. Robert, born 9 March 1907. Charles Hay, Q.O. Corps of Guides, I.A., born 14 June 1883.

Walter Gunning, born 19 Feb. 1886. Frederick Fincastle, born 13 July 1887.

Muriel Wemyss Bethune.

Ruth Davenport.

Elsie.

Mary Douglas, died an infant.

Nona Douglas.

Helen Bethune.

Edith Every.

Marion d'Este.

2. Charles Hay, born 19 July, bap. 4 Oct. 1858; at Gowhatty, Assam.

3. Genl. Sir Frederick Campbell, K.C.B., D.S.O., cr. 1916, born 25 Feb. 1860; married, 10 June 1886, Eleanor Martha, dau. of J. Cannon, Esq. Served in the R. Ayr and Wigtown Mil.,

40th Foot, Q.O. Corps of Guides. Genl., retired, late Indian Army and Col. 40th Pathans; D.A.A.G. for Musquetry at H.Q., India, 1906–8; in Comd. of Dehra Dun Brigade, 1908–12, of the Kohat Brigade, 1912–1915, and of 1st (Peshawar) Div. Northern

Army in India, 1915-19.

1. Ada Murray, born 11 Aug. 1853, at Barrack-pore; married, 9 July 1874, Major-Genl. Robert Byng Campbell, C.B., Indian Staff Corps (No. 216), eldest son of Lieut.-Col. John Campbell and grandson of John Campbell of Kinloch, co. Perth, and has issue; he died 13 Oct. 1897.

2. Edith Milne, born 24 Sept. 1855 at Gowhatty,

Assam.¹

189. LOUDOUN FRANCIS CAMPBELL (Madras).

Third son of Sir John Campbell of Ardnamurchan, co. Argyll, 7th Bt. (1807–1853), Lieut.-Govr. of the Isle of St. Vincent, West Indies, 1845–1853, and Hannah Elizabeth, dau. of James Macleod of Raasay.

Born at 12 Walker Street, Edinburgh, 2 Jan. 1842.

Brother of Frederick Campbell (No. 90, q.v.).

Lady Campbell married secondly Mr. Maule, and was residing in Van Diemen's Land in 1856.

Cadet		•	1858/g
Ensign	•	•	4 Feb. 1859 Attached 47th N.I
Lieut.	•	•	1 Jan. 1862 50th N.I.
Captain	•	•	4 Feb. 1871
Major	•	•	4 Feb. 1879

Lieut.-Col. . 17 Feb. 1885 Colonel . . 1 Dec. 1887

¹ See Beng. Service Army List; India List; Beng. Marriages and Baptisms; Personal Records; Heraldry of the Campbells.

Burmese Expedition of 1885–1887. Medal with clasps. On furlough, 1861.

With 36th N.I., 1862.

With 22nd N.I., 1863-1866.

Staff Corps, 1867–1887.

Wing Officer, 26th N.I., 16 March 1874 to 26 March 1885.

Wing Commander, 26th N.I., 26 March 1885 to 1 Dec. 1887.

On furlough, 1878.

On furlough, 1882–1883.

Retired as Colonel, 1 Dec. 1887.

Died, aged 57, 3 Oct. 1899, at 25 Hova Villas, Hove.¹

Inscription on tomb in Hove Cemetery, Old Shoreham Road.

In loving memory of Loudoun Francis Campbell
Colonel Madras Staff Corps
third son of Sir John Campbell Bart. of
Ardnamurchan, Argyllshire
died at Hove 3rd October 1899
aged 57 years.

He served many years in India and through the Burmese War of 1886–1887, receiving medal and clasp.

He had a loving heart and "God is love."

190. MARCUS DILL CAMPBELL, M.D. (Madras Medical).

Born at Clanderadoch, Donegal, 12 May 1823. Father dead in 1851.

Uncle, John Dill, surgeon, of Brighton.

Nominated when at Mauritius in 1851 by Sir Robert Campbell, Bt., a Director of the E. I. Co. (Governor in 1831), at the request of Lady Pocock.

Assist. Surgeon, 24 May 1852.

To do duty with 2nd European Regt. at Secunderabad, 15 Oct. 1852.

¹ See Cadet Papers; Indian Army List.

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Passed examination in Hindustani, 31 May 1853. Died, 12 July 1853, at Gaidawaddy.¹

191. MATTHEW CAMPBELL (Madras).

Son of Mr. Matthew Campbell, Purveyor to E. I.

College, and Elizabeth Campbell.

Baptised, 20 April 1802, at St. Andrew's, Hertford. Joined Military Seminary at Addiscombe, 6 Feb. 1818. Admitted to the service, 1820.

Cadet . . . 1819

2nd Lieut.. . 16 June 1820 1st Batt. Artillery, 21 May 1821

Lieut. . . 8 June 1821 Captain . . 10 June 1830

Ordered to advance with the guns by rapid marches on Camondroog (Mysore), 3 June 1831.

Severe attack of cholera, June 1831.

Returned to Europe on S.C., 19 Oct. 1831.

Died on board the York, 4 Dec. 1831.

Admon. of goods at Madras, 12 June 1835.

Married in 1830, Alice, 5th dau. of Lieut.-Col. Archibald Campbell (Melfort). She died at Sans Souci, 21 June 1893.

Issue: Alice Christian, bap. at St. Thomas's Mount, 17 Oct. 1831.

Also two illeg. sons by "Sarah Fooso, an Indo-Britain": Charles Edward (born 29 Aug., bap. 24 Oct. 1827) and James (born 23 Feb. 1829, bap. 2 Feb. 1830).²

Extract from a letter to the editor from Miss E. Campbell (Melfort) of Chalgrove, Morden, Surrey, dated 12 Aug. 1921.

I am afraid I cannot tell you much about Matthew Campbell, but believe his family went from Argyllshire over to Ireland, possibly at the time of the rising in 1715, and it may

¹ See Cadet Papers; India List; Mad. Service Army List.

² See Mad. Service Army List; Mad. Baptisms and Admons.; Memls. of the House of Melfort.

have been from there that Matthew Campbell senior went to Hertford.

Margaret Baldwin, who lived at Sans Souci with Mrs. Matthew Campbell, tells me that a gold watch was presented to an ancestor of Capt. Matthew Campbell by one of the Dukes of Argyll for some special service rendered by him to the Duke. This points to the family belonging to Argyll, but that is all; the watch unfortunately was lost.

192. MILDMAY (or MEDWAY) CAMPBELL (Bombay).

Ensign at Bombay in 1741 and 1743.1

[No further mention found.]

193. MUNGO CAMPBELL (Madras).

Son of Martin Campbell and Minie Sinclair.

Born in Campbeltown, 28 March; bap. 31 March, 1778.

Lieut. . . 12 Oct. 1798 9th N.I., 1803-

1810

Captain . . . 21 Sept. 1804 Major . . 4 June 1814 Invalided, 9 Oct. 1810, in India.

Commanded 4th (Dindigul) Nat. Vet. Batt., Ramnad, 1817–1830.

Died, 15 Sept. 1830, at Ramnad.

Inscriptions in Ramnad Cemetery, Madura District.

15 Sept. 1830. Captain and Brevet Major Mungo Campbell, 4th N.V. Bn., who served the Honorable Company 33 years. He was a sincere Christian and an affectionate husband, whom it pleased God to call away at the age of 53½ on the 15th September 1830. This tribute of affection is erected by his disconsolate and affectionate widow Esther Campbell.

14 Nov. 1830. Widow Esther Campbell whom it pleased God to call away at the age of 35 on the 14th November 1830

¹ See Bombay Muster Rolls, vol. 1.

She was a sincere Christian, a dutiful daughter, an affectionate wife and a tender parent. This tribute of affection is erected by her disconsolate mother Anne Miller.

Married at Ramnad, 8 March 1819, Esther Christy (? née Miller), widow of M. Christy, M.D. She died, 14 Nov. 1830, at Ramnad.

Issue:

By "Jane an European woman," also called "Jane Emmons Campbell":

Agnes, born 13 Jan. 1815; bap. 6 Jan. 1816 at Quilon; buried at Ramnad 9 Aug. 1827.

Martinez, born 15 Jan. 1818; bap. 20 Sept. 1818 at Ramnad.

By his wife Esther:

Charles Harry, born 22 Jan. 1820; bap. 5 Feb. 1821 at Ramnad; buried 12 June 1821.

Lavinia, bap. 19 Feb. 1824 at Madras.

James Henry, born 14 Nov. 1824; bap. 2 Jan. 1825 at Madras; buried at Ramnad 15 June 1825.

George, born at Ramnad 8 Nov.; bap. 16 Nov. 1830; buried 24 Nov. 1830.

194. NAPIER GEORGE CAMPBELL, Fairfield (Madras).

Son of Major Gabriel Napier Christie Burton Campbell, Bengal Artillery (No. 91, q.v.), and Selina Elizabeth Gore.

Born at Meerut, 4 March 1826.

Nominated by his uncle, George Gunning Campbell (No. 98, q.v.).

Joined Military Seminary, 4 Feb. 1842. Passed Public Examination, 8 Dec. 1843.

Went to India overland, and arrived at Madras 8 Dec. 1843.

¹ See Cadet Papers; Dodwell and Miles; Mad. Marriages, Baptisms and Burials; Cotton's Inscriptions; India Register.

Cadet . . 1843 Attached 2nd Batt.
Art., 20 Feb.

1844

 2nd Lieut.
 .
 8 Dec. 1843

 Lieut.
 .
 2 Aug. 1848

 Captain Lieut.
 .
 9 June 1858

 Captain
 .
 27 Aug. 1858

 Lieut.-Col.
 .
 1 Sept. 1869

 Colonel
 .
 1 Sept. 1874

 Major-Genl.
 .
 31 Dec. 1878

 Lieut.-Genl.
 .
 31 Mar. 1883

 Genl.
 .
 31 Dec. 1891

Conduct and character very good, is acquainted with his duties (*Inspection Report*, 28 Nov. 1844).

Posted to Foot Artillery, 27 March 1845.

1st Batt., Secunderabad, 1846.

An active intelligent officer, but a little wanting in self-confidence (Inspection Report, 20 Nov. 1845).

Passed examination in Hindostani, 31 July 1846.

3rd Batt., Kamptee, 1848.

H.A., Bangalore, 1851.

H.A., Hyderabad contingent, 1857.

On furlough, 1860–1863.

Mil. Secretary to the Governor, 1872.

Supt., Gun Carriage Factory, 1875.

Dep. Inspector Genl. of Ordnance and Magazines, 13 Sept. 1878.

Col. Čomdt., 6 Oct. 1885.

Placed on Unemployed Supernumerary List in 1895.

Died, 21 Oct. 1912.

Married Catherine Virginia d'Este, his cousin, dau. of Charles Hay Campbell (No. 46), at Bellary, 24 Feb. 1852.

Issue: George, served in Indian Police. Died in Burma.

Neville, served for a year or two in Royal Ayr and Wigtown Militia (1879–81). Deceased. Charlotte. Married ——.1

195. NEIL CAMPBELL (Bengal).

Fifth Son of Colin Campbell ("Colin Mhor," 1737-1811) of Kilmartin, co. Argyll, and Duncana, dau. of John Campbell of Combie.

Born, 10 Sept. 1788.

Attestation of birth by Colin Campbell, father, 23 Jan. 1809.

Admitted to the service, 19 July 1809.

1808 Cadet . 5 Jan. 1810

Ensign . . 5 Jan. 1810 Lieut. . 1 Oct. 1814 9th N.I. Captain . 6 Mar. 1826 21st N.I.

28 June 1838 Major

Imprisoned for eight months and fined for ill-treating a Circar, 14 July 1810.

Furlough on S.C., 1821–1824.

Shared Bhurtpore Prize Money as Bt. Capt., 1825.

Permitted to retire on pension of Lieut.-Col., I July 1841.

Died, 11 Jan. 1848, aged 60.

Married, 30 June 1823, at Lochgair House, Argyll, Isabella Anne, dau. of Chas. Campbell, Esq., of Lochgair.

Issue—13 children, 6 sons, 7 daughters:

Isabella, born 19 Oct.; bap. 31 Oct. 1825 at Meerut.

Flora Jane, born 31 March; bap. 24 May 1828 at Meerut; buried, 3 July 1830, at Nusseerabad.

Colin Ward, born 10 Oct.; bap. 28 Oct. 1829 at Nusseerabad. Died unmarried.

Helen Charlotte, born 19 Dec. 1830; bap. 17 April 1831 at Nusseerabad.

See Cadet Papers; Madras Service Army List; Mad. Marriages.

Charles Eckford, born 17 Feb.; bap. 29 July 1832 at Cawnpore.

Dugald, born 9 Nov.; bap. 8 Dec. 1833 at Cawnpore (No. 73, q.v.).

Neil, born 1835. A son, born 1836.

Charlotte Isabella Georgina, born 9 Jan.; bap. 26 Jan. 1840 at Kurnaul.

John Alexander, born 1843.1

196. NEIL CAMPBELL (Bornbay).

Illegitimate son of Col. — Campbell, H.M. Army, and Fanny Sampson.

Born at Seaford, Sussex, 8 Oct. 1801.

Nominated by J. B. Taylor, Esq., a Director of the E.I. Co., at the recommendation of Genl. A. Brown and Chas. Rumbold, Esq.

Passed through Military Seminary. Arrived at Bombay, 9 Sept. 1818.

1817 Cadet

Ensign . . . 22 May 1818 2nd N.I., 4th N.I.

Lieut. . . 23 May 1818 Captain . . 27 Nov. 1826 6th N.I. in 1822

Bt. Major . . 23 July 1839 Major . . 27 Dec. 1841

Lieut.-Col. . 18 Aug. 1847 27th N.I. 1853, 7th N.I.

Colonel . . . 28 Nov. 1854 16th N.I.

To do duty in Survey Dept. in Deccan, under Major Sutherland (G.O., 26 May 1820).

To do duty in the office of Q.M.G. (G.O., 24 April 1825).

¹ See Cadet Papers; Beng. Service Army List; Dodwell and Miles; Misc. Mil. Records; India Register; Scots Mag.; G. Harvey Johnston's Heraldry of the Campbells, ii., p. 51; Wimberley, Memls. of Four Old Families.

Col. Sutherland certifies, 16 Feb. 1836, that Lieut. Campbell "is both theoretically and practically acquainted with surveying."

Depy. Asst. Q.M.G., Malwa Field Force (G.O., 7 and

24 Aug. 1826).

The Commander in Chief expresses great satisfaction with Capt. Campbell's communication of 8 March 1827, "and for similar useful information."

A route furnished by him of the road from Mhow described as valuable (Mil. Cons., 30 May 1827).

To act as Asst. Q.M.G. with the Gaikwar Subsidiary Force (G.O., 13 Oct. 1828).

Asst. Q.M.G. Shalapur (G.O., 24 Feb. 1829).

In charge of Exec. Engineer's Dept. at Baroda (G.O.,

23 Feb. 1830).

Granted conditionally a spit of ground at Ahmadabad for the purpose of building a bungalow (Rev. Cons., 26 Jan. 1831).

On reduction of Depy. Assistants in Q.M.G. Dept. he became an Acting Deputy Assistant. The Major-Genl. commanding the division recommended that instead of changing his designation he should continue as a Supernumerary while employed for an absent officer in the Dept. as an indulgence to a very meritorious Staff Officer. Approved, Mil. Cons., 30 Nov. 1831.

To command detachments in Sequestered Districts S. of Baroda (G.O., 6 Feb. 1832).

To be Dep. Asst. Q.M.G. (G.O., 14 April 1832).

To be Asst. Q.M.G. of the Army (G.O., 30 Dec. 1833). Applies to increase his Compound at Malcolmput

(Rev. Cons., 2 July 1834).

Reported to be fully qualified to fill the situation of Dep. Q.M.G. in a manner highly creditable to himself and satisfactory to his superiors. Forwards a statement of his services in the Deccan, Survey and Q.M.G.'s Dept.

On his leaving the N. Division of the army, Brig. Kenneth acknowledged in Div. Orders the satisfaction he has derived from the zeal and ability with which Capt. Campbell has conducted the duties of his Dept., and he requests Capt. Campbell will accept his best thanks for the cordial support he has at all times afforded the Brig.-Genl. during the time he has been in the Division, as well as formerly while with the Baroda Salisid Force (Mil. Cons., 21 Jan. 1835).

Member of a Committee at the Presidency (G.O.,

4 June 1835 and 25 May 1836).

Appointed Depy. Q.M.G., with the official rank of

Major, from 30 May 1835.

In forwarding a report on Camp Equipage of the Army, Lieut.-Col. Ovens pays a tribute to help given by various officers, "in particular to Major Campbell, whose able paper is full of information" (Mil. Cons., 24 Aug. 1836).

Appointed Staff Officer to the Field Detachment lately proceeded to the Southward (G.O., 5 June 1837).

To accompany the C.-in-C. on a tour of Inspection (G.O., 5 June 1838).

Appointed Depy. Q.M.G. with the army to be employed beyond the N.W. frontier of India (G.O., 29 Oct. 1838).

Extract of Report by Sir John Keane, C.-in-C. of the Army of the Indus, to Lord Auckland, announcing the capture by storm of the fortress of Ghazni on 23 July 1839: "To Major Keith, the Dep. Adj. Genl., and Major Campbell, the Dep. Q.M.G. of the Bombay Army, my acknowledgments are also due for the manner in which their duties have been performed during the campaign " (Bengal G.O., 27 Aug. 1839). Shared Ghazni prize as Acting Q.M.G.

Major-Genl. Willshire in his Despatch to Lord Auckland reporting the capture by storm of the fortress of Kelat, states: "To Major Neil Campbell, Acting Q.M.G. of the Bombay Army . . . my best thanks are due for the able assistance afforded me." "It is," the Major-Genl. adds, "with much pleasure I take this opportunity of acknowledging my obligations to Major Campbell for relieving me from the necessity of returning by the route by which the Army advanced to Cabul, which, being entirely exhausted, must have subjected the troops to great privations, and the Horses to absolute starvation. The Q.M.G. took upon himself the responsibility of leading my column through the heart of the Ghiljee and Koraker countries, never hitherto traversed by Europeans, by which our route was considerably shortened, a sufficiency obtained and great additions made to our geographical knowledge of the country, besides great political advantages obtained in peaceably settling those districts" (Bengal G.O., 13 Feb. 1840).

Shared Kalat Prize as Major.

Appointed Q.M.G. of the Army, with official rank of

Lt.-Col. (G.O., 27 Feb. 1840).

Permitted to accept and wear the insignia of the 2nd Class of the Order of the Dooranee Empire, conferred on him by the King of Afghanistan (Shah Shooja ool Moolk) for services at Kandahar, Cabul and Ghazni (Mad. G.O. No. 19 of 1841; London Gaz., 23 Sept. 1840).

Claims to be considered one of the authorities of the map of Afghanistan—his name to be inserted in next edition of map (Mil. Desp., 2 March

1842).

Solicits to be allowed to receive the brevet rank of Lt.-Col. which he holds officially, and submits

pretensions to the C.B. (Mil. Cons., 11 Dec. 1844).

Negatived (Mil. Desp., 17 Nov. 1847).

Extract G.O. by the C.-in-C., Sir T. McMahon, 12 March 1847, on relinquishing command of the Bombay Army: "the C.-in-C. feels at a loss to express in adequate terms how highly he appreciates the valuable aid he has derived from the officers of the Head Quarters Staff of the Army . . . to Lt.-Col. Campbell, Q.M.G. . . . His Excellency has a peculiar satisfaction in expressing his unqualified approbation of the able and assiduous performance of the important duties confided to him. . . ."

Memorial from him, praying as a special case to be allowed to proceed to Europe without forfeiting his Staff appointment (Mil. Letter, 28 Aug. 1849). Negatived.

Permitted to resign the office of Q.M.G. and allowed furlough to Europe for 3 years—commenced

2 Nov. 1850.

"The Rt. Hon. the Governor in Council will have much gratification on this occasion in bringing to the special notice of the Honble. the Court of Directors the eminent ability and zeal with which Lt.-Col. Campbell has discharged for more than 13 years the important duties of the Office of Q.M.G. in a manner perfectly satisfactory to the Government" (G.O., 19 Oct. 1850). The C.-in-C. concurs in this praise and places on record the very high sense he entertains of this officer's merit (G.O., 23 Oct. 1850).

Court state that the testimony borne to his services is satisfactory (Mil. Letter to Bombay, 5 March 1851).

1855. 20th N.I. Brigadier commanding at Ahmadnagar as Q.M.G. of Infantry to 2nd European Regt.

1856. 1st Class Brigadier General, 2nd European Regt. (G.O., 13 March 1856).

19 Aug. 1856. Furlough to Europe for eighteen months (G.O.).

Died in Paris, 10 Oct. 1856.

Married Elizabeth Pollexfen, widow, at Baroda, by licence, 18 Feb. 1830. She died of cholera at Bombay, 21 July 1856, aged 51.1

197. OSBORNE CAMPBELL, Dunstaffnage (Bengal).

Third son of John Campbell, Surgeon on the Madras Establishment (No. 156, q.v.), and Eliza Munro.

Born at Poonamalee, 6 Sept. 1808.

Recommended by his uncle, Capt. Campbell.

Entered the Company's service, 1826.

Arrived in India, 7 July, in the Lady Melville.

Brother of Alexr. Aeneas and Archd. Chas. Campbell (Nos. 11 and 32).

Cadet . . . 1825

Ensign . . 15 Mar. 1826 43rd N.I.

Lieut. . . 24 Jan. 1829

Transferred to Invalid Establishment, 10 Sept. 1838.

Appointed Postmaster at Mynpoorie, 13 May 1840; at Landour, 1 May 1842.

Engaged in a duel with Lieut. Tytler at Mussoorie; dangerously wounded, Aug. 1844, and forced to retire.

Permitted to reside at Nynee Tal, 29 Jan. 1857.

Given an appointment in the Indian Postal Service.

Retired, 14 Aug. 1861.

He returned to England about 1869, and lived for some years at Portobello, near Edinburgh.

Died 28 April 1874.

Married, in 1837, Isabella Louisa, 4th dau. of Lieut.-Col. Archd. Campbell (Melfort). She died in London, 10 Aug. 1886.

¹ See Bomb. Service Army List; Cadet Papers; Bombay Marriages and Burials.

Issue: Colina Alice, born at Cawnpore 4 Aug. 1838.

Married — Kernander.

Christian Emily, born at Mynpoorie 27 Oct. 1840; and another daughter who married Capt. Fraser of the P. & O. Steam Navigation Company.¹

198. PATRICK CAMPBELL (Madras).

Fourth son of Patrick Campbell of Ardchattan, co. Argyll, and Lilias Margaret, dau. of John Mac-Farlane of Macfarlane.

Brother of Capt. Charles Campbell, 71st Highlanders, and Colin and Robert Campbell (Nos. 50 and 209).

Born 1760.

Sailed in the Egmont. Arrived at Madras, 1777.

Served with the 16th Batt. Sepoys in 1777–1779. Killed at the siege of Pondicherry, Oct. 1779.²

199. PATRICK CAMPBELL (Bombay).

Born c. 1758.

Acting ensign at Bombay, 1781.

Died 1783.

Goods administered, 7 April 1783, by Donald Cameron.³ [No other mention found.]

200. PETER CAMPBELL (Madras).

Granted a commission as Ensign, 12 Oct. 1749. Resigned his commission, 25 June 1750, and was struck off the roll.⁴

[No other mention found.]

¹ See Beng. Service Army List; Cadet Papers; Beng. Baptisms; Mad. Baptisms; Memls. of the House of Melfort.

² See Madras MS. Army List, Vol. I.

³ See Bombay Army List, Vol. I.: Bombay Admons.

⁴ See Fort St. David Consultations.

201. PETER CAMPBELL (Madras).

Ensign . . 9 Mar. 1773 Lieut. . 8 Nov. 1778

Serving with 1st Batt., 2nd Brigade, in 1774.

Fort Adjutant of Tanjore in 1779.1

[No later mention found.]

202. PETER WILLIAM CAMPBELL (Bengal).

Third son of Alexander Campbell, Esq., of Barcaldine, and Mary, sister of Lieut.-Genl. Colin Campbell, 65th Foot, Govr. of Gibraltar.

Younger brother of Sir Duncan Campbell, 1st Bt., 3rd Guards.

Born 3 July 1795.

Nominated by Duncan Campbell, Esq.

Cadet, 1817.

Lieut., 1 Aug. 1818, 2nd Batt. 11th Regt., Bengal N.I. Buried, 15 Nov. 1819, at Calcutta.

Admon., 19 Feb. 1820, to Alexander Campbell.²

203. RALPH JOHN CAMPBELL (Madras).

Son of James Campbell of the 12th Regt., by his 2nd wife, Janet, dau. of Ralph Dundas of Manor. James Campbell, who was killed at Fontenoy, 1745, was nephew of Peter Campbell, who built South Hall. His widow subsequently married James Eykyn.

Went to India with the Company's permission (c. 1766). Served as a Volunteer with the Madras army against Haidar Ali.

Particularly recommended by Colonel Joseph Smith, therefore made:

Ensign . . . 27 Mar. 1769 Lieut. . . 3 Oct. 1770

¹ See Madras MS. Army List, Vol. I.

² See Cadet Papers; Dodwell and Miles; Beng. Burials and Admons.; India Register.

Killed, 1773, at Tanjore.

Died a bachelor.

Admon., 8 Feb. 1775, granted to Scipio Durouri Campbell, brother, Captain 42nd Regt.

On 9 Feb. 1775 "Scipio Durore Campbell" petitioned the Court for permission to go to Fort St. George to settle his deceased brother's affairs.¹

204. RICHARD CAMPBELL (Bombay).

Son of John Campbell, Captain 22nd Regt. (O'Farrell's) Foot, and May Pridell, and grandson of Col. The Hon. Charles Campbell, 3rd son of Archibald, Earl of Argyll (executed in 1685), and brother of Lieut.-Col. John Campbell, 22nd Foot, Lieut.-Govr. of Plymouth, 1782–1803, died 1804.

Born 1741.

Arrived at Bombay, 12 Sept. 1770.

Lieut. . . 13 Dec. 1769 Infantry

Captain . . 12 Sept. 1770

Brigade Major. 1770-1776 Gen. Wedder-

burn's Staff

Captain of the 6th Batt., 1779.

Eminently distinguished himself in the capture of Perseek and Callian, in the Maratha War.

14 April 1777. Appointed youngest major on Bombay Establishment.

1781, C.O. of troops at Bassein.

6 April 1781. At a Committee of Correspondence:

The Committee pursuant to a Reference of Court of the 14th ult. having considered a letter from Col. John Campbell stating the service of his brother Captain Richard Campbell of the Bombay Establishment, particularly his late gallant behaviour in the attack and capture of Perseek and Callian, and requesting that Capt. Campbell may be granted a Field Officer's Commission; the Committee submit to the Court as their opinion that the same cannot be complied with.

¹ See Mad. Letters Recd.; Mad. MS. Army List; Court Minutes; P.C.C. Admons.; Heraldry of the Campbells, pp. 51, 52.

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of Directors in a letter to Bombay.

12 May 1785. At a Committee of Correspondence:

Pursuant to reference of Court of the 14th March last, the Committee have considered the Memorial of Lt. Govr. John Campbell, requesting a remittance of Rs. 2000, through the Company's cash at Bombay, on account of the Estate of the late Captain Richard Campbell; and also praying that James Campbell the youngest son of that officer may be put on the list of Cadets, as some assistance towards his support and education till he shall be able to serve the Company; but the Committee submit to the Court as their opinion that these requests cannot be complied with.

7 June 1786. At a Committee of Correspondence:

Pursuant to a reference of Court of the 11th ulto. the Committee considered the letter from John Campbell, Esq., Gov. of Plymouth, recommending Archibald Campbell, the eldest son of Capt. Richard Campbell of the Bombay Establishment, to the Court's protection, and the Committee being sensible of the merits and services of the late Capt. Campbell, and of the particular circumstances of his son's situation, they offer to the Court as their opinion, that Gov. Campbell be advanced on his Bond, a sum of money not exceeding £400, for the purchase of a Commission in the Army for the said Archibald Campbell.

Died 1781.

Will dated 10 Sept. 1781; proved, 24 Dec. 1781 in Bombay; in England, 28 Feb. 1784.

Legatees:

Sons: Archibald.

James (No. 114, q.v.).

Brother: John, Lieut.-Govr. of Plymouth.

Sisters: Elizabeth Fearon.

Catherine Ball.

Jane.

Mary, and

Rebecca Campbell.

Mother (? step-mother): Dorothy Campbell, of Chester.

Executor: John Campbell, Lieut.-Col. H.M. 22nd Regt., of Chester.

205. RICHARD FREDERICK FOTHERINGHAM CAMPBELL (Madras).

Son of James Campbell of Craigie, Ayr, Advocate (d. 1860), and Grace Elizabeth Hay, dau. of Genl. Hay, K.C.H.

Born 30 Sept. 1831.

To sail in the Bucephalus.

Cadet . . . 1849

Lieut. . . 1 Nov. 1849 8th Lt. Cav.

Captain . . 15 June 1858

On furlough, 1859.

Resigned, 10 Oct. 1859, in England.

J.P., D.L., Ayrshire; Vice-Lieut., Ayrshire, 1872.

Major Ayrshire Yeomanry, 1873–1888.

M.P. (L.), Ayr Burghs, 1880–1888.

Died 27 May 1888.

Obituary Notice, Times, 28 May 1888.

Mr. R. F. F. Campbell, of Craigie, M.P. for Ayr Burghs, died after two days' illness at Cavendish-square yesterday morning. Mr. Campbell, who at the time of his death was 57 years old, was formerly Captain of the 8th Madras Cavalry, and served on the staff during the Indian Mutiny. He was also a magistrate and vice-lieutenant of Ayrshire and Lieutenant-Colonel of Ayrshire Yeomanry Cavalry. In 1869 he married Mrs. Tennant, widow of the late Mr. Charles P. Tennant, of Glasgow, and by her had five children, all surviving. Mr. Campbell entered Parliament as representative of the Ayr Burghs as a Liberal in 1880, and since the last election he has sat for the same constituency as a Liberal Unionist. When Mr. Campbell contested the seat in 1886 he had a majority of 1,175, polling 2,673 votes to the 1,498 of Captain Sinclair his opponent.

Married, in 1869, Jane, dau. of Archibald Argyll Hay and widow of Charles P. Tennant.¹

¹ See Cadet Papers; Kelly; India Register.

206. ROBERT CAMPBELL (Madras).

Described, in 1753, as "of Berwick, gent."

Born c. 1720.

Chosen as Lieut. for Fort St. George, Dec. 1753. To succeed to the first vacancy after arrival at Madras.

Sailed in the *Ilchester*, Oct. 1753. Arrived at Fort St. George, 18 June 1754.

10 June 1754 Ensign . . 15 Nov. 1754 Lieut.

Possibly identical with the Captain Campbell of the Artillery mentioned by Sir Eyre Coote in a letter to the President and Council of Fort St. George, 9 Dec. 1759, notifying the capture of the Fort of Carongoly with very little loss: "the Chief is poor Captain Campbell who died this morning of his wounds." 1

207. ROBERT CAMPBELL (Bengal).

Served the Company in Bengal for some years before 1758, when he resigned his commission as Captain owing to a dispute with the Governor and Council.

Petitioned to return to Bengal, 6 Nov. 1760.

Repeated his request, 12 Nov. 1760. Granted.

Reinstated, 8 July 1761.

Captain, 20 Dec. 1762.

Commended for "spirited conduct in advantage gained over the rebels in Sircar Serang Country,' in Jan. 1765; captures a brass gun.

Resigned, 23 Jan. 1767.
Married Katherine, "daughter to deceast Thos. Frazer, brother to the Right Honble. Alexr. Frazer of Strichen, one of the Senators of ye College of Justice, both in Tron parish."

His wife, Katherine, was permitted to go to Bengal,

¹ See Embarkation Lists; Mad. Despatches; Mad. Pub. Procdgs.; Mad. Press List; Mad. Mil. and Secret Cons.

23 Dec. 1761, and Amelia Campbell (? sister of Robert) was also permitted to go to India.

Issue: Henry John, bap. 31 Jan. 1763 at Calcutta. Robert, bap. 5 Sept. 1766 at Calcutta.¹

208. ROBERT CAMPBELL (Madras).

Born 1733.

Described in 1754 as "of Argyllshire, gent."

Appointed Cadet for Fort St. George, 1754.

His name is entered in the list of passengers in the Doddington. This East Indiaman was wrecked on her outward voyage, off Bird Island, S.E. Coast of Africa, on 17 July 1755, and an account of the wreck is given in Vols. XXIX., XXXI., XLV., of the *Indian Antiquary*. As the survivors of the wreck included only a small number of the crew, it seems improbable that Robert Campbell actually sailed in the ill-fated vessel.

Ensign 22 Jan. 1758 Lieut. 5 Sept. 1759

This officer is probably identical with the Robert Campbell who was taken prisoner by the French, and who died at Pondicherry in April 1761.2

209. ROBERT CAMPBELL (Bengal).

Fifth son of Patrick Campbell of Ardchattan, co. Argyll, and Lilias Margaret, dau. of John Mac-Farlane of Macfarlane.

Brother of Captain Chas. Campbell, 71st Highlanders, and Colin and Patrick Campbell (Nos. 50 and 198). Born 1765.

To sail in the Rodney.

² See Embarkation Lists; Mad. Despatches; Mad. MS. Army List;

Scots Mag., xxiv., p. 227.

¹ See Misc. Letters Recd., vol. 42, No. 17; Court Minutes; Dodwell and Miles; Bengal Past and Present, Vol. V. pp. 329, 331; Beng. Pub. Procdgs., 22 Jan. 1766.

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Cadet . . 1 May 1781 Ensign . . 23 Jan. 1783

Lieut. . . 2 July 1789 2nd N.I.

Captain . 12 Aug. 1801

Appointed to 3rd Batt. Europeans, 30 Nov. 1786.

Removed to the Sepoy Corps, 14 Feb. 1788. 19 Aug. 1795. In England on private affairs.

In 1796 granted a gratuity of £22 10s., as a reward for his services during his detention at St. Helena in 1795.

Petitioned for leave to return to Bengal, 2 Aug. 1797

and 20 March 1798.

Granted, 9 Aug. 1797 and 27 March 1798.

In 1798 and 1799 he claimed a further share of the prize money of the Dutch ships taken off St. Helena in 1795.

13 June 1805. In England.

24 Jan. 1806. Petitions for a year's extension of furlough.

1806. Granted.

10 Feb. 1807. Requests leave to retire.

3 April 1807. Granted; to date from 25 Dec. 1806.

Served heir to his father. Paying parish rates for Ardchattan, £65 7s. od.

Died, 29 March 1840.

Married Jean, dau. of Archibald Campbell, writer in Edinburgh, at Bruce House, on 29 March 1819.¹

210. ROBERT CAMPBELL (Bombay).

3 Nov. 1802. Appointed 2nd Mate of the country ship Betsy, and allowed to go to Bombay as a free mariner.

Cadet for Bombay Infantry, 31 Dec. 1802 (Petition to Court, 5 Jan. 1803).

¹ See Cadet Papers; Beng. Muster Rolls; Dodwell and Miles; Court Minutes; Corres. Minutes; India Register; Calc. Gaz., 30 Nov. 1786 and 14 Feb. 1788.

Cadet . . . 1802–3

Ensign . . 8 July 1803 18th N.I. Lieut. . 30 Jan. 1804 9th N.I.

Captain . . —

Died at Surat, 6 June 1820, aged 38; buried same day. Admon., Oct. 1820.

Obituary Notice, Calcutta Journal, 11 July 1820.

At Surat on the 6th June 1820 of the spasmodic cholera after a few hours' illness, Capt. Robt. Campbell of the 9th Regt., Barrack Master at Surat. In the premature demise of this brave and active officer, the Service has sustained a loss, which only those of his companions can justly estimate, who knew the integrity of his character, and had experienced the genuine warmth of his heart; whilst all those who stood near him by the ties of consanguinity or affection will mourn over his death as an event which has deprived them of what was no less dear than life itself.

Captain Robt. Campbell, who died in Surat, 6 Jan. 1820, much lamented, distinguished himself particularly in "the late Indian War."

He was brother to Captain Colin Campbell, R.N., and Major John Campbell, 56th Foot, who was severely wounded, being shot through the body at Bergen-op-Zoom, in March 1814. These were the only two surviving brothers out of seven brought up to the service of their country.

Married Jane —

Issue: Archibald, born 23, bap. 28 Jan. 1820; buried, 30 Jan. 1820, at Bombay.

211. ROBERT CAMPBELL (Bombay).

Son of William Campbell, farmer, of Lochmaben, Dumfries, and Agnes Speedin.

Born 28 Aug. 1782.

Nominated by Joseph Cotton, Esq., a Director of the

¹ See Cadet Papers; Court Minutes; Bomb. Mil. Letters; Dodwell and Miles; Bomb. Baptisms, Wills and Burials.

E. I. Co., at the recommendation of T. Thompson, Esq.

Sailed in the Experiment. Arrived at Bombay, 10 Dec. 1804.

Lieut. . . 26 July 1805 Marine Batt. up to

1810

Captain . 4 May 1820 11th N.I., 1819.

21st N.I., 1824

Major . . . 14 May 1828 21st N.I.

Lieut.-Col. 9 June 1833 15th N.I. 8 July 1833 18th N.I. and 22nd

N.I.

Furlough to Europe, 1806–1808.

Fort Adjt., Broach, 5 July 1809, and in 1810.

Dep. Commissary of Bazars in the Deccan, 28 June 1811. Fort Adjt. and Garrison Qr. Master, Broach, 15 Dec. 1817.

Asst. Secy. to Military Board, 1818, and up to 1822.

Furlough to Cape and Europe, Oct. 1822-Oct. 1824.

In charge of 21st N.I. at Surat, 26 Oct. 1824.

Furlough to England on S.C., 1830–1833.

President of a Committee at Bombay to examine officers in Hindustani, Marathi, and Persian, 8 Feb. and 22 April 1836.

The Commander in Chief, having reviewed the 15th N.I., observes that he "makes every allowance for the severe sickness with which the Regt. was visited during two successive seasons at Cutch, from whence it has lately arrived at Bombay, but the general appearance of the Regt., the appointments of the men, the drill and movements in body, evince that there has been a neglect, and that a proper degree of attention has not been paid to essential points which probably have been considered trivial, but which in reality are not so to be viewed in the military profession. Lieut.-Col.

Campbell has, however, promised that his own best exertions, and those of the other officers, will be used to render the Regt. one that will reflect credit on the service, and the Commander in Chief is willing to hope that these promises may be realised "(G.O., 26 March 1836).

Furlough to Europe on P.A. 5 Oct. 1836. Sailed in the Walmer Castle. Arrived in England 3 April 1837.

Died in London, 23 April 1837.

Will dated 11 Dec. 1830; proved, 4 Sept. 1838. Wife Anna sole legatee and executrix. Will confirmed, 4 Nov. 1836, "being about to proceed to England." Admon. to Attorneys of Anna Campbell, widow. Married:

(1) Eliza King, widow, 2 April 1809. She died at Broach, 15 Oct. 1817.

(2) At St. Thomas's Church, Bombay, by licence, Ann (or Anna) Cruso, 18 Nov. 1820. She was admitted a pensioner on Lord Clive's Fund, 14 Nov. 1838.

212. ROBERT CAMPBELL (Bombay).

Son of James Campbell and Janet McDonald, Knock-ando, Elgin.

Possibly brother of Alexander and John Campbell (Nos. 5 and 152, q.v.).

Uncle, Robert Campbell.

Baptised 1 Dec. 1784.

Nominated by Charles Grant, Esq., Deputy Chairman of the E. I. Co., in 1804.

Sailed in the *Experiment*. Arrived at Bombay, 14 Dec. 1804.

Lieut. . 11 Sept. 1806 3rd N.I.

¹ See Bomb. Service Army List; Cadet Papers; Bomb. Marriages and Wills; India Register; Calc. Gaz., 27 Nov. 1817 and 31 Dec. 1821.

Died at Bombay, 3 Nov. 1807. Buried the same day.1

Inscription in the English Cemetery, Sonapur, Charni Road, Bombay.

Sacred to the memory of Lieut. Robert Campbell of the 2nd Batt. 3rd N.I. Obiit 3rd Nov. 1807. Aetat. [blank].

213. ROBERT CAMPBELL (Bombay).

Lieut., H. E. I. Co.'s service.

Administration of goods granted, 22 March 1814.² [No other mention found.]

214. ROBERT CAMPBELL, Auch and Inverlever (Bengal).

Second son of Major Colin Campbell, North Lowland Fencibles, and Christian Williamson.

Cadet of Barcaldine.

Brother of John Campbell, 88th Campbell Highlanders. Born at Downpatrick, Ireland, 16 March 1800.

Ensign . . 9 Jan. 1820 10th N.I. Lieut. . . 11 July 1823 22nd N.I. Captain . . 30 April 1834 43rd N.I.

Captain . 30 April 1834 43rd N.I. Bt. Major . 9 Nov. 1846
Major . 14 July 1853
Lieut.-Col. . 20 June 1854
Colonel . 11 May 1855

* During Jan. and Feb. 1823 commanded a detachment of the 2nd Batt. 10th Regt. Native Infantry and Rungpore Local Batt., which was detached to act against the Garrow Hill tribes. The work required of this detachment being performed satisfactorily, Ensign Campbell received acknowledgment and thanks of the then Commissioner, D. Scott, Esq.

¹ See Bomb. Service Army List; Cadet Papers; Bomb. Burials; Dodwell and Miles.

² See Bomb. Admons.

* Served with his Regiment, forming part of the force under Genl. Shuldham, operating in Cashar in 1824–1825.

Interpreter and Qr. Mr. to 43rd N.I., 28 Dec. 1826 to

8 Nov. 1831.

Passed Examination in Persian, Urdu, and Hindi on 14 Aug. 1828.

A.D.C. to H.E. Sir Henry Fane, C.-in-C. Indian forces,

1 Dec. 1835.

- Commanded the Hurriana Lt. Inf. Batt., 22 Feb. 1836 to 16 Oct. 1838. Commended for efficiency of the Battalion.
- * In Nov. 1838 rejoined his Regt., 43rd N.I., proceeding on service to Afghanistan (Kandahar). Detached in command of the force sent from Kandahar to occupy and keep clear the Bulan Pass and to Quetta, 1838–1839.

* Rejoined and took command of the Hurriana Lt. Inf.,

at Hansi on 25 Dec. 1839.

Shared Ghazni Prize Roll, 1839.

Furlough to Europe, 7 April 1843.

Reported to have discharged his important duties as C.O. with very great ability (*Inspection Report*, 20 Jan. 1848).

Lieut.-Col. Staff Corps, 11 Dec. 1853.

Retired, 9 March 1855, with rank of Colonel.

[Note: The information marked with an asterisk (*) was supplied to the editor in 1913 by Mr. Lionel Gwyn, grandson of Col. Robert Campbell.]

Died at Hove, in his 90th year, 3 April 1889.

Inscription in Hove Cemetery, Old Shoreham Road.

In loving memory of Col. Robert Campbell late Bengal Army who died 3rd April 1889 in his 90th year.

On the same stone cross:

In loving memory of Lt. Col. H. L. Gwyn, R.A. who died 1st September 1887.

Married:

(1) Miss Younghusband.

(2) Matilda Mary Susanna —,? dau. of Lieut.-Col. John Oliver, 22nd N.I., at Delhi, 29 July 1841.

Issue—by second wife:

James William, born at Hansi, 25 May 1842.

Colin, born at Hansi, 15 Sept. 1843.

Robert, born 1844; died, 27 April 1846, at Mussoorie.

Mary Eliza, born at Mussoorie, 22 March 1849. Jane Grace, born at Mussoorie, 22 May 1851; married Col. H. L. Gywn, R.A.¹

215. ROBERT CAMPBELL (Bengal).

Son of John Campbell of Kilberry, Glassary, Argyllshire, and Margaret.

Born 7 Aug. 1818.

Admitted to the service, 1838. To sail in the Tamerlane. Arrived at Fort William, 21 June 1838.

Cadet 1837

Major . . . 12 Mar. 1865

Appointed to officiate as 2nd in Command of the 1st Assam Sebundy Corps, 24 Nov. 1841.

Appointed to officiate as 2nd in Command of 2nd Assam L.I., 7 Feb. 1848.

Served in expeditions in the Naga Hills in 1845–1846, 1849–1851. Received the thanks of Government for services in 1845–1846.

Commanded a force of observation on the Bhotan frontier, 26 Feb. 1853 and April 1856.

Appointed Comr. 2nd Assam L.I., 20 March 1855. Retired with rank of Lieut.-Col., 21 Sept. 1865.

¹ See Cadet Papers; Bengal Service Army List; Bengal Marriages Baptisms and Burials.

Died, 5 Aug. 1888, in England.

Married Elizabeth Matilda Irion, at Gowhatty, Assam, 21 Sept. 1846.

Issue: John Forster, born 3 Dec. 1847 at Gowhatty. William James, born 8 June 1849 at Gowhatty. Mary Elizabeth, born 10 Jan. 1851 at Gowhatty; died at Hendon, 2 Oct. 1923, aged 72. Robert Lewes, born 26 Feb. 1855 at Gowhatty.

James Rankine, born 14 Sept. 1858 at Gowhatty; died at Gowhatty 9 Jan. 1865.

Arthur Becher, born 23 Dec. 1862 at Gowhatty; died 24 July 1863 at Gowhatty.¹

216. ROBERT BYNG PATRICIA PRICE CAMPBELL, C.B., Kinloch (Bengal).

Eldest son of Lieut.-Col. John Campbell, junr., of Kinloch (No. 166, q.v.), and Margaret, dau. of Dr. P. Mathews, physician to the King of Lucknow.

Born, 26 Feb. 1838, at 13 Marshall Place, Perth.

Admitted to the service, 1855.

Arrived at Fort William, 6 Nov. 1855.

Cadet . . . 1854

Ensign . . 4 Sept. 1855 54th N.I.

Served in 1857 at the capture of Delhi with 1st Eur. Bengal Fusiliers, and in the Meerut, Jhuggur, and Rewarree districts with 2nd Eur. Bengal Fusiliers.

¹ See Bengal Service Army List; Cadet Papers; Anderson's Ubique; India Register; Beng. Baptisms, Marriages and Burials.

Attached to the 11th N.I., and engaged in rescuing Rohilcund refugees.

Served with 2nd Punjab Cavalry at siege and capture of Lucknow, at the action of Kursi, at the capture of Rooya, at the action of Aligunj, at the capture of Bareilly, at the action of Rohunpur. Recommended for V.C. by Sir H. Grant, 10 March 1858, having rescued the body of a brother officer, Sandford.

Served with the Rohilcund column against the rebels of Terai in 1859. Medal and two clasps.

Served in the expedition against the Kabul Khel Waziris in 1859–1860.

Bengal Staff Corps, 18 Feb. 1861.

Comdt. Guide Corps, 10 May 1864.

Hazara Campaign, 1868, and Black Mountain Expedition. Mentioned in despatches. Medal with clasp.

Commanded (Queen's Own) Corps of Guides throughout Jowaki Afridi Expedition, 1877–1878, under Sir C. Keyes, K.C.B. Mentioned in despatches.

Operations against the Ranisai village of Shakat, 14 March 1878, and attack on Utman Kheife village, 21 March 1878. Thanked. Medal and two clasps.

Employed against the rebels in the Terai, 1878-1879.

With Guides in Afghan War, 1878-79-80. Khyber Pass and capture of Ali Masjid; Kama and Lughman Expeditions; storming of Takht-i-Shah and Asmai heights; defence of Sherpur; action of Chihildukteran. Mentioned three times in despatches; Afghan medal, with Jowaki and Ali Masjid clasps. Brevet of Lieut.-Col., C.B., 21 June 1887.

Ceased to be employed from 1 Feb. 1891. Resided out of India.

Good service pension bestowed upon him, 4 April 1893.

Died at Fosse Bank, Camberley, Surrey, 13 Oct. 1897. Married, 9 July 1874, Ada Murray, dau. of Captain Leveson Granville Alexander Campbell (Fairfield) (No. 188, q.v.), and Sarianne, dau. of David Cowan.

Issue: Ronald Patrick, born 22 Nov. 1875; died,

26 April 1876, at Murree.

Hector, born 24 Oct. 1877; bap. 31 March 1878. Lieut.-Col. Served in Tirah Expedition, 1897-98 (medal and two clasps); China Expeditionary Force (medal); Great War (D.S.O.).

Edith Irene.

Ada Dorothy, born 17 Sept.; bap. 12 Oct. 1881 at Murree.

Hilda Margaret.

Violet.1

217. ROBERT CALDER CAMPBELL (Madras).

Son of the Rev. Pryse Campbell, Minister of Ardersier, Inverness, and Grace Gordon.

Born 30 March 1799.

Admitted to the service, 1818.

Arrived at Madras, 8 Oct. 1818.

Lieut. . . 2 Oct. 1818 22nd N.I. (23rd N.I. in 1820)

Captain . . 3 Oct. 1826 43rd N.I.

Major . . . 28 April 1836

To join the army in the Burman War, 14 Sept. 1824. To act as Qr. Mr. and Instr. to the Madras Provincial

Batt., 10 March 1825.

To officiate as Dep. Judge Adv. Genl. to the Madras troops on foreign service, 18 June 1825.

¹ See Beng. Service Army List; Cadet Papers; Memorials of the House of Melfort; Beng. Baptisms and Burials.

Served with the 43rd N.I. in the Burmese War of 1826–1827. Medal.

Leave to Europe on furlough, 23 Dec. 1831.

Returned to Madras, 16 Jan. 1835.

Leave to Europe on S.C., 18 Nov. 1836.

Retired on half pay of his rank, in England, 1 Aug. 1839. He was the author of miscellaneous works, including

"Lays from the East," "Rough Recollections of Rambles at Home and Abroad," "Episodes in the War-life of a Soldier," &c. He was described by the Athenæum (23 May 1857) as "a graceful writer of the minor prose and poetry of his time, and a kind-hearted scholar and gentleman."

Died at University Street, London, 13 May 1857.1

218. ROBERT DALLAS CAMPBELL (Bengal).

Son of Lieut.-Col. John Campbell and Catherine Grace Gore, 6th dau. of Sir William Gore, 3rd Bt.

Brother of John Gore Campbell (No. 177, q.v.).

Born, 29 June 1832, at Ste. Adresse, Havre.

Admitted to the service, 1850.

Arrived at Fort William, 3 May 1850.

Cadet . . . 1849

Ensign . . 15 June 1850 63rd N.I. (6 Dec. 1850)

Lieut. . . 19 Jan. 1855 Captain . . 15 June 1862 Major . . 15 June 1870

Bt. Lieut.-Col. . 1 Dec. 1874 2nd in Command 30th N.I.

Lieut.-Col. . 15 June 1876 Colonel . 15 June 1881 Major-Genl. . 13 June 1891

Served against the Sonthals in 1855–1856.

Posted to the 3rd Oudh Infantry, 25 March 1856.

¹ See Cadet Papers; Mad. Service Army List; Dict. of Nat. Biography.

Fully qualified for situation of Adjutant to 3rd Oudh Infantry (Inspection Report, 24 Jan. 1857).

Served during the Indian Mutiny against mutineers near Benares (charger severely wounded) on 6 July 1857; also at Azimghur, and with the Nepalese contingent in Goruckpore district. Medal.

Bengal Staff Corps, 18 Feb. 1861.

Served in Bhutan campaign in 1864–1865; present at storming and capture of Dalimkote, 6 Dec. 1864, taking of Fort Chamuchi, Bala and stockades, 15 March 1865, and taking of Nogah stockade, 27 March 1865. Medal with clasp.

Afghan War, 1879–1880. With Khyber Line Force.

Medal.

Mahsud Waziri Expedition, 1881.

Transferred to the U.S. list, 27 June 1891.

Hon. Col. 30th Punjabis, 13 May 1904.

Died, 12 Feb. 1916, at St. Leonards-on-Sea.

Married Agnes ——.

Issue: Dallas, born 18 Aug. 1859 at Berhampore.

John Francis, born 2 Oct.; bap. 25 Oct. 1860 at Hazareebagh.

Kathleen Murray, born 26 June; bap. 17 July 1862 at Benares.

Grace Georgina, born 19 Jan.; bap. 19 Feb. 1864 at Benares.

Ada Flora, born 9 Jan.; bap. 3 March 1865 at Benares.¹

219. ROBERT HENRY SCOTT CAMPBELL.

Son of Sir Robert Campbell of Carrick Buoy, Bt., Director of the E.I.Co., 1831, and Elizabeth, dau. of Dr. Gilbert Pasley, Phys. Genl. at Madras.

Brother of Nos. 86, 134, and 180, q.v.

Born at Vizagapatam, 2 Dec. 1810; bap. 4 Jan. 1811. Petitioned for a cadetship, 3 Dec. 1824.

¹ See Beng. Service Army List; India Register; Beng. Baptisms.

Joined Seminary, 1 Feb. 1825.

Removed to Civil College, 3 Feb. 1826.

Died 10 July 1869.

Married, 28 April 1857, at Calcutta, Anne, widow of C. J. Strettell, Esq.¹

220. ROBERT MACFARLANE CAMPBELL (Bengal).

Son of Robert Campbell, Esq., merchant, of Calcutta (d. 1820), and Margaret Jennings (d. 1820).

Born in Calcutta, 22 May 1805.

Brother of James Hunter Campbell (No. 130, q.v.).

Served as Ensign in the 65th Foot (Commission dated 18 April 1822) before entering the E. I. Co.'s service.

Arrived in Bengal, 6 May 1825, in the Isabella.

Ensign . . 1 Jan. 1825 Lieut. . . 1 June 1826

Severely wounded at the siege of Bhurtpore, Jan. 1826. Shared prize money.

Died at Calcutta, 8 April 1832. Buried, 9 April 1832, in South Park Street Burial Ground.

Administration granted, 25 May 1832, to his sister, Mary Prinsep.²

221. ROBERT NUTTER CAMPBELL (Madras).

Only surviving son of John Campbell, the younger, of Ormidale, Argyll, and Catherine, dau. of Genl. John Campbell of Strachur.

Grandson of Alexander Campbell of Ormidale, who was the second son of John Campbell of Otter. He succeeded his father as magistrate for Argyllshire.

The Campbells of Ormidale are next in entail to the

¹ See Cadet Papers; Calc. Gazette.

² See Beng. Serv. Army List; Beng. Burials; Beng. Obituary; Beng. Baptisms and Administrations.

Campbells of Otter. They spring from John Campbell of Kinochtree.

Baptised, 20 Aug. 1799.

Cadet 1818

Major . . 6 April 1841 Lieut.-Col. . 28 Nov. 1854

Adjutant, 4th N.I., 4 June 1824.

Cantonment Adjutant and Commissariat Officer at Singapore, 6 Nov. 1827.

Member of Committee for Examination of Army Clothing at Madras, 3 March 1831.

Acting Paymaster at Vellore, 12 March 1833.

Staff Officer and Paymaster on the Nilgherry Hills, 15 Nov. 1833.

With the Coorg Field Force, 1834.

Placed at the disposal of the Resident in Travancore, with a view to being appointed to the command of the Nair Brigade, 24 Oct. 1834.

In charge of public buildings, details, and pensioners in the Company's service at Trivandrum, 27 July 1835.

Granted local rank of Major by the Rajah of Travancore and pay increased, 24 May 1836.

Nair Brigade reviewed and efficiency commended, "highly to the credit of Major [sic] Campbell," 17 Jan. 1837.

Further commendation of Captain Campbell, 27 March 1838.

Permitted to resign the command of the Nair Brigade in Travancore, 18 May 1842.

Allowed to retire from the service with pension of his rank, 28 May 1842.

In reply to his request, the Court inform him they have no opening for his services in England, 12 March 1845.

Died 30 Sept. 1856.

Will proved, 16 Oct. 1856.

Married, in 1828, Margaret, dau. of Thos. Warrand, Esq., of Lentran, co. Inverness.

Issue: Élizabeth Whynyates, born 1 June 1830; buried at Madras, 3 March 1831.

Emilia Jessie, born 6 Aug.; bap. 25 Aug. 1832. John Thomas Morrison, born 6 Dec. 1834;

bap., 21 Jan. 1835, at Madras.

Catherine Helen.

Alexander Hugh Munro, born 9 Aug. 1838; bap. 19 Feb. 1839.

222. RONALD CAMPBELL (Madras).

Acting Ensign, 6 May 1788.

[This officer's name appears in a "List of the Madras Army for 1787 with corrections up to 1793," printed by the Government of Madras, 1909, but no further mention of him has been found.]

223. RONALD MacLEAY LAURENTZ CAMPBELL, Craignish (Bombay).

Eldest son of Peter Laurentz Campbell (Lieut. 89th and 21st Foot) and Barbara Isabella, dau. of Alexr. MacLeay, Col. Sec. of N.S.W.

Grandson of Ronald (4th son of Farquhard of Lagganlochan) and Charlotte, dau. of Petri de Laurentz Cloeté, of the Cape of Good Hope.

Born at Parramatta, S. Australia, 24 Dec. 1836.

Educated at Ordnance School, Carshalton.

Nominated by Russell Ellice, Esq.

Recommended by Genl. Sir James Kempt.

Passed for Addiscombe, 6 Dec. 1853.

His mother was then residing in Hamburg.

¹ See Mad. Service Army List; Mad. Baptisms; House of Argyll, p. 208.

Went to India overland.

Cadet . . . 1854

Ensign . . 20 Jan. 1854 7th N.I.

Lieut. . . 12 May 1856 Captain . . 20 Jan. 1866

Scinde Irregular Horse, 1858–1861.

9th Scinde Silladar Cavalry, 1861-1862.

Staff Corps, 1862–1870.

On furlough, 1870.

Retired, 7 March 1871, in England.

Created Baron Craignish by Ernest II., Duke of Saxe-Coburg and Gotha, 11 Sept. 1882, and by Royal Licence, dated 4 Jan. 1883, granted permission to use the title in this country.

Died 22 Dec. 1897.

Married:

(1) At Karachi, 1 Sept. 1862, Jessie Fanny Malet Lucas; born 1844; spinster; dau. of Alfred Wm. Lucas. She divorced her husband in 1879.

(2) 20 March 1883, Charlotte Sophia, dau. of Chas. Meeking of Richings Park. She died 10 April 1889. Her husband claimed a portion of her property, but the case was dismissed with costs in Jan. 1892.

(3) 6 Aug. 1892, Emily Margaret, dau. of Col.

Hugh Mitchell, Mad. Army.

Issue: Ronald, 2nd Baron, born 6 April; bap. 18 April 1866 at Karachi. Succeeded, 1897.

Colin, born 25 Feb.; bap. 4 March; buried 9 April 1869 at Colaba.

Constance, born 6 Nov.; bap. 30 Dec. 1863 at Karachi.

Jessie, born 7 Nov.; bap. 23 Dec. 1867 at Karachi.¹

¹ See Cadet Papers; India Register; Bomb. Baptisms, Marriages and Burials.

224. THOMAS CAMPBELL (Bengal).

[This officer may be identical with Cadet Thomas Campbell, who went to India as a passenger in the *Worcester*, Nov. 1781. Nothing regarding his parentage has been discovered.]

225. THOMAS EDMUND CAMPBELL.

Born 14 Jan. 1809.

Joined Seminary, Addiscombe, 21 Nov. 1820.

Resigned and entered H.M. Service.

Ensign, 52nd Foot, 30 June 1825.

Retired by sale, 21 June 1850, and settled in Canada.²

226. THOMAS HAY CAMPBELL (Madras).

Third son of Charles Campbell, Esq., manager of the Bank of Scotland, residing at West Maitland Street, Edinburgh, in 1830, and Isabella, dau. of Thomas Hay of Edinburgh.

Grandson of Lachlan Campbell, surgeon in Campbel-

town (d. 1790), and Margaret Fraser.

Nephew of Ensign John Campbell (No. 145, q.v. for note on parentage).

Born, 22 Dec. 1812, at Greenock.

Joined the Military Seminary, 5 Feb. 1830.

Arrived in India, 27 Sept. 1832.

Cadet . . . 1831 Attached 2nd Batt.
Art.

Cornet . . 8 Dec. 1831 2nd Lieut. . 10 May 1832 Lieut. . 14 Aug. 1840

¹ See Dodwell and Miles; Miscellanies, vol. xxvi., p. 303.

² See Cadet Papers.

Returned to Europe on S.C., 18 Jan. 1834.

Posted to 1st Batt. Art., 1 Feb. 1837. Arrived at Madras, 22 Sept. 1838.

In command of B Co., 5th Batt. Art., during the insurrection of the native troops at Secunderabad in 1841.

Commended for appearance of his company. "His general conduct and character good, and is anxious to learn" (Inspection Report, 1842).

Again commended: "a good and zealous officer," 13 Nov. 1843.

To act as Staff Officer from 10 Feb. 1844.

Reported to be "steady and willing, but somewhat deficient in the qualities requisite for Command and has been rather apathetic in the supervision of the interior economy, but will, the Inspecting Officer hopes, amend in this particular, as he has readily attended to his suggestions on the subject. He is intelligent, conduct and character unexceptionable, appears to be thoroughly acquainted with his duties, and is an excellent draughtsman" (Inspection Report of B Co., 4 Batt. Art., 20 Nov. 1844).

Reported qualified as an Adjt. (G.O.C.C., 4 Nov. 1844). To act as Adjt. and Quarter Master, 1st Batt., and as Staff Officer of Art., serving with Hyderabad Subsidiary Force, 26 July 1845.

Furlough to Europe, 23 April 1846.

Commissary of Ordnance, 8 Oct. 1850.

Superintendent of the gun carriage manufactory, 17 Feb. 1865–1871.

Retired, 1 Aug. 1872.

Published privately, in 1890, a book called "Craignish and Lagganlochan."

Married:

(1) Margaret Fraser, eldest dau. of David Galbraith of Drummore and Glensaddell, in 1838. She was buried at Ongole, Madras, on 19 Dec. 1843.

(2) Eliza Taylor, dau. of Col. Gilbert Charles Richardson, Madras Army, 3 Jan. 1852.

Issue:

By first marriage:

Charles, born at Singapore, 23 March 1839 (No. 44, q.v.).

Thomas Hay, born 28 July 1843; bap. 24 July 1844 at Madras.

Louisa Margaret, born 27 Feb.; bap. at St. Thomas's Mount 17 Sept. 1841.

By second marriage:

Henry Pottinger, born 15 Dec. 1852; bap. 18 Jan. 1853 at Bangalore.

Gilbert James, born 21 Nov. 1853; bap. 31 Jan. 1854 at Bangalore.

Charles Duncan Hay, born 1867.

William Angelo Hay, born 10 June; bap. 11 July 1870, at Madras.

John Hay, born 31 Dec. 1871 at Edinburgh; R.A.M.C. Served in Boer War (severely wounded; Queen's medal, three clasps, D.S.O.).

Helen Edith, born 8 March; bap. 8 May 1855 at Bangalore.

Eliza Isabella, born 11 Aug.; bap. 3 Sept. 1856 at Bangalore.

Annie.

Phæbe Jane, bap. 23 Aug. 1859 at Bangalore.1

¹ See Cadet Papers; Mad. Service Army List; Mad. Baptisms, Marriages and Burials.

227. THOMAS McKENZIE CAMPBELL (Bengal).

Son of Thomas Campbell, surgeon at Balfron, Stirling, and Jean McMorran, his wife.

Born 1 Dec.; bap. 18 Dec. 1796 at ——.

Cadet 1811

Ensign 1 Oct. 1814 29th N.I.

Lieut. . 1 Aug. 1818 15 Jan. 1830 Captain

> The Court desire that their censure may be conveyed to him and 3 others for the part they took in vacating a cutcherry in Futtehgurh in 1826.

Furlough to England, 1831. Reported his arrival, 7 Sept.

Returned to India, Dec. 1833, in the Bengal.

Arrived at Fort William, 24 May 1834.

Died, 12 Oct. 1834, at Jubbulpore.

Administration granted to Registrar, 6 April 1835.¹

228. WELLESLEY CAMPBELL (Bengal).

Son of Col. Colin Campbell of Cononish, Tyndrum, co. Perth (cadet of Barcaldine), late 53rd Bengal N.I. (No. 53^* , q.v., on pp. 284-5), and Grace, dau. of Mackenzie Ross (or Ross Mackenzie).

Born at Meerut, 20 March, bap. 26 April 1839.

Nominated by Ross D. Mangles, M.B.

Arrived, 21 April 1857.

1857 Cadet

. 4 Mar. 1857 71st N.I. Ensign

Ensign . . 4 Mar. 1857 Lieut. . . 30 April 1858 Captain . . 4 Mar. 1869

Major . . . 12 Sept. 1878 Comdt. of the N.

Bengal Volunteer Reg. Corps

Lieut.-Col. . 28 April 1879

¹ See Cadet Papers; Beng. Service Army List; Beng. Admons.; Dodwell and Miles.

Served in the Mutiny with 71st N.I. Present at Lucknow throughout the Mutiny at that place and defence of the Residency, 1857. Served as a volunteer with 78th Highlanders; accompanied the force under Col. Napier that brought in the sick and wounded left behind by Sir J. Outram's relieving force. Served at the recapture of Cawnpore, 30 Nov.-6 Dec. 1857. Medal, clasp, year's service and batta.

With the 44th Sylhet Lt. Inf. in the rebellion in Cossyah and Jynteah Hills (Assam), 1862–1863; received thanks of Govt. of Bengal for saving records and treasure when cutcherry at Cherranpoonjee was destroyed by lightning, he being in temporary charge of office of Deputy Commissioner of Cossyah and Jynteah Hills, and commanding detachment of 44th Regt., Sylhet Lt. Inf.

Served with 14th Sikhs in campaign against Jowaki-

Afridis, 1877-1878. Medal and clasp.

Served with 14th Sikhs in Cabul campaign, 1878–1879; capture of Ali Masjid, advance on Dakka through Khyber Pass. Medal and clasp.

Died at Calcutta, 2 Feb. 1886. Buried on 3 Feb. in Military Cemetery with military honours. The Queen's (Royal West Surrey) Regt. formed the firing party.

Will dated 21 Sept. 1879 at Simla. Admon. granted to Administrator General, 20 Nov. 1886. Mentions brother, Colin John Campbell of Twickenham,

one of the executors.

Married, 2 Jan. 1871, at Jullundur, Minna (born 1854), dau. of James Henry Penn, Esq.

Issue: Norman, born at Jullundur, 26 Sept.; bap. 10 Nov. 1871.

Maude, born 7 Jan.; died 27 April 1873.

Col. Wellesley Campbell was elder brother of Colin John Campbell of Cononish, a celebrated sheep farm,

and owned the estate jointly with remainder to his son Norman. Owing to the estate being heavily mortgaged, it unfortunately had to be sold in 1913.1

229. WELLINGTON CAMPBELL (Bombay).

Sixth son of Archibald Campbell of North Church, Berkhampstead, Herts.

Born at Harrow-on-the-Hill, Middlesex, 12 Oct.; bap. 3 Dec. 1823. (Father dead in 1840.)

Nominated by J. Forbes, Esq., at the request of his mother.

To sail in the *Tartar*. Arrived at Bombay, 28 June 1840.

Cadet 1840 . 10 Mar. 1840 Ensign Lieut. 14 April 1842

Posted to the 2nd Eu. Regt., 21 Oct. 1840.

His highly reprehensible conduct in certain gambling transactions commented on by the C.-in-C. His Excellency warns Ensign Campbell to refrain from the gambling propensity he has evinced at so early a period of his life, and points out to him the fatal consequences which must result if similar conduct on his part be again brought under consideration (G.O., 21 Sept. 1841).

Appointed to act as Interpreter to H.M. 78th High-

landers (G.O., 7 Oct. 1842).

Drowned, 4 May 1843, at Mandavie, in Kutch, while bathing (Times, 10 July 1843). Buried, 5 May 1843.2

230. WILLIAM CAMPBELL (Bengal).

Born c. 1742. Arrived in the *Talbot*.

¹ See Beng. Service Army List; Cadet Papers; Anderson's Ubique; Beng. Marriages, Wills and Baptisms.

² See Cadet Papers; Bomb. Service Army List; Gent. Mag.; Bomb.

Burials.

To command the Invalids at the Presidency, 1776.

Served in Bengal till attached to Bombay Establishment.

Died, 1779, with the Bombay Detachment.

Will, dated 26 June 1778, with codicil of 30 Jan. 1779, proved at Bombay, 15 July 1779.

Brother, John Campbell, a legatee.

Illeg. son, James Gowan Campbell.1

231. WILLIAM CAMPBELL (Madras).

Fourth son of Archibald Campbell of Succoth, Esq., W.S. (d. 28 July 1790), and Helen, dau. and heiress of John Wallace of Elderslie. She died 18 Aug. 1767.

Sub-Director and Captain of Engineers, 16 Sept.

1770.

6 Feb. 1773, petitions to be removed into the infantry.

Served in the Carnatic.

Killed at the siege of Tanjore, 23 Aug. 1773.

Will dated 3 Aug. 1773; proved, 28 Nov. 1775 (no relatives mentioned).2

232. WILLIAM CAMPBELL (Bengal).

Ensign, 21 Feb. 1769. Died, 1769.

[No further particulars ascertained.]

¹ See Beng. Muster Rolls; Beng. MS. Army List; Beng. and Bomb. Wills: Dodwell and Miles

Wills; Dodwell and Miles.

² See Mad. MS. Army List; Mad. Wills; Court Minutes, vol. 81; Scots Mag. xxxvi. 166.

³ See Dodwell and Miles; Beng. MS. Army List.

233. WILLIAM CAMPBELL (Bengal Medical).

Asst. Surgeon . 18 Aug. 1769 Surgeon . 11 Aug. 1777

21 Aug. 1777. On his appointment as "full surgeon" begs leave to return to Patna (Bengal Public Cons.).

Resigned, 9 Dec. 1782, and returned to Europe.1

234. WILLIAM CAMPBELL (Bengal).

Did not arrive.²

[No other information regarding this officer, beyond what is given above, has been ascertained.]

235. WILLIAM CAMPBELL (Bengal).

Son of Major-Genl. Duncan Campbell, Royal Marines, of Greenock (d. 1809).

Ensign . . 3 June 1785 19th N.I.

He served as volunteer with the detachment under Col. Charles Morgan, 1783-1784.

On command in the Carnatic, 1788.

Appointed to act as Major of Brigade to detachment serving with the Nizam, also as Dep. Q.M.G., April 1797.

Appointed Adjutant and Quarter Master, 17th N.I., April 1799.

Dep. Adjutant General, 1803.

Killed, I Nov. 1803, in action against the Mahrattas, at Saswarree.

¹ See Beng. Service Army List; Beng. Letters Received, vol. xx.

² See Dodwell and Miles.

Extracts from General Lake's Despatches to the Marquis Wellesley, dated Camp, W. of Cassowly, 1 & 2 November 1803.

The Enemy were totally defeated, with the Loss of all their cannon, tumbrils and baggage; but this important Advance has only been gained by the Loss of many valuable officers, the principal of whom are Major General Ware, Colonel Vandeleur, Major Griffiths, Major Campbell, the Deputy Quarter Master General, and my Aide de Camp, Lieut. Duval, who gloriously fell in this honourable Contest.

* * * * *

The whole of my Staff upon this, as upon every former Occasion, are entitled to a large share of Praise, and to my warmest gratitude. The zeal which they displayed upon this memorable Day, is too plainly proved by the enclosed Returns of the Killed and Wounded. I have sustained a great Loss by the Death of Major William Campbell, the Deputy Quarter Master General.

Extract of a Despatch from the Court of Directors to Madras, dated 21 April 1804.

We have sustained a grave loss in the death of Major William Campbell.

Will dated Camp at Coel, 30 Aug. 1803; proved in London, 27 May 1805.

Mentions:

Sisters: Frances Campbell.

Elizabeth Camilla Wright and her daus. Frances and Camilla and son Richard.

He had property in the provinces of Bengal, Behar, and Orissa, and in the Zemindary of Benares.¹

236. WILLIAM CAMPBELL (Bengal).

Born 1769.

Arrived in the *Defence* (or the *Northumberland*) in 1791. 1792–1793, appears as Ensign, 14th Batt. Sepoys (N.I.).²

[No further mention found.]

² See Beng. MS. Muster Rolls.

¹ See India Register; Dodwell and Miles; Calc. Gaz., 27 April 1797, 25 April 1799; Beng. Wills; Mad. MS. Army List; Mad. Despatches; London Gaz., 1804, pp. 469 et seq.

237. WILLIAM CAMPBELL (Bombay).

Son of Matthew Campbell of Wigtown, Esq., Sheriff Substitute of the shire of Wigtown (d. 24 Dec. 1808), and Elizabeth Buchanan (d. at Edinburgh, 8 Aug. 1825).

Brother of Alexander Muir Campbell (No. 18, q.v.).

Born, 21 Dec. 1795, at Barnbarrow, Kirkinner, Wigtownshire.

Nominated by Thos. Reid, Esq., a Director of the E. I. Co.

Recommended by Thos. Hughan.

Cadet . . . 1811 11th N.I.

Ensign . . . 20 Oct. 1812 Lieut. . . 1 Nov. 1817

Superintendent of Cadet Establishment, Bombay.

Died, 28 Feb. 1822, at Bombay, aged 26.

Monument in English Cemetery, Sonapur, Charni Road, Bombay.

Sacred to the memory of Lieutenant William Campbell, 11th Regt. Bombay Native Infantry and Superintendent of the Cadet Establishment of this Presidency, who departed this life on the 28th February 1822, aged 26 years.

Will dated 23 Feb. 1822; proved, 6 April 1822.

Wife, Eliza Frances ——.

Issue: son, born 8 Aug. 1822.¹

238. WILLIAM CAMPBELL (Bombay).

Third son of John Campbell, Esq., of Lochend, Appin, co. Argyll, and Annabella, dau. of John Campbell, Esq., of Melfort.

Brother of Archibald Alexander (No. 31, q.v.) and Sir John Campbell (No. 161, q.v.).

Born 18 July 1803.

Sailed in the Dunira.

¹ See Cadet Papers; Dodwell and Miles; Calc. Journal; Scots Mag.; Bomb. Marriages, Burials and Wills.

Cadet 1821

. 3 Jan. 1822 17th N.I. Ensign . Lieut. .

6 Nov. 1823

Died, 17 Feb. 1827, on board the *Hibbert*, near Bombay.¹

239. WILLIAM CAMPBELL (Bengal).

Son of Captain Archibald Montgomery Campbell, R.H.A., of Askomel (d. 7 Aug. 1832), and Isabella, 2nd dau. of Wm. Randall, Esq., and Sarah his wife, of Blackheath.

Born 25 Dec. 1819.

Entered Military Seminary, 1 Feb. 1836.

Admitted to the service, 1838.

Arrived at Fort William, 8 Aug. 1838.

1837 Cadet .

Ensign . . . 11 Dec. 1837 39th N.I.

Commended for zeal and ability in discharge of his duties (Inspection Report, 8 Feb. 1848).

Died, 21 April 1858, at Fort William.²

240. WILLIAM CAMPBELL, M.D. (Bombay Medical).

Son of John Campbell, surgeon, Largs, Ayrshire, and Margaret Fyfe.

Born 9 Jan. 1818.

Nominated by the Hon. H. Lindsay, a Director of the E. I. Co., at the request of the Marquis of Hastings.

To sail in the *Hebrides*, 1841. Arrived at Bombay, 11 May 1842.

Asst. Surgeon . 3 Jan. 1842 Surgeon . . 26 Oct. 1857 Surg. Major . 3 Jan. 1862

Attached to 2nd Batt. Artillery, 19 May 1842.

¹ See Cadet Papers; Dodwell and Miles; Bomb. Army List.

² See Beng. Service Army List; Beng. Burials.

Attached to left wing of 2nd Eu. Regt., 1 Oct. 1842.

To accompany H.M.'s 86th Regt., under orders for Belgaum, and to return to the Presidency, 12 Oct. 1842.

To accompany the detail of European recruits under

orders for the Deccan, 26 Dec. 1842.

Placed at the disposal of the Supt. of the Indian Navy and directed to assume charge of native recruits proceeding to Karachi in the Coote, 8 March 1843.

Directed to assume charge of the Sind and Hyderabad

Horse, 17 Jan. 1844.

Relieved from that charge, 19 April 1844.

Appointed to the medical charge of the Persian Gulf Residency, 26 Sept. 1844.

Appointed Surgeon of the Lunatic Asylum at the

Presidency (Colaba), 8 March 1849.

Appointed to act as assessor at examination of candidates for the diploma of graduate of the Grant Medical College, 18 March 1852 and 9 March 1854.

Appointed Professor of Medical Jurisprudence in the

Grant Medical College, 4 May 1854.

Superintendent of the Colaba Lunatic Asylum, 1861–1864.

Officiating Presidency Surgeon, 1864.

Leave for Europe, July 1864.

Retired, 14 July 1867, in England.

Died, 19 Sept. 1892.

Married Emelia? Fraser.

Issue: Evan Fraser, born 26 Sept.; bap. 21 Dec. 1845 at Bushire.

Emelia Jane Fraser, born 16 Oct. 1853; bap. 31 March 1854.

Sophia Hastings, born 19 Oct. 1855; bap. 22 Feb. 1856.¹

¹ See Cadet Papers; Bomb. Service Army List (Medical); Bomb. Baptisms.

241. WILLIAM CAMPBELL DEANS CAMPBELL (Bengal).

Eldest son of John Deans Campbell of Culraith, Ayrshire, merchant of Calcutta, and Margaret Cameron.

Born, 11 Aug. 1831, at Steventon, Ayr.

Admitted to the service, 1851. Arrived at Fort William, 2 Jan. 1852.

Cadet . . 1851

Ensign . . 13 Jan. 1851 8th N.I.

Lieut. . 6 May 1856 5th Eu. Regt.

Died, 16 Jan. 1860, at Gravesend.

Married Eliza Amanda Williams (born 1835), 30 March 1855, at Shahjehanpore.

Issue: John Deans, born, 26 Jan. 1856, at Dinapore. Mary Margaret, born 18 Nov. 1857.

Will filed, 5 Sept. 1860. Admon. granted, 29 Jan. 1861.

Father appointed sole executor and one of the tutors and curators to his son.

John Deans Campbell of Culraith recorded arms in Lyon Office, 27 Nov. 1855. He was the only son of Robert Deans of Leog, Lerwick, who assumed the name of Campbell from his wife.¹

242. WILLIAM CHARLES CAMPBELL (Bengal).

Son of Alexr. Campbell, Esq., of Easdale, Argyllshire, and Barbara.

Born 10 Nov., bap. 20 Nov. 1802, at St. Catherine, Middlesex, Jamaica.

Arrived in Bengal, 21 May 1825, in the Palmeira.

Nominated by J. P. Muspratt, a Director of the E.I.Co., at the recommendation of his father.

Cadet . . 1824

Ensign . . 7 Dec. 1824 30th N.I.

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¹ See Beng. Service Army List; Beng. Marriages Baptisms and Wills; India Register.

Appointed A.D.C. to Major-Genl. Hampton, comdg. the force under orders for field service in Marwar, 5 Aug. 1839.

To act as Postmaster to Brig. Wild's Brigade, proceeding to Afghanistan, from 26 Nov. 1842.

Medal for much service in Afghanistan. Sir G. C. Pollock terms him "a splendid officer and fit for any command," 21 Feb. 1845.

"A smart active officer evincing great ability"

(Inspection Report, 17 Feb. 1852).

Served during the Punjab Campaign, 1848–1849. Wounded at Sadulapur. Severely wounded at Chilianwala. Medal.

"Discharges his duties with zeal and ability" (Inspection Report, 31 March 1854).

Retired with rank of Major-Genl., 31 Dec. 1861.

Died, 21 Jan. 1864; buried at Roorkee, 22 Jan.

Will dated 14 Dec. 1863; filed, 7 July 1866. Admon. granted same date.

Mentions: Sister, Mrs. Mary Anne MacIntyre, of Glasgow, to whom he left property in Jamaica and Rs. 10,000.

Cousin, Major James D. Macdonald, late 39th N.I.¹

243. WILLIAM COOTE CAMPBELL (Madras).

Fourth son of Major-Genl. Dugald Campbell, Madras Army (No. 70, q.v.), and Elizabeth Mackay. Brother of Major-Genl. Sir James Campbell of Sanda,

¹ See Beng. Service Army List; Beng. Burials and Wills; India List.

Col. 94th Scots Brigade, and John Campbell (No. 157, q.v.).

Born 3 May, bap. 12 June 1785, at St. Mary's Church, Fort St. George, Madras.

Nominated by Genl. Campbell.

To sail in the Walpole.

1800 Cadet

. 18 Aug. 1801 3rd Nat. Cav. Lieut.

26 Mar. 1808 2nd Nat. Cav. Captain

Secretary to his father, Major-Genl. Dugald Campbell, and Major of Brigade to 1st Brigade of Cavalry, 1804 to 1807.

Assistant Adjt.-General in Mysore, 22 Sept. 1807.

Assistant Adjt.-General in Ceded Districts, 1809.

Asst. Qr. Mr. General in Ceded Districts, 1811.

Died on his passage to England, 19 May 1813, on board the Portuguese ship Joze Americano.

Will dated 25 March 1813; proved, 25 April 1816.

Executor: Lieut. (afterwards Major) John Campbell of Madras Cavalry, his brother.¹

244. WILLIAM CUMBERLAND CAMPBELL (Madras).

Born 1750.

Nominated by Mr. Mills of Ireland.

Appointed a cadet for Madras in 1781.

Petitions to proceed thither, 28 Jan. 1784.²

[No record of his having sailed, or any further mention of him, has been found].

245. WILLIAM FREDERICK CAMPBELL, Melfort (Bengal).

Son of Captain Archibald Campbell of Melfort, Argyllshire, and Christian Bruce Campbell.

¹ See Cadet Papers; Dodwell and Miles; India Register; Mad. Mil. Letters Recd.; Mad. Wills; P. C. C. 235, Effingham; Mad. Baptisms. ² See Cadet Papers; Court Minutes, vol. 92, p. 807.

Born 7 May 1808.

Arrived in Bengal in the Rose, 10 Oct. 1824.

Cadet . . . 18 Mar. 1824

Ensign . . . 23 May 1824 64th N.I.

Lieut. . . 24 April 1827 Captain . . 23 May 1839

Served at Dacca, Agra, Saugor, Allyghur, and Delhi.

Appointed Interpreter and Qr. Mr. to his Corps, 20 Nov. 1835.

Commended for efficiency in "all his duties," 10 Feb. 1839.

Died, 29 Aug. 1840, at Delhi, of fever. Buried 31 Aug.

His Company of Sepoys requested to be allowed to carry his remains to the grave, which they did—a most unusual thing.

Obituary Notice.

Sad gloom has been thrown over our little society at Delhi by the sudden death of Capt. W. F. Campbell, of the 64th Regt., who expired after an illness of a few days. He is not only regretted for his great worth and high merit by his brother officers, but by the whole of the civil and military residents, and all the society of the station (*Delhi Gaz.*, Aug. 1840).

Will proved, Sept. 1840; alludes to the estate of Melfort, mentioned in his father's will.

Married, 1834, Anne Moore, dau. of Duncan Campbell, Esq., of Achlian; she died at Ryde in 1880.

Issue: Colina Anne, born, 22 Nov. 1836, at Saugor.
Anne Moore, born, 1 Aug. 1838, at Aligarh.
Archibald William Frederick, R.A., born,
19 Oct. 1840, at Delhi; died s.p., 1863, at

Edinburgh.

His widow admitted to the benefits of Lord Clive's

Fund, 13 Jan. 1841.1

¹ See Beng. Service Army List; Beng. Burials, Wills and Baptisms; Memls. of the House of Melfort.

246. WILLIAM HECTOR CAMPBELL (Bengal).

Son of John Campbell of Annfield, junr., W.S. (d. 1855), and Frances, youngest dau. of John Brown, merchant of Glasgow.

Born, 29 May 1806, at Dumpace, Stirling.

Brother of John George Campbell (No. 175, q.v.).

To sail in the General Kyd.

Cadet, 1823, Bengal Infantry.

Resigned, 8 July 1825, in England.1

247. WILLIAM HENRY CAMPBELL, Lochend (Madras).

Second son of Sir John Campbell of Lochend, Col. 41st Madras N.I. (No. 161, q.v.), and Eliza Harrington.

Brother of John Alexander Campbell (No. 169, q.v.).

Born at Samulcottah, Madras, 22 Oct. 1835.

Travelled overland to India.

Cadet . . . 1853 Ensign . . 20 Jan. 1854

Lieut. . . 20 Sept. 1854

Captain . 10 April 1863

Posted to 45th N.I., 15 April 1854.

Did duty with 50th and 12th N.I. at Bangalore.

In 1855 appointed to do duty with D. Co. Sappers and Miners, by O.C. Pegu Division.

1857, in the Mysore Public Works Department.

Dept. Public Works, 1859-1862.

Staff Corps, 1862–1871.

Returned to England on account of his health, 1871.

Died while on furlough, in Edinburgh, 10 Dec. 1871.

Will dated 6 June 1870. Letters of admon. granted at Madras, 23 Nov. 1872.

Married Ellen Magdalena, eldest dau. of Brig.-Genl. John Desbrisay Mein, Madras Art., at Bangalore,

¹ See Cadet Papers; Dodwell and Miles.

27 Dec. 1869. She died, 14 Dec. 1912, at St. Leonards-on-Sea.

Issue: John, born 1871, in Cheltenham. Major, Queen's Own Cameron Highlanders, in 1907; served in the Great War, 1914–1918; mentioned in despatches five times; Order of St. Stanislaus, 3rd Class with swords; C.B., C.M.G., D.S.O.; Tempy. Major-Genl., 1918, 31st Div.

Will of his wife, Ellen Magdalena, dated 13 March 1907. Letters of admon. granted in Bombay,

15 Oct. 1913.1

248. WILLIAM MAXWELL CAMPBELL (Bombay).

Son of James Campbell, merchant of Glasgow, and Elizabeth Bogle, brother of James Murdoch Campbell (No. 131, q.v.).

Born, 18 July 1839, at Glasgow.

Father residing at Torquay in 1855.

Nominated by the Rt. Hon. Vernon Smith, President of the Board (at the recommendation of the Duke of Argyll), for an Addiscombe Cadetship.

Educated at Cheltenham College, 1850–1855. Passed examination for Addiscombe, Feb. 1856.

Cadet . . . 1856

2nd Lieut. . 11 June 1858 Engineers

Major-Genl. 28 Nov. 1884 R.E. (late Bombay).

Afghan War, 1879. Brevet of Lieut.-Col.; medal.

Dep. Supt. 2nd Grade, Great Trigonometrical Survey of India, 1 Feb. 1867.

¹ See Cadet Papers; India Register; Memorial Hist. of the Campbells of Melfort; Mad. and Bomb. Wills.

Furlough P.A., 23 March 1883.

Retired on pension, Nov. 1884.

Died, 26 April 1912, in England at Henmead Hall, Cuckfield, Sussex.

Will dated 10 Dec. 1906; proved in England.

Admon. granted in Madras, 18 Jan. 1913.

Mentions:

Brothers: Michael Scott Campbell (deceased). John Robert Campbell.

Sister: Mrs. Harriet Susan Robertson.

Nephew: Captain Wm. Forster Parsons, R.A.

Nieces: Marion Florence, wife of Arthur Paul Harper.

Helen, wife of Charles L. Gordon (and other nieces and nephews, not Campbells).

Married, in 1890, Annabel, widow of Charles Summer Maine.

Issue: Lilian Amabel Marion.¹

249. WILLIAM MAXWELL McCANDIE CAMPBELL (Bombay).

Son of Mr. John McCandie of Craigs and Mrs. Grace Maxwell.

Born, 10 May 1824, in Edinburgh.

Nominated when in Ceylon by the Board at the recommendation of the Rt. Hon. R. V. Smith, M.P.

G.O., 18 Dec. 1843, states that "his father is a Barrister at Law residing in Bombay and now in Ceylon." Designated in the Register Book of the parish of St. Cuthberts, in the co. of Edinburgh, as Wm. Maxwell McCandie, but now known by the name of W. M. M. Campbell, in consequence of his father's having taken the additional name of Campbell after the birth and registration of his son.

¹ See Cadet Papers; Bomb. Army List; Mad. Admons.

No reference, however, to John McCandie as Campbell has been found.

Admitted to the service, 2 April 1844.

Posted to 3rd Lt. Cav. (G.O., 25 Jan. 1844).

Reported to have acquired a colloquial proficiency in Hindustani (G.O., 23 April 1845).

Killed at Sukkur (date unknown) by a fall from his horse (G.O., 13 May 1846).¹

250. WILLIAM RICHARD NEWPORT CAMPBELL (Madras).

Son of Lieut.-Col. Campbell, of H.M.'s Service.

Baptised, 12 August 1814.

Joined Military Seminary, 1 Aug. 1831.

Cadet . . . 1831

Ensign . . . II June 1833 Posted to 47th

N.I.

Government report that he has not yet arrived in India and consequently beg that he may be struck off the Army List, 9 Jan. 1835.

Resigned his appointment, 18 Feb. 1836.2

251. WILLIAM ROSE CAMPBELL, Ballochyle (Madras).

Second son of Lieut.-Col. Alexander Campbell of Ballochyle, 1777–1819 (Argyllshire Militia), and Elizabeth Forbes, dau. of William Rose of Ballivet, co. Nairn.

Born 7 Sept. 1819.

Nominated by J. W. Hogg, Esq., M.P., at the request of E. Macnaghten, Esq.

Sailed in the New Briton.

Arrived at Madras, 22 Dec. 1841.

¹ See Cadet Papers; Bomb. Service Army List.

² See Madras Service Army List.

His general character and conduct unexceptionable and reported to be making rapid progress in the acquirement of a knowledge of his duty (*Inspection Report*, 28th N.I., 1843).

Reported qualified as an interpreter in Hindustani, 7 Dec. 1843.

Conduct and character correct and gentlemanly, has lately succeeded to the Command of a Company, the duties of which he conducts in a satisfactory manner (*Inspection Report*, 1843).

Acting Interpreter and Qr. Mr. to his Corps, 20 Sept. 1844. A zealous, promising officer, a good linguist; performs the duties of his acting appointment as well as a young man without experience can do. Commands a Company very efficiently (Inspection Report, 28th N.I., 1844).

To act as Qr. Mr. and Interpreter to 37th Grenadiers, 10 Sept. 1845.

1851–4. On furlough.

1856. Acting 2nd Asst. Milty. Auditor General.

1857. Second Asst. to the Resident at Hyderabad.

Served throughout the Indian Mutiny of 1857–1858. Medal. It was owing to his tact and courage during the Mutiny, and at great personal risk, that a discovery was made of a plot in the territory of the Rajah of Sholapur, which led to the annexation of that country.

Staff Corps, 1862.

Acting Magistrate, Madras, 10 Feb. 1863.

Magistrate, Ootacamund, 15 Nov. 1864–1868.

Well known as a first-class Oriental scholar.

Justice of Peace and Deputy Lieut. for Argyll.

Came home on S.C., 1868, intending to return to India. William Rose Campbell succeeded to Ballochyle at the death of his brother, Alexander, of the 55th Foot, in 1833.

Died at Edinburgh, 22 March 1872, aged 52.

Will dated 6 Oct. 1869, at "Morison House, Dalton Parish, Dumfries Shire."

Directs a mural tablet to be placed on the wall of Ballochyle Burial Ground, to be inscribed:

Alexander Campbell of Ballochyle, Ensign H.M. 55th Foot, born at Kilmun House 30th July 1812, died at Bellary (Madras) 8th Feby. 1833.

William Rose Campbell of Ballochyle, his younger brother, a Deputy Lieut. for Argyll and J.P. (Colonel or whatever my rank or title may be at the time of my death), H.M. Madras Staff Corps, born at Dunloskin, 7 Sept. 1819, died (here insert place and date), sons of Lieut. Col. Alexander Campbell of Ballochyle (of the Clan Iver).

Allister Morison, infant son of William Rose Campbell of Ballochyle and his wife Jane Morison Buchanan, Hetland, Dumfries Shire, born at Madras 16 Sept. and died 21 Sept. 1863."

Mentions:

Sister: Mary Campbell, widow of the late Henry Vibart, "purposely excluded" from participation in his estates.

Sister: Mrs. George Burn.

Executors: his wife, John Abraham Tinne of Liverpool (cousin), and Major-Genl. Geo. Burn (brother-in-law).

Letters of admon. granted at Madras, 21 Nov. 1872, to attorney of the executors.

Married:

(1) 2 Nov. 1854, the Hon. Clementina Maria, youngest dau. of John, 8th Viscount Arbuthnott. She died, 23 Oct. 1857, of fever, at Madras, aged 39.

(2) 12 Dec. 1862, at Edinburgh, Jean Morison, dau. of the Rev. James Buchanan, D.D., LL.D.

Issue:

By first wife:

Clementina Rose, born 26 Jan.; died 25 Sept. 1856. Buried at Kensal Green.

By second wife:

Alaster Morison, born 16 Sept.; died 21 Sept. 1863, at Madras.

Mary Morison, born, 28 Oct. 1864, at Madras. MacIvor Forbes Morison Campbell of Ballochyle, born 1 June; bap. at Ootacamund 25 July 1867; married, 24 Jan. 1910, Dorothy Gladys, dau. of Thos. Thornton Williams of Victoria, B.C., and has issue:

Allister Morison, born 11 Dec. 1910.1

252. Mr. — CAMPBELL.

Mr. Campbell, Anglo-Indian [c. 1809].

Mr. Campbell is probably identical with the gallant officer of that name who raised Shah Shuja-ul-Mulk's Hindistani regiment, and was deserted by the Shah at Kandahar on the occasion of his defeat by Dost Muhammud. Mr. Campbell's conduct was most gallant. He was severely wounded and was succoured by Dost Muhammud whose service he entered. It is stated that his daughter is still living at Kabul (Memoirs of Col. Alexander Gardner, p. 352. Edinburgh. 1898).

"Mr. Campbell, Anglo-Indian," is included in Col. Gardner's List of Ranjit Singh's Officers (*Ibid.*, p. 295).

¹ See Mad. Service Army List; Mad. Wills, Baptisms and Burials.

53*. COLIN CAMPBELL, Cononish (Bengal).

Son of John Campbell of Auch, cadet of Barcaldine.

Born 1 Feb. 1804 at Ardchattan, Argyllshire.

Nominated by Sir Alexander Allen at the recommendation of Sir Colin Campbell.

Admitted to the service 31 July 1820.

Cadet 1819

Ensign . . 4 Mar. 1820 26th N.I.

Lieut. . . 11 July 1823 27th & 53rd N.I.

Bt. Capt. . . 4 Mar. 1835 53rd N.I. Capt. . 8 Oct. 1836

Capt. . . 8 Oct. 1836 Major . . 23 June 1843 Lt.-Col. . . 15 Dec. 1849 27th, 28th & 29th N.I.

. 28 Nov. 1854 Colonel .

Posted to 1st Batt. 30th Regt., 7 Dec. 1821.

Removed to 1st Batt. 26th Regt., 13 April 1822.

Furlough to Europe on P.A., 20 Nov. 1830.

Allowed to return 15 May 1833; arrived at Fort William 15 Nov. 1833.

Commands his Corps, 4 Oct. 1834.

Directed to assume charge of the Actg. Adjutant's

Office, 9 April 1836.

In command of Left Wing of his Regiment at Banda. Brigr. Oglander reports that "Brevet Capt. Campbell appears very intelligent and zealous" (Inspection Report, 23 March 1837).

Served with his Regiment, which composed part of the

detachment ordered to occupy Ali Masjid.

Extract of Detachment Orders issued by Lt-Col: Moseley on the return of the detachment from that Fortress, dated 25 Jan. 1842.

Lt.-Col. Moseley feels much gratification in conveying to the officers and men composing the detachment under his command his sentiments on the happy issue of their exertions of yesterday morning and on the success that crowned their efforts to cut their way through the strongly [? held] and difficult passes of the Khyber from the Fortress of Ali Masjid back to Jumrood . . . When all behaved with gallantry it is difficult to draw distinctions, but the Commanding Officer cannot pass unnoticed the conduct of Capts. Tyler and Campbell of the Grenadier and Light Cos. 53 Regt. &c., &c., all of which divisions were employed in crowning the heights (Mil. Cons., 26 Feb. 1842).

Retired with rank of Colonel, 13 Nov. 1854. Died 1865 or 1866.

Married Grace Mackenzie Ross, 25 Nov. 1833, at the Cathedral, Calcutta. In the marriage register the lady's name is given as Grace Ross Sulkia. It is possible that she was a Eurasian, Sulkia being her mother's name and Mackenzie Ross (or Ross Mackenzie) her father's.

Issue: Wellesley, born at Meerut 20 March, baptised at Loodiana 26 April 1839 (No. 228, q.v.).

Colin John, Colonel of Sikhs, presently of Cononish.

Arthur, died young.1

¹ See Bengal Service Army List; Beng. Baptisms and Marriages; India Register.

NAMES OF THE CAMPBELLS

In this Index will be found the names of all the Campbells mentioned in the text of the Records.

Abbreviations used: a = aunt; b = brother; bl = brother-in-law; c = cousin; d = daughter; dl = daughter-in-law; f = father; fl = father-in-law; fl = father-in-law; fl = granddaughter; $fl = \text{gra$

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